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JOURNAL

OF THE

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

Fifth Legislative Assembly,

OF THE

Territory of Oklahoma.

Beginning January 10, 1899, Ending March 10, 1899.

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Official Roster.

OFFICERS OF THE TERRITORY.

Governor—CASSIUS M. BARNES.
Secretary—WILLIAM M. JENKINS.
Attorney General—HARPER S. CUNNINGHAM.
Treasurer—FRANK M. THOMPSON.
Superintendent of Public Instruction and Auditor—S. N. HOPKINS.
Oil Inspector—AMOS A. EWING.
Bank Commissioner—JOHN M. PUGH.
Superintendent of Public Health—L. HAYNES BUXTON.
Adjutant General—HARRY C. BARNES.
Territorial Librarian—GEO. H. DODSON.
Secretary of Board for Leasing School Lands—CHAS. H. FILSON.
Secretary to the Governor—FRED L. WENNER.
Assistant to Secretary—JAS. J. HOUSTON.
Delegate to Congress—DENNIS T. FLYNN.

THE BENCH.

Chief Justice—JOHN H. BURFORD.
Associate Justices—B. F. BURWELL,
BAYARD T. HAINER.
JOHN L. MCATEE.
CLIFTON F. IRWIN.
Clerk Supreme Court—BENJ. F. HEGLER.
United States Attorney—S. L. OVERSTREET.
United States Marshal—C. H. THOMPSON.

Members of the Council.

DIST.	NAME.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
1	George H Brett	Ponca City	Kay.
2	A. J. Biddison	Pawnee	Pawnee.
3	Frank A. Hutto	Stillwater	Payne.
4	Hugh McCredie	Stroud	Lincoln.
5	B. P. Magness	Moore	Cleveland.
6	Sidney Clarke	Oklahoma City	Oklahoma,
7	George W. Bellamy	El Reno	Canadian.
8	Felix L. Winkler	Kingfisher	Kingfisher.
9	Abram H. Huston	Guthrie	Logan.
10	Harrison E. Havens	Enid	Garfield.
11	William Garrison	Pond Creek	Grant.
12	James P. Gandy	Alva	Woods.
13	Charles M. Thacker	Mangum	Greer.

Officers of the Council.

NAME.	OFFICE.	POST OFFICE.	COUNTY.
Hugh McCredie	President	Stroud	Lincoln.
Abram H. Huston	President *Pro Tem*	Guthrie	Logan.
C. G. Palmer	Chief Clerk	Ponca City	Kay.
H. F. Ardery	Reading Clerk	Guthrie	Logan.
D. F. Smith	Sergeant-at-Arms	Kingfisher	Kingfisher.
John P. Hinkel	Chief Eng. and Enr. Clerk	Perkins	Payne.
Joseph L. Watkins	Messenger	Cleo	Woods.
J. E. Quein	Secretary to the President	Edmond	Oklahoma,

Council Journal.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNCIL OF THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF THE TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA.

First Day

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber,
Guthrie, Tuesday, January 10th, 1899.

The Council-elect of the Fifth Legislative Assembly having assembled within the Council Chamber, at 2 o'clock and 7 minutes P. M., Harrison E. Havens arose and stated that he claimed to be a Councilor-elect from the Tenth Council District of Oklahoma, and that the time having arrived to organize the Council, a motion to choose a temporary presiding officer would be in order;

Whereupon Abraham H. Huston nominated A. J. Biddison for such temporary presiding officer, and Charles M. Thacker nominated William Garrison.

Six persons claiming to be members of the Council voted for the said A. J. Biddison, and four for the said William Garrison.

Harrison E. Havens declared A. J. Biddison duly elected temporary presiding officer of the Fifth Legislative Council.

A. J. Biddison then took his seat as such Temporary Presiding Officer.

C.—2

Frank A. Hutto nominated O. G. Palmer for temporary Clerk.

No other nominations being made, the said O. G. Palmer was duly elected, and so declared by the temporary presiding officer.

At this juncture the following certificate was handed the temporary Clerk and read:

Certified List of the Members elected to the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma.

I, William M. Jenkins, Secretary of Oklahoma Territory, do hereby certify: That in pursuance of law the Canvassing Board of this Territory, consisting of C. M. Barnes, Governor, William M. Jenkins, Secretary, F. M. Thompson, Treasurer, S. N. Hopkins, Auditor, and H. S. Cunningham, Attorney-General, met in the office of the Secretary of the Territory on the 28th day of November, A. D., 1898, and proceeded to canvass the returns of the general election held on the 8th day of November, A. D., 1898, for members of the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, and other officers, and that upon the canvass of said returns found that the following named persons had been elected to the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly of Oklahoma Territory from the respective Districts as indicated herein.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the Territory of Oklahoma this 10th day of January, A. D., 1899.

WILLIAM M. JENKINS,
(Seal) Secretary of Oklahoma Territory.

For Members of the Council for the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma:

First District, GEO. H. BRETT, Ponca City, Kay County.
Second District, A. J. BIDDISON, Pawnee, Pawnee County.
Third District, FRANK A. HUTTO, Stillwater, Payne County.
Fourth District, HUGH McCREDIE, Stroud, Lincoln County.
Fifth District, B. P. MAGNESS, Moore, Cleveland County.
Sixth District SIDNEY CLARKE, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma County.
Seventh District, GEO. W. BELLAMY, El Reno, Canadian County.
Eighth District, FELIX L. WINKLER, Kingfisher, Kingfisher County.
Ninth District, ABRAHAM. H. HUSTON, Guthrie, Logan County.
Tenth District, HARRISON E. HAVENS, Enid, Garfield County.

Eleventh District, WILLIAM GARRISON, Pond Creek, Grant County.

Twelfth District, JAMES P. GANDY, Alva, Woods County.

Thirteenth District, CHARLES M. THACKER, Mangum, Greer County.

The Temporary Presiding Officer instructed the persons claiming to be members to file their certificates of election with the Temporary Clerk.

The Temporary Presiding Officer thereupon ordered the Temporary Clerk to prepare a roll of the Councilors-elect.

Moved by Harrison E.Havens, and seconded by Frank A. Hutto that the certified list of members of the Council, furnished by the Secretary of the Territory, William M. Jenkins, be accepted as correct.

The Temporary Presiding Officer then ordered the Temporary Clerk to report the roll of Councilors.

The Temporary Clerk reported as follows:

First District, GEO. H. BRETT, Ponca City, Kay County.

Second District, A. J. BIDDISON, Pawnee, Pawnee County.

Third District, FRANK A. HUTTO, Stillwater, Payne County.

Fourth District, HUGH McCREDIE, Stroud, Lincoln County.

Fifth District, B. P. MAGNESS, Moore, Cleveland County.

Sixth District, SIDNEY CLARKE, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma County.

Seventh District, GEO. W. BELLAMY, El Reno, Canadian County.

Eighth District, FELIX L. WINKLER, Kingfisher, Kingfisher County.

Ninth District, ABRAHAM H. HUSTON, Guthrie, Logan County.

Tenth District, HARRISON E. HAVENS, Enid, Garfield County.

Eleventh District, WILLIAM GARRISON, Pond Creek, Grant County.

Twelfth District, JAMES P. GANDY, Alva, Woods County.

Thirteenth District, CHARLES M. THACKER, Mangum, Greer County.

Moved by Abraham A. Huston, and seconded by Charles M. Thacker, that a committee of five be appointed on credentials.

Motion carried.

The Temporary Presiding Officer appointed Geo. W. Bellamy and Geo. H. Brett as tellers.

Harrison E. Havens nominated Abraham H. Huston as a Republican member of the committee.

Frank A. Hutto nominated Harrison E. Havens as a Republican member of the committee.

Geo. H. Brett nominated William Garrison as a People's Party member of the committee.

Hugh McCredie nominated Sidney Clark as a Democratic member of the committee.

Felix L. Winkler nominated Frank A. Hutto as a Republican member of the committee.

No further nominations being made, the nominations were closed.

A ballot was taken and resulted as follows:

Huston, 12;
Havens, 12;
Garrison, 12;
Clarke, 12;
Hutto, 12;

Thereupon the Temporary Presiding Officer declared the committee elected as nominated.

The Temporary Presiding Officer instructed the committee to proceed with the consideration of the certificates of election on file with the Temporary Clerk.

After due consideration the chairman of the committee, Harrison E. Havens, reported as follows:

Mr. Chairman:

We, your committee on credentials, beg leave to report the following list of members holding certificates of election, and entitled to seats in the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Teriitory of Oklahoma, viz:

From the First District, GEORGE H. BRETT.
From the Second District, A. J. BIDDISON.
From the Third District, FRANK A. HUTTO.
From the Fourth District, HUGH McCREDIE.
From the Fifth District, B. P. MAGNESS.
From the Sixth District, SIDNEY CLARKE.
From the Seventh District, GEORGE W. BELLAMY.
From the Eighth District, FELIX L. WINKLER.
From the Ninth District, ABRAHAM H. HUSTON.
From the Tenth District, HARRISON E. HAVENS.
From the Eleventh District, WILLIAM GARRISON.
From the Twelfth District, JAMES P. GANDY.
From the Thirteenth District, CHARLES M. THACKER.

Respectfully submitted,
H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.

Moved by James P. Gandy that the report be received, accepted and adopted and the committee be discharged.

The motion prevailed.

Moved by Councilor Brett, and seconded by Councilor Huston, that a committee be selected by the Temporary Presiding Officer to wait upon the Territorial Secretary and invite him to administer the oath of office to the Councilors-elect.

The motion prevailed.

The Temporary Presiding Officer appointed George H. Brett as such committee.

The Secretary of the Territory, William M. Jenkins, appearing, the Councilors-elect arose and the Secretary administered to them the statutory oath of office.

At this point of procedure, upon invitation, Rev. A. B. Nicholas offered a prayer.

The Temporary Presiding Officer declared nominations for President of the Council in order.

Councilor Huston nominated Councilor McCredie.

Councilor Thacker nominated Councilor Clarke.

A roll call was ordered and resulted as follows:

McCredie, 8;

Clarke, 5;

The following Councilors voted for McCredie:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto and Winkler.

The following Councilors voted for Clarke:

Bellamy, Garrison, Magness, McCredie and Thacker.

Thereupon the Temporary Presiding Officer declared Councilor Hugh McCredie duly elected President of the Council.

The Temporary Presiding Officer appointed Councilors Winkler and Hutto a committee to escort the President-elect to the chair.

The Secretary of the Territory, William M. Jenkins, then administered to him the oath of office.

The President addressed the Council in a short speech.

Councilor Biddison offered the following Council Resolution No. 1 and moved its adoption:

Be it Resolved, That the following named persons shall be the officers of the Fifth Council of Oklahoma, and that each shall be the officer designated by the name of the office preceding his name, to-wit:

President Pro Tem, A. H. HUSTON.

Chief Clerk, O. G. PALMER.

Sergeant-at-Arms, D. F. SMITH.

Messenger, J. L. WATKINS.

Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, JOHN P. HINKEL.

Chaplain, A. B. NICHOLAS.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, R. C. DICKENSHEETS.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, ALLEN NORRIS.

First Assistant Chief Clerk, HARRY F. ARDERY.

Assistant Chief Clerk, HARRY N. HORNER.

Assistant Chief Clerk, GRANT SHOOP.

First Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, WILLIAM ALLISON.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, OLAN DOTY.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, C. F. QUIMBY.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, SAMUEL MEANS.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, HENRY HERWIG.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, R. H. HAHN.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, W. M. ROBBINS.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, T. L. SHAFFER.

Janitor, A. J. FOSTER.

Janitor, J. R. CARTER.

Page, CARL GILBERT.

Page, RICHARD CASSEL.

Page, LAWRENCE LAWS.

Seconded by Councilor Hutto.

Councilor Thacker moved as a substitute the following Resolution No. 2,

"Provides for election of the officers of the Council."

President Pro Tem, HON. WM. GARRISON, of Grant County.

Chief Clerk, J. K. LITTLE, of Washita County.

Sergeant-at-Arms, CHRIS HESS, of Canadian County.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, WM. WILLHOUR, of Woods County.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, J. H. WHITESIDES, of Greer County.

Messenger, J. H. HIGHTOWER, of Canadian County.

Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, JAMES HAMMER, of Grant County.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, BEN WILLIAMS, of Cleveland County.

Assistant Chief Clerk, ED. L. DUNN, of Oklahoma County.

Assistant Clerk, WM. REDDER, of Canadian County.

Assistant Clerk, B. T. WOLF, of Cleveland County.

Assistant Enrolling Clerk, ALFRED WHITMAN, of Oklahoma County.

Assistant Enrolling Clerk, MISS CHRISTINA BODINE, of Oklahoma County.

Assistant Enrolling Clerk, G. B. TOWNSEND, of Greer County.

Assistant Enrolling Clerk, J. M. OWINGS, of Oklahoma County.

Assistant Enrolling Clerk, J. LEMONS, of Grant County.

Assistant Enrolling Clerk, BOB. PYLE, of Cleveland County.

Assistant Enrolling Clerk, G. T. DULANY, of Custer County.

Assistant Enrolling Clerk, AYERS ROSS, of Woods County.

Chaplain, A. B. NICHOLAS.

The ayes and nays being demanded by Councilor Clarke, a roll call was ordered, resulting as follows:

Ayes, 5;

Nays, 8.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Magness and Thacker.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Hutto, Huston, Havens, McCredie and Winkler.

The substitute was lost.

The roll call upon the original resolution resulted as follows:

Ayes, 9;

Nays, 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were as follows:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Hutto, Huston, Havens, McCredie, Magness and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison and Thacker.

The President announced the adoption of the resolution.

The following officers-elect came forward and took the oath of office, which was administered to them by the Territorial Secretary, William M. Jenkins:

A. H. HUSTON, President Pro Tem.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

D. F. SMITH, Sergeant-at-Arms.

J. L. WATKINS, Messenger.

A. B. NICHOLAS, Chaplain.

R. C. DICKENSHEETS, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.

ALLEN NORRIS, Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.

H. F. ARDERY, First Assistant Chief Clerk.

HARRY N. HORNER, Assistant Chief Clerk.

GRANT SHOOP, Assistant Chief Clerk.

WILLIAM ALLISON, First Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

OLAN DOTY, Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

C. F. QUIMBY, Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

SAMUEL MEANS, Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

HENRY HERWIG, Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

W. M. ROBBINS, Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.
T. L. SHAFFER, Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.
A. J. FOSTER, Janitor.
J. R. CARTER, Janitor.
CARL GILBERT, Page.
RICHARD CASSEL, Page.
LAWRENCE LAWS, Page.

Moved by Councilor Havens and seconded by Councilor Huston, that a committee of five be appointed on Rules. Which motion prevailed.

The President appointed Mr. President, Councilors Huston, Clarke, Havens and Biddison.

Moved by Councilor Gandy and seconded by Councilor Biddison, that a Committee of three be appointed to await upon the Governor and the House and inform them that the Council is organized and ready for business.

Moved as an amendment by Councilor Biddison, that the words "the Governor and" be stricken out of the above motion, and the word "them" changed to "it", so the motion would then read:

"That a committee of three be appointed to await upon the House to inform it that the Council is organized and ready for business."

The amendment was accepted by Councilor Gandy.

The motion as amended prevailed.

The President appointed the following Committee:

Councilors Gandy, Thacker and Hutto.

Councilor Biddison introduced the following Resolution:

COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO. 3.

Be it Resolved: That the President of the Council appoint a Committee of three to act with a Committee of a like number to be appointed by the House, thereby constituting a joint committee, to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the Fifth Legislature is organized and ready to proceed with business.

Seconded by Councilor Garrison.

President pro tem Huston was called to the chair.

Councilor Clarke raised the following point of order:

That the Council does not yet know officially that there is an organized House.

After argument by Councilors Biddison and Clarke, the President pro tem overruled the point of order.

The Resolution was then adopted by a *viva voce* vote.

The President again took the chair and appointed the following committee:

Councilors Biddison, Garrison and Huston.

Councilor Brett introduced the following:

COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO. 4.

Resolved, by the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly, the House concurring therein, that a Committee of three from the Council and three from the House be appointed as a Committee on Joint Rules.

Seconded by Councilor Biddison.

The Resolution was adopted by a *viva voce* vote.

The President appointed,

Councilors Brett, Winkler and Magness.

Councilor Hutto, as Chairman, reported that the House has been notified that the Council is organized.

Moved by Councilor Gandy and seconded by Councilor Havens that the Council do now take a recess for thirty minutes; which motion prevailed.

The Council was called to order by the President.

The Sergeant-At-Arms:

"Mr. President, a communication from the House."

Thereupon Representative C. G. Jones, of the Eleventh Representative District, and Chairman of the House Committee to notify the Council, announced that the House is organized and ready for business.

The Sergeant-At-Arms:

"Mr. President, the sergeant-at-arms from the House with a message from the House."

The message was read as follows:

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 1.

Be it Resolved, That the Speaker of the House appoint a committee of three to act with a like committee of three of the Council, and thereby constituting a joint committee, to wait upon the Governor and notify him that the Fifth Legislaive Assembly is organized and ready for business.

Moved by Councilor Biddison and seconded by Councilor Bellamy, that the Council do now adjourn until ten o'clock A. M. tomorrow morning.

Which motion prevailed, and the Council did adjourn until ten o'clock A. M. Wednesday, January 11th, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Second Day.

Guthrie, Wednesday, January 11th, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, at ten o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The reading of the Journal of the preceding day was commenced.

The Sergeant-At-Arms:

"Mr. President, a messenger with a message from the House."

Councilor Biddison moved that the reading of the Journal be discontinued, to receive message from the House.

Messages were passed to the Clerk's desk and read as follows:

To the Council of the Territory of Oklahoma:

You are respectfully informed that the Speaker has appointed a Committee of three to act with a like committee of the Council, to constitute a joint committee on rules; that said House committee consists of W. H. Merten, T. H. Doyle and C. G. Jones.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 2.

Resolved, by the House, the Council concurring therein, that there be a joint session of both Houses in the Council Chamber at the hour of 10:30 A. M. January 11th, 1899, for the purpose of receiving the message of the Governor.

Message from the House:

"Mr. President, you are respectfully informed that the House concurs in Council Resolution No. 3."

The reading of the Journal was then continued.

Councilor Biddison moved that the reading of minutes be dispensed with until after the joint meeting of the Council and House; which motion prevailed.

A written invitation was extended by the Council to the Supreme Court of the Territory to attend the Joint Session.

Councilor Huston moved that the Council take a recess to 10:30 A. M;. which motion prevailed.

The Council reconvened at 10:50 A. M.

The Sergeant-At-Arms:

"Mr. President, the Supreme Court of the Territory."

Members of the Supreme Court came forward, escorted by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and were seated in front of the President's desk.

The Sergeant-At-Arms:

"Mr. President, the Hon. Speaker and Members of the House."

The President of the Council invited the Hon. Speaker and members of the House to come forward and be seated.

The Honorable Speaker took a seat upon the rostrum at the left of the President.

The members took seats also upon the President's left.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE JOINT SESSION.

The Sergeant-At-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor of the Territory."

The President of the Council introduced Governor C. M. Barnes, who, after introductory remarks, read personally his official message to the Fifth Legislative Assembly, as follows:

Governor's Message to the Fifth Legislative Assembly of Oklahoma.

To the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

Gentlemen: In accordance with Section 5978, Statutes of Oklahoma, I have the honor to submit herewith full information as to the condition of the Territory and respectfully ask your special attention to the reports of the several territorial officers and boards which are replete with detailed statements of the affairs of each branch of our territorial service, said reports having been printed in accordance with the requirements of the law and a copy of each for each member transmitted herewith to your respective houses.

Oklahoma has during the past two years, participated in and is now enjoying her full share of the generally prosperous condition of the nation brought about by the restoration of the national policy of protection and by a restored confidence in a sound financial policy as well as by a successful termination of the war with Spain and a wise administration of the general affairs of the national government.

For a full and comprehensive statement of the progress and development of the Territory from the beginning up to the 30th day of June, 1898, covering a period of over nine years, I beg to call your attention to my annual report to the Honorable Secretary of the Interior bearing date of September 1, 1898, a copy of which has been heretofore addressed to each member of this General Assembly.

It is gratifying to note that the generally prosperous condition of our affairs therein reported has been maintained and continues up to this time, the live stock interests and the crop prospects for the coming year being in as fine condition now as was ever before the case at the present season of the year.

I congratulate you, gentlemen, that you assemble under such bright and happy auspices. You have no conditions of calamity and general misfortune and hard times to deal with and may turn your attention with pleasure and satisfaction to the careful revision and modification of the laws now upon our statutes which have been tried by experience and tested and established before the courts, and to the enactment of such new ones as the rapidly expanding interests of our people may seem to you to require.

As the condition of the public finances will early receive your attention and your work throughout the session be more or less related to them, I desire to first call your attention to the complete and explicit reports of the Territorial Auditor and Treasurer.

THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

will be found to contain an itemized report of all warrants drawn for any and every purpose together with an estimate of funds required to carry on the territorial government for the next two years, including the care of the insane, the commitment and care of prisoners, and necessary public printing as well as all other items of necessary expense.

From this report it appears that the expenses of the territorial government in Oklahoma have heretofore been uniformly greater than the revenues provided to meet them and that the casual deficit occurring year after year has resulted in a total outstanding general fund warrant indebtedness of $253,752.74. To ascertain the aggregate of outstanding warrant indebtedness of the Territory, it is necessary to add to the above amount, the deficits on account of library fund, normal school fund and the deaf and dumb school fund and to estimate the accrued interest upon all outstanding warrants, which makes it quite likely that it amounts to nearly or quite the sum of $348,501.04, to which should be added the amount due the contractors for building the Northwestern Normal School at Alva, approximating $85,000.00, making a grand total of territorial debt of $433,501.04.

The Auditor's report will also be found to include the proceedings of the territorial board of equalization for the years 1897 and 1898, tables of assessed valuation by counties of personal, real, live stock and railroad properties together with other valuable and useful statistical information.

A careful reference to the estimates will enable you to readily arrive at a definite judgment as to necessary appropriations for the ensuing two years.

THE TREASURER'S REPORT

is a complete exhibit of the financial condition of the Territory and contains information from which it appears that many of the counties have never paid into the territorial treasury the full amount due therefrom as shown by the reports of the assessors and county clerks to the Auditor. This discloses the fact that no procedure has been provided by law whereby county collectors may be relieved of charge at the Territorial Treasury by reason of failure to collect taxes and the further very important fact that no method is provided for a final and full settlement by collectors with the Treasurer and Auditor. Many counties are shown to be delinquent in large sums and there is no means of ascertaining whether the collecting officers have collected and withheld this money from the treasury or whether they have failed to collect after diligent effort to do so.

The requirements of the law in regard to a proper accounting by these officers is manifestly weak and insufficient and I trust you will enact such measures as will enable the territorial officials to compel a complete and final settlement by the several collectors at least once in each year and provide for necessary relief to county treasurers and sheriffs for such charges against them as are shown to be delinquent and uncollectable.

A complete statement of the receipts and disbursements on account of each and every fund, showing balances on hand and payments in excess of revenues, is contained in this report, also detailed accounts of present territorial indebtedness aggregating, viz.:

Bonded indebtedness, 6 per cent school bonds..........	$ 48,000.00
Warrant indebtedness, bearing 6 per centum interest per annum—including interest (estimated) to date......	300,501.04
Total territorial indebtedness................	$348,501.04

This makes a per capita indebtedness of about one dollar for each inhabitant of the territory. In Arizona the indebtedness is $11.00 per capita and that of New Mexico approximates about $5.00 per capita.

REVENUE, ASSESSMENT AND LEVY, AND EQUALIZATION OF TAXES.

We must all agree that this is a question of the most vital importance to our people and to the future welfare and progress of the territory. Unequal taxation is an injustice and becomes burdensome to some and obnoxious to all good citizens. The object of our revenue law should be to raise a sufficient amount of money to defray the necessary expense of good government economically administered. Up to this time no serious complaints have been made as to extravagant expenditures by the territorial government, but some of the counties in the days of their early history contracted some indebtedness which was wantonly extravagant and is subject to just criticism. Notwithstanding these excessive and unwarranted expenditures and the fact also of the necessarily large expenses to organize and equip the new counties, school districts, etc., taxes in Oklahoma have been no greater than in any progressive commonwealth about us. The territorial tax has been less than in any western state or territory. It is a significant fact that notwithstanding the increased number of unfortunate insane people, the greater number of convicts and the added expense of the care and education of the deaf and dumb and the blind, that the tax rate has been materially reduced in almost every county and district during the past year. I hope and believe that the increasing valuation of taxable property in the Territory will cause a considerable further reduction in the near future.

There has, however, been some complaint as to the present system of taxation. It has been said that the powers of the Board of Equalization are too broad and that they have been exercised harshly and arbitrarily.

I do not sympathize with the feeling that has been purposely created among a large number of our good people that the present board has abused its functions and has placed an unjust burden upon them. The action of the board and the results of its action has been maliciously and wilfully misrepresented for political and campaign purposes. Briefly stated, the action of the board in 1898 which has been most criticised was simply this: We took the assessment as made in Pottawatomie County as a basis of valuation of the several items of taxable property in all the counties. In counties where the assessed valuations had been made at a lower rate than in Pottawatomie County, they were raised to an amount equal to that county, and in counties where the valuations had been made at a higher rate they were reduced to the valuations made in Pottawatomie County.

The result was an equalization of valuations in all the counties upon the following basis:

Horses, assessed value per head	$14.87
Mules and asses, assessed value per head	25.59
Cattle, assessed value per head	14.11
Swine, assessed value per head	1.73
Sheep and goats assessed value per head	2.00

Other items of personal property were similarly included.

Will any reasonable man contend that these valuations exceeded or any where near approximated the actual cash valuations of the several items of property used as a basis in Oklahoma on the first day of February, 1898.

The total percentage of raised valuations in Woods County which was the highest of any county in the Territory, was 86 per cent.

If the county officers had done their plain duty under the law and promptly extended the increased valuation, the actual increase of taxation in said county resulting from the action of the board would have been about 37 cents upon each hundred dollars of the original valuation, which would have all gone into the territorial treasury where it was most needed. In other counties the amount of increased taxes would be materially less than the above stated sum. This result is certainly not so extravagant as to indicate a flagrant abuse of power by the board nor so burdensome as to warrant the taxpayer in resorting to the expensive process of the courts.

to resist the collection of the tax, nor to warrant or justify the action of county officials in attempting to nullify the law.

I have taken this occasion to briefly analyze the results of the action of the board in order if possible that it may be clearly understood and not because I am wedded to or believe that the system of equalization is perfect or is even the best that can be devised. I am not so wedded to this system and wish to say distinctly and definitely that if in your wisdom a new and better revenue law can be formulated, one which will secure uniformity of taxation with less cumbersome methods and a restriction of centralized power, or with any relief to the taxpayer, such enactment will meet my cordial commendation and approval.

It is well perhaps to remember that the main features of the present law have been upon our statutes since its passage by the first legislative assembly, that it has with its amendments and modifications been through the courts, its terms and provisions well settled and determined by the concurrent decisions of two Supreme Courts, and that the practice and procedure thereunder is so well known and understood that if officials having the assesments and extension of the rolls in charge do their sworn duty, no injustice will be done the taxpayer and the inequalities of taxation, which occur to some extent under any system, will be reduced to a minimum, whereas under a new system resort might again be had to expensive and tedious litigation in the interest of unscrupulous persons who desire to impair the credit of the Territory and affect the prices of territorial, county, district or city evidences of indebtedness, for purposes of personal profit. It is also well to remember that the system of assessment was changed by act of the fourth legislative assembly and that hereafter assessments will be made by county assessors instead of under the township system which has heretofore prevailed. It is believed that the new method of assessment will regulate much of the inequality of assessments heretofore existing between the various counties and will to a large degree remedy the cause of complaint of the action of the equalization boards. This law should be, in my judgment, given a fair trial before any radical change in the system is attempted. The law, however, provides very inadequate compensation for the onerous and responsible duties required of county assessors and I earnestly urge that you will carefully revise this feature of the law and provide for reasonable salaries for these public servants from whom much careful, painstaking and intelligent research and labor is required.

The territorial laws authorizing the taxation of all personal property in the Osage and other Indian reservations attached to Oklahoma for judicial purposes has been held good by the Supreme Court of the United States.

I earnestly urge your careful consideration of the wisdom, and expediency and justice of so modifying our present law as to require payment of taxes on such property only for the territorial tax and the county tax for judicial purposes. It seems a hardship and unjust to require payment of other county and school taxes from which the taxpayer derives no corresponding benefit.

SCHOOL LANDS.

Full and accurate information *in detail as to the condition* and operation of this department will be found in the report of the Secretary of the School Land Board.

Under the acts of Congress donating this land to the Territory and under the rules promulgated by the Hon. Secretary of the Interior and in the absence of legislation by our own legislature, the administration of these affairs has heretofore been largely in the hands of the Board for Leasing School Lands, which is composed of the Governor, Territorial Secretary and Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction. Since assuming the duties of my office the Board has been ably assisted by Hon. Charles H. Filson who was apppointed Secretary of the Board and who is entitled to high commendation for his very energetic and careful management of the vast amount of detail work necessary to protect the interests of the Territory and carefully guard the interests of the large number of lessees. The rules laid down by me for the conduct of the land office were first to require all the lessees to strictly comply with their contracts and promptly pay all rentals due under their leases, and second, to protect the lessees in every right and privilege to which they are entitled. A system of bookkeeping has been adopted by which an accurate knowledge of the condition of affairs of the land office may be told at a glance and trial balances are made from time to time which are as reliable as a national bank statement.

The very large increase in the revenues from leased lands and the reduced expense of making new leases, appraising the lands and collecting the funds, is ample evidence of wise and careful management.

The moneys received from rentals of school land has been from time to time distributed to the various funds to which it belonged and has been of great benefit to the general educational interests of the Territory.

For 1897 the sum of $118,177.55 was distributed to the various school districts for common school purposes being $1.34 per capita for each child of school age in the Territory.

For 1898 the sum of $108,085.02 was turned over to the Treasurer for distribution, being $1.06 per capita.

Funds arising from rentals of sections 13 have been distributed to the use and benefit of the University, Normal Schools, Agricultural and Mechanical College, and the Agricultural and Normal University as seemed to be for the best interests of these several institutions. In the absence of any law directing how and in what proportion this fund should be apportioned, I have felt it to be my duty to make a distribution of these funds using my best judgment in apportioning to each institution such amount as its necessities seemed to require.

Each one of our higher institutions of learning could have made good use of more than could be apportioned to them, having in view the best interest and general welfare of all. The responsibility of making this apportionment is not a pleasant one but I assumed it rather than hold back the funds until legislative action could be had, which would have retarded and obstructed the advantages to be derived from its use for the purposes for which it was intended. I earnestly urge that you will provide by law for the apportionment and distribution of funds hereafter collected for this purpose.

The fourth legislative assembly provided by law that funds arising from the leasing of sections 33 should be turned over to the Territorial Treasurer and by him used to redeem outstanding general fund warrants and that the Auditor should draw his warrant drawing five per centum interest per annum for such amounts which should be held in trust for the public building fund. Under this law there has been paid into the treasury and warrants issued therefor the sum of $35,000 and I hold in readiness to turn over to the Treasurer the further sum of $37,357.02, which will be turned in under the provisions of this law and applied to the redemption of general fund warrants unless you shall direct other disposition of the same. I have thus held this amount by reason of the strong public sentiment prevailing that some action should be taken looking to the erection of public buildings and in order that it might be immediately available should you desire to make provision for the establishment and erection of Territorial, penal, reformatory or eleemosynary institutions and because its investment in general fund warrants would tie it up and render it unavailable for a period of about two years unless other provision is made to refund all general warrants.

The funds arising from the rentals of sections 13 and 33 in Greer county are held by the Treasurer and cannot be appropriated under the act of Congress reserving them because said act provides that the same shall be used for such purposes as the legislature of the "future state of Oklahoma" shall provide.

An act should be passed or a joint resolution adopted requesting Congress to amend the Greer county Act providing that rentals arising from section 13 shall be donated to the Agricultural College, University and Normal School purposes and that funds arising from the leasing of section 33 be donated to public building purposes.

In this connection I call your attention to the report of the Secretary showing that about 19,000 acres of land is lost to these funds by reason of previous reservations made in the Cherokee outlet lands and that no provision was ever made for the donation of these sections in original or old Oklahoma, nor in the Cheyenne, Arapahoe, Sac and Fox, Iowa, Kickapoo and Pottawatomie countries, nor has any provision been made for the selection of indemnity lands for the lands lost as above stated and for the omission to make reservations in these countries.

In view of the fact that large tracts of valuable land are lying vacant in the western part of the Territory not suitable for homesteads and only used by cattle raisers and for which no rentals are paid by them to any one, I recommend that you make an effort to secure for the Territory a donation by Congress of a sufficient quantity of such vacant lands as will equal the amount lost as aforesaid and by reason of the failure to reserve said sections in the countries above named.

The reservation by the general government of the Camp Supply property amounting to about 63 sections or 40,320 acres, is no longer necessary, the same having been abandoned by the military branch of the government for which it was reserved. The buildings, dwelling houses, barracks and stables are rotting, decaying and falling to pieces and the lands are used only for the grazing of cattle by unauthorized persons and without authority of law.

Congress should be memorialized to donate this property to the Territory for the use and benefit of the school fund, for a soldiers' home, or for such other public purposes as you may determine to be most desirable.

If these matters are clearly presented to Congress by you, I cannot doubt that it will in its wisdom and care for the general welfare of the Territory and its usual generous provision for the public purposes named, grant your request and enact such laws as will accomplish the beneficent objects desired.

The report of the Secretary informs you that the Department of the Interior is claiming and demanding payment of land office fees for the entering of the indemnity lands selected by the former

Territorial administration amounting to $1,562. The title to these lands will not be secure until these payments are made or the same is remitted by act of Congress. The Hon. Secretary of the Interior has not yet ordered a cancellation of these entries but is likely to do so at any moment and I suggest that you promptly memoralize Congress for the passage of an act remitting the charge.

I commend to your careful attention the various suggestions made by the Secretary for the betterment of the school land service and the organization of a suitable system of Territorial administration. I cordially approve and recommend the creation of the office of Commissioner of Public Lands who should be charged with the supervision and direction of the leasing of all public lands and who should be held responsible for the proper conduct of the business of the office and whose acts should be subject to review on appeal to a superior Board of Commissioners.

In view of the great interests involved in the establishment of this office, great care should be taken to properly guard the property rights of the Territory as well as to definitely but liberally define the rights and privileges of lessees and to safe-guard and protect the funds arising from the leasing of public lands. Authority should be given to the Commissioner to issue warrants to the sheriff of any county directing the collection of delinquent rental notes by distraint upon the lessees improvements upon the land leased by him, thus oftentimes saving to the funds the rentals due without resort to expensive and tedious litigation in the courts.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The very elaborate and voluminous report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction contains full information of the conditions prevailing in connection with our system of free public schools, giving progress from time to time in all its details, relating to the various districts and cities and towns. I invite your careful attention to this report.

In my judgment the apportionment to the several districts, etc., of the monies arising from rental of school lands should be based upon the average daily attendance of the several schools, thus relieving the county officials of the temptation to pad their enumeration which exists under the present system and which has not been successfully resisted in all cases.

The peculiar condition of affairs prevailing in the Kickapoo country where a large and contiguous body of land has been selected as indemnity land and reserved for school purposes seems to impair and limit the resources of the people resident therein to adequately provide for the maintenance of their own schools. Some measure should be adopted to remedy these conditions and assist these people to their rightful participation in the benefits of our free school system.

I commend the several recommendations made by our efficient and conscientious superintendent to your thoughtful consideration, feeling sure that you will do all that can wisely be done to foster and protect this most important branch of the territorial government.

THE UNIVERSITY.

A report by the Secretary of the Board of Regents of the Territorial University is transmitted herewith, showing the expenses of the institution for two years, ending June 30, 1898, amounting to $27,305.84.

A full report of the conditions and operations and the needs of this important and rapidly growing institution is made by the President of the Board of Regents and is herewith transmitted to you. I cordially indorse the recommendations made for additional room and substantial improvements of facilities required for the progress and success of the University.

THE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Full information as to the condition of the Territorial Normal Schools at Edmond and Alva will be found in the report of the Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction and in the reports of the presidents of these two institutions included therein. These reports show largely increased attendance at the Normals, testing the room capacity at Edmond and overwhelming the limited space provided at Alva. Gratifying progress has been made and these institutions are fairly entitled to the fostering care of the legislature and liberal provisions for means to carry on their good work.

I invite your considerate attention to the needs of these institutions as detailed in the reports referred to.

The president of the board of education for the Normal Schools has submitted a special report detailing the action of the board under the law authorizing and directing the erection of a suitable building for the Northwestern Normal School at Alva.

Contract was made for a handsome and commodious structure suitable for the purposes designed, the building has been erected and is now about completed and before the adjournment of this legislative body will be finished and ready for occupancy. It is constructed of the best and most durable material and will, I trust, remain for many years to come, an ornamental and useful memorial to the grand cause of a free education and the training of our young people who aspire to fit themselves as teachers in the common schools, and an enduring monument to the generosity and sound judgment of a people aspiring to build here a state based upon the broad principles of justice, good morals and the free and liberal education of a free people.

THE AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE.

An elaborate report of the operation of this valuable school is made by the very able board of regents having charge of its affairs, to which your careful attention is earnestly invited.

The increasing attendance at the college and the great interest taken by our people generally in the experimental feature of this school demands ample house room and accommodation for its work. 'The United States government bountifully provides for the payment of the salaries of the teachers and furnishes the most approved and modern school equipments, but the Territory must provide the necessary buildings and a small fund for the payment of incidental expenses.' We have erected this year a building necessary for the accommodation of the machinery and appliances for instruction in the mechanic arts at a cost of about $3,500. The funds for this improvement are derived from the school land rentals apportioned to the use of this college. I will not indulge in a repetition of the full and detailed information contained in the report of the board.

It is evident that the growth and progress of this institution must stop where it is and its influence be much retarded and impaired unless provision is made for the erection of suitable buildings for its reasonable accommodation.

I add my earnest indorsement to the recommendations of the board for increased facilities to carry on the valuable work of this institution.

THE LANGSTON AGRICULTURAL AND NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

This school, authorized by an act approved March 12, 1897, is in active and successful operation. The proceedings of the board of regents in securing title to the lands and in erecting and furnishing a suitable building for the purposes designed, will be found fully reported in the report of the president and secretary of the board of regents and its conditions and needs are fully detailed in the report of the board of visitors appointed by me in accordance with the provisions of law. In view of the separate school system prevailing in this territory this institution is justly entitled to liberal provision for its maintenance and support. Its usefulness and value cannot be over estimated and I urge your careful consideration of the very valuable suggestions made in the reports referred to.

DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND.

By Act approved March 12, 1897, the Governor was empowered to contract for the care and education of the deaf, dumb and blind, in pursuance of which, contract was entered into on October 1, 1897, with H. C. Beamer for the care and education of this class of unfortunates entitled to the good offices of the people of this Territory.

Said contract runs five years from its date, this long period being necessary to induce responsible and suitable persons to take the contract. The limited number of such persons to be cared for furnishes small compensation to the contractor who is required to make a considerable investment to furnish suitable buildings and appliances necessary to a proper compliance with the contract. The care and education of the deaf and dumb is under such regulations as may be adopted from time to time by the Board of Education of the Normal Schools.

The compensation of the contractor is two hundred and seventy-five dollars per annum for each person cared for. The contractor is required to provide suitable buildings, to have water works connection and the contract includes board, lodging, clothing, medical treatment and education.

Under this contract Mr. Beamer established a school and dwelling for the care and education of the blind at a considerable expense, located in West Guthrie, Oklahoma, and has received and cared for as many of the deaf and dumb as he has been able to take care of. The number of inmates of this school is now 25. The legislature provided for a levy of one-twentieth of a mill on all taxable property for the maintenance and education of the deaf and dumb and the same for the blind. The moneys raised by this tax are insufficient to accomplish the objects intended and I respectfully ask your careful attention to this branch of the question and due consideration to the suggestions made by the contractor in his report to the Auditor. The number of deaf and dumb persons in the territory entitled to the benefit of this institution is estimated to be from ninety to one hundred. This estimate is made from reports made by county clerks to the Territorial Auditor, though several of the clerks failed to make any report.

It has not been found practicable to establish the plant necessary to commence the care and education of the blind until very recently when Mr. Beamer waived his contract for this class of patients and I made a new contract with Charles A. Cunningham for the care and education of the blind, the contract being upon like terms and conditions as that above reported for the deaf and dumb.

The number of blind persons entitled to the benefits of this contract as shown by county clerks reports to the Auditor is forty-six. The school for the blind is by law under the supervision and care of the Board of Regents of the Territorial University. In view of the multiplied duties required of these Boards for which no compensation is provided, I recommend to your consideration whether it would not be wise to create a Board of Charities and Corrections to which general supervision might be given over the administration of the affairs of these schools together with that of the care and discipline of incorrigible youth and youthful criminals.

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The report of the Attorney-General gives a detailed statement of all suits in the various courts to which the Territory is or has been a party, and discloses the fact that the business of that office is not only very large but that it is one of the most vital importance to the material interests of the Territory and to the successful administration of its affairs and the execution of the laws. Notwithstanding the meagre personal compensation allowed to the Attorney General and the fact that no provision has been made for an assistant nor even a clerk and stenographer, I most heartily commend the Attorney General for his diligent and unceasing labor at all hours and at all times in behalf of a faithful and impartial administration of the laws. I commend to your careful consideration the necessity for increased facilities for the proper transaction of the business of this office and invite your special attention to the very reasonable suggestions made by the Attorney General in the interests of a good public service.

THE BANKING LAW

though somewhat crude and not altogether satisfactory; has proven fairly satisfactory in its operation. The success of this law is however very largely due to the loyal spirit of support with which it was accepted by the bankers of the Territory, who formed an association and agreed to waive all ambiguities and crudities of the law and accepted without objection the construction put upon it by the Banking Board.

The report of the Bank Examiner is submitted herewith and the suggestions made by him, based upon his experience in administering the affairs of his office and his intimate knowledge of and connection with the banking interests of the Territory, are commended to your careful consideration and attention.

OIL INSPECTOR.

The report of the Oil Inspector gives an itemized statement of the oil inspected each month together with the amount of fees collected, etc., as well as mention of the manner in which some shippers attempt to evade the law.

This law should be so amended as to provide for the proper punishment of persons who violate it. Low grade oils are dangerous to life and property and the sale of such stuff should only be permitted under such conditions as will protect consumers to as great an extent as practicable. The rule of inspection and sale of such oils in the states about us are so rigid and well enforced that Oklahoma has become the dumping ground of very much of this low grade material and our own law should be carefully amended so as to protect the interests and welfare of our people.

TERRITORIAL LIBRARY.

Your attention is called to the report of the Territorial Librarian which gives the number of volumes in the library as well as the condition of the library and the library fund.

It is important that an appropriation be made for some much needed furniture and for proper care of the rooms and books as well as for the purchase of additional volumes.

TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

The public health is a matter of the most vital importance to the people and to the welfare and progress of the Territory. We have complete and generally satisfactory laws governing the practice of medicine and for the protection of the people in the case of a development of contagious diseases.

I submit herewith a voluminous and valuable report of the Superintendent of Public Health including reports of the various county boards.

These reports deal elaborately with the subject matter within their jurisdiction and are worthy of your careful and thoughtful consideration. I feel sure that the suggestions made in these reports looking to a betterment of health conditions and an improvement of facilities for the administration of these affairs will receive your earnest attention.

Educated physicians can always protect themselves and these laws are not enacted for their benefit so much as for the protection of the people from imposition and fraud and malpractice by vicious and ignorant charlatans and medicine fakirs, and they should be made as clear and definite as possible to accomplish the objects desired.

NATIONAL GUARD.

The status of our National Guard or militia organization and its present condition will be found complete in the report of the Acting Adjutant General. The organization and the military experience though limited, of the officers and men were of great value to the Territory when called upon by the president of the United

States to furnish our quota of troops to maintain and uphold the honor and dignity of our government in the war with Spain. The enlistment of so many of our guard in the National service and the expiration of terms of enlistment has materially reduced the number of men and officers effective for duty. The lack of proper provision for the maintenance of an organization of this character has to some extent weakened the enthusiasm and obstructed the efficiency of our organization.

An unfortunate and irreconcilable difference between leading men in the organization which created ill feeling and lack of good discipline all along the line, developed soon after I assumed the duties of my office. Every reasonable effort was made by me to compose these differences without avail and I was finally reluctantly compelled to accept the resignations of the Adjutant-General and the Colonel commanding. Before a reorganization could be had, the war came on and so many of our officers and men volunteered to serve their country that the organization was very much reduced as stated and I have not encouraged a full reorganization preferring to await the judgment of your honorable body as to its continuance in the service. Pending a determination of this question by your honorable body, I have detailed Second Lieutenant Orner of Company "A" to active service and assigned him to duty as Acting Adjutant General, Acting Quarter-Master-General and Acting Ordnance Officer. If it is thought best to maintain the organization, provision should be made for a suitable compensation for the Adjutant-General to enable me to secure the services of a competent Officer who will devote his whole time to strengthening the organization and in the transaction of the large amount of routine work of the office. Provision should also be made to enable the several companies to properly care for their arms and equipments. Authority should be granted for the holding of occasional encampments of the regiment in order to stimulate the *esprit de corps* of the companies and create a healthful rivalry as to which company can make the best soldiers and do the best service.

These objects can all be accomplished by a very reasonable and inexpensive provision of law, relying entirely upon the young men of our towns and cities to give their time and services freely to drill and become expert in the discipline and school of the soldier. The government supplies the Territory with the arms, equipments, quartermaster and ordnance stores necessary to thoroughly uniform and equip our organization and the Territory is in duty bound to take care of the valuable property thus entrusted to it. If reasonable provision cannot be made for the maintenance of the organization, I would suggest that it be entirely discontinued and provision made to gather in, securely pack and ship with freightage prepaid, all the government property in use by this organization, back to the proper department of the general government.

In the war with Spain, Oklahoma promptly responded to the call of the president and furnished one company of cavalry composed of expert marksmen and persons used to the hardships of outdoor life and the care and management of horses. This company has since become famous as the star company of Roosevelt's Rough Riders, and were engaged in the several days' fighting in front of Santiago where they demonstrated their skill and bravery and won laurels that will forever adorn and beautify the early history of our well beloved Territory.

This company went to the front without a banner or distinctive name connecting it with Oklahoma and the war was so soon over and it discharged from the service that nothing now can be done for it except to preserve the record of the organization in the archives of the Territory and to cause the erection of a suitable monument to preserve and perpetuate the memory of the only one of these brave boys who lost his life in the discharge of his duty.

Several members of this troop were wounded in battle and deserve honorable mention at proper times and places, but one was killed while manfully and bravely charging the heights of San Juan. His body will be shortly returned to Oklahoma and buried in the city cemetery at Hennessey.

A small fund has been raised by popular subscription to erect a suitable monument over his grave, but I am advised that the sum subscribed is not enough to accomplish the purpose desired. The sum of two thousand dollars would probably pay the expense of purchasing and erecting a modest but suitable shaft which will serve to commemorate the heroic deeds of Roy V. Cashion and to preserve and perpetuate the history of the gallant conduct of the troop to which he belonged. I earnestly recommend the appropriation of a sufficient amount to add to the popular subscription, making in all two thousand dollars, to be expended under proper official direction for this purpose.

Under the president's second call for troops Oklahoma was authorized to furnish one battalion consisting of four companies of infantry. These companies were promptly enlisted and mustered into the service of the United States and are now in camp at Albany, Georgia. They were mobilized as a part of the First Regiment, Territorial Infantry U. S. Volunteers, the regiment being composed of four companies from Arizona, three from New Mexico and one from the Indian Territory, together with the Oklahoma battalion. The regiment has been assigned to the 2nd

Division of the 1st Army Corps and unless orders are changed by the War Department, will very shortly be sent to Matanzas or Cardenas, Cuba. A full roster of officers and men mustered into this service from Oklahoma is contained in my annual report to the Hon. Secretary of the Interior. The officers appointed and commissioned by me were selected from a large number of applicants without regard to partisan politics and from considerations of especial adaptability and ability to make good officers. They have now been in the service over six months and from the reports made by the inspector of the United States Army, I am convinced that no better battalion of troops can be found in the service. This battalion carries no banner designating its connection with Oklahoma. I recommend that you will provide for a suitable banner having inscribed thereon the coat of arms of the Territory and proper descriptive wording and place it in the charge of these troops until they shall be mustered out when it shall be returned to the Territory and preserved in its archives as a memorial of its services. The cost of such a banner will not exceed one hundred and fifty dollars.

No complaint has been made to me of any lack of food, clothing, medicines, etc., and I feel sure that everything necessary for the health and comfort of our men has been amply provided.

No provision of law has ever been made in the Territory for the payment of necessary expenses of enlisting and mustering troops into the U. S. service, and the bills for expenses incurred in the enrollment and muster of these troops remain unpaid. The United States has assumed and provided by law for the payment of subsistence and shelter of men accepted into the service, and for some of the other minor expenses of enlistment that may be incurred and paid by the Territory and when these bills are paid a large part of our expense in raising these troops can be recovered. The money necessary to enroll and enlist these troops and transport them to points of rendezvous was advanced by patriotic citizens and the bills for subsistence and shelter are still due to hotel keepers. I recommend an appropriation of a sufficient amount not to exceed twelve hundred dollars to pay these bills when properly verified and approved by the Governor, and that authority be given me to collect from the United States and return to the treasury all that can be reclaimed under U. S. laws.

THE TRANS-MISSISSIPPI EXPOSITION AT OMAHA.

The success and wide spread fame of the grand exposition at Omaha from June to November last, is so well known as to need no elaboration.

No provision was made by the last legislature for advertising the resources of the territory at this exposition, but deeming it of great importance to the people of Oklahoma that we should not be behind the great states and territories about us in the presentation of our claim that Oklahoma offers advantages superior to many and equal to any of them for building homes and for the investment of capital, I appointed a commission to take charge of our interests and arrange for a suitable display of the products and resources of the territory.

Hon. J. C. Post of Kingfisher was appointed Chairman of this commission and John Golobie, of Guthrie, Secretary. Through the efforts of Mr. Post and by aid of the commissioners and prominent citizens interested in the welfare of the territory, funds were advanced to me to defray the expenses of our exhibit at the Exposition. The total expense incurred was about $7,000. The value of this expenditure in advertising the resources and vast possibilities of the Territory is beyond question much greater and will be productive of more profitable results to our people than was the expenditure of over $11,000,00 at the World's Fair at Chicago. The affairs of the commission have been wisely and economically administered. I earnestly recommend that you will make provision of law for the payment of the necessary expenses incurred, the same to be paid by warrants out of the general fund on properly verified accounts duly certified by the Chairman and approved by the Governor, to the end that outstanding bills may be paid and the moneys so generously donated by counties, corporations and individuals be reimbursed to them.

LIVE STOCK INTERESTS.

The livestock interests of Oklahoma are very large and the amount of money invested therein increases every year.

By enactment of the last legislative assembly the Board of Regents of the A. & M. College were constituted ex-officio Territorial Live Stock Sanitary Board charged with the execution of a law enacted or the encouragement and protection of the live stock industry. The Board has held many meetings and done much along this line and I believe its work has been beneficial to the territory, the farmer and the stock raiser. A determined effort has been made the past year to stamp out the Texas fever from among our cattle and though we have not been as successful as is desirable still the amount of splenetic fever has been less than in former years. Experience has convinced every member of the board that in order to fully protect and guard the best interests of the Territory in this regard, the most rigid quarantine must be maintained against the admission of southern cattle. The provisions of law for the punishment of infractions of the quarantine rules and regulations are not as stringent and well defined as they should be to make the same effective and the appropriations heretofore made for this purpose have not been sufficient to fairly compensate the necessary inspectors and provide for necessary expenses of the Board. A copy of the quarantine rules adopted by the Board for the year 1899 will be addressed to each member of the legislature for your information. These rules have been found to be absolutely necessary to safeguard the interests of the farmer as well as the stock raiser in the Territory.

Elaborate experiments have been made both by the Bureau of Animal industry of the Department of Agriculture and in our own Territory under the supervision of the department of veterinary surgery of the Agricultural & Mechanical College at Stillwater, testing the good qualities of the process of dipping cattle in approved Dynamo Oil, which have clearly demonstrated the fact that such dipping absolutely destroys the fever tick and disinfects infested cattle subjected thereto without material injury to stock when the same is done under proper conditions and in suitable weather.

In view of the important and rapidly growing interest of our people in this matter and the necessity for expert and experienced management and in view of the multiplied duties of the Board of Regents, I invite your careful inquiry as to whether a separate board should not be created and reasonable compensation provided for a secretary of such board, whose entire time and attention is demanded to secure the best and most desirable operation of the law and the rules and regulations made in pursuance thereof. I invite your attention to the report of the secretary of the Commission which is herewith submitted for your consideration.

INSANE.

The third legislative assembly passed an act authorizing the Governor to contract for the care of the insane within the Territory, for a period not exceeding three years, at an expense not to exceed three hundred dollars per annum for each person committed and entitled to care and treatment under our law.

Under this act, Governor Renfrow entered into contract with the Oklahoma Sanitarium Company, a private corporation, for the care and treatment of the insane for a period of three years from the 15th day of June, 1895 at a compensation of three hundred dollars per annum each. Under this contract, said Company established an institution at Norman, providing a good brick building, furnished with necessary conveniences and modern accommodations and equipment for the purpose designed.

The fourth legislative assembly provided, Chapter 16, Session laws, 1897 for a new contract after the 15th day of June, 1898 under the authority of which I made a contract on the 7th day of April, 1898, with the Oklahoma Sanitarium Company for the care and maintenance of the insane of the Territory for three years from and after the 15th day of June, 1898. This contract fixed the compensation to be paid to said company at two hundred dollars per annum for each patient, thus reducing the expense to the Territory one third, or thirty-three and one-third per centum. Said contract provides that the Sanitarium building shall be kept well ventilated and heated and properly supplied with pure water and adequate sewage connection, and requires said company to use all means and proper appliances and care necessary to the end that said insane persons shall be cared for in a proper, suitable, and humane manner and to supply medical attendance, nursing, treatment, medicine, clothing and food. It is stipulated in the contract that the laws of the state of Illinois, so far as the same are applicable, shall govern the said company in the due performance of its part of this contract and that the Superintendent of Public Health of Oklahoma, shall visit the institutions at least twice each year and oftener if the Governor shall so direct and see that the provisions of the contract are being properly complied with and that the insane are being properly and humanely cared for. The contract is not assignable without the consent of the Territory and patients are not to be farmed out or their care and maintenance sublet.

The company is under bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars for the faithful performance of the contract. The contract also provides for its forfeiture by the governor by giving thirty days notice in case of failure or refusal of the contractors to fully comply with its terms and conditions. After the execution of this contract, the Sanitarium Company made extensive improvements to their facilities for the care and treatment of the insane and adopted measures suggested by the Superintendent of Public Health for the improvement of hygenic conditions and the comfort and care of patients, and from information and personal observation I believe that this class of unfortunates are receiving as good care and attention as could be had at any like institution.

The number of insane in the Sanitarium on January 1, 1899 is 220. The number present December 15, 1896, Governor Renfro's report shows was 126, making an increase number in the past two years of 96.

This would seem to be a very large number of insane people, considering the population of the territory, but when it is considered that none of our counties have made any provision for care and treatment of indigent, poor people, and that very many case that should be treated and cared for on county poor farms and in poor houses are found to be mildly insane, it is sufficient explanation of the large number of persons sent to the sanitarium.

In the appendix hereto will be found a table showing the number of insane committed from each county, deaths, discharges, etc.

YOUTHFUL CRIMINALS AND INCORRIGIBLES.

Many very young boys have been sent to the penitentiary and jails for the commission of offenses against the laws of the territory.

Provision was made authorizing the Governor to contract with suitable institutions for the detention and discipline of this class of offenders but the regulations of most of the states near by us prohibit such contracts, so no contract has been made, though some of the Judges of our courts have recently urged me to do so. It is a crime against justice to send these youthful offenders for a first and generally a trival offense usually induced by bad associates, to a penitentiary, there to consort with and learn the ways of hardened criminals. Some measures must be adopted to provide suitable punishment and reformatory discipline in cases that recommend themselves to the sound judgment of our honorable courts and honored judges. I invite your careful attention to this matter, believing that you can and will in your wisdom make suitable provision for the proper care and discipline of such persons within the territory.

PARDONS.

A full report of pardons and reprieves granted during the past two years is attached hereto and appears in the appendix. Most of the pardons granted by me have been in cases of young persons and those of previous good character and were granted just before the expiration of the terms of sentence for the purpose of restoring citizenship and giving the prisoner a new start in the race of life, and in every one of these cases, the prisoner was favorably recommended by the warden of the prison for good behavior.

In other cases great caution has been exercised and no pardon granted except for good cause and sound reason appealing to the best judgment of the executive.

PENITENTIARY.

Oklahoma convicts have been kept in the Kansas penitentiary at Lansing, Kansas, since the organization of the Territory, under a contract made by Governor Steele, the Territory paying twenty-five cents per day for each convict.

In April, 1898, however, the Kansas authorities notified me that owing to lack of employment for even their own prisoners, they could no longer keep the Oklahoma convicts for less than fifty cents a day. After negotiating with several other states, I finally, on June, 30, 1898. made a new contract with the state of Kansas to retain our prisoners for thirty-five cents a day, the contract to run one year and until terminated by sixty days written notice by either party. Under this contract each prisoner receives a $15 suit of clothes and $5 in cash when discharged.

The expense of the territory for care and transportation of prisoners for the two years ending June 30, 1898 was as follows:

Care of prisoners......................	$27,748.00.
Transportation of prisoners.............	6,976.53.
Total	$34,724.53.

The state of Kansas has as yet rendered no bill under the new contract for the past six months which makes it impossible to give the exact cost of the maintenance of prisoners for this time but it is certain that it will not be much in excess of $9,000.00.

There were in the penitentiary 126 prisoners on January 1, 1897, and during that year there were received 97 more, making a total of 223. During the same time 49 were discharged by expiration of sentence and 24 by pardon, 5 were remanded for new trials, one escaped and one was killed while trying to escape, leaving 143 prisoners at the opening of the year of 1898. During 1898, (up to December 22) 90 additional convicts were received, but during the same time 48 were released by expiration of sentence and 36 by pardon, 3 were remanded for new trials, 3 died and 2 escaped, leaving 141 Oklahoma convicts in confinement on December 22, 1898.

Under the provisions of an act of the legislature of 1897 these prisoners are all given the same deduction from their sentences for good behavior and obedience to the rules as are allowed the Kansas convicts by the laws of that state—three days per month the first year, six the second and eight days per month during each year thereafter. Some of the prisoners have lost "good time" by subsequent misbehavior but in no case has an Oklahoma prisoner lost all his "good time."

Warden Landes, in a recent brief report to me says:

"The Oklahoma prisoners as a whole have been tractable and obedient. They are treated in every particular as our own prisoners, receiving the same stipend for every day's labor performed as given to the Kansas prisoner. Their general condition is excellent and they are, as nearly as can possibly be expected, contented and satisfied with their lot."

ELECTION LAWS.

The last legislature passed an act regulating elections in Oklahoma with the open and avowed intention of practically disfranchising a large and worthy class of citizens who are entitled by law to equal rights and privileges of the ballot with any other citizen.

A law, which by its intricate machinery and cumbersome and unfair methods, seeks by indirection to establish and enforce an educational qualification and has for its object the mystification and confusion of the voter so as to destroy a right clearly guaranteed to him by the law which they have not the manhood to repeal openly and above board, stamps the makers as political cowards and is a disgrace to any progressive community and a menace to good government.

Our election law should be repealed from start to finish and replaced by a law clear and simple in its terms, carefully guarding the right of each and every qualified voter to vote his honest sentiments and preserving the secrecy and integrity of the ballot.

In view of the largely increased population in many of the western districts of the territory, I commend to your consideration whether in justice and fairness a new apportionment law should not be passed at the present session.

PUBLIC WEIGHER.

The almost universal experience in the different counties of the Territory during the two years past has been that the office of public weigher was a useless one, serving only to confuse and breed trouble and I believe an early repeal of the act creating the office would meet with general public approval.

PHARMACY.

The last annual report of the president of the Territorial Board of Pharmacy shows that there were in the territory at that time (July 1, 1898,) 156 registered pharmacists and eighty-five general merchants located ten miles or more from a registered pharmacist had been granted permits to sell certain common drugs, patent medicines and bottled goods under regulations prescribed by the Board of Pharmacy.

The druggists of the Territory are organized into an active Pharmaceutical Association, which co-operates with the Board of Pharmacy in every way and the present pharmacy law gives general satisfaction to both the druggists and the people.

DENTISTRY.

The report of the Secretary of the Territorial Board of Dental Examiners shows the laws regulating the practice of dentistry to be well enforced and its workings to be generally satisfactory, though several recommendations are made as to more thorough examination which should receive your careful consideration.

My duty for the present is done. I have carefully compiled and laid before you the condition and needs of every branch of the territorial service and the information contained in the various reports submitted will be found to be entirely accurate and reliable.

I have made such suggestions only for your action as I deem of the highest importance to our people and for the best interests and general welfare of the territory. Very many things will suggest themselves to you which have not been mentioned by me.

The amendment and modification of our criminal code in many respects seems to be demanded, but your experience and acquaintance with these things will enable you to act wisely and with sound judgment. To you the present and future welfare of our territory is committed and of you much is and will be expected. I feel sure that the high order of ability and honesty, patriotism and experience possessed by your individual membership is assurance and guarantee of wise and faithful service.

In conclusion I beg to say to you that I have no pet measures or policies to urge upon your attention and will be found in readiness at all times to co-operate with you in accomplishing good legislation and in the maintenance of good government.

Respectfully submitted,

C M Barnes

Governor.

Guthrie, Oklahoma, Jan. 11, 1899.

APPENDIX.

NUMBER OF INSANE IN ASYLUM JANUARY 1, 1899.

Beaver County	3
Blaine	1
Canadian	13
Cleveland	16
Custer	2
D	2
Day	0
Garfield	15
Grant	6
Greer	2
Kay	14
Kingfisher	18
Lincoln	13
Noble	5
Oklahoma	32
Pawnee	3
Payne	16
Pottawatomie	14
Roger Mills	1
Washita	6
Woods	13
Woodward	4
Total	220
Number discharged in two years past	120
Number died in two years past	56
Number escaped in two years	5
Total number received into the asylum during the two years	401

DEAF MUTES IN THE TERRITORY.

Beaver	2
Blaine	2
Canadian	0
Cleveland	4
Custer	0
D	1
Day	0
Garfield	5
Grant	7
Greer	5
Kay	0
Kingfisher	0
Lincoln	6

Logan	10
Noble	7
Oklahoma	0
Pawnee	3
Payne	8
Pottawatomie	0
Roger Mills	2
Washita	1
Woods	8
Woodward	0
Total	71

Seventeen of the deaf mutes in the Territorial Institute are not included in the number given above, and it is known that there are deaf mutes in several of the counties from which none are reported by the county clerks as shown by the figures given above so it is almost certain that there are close upon a hundred deaf mutes in the Territory

INMATES OF DEAF MUTE INSTITUTE.

Beaver	0
Blaine	0
Canadian	3
Cleveland	0
Custer	0
D	0
Day	0
Garfield	0
Grant	0
Greer	0
Kay	2
Kingfisher	0
Lincoln	1
Logan	5
Noble	1
Oklahoma	2
Pawnee	0
Payne	3
Pottawatomie	4
Roger Mills	1
Washita	1
Woods	2
Woodward	0
Total	25

There are thirty-six other deaf mutes registered at the school and ready to enter whenever they can be accommodated.

BLIND IN THE TERRITORY.

Beaver	0
Blaine	4
Canadian	0
Cleveland	2
Custer	1
D	1
Day	0
Garfield	4
Grant	3
Greer	5
Kay	0
Kingfisher	0
Lincoln	2
Logan	2
Noble	1
Oklahoma	7
Pawnee	1
Payne	3
Pottawatomie	1
Roger Mills	4
Washita	2
Woods	6
Woodward	0
Total	49

These are the figures returned to the territorial auditor by the clerks of the various counties. As these figures are always incomplete it is very probable that there are at least seventy-five blind in the territory.

NUMBER OF CONVICTS IN PENITENTIARY, JULY 1, 1898

(By Counties)

Beaver	2
Blaine	3
Canadian	20
Cleveland	7
Custer	0
D	2
Day	0
Garfield	1
Grant	5
Greer	5
Kay	7
Kingfisher	8
Lincoln	13
Logan	30
Noble	9
Oklahoma	7
Pawnee	8
Payne	8
Pottawatomie	11
Roger Mills	1
Washita	3
Woods	2
Woodward	4
Total	155

PARDONS GRANTED FROM JANUARY 1, 1897 TO JANUARY 1, 1899.

DATE OF SENTENCE	NAME	OFFENCE	WHERE CONVICTED (COUNTY)	WHERE CONFINED	TERM OF SENTENCE	SENTENCE EXPIRES	DATE PARDONED	REMARKS
March 1896	Bert. Henderson	Grand larceny	Logan	Lansing, Ks.	1 Yr.	March 4, 1897	Jan. 30, 1897	
March 1896	A. O. Coultice	Grand larceny	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks.	1 Yr. 1 day	March 19, 1897	Feb. 10, 1897	
March 1896	Chas. J. Keese	Forgery	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks.	1 Yr. 1 day	March [illegible], 1897	Feb. 10, 1897	
March 1896	William Richardson	Assault to do bodily harm	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks.	1 Yr. 1 day	March 21, 1897	Feb. 10, 1897	
April 1896	Thos. Sperling	Burglary in Second Degree	Lincoln	Lansing, Ks.	1 Yr. 1 day	April 10, 1897	March 3, 1897	
June 1895	Wm. Harland	Burglary in Second Degree	Noble	Lansing, Ks	2 years	June 4, 1897	March 3, 1897	
Dec. 1895	Charley Moore	Larceny	Payne	Lansing, Ks.	1 Yr. 6 Mo	June 13, 1897	March 3, 1897	
April 1896	Con. C. Sperling	Receiving stolen goods	Lincoln	Lansing, Ks	1 Yr. 1 day	April 10, 1897	March 3, 1897	
Oct. 1894	Cal. Geiger	Burglary in Second Degree	Logan	Lansing, Ks	7 years	Oct. 17, 1897	March 12, 1897	
May 1896	Charles Kennedy	Forgery	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks	1 Yr. 1 day	May 4, 1897	March 27, 1897	
May 1896	Warren Nix	Perjury	Noble	Lansing, Ks	1 Year	May 7, 1897	March 27, 1897	
Dec. 1895	Charles Wilson	Larceny	Payne	Lansing, Ks	1 ½ years	April 13, 1897	March 27, 1897	
Oct. 1894	Fred Jobe	Grand Larceny	Lincoln	Lansing, Ks.	3 years	Sept. 30, 1897	March 27, 1897	
March 1897	W. T. Kimberly	Assault with intent to do bodily harm	Logan	County Jail	4 months		April 1, 1897	
Dec. 1894	James H Fuller Chas. J. Bourland	Jail breaking	Cleveland	Lansing, Ks.	10 years	Dec. 26, 1904	April 9, 1897	
March 1894	Frank Brink	Murder	Logan	Lansing, Ks	Life		April 12, 1897	
May 1894	Elijah Sampels	Man-slaughter	Payne	Lansing, Ks.	4 years	May 30, 1898	April 12, 1897	
July 1895	Jno. W. Mackey	Manslaughter in Second Degree	Pottawatomie.	Lansing Ks.	2 years	July 15, 1897	April 16, 1897	
March 1894	Sweet Perry	Murder in First Degree	Logan	Lansing, Ks.	Life		April 16, 1897	
	Henry A. Redman	Man-slaughter	Lincoln	Lansing, Ks.	8 years	Feb. 16, 1902	April 17, 1897	
March 1895	Alfred M. Stratton	Attempt to rob	Kay	Lansing, Ks	2½ years	Sept. 13, 1897	May 7, 1897	
Oct. 1893	Major Cobb	Man-slaughter in Second Degree	Kingfisher	Lansing, Ks.	4 years.	Oct. 16, 1897	May 7, 1897	
June 1894	Chas. Lawson	Grand Larceny	Pottawatomie.	Lansing, Ks.	4 years	Oct. 10, 1898	May 10, 1897	
Oct. 1895	John M. Collins	Man-slaughter in Second Degree	Cleveland	Lansing, Ks	2 years.	Oct. 18, 1897	May 10, 1897	
Sept. 1893	L. H. Logan	Embezzlement	Cleveland	Lansing, Ks	5 years.	Sept. 10, 1898	May 10, 1897	
Oct. 1895	Coleman Grady	Grand Larceny	Logan	Lansing, Ks.	5 years	Oct. 27, 1900	May 10, 1897	
Dec. 1895	Jas. Clark	Burglary	Noble	Lansing, Ks.	2 years.	Dec. 26, 1897	May 10, 1897	
Oct. 1896	R. A. Shepherd	Receiving stolen property	Pawnee	Lansing, Ks.	5 years.		May 14, 1897	
May 1896	Ira. Taylor	Grand Larceny	Grant	Lansing, Ks.	2 Yrs. 8 Mo	Feb, 8, 1899	June 11, 1897	
March 1897	Chas. Rider	Embezzlement	Canadian	County Jail	250 days		July 8, 1897	
Dec. 1896	John Norman	Grand Larceny	Garfield	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Dec. 30 1898	July 10, 1897	
Sept. 1895	D. W. Stephens	Refusing to pay his road tax	Noble				July 22, 1897	Fined $5 00 and Costs.
March 1896	Jno. H. Garner	Permitting prisoners to escape, etc.	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks.	1 Yr. 1 day	May 18, 1898	Aug. 11, 1897	
Apr. 1895	Geo. W, Lowe Thos. M. Lowe David Forbes	Burglary	Lincoln	Lansing, Ks.	3 years	April 25, 1898	Sept. 8, 1897	
Dec. 1895	Matt. Prinz	Grand Larceny	Woodward	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Dec. 22, 1897	Sept. 21, 1897	
Dec. 1896	Macie Arnold	Burglary	Greer	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Dec. 4, 1898	Sept. 21 1997	
June 1895	Chas. Brown Isaac Frazier	Grand larceny	Cleveland	Lansing, Ks.	3years.	June 28, 1898	Oct. 8, 1897.	
May 1896	Alfred Perry	Burglary in Second Degree	Grant	Lansing, Ks	3 years	May 8, 1899	Oct. 26, 1897.	

Pardons Granted from January 1, 1897, to January 1, 1899.—Continued.

DATE OF SENTENCE	NAME	OFFENSE	WHERE CONVICTED (COUNTY)	WHERE CONFINED	TERM OF SENTENCE	SENTENCE EXPIRES	DATE PARDONED	REMARKS
Oct 1896	A. J. Thompson	Grand Larceny	Custer	Lansing Ks	2 years	Oct. 18, 1898	Nov. 26 1897	
May 1893	Albert Wilson	Man-slaughter in First Degree	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks	15 years	May 9, 1908	Nov. 11, 1897	
Dec. 1896	Geo. C. Brubaker	Grand Larceny	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks	1 Yr. 1 day	Dec. 31, 1897	Nov. 11, 1897	
	James W. Kidd	Pointing a weapon	Canadian				Dec. 23, 1897	Fined $100. and Costs.
April 1896	Clem Rogan	Burglary	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks	2 years	May 4, 1898	Dec. 23, 1897	
Sept. 1895	A. W. Foote	Burglary	Logan	Lansing, Ks	7 years	Oct 27, 1902	Dec. 23, 1897	
Nov. 1896	Clyde Hartzell	Burglary	Canadian	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Dec. 20, 1898	Dec. 24, 1897	
Dec. 1897	August Behrent Gus. Behrent	Violating the quarantine law	Noble				Feb. 11, 1898	Fined $100. and 300 inspecting and Costs.
Nov. 1896	Hester B. Henderson	Disturbing church services	Logan	Lansing, Ks	2 years	July 25, 1898	Mar. 16, 1898	
April 1897	David Diles	Grand larceny	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks	1 year	April 5, 1898	Mar, 25, 1898	
Sept. 1897	J. W. Maddox	Assault with intent to kill	"D"	Lansing, Ks	1 year	Aug. 20, 1898	April 5, 1898	
Dec. 1896	Pat Johnson	Assault with intent to kill	Woodward	Lansing. Ks	3 years	July 12 1899	April 5 1898	
April 1895	Chas. Martin	Obtaining property, false pretenses	Logan	Lansing, Ks	4 years	Aug. 17, 1898	April 14, 1898	
Oct. 1897	C. L. Berry	Receiving money, bank insolvent	Pawnee	Lansing, Ks	3 years	May 30, 1900	April 15, 1898	
Nov. 1897	Fred Haskett	Assault and battery	Lincoln				April 18, 1898	Fined $25.00 and Costs.
June 1894	James E. Sanford	Grand larceny	Noble	Lansing, Ks	5 years	Aug. 5, 1898	April 18, 1898	
May 1897	James W. Ingram	Grand larceny	Grant	Lansing, Ks	1 year	April 10, 1898	April 18, 1898	
Nov. 1896	G. C. Bolton	Receiving stolen property	Pawnee	Lansing, Ks	5 years	Jan. 8, 1901	May 5, 1898	
Nov. 1897	Bert Brown	Burglary	Pawnee	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Aug. 9, 1899	May 16, 1898	
Nov. 1297	Bert Brim	Burglary	Pawnee	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Aug. 9, 1899	May 16, 1898	
March 1898	Mahala S. Shaw	Violating quarantine laws	"D"				May 23, 1898	Fine and Costs.
April 1894	Geo. E. Bolen	Robbery	"G"	Lansing, Ks	5 years	June 17, 1898	June 4, 1898	
Nov. 1896	Chas. J. Hoffmann	Burglary	Noble	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Sept. 3, 1898	June 25, 1898	
March 1897	Cole Martin	Embezzlement	Logan	Lansing, Ks	18 months	July 15, 1898	June 28, 1898	
Nov. 1895	LeRoy Diffenbaugh	Grand larceny	Payne	Lansing, Ks	3 years	July 4, 1898	June 29, 1898	
May 1897	John A. Hinch	Shooting with intent to kill	Lincoln	Lansing, Ks	18 months		July 1 1898	
May 1897	Cal Sherman	Shooting with intent to kill	Lincoln	Lansing, Ks	18 months		July 1, 1898	
April 1897	Jas. Reid	Burglary in 2nd degree	Pawnee	Lansing, Ks	5 years	May 26, 1901	July 2, 1898	
Sept. 1897	James Gray	Burglary	Logan	Lansing, Ks	1 year	Aug. 12, 1898	July 26, 1898	
March 1897	Wm. A. Bryant	Manslaughter	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Dec. 21, 1898	Aug. 1. 1898	
Dec. 1896	Andrew LeCass	Burglary	Greer	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Sept. 5, 1898	Aug. 1, 1898	
Sept. 1895	Henry Welch	Highway robbery	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks	Life		Aug. 1, 1898	
Sept. 1895	Tullis Welch	Highway robbery	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks	Life		Aug, 1, 1898	
April 1896	Jno. R. Flight	Grand larceny	Pawnee	Lansing, Ks	4 years	Aug. 6, 1899	Aug. 1, 1898	
Dec. 1896	Jas. Sloat	Larceny	Cleveland	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Sept. 12, 1898	Aug. 20 1898	
Dec. 1896	John Morton	Burglary	Payne	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Sept. 4 1898	Aug 20, 1898	
Dec. 1896	Albert Gilbert	Larceny	Canadian	Lansing, Ks	2 years	Sept. 21, 1898	Aug. 20, 1898	
Oct. 1897	Dick Hamlin, alias Dick Hammond	Larceny	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks	1 yr. 1. day	Sept. 13, 1898	Aug. 20, 1898	
Oct. 1897	Robt. Stiles	Larceny	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks	1 year	Sept. 13, 1898	Aug. 29, 1898	

Pardons Granted from January 1, 1897, to January 1, 1899.—Continued.

DATE OF SENTENCE	NAME	OFFENSE	WHERE CONVICTED (COUNTY)	WHERE CONFINED	TERM OF SENTENCE	SENTENCE EXPIRES	DATE PARDONED	REMARKS
Dec. 1896	Wm. Cowan	Larceny	Woodward	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	July 12. 1899	Sept. 5, 1898	
April 1897	Frank L. Calley	Attempted extortion	Noble	Lansing, Ks.	18 months	Sept. 20, 1898	Sept. 8, 1898	
April 1898	Earnest Buck	Grand larceny	Cleveland	Lansing, Ks.	1 year	April 9, 1899	Sept. 9, 1898	
Feb. 1897	Geo. Peters	Burglary	Logan	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Nov. 21, 1998	Sept. 9, 1898	
Nov. 1897	Earnest Busse	Burglary	Lincoln	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Aug. 11, 1899	Sept. 9, 1898	
Spring 1896	J. B. Adams	Larceny	Pawnee	Lansing, Ks.	5 years	Aug. 6, 1899	Sept. 9, 1898	
Sept. 1896	L. C. Eskew	Manslaughter in First Degree	Beaver	Lansing, Ks.	4 years	Aug. 24, 1900	Sept 9, 1898	
March 1897	P. Tnrner	Larceny	Noble	Lansing, Ks.	1½ years	Sept. 20. 1898	Sept. 9, 1898	
Feb. 1896	R B. Kennon	Grand larceny	Garfield	Lansing, Ks.	1 year	Nov. 7, 1898	Sept. 12, 1898	
Nov. 1897	Robert Sloat	Manslaughter	Cleveland	Lansing, Ks.	5 years	Jan. 4, 1902	Sept. 12, 1898	
Nov. 1897	Fred Held	Attempt to rob	Canadian	Lansing, Ks.	1 year	Oct. 26, 1998	Sept. 12, 1898	
March 1898	Chas. Spess	Assault	Pawnee	County Jail	6 months		Sept. 14, 1898	
Nov. 1897	Joseph McDaniels	Grand larceny	Noble	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Sept. 30, 1899	Oct. 6, 1898	
April 1896	Marshall Adkins	Perjury	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks.	10 years	March 12, 19 4	Nov. 5, 1898	
Nov. 1897	A. E. Gibson	Stealing a domestic animal	Greer	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Aug, 25, 1899	Nov. 10, 1898	
May 1896	Tom Woody	Burglary in Second Degree	Grant	Lansing, Ks.	3 years	Nov. 27 1898	Nov. 21, 1898	
May 1896	Mitchell Perry	Burglary in Second Degree	Grant	Lansing, Ks.	3 years	Nov. 27, 1898	Nov. 21 1898	
Oct. 1894	C. W. Church	Bigamy	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks.	5 years	Nov. 25, 1898	Nov. 21, 1898	
March 1898	John H. Penland	Forgery	Logan	Lansing, Ks.	1 year	Feb. 23 1899	Nov. 22, 1898	
May 1897	Daniel P. Roberts	Grand Larceny	Kay	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Jan. 30, 1899	Nov. 22, 1898	
April 1898	John W. Sullivan	Assault wiih intent to do bodily harm	Grant	Lansing, Ks.	3½ years		Nov. 22, 1898	
March 1897	Albert Crawford	Assault with intent to kill	Oklahoma	Lansing, Ks.	1 yr. 1 day.	April 15, 1898	Nov. 22, 1898	
Feb. 1897	Sam Tailor	Burglary	Logan	Lansing, Ks.	6 months	Feb. 22, 1902	Nov. 22, 1898	
May 1898	B. F. Wampler	Larceny of domestic animals	Greer	Lansing, Ks.	1 year	April 24. 1899	Nov. 22, 1898	
May 1898	Frank Brown	Burglary	Noble	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Feb. 7, 1900	Nov. 22, 1898	Fined $100.00 and Costs.
1898	J. J, Leonard	Assault	Custer				Nov. 22, 1898	
May 1897	Fred Gerbing	Burglary	Cleveland	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	Feb. 26, 1899	Nov. 22, 1898	
May 1897	Geo. R. Spencer	Unlawful cohabitation	Greer	Lansing, Ks.	2 years	March 5. 1899	Nov. 22, 1898	
Dec. 1896	Frank Langston	Burglary	Canadian	Lansing, Ks.	2½ years	Feb. 14, 1899	Nov. 22, 1898	
May 1898	Levi Busby	Grand larceny	Canadian	Lansing, Ks.	1½ years	Sept. 13, 1899	Nov. 22, 1898	
Oct. 1894	Aaron J. Leonard	Burglary	Logan	Lansing, Ks.	7 years	July 8. 1900	Nov. 22, 1898	
Oct. 1895	J. A. Cox	Mis-branding	Beaver	Lansing, Ks.	18 months	Sept. 10, 1899	Nov. 22, 1898	
Oct. 1898	Geo. Capers	Pointing a gun	Noble	County Jail	90 days		Nov. 30, 1898	
Dec. 1896	E. A. Tilbets	Rape	Pottawatomie	Lansing, Ks.	5 years	Feb. 19, 1901	Dec. 9, 1898	
Oct. 1893	Clayton Farmer	Murder	Kingfisher	Lansing, Ks.	Life		Dec. 9, 1898	
May 1898	Marion Massey	Larceny	Canadian	Lansing, Ks.	3 years	Dec. 2, 1900	Dec. 30, 1898.	

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, GUTHRIE, O. T., Dec. 15, 1898,
To His Excellency, C. M. Barnes, Governor of Oklahoma.

SIR: Under provision of law, I have the honor to submit herewith the Fourth Biennial Report of the Auditor of the territory for the fiscal years 1897 and 1898. There will be found herein a full statement of all financial operations of the territory during that period Such reports are necessarily a matter of figures and contain much that should be of interest to all taxpayers and citizens who have the welfare of the territory and its people at heart. The usual mode of arranging the matter of an auditor's report has been followed. An effort has been made to be brief in detail, making explanation only where it may seem to be needed. Estimates are given for the running expenses of the various departments of the territorial government after a careful investigation of the conditions and needs of the territory and comparison with other territories and states

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Statements of the Conditions of the Territorial Funds Subject to the Auditor's Warrants.

A. AND M. LAND LEASE FUND.

Date.	Amount.	Balance.
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	$ 4,419 78	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1898	4,394 78	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1898	$ 25 00	
Cash in fund available for redemption of warrants	999 71	
Available cash balance November 30, 1898	$ 974 71	$ 974 7

BOARD OF EDUCATION FUND.

Date.	Amount.	Balance.
Warrants outstanding November 30, 1896	$ 30 00	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1897	1,083 78	
Making a total of	$ 1,113 78	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1897	1,098 98	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1897	$ 14 80	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	473 80	
Making a total of	$ 488 60	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1898	481 15	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1898	$ 7 45	
Cash in fund available for redemption of warrants	1,550 44	
Available cash balance November 30, 1898	$ 1,542 99	$ 1,542 9

BOND INTEREST FUND.

Date.	Amount.	Balance.
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1897	$ 2,890 60	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1897	2,890 60	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	$ 2,890 60	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1898	2,890 60	
Available cash balance November 30, 1898	$12,174 65	$ 12,174 6

COLORED AGRICULTURAL AND NORMAL UNIVERSITY LAND LEASE FUND.

Date.	Amoun	Balance.
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	$ 3,421 54	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1898	3,196 48	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1898, of	$ 225 06	
Cash in fund available for redemption of warrants	803 52	
Available cash balance November 30, 1898	$ 578 46	$ 578 46

DEAF AND DUMB SCHOOL FUND.

Date.	Amount.	Balance
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	$ 3,819 51	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1898	1,110 22	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1898, of	$ 2,709 29	
Cash in fund available for redemption of warrants	57 81	
Net deaf and dumb school fund indebtedness November 30, 1898	$ 2,651 48	$ 2 651 48

GENERAL REVENUE FUND.

Date.	Amount.	Balance.
Warrants outstanding November 30, 1896	$ 176 536 76	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1897	175,866 27	
Making a total of	$ 352,403 03	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1897	94,283 62	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1897, of	$ 258,119 41	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	86,132 96	
Making a total of	$ 344,252 37	
Warrants redeemed November 30, 1898	71,290 06	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1898, of	$ 272,962 31	
Cash in fund available for redemption of warrants	19,209 57	
Net general fund indebtedness November 30, 1898	$ 253,752 74	$ 253,752 74

LIBRARY FUND.

Date.	Amount.	Balance.
Warrants outstanding November 30, 1896	$ 4,353 12	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1867	110 00	
Making a total of	$ 4,463 12	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	77 21	
Total outstanding November 30, 1898	$ 4,540 33	
Cash in fund available for redemption of warrants	21 00	
Net library fund indebtedness November 30, 1898	$ 4,519 33	$ 4,519 33

NORMAL SCHOOL FUND

Date.	Amount.	Balance.
Warrants outstanding November 30, 1896	$ 7,964 53	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1897	17,016 19	
Making a total of	$ 24,980 72	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1897	20,147 52	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1897, of	$ 4,833 20	
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	22,242 78	
Making a total of	$ 27,075 98	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1898	17,449 92	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1898, of	$ 9,626 06	
Cash in fund available for redemption of warrants	1,825 55	
Net Normal school fund indebtedness November 30, 1898	$ 7,800 51	$ 7,800 51

NORTHWESTERN NORMAL SCHOOL LAND LEASE FUND.

Date.	Amount.	Balance.
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	$ 5,496 77	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1898	5,355 33	
Leaving a balance outstanding November 30, 1898, of	$ 141 44	
Cash in fund available for redemption of warrants	394 6	
Available cash balance November 30, 1898	$ 253 23	$ 253 23

NORTHWESTERN NORMAL SCHOOL FUND.

Date.	Amount.	Balance.
Warrants issued year ending November 30, 1898	$ 4,745 00	
Warrants redeemed year ending November 30, 1898	4,745 00	
Available cash balance November 30, 1898	$ 1 03	$ 1 03

REMARKS.

It will be seen from the condition of the general fund given on page five that the expenditures for the year ending November 30, 1897, are $89,733.31 greater than for the following fiscal year. This is principally due to the expenses of the Fourth legislative assembly, and to the transfer of the sum of $35,000 from the public building fund to the general fund; warrants, bearing 5 per cent. interest, having been drawn on the general fund for this amount in favor of the public building fund. During the biennial period covered by this report the general fund indebtedness increased $96,425.55. The heavy expenses to the territory are found in the care and maintenance of the insane and prisoners and territorial printing. The cost for the care and maintenance of the insane for the biennial period, except the last two months, amounts to $79,879.11, including a deficiency of $7,138.27. This is an increase for this purpose of $14,870.04 over the biennial period ending November 30, 1896. The expense for the care and custody of prisoners of the territory for the biennial period is $31,566.34 against $22,373.39 for the biennial period ending November 30, 1896. The expense to the territory for printing for the two years amounts to $40,487. The three items above mentioned aggregate $151 932.45 for the biennial period. Each biennial report since the organization of the territory, after the first one, shows a marked increase in the territorial indebtedness. Attention has been called to this fact by my predecessors, and I desire to renew the assertion that the difficulty is not found in excessive expenditures, except in the item of printing, but in deficient revenue.

BLIND SCHOOL FUND.

This fund is supported by a levy of one-twentieth of a mill.

To date no warrants have been drawn against this fund. The cash balance is $1,185.63.

BOARD OF EDUCATION FUND.

One-tenth of a mill levy was made for this fund for the years 1894 and 1895. No levy has been made since 1895, and it is thought that another levy will not be necessary until 1900. There is a cash balance in this fund of $1,550.44.

BOND INTEREST FUND

The territory has bonds outstanding to the amount of $48,000. The annual interest on these bonds is $2,890.60, which includes the cost of transmission to the fiscal agency at New York City. The interest is promptly paid when due. The amount now to the credit of this fund is $12,174.65.

DEAF AND DUMB FUND.

One-twentieth of a mill levy is made for the support of this fund. The income from the levy will not be sufficient to pay the outstanding warrant indebtedness created for the support and education of the deaf and dumb. A larger levy should be made for the maintenance of this fund. The outstanding warrant indebtedness is $2,709.29.

LIBRARY FUND.

The law provides that the money received from the sale of statutes and supreme court reports shall be placed to the credit of the library fund. To date, only $21 have been covered into the treasury for the benefit of this fund. The outstanding library fund warrants amount to $4,540.33. None of these warrants have been redeemed. Some provision other than the one now existing should be made for their payment.

LAND LEASE FUNDS.

The land lease funds of the Agricultural and Mechanical college, Colored Agricultural and Normal University, and the Northwestern Normal School are maintained by a portion of the money received from the leasing of the thirteenth section in each township in what is known as the Cherokee Strip. This money is apportioned semi-annually by the governor to the several higher institutions of learning of the territory. The three institutions above named have separate funds for this money, while the money apportioned to the Normal School and and University is covered into the general fund of said institutions.

NORMAL SCHOOL FUND.

This fund is supported principally by a levy of one-half mill. Money is also received from the leasing of school lands and from tuition fees. By an act of the last legislature $3,000 was appropriated from this fund for the maintenance of the Northwestern Normal School. The outstanding normal school fund warrant indebtedness is $9,626.06.

NORTHWESTERN NORMAL SCHOOL BUILDING FUND.

This fund was created from the proceeds of the sale of bonds issued for the purpose of providing funds to build a normal school building, by the township of Alva, Woods county. Warrants have been drawn on this fund to the amount of $4,745, leaving a cash balance of $1.03.

PUBLIC BUILDING FUND.

By an act of the last legislature the auditor is directed to draw a warrant on the territorial treasurer whenever the money in the public building fund should accumulate to the amount of $1,000, and the money so drawn to be used in the redemption of general fund warrants. These warrants, bearing five per cent. interest, are drawn in favor of the public building fund and are held by the territorial treasurer for the use and benefit of said fund. Warrants have been drawn to the amount of $35,000.

ESTIMATES OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES ON ACCOUNT OF THE GENERAL REVENUE FOR THE YEARS 1899 AND 1900.

It is not possible to make an accurate estimate of receipts for the next two years since we cannot even approximate with any degree of certainty the assessed valuation of the property for these years. To make an estimate of the expenditures is equally difficult, owing to the amendments that may be made to the present revenue law by the coming legislature. Elsewhere in this report may be seen statements showing estimates of expenditures for the ensuing biennial period. The estimates are based on the necessary expenses for the years 1897 and 1898, making allowance for the natural increase of items of cumulative expenses. Presuming that no great changes will be made in the law effecting receipts and expenditures of the public fund, the following estimates are thought to be approximately correct:

Estimated Receipts and Expenditures.

Date.	Amount.	Deficit.
Estimated receipts into general fund year 1899	$ 90,000 00	
Estimated expenditures same period	121,266 27	
Deficit		$ 31,266 27
Estimated receipts into general fund year 1900	95,000 00	
Estimated expenditures same period	95.228 00	
Deficit		$ 223 00
Making a total deficit for the two years of	30 494 27	
To which add warrants now outstanding less cash in treasury	253,752 74	
Grand total deficit Nov. 30, 1900'		$ 284.217 01

APPROPRIATIONS.

Appropriations made by the fourth legislative assembly were in some cases sufficient but in others inadequate to meet the purposes which they were intended to cover. Those made for the care and maintenance of the insane, for the transportation of the insane, for the conveyance of convicts to the penitentiary and for the contingent expenses of some of the territorial offices were insufficient. Some of these were exhausted on or before July 1, 1898.

ASSESSED VALUATION.

The total assessed valuation of the territory for the years 1895 and 1896 was $64,090,930; for the years 1897 and 1898, $72,658,568. The year 1897 shows a valuation of $32,034,752 and the year 1898 $40,623,816. The increase in valuation as shown by the above figures is due to the growth in material prosperity. No territory was added to Oklahoma during these years. On examination of the reports of the county clerks for the year 1898, the territorial board of equalization discovered that the property in some counties had been assessed much higher than in others In fact, the reports show that the assessments were not alike in any two counties. The board also discovered that in most of the counties the property had been assessed too low, in some of them, ridiculously so. After a careful examination of the returns the board decided that the assessments in Pottawatomie county were most nearly correct. For each of the other counties, except one, such a per cent was added to the assessed valuation as would necessitate the payment of a proportionate tax. The report from Greer county shows that the property had been assessed to high. In this county the assessed valuation was lowered to correspond with the county taken as a basis. A record of the proceedings of the board for the years 1897 and 1898, with tables showing the valuation of the different classes of property, by county, will be found elsewhere in this report.

CENSUS AND OTHER STATISTICS.

In another part of this report will be found tables relating to census and other statistics. The data contained in these tables was collected by the township and city assessors and compiled by the county clerks. The clerks' reports to this office are, in most cases, incomplete, growing out of the fact that a number of the assessors failed to carry out the provisions of the law relating to census and other statistics. This method has proven to be very unsatisfactory in its results. Under the provisions of a law passed by the last legislative assembly the office of county assessor was created, doing away with the township plan of assessing. The county assessors will enter upon their work next year and it is hoped that the coming legislature will provide an efficient method whereby the collection of this data may be made accurate and complete. These statistics, while in part reliable, yet do great injustice to the territory, in that they do not show the rapid increase in the industries, the remarkable growth in the stock-raising business and the development of her agricultural resources.

INSANE.

Chapter 30, Laws of 1895, authorized the Governor to contract on the part of the territory with responsible individuals for the treatment, care and maintenance within the territory, of the territory's insane for a term of three years from the 15th day of June, 1895, at a rate not to exceed three hundred dollars per annum for each patient. This contract was entered into on the aforesaid date with a company styling itself the Oklahoma Sanitarium Company. On the 15th day of June, 1898, the above mentioned contract expired, and a new one was entered into for a like period of time, to-wit, three years, by and between the Governor, on the part of the territory, and the Oklahoma Sanitarium Company at the rate of two hundred dollars per annum per patient.

Chapter 3, section 8, session laws 1897, provided an appropriation of sixty-one thousand dollars for the care, treatment and maintenance of the territory's insane for the years 1897 and 1898. The sum of four thousand six hundred dollars was appropriated under the same act for the commitment of the territory's insane for the two years. The development of this institution is made manifest when I am compelled to report that the sum appropriated for the commitment of the insane exhausted on May 19, 1898, and the sum appropriated for the care, treatment and maintenance of the insane exhausted on June 22, 1898, since which dates a deficiency for this branch of the public service has been created and to which your attention is invited in the general deficiency estimate.

PRISONERS.

The prisoners of the territory are cared for by the Kansas penitentiary, located at Lansing, Kansas. Of the time covered by this report up to July 1, 1898, the territory paid for the care and maintenance of these prisoners at the rate of twenty-five cents per day. A new contract was entered into on the first day of July, 1898, for a term of one year at the rate of thirty-five cents per convict per day. The largest number of convicts confined therein numbered 179 persons for the quarter ending June 30, 1898, an increase of twenty persons over any previous quarter. The growth of the territory, and with it the increase in this branch of the service, it seems, should warrant provisions being made by the legislature to care for the territory's prisoners within the territory. In the matter of transportation, I would suggest that this expense be met by the several counties instead of the territory.

TERRITORIAL LEVIES

The following levies were made by the territorial board of equalization for the years 1897 and 1898, the levies for each year being the same: General revenue fund, three mills on the dollar of assessed valuation; for normal school fund, one-half mill; for university fund, one-half mill; for bond interest, one-fifth mill; for support of school for deaf and dumb, one-twentieth mill; for support of school for blind, one-twentieth mill. The foregoing levies aggregate four and three-tenths mills.

WARRANTS.

A complete list of all warrants issued by the auditor on territorial funds from December 1, 1896 to November 30, 1898, will be found in this report. The date of issue, the person to whom issued, the fund on which drawn, and the amount of each warrant is given.

SUGGESTIONS.

1. Issue bonds sufficient to redeem outstanding general fund warrants.
2. Give the territorial board of equalization power to add 25 per cent. to levies for delinquent taxes.
3. Provide for the payment of library fund warrants.
4. Provide means for a more thorough collection of the census and agricultural statistics.
5. Levy an annual tax of $100.00 on liquor dealers.

Respectfully submitted,
S. N. HOPKINS,
Territorial Auditor.

Statement Showing in Detail Estimated Expenditures on Account of the General Revenue Fund for the Years 1899 and 1900.

Departments.	1899.	900.
Attorney-General's Department—		
Salary	$ 1,500 00	$ 1,500 00
Contingent office expenses	1,000 00	1,000 00
Clerk hire	1,200 00	1,200 00
Auditor's Department—		
Salary	1,800 00	1,800 00
Blanks, contingent office expenses, etc	950 00	950 00
Clerk hire	1,500 00	1,500 00
Executive Department—		
Clerk hire		
Contingent expenses		
Salary as private secretary	1,500 00	1 500 00
Military Department—		
Adjutant-General's salary	1 200 00	1 200 00
Contingent office expenses	500 00	500 00
Superintendent's Department—		
Blanks' contingent office expenses. etc	1,500 00	1,500 00
Clerk hire	600 00	600 00
Traveling expenses	100 00	100 00
Treasurer's Department—		
Salary	1,500 00	1,500 00
Contingent office expenses and purchase of safe	1.100 00	
Clerk hire	1,000 00	750 00
		1,000 00
Librarian—		
Salary	1,000 00	
Purchase of books	1,000 00	1,000 00
Incidental expenses, including rent	428 00	1,000 00
		428 00
Supreme Court Expenses—		
Records, stationery, light, fuel, etc	500 00	
For furnishing office, clerk supreme court	500 00	
		500 00
Other Expenses—		
Board of Health	1,600 00	1,600 00
Board of Regents A. and M. college	500 00	500 00
Care of insane	42.000 00	44,000 00
Commitment of insane	3,500 00	3,800 00
Care of prisoners	14.500 00	14 500 00
Commitment of prisoners	3 500 00	3 800 00
Election supplies	....	1,400 00
Salary and expenses of Quarantine Inspector	1,600 00	1,0 0 00
Listing deeded lands	500 00	500 00
Publishing election proclamation	....	300 00
Serving Governor's requisition	3 000 00	3.0 0 00
Enforcement of criminal law	1 000 00	1,000 00
Deficiency for care of insane	7,138 27	....
Deficiency for commitment of insane	1,850 00	....
Deficiency for commitment of prisoners	2,000 00	....
Postage, stationery, etc., for Secretary	300 00	3[illegible] 00
Clerk hire for Fifth legislative assembly	7,000 00	....
Publishing Laws of Fifth legislative assembly	4,000 00	....
Publishing Journals of Fifth legislative assembly	4,000 00	....
Annotating and indexing laws	2,000 00	....
Miscellaneous printing	1,500 00	....
Total	$121,266 27	$ 95,[illegible]28 00

Statements Showing Appropriations, Amounts Expended, and Unexpended Balances November 30, 1898.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S SALARY.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 375 00	
Amount expended, warrant 2091	375 00	
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 3,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2686, 2950, 2951, 3024, 3280, 3508, 3752, 3989, 117	2,625 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$375 00

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S SALARY.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 500 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2706. 2900, 2963, 3031, 3060, 3085, 3151 3246, 3373, 3435, 3492, 3621, 3668, 3720	259 84	
Balance November 30, 1898		$240 16

TREASURER'S SALARY.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 375 00	
Amount expended, warrant 2114	375 00	
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 3,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2682, 2683, 3021, 3054, 3242, 3525, 3758, 3981, 149	2 625 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$375 00

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR SALARY OF TERRITORIAL LIBRARIAN.

Amount appropriated	$ 500 00	
Amount expended, warrant 2488	500 00	

SALARY FOR TERRITORIAL LIARARIAN.

Balance appropriated for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 341 34	
Amount expended, warrant 2077	104 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$237 34
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 2,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2647, 2861, 2962, 3013, 3087, 3188, 3231, 3361, 3448, 3609, 3616, 3669, 3795, 3850, 3891, 3939, 22, 67, 104, 160, 193, 258,	1,724 13	
Balance November 30, 1898		$275 87

AUDITOR'S SALARY.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 66 80	
Amount expended, warrant 2083	66 66	
Balance Nov. 30, 1898		$ 0 14
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 3,600 00	
Amount expended, warrants, 2672, 3023, 3247, 3528, 3529, 3530, 3531, 3746, 3747, 3748, 3749, 3887, 3932, 3979, 48, 122, 151	3,150 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$450 00

NOTE—Only the number of each warrant is here given. By referring to the general list of warrants contained in this report full particulars concerning each may be obtained.

CLERK HIRE FOR AUDITOR.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 100 00	
Amount expended, warrant, 2087	100 00	
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 3,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2516, 2687, 2849, 2961, 3028, 3086 3152, 3240, 3368, 3432, 3485, 3618, 3667, 3750, 3873, 3933, 3977, 51, 75, 95, 110, 126, 186, 221, 256	2,875 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$125 00

CLERK HIRE FOR SUPERINTENDENT.

Balance appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 25 00	
Amount expended, warrant 2087	25 00	

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE EXPENSES.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 16 47	
Amount expended, warrants 2042, 2047, 2079, 2092	14 50	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 1 97
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 1,200 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2523, 2524, 2532 2688 2727, 2733, 2747, 2772, 2786, 2804, 2813, 2816, 2854, 2914, 2923, 2924, 2929 2940, 2948, 3010, 3025, 3050, 3076, 3149, 3150, 3171, 3172, 3182, 3191, 3211, 3212, 3284, 3375, 3387, 3441, 3469, 3486, 3567 3568, 3580, 3605, 3617, 3624; 3627, 3671, 3673, 3676, 3738, 3754, 3881, 3931, 3980	1,200 00	

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE EXPENSES.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 400 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2671, 2736, 2809, 2879, 2959, 2975, 3116, 3125, 3146, 3180, 3195, 3222, 3251, 3286 3329, 3343, 3356, 3505, 3516, 3522, 3570	400 .00	

TREASURER'S INCIDENTAL OFFICE EXPENSES.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896	$ 326 50	
Amount expended. warrants 2072, 2188	183 10	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 143 40
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$. 1,500 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2680, 2681, 3022, 3055, 3119, 3123, 3124, 3213, 3243, 3244, 3245, 3386, 3388, 3437, 3462, 3471, 3481, 3526, 3588, 3597, 3690, 3800, 3942, 3982, 31, 150, 161, 192, 257, 264	$ 1,316 80	
Balance November 30 1898		$ 133 20

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR INCIDENTAL EXPENSES FOR TERRITORIAL LIBRARY.

Amount appropriated	$ 536 10	
Amount expended, warrant 2501	511 92	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 24 28

BOOKS FOR TERRITORIAL LIBRARY.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 226 40	
Amount expended, warrant 2937	90 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		136 40
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 1,250 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2824, 2910, 3421, 3687	1,175 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 75 00

NOTE—Only the number of each warrant is here given. By referring to the general list of warrants contained in this report full particulars concerning each may be obtained.

AUDITOR'S INCIDENTAL OFFICE EXPENSES.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 86 47	
Amount expended, warrants 2044, 2048, 2121,	85 25	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 1 22
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 1,900 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2563, 2597, 2663, 2711, 2714, 2735, 2843, 2851, 2864, 2868, 2898, 2901, 2915, 2957, 2958, 2960, 2964, 2990, 2997, 3014, 3041, 3056, 3141, 3174, 3176, 3192, 3198, 3210, 3239, 3288, 3340, 3344, 3350, 3357, 3374, 3383, 3389, 3430, 3433, 3434, 3436, 3445, 3450, 3464, 3500, 3517, 3518, 3532, 3619, 3623, 3625, 3043, 3081, 3647, 3665, 3670, 3678, 3751, 3860, 3898, 3928 3951, 3976, 24, 26, 28, 30, 43, 50, 52, 97, 116, 125, 159, 161	$ 1,795 45	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 104 55

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR GOVERNOR'S INCIDENTAL EXPENSES.

Amount appropriated	$ 496 50
Amount expended, warrant 2489	496 50

GOVERNOR'S INCIDENTAL OFFICE EXPENSES.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 60 96	
Amount expended, warrant 2135	60 96	
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 3,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2803, 2840, 2855, 2859, 2942, 2944, 2945, 2946, 2965, 2974, 3053, 3120, 3128, 3127, 3143, 3181, 3289, 3381, 3438, 3439, 3451, 3452, 3454, 3455, 3456, 3457, 3458, 3460, 3489, 3490 3491, 3493, 3503, 3504, 3511, 3512, 3513, 3514, 3534, 3535, 3536 3537, 3538, 3539, 3540, 3566, 3569, 3574, 3575, 3576, 3577, 3601, 3626, 3629, 3643, 3695, 3763, 3764, 3765, 3767, 3854, 3883, 3936, 3952, 3983, 56, 93, 98, 162, 189, 190, 196, 259, 263	$ 2,616 74	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 383 26

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR SECRETARY'S INCIDENTAL OFFICE EXPENSES.

Amount appropriated	$ 197 75
Amount expended, warrant 2576	197 75

SECRETARY'S INCIDENTAL OFFICE EXPENSES.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 400 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2596 2933, 3000, 3072, 3169, 3322, 3349	387 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 13 00

SUPERINTENDENT'S INCIDENTAL OFFICE EXPENSES.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 73 75	
Amount expended, warrants 2081, 2086	69 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 4 75
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 2,900 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2556, 2578, 2614, 2679, 2757, 2811, 2869, 2902, 2956, 2967, 2984, 3140, 3142, 3026, 3033, 3044, 3173, 3177, 3199, 3341, 3249, 3351, 3369, 3384, 3385, 3420, 3461, 3463, 3470, 3487, 3498, 3573, 3593, 3603, 3606, 3614, 3631, 3656, 3658, 3675, 3681, 3691, 3697, 3753, 3755, 3832, 3879, 3880, 3890, 3929, 3930, 3943, 3975, 3991, 4000, 96, 124, 170, 183, 185, 254, 255	2,870,29	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 29 71

NOTE –Only the number of each warrant is here given. By referring to the general list of warrants contained in this report full particulars concerning each may be obtained.

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES OF QUARANTINE INSPECTORS.

Amount appropriated	$ 66 00	
Amount expended, warrant 2585	66 00	

EXPENSES OF QUARANTINE INSPECTORS.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 11 38	
Amount expended, warrant 2304	10 99	
Balance Nov. 30, 1898		$ 0 39
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 1,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2801, 2852, 2918, 2994, 3009, 3036, 3047, 3048, 3065, 3092, 3122, 3184, 3186, 3193, 3201, 3205, 3324, 3325, 3327, 3392, 3394, 3396, 3427, 3447, 3497, 3509, 3600, 3633, 3640, 3644, 3645, 3712, 3760, 3794, 3798, 3804, 3808, 3893, 3895, 3913, 3937, 3941, 3949, 17, 19, 20, 64, 63, 70, 113, 119, 121, 155, 167, 174, 209, 210	990 20	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 9 80

SALARIES OF QUARANTINE INSPECTORS.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 4,914 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2853, 2913, 2993, 3008, 3035, 3045, 3046, 3064, 3093, 3121, 3183, 3185, 3194, 3203, 3323, 3325, 3326, 3391, 3393, 3395, 3422, 3428, 3446 3496, 3598, 3599, 3633, 3638, 3639, 3646, 3711, 3759, 3793, 3798, 3805, 3809, 3392, 3894, 3912, 3937, 3940, 3948, 16, 18, 25, 63, 65, 70, 112, 118, 120, 154, 166, 172, 204, 212	4,519 30	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 394 70

PUBLISHING ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, November 30, 1896	$ 489 35	
Amount expended, warrants 2070, 2137, 2139, 2203	24 20	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 465 15
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 300 00	
Amount expended, warrants 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 205, 206, 207, 208, 223, 224, 225, 226, 228, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, 236, 237, 238, 240, 241, 242, 245, 252, 262	123 75	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 176 25

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR CLERICAL SERVICES FOR BOARD OF ELECTION COMMISSIONERS.

Amount appropriated	$ 121 25	
Amount expended, warrant 2569	121 25	

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR ELECTION SUPPLIES.

Amount appropriated	$ 550 00	
Amount expended, warrant 2536	550 00	

ELECTION SUPPLIES.

Balance of appropriation for 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 4 25	
Amount expended, warrant 2906	4 25	
Amount appropriated for 1898	$ 1,400 00	
Amount expended, warrants 180, 191, 243, 244	20 84	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 1,379 16

NOTE—Only the number of each warrant is here given. By referring to the general list of warrants contained in this report full particulars concerning each may be obtained.

LISTING DEEDED LANDS.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 177 75	
Amount expended, warrants 2147, 2583 2931	174 50	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 3 25
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 900 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2562, 2579, 2584, 2601, 2802, 3170, 3215, 3219, 3228, 3235, 3622, 3634, 3636, 3650, 3652, 3655, 3657, 3659, 3664, 9	732 51	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 167 49

EXPENSES TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 780 45	
Amount expended, warrants 2260, 2261, 2262	331 42	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 449 03
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 1,800 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2599, 2610, 2611, 2668, 2831, 3070, 3082, 3083, 3084, 3200, 3214, 3221, 3226, 3273, 3275, 3276, 3281, 3285, 3345, 3352, 3370, 3371, 3372, 3379, 3414, 3415, 3417, 3449, 3484, 3506, 3507, 3565, 3571, 3602, 3679, 3706, 3707, 3756, 3757, 3851, 3852, 3855, 3970, 3971, 3972, 3987, 3988, 85, 86, 123, 147, 156, 157, 247	1,655 59	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 144 41

EXPENSES OF BOARD OF REGENTS OF UNIVERSITY.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 317 25	
Amount expended, warrants 2067, 2068, 2814	68 45	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 248 80

EXPENSES OF BOARD OF REGENTS AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 242 65	
Amount expended, warrants 2054, 2064, 2069, 2074	102 50	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 140 15
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 1,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2740, 2742, 2823, 2834, 2987, 2991, 2992, 2996, 3005, 3006, 3007, 3034, 3037, 3038, 3042, 3208, 3209, 3472, 3473, 3474, 3475, 3476, 3700, 3701, 3702, 3703, 3704, 3710, 3742, 3839, 3840, 3841, 3842, 3843, 3856, 3950, 3953, 3954, 3955, 3956, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 21, 33, 34, 40, 41, 42, 211, 212, 213, 214	851 70	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 148 30

COLORED AGRICULTURAL AND NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 5,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 3290, 3291, 3292, 3293, 3294, 3318, 3581, 3582, 3583, 3584, 3585, 3586, 3587, 3594, 3635, 3693, 3694, 3699, 3708, 3819, 3820, 3821, 3822, 3823, 3824, 3825 3826, 3827, 3828, 3829, 3830, 3853, 3859, 3916, 3917, 3944, 3945, 3946, 3998, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 32, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 45, 53, 71, 72, 73, 74, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 105, 106, 107, 108, 111, 115	5,000 00	

*NORTHWESTERN NORMAL SCHOOL.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 2,500 00	
Amount expended, warrants 626, 656, 657, 658, 659, 661, 663, 664, 665, 671, 681, 682, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 735, 736, 737, 759, 755, 756, 757, 788, 791, 802, 824, 825, 890	2,500 00	

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*Appropriation made from normal school fund.

*FURNITURE AND APPARATUS NORTHWESTERN NORMAL SCHOOL.

Amount appropriated 1897 and 1898	$ 500 00		
Amount expended, warrants 627, 628, 629, 630, 662, 848, 849	235 78		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	264 22

TRAVELING EXPENSES TERRITORIAL SUPERINTENDENT.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 132 85		
Amount expended, warrant 2075	72 40		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	60 45
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 200 00		
Amount expended, warrants 3153, 3865, 3973, 1[illegible]	198 35		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	1 65

EXPENSES FREE HOMES LEAGUE.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 81 80		
Amount expended, warrants 2088, 2089, 2089½, 2128, 2129, 2136, 2198, 2758, 2817, 3134	73 25		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	8 55

OKLAHOMA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 513 74		
Amount expended, warrants 2071, 2126	60 00		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	453 74
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 1,000 00		
Amount expended, warrants 2257, 2574, 2791, 2908, 2986, 3062, 313[illegible], 3[illegible]07, 3330, 3401, 3523, 3612, 3649, 3686, 3838, 3920, 3947, 81, 114, 178, 179, 222	660 00		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	340 00

OKLAHOMA STATE POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 200 00		
Amount expended, warrants 3515, 243	200 00		

ENFORCEMENT OF CRIMINAL LAWS.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 1,000 00		
Amount expended, warrants 3405, 3465, 3499, 3596, 3877, 3974, 3997, 175	912 00		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	88 00

SERVING GOVERNOR'S REQUISITIONS.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 683 45		
Amount expended, warrants 2051, 2084, 2117, 2117½, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2140	485 20		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	198 2
Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 5,000 00		
Amount expended, warrants 2538, 2539, 2555, 2666, 2752, 2805, 2880, 2883, 2884, 2909, 2916, 2982, 2983, 3118, 3130, 3348, 3390, 3406, 3608, 3620, 3802, 3816, 3817, 3926, 60, 163, 173, 232, 235	3,582 74		
Balance November 30, 1898		$	1 417

NOTE—Only the number of each warrant is here given. By referring to the gener list of warrants contained in this report full particulars concerning each may be o tained.

* Appropriations made from normal school fund.

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR COMMITMENT AND CARE OF CONVICTS.

Amount appropriated	$ 5.200 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2588, 2595 2600, 2602, 2729. 2744, 2845	3,562 04	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 1,637 96

COMMITMENT OF CONVICTS.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 5,100 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2553 2627, 2634, 2648, 2670, 2745, 2753, 2792, 2865, 2897 2912, 2925, 2926, 2930, 2955, 2976, 2977, 2981, 2985, 3001, 3011, 3012, 3073, 3091, 3133 3223, 3237, 3238 3341, 3354, 3378, 3411, 3416, 3468, 3479, 3590, 3680, 3705, 3719, 3744, 3837, 3862. 3871 3911, 3914. 3918, 3919, 3922, 3923, 3924	5 100 00	

CARE OF PRISONERS.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 28,500 00	
Amount expended warrants 2846, 3412, 3413, 3429, 3866, 3867, 44	21,726 75	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 6,773 25

COMMITMENT, CARE AND REMOVAL OF INSANE.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896 Nov. 30, 1896	$ 10.796 61	
Amount expended, warrants 2050, 2052, 2053. 2055, 2056, 2066, 2076. 2078, 2080, 2082, 2085, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111. 2112, 2131, 2664, 2746	10.243 43	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 553 18

COMMITMENT AND REMOVAL OF INSANE.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 4,000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2513, 2517, 2571, 2572. 2593, 2597, 2628, 2633, 2635, 2731. 2732, 2739, 2746½, 2754, 2755, 2756, 28 1, 2836, 2842 2863, 2893, 2894, 2895, 289 , 2904, 2927, 2969, 2980, 2988, 2989, 3002, 3003, 3004, 3030, 3032. 3049, 3051, 3057, 3061, 3063. 3066, 3069, 3071. 307 , 3075, 3078, 3079, 3080, 3090, 3131, 3135, 3137. 3138, 3144, 3155, 3156, 3187, 3189, 3197, 3201, 3216, 3218, 3220, 3224, 3225, 3227, 3236, 3278, 3282, 3274, 3283, 3321, 3328, 33 1, 3346, 3347, 3358, 3365, 3366, 3409, 3410, 3419 3424, 3480, 3494, 3495, 3607 3615, 3628, 3630, 3332, 3641, 3642, 3653, 3654, 3661, 3672, 3674, 3677, 3685, 3688, 3717, 3743. 3815, 3818, 3834, 3845, 3857, 3858, 3861, 3869, 3870, 3872, 3874, 3875, 3888, 3921	4 600 00	

CARE OF INSANE.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 61.000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2691, 2692, 2693, 2694 2695, 2696, 2697, 2698, 2699, 2700, 3095, 3096. 3097, 3098, 3099 3100, 3101, 3102, 3103, 3104, 3105, 3106 3107, 3108, 3109, 3110, 3111, 3112, 3113, 3114, 3115, 3250, 3252, 3253, 3254, 3255, 3256, 3257, 3258, 3259, 3260, 3261, 3262 3263, 3264, 3265, 3266. 3267, 3268, 3269, 3270, 3271, 3272, 3541, 3542, 3543, 3544, 3545, 3546, 3547, 3548, 3549, 3550, 3551, 3552, 3553, 3554, 3555, 3556, 3557, 3558, 3559, 3560, 3561, 3562, 3563, 3564, 3094, 3768, 3769, 3770, 3771, 3772, 3773, 3774, 3775, 3776, 3777, 3778, 3779, 3780, 3781, 3782, 3783, 3784, 3785, 3786, 3787, 3789, 3789, 3790, 3791, 3792, 3960, 3962, 3963, 3964, 3965, 3966, 3967, 3968, 3969	61,000 00.	

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CLERK HIRE THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, Nov. 30, 1896	$ 20 50	
Amount expended, warrant 2130	20 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 0 50

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR CLERK HIRE FOR THIRD LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Amount appropriated	$ 150 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2518, 2534, 2554, 2594, 2607	93 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 57 00

CLERK HIRE AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES FOR FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$ 10 000 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2138, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2159½, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 21 9, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2204, 2207, 2210, 2212, 2213, 2214 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2127, 2228 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2 52, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2258, 2259, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2279½, 2280, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2286½, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2350, 2251, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391 2392, 2393, 2394, 2396, 2397, 2400 2401, 2402, 2405 2403, 2408 2404, 2409 2406, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 1454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2461, 2462, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2597, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2514, 2515, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2535, 2537, 2557, 2564, 2565, 2567, 2573, 2580, 2581, 2591, 2636, 2708, 2704, 2826, 2827, 2828, 2829, 2830, 2796, 2968 3029	9,210 15	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 789 85

SPECIAL SERVICES FOR FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Amount appropriated	$ 1,359 00	
Amount expended, warrants 2533, 2552, 2540, 2541, 2587, 2615, 2619, 2542, 2543 2544, 2545, 2546, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2566, 2568, 2570; 2609, 2617, 2589, 2590, 2598, 3353, 2547, 2586, 2613, 2618, 2630, 2637, 2905 2907, 2899, 2911, 181	1,350 00	
Balance November 30, 1898		$ 9 00

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ANNOTATING, INDEXING AND PREPARING HOUSE JOURNAL FOR PUBLICATION.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$	1,200 00		
Amount expended, warrants 2604, 2605, 2638, 2639 2640, 2641, 2642, 2644, 2645, 2667, 2709, 2716, 2717, 2718, 2720, 2721 2722, 2723, 2724, 2726, 2730, 2738, 2761, 2768, 2769, 2773, 2779, 2780, 2781, 2782, 2787, 2799, 2800, 2825, 2832, 2833, 2837, 2838, 2841, 2844, 2848, 2850, 2935, 2979		1,171 00		
Balance November 30, 1898			$	29 00

ANNOTATING, INDEXING AND PREPARING COUNCIL JOURNAL FOR PUBLICATION.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$	1,200 00		
Amount expended, warrants 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2649, 2650, 2651 2653, 2654, 2665, 2710, 2725, 2728, 2748, 2749, 2750, 2751, 2762, 2763, 2763¼, 2763½, 2763¾, 2764, 2766, 2771, 2774, 2775, 2783, 2788, 2790, 2797, 2807, 2812, 2847, 2856, 2878, 2881, 2866, 2934, 2943 2949, 2954		1,236 50		
Overdraft November 30, 1898			$	36 50

ANNOTATING, INDEXING AND PREPARING SESSION LAWS FOR PUBLICATION.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$	1,000 00		
Amount expended, warrants 2602, 2603, 2606, 2616, 2643, 2652, 2669, 2684, 2689, 2690, 2701, 2703, 2713, 2715, 2737, 2759, 2760, 2765, 2767, 2770, 2776 2777, 2778, 2785, 2789, 2810, 2836½, 2858		917 50		
Balance November 30, 1898			$	82 50

PUBLIC PRINTING.

Balance of appropriation for 1895 and 1896, November 30, 1896	$	1,508 00		
Amount expended, warrants 2057, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2115, 2127, 2134		1,041 00		
Balance November 30, 1898			$	467 00

PUBLISHING LAWS OF FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$	400 00		
Amount expended, warrant 2784		400 00		

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENSES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Amount appropriated	$	245 75		
Amount expended, warrant 2608		231 75		
Balance November 30, 1898			$	14 00

SUPPLIES FOR THE SUPREME COURT.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$	500 00		
Amount expended, warrants 2818, 2932, 2995, 3533, 3663		499 65		
Balance November 30, 1898			$	0 35

EXPENSES OF SPECIAL RAILROAD COMMITTEE.

Amount appropriated for 1897 and 1898	$	500 00		
Amount expended, warrants 2793, 2794, 2795, 2820, 2922, 3190		224 00		
Balance November 30, 1898			$	276 00

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No direct appropriation was made by the last legislative assembly for the following expenses incurred by authority of law for which the auditor is required to issue warrants:

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S SALARY.

Amount expended, warrants 2093, 2154, 2349, 2706 .... $ 131 93

SALARY TERRITORIAL LIBRARIAN.

Amount expended, warrants 2463, 2646 .... $ 281 10

OFFICIAL EXPENSES OF STAFF OFFICERS.

Amount expended, warrants 2043 2045, 2046, 2049 2063, 2065, 2113, 2116, 2122, 2124, 2125, 2132, 2133, 2189, 2190, 2191 2205, 2395 2399, 2407 2[illegible]82, 2612, 2702 2719, 2734, 2815, 2857, 2860, 2921, 2928, 2936, 2938, 2941, 2970, 2971, 2972, 2973, 3039, 3059, 3067, 3068, 3117 3126, 3195, 3206, 3230, 3040, 3052, 3089, 3178, 3179, 3229, 3287, 3342, 3343, 3376, 3377, 3382, 3402, 3403, 3423, 3440, 3442, 3443, 3459, 3467, 3488, 3501, 3502, 3356, 3286, 3251, 3579, 3591, 3610, 3611, 3613, 3355, 2705, 2712, 3696, 3698, 3761, 3766, 3799, 3806, 3814, 3833 3826, 3849, 3863, 3864, 3882, 3885, 3935, 3984, 3990, 3992, 27, 58, 61, 62, 68, 69, 100, 101, 103, 153, 164, 169, 188, 194, 195, 261 .... $ 2,298 67

RECORD FOR OIL INSPECTOR.

Amount expended, warrant 3482 .... $ 10 00

DISEASED STOCK KILLED UNDER AUTHORITY OF SANITARY LAWS.

Amount expended, warrants 3592, 3682 .... $ 140 00

TERRITORIAL SUPERINTENDENT'S SALARY.

Amount expended, warrants 2083, 2464, 2673, 2862, 2966, 3027, 3088, 3154, 3248, 3367, 3431, 3527, 3632, 3666, 3745, 3886, 3927, 3978, 49, 94, 148, 184, 253 .... $ 2,400 00

CENSUS AND STATISTIC ROLLS.

Amount expended, warrants 2058, 2059, 3595, 3648 .... $ 675 30

STENOGRAPHERS FOR SUPREME COURT.

Amount expended, warrants 2281, 2348, 2398, 2685, 3136, 3139, 3217, 2892, 3651, 3660, 3683, 3684, 54, 55, 59, 182 .... $ 507 21

ACTIVE MILITARY SERVICE.

Amount expended, warrants 2839, 3145, 3175, 3713, 3714, 3715, 3716, 3718, 3721, 3722, 3723, 3724, 3725, 3726, 3727, 3728, 3729, 3730, 3731, 3732, 3733, 3724, 3735, 3736, 3737, 3762, 3801, 3803, 3807, 3831, 3835, 3846, 3847, 3848, 3884, 3901, 3902, 3903, 3904, 3905, 3906, 3907, 3908, 3909, 3910 3925, 3934, 3957, 3958, 3959, 3986, 3990, 47, 57, 99, 152, 187, 260 .... $ 1,7[illegible]1 19

COUNCIL FOR TERRITORY.

Amount expended, warrants 2917, 3058, 3320, 3397, 3398, 3399, 3400, 3418, 3425, 3466, 3453, 23, 3739, 3740, 3741, 3876, 3915, 3999, 29, 46, 83, 1[illegible]2, 158, 239 .... $ 1,059 54

NOTE—Only the number of each warrant is here given. By referring to the gener list of warrants contained in this report full particulars concerning each may be ol tained.

CARE OF INSANE.

Amount expended, warrants 3994, 3995, 3996, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146 .... $ 11,740 84

PRINTING FOR FOURTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

Amounts expended, warrants 2575, 2593, 2629, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2777 2678, 2798, 2978, 3295, 3296, 3297, 3298, 3299, 3300, 3301, 3302, 3303, 3304, 3305, 3306, 3307, 3308, 3309, 3310, 3311, 3312, 3313, 3314, 3315, 3316, 3317 .... $ 14,581 35

COMPILING SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

Amount expended, warrants 2806, 2808, 3147, 3148 .... $ 902 20

PUBLISHING SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

Amount expended, warrants 3015, 3016, 3017, 3018, 3019, 3020, 3333, 3334, 3335, 3336, 3338, 3339 .... $ 6,000 00

LIVE STOCK SANITARY COMMISSION.

Amount expended, warrants 2741, 2743, 2819, 2835, 2867, 2882, 2919, 2920, 2939, 3202, 3232, 3233, 3234, 3177, 3178, 3519, 3520, 3521, 3524, 3510, 3662, 3844, 3896, 3897, 3898, 3899, 3900, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 168, 171, 176, 177, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220 .... $ 341 35

The following list of warrants should have appeared in this report and they are inserted herein at the Auditor's request, to-wit:

TERRITORIAL STATUTES.

Amount expended, warrants 2870, 2871, 2872, 2873, 2874, 2875, 2876, 2877, 3157, 3158, 3159, 3160, 3161, 3162, 3163, 3164, 3165, 3166, 3167, 3168, 248, 249, 250, 251 .... $ 11,515 00

NOTE—Only the number of each warrant is here given. By referring to the general list of warrants contained in this report full particulars concerning each may be obtained.

A. and M. Land Lease Fund Warrants.

No	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
1	Feb. 17 1898	W B NcGrenge	$ 45
2	.. 17 ..	Siviler Bros	3 90
3	.. 17 ..	J G Harley	12 00
4	.. 28 ..	F M Greiner	5 00
5	.. 28 ..	W A Olmstead	6 60
6	Mch 4 ..	G E Morrow	50
7	.. 4 ..	R J Bort	5 00
9	.. 7 ..	J W Burnett	98 43
10	.. 7 ..	G E Morrow	20 00
11	.. 7 ..	G E Morrow	44 59
12	.. 7 ..	F M Grimer	5 00
13	.. 7 ..	Swiler Bros	7 19
14	.. 8 ..	J T DeBois	10 00
15	.. 23 ..	R J Bort	10 00
16	.. 26 ..	Waters Pierce Oil Co	14 79
17	April 4 ..	J T DeBois	10 00
20	.. 15 ..	Alvia Johnson	1 63
21	.. 15 ..	Swiler Bros	6 60
22	.. 15 ..	Stillwater Gazette	8 50
23	.. 15 ..	R J Bort	5 00
24	.. 15 ..	Frank Wicoff	225 00
25	.. 15 ..	G E Morrow	41 02
26	.. 20 ..	J E Caruthers	37 50
27	.. 21 ..	Edward B Vooreus	10 00
28	May 7 ..	J T DeBois	10 00
29	.. 12 ..	G E Morrow	43 15
30	.. 12 ..	W R McGeorge	1 89
31	June 3 ..	J T DeBois	10 00
32	.. 9 ..	E O Stephenson	3 10
33	.. 9 ..	R J Bort	5 00
34	.. 9 ..	S D McMahan	16 58
35	.. 9 ..	C E Morrow	50 00
36	.. 9 ..	S D McMahan	26 72
37	.. 9 ..	Wycoff & Hand	630 90
38	.. 9 ..	G E Morrow	41 50
39	.. 9 ..	C F Neerman	10 80
40	.. 15 ..	J T DeBois	5 00
41	.. 24 ..	R J Bort	5 00
42	.. 24 ..	Henry M Hand	7 50
43	July 12 ..	G E Morrow	7 02
44	.. 12 ..	C D Shaffer	1 20
45	.. 12 ..	G E Morrow	10 50
46	.. 12 ..	Swiler Bros	12 35
47	.. 12 ..	G E Morrow	2 00
48	.. 22 ..	Fred M Elkin	25 00
49	.. 22 ..	G E Morrow	1 80
50	.. 22 ..	Willis & Bradford	150 00
51	.. 22 ..	David Douglas	100 00
52	.. 22 ..	F J Wycoff	7 10
53	.. 23 ..	Wichita Eagle	7 50
54	.. 23 ..	G E Morrow	37 78
55	.. 23 ..	G E Morrow	3 75
56	.. 23 ..	C Morris	60
57	Aug. 3 ..	Henry M Hand	15 00
58	.. 13 ..	A A Humphrey	140 62
59	.. 13 ..	Otto Bekemeyer	50 00
60	.. 13 ..	G E Morrow	17 70
61	Oct 3 ..	W N Rice	15 00
62	.. 3 ..	Henry M Hand	15 00
63	.. 3 ..	J H Wallace	15 00
64	.. 3 ..	Switzer Bros	2 10
65	.. 3 ..	G E Morrow	6 30
66	.. 7 ..	Henry M Hand	15 00
67	.. 7 ..	J B Brock	544 75
68	.. 7 ..	Georgiana M Holt	10 00
69	.. 7 ..	Mrs E S Stephenson	25 00
70	.. 14 ..	G E Morrow	37 90
71	.. 14 ..	B F Means	2 00
72	.. 14 ..	W H Walker	5 00
73	.. 14 ..	H B Bullen	3 05
74	.. 14 ..	E O Stephenson	125 00
75	.. 14 ..	E O Stephenson	7 55
76	.. 14 ..	Leader Printing Co	8 21
77	.. 14 ..	Leader Printing Co	100 13
78	.. 20 ..	Detroit Heating and Lignting Co	31 70
79	Nov. 3 ..	E O Stephenson	25 00
80	. 3 ..	Henry M Hand	15 00

A. and M Lease Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
81	Nov. 3 1898	Georgiana M Holt	$ 10 00
82	.. 10 ..	J B Brock	1,082 25
83	.. 17 ..	Fred M Elkins	35 00
84	.. 17 ..	H B Bullen	5 50
85	.. 17 ..	W W Walker	5 00
86	.. 17 ..	G E Morrow	58 10
87	.. 17 ..	W A Swiler	110 45
88	.. 25 ..	E O Stephenson	25 00
89	.. 25 ..	Georgiana M Holt	10 00
90	.. 25 ..	Henry M Hand	15 00

Board of Education Fund,

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2072½	Dec. 19 1896	S N Hopkins	$ 9 55
2073	... 19 ..	D R Boyd	4 50
2123	Jan. 6 1897	Jasper Sipes	90 28
2206	.. 6	M Alice Sitton	5 00
2208	.. 6 ..	T F Hensley	64 25
2209	.. 6 ..	D R Boyd	6 00
2211	.. 6 ..	S N Hopkins	15 90
2295	.. 15 ..	El Reno Star	18 00
2433	M'ch. 6 ..	S N Hopkins	5 00
2434	.. 6 ..	D R Boyd	5 00
2626	.. 25 ..	T F Hensley	30 05
2707	April 2 ..	Edmund D Murdaugh	4 45
2947	May 26 ..	D R Boyd	7 50
2952	.. 27 ..	S N Hopkins	375 89
2953	.. 27 ..	El Reno News	60 50
2998	June 19 ..	The Daily Leader	25 00
1	July 1 ..	Jasper Sipes	122 50
2	.. 10 ..	A O Nichols	2 55
3	.. 14 ..	L E Cooley	13 90
4	Oct. 28 ..	D R Boyd	12 50
5	.. 28 ..	L E Cooley	14 80
6	.. 28 ..	L W Baxter	2 00
7	.. 28 ..	Clyde Musgrove	61 00
8	.. 28 ..	S N Hopkins	27 66
9	.. 28 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
10	Dec 7	Gunn & Musgrove	16 00
11	Feb. 5, 1898	E D Murdaugh	3 45
12	.. 5 ..	Leader Printing Co	55 58
13	.. 5 ..	Jasper Sipes	34 60
14	.. 5 ..	L W Baxter	2 50
15	.. 5 ..	Board of Education, El Reno	32 50
16	.. 5 ..	S N Hopkins	2 00
17	.. 5 ..	David R Boyd	5 50
18	.. 5 ..	L E Cooley	6 50
19	.. 5 ..	Gunn & Musgrove	6 00
20	.. 8 ..	David R Boyd	5 00
21	Mar. 8 ..	L W Baxter	2 00
22	May 28 ..	Harry Maxey	10 00
23	.. 28 ..	L W Baxter	2 70
24	.. 28 ..	S N Hopkins	13 35
25	.. 28 ..	Gunn & Musgrove	30 25
26	.. 28 ..	Gunn & Musgrove	5 50
27	.. 28 ..	S N Hopkins	5 50
28	.. 28 ..	L E Cooley	14 50
29	.. 28 ..	E D Murdaugh	11 50
30	.. 28 ..	D R Boyd	8 95
31	.. 28 ..	B F Nihart	8 00
32	.. 28 ..	Leader Company	57 62

Board of Education Fund Warrants.—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
33	June 18 1898	David R Boyd	2 10
34	.. 18 ..	E D Murdaugh	7 65
35	.. 18 ..	L E Cooley	5 80
36	.. 18 ..	S N Hopkins	2 50
37	.. 20 ..	J S Buchanan	10 00
38	.. 20 ..	J O Allen	10 00
39	.. 20 ..	Alma Carson	5 00
40	.. 20 ..	W N Rice	10 00
41	.. 22 ..	A F Benz	7 50
42	.. 22 ..	Dulany and Wadsworth	10 00
43	.. 25 ..	L W Cole	12 50
44	.. 25 ..	B F Nihart	15 00
45	Oct. 8 ..	Harry Maxey	20 00
46	.. 8 ..	S N Hopkins	8 80
47	.. 8 ..	David R Boyd	2 90
48	.. 8 ..	L E Cooley	4 55

Bond Interest Fund Warrants

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2999	June 21, 1897	Territorial treasurer	$2,890 00
3961	June 22, 1898	Frank M Thompson	2,890 00

Colored Agricultural and Normal University Land Lease Fund Warrants.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
1	Sept. 9, 1898	J H Henderson	$ 36 00
2	.. 9 ..	J H Henderson	39 00
3	.. 9 ..	J H Hamilton	72 00
4	.. 9 ..	John Anderson	150 00
5	.. 10 ..	Walker & Wallace	114 50
6	.. 10 ..	L H Holt	15 00
7	.. 10 ..	J W Walker	2 70
8	.. 10 ..	J W Walker	50 77
9	.. 10 ..	L H Holt	46 15
10	.. 22 ..	Arkansas Lumber C	100 00
11	.. 22 ..	John Hamilton	38 65
12	.. 22 ..	George Duncan	26 75
13	.. 22 ..	David Douglas	80 00
14	.. 22 ..	L H Holt	49 45
15	.. 22 ..	L H Holt	6 76
16	.. 22 ..	E O Tyler	14 20
17	.. 22 ..	Thomas Kane & Co.	142 50
18	.. 22 ..	I E Page	48 33
19	.. 22 ..	Wm Johnson	7 50
20	.. 24 ..	J H Hamilton	28 00
21	.. 24 ..	Romay Cash	7 50
22	Oct. 5 ..	I E Page	375 00
23	.. 5 ..	E O Tyler	12 70
24	.. 5 ..	S N Hopkins	9 00
25	.. 5 ..	L H Holt	4 00

Colored Agricultural and Normal University Land Lease Fund Warrants —Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
26	.. 5 ..	T B Reder	$ 45 60
27	.. 5 ..	L H Holt	44 60
28	.. 5 ..	L H Holt	9 35
29	.. 5 ..	J H Hamilton	41 80
30	.. 5 ..	John Anderson	40 00
31	.. 5 ..	Arkansas Lumber Co	191 30
32	.. 5 ..	T B Armstrong	35 00
33	.. 5 ..	J W Walker	36 80
34	.. 5 ..	Frank M Thompson	12 00
35	.. 5 ..	C W White	5 00
36	.. 5 ..	C C Cash	6 00
37	.. 5 ..	F B Lillie	13 45
38	.. 5 ..	Spencer Hardware Co	13 60
39	.. 6 ..	Standard School Furniture Co	71 26
40	.. 26 ..	E O Tyler	11 20
41	.. 26 ..	Arkansas Lumber Co	100 00
42	.. 26 ..	J W Hamilton	6 20
43	.. 26 ..	John Anderson	350 00
44	.. 26 ..	J W Walker	11 80
45	.. 26 ..	J W Walker	14 00
46	.. 26 ..	F Williams	3 50
47	.. 26 ..	M J Johnson	40 00
48	.. 26 ..	Lentz & McMillan	171 10
49	.. 26 ..	David Douglas	25 00
50	.. 26 ..	H Petree	4 00
51	.. 26 ..	Spencer Hardware Co	45 45
52	.. 26 ..	Thomas Cash	2 00
53	.. 26 ..	H F Ardery	207 20
54	.. 26 ..	Stowe Hardware Co	103 37
55	Oct. 36 1898	L H Holt	$ 17 50
56	" 26 "	L H Holt	25 00
57	" 26 "	L H Holt	13 77
58	" 27 "	F B Lillie & Co	73 75
59	" 29 "	W Manzilla	40 00
60	" 29 "	George Champ	16 00
61	Nov. 15 "	J W Hamilton	6 20
62	" 15 "	I E Page	3 00
63	" 15 "	E O Tyler	11 20
64	" 15 "	L H Holt	1 43
65	" 15 "	L H Holt	26 35
66	" 15 "	J W Walker	24 00
67	" 15 "	S Douglas Russell	5 00
68	" 15 "	J O Bates	15 00
69	" 15 "	C Ehret	6 30

General Fund Warrants Issued for the Biennial Period Beginning December 1, 1896 and Ending November 30, 1898.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2042	Dec. 1, 1896	Jennie Van Meter	$ 15 00
2043	" 1 "	G. McFetridge	5 40
2044	" 1 "	M. Luther West	25 00
2045	" 1 "	Robert Cox	3 75
2046	" 1 "	P. C. Rosenbaum	14 00
2047	" 2 "	Guthrie Electric Light Co	7 50
2048	" 2 "	Guthrie Electric Light Co	15 00
2049	" 3 "	J. C. Jamison	6 50
2050	" 5 "	W. W. Painter	18 71
2051	" 7 "	W. P. Patton	72 67
2052	" 7 "	H C Masters	31 48
2053	" 8 "	W. B. Trousdale	80 31
2054	" 9 "	W. C. Renfrow	14 30
2055	" 9 "	J. H. Hudson	20 00
2056	" 10 "	W. E. Thralls	41 80
2057	" 11 "	The Daily Leader	26 25
2058	" 11 "	The Daily Leader	159 00
2059	" 11 "	The Daily Leader	240 00
2060	" 12 "	State Capital Printing Co	250 00
2061	" 12 "	State Capital Printing Co	250 00
2062	" 12 "	State Capital Printing Co	201 25
2063	" 12 "	P. C. Rosenbaum	3 82
2064	" 14 "	F. Caruthers	22 30
2065	" 15 "	Farquharson & Morris	5 50
2066	" 16 "	W E Thralls	41 55
2067	" 18 "	W. R. Swartout	10 85
2068	" 18 "	W. R. Swartout	27 60
2069	" 18 "	R. J. Edwards	33 40
2070	" 18 "	L. M. Dolde	7 50
2071	" 18 "	Will T. Little	30 00
2072	" 18 "	M. L. Turner	172 10
2074	" 19 "	W. F. Bort	32 50
2075	" 19 "	A. O. Nichols	72 40
2076	" 21 "	M. F. Lake	46 20
2077	" 21 "	Edgar W. Jones	104 00
2078	" 22 "	H. C. McGrath	90 39
2079	" 23 "	Robert Cox	5 00
2080	" 23 "	Frank Worcester	46 16
2081	" 24 "	Belle Rittenhouse	60 00
2082	" 26 "	C. H. DeFord	5 39
2083	" 28 "	A. O. Nichols	166 66
2084	" 28 "	W. W. Painter	138 15
2085	" 28 "	W. W. Painter	17 96
2086	" 29 "	Robert Cox	9 00
2087	" 29 "	Arthur D. Nichols	125 00
2088	" 30 "	James J. Houston	6 35
2089	" 30 "	C. H. Jones	15 00
2089½	" 30 "	Hattie L. Hunt	8 50
2091	" 31 "	C. A. Galbraith	375 00
2092	" 30 "	C. A. Galbraith	2 00
2093	Jan. 1 1897	J. C. Jamison	41 66
2094	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,193 15
2095	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2096	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2097	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2098	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2099	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2100	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2101	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2102	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2103	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2104	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2105	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2106	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2107	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2108	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2109	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2110	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
2111	" 2 "	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	469 34
2112	" 2 "	J. H. Hudson	10 00
2113	" 2 "	Robert Cox	4 00
2114	" 4 "	M. L. Turner	375 00
2115	" 4 "	The Daily Leader	372 50
2116	" 4 "	F. A. Castaniern	6 50

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.			To Whom Issued.	Amount
2117	Jan.	4	1897	Guthrie NationalBank	$ 40 00
2117½	“	4	“	Guthrie National Bank	40 00
2118	“	4	“	Guthrie National Bank	40 00
2119	“	4	“	Guthrie National Bank	40 00
2120	“	4	“	Guthrie National Bank	26 60
2121	“	5	“	A. O. Nichols	45 25
2122	“	5	“	Sendelbach Brothers	1 10
2124	“	8	“	Chas. Griswold	2 25
2125	“	9	“	G. McFetridge	4 85
2126	“	10	“	Will T. Little	30 00
2127	“	10	“	R. Q. Blakeney	23 00
2128	“	12	“	Perry & Welsh	4 50
2129	“	12	“	L. McKinley	3 50
2130	“	12	“	Helen Crawford	20 00
2131	“	13	“	W. E. Thralls	41 30
2132	“	13	“	P. C. Rosenbaum	1 75
2133	“	14	“	Guthrie Electric Light Co	3 75
2134	“	14	“	H. A. Platt	18 00
2135	“	18	“	W. C. Renfrow	60 96
2136	“	19	“	H.W. Pentecost	10 00
2137	“	21	“	George W. Tracy	5 50
2138	“	22	“	Frank P. Cease	40 00
2139	“	23	“	Jas. J. Houston	4 20
2140	“	23	“	C. E. Odem	87 78
2141	“	26	“	J. O. Blakeney	20 00
2142	“	26	“	J. O. Blakeney	10 00
2143	“	26	“	J O. Blakeney	10 00
2144	“	26	“	J. O. Blakeney	10 00
2145	“	26	“	J. O. Blakeney	10 00
2147	“	28	“	Belle Rittenhouse	124 60
2148	“	28	“	G. I. Curran	14 00
2149	“	28	“	C. C. Hudsou	60 00
2150	“	29	“	J. W. Willet	14 00
2151	“	29	“	H. B. Hutchinson	24 00
2152	“	29	“	S. D. Crane	24 00
2153	“	29	“	H. B. Skein	24 00
2154	“	29	“	J. C. Jamison	41 66
2155	“	29	“	R. E. Bray	24 00
2156	“	29	“	Leroy Walker	24 00
2157	“	30	“	W. R. Larimer	27 00
2158	“	30	“	Frank P. Cease	32 00
2159	“	30	“	E. E. Bennett	27 00
2159½	“	30	“	Wm. M. Bruce	36 00
2160	“	30	“	J. L. Hammers	24 00
2161	“	30	“	R. L. Dungee	20 00
2162	“	30	“	H. H. Moose	30 00
2163	“	30	“	M. E. Davis	27 00
2164	“	30	“	J. W. Courtney	30 00
2165	“	30	“	S. H. Noble	30 00
2166	“	30	“	J. W. Saxon	76 00
2167	“	30	“	A. N. Daniels	30 00
2168	“	30	“	R. B. Clark	30 00
2169	“	30	“	J. W. McMnrtry	64 00
2170	“	30	“	J. V. Koogle	30 00
2171	“	30	“	G. W. Hutchins	20 00
2172	“	30	“	A. B. Campbell	76 00
2173	“	30	“	Hattie L. Hunt	30 00
2174	“	30	“	J. Flem Smith	30 00
2175	“	30	“	M. J. Hager	18 00
2176	“	30	“	M. J. Hager	12 00
2177	“	30	“	D. L Dever	27 00
2178	“	30	“	Lew P. Mosier	30 00
2179	“	30	“	J. C. Dulaney	30 00
2180	“	30	“	Esta Hanner	30 00
2181	“	30	“	Minnie Miller	30 00
2182	“	30	“	J. H. Hightower	40 00
2183	“	30	“	Alice Schnell	30 00
2184	“	30	“	J. R. Jacobs	30 00
2185	Feb.	1	“	J. O Blakeney	24 00
2186	“	1	“	E. V. Weeks	15 00
2187	“	1	“	Albinc Stevens	60 00
2188	“	1	“	T. B. Reder	11 00
2189	“	1	“	Robert Cox	4 25
2190	“	1	“	E. A. Axtell	2 00
2191	“	1	“	G. McFetridge	3 70
2192	“	1	“	Harry Weinberger	10 00
2193	“	1	“	J. A. Baker	30 00

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2194	Feb. 2 1897	Randolph Forrest	$ 12 00
2195	" 2 "	Dait Tingle	10 00
2196	" 2 "	Wallace Poland	10 00
2197	" 2 "	Luther Finch	10 00
2198	" 3 "	Jas. J. Houston	4 30
2199	" 3 "	Richard Cassel	10 00
2200	" 3 "	A. S. Johnson	20 00
2201	" 4 "	W. B. Stone	66 00
2202	" 4 "	J. T, Gist	86 00
2203	" 5 "	W. G. Morris	7 00
2204	" 5 "	J. W. Klinglesmith	36 00
2205	" 5 "	W. L. Rhodes	1 50
2207	" 6 "	J. W. Willet	18 00
2210	" 6 "	G. J. Curran	18 00
2212	" 6 "	Nettie McCubbin	16 00
2213	" 6 "	J. V. Koogle	21 00
2214	" 6 "	W. M. Bruce	28 00
2215	" 6 "	J. W. Courtney	21 00
2216	" 6 "	S. H. Noble	21 00
2217	" 6 "	J. W. McMurtry	28 00
2218	" 6 "	R. B. Clark	21 00
2219	" 6 "	A. B. Campbell	28 00
2220	" 6 "	Alice Schnell	21 00
2221	" 6 "	J. Flem Smith	21 00
2222	" 6 "	Albine Stevens	28 00
2223	" 6 "	Lew P. Mosier	21 00
2224	" 6 "	R. T. Dungee	14 00
2225	" 6 "	Harry Weinberger	7 00
2226	" 6 "	Wallace Poland	7 00
2227	" 6 "	Richard Cassel	7 00
2228	" 6 "	J. W. Saxon	28 00
2229	" 6 "	J. C. Dulany	21 00
2230	" 6 "	G. W. Hutchins	14 00
2231	" 6 "	Hattie Hunt	21 00
2232	" 6 "	Floyd Calvert	13 00
2233	" 8 "	H. H. Moose	21 00
2234	" 8 "	Esta Hanner	21 00
2235	" 8 "	Minnie Miller	21 00
2236	" 8 "	Frank P. Cease	36 00
2237	" 8 "	L. E. Walker	30 00
2238	" 8 "	J. S Hammer	30 00
2239	" 8 "	M. E. Davis	27 00
2240	" 8 "	C. C. Hudson	14 00
2241	" 8 "	S. D. Crane	30 00
2242	" 8 "	M. J. Hager	21 00
2243	" 9 "	C. M. Edwards	30 00
2244	" 9 "	D. L. Dever	30 00
2245	" 9 "	D. C. Stoddard	57 00
2246	" 9 "	Randolph Forrest	7 00
2247	" 9 "	J. H Hightower	28 00
2248	" 9 "	A. N. Daniels	21 00
2249	" 9 "	W. R. Larimer	30 00
2250	" 9 "	J. A. Baker	21 00
2251	" 9 "	J. R, Jacobs	21 00
2252	" 9 "	R. E. Bray	33 00
2253	" 9 "	A. S. Johnson	21 00
2254	" 9 "	M. E. Gould	66 00
2255	" 10 "	H. B. Skein	10 00
2256	" 10 "	H. B. Skein	26 00
2257	" 10 "	Will T. Little	30 00
2258	" 10 "	Jasper Sipes	57 00
2259	" 10 "	Mable Soule	20 00
2260	" 12 "	C. D. Arnold	125 00
2261	" 12 "	C. D. Arnold	26 47
2262	" 12 "	T. F. Hensley	179 95
2263	" 13 "	H. B. Hutchinson	45 00
2264	" 13 "	E. E. Bennett	42 00
2265	" 13 "	J. W. Saxon	28 00
2266	" 13 "	R. T. Dunger	14 00
2267	" 13 "	A. S. Johnson	21 00
2268	" 13 "	G. J. Curran	14 00
2269	" 13 "	J. Willets	14 00
2270	" 13 "	G. W. Hutchins	14 00
2271	" 13 "	J. C. Dulaney	21 00
2272	" 13 "	Frank P. Cease	20 00
2273	" 13 "	C. M. Edwards	39 00

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued	Amount
2274	Feb. 13, 1897.	J. M. Hagar	$ 21 00
2275	" 13, "	W. M. Bruce	28 00
2276	" 13, "	Albine Stevens	28 00
2277	" 13, "	J W, McMurtry	28 00
2278	" 13. "	Levi P. Mosier	21 00
2279	" 13, "	Alice Schnell	21 00
2279½	" 13, "	J. V. Koogle	21 00
2280	" 13, "	J. W. Courtney	21 00
2281	" 13, "	Frank R. DeLa	33 25
2282	" 13, "	Hattie L Hunt	21 00
2283	" 13, "	J. A Baker	21 00
2284	" 13, "	S. H. Noble	21 00
2285	" 13, "	R. B Clark	21 00
2286	" 13, "	J. Flem Smith	21 00
2286½	" 13 "	Richard Cassel	7 00
2287	" 13. "	Esta Hanner	21 00
2288	" 13. "	Miss Minnie Miller	21 00
2289	" 15, "	J. R Jacobs	21 00
2290	" 15, "	H. H Moose	21 00
2291	" 15, "	J. H. Hightower	28 00
2292	" 15, "	A N, Daniels	21 00
2293	" 15, "	P. J. O'Neil	69 00
2294	" 15, "	M. E. Davis	21 00
2296	" 16, "	J. L. Hammers	21 00
2297	" 16, "	D. C. Stoddard	9 00
2298	" 16, "	Wallace Poland	7 00
2299	" 17, "	Leroy Walker	21 00
2300	" 17. "	Nellie Overbay	27 00
2301	" 18, "	S D. Crane	30 00
2302	" 18, "	J. A. Emmons	81 00
2303	" 18, "	O. L. Dever	24 00
2304	" 18, "	L. L. Lewis	10 99
305	" 18, "	A. B. Campbell	28 00
306	" 18, "	Randolph Forest	9 00
2207	" 19, "	J. W. Klinglesmith	42 00
2308	" 19, "	Jasper Sipes	27 00
2309	" 19, "	C. C Hudson	40 00
2310	" 19, "	J. Flem Smith	21 00
2311	" 20, "	W. B Stone	27 00
2312	" 20, "	R. E. Bray	27 00
2313	" 20, "	J. W. Courtney	21 00
2314	" 20, "	S. H. Noble	21 00
2315	" 20, "	H. H. Moose	21 00
2316	" 20, "	Esta Hanner	21 00
2317	" 20, "	J. W. McMurtry	28 00
2318	" 20, "	Alice Schnell	21 00
2319	" 20, "	J. H. Hightower	28 00
2320	" 20, "	J. C. Dulaney	21 00
2321	" 20, "	Hattie Hunt	21 00
2322	" 20, "	J. H. Baker	21 00
2223	" 20, "	J. V. Koogle	21 00
2324	" 20, "	J. M. Hager	21 00
2325	" 20, "	Minnie Miller	21 00
2326	" 20, "	J. W. Saxon	28 00
2327	" 20, "	Wallace Poland	7 00
2328	" 20, "	Albine Stevens	28 00
2329	" 20, "	A. S. Johnson	21 00
2330	" 20, "	F. P. Cease	28 00
2331	" 20, "	G. W. Hutchins	14 00
2332	" 20, "	R. T. Dunger	14 00
2333	" 20, "	A. B. Campbell	28 00
2334	" 20, "	Richard Castle	7 00
2335	" 20, "	C. M. Edwards	21 00
2336	" 20, "	G. J. Curran	14 00
2337	" 20, "	J. T. Gist	68 00
2338	" 20, "	E. E. Bennelt	21 00
2339	" 20, "	A. H. Daniels	21 00
2340	" 20, "	W. R. Larimer	33 00
2341	" 20, "	M. E. Davis	15 00
2342	" 20, "	Floyd Calvert	14 00
2343	" 20. "	J. W. Willett	14 00
2344	" 20, "	W. M. Bruce	28 00
2345	" 20, "	P. J. O'Neil	21 00
2346	" 20, "	Lew P. Mosier	21 00
2347	" 20. "	R. B, Clark	21 00
2348	" 24 "	Jno, L. McAttee	38 87
2349	" 27 "	J. C. Jamison	41 66

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date	To whom Issued.	Amount
2350	Feb. 27 1897,	W M. Bruce	$ 28 00
2351	.. 27 ..	S D Crane	27 00
2352	.. 27 ..	J R Jacobs	21 00
2353	.. 27 ..	J R Jacobs	21 00
2354	.. 27 ..	C C Hudson	16 00
2355	.. 27 ..	C C Hudson	20 00
2356	.. 27 ..	J M Hagar	21 00
2357	.. 27 ..	A S Johnson	21 00
2358	.. 27 ..	P T Dunger	14 00
2359	.. 27 ..	R B Clark	21 00
2360	.. 27 ..	J L Hammers	36 00
2361	.. 27 ..	J W Saxon	28 00
2362	.. 27 ..	J H Hightower	28 00
2363	.. 27 ..	Leroy Walker	15 00
2364	.. 27 ..	Leroy Walker	21 00
2365	.. 27 ..	Hattie Hunt	21 00
2366	.. 27 ..	A N Daniels	21 00
3367	.. 27 ..	J O Blakeney	20 00
2268	.. 27 ..	J O Blakeney	20 00
2369	.. 27 ..	J O Blakeney	20 00
2370	.. 27 ..	J O Blakeney	20 00
2371	.. 27 ..	G I Curran	14 00
2372	.. 1 ..	G W Hutchins	14 00
2373	.. 1 ..	J V Koogle	21 00
2374	.. 1 ..	J A Baker	21 00
2375	March 1 ..	S H Noble	21 00
2376	.. 1 ..	Albine Stevens	28 00
2377	.. 1 ..	J W Courtney	21 00
2378	.. 1 ..	Esta Hanner	21 00
2379	.. 1 ..	Minnie Miller	21 00
2380	.. 1 ..	D C Stoddard	24 00
2381	.. 1 ..	Richard Castle	7 00
2382	.. 1 ..	J W McMurtry	28 00
2383	.. 1 ..	J C Dulaney	21 00
2384	.. 1 ..	J Flem Smith	21 00
2385	.. 1 ..	A B Campbell	28 00
2386	.. 1 ..	H B Hutchinson	48 00
2387	.. 1 ..	W R Larimer	27 00
2388	.. 1 ..	Wallace Poland	7 00
2389	.. 1 ..	Lew P Mosier	21 00
2390	.. 2 ..	J W Willett	14 00
2391	.. 2 ..	J A Emmons	30 00
2392	.. 2 ..	F P Crase	28 00
2393	.. 2 ..	D L Dever	30 00
2394	.. 2 ..	Randolph Forrest	11 00
2395	.. 2 ..	Robert Cox	3 75
2396	.. 2 ..	H B Skien	30 00
2397	.. 2 ..	Alice Schnell	30 00
2398	.. 3 ..	James P Ewing	50 00
2399	.. 3 ..	C R Renfro	5 25
2400	.. 3 ..	W B Stone	24 00
2401	.. 3 ..	W B Stone	21 00
2402	.. 4 ..	H H Hagan	29 50
2403	.. 4 ..	J J Kennedy	17 50
2404	.. 4 ..	Sam Lee	88 00
2405	.. 5 ..	J W Klinglesmith	42 00
2406	.. 5 ..	B R Baker	15 00
2407	.. 5 ..	New York Hardware Co	1 80
2408	.. 6 ..	R T Dungee	14 00
2409	.. 6 ..	J W Willett	14 00
2410	.. 6 ..	G I Curran	14 00
2411	.. 6 ..	H H Moose	21 00
2412	.. 6 ..	J W Courtney	21 00
2413	.. 6 ..	J W Saxon	28 00
2414	.. 6 ..	G W Hutchins	14 00
2415	.. 6 ..	Lew P Mosier	21 00
2416	.. 6 ..	James L Hammers	21 00
2417	.. 6 ..	Estr Hanner	21 00
2418	.. 6 ..	J A Baker	21 00
2419	.. 6 ..	A B Campbell,	28 00
2420	.. 6 ..	Leroy Walker	21 00
2421	.. 6 ..	J H Hightower	28 00
2422	.. 6 ..	C C Hudson	28 00
2423	.. 6 ..	D L Dever	21 00
2424	.. 6 ..	J T Gist	56 00
2425	.. 6 ..	J C Dulaney	21 00
2426	.. 6 ..	S H Noble	21 00

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date	To whom Issued	Amount
2427	March 6 1897	J W McMurtry	$ 28 00
2428	.. 6 ...	A S Johnson	21 00
2429	.. 6 ...	J Flem Smith	21 00
2430	.. 6 ...	Hattie Hunt	21 00
2431	.. 6 ...	Albine Stevens	28 00
2432	.. 6 ...	Wallace Poland	7 00
2435	.. 6 ...	A B Clark	21 00
2436	.. 6 ...	Randolph Forest	5 00
2437	.. 6 ...	C M Buckles	40 00
2438	.. 6 ...	Alice Schnell	12 00
2439	.. 6 ...	J R Jacobs	21 00
2440	.. 6 ...	Minnie Miller	21 00
2441	.. 6 ...	W M Bruce	28 00
2442	.. 6 ..	R E Bray	21 00
2443	.. 6 ..	R E Bray	27 00
2444	.. 6 ...	J V Koogle	21 00
2445	.. 6 ...	M E Gould	84 00
2446	.. 6 ...	E E Bennett	42 00
2447	.. 8 ...	Ella Davis	48 00
2448	.. 8 ...	J A Emmons	21 00
2449	... 8 ...	J J Kennedy	20 05
2150	.. 9 ...	S D Crane	30 00
2451	... 9 ...	F P Cease	40 00
2452	... 9 ...	J M Brooks	20 00
2453	... 9 ...	J M Hager	21 00
2454	... 9 ...	Dan Edwards	36 00
2455	... 9 ..	Jasper Sipes	30 00
2456	... 9 ...	Jasper Sipes	24 00
2457	... 9 ...	P J O'Neil	48 00
2458	... 9 ...	D C Stoddard	24 00
2459	... 9 ...	D C Stoddard	24 00
2461	... 10 ...	E S Hirschi	2 50
2462	... 10 ...	A N Daniels	21 00
2463	... 10 ...	Edgar W Jones	250 00
2464	... 12 ...	A O Nichols	200 00
2465	... 12 ...	J W Klinglesmith	21 00
2466	... 12 ...	H B Hutchinson	33 00
2467	... 12 ...	Josie Wheeler	50 00
2468	... 12 ...	R E Bray	18 00
2469	... 12 ...	J A Emmons	18 00
2470	... 12 ...	S D Crane	9 00
2471	... 12 ..	H B Skien	60 00
2472	... 12 ...	W R Larimer	33 00
2473	... 12 ...	Richard Castle	7 00
2474	... 12 ...	Jasper Sipes	9 00
2475	... 12 ...	J W Gist	24 00
2476	... 12 ...	W B Stone	39 00
2477	... 12 ...	E E Bennett	18 00
2478	... 12 ..	J L Hammers	18 00
2479	... 12 ...	L E Walker	18 00
2480	... 12 ...	J O Blakeney	20 00
2481	... 12 ...	J O Blakeney	20 00
2482	... 12 ...	J O Blakeney	20 00
2483	... 12 ...	J O Blakeney	20 00
2484	... 12 ...	D L Dever	18 00
2485	... 12 ...	Randolph Forest	6 00
2486	... 12 ...	Ella Davis	12 00
2487	... 12 ...	Sarah Galloway	72 00
2488	... 12 ...	Edgar W Jones	500 00
2489	... 12 ...	William C Renfrow	496 50
2490	... 12 ...	C C Hudson	24 00
2491	... 12 ...	J C Dulaney	18 00
2492	... 12 ...	Esta Hanner	18 00
2493	... 12 ...	Lew P Mosier	18 00
2494	... 12 ...	W M Bruce	24 00
2495	... 12 ...	H H Moose	18 00
2496	... 12 ...	J A Baker	18 00
2497	... 12 ...	Alice Schnell	18 00
2498	... 12 ...	Albine Stevens	24 00
2499	... 12 ...	J M Hager	18 00
2500	... 12 ...	J W Saxon	24 00
2501	... 12 ...	E W Jones	511 92
2502	... 12 ...	R T Dungee	12 00
2503	... 12 ...	J W McMurtry	24 00
2504	... 12 ...	J Flem Smith	18 00
2505	... 12 ...	Hattie Hunt	18 00

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2506	Mch. 12 1897	G. W. Hutchins	$ 12 00
2507	" 12 "	R. B. Clark	18 00
2508	" 12 "	Sam Lee	26 00
2509	" 12 "	C. M. Buckles	48 00
2510	" 12 "	F. P. Cease	12 00
2511	" 13 "	Richard Cassel	6 00
2512	" 13 "	J. W. Courtney	18 00
2513	" 13 "	O. W. Annis	35 66
2514	" 13 "	C. M. Edwards	60 00
2515	" 13 "	A. S. Johnson	18 00
2516	" 13 "	A. D. Nichols	250 00
2517	" 13 "	W. F. Pierce	31 48
2518	" 13 "	C. E. Hunter	3 00
2519	" 13 "	S. H. Noble	18 00
2520	" 13 "	J. V. Koogle	18 00
2521	" 13 "	J. N. Hightower	24 00
2522	" 13 "	J. R. Jacobs	18 00
2523	" 13 "	C. A. Galbraith	36 20
2524	" 13 "	Jennie Van Meter	50 00
2525	" 13 "	D C. Stoddard	12 00
2526	" 13 "	Nettie McCubbin	34 00
2527	" 13 "	Minnie Miller	18 00
2528	" 13 "	A. B. Campbell	24 00
2529	" 13 "	F. B. Lillie & Co.	40 95
2530	" 13 "	G I. Curran	12 00
2531	" 13 "	Floyd Calvert	20 00
2532	" 13 "	Robert Cox	10 00
1533	" 13 "	B. R. Tankersley	150 00
2534	" 13 "	G. W. Towner	44 00
2535	" 13 "	J. W. Willett	12 00
2536	" 13 "	The Daily Leader	550 00
2537	" 13 "	Mabel Soule	31 00
2538	" 13 "	M. F. Lake	121 95
2539	" 13 "	M. F. Lake	320 83
2540	" 13 "	Geo. W. Hutchins	50 00
2541	" 13 "	R. T. Dungee	50 00
2542	" 13 "	Wm. N. Taylor	153 00
2543	" 13 "	J. A Baker	51 00
2544	" 13 "	Ida Smith	24 00
2545	" 13 "	G. W. Martin	18 00
2546	" 13 "	J. Flem Smith	50 00
2547	" 13 "	L. E. Walker	24 00
2548	" 13 "	Stella Wisby	18 00
2549	" 13 "	Alice Paine	24 00
2550	" 13 "	Kate Collar	18 00
2551	" 13 "	Blockie Jamison	18 00
2552	" 13 "	W. N. French	150 00
2553	" 13 "	James Atherton	95 07
2554	" 13 "	Chas. N. Filson	8 00
2555	" 13 "	J. T. Godfrey	68 84
2556	" 13 "	Belle Rittenhouse	150 00
2557	" 13 "	Belle Rittenhouse	15 00
2558	" 13 "	Louise Miller	24 00
2559	" 15 "	Luella Graupner	24 00
2560	" 15 "	J H. Davis	18 00
2561	" 15 "	Fannie Ballard	24 00
2562	" 15 "	Thos. H. Corbett	93 30
2563	" 15 "	Robert Cox	20 00
2564	" 15 "	Wallace Poland	6 00
2565	" 15 "	A N. Daniels	18 00
2566	" 15 "	Oma Bowden	24 00
2567	" 15 "	A M. Mackey	11 40
2568	" 15 "	R. G. Bell	31 00
2569	" 15 "	Otto Beckmeyer	121 25
5570	" 15 "	E. M. Lacey	40 00
2571	" 16 "	O. W. Annis	35 66
2572	" 16 "	H. C. Mc Grath	86 42
2573	" 16 "	Blanche Hogan	50 00
2574	" 16 "	Will T. Little	30 00
2575	" 16 "	The Daily Leader	817 85
2576	" 16 "	The Daily Leader	197 75
2577	" 16 "	The Daily Leader	55 00
2578	" 16 "	The Daily Leader	43 15
2579	" 16 "	The Daily Leader	12 50
2580	" 16 "	F. B. Lillie & Co.	85 45
2581	16 "	D. H. Goode	2 90

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2582	Mch. 16 1897	Ed. Vanderpool	$ 9 25
2583	“ 16 “	F. Caruthers	40 00
2584	“ 16 “	F. Caruthers	24 70
2585	“ 16 “	W. F. Cantelou	66 00
2586	“ 17 “	Richard Cassel	9 00
2587	“ 17 “	J. W. Willett	33 33
2588	“ 17 “	C. E. Odem	95 04
2589	“ 17 “	Leroy E. Walker	18 00
2590	“ 17 “	J. L. Hammers	18 00
2591	“ 17 “	Nellie Overbay	23 00
3592	“ 18 “	F. M. Rinehart	18 71
2593	“ 18 “	The Daily Leader	1,389 37
2594	“ 18 “	Lillian R. Hunter	9 00
2595	“ 18 “	C. H. DeFord	52 53
2596	“ 19 “	W. H. Smithson	24 00
2597	“ 20 “	A. M. Carlock	18 50
2598	“ 20 “	Albine Stevens	20 00
2599	“ 22 “	Wm. Redder	13 53
2600	“ 22 “	W. W. Painter	89 36
2601	“ 22 “	J. C. Caldwell	38 00
2602	“ 22 “	Stella Wisby	20 00
2603	“ 22 “	Luella Graupner	20 00
2604	“ 22 “	L. E. Walker	24 00
2605	“ 22 “	C. C. Hudson	24 00
2606	“ 23 “	Ama Barham	20 00
2607	“ 23 “	Maud I. Goodrich	9 00
2608	“ 23 “	The Daily Leader	231 75
2609	“ 23 “	Manlius Boon	4 00
2610	“ 23 “	C. D. Arnold	19 81
2611	“ 23 “	T. F. Hensley	1 50
2612	“ 24 “	C. R. Renfro	5 40
2613	“ 24 “	Nellie McCubbin	9 00
2614	“ 24 “	E. A. Axtell	2 00
2615	“ 24 “	G. I. Curran	33 33
2616	“ 24 “	Jno. Baggett	20 00
2617	“ 24 “	Jno. Baggett	24 00
2618	“ 24 “	Nellie Overbay	9 00
2619			
2620	“ 25 “	Samuel Lee	33 34
5621	“ 25 “	J. Flem Smiih	40 00
2622	“ 25 “	J. W. McMurtry	40 00
2623	“ 25 “	A. S. Johnson	40 00
2624	“ 25 “	W. N. Taylor	40 00
2625	“ 25 “	J. D. Maurice	40 00
2626	“ 25 “	J. R. Jacobs	40 00
2627	“ 25 “	W. F. Pierce	37 40
2628	“ 25 “	W. F. Pierce	30 04
2629	“ 25 “	The Daily Leader	292 78
2630	“ 25 “	Blanche Hogan	9 00
2633	“ 25 “	Robert Benn	107 71
2634	“ 25 “	F. M. Rinehart	359 84
2635	“ 26 “	F. M. Rinehart	31 23
2636	“ 26 “	Mrs. M. E. Gould	18 00
2637	“ 26 “	Mabel Soule	9 00
2638	“ 27 “	L. E. Walker	24 00
2639	“ 27 “	J. R. Towner	24 00
2640	“ 27 “	C. C. Hndson	24 00
2641	“ 27 “	J. L. Hammers	24 00
2642	“ 27 “	J. L. Hammers	24 00
2643	“ 27 “	Minnie Miller	20 00
2644	“ 27 “	J. O. Blakeney	20 00
2645	“ 27 “	J. B. Baggett	24 00
2646	“ 27 “	Edgar W. Jones	41 10
2647	“ 27 “	Edgar W. Jones	57 54
2648	“ 27 “	W. B. Trousdale	252 95
2649	“ 27 “	J. Flem Smith	8 00
2650	“ 27 “	J W. McMurtry	8 00
2651	“ 27 “	W. H. Taylor	8 00
2652	“ 27 “	D. S. Rose	24 00
2653	“ 27 “	J. R. Jacobs	8 00
2654	“ 27 “	A. S. Johnson.	8 00
2655	“ 29 “	The Daily Leader	500 00
2656	“ 29 “	The Daily Leader	500 00
2657	“ 29 “	The Daily Leader	500 00
2658	“ 29 “	The Daily Leader	500 00
2659	“ 29 “	The Daily Leader	500 00
2660	“ 29 “	The Daily Leader	500 00
2661	“ 29 “	The Daily Leader	500 38

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued,	Amount
2662	Mch. 29 1897	S H Tittle	$ 188 16
2663	.. 29 ..	Robert Cox	10 00
2664	.. 29 ..	C C Quillen	42 84
2665	.. 29 ..	A M Mackey	52 00
2666	.. 29 ..	W W Painter	95 57
2667	.. 29 ..	Wm Whitworth	52 00
2668	.. 29 ..	A O Nichols	12 75
2669	.. 29 ..	J C Tousley	56 00
2670	.. 30 ..	W E Thralls	44 76
2671	.. 30 ..	J C Jamison	12 50
2672	.. 30 ..	A O Nichols	450 00
2673	.. 30 ..	A O Nichols	100 00
2674	.. 30 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2675	.. 30 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2676	.. 30 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2677	.. 30 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2678	.. 30 ..	The Daily Leader	230 82
2679	.. 30 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	67 50
2680	.. 30 ..	M L Turner	120 00
2681	.. 30 ..	M L Turner	69 00
2682	.. 30 ..	M L Turner	125 00
2683	.. 30 ..	M L Turner	250 00
2684	.. 30 ..	D S Rose	24 00
2685	.. 31 ..	R H Hudson	43 37
2686	.. 31 ..	C A Galbraith	375 00
2687	.. 31 ..	A D Nichols	125 00
2688	.. 31 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	5 00
2689	.. 31 ..	John Hogan	76 00
2690	.. 31 ..	T H Doyle	76 00
2691	Apr. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,000 00
2692	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,000 00
2693	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,000 00
2694	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,000 00
2695	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,000 00
2696	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,000 00
2697	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,000 00
2698	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1,000 00
2699	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	506 82
2700	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	1 365 67
2701	.. 1 ..	Joseph Foucart	3 50
2702	.. 1 ..	Robert Cox	3 50
2703	.. 2 ..	Jno D DeBois	80 00
2704	.. 2 ..	P J Oneill	12 00
2705	.. 2 ..	Ed Vanderpool	14 00
2706	.. 2 ..	J C Jamison	19 44
2708	.. 2 ..	H H Moose	21 00
2709	.. 3 ..	J R Towner	16 00
2710	.. 3 ..	J R Towner	8 00
2711	.. 3 ..	Missouri & Kansas Telephone Co	21 50
2712	.. 3 ..	G McFetridge	6 90
2713	.. 3 ..	D S Rose	24 00
2714	.. 3 ..	W H Smithson	67 00
2715	.. 3 ..	Belle Ritteneouse	24 00
2716	.. 3 ..	Wm Whitworth	24 00
2717	.. 3 ..	L E Walker	24 00
2718	.. 3 ..	J L Hammers	24 00
2719	.. 3 ..	Castanian Bros	1 50
2720	.. 3 ..	C C Hudson	24 00
2721	.. 3 ..	Ada Melton	20 00
2722	.. 3 ..	Oma Barham	48 00
2723	.. 3 ..	Stella Wisby	24 00
2724	.. 3 ..	W D Baggett	36 00
2725	.. 3 ..	W D Baggett	36 00
2726	.. 5 ..	Albine Stevens	16 00
2727	.. 5 ..	Jennie Van Meter	15 00
2728	.. 5 ..	Paul F Mackey	80 00
2729	.. 5 ..	Jno A Hansen	44 69
2730	.. 5 ..	Jno Baggett	24 00
2731	.. 5 ..	Jno A Ratliffe	56 60
2732	.. 5 ..	F B Gebke	78 52
2733	.. 5 ..	N McKay	50 00
2734	.. 5 ..	N McKay	45 00
2735	.. 5 ..	N McKay	66 00
2736	.. 5 ..	J C Jamison	7 30
2737	.. 6 ..	Mrs C P Rich	24 00
2738	.. 6 ..	Clarence Rich	12 00
2739	.. 7 ..	Harry J Reas	140 61

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2740	April 7, 1897.	W. F. Bort	$ 22 40
2741	" 7 "	W. F. Bort	10 20
2742	" 7 "	John D. De Bois	14 20
2743	" 7 "	John D. De Bois	8 10
2744	" 7 "	John M. Cannon	179 76
2745	" 7 "	John M. Cannon	87 22
2746	" 7 "	John M. Cannon	46 85
2746½	" 7 "	John M. Cannon	62 55
2747	" 7 "	C. A. Galbraith	25 85
2748	" 7 "	Luella Graupner	28 00
2749	" 7 "	J. R. Jacobs	32 00
2750	" 7 "	J. F. Smith	32 00
2751	" 7 "	J. L. Maurice	28 00
2752	" 7 "	Stephen A. Aiken	53 20
2753	" 8 "	W. P. Patton	53 52
2754	" 8 "	H. C. McGrath	63 39
2755	" 8 "	H. C. McGrath	63 64
2756	" 8 "	D. N. Morrison	51 00
2757	" 8 "	J. H. Larwell	129 40
2758	" 9 "	James J. Houston	12 00
2759	" 10 "	C. W. Gould	80 00
2760	" 10 "	J. O. Blakeney	28 00
2761	" 10 "	J. O. Blakeney	24 00
2762	" 10 "	Luella Graupner	12 00
2 63	" 10 "	Minnie Miller	28 00
2763¼	" 10 "	J. F. Smith	16 00
2763½	" 10 "	J. D. Maurice	12 00
2763¾	" 10 "	J. R. Jacobs	16 00
2764	" 10 "	J. C. Dulaney	36 00
2765	" 10 "	R. McReynolds	12 00
2766	" 10 "	R. McReynolds	12 00
2767	" 10 "	D. S. Rose	24 00
2768	" 12 "	Blockie Jamison	28 00
2769	" 12 "	Stella Wisby	28 00
2770	" 12 "	Wm. Stucker	6 00
2771	" 12 "	Wm. Stucker	6 00
2772	" 12 "	Robert Cox	5 00
2773	" 12 "	John Baggett	28 00
2774	" 12 "	Mattie Phenix	20 00
2775	" 12 "	H. C. Olds	20 00
2776	" 12 "	John D. De Bois	32 00
2777	" 12 "	John Hogan	40 00
2778	" 13 "	J. C. Tousley	56 00
2779	" 13 "	C. C. Hudson	32 00
2780	" 13 "	Wm. Whitworth	32 00
2781	" 13 "	J. L. Hammersz	32 00
2782	" 13 "	L. E. Walker	32 00
2783	" 13 "	J. O. Blakeney	12 00
2784	" 13 "	The Daily Leader	400 00
2785	" 13 "	John D. De Bois	8 00
2786	" 13 "	N. F. Cheadle	1 80
2787	" 13 "	W. D. Baggett	28 00
2788	" 13 "	J. D. Maurice	12 00
2789	" 13 "	D. S. Rose	12 00
2790	" 13 "	Paul F. Mackey	32 00
2791	" 19 "	Will T. Little	30 00
2792	" 19 "	H. F. Newblock	56 89
2793	" 19 "	H. S. Hammer	49 05
2794	" 19 "	R. B. Shannon	57 30
2795	" 19 "	William Garsison	63 30
2796	" 20 "	Dora Rodman	18 00
2797	" 20 "	A. Mackey	75 00
2798	" 20 "	The Daily Leader	536 53
2799	" 20 "	Wm. Whitworth	16 00
2800	" 20 "	C. C. Hudson	16 00
2801	" 20 "	W. F. Cantelou	20 65
2802	" 20 "	J. J. S. Hassler	8 80
2803	" 20 "	Percy R. Smith	150 00
2804	" 20 "	W. C. Renfrow	50 00
2805	" 20 "	J. T. Godfrey	97 00
2806	" 21 "	Chas. B. Adams	300 00
2807	" 21 "	J. W. McMurtry	72 25
2808	" 21 "	Edgar W. Jones	152 70
2809	" 21 "	Mrs. A. C. Moskedal	3 00
2810	" 21 "	Belle Rittenhouse	32 00
2811	" 21 "	Ida E. Moskedal	40 00
2812	" 21 "	Mrs. S. Billings	30 00

General Fund Warrants.—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2813	April 21, 1897	N F Cheadle	3 10
2814	.. 22 ..	W C Renfrow	30 00
2815	.. 22 ..	The Daily Leader	21 95
2816	.. 22 ..	The Daily Leader	7 00
2817	.. 22 ..	The Daily Leader	4 50
2818	.. 22 ..	The Daily Leader	31 75
2819	.. 22 ..	F Caruthers	5 00
2820	.. 22 ..	R B Forest	30 35
2821	.. 24 ..	James R Bishop	47 60
2823	.. 24 ..	Dale Lytton	10 00
2824	.. 24 ..	Bowen Merrill Book Company	797 00
2825	.. 24 ..	Wm Whitworth	20 00
2826	.. 24 ..	Harry Weinberger	7 00
2827	.. 24 ..	Harry Weinberger	7 00
2828	.. 24 ..	Harry Weinberger	6 00
2829	.. 24 ..	Harry Weinberger	7 00
2830	.. 24 ..	Harry Weinberger	7 00
2831	.. 24 ..	C D Arnold	125 00
2832	.. 24 ..	L E Walker	36 00
2833	.. 24 ..	C C Hudson	20 00
2834	.. 24 ..	R J Edwards	16 70
2835	.. 24 ..	R J Edwards	5 00
2336	.. 26 ..	C E Grant	32 35
2836½	.. 26 ..	Mrs C P Rich	32 00
2827	.. 26 ..	Mrs C P Rich	36 00
2838	.. 26 ..	Clarence Rich	18 00
2839	.. 26 ..	J C Jamison	49 32
2840	.. 27 ..	Albine Stevens	3 00
2841	.. 29 ..	J W McMurtry	40 00
2842	.. 29 ..	J Z Bishop	41 30
2843	.. 29 ..	Robert Cox	10 00
2844	.. 30 ..	J B Beadles	35 00
2845	.. 30 ..	Warden Kansas Penitentiary	2,912 50
2846	.. 30 ..	Warden Kansas Penitentiary	3,248 00
2847	.. 30 ..	A M Mackey	23 00
2848	.. 30 ..	Oma Barham	28 00
2849	.. 30 ..	Arthur D Nichols	125 00
2850	.. 30 ..	Wilkis White	10 00
2851	May 1 ..	New York Hardware Company	2 25
2852	.. 1 ..	W F Cantelou	22 15
2853	.. 1 ..	W F Cantelou	126 00
2854	.. 1 ..	Jennie Van Meter	20 00
2855	.. 1 ..	Percy R Smith	35 00
2856	.. 1 ..	Wm Whitworth	30 00
2857	.. 1 ..	Robert Cox	3 50
2858	.. 1 ..	Thos H Doyle	44 00
2859	.. 1 ..	Percy R Smith	40 00
2860	.. 1 ..	Willard Stapleton	7 00
2861	.. 3 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
2862	.. 3 ..	A O Nichols	100 00
2863	.. 3 ..	W F Pierce	45 76
2864	.. 3 ..	F B Lillie & Co	12 65
2865	.. 3 ..	James Atherton	2 00
2866	.. 3 ..	N F Cheadle	4 00
2867	.. 2 ..	F Caruthers	8 10
2868	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Company	13 60
2869	.. 3 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	42 50
2870	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2871	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2872	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2873	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2874	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2875	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2876	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
2877	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	250 00
2878	.. 3 ..	Chas B Adams	40 00
2879	.. 3 ..	The Daily Leader	22 25
2880	.. 4 ..	John A Ratliff	303 25
2881	.. 4 ..	Wallace & Muller	4 25
2882	.. 4 ..	R J Edwards	11 00
2883	.. 4 ..	Ed P Kelley	39 70
2884	.. 6 ..	W W Painter	47 94
2885	.. 6 ..	The Public Building Fund	5,000 00
2886	.. 6 ..	The Public Building Fund	5,000 00
2887	.. 6 ..	The Public Building Fund	5,000 00
2888	.. 6 ..	The Public Building Fund	5,000 00
2889	.. 6 ..	The Public Building Fund	5,000 00

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2890	May 6 1897	The Public Building Fund	$ 5,000 00
2891	.. 6 ..	The Public Building Fund	2,500 00
2892	.. 6 ..	Henry Pratt	11 37
2893	.. 6 ..	J. R. Barrows	8 30
2894	.. 6 ..	J. R. Barrows	51 02
2895	.. 6 ..	J. R. Barrows	7 22
2896	.. 7 ..	Frank Rinehart	17 21
2897	.. 7 ..	W J Dickerson	140 32
2898	.. 7 ..	Jasper Sipes	16 00
2899	.. 7 ..	Josie Wheeler	9 00
2900	.. 8 ..	J C Jamison	20 83
2901	.. 8 ..	A O Nichols	10 75
2902	.. 8 ..	A O Nichols	29 79
2903	.. 8 ..	The Public Building Fund	1,500 00
2904	.. 10 ..	F B Gebke	41 46
2905	.. 11 ..	Wallace Poland	9 00
2906	.. 11 ..	W C Renfrow	4 25
2907	.. 12 ..	Floyd Calvert	9 00
2908	.. 12 ..	Will T Little	30 00
2909	.. 13 ..	T A Henry	104 02
2910	.. 13 ..	Harper S Cunningham	116 00
2911	.. 14 ..	Harry Weinberger	9 00
2912	.. 14 ..	O W Annis	91 34
2913	.. 14 ..	Henry A Anderson	54 00
2914	.. 17 ..	Robert Cox	5 00
2915	.. 17 ..	J H Larwell	122 22
2916	.. 17 ..	James P. Bishop	85 90
2917	.. 18 ..	C G Hornor	50 00
2918	.. 18 ..	Henry H Anderson	33 50
2919	.. 18 ..	F Caruthers	8 10
2920	.. 18 ..	R J Edwards	8 10
2921	.. 18 ..	L G Niblack	8 30
2922	.. 18 ..	R B Forest	10 55
2923	.. 20 ..	Leslie Bush	10 00
2924	.. 20 ..	C A Galbraith	24 15
2925	.. 20 ..	J R Barrows	246 82
2926	.. 20 ..	J R Barrows	85 12
2927	.. 20 ..	J R Barrows	5 39
2928	.. 20 ..	Guthrie Electric Light Co	3 75
2929	.. 20 ..	Guthrie Electric Light Co	3 75
2930	.. 20 ..	Jno A Ratliff	149 54
2931	.. 21 ..	C W Herod	9 90
2932	.. 21 ..	Wycoff, Semans & Benedict	127 00
2933	.. 22 ..	The Daily Leader	196 00
2934	.. 22 ..	The Daily Leader	86 00
2935	.. 22 ..	The Daily Leader	70 00
2936	.. 22 ..	Bert C Orner	14 00
2937	.. 24 ..	Harper S Cunningham	90 00
2938	.. 24 ..	G McFetridge	6 90
2939	.. 24 ..	W F Bort	13 50
2940	.. 24 ..	Jennie VanMeter	20 00
2941	.. 25 ..	Bert C Orner	2 00
2942	.. 25 ..	The Daily Leader	93 40
2943	.. 25 ..	J D Maurice	40 00
2944	.. 25 ..	Wm C Renfrow	95 99
2945	.. 25 ..	Percy R Smith	15 00
2946	.. 26 ..	Otto G Beckmeyer	60 00
2948	.. 27 ..	Robert Cox	3 00
2949	.. 27 ..	A A Humphrey	6 00
2950	.. 27 ..	C A Galbraith	1 00
2951	.. 27 ..	C A Galbraith	236 50
2954	.. 27 ..	P H Hainer	16 00
2955	.. 29 ..	H Downing	67 16
2956	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	544 95
2957	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	60 30
2958	.. 29 ..	Robert Cox	10 00
2959	.. 31 ..	J C Jamison	1 25
2960	.. 31 ..	W H Smithson	15 00
2961	.. 31 ..	Arthur D Nichols	125 00
2962	.. 31 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
2963	June 1 ..	J C Jamison	20 84
2964	.. 1 ..	Otto Beckemeyer	5 00
2965	.. 1 ..	Otto Beckemeyer	15 00
2966	.. 2 ..	A O Nichols	100 00
2967	.. 2 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	75 00
2968	.. 2 ..	C G Jones	9 60
2969	.. 3 ..	Jas P Bishop	39 10

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
2970	June 3 97	Phil C Rosenbaum	$ 10 00
2971	.. 4 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	14 00
2972	.. 4 ..	Robert Cox	4 00
2973	.. 4 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	9 00
2974	.. 5 ..	C M Barnes	5 85
2975	.. 7 ..	J C Jamison	8 00
2976	.. 7 ..	Robert Benn	96 86
2977	.. 7 ..	Stephen A Aikins	54 44
2978	.. 8 ..	The Daily Leader	96 81
2979	.. 9 ..	Wilkes White	6 00
2980	.. 8 ..	F B Gebke	54 10
2981	.. 9 ..	F B Gebke	136 10
2982	.. 10 ..	James B Overton	78 40
2983	.. 10 ..	T A Lawrence	81 30
2984	.. 10 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	6 60
2985	.. 10 ..	T A Lawrence	213 47
2986	.. 10 ..	Will T Liitle	30 00
2987	.. 10 ..	Jno D DeBois	14 20
2988	.. 11 ..	J R Barrows	8 77
2989	.. 12 ..	W J Dickerson	15 90
2990	.. 12 ..	Pabst Ice Co	16 30
2991	.. 12 ..	C M Barnes	9 50
2992	.. 12 ..	F Caruthers	17 30
2993	.. 14 ..	W F Cantelou	90 00
2994	.. 14 ..	W F Cantalou	18 50
2995	.. 15 ..	Edgar W Jones	123 00
2996	.. 16 ..	R J Edwards	21 70
2997	.. 17 ..	Guthrie Electric Light Co	7 50
3000	.. 23 ..	J H Larwell	5 00
3001	.. 24 ..	D N Morrison	85 16
3002	.. 25 ..	F M Rinehart	17 96
3003	.. 25 ..	Robert Benn	106 96
3004	.. 25 ..	S A Aikins	20 17
3005	.. 25 ..	J D DeBois	14 30
3006	.. 25 ..	W F Bort	44 60
3007	.. 25 ..	R J Edwards	11 70
3008	.. 26 ..	Edward Snyder	78 00
3009	.. 26 ..	Edward Snyder	16 60
3010	.. 28 ..	R Q Blakeney	2 25
3011	.. 28 ..	J T Godfrey	34 20
3012	.. 28 ..	J T Godfrey	9 00
3013	.. 29 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
3014	.. 29 ..	Robert Cox	10 00
3015	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
3016	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
3017	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
3018	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
3019	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
3020	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	500 00
3021	.. 29 ..	M L Turner	375 00
3022	.. 29 ..	M L Turner	201 00
3023	.. 29 ..	A O Nichols	450 00
3024	.. 29 ..	Harper S Cunningham	1[illegible]7 56
3025	.. 29 ..	Harper S Cunningham	64 00
3026	.. 29 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	75 00
3027	.. 29 ..	A O Nichols	100 00
3028	.. 29 ..	Arthur D Nichols	125 00
3029	.. 29 ..	The Daily Leader	56 [illegible]
3030	30 ..	J H Grisman	40 [illegible]
3031	.. 30 ..	J C Jamison	29 84
3032	.. 30 ..	F B Gebke	33 [illegible]
3033	July 1 ..	Jasper Sipes	100 00
3034	.. 1 ..	Dale Lytton	15 00
3035	.. 1 ..	W F Cantalou	93 00
3036	.. 1 ..	W F Cantalou	18 50
3037	.. 1 ..	Dale Lytton	10 00
3038	.. 1 ..	F Caruthers	17 30
3039	.. 2 ..	P C Rosenbaum	49 25
3040	.. 2 ..	Robert Cox	3 75
3041	.. 2 ..	N McKay	66 00
3042	.. 2 ..	C M Barnes	14 30
3043	.. 2 ..	A O Nichols	64 10
3044	.. 2 ..	A O Nichols	15 34
3045	.. 7 ..	John McGrath	93 00
3046	.. 7 ..	John McGrath	90 00
3047	.. 7 ..	John McGrath	24 50
3048	.. 7 ..	John McGrath	12 50

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3049	July 7 1897	S A Akin	$ 28 66
3050	.. 7 ..	N McKay	34 00
3051	.. 8 ..	W F Pierce	31 25
3052	.. 8 ..	N McKay	45 00
3053	.. 8 ..	Harvey Washington	8 50
3054	.. 8 ..	M L Turner	29 16
3055	.. 8 ..	M L Turner	7 50
3056	.. 9 ..	Mo. & Kas. Telephone Co	10 75
3057	.. 9 ..	J H Hudson	5 00
3058	.. 10 ..	Louis E Pitts	27 35
3059	.. 10 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	38 00
3060	.. 12 ..	J C Jamison	8 28
3061	.. 12 ..	S A Akins	19 67
3062	.. 12 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3063	.. 14 ..	H C McGrath	78 92
3064	.. 14 ..	Sam Matthews	156 00
3065	.. 14 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3066	.. 16 ..	S J Wilkins	2 00
3067	.. 16 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	38 45
3068	.. 16 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	18 55
3069	.. 16 ..	W F Pierce	47 29
3070	.. 17 ..	A O Nichols	5 25
3071	.. 19 ..	J B Overton	112 80
3072	.. 19 ..	J H Larwell	25 00
3073	.. 19 ..	J R Barrows	85 17
3074	.. 19 ..	J R Barrows	31 82
3075	.. 20 ..	F M Rinehart	18 21
3076	.. 21 ..	Robert Cox	8 75
3078	.. 27 ..	M T J Capshaw	5 00
3079	.. 27 ..	S J Wilkins	2 00
3080	.. 27 ..	W F Pierce	41 29
3081	.. 29 ..	Robert Cox	10 00
3082	.. 30 ..	C D Arnold	125 00
3083	.. 30 ..	C D Arnold	2 80
3084	.. 30 ..	C D Arnold	6 95
3085	.. 31 ..	P C Rosenbaum	12 55
3086	.. 31 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3087	.. 31 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
3088	.. 31 ..	A O Nichols	100 00
3089	Aug 2 ..	Robert Cox	3 75
3090	.. 3 ..	Harry J Reas	132 06
3091	.. 3 ..	Harry J Reas	67 83
3092	.. 3 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3093	.. 3 ..	W F Cantelou	93 00
3094	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3095	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3096	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3097	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3098	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3099	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3100	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3101	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3102	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
310[illegible]	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
[illegible]	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
[illegible]	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
[illegible]	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
[illegible]	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
[illegible]	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
[illegible]	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
[illegible]	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3111	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3112	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3113	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3114	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3115	.. 4 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	429 16
3116	.. 4 ..	Bert C Orner	5 00
3117	.. 4 ..	Bert C Orner	10 00
3118	.. 4 ..	F M Rinehart	154 33
3119	.. 4 ..	J B Fairfield	2 50
3120	.. 4 ..	M A Clark	1 00
3121	.. 4 ..	Sam Matthews	87 00
3122	.. 4 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3123	.. 4 ..	Frank M Thompson	53 65
3124	.. 4 ..	Frank M Thompson	7 25
3125	.. 7 ..	P C Rosenbaum	101 65

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3126	Aug. 7 1897	P C Rosenbaum	$ 103 90
3127	.. 7 ..	W C Renfrow	6 90
3128	.. 7 ..	Harvey Washington	8 50
3129	.. 7 ..	The Public Building Fund	1,000 00
3130	.. 7 ..	Jno M Canon	97 09
3131	.. 7 ..	John Blanchard	136 97
3132	.. 8 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3133	.. 9 ..	H C McGrath	42 27
3134	.. 11 ..	Pawnee Dispatch	4 60
3135	.. 12 ..	John M Canon	12 80
3136	.. 12 ..	Frank DeLay	16 75
3137	.. 12 ..	W J Dickinson	20 75
3138	.. 12 ..	W J Dickinson	25 30
3139	.. 13 ..	Harry Pratt	38 63
3140	.. 13 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	75 00
3141	.. 13 ..	A O Nichols	64 92
3142	.. 13 ..	A O Nichols	41 00
3143	.. 13 ..	Fred L Wenner	75 00
3144	.. 17 ..	W J Dickerson	30 80
3145	.. 17 ..	D B Arrell	29 16
3146	.. 23 ..	P C Rosenbaum	10 00
3147	.. 23 ..	Chas B Adams	300 00
3148	.. 23 ..	Edgar W Jones	149 50
3149	Sept. 3 ..	Harper S Cunningham	60 00
3150	.. 3 ..	W L Rhodes	83 90
3151	.. 3 ..	P C Rosenbaum	20 83
3152	.. 3 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3153	.. 3 ..	A O Nichols	100 00
3154	.. 3 ..	A O Nichols	100 00
3155	.. 3 ..	F B Gebke	39 00
3156	.. 3 ..	F B Gebke	39 00
3157	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3158	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3159	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3160	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3161	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3162	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3163	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3164	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3165	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3166	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3167	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	500 00
3168	.. 3 ..	State Capital Printing Co	375 00
3169	.. 4 ..	The Daily Leader	105 00
3170	.. 4 ..	The Daily Leader	35 71
3171	.. 4 ..	The Daily Leader	9 73
3172	.. 4 ..	The Daily Leader	8 00
3173	.. 4 ..	The Daily Leader	65 31
3174	.. 4 ..	The Daily Leader	89 57
3175	.. 4 ..	J M Wheeler	5 00
3176	.. 4 ..	Robert Cox	10 00
3177	.. 4 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	75 00
3178	.. 4 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3179	.. 4 ..	Bert C Orner	14 44
3180	.. 4 ..	Bert C Orner	7 22
3181	.. 4 ..	Fred L Wenner	75 00
3182	.. 6 ..	L F Leach, Jr	5 70
3183	.. 6 ..	John McGrath	93 00
3184	.. 6 ..	John McGrath	18 50
3185	.. 6 ..	W F Cantelou	93 00
3186	.. 6 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3187	.. 6 ..	F M Rinehart	12 77
3188	.. 8 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
3189	.. 8 ..	S A Akins	19 95
3190	.. 9 ..	R R Forrest	13 45
3191	.. 9 ..	Geo Thornton	7 50
3192	.. 9 ..	W L Rhodes	12 90
3193	.. 9 ..	John McGrath	17 50
3194	.. 9 ..	John McGrath	90 00
3195	.. 9 ..	P C Rosenbaum	5 54
3196	.. 9 ..	P C Rosenbaum	34 80
3197	.. 10 ..	W T Bryan	121 97
3198	.. 10 ..	F B Lillie	8 25
3199	.. 10 ..	C M Bosworth	20 00
3200	.. 10 ..	Hall Lith. Co.	15 50
3201	.. 10 ..	W T Bryan	43 25
3202	.. 11 ..	R J Edwards	8 10

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3203	Sept. 13 1897	Sam Matthews	$ 93 00
3201	.. 13 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3205	.. 13 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3206	.. 13 ..	P C Rosenbaum	10 00
3207	.. 13 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3208	.. 14 ..	Jno D DeBois	9 30
3209	.. 14 ..	Dale Lytton	5 00
3210	.. 14 ..	N McKay	66 00
3211	.. 14 ..	N McKay	25 00
3212	.. 14 ..	N McKay	50 00
3213	.. 14 ..	N McKay	48 00
3214	.. 15 ..	L Haynes Buxton	20 30
3215	.. 15 ..	W H Smithson	105 0
3216	.. 16 ..	F M Rinehart	37 46
3217	.. 17 ..	R H Hudson	25 00
3218	.. 17 ..	J B Overton	123 05
3219	.. 17 ..	J C Tousley	51 80
3220	.. 18 ..	N T Bryan	44 10
3221	.. 20 ..	W S Hamilton	15 15
3222	.. 20 ..	P C Rosenbaum	7 62
3223	.. 21 ..	W F Pierce	45 86
3224	.. 21 ..	W F Pierce	31 23
3225	.. 21 ..	W F Pierce	30 98
3226	.. 21 ..	C D Arnold	66 65
3227	.. 21 ..	F M Rinehart	16 46
3228	.. 21 ..	Ida E Muskedal	96 00
3229	.. 21 ..	N McKay	50 00
3230	.. 25 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	9 85
3231	.. 27 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
3232	.. 28 ..	F Caruthers	8 10
3233	.. 28 ..	F Caruthers	8 10
3234	.. 28 ..	R J Edwards	8 10
3235	.. 29 ..	J C Tousley	38 10
3236	.. 29 ..	F M Rinehart	12 77
3237	.. 29 ..	F M Rinehart	48 48
3238	.. 29 ..	N T Bryan	135 99
3239	.. 29 ..	Robert Cox	10 00
3240	.. 30 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3241	.. 30 ..	J F Kinney	55 52
3242	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	345 84
3243	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	42 60
3244	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	110 00
3245	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	44 00
3246	.. 30 ..	P C Rosenbaum	20 83
3247	Oct. 1 ..	A O Nichols	450 00
3248	.. 1 ..	A O Nichols	100 00
3249	.. 1 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	75 00
3250	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3251	.. 1 ..	Bert C Orner	21 66
3252	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3253	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3254	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitorium Co	500 00
3255	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3256	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarinm Co	500 00
3257	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3258	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3259	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3260	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3261	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3262	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3263	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3264	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3265	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3266	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3267	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3268	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3269	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3270	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3271	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3272	.. 1 ..	The Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	785 81
3273	.. 1 ..	W S Hamilton	13 40
3274	.. 1 ..	J H Hudson	5 00
3275	.. 1 ..	L Haynes Buxton	62 50
[illegible]	.. 2 ..	L Haynes Buxton	27 20
3278	.. 2 ..	W L Lake	46 66
3280	.. 2 ..	Harper S Cunningham	375 00
3281	.. 2 ..	L Haynes Buxton	5 24

General Fund Warrants.—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3282	Oct. 2, 1897	John A Ratliff	$ 29 80
3283	.. 2 ..	John A Ratliff	29 80
3284	.. 2 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3285	.. 2 ..	T F Millikan	11 20
3286	.. 2 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3287	.. 2 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	130 50
3288	.. 2 ..	Robert Cox	75
3289	.. 5 ..	Fred L Wenner	75 00
3290	.. 5 ..	L H Holt	9 00
3291	.. 5 ..	J W Hamilton	15 40
3292	.. 5 ..	S N Hopkins	3 00
3293	.. 5 ..	E O Tyler	25 40
3294	.. 5 ..	Frank M Thompson	9 25
3295	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3296	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3297	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3298	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3399	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3390	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3301	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3302	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3303	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3304	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3305	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3306	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3307	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3308	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3309	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3310	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3311	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3312	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3313	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3314	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3315	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3316	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	250 00
3317	.. 5 ..	Guthrie Daily Leader	178 81
3318	.. 6 ..	J R Miller	3 50
3320	.. 7 ..	Samuel L Overstreet	100 00
3321	.. 8 ..	J F Kenney	26 10
3322	.. 9 ..	J H Larwell, P M	25 00
3323	.. 9 ..	Sam Matthews	90 00
3324	.. 9 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3325	.. 9 ..	John McGrath	108 50
3326	.. 9 ..	W F Cantelou	90 00
3327	.. 9 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3328	.. 11 ..	J R Barrows	56 60
3329	.. 11 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	8 67
3330	.. 12 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3331	.. 15 ..	W F Pierce	31 75
3332	.. 15 ..	Anson Hazlewood	74 21
3333	.. 16 ..	Daily Leader	500 00
3334	.. 16 ..	Daily Leader	500 00
3335	.. 16 ..	Daily Leader	500 00
3336	.. 16 ..	Daily Leader	500 00
3338	.. 16 ..	Daily Leader	500 00
3339	.. 16 ..	Daily Leader	500 00
3340	.. 16 ..	A O Nichols	33 34
3341	.. 16 ..	A O Nichols	33 64
3342	.. 18 ..	N McKay	25 00
3343	.. 18 ..	Daily Leader	71 15
3344	.. 19 ..	F B Lillie	4 45
3345	.. 19 ..	E A Axtell	4 00
3346	.. 19 ..	F M Rinehart	16 46
3347	.. 19 ..	John A Ratliff	29 80
3348	.. 21 ..	M F Lake	82 45
3349	.. 21 ..	Daily Leader	13 00
3350	.. 21 ..	Daily Leader	44 95
3351	.. 21 ..	Daily Leader	40 16
3352	.. 21 ..	Daily Leader	18 00
3353	.. 22 ..	John Rolls	51 00
3354	.. 26 ..	W J Dickerson	128 82
3355	.. 26 ..	Phillip C Rosenbaum	25 50
3356	.. 27 ..	Electric Light Co	14 50
3357	.. 27 ..	Electric Light Co	7 50
3358	.. 28 ..	H C McGrath	185 92
3361	.. 28 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
3365	.. 29 ..	W J Dickerson	84 95

General Fund Warrants.—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
			$
3366	Oct. 29, 1897	W J Dickerson	35 95
3367	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3368	.. 30 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3369	.. 30 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	75 00
3370	.. 30 ..	W S Hamilton	14 75
3371	.. 30 ..	L Haynes Buxton	13 65
3372	.. 30 ..	Thos T Millikan	9 75
3373	.. 30 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	20 83
3374	.. 30 ..	George Thornton	10 00
3375	.. 30 ..	George Thornton	5 00
3376	.. 30 ..	George Thornton	5 00
3377	.. 30 ..	Bert C Orner	22 13
3378	Nov. 1 ..	F M Rinehart	258 00
3379	.. 1 ..	Frank H Greer	18 85
3381	.. 1 ..	Fred L Wenner	75 00
3382	.. 1 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	63 78
3383	.. 1 ..	W B Grimes	5 55
3384	.. 3 ..	W L Rhodes	52 00
3385	.. 3 ..	W L Rhodes	32 75
3386	.. 3 ..	Frank M Thompson	59 80
3387	.. 5 ..	State Capital Printing Co	33 15
3388	.. 5 ..	State Capital Printing Co	22 90
3389	.. 5 ..	State Capital Printing Co	2 10
3390	.. 6 ..	J B Nicholas	413 53
3391	.. 6 ..	W J Cantelow	93 00
3392	.. 6 ..	W J Cantelou	18 50
3393	.. 8 ..	Sam Matthews	93 00
3394	.. 8 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3395	.. 8 ..	John McGrath	93 00
3396	.. 8 ..	John McGrath	18 50
3397	.. 9 ..	L W Graham	100 00
3398	.. 9 ..	L W Graham	50 00
3399	.. 9 ..	L W Graham	50 00
3400	.. 9 ..	L W Graham	50 00
3401	.. 11 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3402	.. 11 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	5 00
3403	.. 12 ..	State Capital Printing Co	102 45
3405	.. 12 ..	S L Overstreet	150 00
3406	.. 18 ..	J T Godfrey	110 40
8409	.. 18 ..	J T Godfrey	40 90
3410	.. 18 ..	Frank Rinehart	17 21
3411	.. 20 ..	M F Lake	107 67
3412	.. 20 ..	H S Landes, warden Kansas Pen	3,635 75
3414	.. 20 ..	L H Buxton	18 89
3415	.. 20 ..	L H Buxton	45 05
3416	.. 22 ..	H Downing	147 60
3417	.. 22 ..	E A Axtell	4 00
3418	.. 22 ..	Attorney General H Cunningham	148 20
3419	.. 23 ..	Harry J Reas	117 76
3420	.. 23 ..	Belle Rittenhouse	45 00
3421	.. 23 ..	J W Vernon	164 00
3422	.. 24 ..	W T Crntelou	45 00
3423	.. 24 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	152 15
3424	.. 26 ..	Robert Benn	79 62
3425	.. 26 ..	F M Rinehart	25 00
3427	.. 29 ..	Sam Matthews	9 00
3428	.. 29 ..	Sam Matthews	45 00
3429	.. 29 ..	H S Landes, Warden	3,812 25
3430	.. 29 ..	Bank Indian Territory	20 00
3431	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3432	.. 30 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3433	.. 30 ..	George Thornton	8 00
3434	.. 30 ..	Harry Maxey	40 00
3435	.. 30 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	20 83
3436	.. 30 ..	W B Crossland Manager	5 00
3437	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	59 50
3438	.. 30 ..	W B Crossland, Manager	7 50
3439	.. 30 ..	W B Crossland, Manager	7 50
3440	.. 30 ..	W B Crossland, Manager	5 00
3441	.. 30 ..	George Thornton	5 00
3442	.. 30 ..	George Thornton	5 00
3443	.. 30 ..	Bert C Orner	25 00
3445	.. 30 ..	Geo A White	3 00
3446	.. 30 ..	John McGrath	45 00
3447	.. 30 ..	John McGrath	9 25

General Fund Warrants.—Continued.

No	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3448	Dec. 2, 1897	Edgar W Jones	$ 83 33
3449	.. 2 ..	State Capital Printing Co	24 30
3450	.. 2 ..	A H Bosworth	7 00
3451	.. 2 ..	Fred L Wenner	100 00
3452	.. 2 ..	Fred L Wenner	10 30
3453	.. 2 ..	Edgar W Jones	29 50
3454	.. 2 ..	C M Barnes	38 06
3455	.. 2 ..	C M Barnes	13 90
3456	.. 2 ..	C M Barnes	19 50
3457	.. 2 ..	C M Barnes	53 50
3458	.. 2 ..	C M Barnes	51 90
3459	.. 2 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	76 71
3460	.. 2 ..	Harvey Washington	9 50
3461	.. 4 ..	Bertha Gregory	2 25
3462	.. 4 ..	New York Hardware Co	2 25
3463	.. 4 ..	New York Hardware Co	10 10
3464	.. 4 ..	H A Platt, Manager	35 75
3465	.. 4 ..	H A Platt, Manager	15 00
3466	.. 4 ..	H A Platt, Manager	50 00
3467	.. 4 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	64 50
3468	.. 6 ..	F B Gebke	152 50
3469	.. 6 ..	Harper S Cunningham	105 00
3470	.. 6 ..	N McKay	66 00
3471	.. 6 ..	N McKay	48 00
3472	.. 7 ..	John D De Bois	14 50
3473	.. 7 ..	Dale Lytton	10 00
3474	.. 7 ..	R J Edwards	16 70
3475	.. 7 ..	W F Bort	23 60
3476	.. 7 ..	F Caruthers	17 60
3477	.. 7 ..	J D De Bois	10 00
3478	.. 7 ..	J D De Bois	5 00
3479	.. 10 ..	J B Overton, sheriff	149 84
3480	.. 11 ..	D N Monson, sheriff	17 00
3481	.. 11 ..	State Capital Printing Co	5 25
3482	.. 11 ..	State Capital Printing Co	10 00
3484	.. 13 ..	C W Newman	35 00
3485	.. 17 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3486	.. 17 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3487	.. 17 ..	Geo Thornton	10 00
3488	.. 17 ..	N McKay	75 00
3489	.. 17 ..	C M Barnes	59 60
3490	.. 17 ..	C M Barnes	10 68
3491	.. 17 ..	C M Barnes	31 26
3492	.. 20 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	20 83
3493	.. 20 ..	J B Fairfield	4 45
3494	.. 21 ..	F B Gebke	22 41
3495	.. 21 ..	John A Ratcliff	15 80
3496	.. 21 ..	W F Cantelou	21 00
3497	.. 21 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3498	.. 21 ..	Mary Ketsch	25 00
3499	.. 22 ..	S L Overstreet	225 00
3500	.. 22 ..	Harry Maxey	40 00
3501	.. 22 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3502	.. 22 ..	Bert C Orner	25 00
3503	.. 22 ..	C M Barnes	8 90
3504	.. 22 ..	C M Barnes	15 00
3505	.. 23 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	10 00
3506	.. 24 ..	L Haynes Buxton	125 00
3507	.. 24 ..	L Haynes Buxton	19 .3
3508	.. 24 ..	Harper S Cunningham	375 00
3509	.. 27 ..	W F Cantelou	14 20
3510	.. 27 ..	R J Edwards	23 85
3511	.. 29 ..	T B Reder	4 75
3512	.. 29 ..	C M Barnes	6 19
3513	.. 29 ..	C M Barnes	2 24
3514	.. 29 ..	C M Barnes	9 00
3515	.. 30 ..	L F Laverty, Secretary	100 00
3516	.. 30 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	10 00
3517	.. 30 ..	Albina Stevens	6 00
3518	.. 31 ..	Paul Jundt	12 95
3519	.. 31 ..	W F Bort	13 90
3520	.. 31 ..	John D De Bois	10 00
3521	.. 31 ..	F Caruthers	8 10
3522	.. 31 .	Phil C Rosenbaum	10 00
3523	.. 31 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3524	.. 31 ..	R J Edwards	8 10
3525	.. 31 ..	Frank M Thompson	375 00

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date,	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3526	Dec. 31 1897	Frank M Thompson	$ 55 00
3527	Jan. 3 1898	S N Hopkins	100 00
3528	.. 3 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3529	.. 3 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3530	.. 3 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3531	.. 3 ..	S N Hopkins	150 00
3532	.. 3 ..	S N Hopkins	14 15
3533	.. 3 ..	Daily Leader Print. Co	183 90
3534	.. 3 ..	Fred L Wenner	50 00
3535	.. 3 ..	Fred L Wenner	30 00
3536	.. 3 ..	Fred L Wenner	10 00
3537	.. 3 ..	Fred L Wenner	10 00
3538	.. 3 ..	Fred L Wenner	10 35
3539	.. 3 ..	C M Barnes	17 70
3540	.. 3 ..	N Y Hardware Co	4 50
9541	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3542	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3543	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3544	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3545	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3546	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3547	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3548	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3549	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3550	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3551	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3552	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3553	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3554	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3555	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3556	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3557	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3558	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3559	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3560	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3561	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3562	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	500 00
3563	.. 3 ..	John Threadrill	500 00
3564	.. 3 ..	John Threadgill	530 00
3565	.. 3 ..	L Haynes Buxton	13 02
3566	.. 4 ..	State Capital Print. Co	19 25
3567	.. 4 ..	Harper Cunningham	63 25
3568	.. 4 ..	Harper Cunningham	35 00
3569	.. 4 ...	E D Nix	5 60
3570	.. 4 ..	Phil C Rosenbauum	170 00
3571	.. 4 ..	Robert Thacker	27 90
3573	.. 5 ..	Mrs J W Scothorn	10 00
3574	.. 5 ..	C M Barnes	4 59
3575	.. 5 ..	Spencer Hardware Co	4 98
3576	.. 5 ..	T B Reder	1 25
3577	.. 5 ..	Harvey Washington	9 50
3579	.. 6 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	83 84
3580	.. 6 ..	J E Brewer	9 25
3581	.. 7 ..	J W Hamilton	25 60
3582	.. 7 ..	L H Holt	21 00
3583	.. 7 ..	E O Tyler	43 10
3584	.. 7 ..	W R Stapleton	3 50
3585	.. 7 ..	David Douglas	110 00
3586	.. 7 ..	Frank M Thompson	9 00
3587	.. 7 ..	S N Hopkins	15 00
3288	.. 7 ..	State Capital Print. Co	3 50
3590	.. 7 ..	S A Akin	84 00
3591	.. 8 ..	State Capital Print Co	35 95
3592	.. 8 ..	W M Glover	110 00
3593	.. 8 ..	Marie Ketsch	5 00
3594	.. 8 ..	F S Pulliam	10 50
3595	.. 10 ..	Leader Printing Co	187 50
3596	.. 10 ..	Leader Print6ng Co	11 00
3597	.. 12 ..	W L Rhodes	29 25
3598	.. 12 ..	W J Cantelou	48 00
3599	.. 14 ..	John McGrath	69 00
3600	.. 14 ..	John McGrath	18 50
3601	.. 15 ..	State Capital Printing Co	9 00
3602	.. 15 ..	T F Millikan	19 37
3603	.. 17 ..	Marie Keatch	10 00
3605	.. 18 ..	N McKay	68 50
3606	.. 18 ..	N McKay	15 00

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3607	Jan. 20 1898	W J Dickerson	$ 29 65
3608	.. 20 ..	W J Dickerson	47 35
3609	.. 20 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
3610	.. 24 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	20 00
3611	.. 24 ..	Bert C Orner	25 00
3612	.. 25 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3613	.. 29 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3614	.. 29 ..	Geo Thornton	10 00
3615	.. 29 ..	W J Dickerson	24 80
3616	.. 29 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
3617	.. 29 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3618	.. 29 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3619	.. 29 ..	Harry Maxcy	40 00
3620	.. 31 ..	M F Lake	88 90
3621	.. 31 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	20 83
3622	.. 31 ..	F E McKinley	47 70
3623	Feb. 1 ..	E P M Cabe	2 00
3624	.. 1 ..	Ned F Cheadle	6 75
3625	.. 2 ..	Harry Maxey	1 50
3626	.. 2 ..	F B Lillie	9 55
3627	.. 2 ..	Paul Jundt	24 75
3628	.. 3 ..	W J Dickerson	24 75
3629	.. 4 ..	A H Platt, Manager	1 50
3630	.. 5 ..	W J Dickerson	29 65
3631	.. 5 ..	Leader Printing Co	15 00
3632	.. 5 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3633	.. 7 ..	John McGrath	51 75
3634	.. 8 ..	Adah C Patterson	30 00
3635	.. 8 ..	John Walker	99 00
3636	.. 8 ..	Mina Admire	58 30
3638	.. 9 ..	W F Cantalou	51 00
3639	.. 9 ..	Sam Matthews	51 00
3640	.. 9 ..	Sam Matthews	9 75
3641	.. 9 ..	F M Rinehart	11 35
3642	.. 9 ..	F M Rinehart	11 35
3643	.. 10 ..	Fred L Wenner	85 00
3644	.. 11 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3645	.. 11 ..	W F Cantelou	9 75
3646	.. 11 ..	L L Lewis	9 80
3647	.. 12 ..	Leader Print. Co	11 70
3648	.. 12 ..	Leader Print. Co	88 80
3649	.. 14 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3650	.. 14 ..	Jas J Power	9 10
3651	.. 14 ..	Emory R Buckner	16 25
3652	.. 15 ..	J W Coman	4 70
3653	.. 15 ..	W J Dickerson	24 75
3654	.. 15 ..	W J Dickerson	23 75
3655	.. 17 ..	Vernon W Whiting	27 30
3656	.. 17 ..	S N Hopkins	77 55
3657	.. 18 ..	Harry Maxey	20 00
3658	.. 19 ..	Minnie A Thorne	35 00
3659	.. 19 ..	J W Coman	40
3660	.. 19 ..	Frank Ingles	50 00
3661	.. 21 ..	W J Dickerson	24 75
3662	.. 25 ..	Dale Lytton	36 80
3663	.. 25 ..	M E Keatch	34 00
3664	.. 25 ..	J W Miller	12 40
[illegible]	[illegible]	Harry Maxey	40 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	S N Hopkins	100 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	E P McCabe	125 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	Phil C Rosenbaum	20 83
[illegible]	[illegible]	Edgar W Jones	83 33
[illegible]	[illegible]	Geo Thornton	10 00
[illegible]	[illegible]	Geo Thornton	5 00
[illegible]	M'ch 1	S A Aiken	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	T A Lawrence	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Harry V Pratt	[illegible]

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3685	Mch. 14 1898	W F Pierce	$ 15 59
3686	.. 14 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3687	.. 14 ..	Harper S Cunningham	98 00
3688	.. 14 ..	W F Pierce	25 65
3690	.. 15 ..	N McKay	56 50
3691	.. 15 ..	N McKay	92 00
3693	.. 15 ..	J Henderson	36 00
3694	.. 16 ..	J Henderson	258 95
3695	.. 16 ..	F L Wenner	85 00
3696	.. 18 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3697	.. 18 ..	Minnie Thorne	35 00
3698	.. 19 ..	Bert C Orner	25 00
3699	.. 18 ..	State Capital Print. Co	5 25
3700	.. 22 ..	J C Tousley	15 00
3701	.. 22 ..	Jno D DeBois	9 50
3702	.. 22 ..	Dale Lytton	15 00
3703	.. 22 ..	W F Bort	18 60
3704	.. 22 ..	Chas J Benson	16 00
3705	.. 23 ..	Frank Rinehart	213 50
3706	.. 23 ..	L Haynes Buxton	27 90
3707	.. 24 ..	E A Axtell	12 50
3708	.. 24 ..	State Capital Printing Co	7 00
3710	.. 25 ..	Robert Lowery	5 00
3711	.. 25 ..	W F Cantelou	96 50
3712	.. 25 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3713	.. 25 ..	I A McGinnis	26 40
3714	.. 25 ..	W P Baker	38 52
3715	.. 25 ..	F L Boynton	26.08
3716	.. 24 ..	Samuel Murphy	6 10
3717	.. 25 ..	J R Barrows	43 60
3718	.. 25 ..	J Pat Ewing	20 00
3719	.. 25 ..	J R Barrows	64 77
3720	.. 28 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	18 20
3721	.. 28 ..	Bert C Orner	11 66
3722	.. 28 ..	Corpl. Otto Bollhoff	6 00
3723	.. 28 ..	W C Sharum	6 00
3724	.. 28 ..	Orville Smith	2 00
3725	.. 28 ..	D B Arrell	15 00
3726	.. 28 ..	H W Pentecost	1 00
3727	.. 28 ..	J C Orner	3 00
3728	.. 28 ..	Geo W Holbrook	6 00
3729	.. 28 ..	Fred R Jones	2 00
3730	.. 28 ..	Chas Laux	4 16
3731	.. 28 ..	Wm Powers	6 00
3732	.. 28 ..	Frank O Miller	6 00
3733	.. 28 ..	S C Booth	4 00
3734	.. 28 ..	Pearl E Jones	1 00
3735	.. 28 ..	James Teague	2 00
3736	.. 28 ..	Chas W Brewer	1 00
3737	.. 28 ..	Frank Shoenhair	6 00
3738	.. 28 ..	W B Crossland	24 27
3739	.. 29 ..	W W Scott	3 00
3740	.. 29 ..	State Capital Printing Co.	3 75
3741	.. 29 ..	State Capital Printing Co	8 75
3742	.. 29 ..	R J Edwards	11 70
3743	.. 29 ..	W F Pierce	13 81
3744	.. 29 ..	W F Pierce	91 [illegible]
3745	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	[illegible]
3746	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	[illegible]
3747	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	[illegible]
3748	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	[illegible]
3749	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	[illegible]
3750	.. 30 ..	E P McCabe	[illegible]
3751	.. 30 ..	Harry Maxey	[illegible]
[illegible]	31	Harper S Cunningham	[illegible]
[illegible]	31	Geo Thornton	[illegible]
[illegible]	31	Geo Thornton	[illegible]
[illegible]	31	Minnie Thorne	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	L Haynes [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	L Haynes [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Frank M Th[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Sam [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Sam [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Fred L [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Fred L [illegible]	[illegible]

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3765	Mch 31 1898	C M Barnes	65 00
3766	.. 31 ..	George Thornton	5 00
3767	.. 31 ..	Fred L Wenner	5 00
3768	Apr 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3769	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3770	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3771	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3772	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3773	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3774	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3775	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3776	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3777	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3778	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3779	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3780	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3781	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3782	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3783	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3784	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3785	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3786	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3787	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3788	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3789	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3790	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3791	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3792	.. 1 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	409 14
3793	.. 1 ..	John McGrath	93 00
3794	.. 1 ..	John McGrath	18 50
3795	.. 1 ..	Edgar W Jones	83 33
3798	.. 1 ..	John McGrath	102 50
3799	.. 1 ..	Phil C Rosenbaum	132 18
3800	.. 2 ..	State Capital Printing Co	9 50
3801	.. 2 ..	James P Neal	10 10
3802	.. 4 ..	John A Ratliff	222 75
3803	.. 4 ..	A W Durham	17 48
3804	.. 4 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3805	.. 4 ..	W F Cantelou	93 00
3806	.. 5 ..	Bert C Orner	2 00
3807	.. 5 ..	McGregor Douglas	12 00
3808	.. 6 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3809	.. 6 ..	Sam Matthews	78 00
3814	.. 7 ..	N McKay	75 00
3815	.. 7 ..	J T Godfrey	16 72
3816	.. 7 ..	J T Godfrey	100 00
3817	.. 7 ..	J T Godfrey	80 07
3818	.. 7 ..	J R Barrows	8 24
3819	.. 8 ..	J Henderson	15 05
3820	.. 8 ..	J Henderson	190 00
3821	.. 8 ..	J Henderson	10 00
3822	.. 8 ..	E O Tylor	41 10
3823	.. 8 ..	L H Holt	34 15
3824	.. 8 ..	J W Hamilton	35 60
3825	.. 8 ..	S N Hopkins	6 00
3826	.. 8 ..	Biggs & Saunders	2 75
3 27	.. 8 ..	Biggs & Saunders	45 00
3828	.. 8 ..	David Douglas	50 00
3829	.. 8 ..	Frank M Thompson	16 50
3830	.. 8 ..	W R Stapleton	3 50
3831	.. 8 ..	Otto Beckmeyer	3 00
3832	.. 9 ..	E Cook	7 50
3833	.. 9 ..	State Capital Printing Co	25 25
3834	.. 11 ..	J Z Bishop	26 90
3835	.. 11 ..	J C Jamison	3 00
3836	.. 13 ..	E Cook	2 50
3837	.. 13 ..	D N Morrison	109 40
3838	.. 14 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3839	.. 14 ..	R J Edwards	16 70
3840	.. 14 ..	Chas JBenson	21 00
3841	.. 14 ..	J C Tousley	20 00
3842	.. 14 ..	Robert A Lowry	10 00
3843	.. 14 ..	W F Bort	23 60
3844	.. 15 ..	W F Bort	13 60
3845	.. 15 ..	J B Overton	87 10
3846	.. 15 ..	W C Gruber	2 00
3847	.. 15 ..	Elmer Terry	2 00

General Fund Warrants--Continued

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued	Amount
3848	Apr 15 1898	Fred Miliken	$ 1 00
3849	.. 15 ..	Wm M Jenkins	3 30
3850	.. 16 ..	Edgar W Jones	41 66
3851	.. 18 ..	L Haynes Buxton	20 60
3852	.. 18 ..	State Capital Printing Co	39 25
3853	.. 18 ..	J O Walker	26 40
3854	.. 18 ..	Fred L Wenner	42 50
3855	.. 18 ..	W S Hamilton	22 85
3856	.. 18 ..	C M Barnes	9 50
3857	.. 18 ..	W F Pierce	20 65
3858	.. 18 ..	J Z Bishop	14 44
3859	.. 19 ..	Spencer Hardware Co	22 00
3860	.. 19 ..	Leader Printing Co	24 50
3861	.. 20 ..	F M Rinehart	10 85
3862	.. 20 ..	F M Rinehart	72 80
3863	.. 20 ..	E Cook	7 50
3864	.. 20 ..	Robert Huston	2 00
3865	.. 20 ..	S N Hopkins	42 15
3866	.. 22 ..	H S Landis	3,540 50
3867	.. 22 ..	H S Landis	3,508 75
3868	.. 25 ..	W R Brown	21 40
3869	.. 25 ..	H C McGrath	39 95
3870	.. 25 ..	H C McGrath	24 17
3871	.. 25 ..	H C McGrath	28 31
3872	.. 25 ..	S A Akin	16 10
3873	.. 28 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3874	.. 28 ..	W J Dickerson	24 75
3875	.. 28 ..	W J Dickerson	23 75
3876	.. 28 ..	W M Allison	2 25
3877	.. 29 ..	Fred M Elkin	120 00
3878	.. 30 ..	Harry Maxey	40 00
3879	.. 30 ..	Minnie Thorne	35 00
3880	.. 30 ..	Geo Thornton	10 00
3881	.. 30 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3882	.. 30 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3883	.. 30 ..	Fred L Wenner	42 50
3884	.. 30 ..	Bert C Orner	116 67
3885	.. 30 ..	Bert C Orner	2 00
3886	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3887	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	150 00
3888	.. 30 ..	S A Akin	25 59
3890	May 2 ..	S N Hopkins	74 80
3891	.. 2 ..	Geo H Dodson	47 66
3892	.. 3 ..	W F Cantelou	90 00
3893	.. 3 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3894	.. 3 ..	Sam Matthews	90 00
3895	.. 3 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3896	.. 3 ..	C M Barnes	8 20
3897	.. 3 ..	J C Tousley	7 70
3898	.. 3 ..	C J Benson	8 90
3899	.. 3 ..	W F Bort	10 10
3900	.. 3 ..	R J Edwards	10 00
3901	.. 4 ..	G L Finley	35 00
3902	.. 4 ..	F L Boynton	32 50
3903	.. 4 ..	J M Welch	32 00
3904	.. 4 ..	F F Jones	28 50
3905	.. 4 ..	S A McGinnis	33 00
3906	.. 4 ..	Jas P Neal	31 75
3907	.. 4 ..	Chas F Burnett	31 75
3908	.. 4 ..	D B Arrell	30 00
3909	.. 6 ..	H A Platt	33 33
3910	.. 7 ..	James M Wheeler	40 00
3911	.. 9 ..	H C McGrath	50 85
3912	.. 9 ..	John McGrath	78 00
3913	.. 9 ..	John McGrath	18 50
3914	.. 10 ..	M F Lake	36 20
3915	.. 10 ..	Perry Enterprise Times	1 50
3916	.. 11 ..	J Henderson	225 00
3917	.. 11 ..	J W Walker	33 00
3918	.. 13 ..	H Downing	42 45
3919	.. 16 ..	F B Gebke	227 20
3920	.. 16 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3921	.. 19 ..	J B Nicholas	25 60
3922	.. 19 ..	J R Barrows	64 25
3923	.. 21 ..	Frank M Rinehart	72 00
3924	.. 24 ..	W J Dickerson	79 14

General Fund Warrants.—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
3925	May 28, 1898	A W Dunham	$ 12 48
3926	.. 28 ..	John M Cannon	193 05
3927	.. 31 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3928	.. 31 ..	Harry Maxey	40 00
3929	.. 31 ..	Minnie Thorne	36 00
3930	.. 31 ..	Geo Thornton	10 00
3931	.. 31 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3932	.. 31 ..	S N Hopkins	150 00
3933	.. 31 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3934	.. 31 ..	Bert C Orner	116 67
3935	.. 31 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3936	.. 31 ..	Fred L Wenner	85 00
3937	June 2 ..	Sam Matthews	90 00
3938	.. 2 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
3939	.. 3 ..	Geo H Dodson	83 33
3940	.. 4 ..	W F Cantelou	93 00
3941	.. 4 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
3942	.. 8 ..	N MKay	66 00
3943	.. 8 ..	N McKay	81 00
3944	.. 10 ..	Lou J Beland	600 00
3945	.. 10 ..	J Henderson	200 00
3946	.. 10 ..	J Henderson	7 40
3947	.. 13 ..	Will T Little	30 00
3948	.. 13 ..	John McGrath	93 00
3949	.. 13 ..	John McGrath	18 50
3950	.. 13 ..	R J Edwards	16 70
3951	.. 13 ..	F B Lillie	3 85
3952	.. 14 ..	Fred L Wenner	40 50
3953	.. 15 ..	Robert A Lowry	10 00
3954	.. 15 ..	J C Tousley	20 00
3955	.. 15 ..	C J Benson	21 00
3956	.. 15 ..	W F Bort	23 60
3957	.. 18 ..	Chas Laux	16 66
3958	.. 18 ..	H A Platt	16 66
3959	.. 18 ..	James Wheeler	20 00
3960	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3962	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3963	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3964	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3965	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3966	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3967	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3968	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3969	.. 22 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	474 40
3970	.. 27 ..	L Haynes Buxton	38 35
3971	.. 27 ..	E A Axtell	20 00
3872	.. 27 ..	Thos F Milliken	15 00
3973	.. 27 ..	S N Hopkins	11 00
3974	.. 29 ..	Leader Printing Co	71 00
3975	.. 30 ..	Geo F Thornton	10 00
3976	.. 30 ..	Harry Maxey	45 00
3977	.. 30 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
3978	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
3979	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	150 00
3980	.. 30 ..	Geo Thornton	4 30
3981	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	375 00
3982	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	26 20
3983	.. 30 ..	Fred L Wenner	44 50
3984	.. 30 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
3986	.. 30 ..	Bert C Orner	116 67
3987	.. 30 ..	W S Hamilton	7 25
3988	.. 30 ..	L Haynes Buxton	125 00
3989	.. 30 ..	Harper S Cunningham	375 00
3990	July 1 ..	Bert C Orner	2 00
3991	.. 1 ..	J O Severns, Secretary	7 50
3992	.. 1 ..	G McFetridge	3 05
3994	.. 2 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3995	.. 2 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
3996	.. 2 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	517 19
3997	.. 2 ..	F M Elkin	170 00
3998	.. 2 ..	J Henderson	225 00
3999	.. 2 ..	Tecumseh Republican	2 25
4000	.. 2 ..	L J Gunn	16 25
4	.. 2 ..	J Henderson	500 00
5	.. 2 ..	J W Hamilton	18 60
6	.. 2 ..	Frank M Thompson	9 00
7	.. 2 ..	E O Tyler	22 40

General Fund Warrants.—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
8	July 2 1898	L H Holt	$ 22 65
9	.. 5 ..	James Kelley	18 70
11	.. 6 ..	R A Lowry	11 70
12	.. 6 ..	R A Lowry	9 80
13	.. 6 ..	W F Bort	10 30
14	.. 6 ..	C J Benson	9 50
15	.. 6 ..	R J Edwards	5 00
16	.. 6 ..	W J Coulton	90 00
17	.. 6 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
18	.. 6 ..	Sam Matthews	90 00
19	.. 6 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
20	.. 6 ..	John McGrath	18 50
21	.. 6 ..	C M Barnes	8 20
22	.. 7 ..	Geo H Dodson	83 33
23	.. 7 ..	A H Huston	250 00
24	.. 8 ..	E P McCabe	1 40
25	.. 9 ..	John McGrath	84 00
26	.. 14 ..	Harry Maxey	20 00
27	.. 15 ..	N M Kay	42 00
28	.. 15 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
29	.. 21 ..	State Capital Printing Co	5 25
30	.. 21 ..	State Capital Printing Co	5 00
31	.. 21 ..	State Capital Printing Co	7 00
32	.. 22 ..	John Anderson	110 00
33	.. 22 ..	Robert A Lowry	15 60
34	.. 22 ..	R J Edwards	16 70
35	.. 22 ..	J Henderson	30 00
36	.. 22 ..	J Henderson	26 30
37	.. 22 ..	Inman E Page	1 30
38	.. 22 ..	Inman E Page	3 28
39	.. 22 ..	Inman E Page	20 07
40	.. 23 ..	C M Barnes	9 50
41	.. 25 ..	J C Tousley	20 00
42	.. 25 ..	W F Bort	23 60
43	.. 26 ..	Leader Printing Co	3 50
44	.. 26 ..	H S Landis	3,981 50
45	.. 27 ..	S M Gloyd	350 00
46	.. 28 ..	M McKinley	5 25
47	.. 28 ..	Creed Walker	110 00
48	.. 30 ..	S N Horkins	150 00
49	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
50	.. 30 ..	Harry Maxey	25 00
51	.. 30 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
52	.. 30 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
53	.. 30 ..	L H Holt	350 00
54	.. 30 ..	Emory R Buckner	33 75
55	.. 30 ..	John L McAtee, Jr.	50 00
56	Aug. 1 ..	Fred L Wenner	100 00
57	.. 1 ..	Bert C Orner	116 67
58	.. 1 ..	George Thornton	5 00
59	.. 3 ..	Thos F Millikan	20 10
60	.. 3 ..	S A Akins	124 52
61	.. 3 ..	G McFetridge	2 13
62	.. 4 ..	J O Severans	3 75
63	.. 6 ..	W F Cantelou	93 00
64	.. 6 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
65	.. 8 ..	Sam Matthews	93 00
66	.. 8 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
67	.. 10 ..	Geo Dodson	83 33
68	.. 10 ..	H A Platt	42 20
69	.. 12 ..	Bert C Orner	1 00
70	.. 12 ..	John McGrath	18 00
71	.. 16 ..	Stowe Hardware Co	100 00
72	.. 16 ..	Inman E Page	36 00
73	.. 16 ..	Henry Petree	9 00
74	.. 16 ..	J Henderson	92 30
75	.. 16 ..	E P McCabe	50 00
76	.. 16 ..	S Douglas Russell	10 00
77	.. 16 ..	W J Walker	46 20
78	.. 16 ..	J Henderson	31 00
79	.. 16 ..	Arkansas Lumber Co	300 00
80	.. 16 ..	L H Holt	36 62
81	.. 16 ..	J Henderson	200 00
82	.. 16 ..	Jim Powers	31 20
83	.. 17 ..	D B Shear	3 60
84	.. 20 ..	Will T Little	30 00
85	.. 25 ..	W S Hamilton	6 75

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
86	Aug 26 1898	L Haynes Buxton	$ 22 10
87	.. 29 ..	J C Tousley	13 80
88	.. 29 ..	C J Benson	9 50
89	.. 29 ..	R A Lowry	8 20
90	.. 29 ..	C M Barnes	8 00
91	.. 29 ..	W F Bort	10 80
92	.. 29 ..	R J Edwards	5 00
93	.. 29 ..	Thos F Millikan	20 00
94	.. 31 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
95	.. 31 ..	E P McCabe	75 00
96	.. 31 ..	Geo Thornton	10 00
97	.. 31 ..	Harry Maxey	45 00
98	.. 31 ..	Fred L Wenner	100 00
99	.. 31 ..	Bert C Orner	116 67
100	.. 31 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
101	Sept. 1 ..	Bert C Orner	2 00
102	.. 2 ..	Harper S Cunningham	88 04
103	.. 3 ..	Castainen Bros	1 00
104	.. 3 ..	Geo H Dodson	83 33
105	.. 9 ..	E O Tyler	33 60
106	.. 9 ..	Inman E Page	63 98
107	.. 9 ..	State Capital Printing Co	2 80
108	.. 10 ..	D J Wallace	3 00
109	.. 12 ..	S N Hopkins	45 20
110	.. 14 ..	E P McCabe	50 00
111	.. 14 ..	W S Cooper	24 00
112	.. 16 ..	W F Cantelou	93 00
113	.. 16 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
114	.. 22 ..	Wm T Little	30 00
115	.. 22 ..	Arkansas Lumber Co	18 95
116	.. 28 ..	E M Hoag	1 25
117	.. 28 ..	Harper S Cunningham	375 00
118	.. 28 ..	C W Bickel	87 00
119	.. 28 ..	C W Bickel	18 50
120	.. 28 ..	Sam Matthews	93 00
121	.. 30 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
122	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	150 00
123	.. 30 ..	State Capital Printing Co	11 05
124	.. 30 ..	Geo Thornton	10 00
125	.. 30 ..	Harry Maxey	45 00
126	.. 30 ..	E P McCabe	75 00
127	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
128	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
129	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
130	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
131	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
132	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
133	.. 20 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
134	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
135	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
136	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
137	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
138	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
139	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
140	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
141	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
142	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
143	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
144	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
145	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	500 00
146	.. 30 ..	Oklahoma Sanitarium Co	723 65
147	.. 30 ..	L Haynes Buxton	125 00
148	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
149	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	375 00
150	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	17 00
151	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	150 00
152	Oct 1 ..	Bert C Orner	116 67
153	.. 1 ..	George Thornton	5 00
154	.. 1 ..	Sam Matthews	90 00
155	.. 1 ..	Sam Matthews	18 50
156	.. 1 ..	L Haynes Buxton	13 25
157	.. 1 ..	W S Hamilton	6 75
158	.. 3 ..	J C McClelland	2 35
159	.. 3 ..	Electric Light Co	8 20
160	.. 5 ..	Geo H Dodson	83 33
161	.. 5 ..	Nathaniel McKay	66 00
162	.. 5 ..	Fred L Wenner	100 00

General Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
163	Oct. 7 1898	O W Annis	$ 145 15
164	.. 10 ..	N McKay	42 00
165	.. 10 ..	N McKay	66 00
166	.. 10 ..	C W Bickel	75 00
167	.. 10 ..	C W Bickel	18 50
168	.. 10 ..	R J Edwards	5 00
169	.. 10 ..	G McFetridge	1 10
170	.. 10 ..	Benj F Hegler	17 25
171	.. 10 ..	C M Barnes	2 00
172	.. 24 ..	W F Cantelou	90 00
173	.. 24 ..	S A Akins	34 50
174	.. 24 ..	W F Cantelou	18 50
175	.. 24 ..	Fred M Elkins	150 00
176	.. 24 ..	C J Benson	8 80
177	.. 25 ..	R J Edwards	22 50
178	.. 29 ..	Will T Little	30 00
179	.. 29 ..	Will T Little	30 00
180	.. 29 ..	Geo Thornton	1 25
181	.. 29 ..	O W Jones	51 00
182	.. 29 ..	J Pat Ewing	12 50
183	.. 29 ..	Harry Maxey	37 00
184	.. 31 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
185	.. 31 ..	Geo Thornton	10 00
186	.. 31 ..	E P McCabe	125 00
187	.. 31 ..	Bert C Orner	116 67
188	.. 31 ..	Geo Thornton	5 00
189	.. 31 ..	Fred L Wenner	100 00
190	.. 31 ..	Fred L Wenner	2 95
191	.. 31 ..	Fred L Wenner	2 09
192	Nov. 1 ..	Frank M Thompson	15 30
193	.. 2 ..	Geo H Dodson	83 33
194	.. 3 ..	Bert C Orner	2 00
195	.. 3 ..	C H Scrutchfield	1 95
196	.. 4 ..	E Y Titus	3 00
197	.. 4 ..	Joe Johnson	4 50
198	.. 5 ..	C H Miller	4 50
199	.. 7 ..	A J Ross	3 75
200	.. 7 ..	Bert Campbell	4 50
201	.. 7 ..	Henry H Patton	4 50
202	.. 7 ..	Mulhall Enterprise	3 75
204	.. 10 ..	C W Bickel	93 00
205	.. 10 ..	C M Hill	4 50
206	.. 10 ..	John W Bishop	4 50
207	.. 10 ..	E F Krews	3 75
208	.. 10 ..	H C Chapman	3 75
209	.. 11 ..	C W Bickel	9 80
210	.. 11 ..	Sam Matthews	9 80
211	.. 11 ..	C J Benson	16 00
212	.. 11 ..	Sam Matthews	93 00
213	.. 11 ..	J C Tousley	50 00
214	.. 11 ..	B T Barnes	13 00
316	.. 11 ..	B T Barnes	12 00
217	.. 11 ..	B T Barnes	14 50
218	.. 11 ..	C J Benson	12 50
219	.. 11 ..	J C Tousley	17 00
220	.. 11 ..	R J Edwards	8 00
221	.. 12 ..	E P McCabe	40 00
222	.. 14 ..	Will T Little	30 00
223	.. 14 ..	B L Welch	4 50
224	.. 14 ..	L N Palmer	3 75
225	.. 14 ..	E E Brown	3 75
226	.. 14 ..	M E Thomas	4 50
228	.. 16 ..	J W Randall	3 75
229	.. 16 ..	J H Bean	4 50
230	.. 16 ..	L J Gunn	4 50
231	.. 16 ..	Ponca Courier	4 50
232	.. 16 ..	O W Annis	61 89
233	.. 19 ..	W S Morris	4 50
234	.. 19 ..	Geo L Drumond	4 50
235	.. 21 ..	Wm Tilghman	128 86
236	.. 21 ..	James E Kelley	4 50
237	.. 25 ..	L McKinley	4 50
238	.. 25 ..	W M Allison	4 50
239	.. 25 ..	E E Brown	3 50
240	.. 25 ..	Ebright & Walbright	4 50
241	.. 25 ..	State Capital Printing Co	4 50
242	.. 25 ..	State Capital Printing Co	4 50

General Fund Warrant—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
243	Nov. 25 1898	State Capital Printing Co	$ 15 00
244	.. 25 ..	State Capital Printing Co	2 50
345	.. 28 ..	E M Blackwell	3 75
246	.. 28 ..	L F Laverty	100 05
247	.. 29 ..	L Haynes Buxton	53 40
248	.. 29 ..	State Capital Printing Co	472 50
249	.. 26 ..	State Capital Printing Co	472 50
250	.. 29 ..	State Capita. Printing Co	472 50
251	.. 29 ..	State Capital Printing Co	472 50
252	.. 29 ..	Frank Smith	4 75
253	.. 30 ..	S N Hopkins	100 00
254	.. 30 ..	Geo Thornton	10 00
255	.. 30 ..	Harry Maxey	45 00
256	.. 30 ..	E PMcCabe	85 00
257	.. 30 ..	Frank M Thompson	18 95
258	.. 30 ..	George Dodson	83 32
259	.. 30 ..	Fred L Wenner	100 00
261	.. 30 ..	Geo Thorntonk	5 00
262	.. 30 ..	Frank T Cook	4 50
263	.. 30 ..	Fred L Wenner	6 50
264	.. 30 ..	State Capital Printing Co	43 40

Deaf and Dumb School Fund Warrants.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
1	April 1, 18 8	H C Beamer	$ 670 00
2	" 1 "	H C Beamer	440 22
3	July 2 "	H C Beamer	250 00
4	" 2 "	H C Beamer	250 00
5	" 2 "	H C Beamer	250 00
6	" 2 "	H C Beamer	250 00
7	" 2 "	H C Beamer	250 00
8	" 2 "	H C Beamer	158 33
9	Oct. 1 "	H C Beamer	400 00
10	" 1 "	H C Beamer	400 00
11	" 1 "	H C Beamer	314 00
12	Nov. 10 "	H C Beamer	186 96

Library Fund Warrants

No	Date.	To Whom Issued.	mount
1	July 19, 1897	P H Haner	$ 60 00
2	Nov. 30, "	U C Guss	50 00
4	Feb. 18, 1898	State Capital Printing Co	49 96
5	May 21, "	M L Turner	27 25

Normal School Fund Warrants.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
509	Jan. 6, 1897	J O Allen	$ 350 00
510	" 6 "	Mrs Chas F York	225 00
511	" 6 "	Walter L Ross	350 00
512	" 6 "	Edwin W Doran	300 00
513	" 6 "	A H Boles	12 40
514	" 6 "	Roscoe C Boles	180 00
515	" 8 "	Ida Muskedall	28 25
516	" 8 "	W J Huffman	5 25
517	" 8 "	Moore & Howard	23 02
518	" 8 "	W J Huffman	1 50
519	" 8 "	Edgerton & Shaver	6 30
520	" 8 "	L C Reder	1 75
521	" 8 "	John L Mitch	144 60
522	" 8 "	John L Mitch	3 00
523	" 8 "	James Brown	84 76
524	" 8 "	Frank P Shepherd	8 00
525	" 8 "	Frank P Shepherd	14 00
526	" 8 "	Edward Fielding	14 90
527	" 8 "	Henry Koontz	10 00
528	" 8 "	E Zigefuse	11 00
529	" 8 "	James Brown	49 70
530	" 8 "	M L Turner	6 45
531	" 8 "	A O Nichols	6 40
532	" 8 "	Tella Turner	225 00
533	" 9 "	Edmund D Murdaugh	625 00
534	" 9 "	Richard Thatcher	300 00
535	" 9 "	Nina E Johnson	225 00
536	" 9 "	E D Murdaugh	80 75
537	April 1 "	D P Marum	60 00
538	" 2 "	Roscoe C Boles	180 00
539	" 2 "	Tella Turner	225 00
540	" 2 "	M L Turner	6 40
541	" 2 "	A O Nichols	6 40
542	" 2 "	E D Murduugh	625 00
543	" 2 "	J O Allen	350 00
544	" 2 "	E D Murdaugh	12 80
545	" 2 "	R Thatcher	300 00
546	" 2 "	Nina E Johnson	225 00
547	" 2 "	Walter L Ross	350 00
548	" 2 "	Chas F York	225 00
549	" 2 "	Edwin Doran	300 00
550	" 2 "	John L Mitch	8 00
551	" 2 "	John L Mitch	6 22
552	" 2 "	Henry Goldsmith	56 50
553	" 2 "	The Normal Philomath	15 00
554	" 2 "	John L Mitch	4 75
555	" 2 "	Moore & Howard	26 80
556	" 2 "	Houghton, Mifflin & Co	17 99
557	" 2 "	Edward Fielding	3 30
558	" 2 "	Jasper Sipes	8 75
559	" 2 "	WJ Huffman	5 75
560	" 2 "	F D Kirby & Bro	1 75
561	" 2 "	Jasper Sipes	30 00
562	" 2 "	Finch & Nelson	45 00
563	" 2 "	Wichita Mirror	15 00
564	" 2 "	F W Thurston & Co	4 50
565	" 2 "	F S Peck	10 14
566	" 2 "	F S Peck	5 00
567	" 2 "	C Henneke & Co	30 22
568	" 19 "	Ned Cheadle	128 58
569	May 5 "	Thos Kane & Co	37 92
570	June 15 "	John L Mitch	3 00
571	" 15 "	Jas Brown	61 41
572	" 15 "	W A Olmstead	6 60
573	July 6 "	Roscoe Boles	50 00
574	" 6 "	Roscoe Boles	130 00
575	" 6 "	A H Boles	12 40
576	" 6 "	D P Marum	60 00
577	" 8 "	Finch & Nelson	8 20
578	" 8 "	Edwin W Doran	300 00
579	" 8 "	Mrs Chas York	225 00
580	" 8 "	J W Howard	13 65
581	" 8 "	Moore & Howard	5 15
582	" 8 "	A O Nichols	6 40
583	" 8 "	Jasper Sipes	25 00
584	" 8 "	Ed Fielding	2 05
585	" 8 "	Reder Bros	14 60

Normal school fund warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
586	July 8, 1897	David Douglas	$ 50 00
587	" 8 "	Jasper Sipes	123 95
588	" 8 "	F D Kibby & Bro	1 75
589	" 8 "	J J Kerwin	9 35
590	" 8 "	J W Wall	33 50
591	" 8 "	Joseph Bubser	25 00
592	" 8 "	W A Omstead & Co	105 05
593	" 8 "	Jasper Sipes	46 15
594	" 8 "	E D Murdaugh	47 45
595	" 8 "	E D Murdaugh	625 00
596	" 8 "	Tella Turner	225 00
597	" 8 "	Richard Thatcher	300 00
598	" 8 "	Nina E Johnson	225 00
599	" 8 "	Walter L Ross	350 00
600	" 8 "	J R Taylor	6 00
601	" 8 "	J O Allen	350 00
602	" 8 "	John L Mitch	73 10
603	" 8 "	M L Turner	6 40
604	Oct. 1 "	D P Marum	243 00
605	" 1 "	A H Boles	66 00
606	" 1 "	Arthur Boles	75 00
607	" 2 "	Frank M Thompson	38 00
608	" 2 "	A O Nichols	19 20
609	" 4 "	Owens & Kufybill	200 00
610	" 4 "	John L Mitch	15 00
611	" 4 "	John L Mitch	20 70
61	" 4 "	J G Imell	40 00
613	" 4 "	Tella Turner	225 00
614	" 4 "	Mrs Chas F York	225 00
615	" 4 "	Lizzie E Wooster	75 00
616	" 4 "	Ben Stone	105 00
617	" 4 "	Fred Umholtz	100 00
618	" 4 "	Nina Eugenia Johnson	225 00
619	" 4 "	Richard Thatcher	300 00
620	" 4 "	E D Murdaugh	109 50
621	" 4 "	E D Murdaugh	600 00
622	" 4 "	E D Murdaugh	50 00
623	" 4 "	J O Allen	300 00
624	" 4 "	Walter L Ross	3[illegible]0 00
625	" 15 "	John E Moore	37 45
626	" 15 "	Jas E Ament	100 00
627	" 15 "	Jas E Ament	154 73
628	" 15 "	W H Wiggins	12 00
629	" 15 "	J F Mattison	6 10
630	" 15 "	A L Circle	5 00
631	" 19 "	J E Moore	6 00
632	" 20 "	J W Howard	42 25
633	" 20 "	Edgerton & Shaver	2 05
634	" 20 "	J L Mitch	7 33
635	" 20 "	Reder Bros	1 25
636	" 20 "	J R Taylor	4 15
637	" 20 "	State Cap Pub Co	5 50
638	" 20 "	J V Fenner	4 50
639	" 20 "	E D Murdaugh	80 35
640	" 20 "	Frank McMaster	33 25
641	" 20 "	S N Poppino	5 25
642	" 20 "	Henry Weed	13 25
643	" 20 "	Geo F Fox	95 00
644	" 20 "	Geo Fox	2 50
645	" 20 "	Finch & Nelson	125 00
646	" 20 "	W J Huffman.	7 00
647	" 20 "	W J Huffman	2 85
648	" 20 "	Jasper Sipes	31 85
649	" 20 "	Edwin W Doran	200 00
650	" 20 "	Kibby Bros	62 72
651	" 21 "	E A Axtell	3 50
652	" 21 "	Daily Leader	20 50
653	" 22 "	Lizzie E Wooster	27 12
654	" 28 "	Owens, Turbyfill & Co	1,000 00
655	" 29 "	Jasper Sipes	315 15
656	Nov. 5 "	Mary D Lisle	50 00
657	" 5 "	Sara L Bosworth	50 00
658	" 8 "	Emmet Knighlinger	8 35
659	" 8 "	Jas E Ament	17 88
6[illegible]0	" 24 "	J W Owen	1,000 00
661	Dec. 1 "	Jas E Ament	100 00
662	" 1 "	Stephen Lewis	6 25

Normal school fund warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued	Amount.
663	Dec. 1, 1897	mmett Knightlinger	$ 8 70
664	" 1 "	Sara Bosworth	50 00
665	" 1 "	M DeLisle	50 00
666	" 1 "	J O Allen	200 00
667	" 1 "	R O Blakeney	2 40
668	" 1 "	Times Journal	2 65
669	" 1 "	American Book Co	9 60
670	" 1 "	A C McClurg & Co	255 16
671	" 1 "	Jas. E. Ament	100 00
672	" 4 "	Arthur Boles	50 00
673	" 7 "	Fred H Umholtz	100 00
674	" 7 "	Fred H Umholtz	100 00
675	" 7 "	Clara York	150 00
676	" 7 "	Nina E Johnson	150 00
677	" 7 "	Walter L Ross	200 00
678	" 11 "	Edmund D Murdaugh	400 00
679	" 11 "	J G Imel	40 00
680	" 11 "	Richard Thatcher	200 00
681	" 15 "	Mary DeLisle	50 00
682	" 15 "	Sara Bosworth	50 00
683	" 21 "	Tella Turner	150 00
684	Jan. 1 1898	Fred H Umholtz	100 00
685	" 4 "	D P Marum	183 00
686	" 4 "	Frank M Thompson	22 20
687	" 4 "	S N Hopkins	28 60
688	" 4 "	Jas E Ament	100 00
689	" 4 "	Jas E Ament	10 80
690	" 4 "	Jas E Ament	40 28
691	" 4 "	Jas E Ament	21 62
692	" 4 "	Crowell Bros	216 99
696	" 5 "	Ben Stone	120 00
697	" 5 "	A H Boles	40 20
698	" 5 "	Arthur Boles	25 60
699	" 5 "	Edmund D Murdaugh	200 00
700	" 5 "	Richard Thatcher	100 00
701	" 5 "	Clara T York	75 00
702	" 5 "	Walter L Ross	100 00
703	" 5 "	Nina E Johnson	75 00
704	" 5 "	J O Allen	75 00
705	" 5 "	Lizzie E Wooster	150 00
706	" 5 "	J G Imel	20 00
707	" 6 "	Tella Turner	75 00
708	" 7 "	Times Democrat	18 85
709	" 7 "	J W Howard	6 15
710	" 7 "	James Brown	102 66
711	" 7 "	James Brown	136 87
712	" 7 "	James Brown	80
713	" 7 "	Foot & Carey	46 85
714	" 7 "	W H Tuttle	10 25
715	" 7 "	J L Mitch	33 05
716	" 7 "	J L Mitch	12 00
717	" 7 "	Thos Kane & Co	198 10
718	" 7 "	W J Olmsted	312 12
719	" 7 "	August Gost	33 00
720	" 7 "	Stephens Litho Co	11 25
721	" 7 "	Henry Goldsmith	83 00
722	" 7 "	Jasper Sipes	15 00
723	" 7 "	Geri & Co	51 30
724	" 7 "	A G McClurg & Co	39 87
725	" 7 "	Geri & Co	1 50
726	" 7 "	Kenffil and Esser Co	292 35
727	" 7 "	W A Olmsted & Co	465 12
728	" 8 "	Lizzie E Wooster	75 00
729	" 10 "	Thos Kane & Co	327 60
730	" 26 "	John L Mitch	2 90
731	" 26 "	James Brown	53 90
732	" 26 "	J L Piecefield	11 25
733	" 26 "	James Brown	21 00
734	" 26 "	State Capitol Printing Co	8 75
735	" 26 "	James E Ament	30 45
736	" 26 "	F S Barde	11 10
737	" 26 "	Sara L Bosworth	51 00
738	" 26 "	E D Murdaugh	6 00
739	" 26 "	Mary DeLisle	51 00
740	" 27 "	Owen, Thurbyfield & Co	325 27
741	" 27 "	Joe M Rhodes	300 00
742	" 27 "	A H Boles	27 80

Normal school fund warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount.
743	Jan. 27,1898	Owen Turbeyfield & Co.	$ 27 00
744	Feb. 11 "	Geo F Fox	13 00
745	" 14 "	J L Mitch	5 25
746	" 19 "	Geo M Fenner	29 70
747	" 19 "	Edmond Lumber Co.	49 00
748	" 19 "	H J Cullen	27 50
749	" 19 "	J R Taylor	3 50
750	" 19 "	Alex McDonald	2 65
751	" 19 "	James Brown	18 50
752	" 19 "	John L Mitch	20 68
753	" 19 "	Bank of Edmond	83 20
754	Mar. 9 "	Donnohue & Henneberry	15 62
755	Apr. 5 "	Jas E Ament	300 00
756	" 5 "	Sara Bosworth	150 75
757	" 5 "	Mary DeLisle	150 75
758	" 5 "	D P Marum	249 00
760	" 5 "	Nina E Johnson	225 00
761	" 5 "	Lizzie E Wooster	232 42
762	" 6 "	E D Murdaugh	5 00
763	" 6 "	E D Murdaugh	600 00
764	" 6 "	Walter L Ross	300 00
765	" 6 "	Tella Turner	225 00
766	" 6 "	J O Allen	300 00
767	" 6 "	F H Umholtz	300 00
768	" 6 "	Richard Thatcher	300 00
769	" 6 "	Clara York	225 00
770	" 6 "	John L Mitch	100 00
771	" 6 "	W J Huffman	25 00
772	" 6 "	J J Kerwin	6 90
773	" 6 "	J W Howard	75
774	" 6 "	J W Howard	24 85
775	" 6 "	James Brown	201 11
777	" 6 "	Arthur Boles	75 00
778	" 6 "	J G Imel	45 00
779	" 6 "	O B Reagan	120 00
780	" 6 "	John L Mitch	18 00
781	" 6 "	John Pfaff	106 25
782	" 6 "	John Pfaff	106 25
783	" 6 "	John Pfaff	106 25
784	" 6 "	John Pfaff	106 25
785	" 6 "	John Pfaff	85 00
786	" 6 "	John Pfaff	90 00
787	" 6 "	Henry E Noble	85 74
788	" 7 "	W J Madden	6 15
789	" 7 "	W F Hatfield	6 00
790	" 7 "	L J Gunn	11 80
791	" 7 "	S B Share & Co	4 95
792	" 7 "	McMasters' Printing Co	9 00
793	" 7 "	P E Hannah	1 50
794	" 7 "	S P Myers	9 83
795	" 7 "	L W Cole	6 50
796	" 7 "	B F Nihart	5 00
797	" 7 "	W A Olsted Scientific Co	40 00
798	" 7 "	S N Hopkins	41 40
799	" 7 "	Frank M Thompson	41 40
800	" 7 "	W A Olmsted	2 30
801	" 7 "	Thomas Kane & Co	69 60
802	" 15 "	James E Ament	79 24
803	" 23 "	Owen Turbeyfull & Co	325 00
804	July 2 "	E D Murdaugh	600 00
805	" 2 "	E D Murdaugh	10 11
806	" 2 "	E D Murdaugh	2 00
807	" 2 "	J G Imel	45 00
808	" 2 "	E D Murdaugh	41 50
809	" 2 "	E D Murdaugh	49 99
810	" 2 "	D D Leach	18 60
811	" 2 "	William E Augerman	401 35
812	" 2 "	F L Umholtz	300 00
813	" 2 "	Tella Turner	225 00
814	" 2 "	Mrs Charles F York	225 00
815	" 2 "	Nina E Johnson	225 00
816	" 2 "	W J Huffman	129 00
817	" 2 "	W J Huffman	20 00
819	" 2 "	L J Gunn	1 80
820	" 2 "	Richard Thatcher	300 00
821	" 2 "	Albert B Reagin	80 00
822	" 2 "	Frank M Thompson	6 40

Normal School Fund Warrants—Continued.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
823	July 2 1897	D P Marum	$ 60 00
824	" 2 "	James E Ament	500 00
825	" 2 "	James E Ament	57 67
826	" 2 "	Arthur Boles	50 00
827	" 2 "	Lizzie E Wooster	225 00
828	" 2 "	Lizzie E Wooster	150 00
829	" 2 "	J O Allen	300 00
830	" 2 "	Walter L Ross	300 00
831	" 2 "	S A Wingler	9 00
832	" 2 "	Foster & Thompson	4 86
833	" 2 "	Foster & Thompson	4 05
834	" 2 "	Montgomery Ward & Co	14 12
835	" 2 "	James Bubser	12 00
836	" 2 "	Edgerton & Shaver	5 00
837	" 2 "	L Nathan	3 75
838	" 2 "	Finch & Casey	8 75
839	" 2 "	Tibby Bros	3 75
840	" 2 "	J J Kerwin	10 30
841	" 2 "	J W Howard	24 05
842	" 2 "	Oklahoma School Herald	30 00
843	" 2 "	Harper S Cunningham	2 00
844	" 2 "	James Brown	86 10
845	" 2 "	W B Cendon	9 80
846	" 2 "	S N Hopkins	6 40
847	" 2 "	Kennedy Bros	91 80
848	" 20 "	Thomas Kane & Co	45 00
849	" 20 "	Thomas Kane & Co	6 70
850	Aug. 13 "	Otto Bekemeyer	25 00
851	" 17 "	State Capital Printing Co	23 75
852	Oct. 7 "	E D Murdaugh	17 50
853	" 7 "	E D Murdaugh	600 00
854	" 7 "	Finch & Casey	17 65
855	" 7 "	E D Murdaugh	50 78
856	" 7 "	D D Leach	200 00
857	" 7 "	William J Huffman	12 48
858	" 7 "	William J Huffman	54 50
859	" 7 "	William J Huffman	80 00
860	" 7 "	J G Imel	45 00
861	" 7 "	F H Umholtz	300 00
862	" 7 "	J O Allen	200 00
863	" 7 "	J O Allen	100 00
864	" 7 "	Mrs J G Imel	15 00
865	" 7 "	D D Leach	13 80
866	" 7 "	Inez Green	75 00
867	" 7 "	Richard Thatcher	300 00
868	" 7 "	Tella Turner	225 00
869	" 7 "	John Moore	256 85
870	" 7 "	James Brown	431 25
871	" 7 "	Clara York	225 00
872	" 7 "	J W Baxter	300 00
873	" 7 "	J D Leonard	10 90
874	" 7 "	Nina E Johnson	225 00
875	" 7 "	J W Howard	27 55
876	" 7 "	Edmond Lumber Co	19 50
880	" 7 "	Joseph Bubser	7 50
881	" 7 "	Ralph L Mullerson	7 28
882	" 7 "	Gunn & Musgrove	14 50
883	" 7 "	Gunn & Musgrove	2 25
884	" 7 "	D P Marum	120 00
885	" 7 "	David Douglas	15 00
886	" 8 "	L J Gunn	23 60
887	" 8 "	Frank M Thompson	12 80
888	" 8 "	E D Murdaugh	4 00
889	" 8 "	J H Ellis	100 00
890	" 8 "	M DeLisle	82 32
891	" 17 "	A Flanagan	69 07

Northwestern Normal Building Fund Warrants.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount.
3572	Jan. 5, 1898	J Foucart	$ 300 00
3810	April 7 ..	J Foucart	200 00
3811	.. 7 ..	J Foucart	100 00
3812	.. 7 ..	J Foucart	75 00
3813	.. 7 ..	J Foucart	70 00
3993	July 2 ..	John Volk & Co	4,000 00

Northwestern Normal School Land Lease Fund Warrants.

No.	Date.	To Whom Issued.	Amount
1	July 2 1898	John Volk & Co	$ 4,000 00
2	Oct 8 "	M DeLisle	17 93
3	" 8 "	Sara L Bosworth	100 25
4	" 8 "	J Foucart	2 50
6	" 8 "	Calvin Jackson	25 25
7	" 8 "	James E Ament	59 40
8	" 8 "	James E Ament	200 00
10	" 8 "	J Everett Smith	33 33
11	" 8 "	Sara L Bosworth	75 00
12	" 8 "	M DeLisle	75 00
13	" 27 "	J E Smith	66 67
14	" 28 "	Sara L Bosworth	25 00
15	" 28 "	M Delisle	25 00
16	" 28 "	James E Ament	44 67
18	Nov. 10 "	Sara L Bosworth	125 00
19	" 10 "	M DeLisle	125 00
20	" 15 "	Thomas Kane & Co	70 44
21	" 15 "	J W Monfort	25 53
22	" 15 "	Stevens Lithograph Co	45 47
23	" 19 "	James E Ament	255 33

PROCEEDINGS OF THE TERRITORIAL BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

GUTHRIE, OKLA, June 21, 1897.

Pursuant to the provisions of chapter 43 of the session laws of Oklahoma 1895, the territorial board of equalization of the Territory of Oklahoma met in the auditor's office in the city of Guthrie, Monday, June 21, 1897. The following members were present: Governor C. M. Barnes, president; Territorial Secretary Thomas J. Lowe, and Auditor A. O. Nichols, secretary.

The abstracts of assessments not having been received from all the counties, the board adjourned to meet Saturday, June 26, 1897, at ten o'clock A. M.

A. O. NICHOLS,

Territorial Auditor and Secretary Territorial Board of Equalization.

GUTHRIE, O. T., June 26, 1897.

The board met pursuant to adjournment. There were present; Governor C. M. Barnes, president; Territorial Secretary Thomas J. Lowe, and Auditor A. O. Nichols, secretary of the board, and Attorney General Harper S. Cunningham. All abstracts of assessments having been received by the secretary of the board, the board entered at once upon the work at hand. Upon request the attorney general went at length into the law prescribing the powers of the board, explaining that, according to the decision of the supreme court it was the duty of the board to so adjust the several county assessments that they would be both equalized and made to conform to the law requiring all property to be assessed at its actual cash value.

A careful inspection of the abstracts of assessments of the several counties revealed the fact that, in the judgment of the board, the assessment of Logan County, as reported to the board, was the most nearly in accordance with the law.

On motion it was therefore ordered that the assessment of Logan County be taken as a basis for equalization for the current year 1897.

On motion the secretary of the board was directed to compute the percentages to be added to or subtracted from the several counties on the above basis.

On motion the board adjourned until three o'clock p. m. of the same day.
A. O. NICHOLS,
Territorial Auditor and Secretary Territorial Board of Equalization.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The board met pursuant to adjournment. Present, Governor C. M. Barnes, president; Territorial Secretary Thomas J Lowe, and Auditor A. O. Nichols, secretary.

From the computations of the secretary of the board it was found necessary to make the following changes in the county assessments reported to the board, and on motion such changes were so ordered, towit:

COUNTY.	Per Cent. of Increase	Per Cent. of Derease.
Beaver	.73	
Blaine	.65 county	
Canadian	.30 county prop.	.13 reservation
Cleveland	.18	
Custer	.32	
D	.27	
Day	.11	
Garfield	.32	
Grant	.32	
Greer		.03
Kay	.25 county prop.	.36 reservation
Kingfisher	.30	
Lincoln	.21	
Logan	.00	
Noble	.27	
Oklahoma	.23	
Pawnee	.17	.22 reservation
Payne	.18	
Pottawatomie	.03	
Roger Mills	.01	
Washita	.20	
Woods	.41	
Woodward	.28	

On motion it was ordered that the rate of general territorial tax for the current year 1897 should be three mills on the dollar on the valuations hereinbefore fixed; that the tax for the erection and support of the normal schools be one-half mill on the dollar; that the tax for the erection and support of the territorial university be one-half mill on the dollar; that the Tax for Interest on Territorial Bonds be one-fifth mill on the dollar; the education of the blind be one-twentieth mill on the dollar; that the tax for the education of the deaf and dumb be one-twentieth mill on the dollar.

On motion the auditor was directed to certify to each of the counties of the territory its respective valuation together with the levy for territorial purposes as herein made. There being no further business before the board, the board adjourned sine die.

A. O. NICHOLS,

Territorial Auditor and Secretary Territorial Board of Equalization.

GUTHRIE, O. T., June 20, 1898.

Pursuant to the provisions of chapter 43 of the session laws of Oklahoma, 1895, the territorial board of equalization for the territory of Oklahoma met in the auditor's office in the city of Guthrie, Monday, June 20, 1898.

The following members were present: Territorial Secretary Wm. M. Jenkins, and Auditor S. N. Hopkins, secretary.

The abstracts of assessments not having been received from all the counties, the board adjourned to meet Saturday, June 25, at four o'clock P. M.

S. N. HOPKINS,

Territorial Auditor and Secretary Territorial Board of Equalization.

GUTHRIE, O, T., June 25, 1898.

The territorial board of equalization convened at the territorial auditor's office pursuant to adjournment.

There were present Governor C. M. Barnes, president; Territorial Secretary Wm. M. Jenkins and Auditor S. N. Hopkins. secretary of board.

The abstracts of assessments not having been received from all the counties, the board adjourned to meet at the auditor's office on Monday, June 27, 1898, at ten o'clock A. M.

S. N. HOPKINS,

Territorial Auditor and Secretary Territorial Board of Equalization.

GUTHRIE, O. T., June 27, 1898.

Board met pursuant to adjournment, there being present Governor C. M. Barnes, president; Auditor S. N. Hopkins, secretary of the board; and Attorney General Harper S. Cunningham, Territorial Secretary W. M. Jenkins being absent.

On motion it was ordered that the rate of general territorial tax for the current year 1898 should be three mills on the dollar on the valuations to be fixed by the board at this meeting; that the tax levy for the support of the normal schools be one-half mill on the dollar; that the levy for the support of the territorial university be one-half mill on the dollar; that the levy for the interest on territorial bonds be one-fifth of a mill on the dollar; that the levy for the education of the blind be one-twentieth of a mill on the dollar; that the levy for the education of the deaf and dumb be one-twentieth of a mill on the dollar.

All abstracts of assessments, except Logan County, having been received by the secretary of the board, the board at once entered upon the work of equalization.

From the computations made by the secretary of the board, it was found necessary to make the following changes in the county returns reported to the board, and on motion such changes were ordered to be made, to wit:

COUNTY.	Per Cent of Increase.	Per Cent of Decrease.
Beaver	.84	
Blaine	.50	
Canadian	.14	
Cleveland	.22	
Custer	.37	
D	.66	
Day	.12	
Garfield	.57	
Grant	.22	
Greer		.03
Kay	.42	
Kingfisher	.58	
Lincoln	.37	
Noble	.30	
Oklahoma	.24	
Pawnee	.33	
Payne	.20	
Pottawatomie	Basis.	
Roger Mills	.03	
Washita	.26	
Woods	.86	
Woodward	.29	

The abstracts not having been returned for Logan County, the board adjourned to meet at the auditor's office on receipt of Logan County's returns.

S. N. HOPKINS,
Territorial Auditor and Secretary Territorial Board of Equalization.

GUTHRIE, O. T., June 29, 1898.

Board of equalization met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. Present: Governor C. M. Barnes, president, and Auditor S. N. Hopkins, secretary of the board.

On motion the secretary was directed to make the necessary changes in Logan County's abstract or returns by increasing same 19 per centum, this being the same basis agreed upon for the other counties of the territory. On motion the board adjourned sine die.

S. N. HOPKINS,
Territorial Auditor and Secretary Territorial Board of Equalization.

Showing Total Assessment for Oklahoma Territory for the Year 1897.

COUNTY.	Real Estate.	Personal Property.	Railroad and Telegraph Property.	Grand Total.
Beaver	$ 143,231	$ 952,079	$ 2,185	$ 1,097.495
Blaine	67,546	316,576		384,122
Canadian	1,317,889	*1,038,582 647 442	250,917	3,254,830
Cleveland	1,107,999	583,663	156,021	1,847,683
Custer	28,715	419 219		447,934
D	9,273	230.766		240,039
Day	3,491	203,527	15.465	222,483
Garfield	302,861	717,380	172,360	1,192,601
Grant	147,741	660,851	194,708	1,003,300
Greer		840,273		840,273
Kay	305,832	*1,308,868 770,522	163,897	2,549,119
Kingfisher	1,002,829	691.436	176,849	1,871,114
Lincoln	321,849	729,080	3,374	1,054.303
Logan	1,790,953	999,698	242,675	3,033,326
Noble	226,625	815.829	262.131	1,304,585
Oklahoma	2,550,381	1,481,007	334,299	4,365,687
Pawnee	105,785	*493,189 419,670		1,018,644
Payne	745,266	809,841	28,762	1,583,869
Pottawatomie	481,040	745,016	138,080	1,364,136
Roger Mills	17,265	317,168		334,433
Washita	22,702	454,662		477,364
Woods	110,326	1,099,117	189,614	1,399,057
Woodward	61,150	812.449	274,756	1,148.355
Total	$10,870,749	$18,557,910	$ 2,606,093	$32,034,752

* Reservations.

Showing Total Assessment of Oklahoma Territory for the Year 1898.

COUNTY.	Real Estate.	Personal Property.	Railroad and Telegraph Property.	Grand Total.
Beaver	$ 190,516	$ 1,228,457	$ 2,185	$ 1,421,158
Blaine	53,193	358,713		411,906
Canadian	1,148,233	2,191,531	257,624	3,597,388
Cleveland	1,175,287	655,954	153,831	1,985,072
Custer	32.880	576,000		608 880
D	12,899	448,894		461,793
Day	7 958	325,771	14,909	348,638
Garfield	361,685	1,389.276	178,388	1,929,349
Grant	239,853	932,770	253,620	1,426,243
Greer	48,968	1,170,492		1,219,460
Kay	469,651	1,322,626	163,067	1,955,344
Kingfisher	1,405,201	991,932	181,730	2,578,863
Lincoln	471,060	951,402	3.424	1,425,886
Logan	2,178,553	1,075,096	240,313	3,493,962
Noble	253,147	1,122 034	258,543	1,633,724
Oklahoma	2,606,697	1,213 364	336.693	4,156,754
Pawnee	136,615	2,897,793		3,034,408
Payne	816,539	905,615	29.127	1,751,281
Pottawatomie	486,340	952.708	155.426	1,594,474
Roger Mills	22,488	509,638		532,126
Washita	32,686	946,875		979,561
Woods	188,394	2,161.251	182.918	2,532,563
Woodward	77 357	1,202.261	265,365	1,544,983
Total	$12,416,200	$25,530.453	$2,677,163	$40,623,816

Statement Showing Assessment of Farm Land in Oklahoma.

COUNTY.	1897.			1898.		
	No. Acres.	Average Value Per Acre.	Total Assessment.	No. Acres.	Average Value Per Acre.	Total Assessment.
Beaver	54,000	$ 2 50	$ 135.409	62.887	$ 2 93	$ 183,937
Blaine	10,092	3 61	36.490	11,311	2 87	32,439
Canadian	211,139	4 07	860,192	260,779	2 99	779,926
Cleveland	168,946	4 69	791,596	185 726	4 61	855,913
Custer	5,463	2 03	11,071	7,280	2 11	15.339
D†			4,020	†		5,826
Day	1,424	1 77	2,531	2,222	2 80	6,223
Garfield	35,999	3 90	140,490	52,061	3 74	194,598
Grant	18,648	4 36	81,347	†		153.568
Greer				28,595	1 65	47.363
Kay	10,515	5 05	53.065	19,376	4 85	94,010
Kingfisher	245,216	2 95	723,040	326,139	3 13	1,019,781
Lincoln	59,177	4 07	240,676	73,844	4 49	331,242
Logan	233,258	4 03	940,064	321,207	3 73	1,219,260
Noble†			18,863	†		30,231
Oklahoma	252,491	4 84	1,231,567	277,100	4 61	1,277,648
Pawnee	2,420	7 36	17,807	3,173	7 93	25,170
Payne	183,393	3 19	574,591	197,632	3 16	624.612
Pottawatomie	38,514	3 59	138,437	52,187	3 00	156,561
Roger Mills	3 027	2 08	6.291	4,704	2 42	11,376
Washita	6.000	2 05	12,284	†		17,539
Woods	17,283	2 30	39,746	†		73,178
Woodward	7,019	2 00	14,01[illegible]	†		25,355
Total	1,564,024		$6,073,647	1,886,223		$7.181,095

† Not returned by County Clerk,

Statement Showing Assessment of Town and City Lots in Oklahoma.

COUNTY.	1897.			1898.		
	Number.	Average Value Per Lot.	Total Assessment.	Number.	Average Value Per Lot.	Total Assessment.
Beaver	2,730	$ 2 85	$ 7,762	2,551	$ 2 58	$ 6 579
Blaine	1,791	17 35	31,056	1,726	12 03	20,754
Canadian	7,508	60 96	457.697	7,317	50 34	368.307
Cleveland	9,219	34 32	316,403	9,219	34 64	319,374
Custer †			17,644	2,215	7 92	17,541
D †			5,253	†		7,073
Day	40	24 00	960	83	20 90	1,735
Garfield	4,954	32 78	162,371	5,194	32 17	167,087
Grant	3,719	17 85	66,394	†		86.285
Greer				33	48 64	1,605
Kay	11,167	22 64	252,767	23,656	15 89	375,641
Kingfisher	7,102	39 40	279,789	†		385,420
Lincoln	4,007	20 26	81,173	3,632	38 50	139,818
Logan	13,294	64 00	850,889	13,294	72 13	959,293
Noble †			207,762	†		222,916
Oklahoma	7,225	182 26	1,318,814	7,125	186 53	1,329,049
Pawnee	2,873	30 62	87,978	2,785	40 02	111,445
Payne	5,255	32 48	170.675	5,199	36 92	191,927
Pottawatomie	10,435	32 83	342,603	10,435	31 60	329,779
Roger Mills	1,156	9 40	10,974	1,158	9 51	11,112
Washita †			10.418	1,038	14 59	15,147
Woods	2,361	29 89	70,580	†		115,216
Woodward †			47,140	†		52,002
Total	94,836		$4,797,102	96,660		$5,235.105

† Not returned by County Clerk.

Statement Showing Assessment of Live Stock in Oklahoma.

COUNTY.	HORSES.—1897.			HORSES.—1898.		
	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.
Beaver	5,522	$ 12 20	$ 67,314	6,202	$ 11 74	$ 72,827
Blaine	4,270	15 82	67,546	4,541	17 04	76,375
Canadian	†1,942	6 51	12,639			
	7,638	13 52	103,268	10,689	11 81	126,266
Cleveland	6,962	14 52	101,064	6,921	16 78	116,139
Custer	4,705	14 25	67,050	5,596	15 94	89,188
D	3,206	12 42	39,833	3,958	16 54	65 440
Day	1,804	10 67	19,230	1,643	12 32	20,241
Garfield	9,635	14 09	135,788	11,412	17 36	198,049
Grant	9,141	15 75	144,004	11,128	15 39	171,282
Greer	13,027	11 34	147,707	14,903	11 16	166,324
Kay	†1,811	11 63	21,066			
	9,957	13 50	134,378	11,258	16 15	181,849
Kingfisher	9.150	14 36	131,366	9,867	17 81	176,309
Lincoln	10,465	16 85	176,316	11.697	18 58	217,290
Logan	9,272	13 87	128.675	9,514	18 66	177,552
Noble	5,147	15 00	77,224	6,192	18 16	112,476
Oklahoma	8,314	14 72	122,336	8,609	17 98	154,800
Pawnee	†2.077	13 74	28,546			
	5,828	14 33	83,518	9,285	16 84	156,332
Payne	9.306	17 62	163,941	9,956	18 11	180,314
Pottawatomie	9.992	14 84	148,291	10,508	14 87	156,253
Roger Mills	3.583	12 26	43,915	4,752	11 85	56,300
Washita	6.167	12 57	77,514	7,912	13 69	108,312
Woods	19.507	12 38	241,327	21,824	17 62	384,442
Woodward	4,655	10 78	50,188	5,607	12 11	67,873
Total	183,083		2,534,044	203,974		$3,232,231

† Reservation.

Statement Showing Assessment of Liue Stock in Oklahoma.

COUNTY.	MULES AND ASSES.—1897.			MULES AND ASSES —1898.		
	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.
Beaver	364	$ 14 84	$ 5,401	337	$ 15 57	$ 5,248
Blaine	630	19 37	12,202	700	20 98	14,684
Canadian	† 162	14 70	2,382			
	1,565	17 20	26,915	1,724	15 52	26.747
Cleveland	2,199	20 34	44.720	2,529	22 80	57,671
Custer	691	20 97	14,491	944	22 80	21,524
D	431	20 75	8.942	573	23 34	13.373
Day	118	20 18	2,381	159	17 29	2,750
Garfield	1.561	15 92	24.850	1.880	19 85	37,317
Grant	1,375	18 35	25.229	1,580	17 57	27,764
Greer	1,290	23 31	30,067	2,008	21 96	44,090
Kay	† 249	17 33	4,276			
	1,374	16 72	22,968	1,756	19 79	34,752
Kingfisher	1.646	17 54	28,876	1,854	20 32	37.666
Lincoln	2,678	20 76	55,601	3,230	23 45	75.745
Logan	2,038	16 80	34,244	2,387	22 37	53,383
Noble	894	18 92	16,915	1,151	24 01	27,630
Oklahoma	2,051	17 86	36,638	2,285	22 04	50,303
Pawnee	† 312	18 71	5,839			
	1,062	19 87	21.099	1,928	18 49	35 653
Payne	2,102	20 07	42,179	2.352	21 60	50.806
Pottawatomie	2,768	22 99	63,649	3,403	25 59	87,082
Roger Mills	480	19 14	9,186	492	21 89	10.772
Washita	1,041	19 97	20,786	2,309	19 73	45,561
Woods	2,561	15 85	40.580	2,957	20 16	59,619
Woodward	459	16 01	7,348	359	17 77	6,377
Total	32,101		$607,764	38,897		$826,517

† Reservation.

Statement Showing Assessment of Live Stock in Oklahoma.

COUNTY.	CATTLE—1897.			CATTLE—1898.		
	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.
Beaver	44,061	$ 16 34	$ 729,842	64,340	$ 15 46	$ 994,803
Blaine	4,885	16 16	78,959	5,538	16 64	92,162
Canadian	‡113,383	8 70	986,043	128,182	12 54	1,606,597
	9,342	10 68	99,789			
Cleveland	7,873	8 81	69,335	7,736	12 45	96,319
Custer	17,737	12 47	220,113	22,872	13 19	299,838
D	9,763	12 35	120,559	18,771	14 66	275,140
Day	12,745	12 39	157.789	17,251	16 05	276,102
Garfield	11,376	12 61	143.451	21,869	15 02	328,614
Grant	12,969	13 62	176,440	15,809	15 18	239,940
Greer	47,281	8 75	413,685	58,468	10 41	608,409
Kay	‡85,502	14 80	1,265,279	16,457	13 90	228,675
	9,944	12 69	126,228			
Kingfisher	11,232	11 72	131,655	15,015	15 02	225,537
Lincoln	11,581	10 56	121,799	11,998	15 11	181,341
Logan	12,064	9 09	109,712	11,558	13 08	152,203
Noble	33,725	11 72	395,204	41,487	11 33	470,144
Oklahoma	9,253	11 28	104.407	9,718	12 66	123,035
Pawnee	‡12.275	15 62	191,746	107,456	20 12	2,161,723
	5,647	15 80	89,232			
Payne	12.230	11 93	145,907	13,689	14 18	194,160
Pottawatomie	13.571	12 09	164,146	14.083	14 11	197,911
Roger Mills	19,405	11 17	216,675	29,594	12 76	377,676
Washita	18,287	11 88	217,336	33,568	17 15	574.183
Woods	31,323	11 33	354,931	59,599	15 62	930,731
Woodward	41,890	14 54	609,006	50,790	18 41	934,792
Total	619,344		$7,439,268	775,848		$11,570,035

‡ Reservations

Statement Showing Assessment of Live Stock in Oklahoma.

COUNTY.	SWINE—1897.			SWINE—1898.		
	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.
Beaver	473	$ 2 44	$ 1,154	495	$ 3 12	$ 1,542
Blaine	3,180	2 85	9,070	2,483	1 91	4,734
Canadian	‡ 430	1 50	643	7,725	1 51	11,673
	7,166	2 05	14,655			
Cleveland	12,860	2 29	29.485	12,974	2 09	27,074
Custer	3,759	2 19	8,222	4,324	2 60	11,242
D	2,426	1 73	4,202	3,262	2 05	6,683
Day	297	1 42	421	458	1 40	642
Garfield	9,869	2 80	27,729	20,270	2 51	50,953
Grant	10.239	3 12	31,976	20'941	2 33	48,735
Greer	3,138	1 63	5,104	3,282	1 97	6,443
Kay	‡2.795	2 51	7 022	20,676	2 99	61,852
	13,446	2 85	38 260			
Kingfisher	7,901	2 07	16,325	8,937	2 19	19,379
Lincoln	21,636	1 80	38,058	17,568	1 95	33,309
Logan	3,616	7 25	26,217	14,711	1 90	27,970
Noble	9,010	3 03	27,301	11,755	2 04	23,962
Oklahoma	14.231	2 04	29,045	14,060	2 00	28,056
Pawnee	‡4,849	2 75	13,320	23,259	2 23	51,796
	11,519	2 36	27,158			
Payne	22,592	1 87	42,119	22,865	1 50	34.266
Pottawatomie	13,401	2 23	29,931	11,596	1 75	20,293
Roger Mills	841	1 32	1,112	1,015	1 45	1,473
Washita	4,529	1 96	8.852	5.499	1 79	9,858
Woods	18,337	3 11	57 078	28,093	3 40	95.524
Woodward	1.550	2 38	3,083	1,492	2 14	3.191
Total	203,540	....	$498,142	257,740	....	$580,650

‡ Reservations.

Statement Showing Assessment of Live Stock in Oklahoma.

COUNTY.	Sheep and Goats—1897.			Sheep and Goats—1898.			Total Assessment of all Live Stock, 1897.	Total Assessment of all Live Stock, 1898.
	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.	Number.	Average Value.	Total Assessment.		
Beaver	21,872	$1 73	$ 37,839	16,975	$1 84	$ 31,234	$ 841,550	$ 1,105,654
Blaine	67	69	45	168	92	156	167,822	188,111
Canadian	§33	1 87	62				1,001,769	
	144	92	133	12,138	1 77	21,471	244.760	1,792,754
Cleveland	100	1 78	178	64	1 22	78	244.782	297,281
Custer	122	1 79	218	86	1 90	163	310.094	421.955
D	76	1 26	97	102	1 66	169	173,633	360,805
Day	6	1 11	7	4	1 12	5	179.828	299,740
Garfield	469	89	418	718	1 41	1,011	332,236	615,944
Grant	84	1 49	125	88	1 25	110	377,774	487,831
Greer	15,436	97	14,973	3,282	1 96	6,443	611,536	831,709
Kay	§75	69	52				1,297,695	
	100	3 11	311	967	83	805	322,145	507,933
Kingfisher	45	72	33	40	1 03	41	308,255	458,932
Lincoln	322	1 41	455	432	1 53	660	392,229	508.345
Logan	225	1 21	273	165	1 83	293	299,121	411.401
Noble	....	....	....	....	....	....	516,644	634 212
Oklahoma	53	2 67	141	....	....	160	292,567	356 354
Pawnee	100	1 19	119	190	1 33	253	*239,451 221,126	2,405,757
Payne	195	1 21	236	118	1 23	145	394.382	459,691
Pottawatomie	184	1 41	260	145	2 00	290	406.277	4[illegible]1,829
Roger Mills	1,395	1 27	1,771	2,647	1 21	3,189	272,659	449,410
Washita	200	1 20	240	215	1 85	370	324,728	738,284
Woods	1,492	1 40	2,090	2,200	1 72	3,772	696,006	1,474,088
Woodward	1,768	86	1.523	958	97	933	671.748	1,013,166
Total	44,563	......	$ 61.599	41,702	......	$ 71,751	$ 11,140,817	$ 16,281,186

§ Reservations.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE TERRITORIAL BOARD OF RAILROAD ASSESSORS.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 1, 1897.

Pursuant to the provisions of article 4, of chapter 43, of the session laws of 1895, the territorial board of railroad assessors assembled in the office of the territorial auditor, at ten o'clock A. M., Monday, March 1, 1897, with the following members present: Govenor William C. Renfrow, president of the board; Territorial Secretary T. J. Lowe; and Auditor A. O. Nichols, secretary of the board.

Certain railroad legislation being then pending in the Legislature, the board on motion of A. O. Nichols seconded by Thos. J Lowe adjourned to meet again March the 13th following at ten o'clock A. M.

A. O. NICHOLS,
Territorial Auditor and Secretary of the Board of Railroad Assessors.

GUTHRIE, OKLA., March 13, 1897.

The board met in the auditor's office pursuant to adjournment There were present, Governor William C. Renfrow, president o the board; Thos. J. Lowe; and Auditor A. O. Nichols, secretar of the board.

After examination of the returns of the several railroad companies operating within the territory and comparing the sam with all available relevant data, the following orders wer made:

On motion of A. O. Nichols, seconded by Thos. J. Lowe, mai track was valued as follows:

MAIN TRACK.

RAILROAD COMPANY.	Valuation Per Mile.
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe:	
Arkansas City Division	$ 5,200
Kiowa Division	3,500
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific	5,000
Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf	4,000
Hutchinson and Southern	3,000
Tecumseh Railway Company	2,000

On motion by Thos. J. Lowe, seconded by A. O. Nichols the valuation of all side track was fixed at $2,000 per mile.

It was further directed that the Beaver county spur of the

Chicago. Rock Island and Pacific be valued and assessed as side track.

On motion of A. O. Nichols, seconded by Thos. J. Lowe, the valuation of rolling stock used within the territory by the several companies was uniformally fixed as follows:

ROLLING STOCK.

WHAT KIND	Valuation Each
Locomotives	$ 3,000
Passenger Cars	2 000
Mail, Baggage and Express Cars	1,500
House Cars	175
Cattle Cars	175
Coal Cars	150
Platform Cars	100
Cabooses	300
Hand Cars	12
Push Cars	10

On motion of A. O. Nichols, seconded by Thos. J. Lowe, it was ordered that telegraph lines owned by railroad companies be valued at $40 per mile for the first wire of line and $10 for each additional wire.

On motion of A. O. Nichols, seconded by Thos. J. Lowe, all tools and material were valued as returned by the several railroad companies.

On motion of A. O. Nichols, seconded by Thos. J. Lowe, all improvements on rights of way were valued as returned by the companies, excepting the improvements of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Company, which were valued twenty per cent. greater than returned.

On motion of Thos. J. Lowe, seconded by A. O. Nichols, standard Pullman palace cars were valued at $7,000 each.

The secretary of the board was directed to prepare and forward to the several county clerks the statements contemplated by the railroad assessment law. The secretary was further directed to correct any errors or omission that may have occurred in the work of the board.

Its work being finished, the board adjourned sine die.

A. O. NICHOLS,

Territorial Auditor and Secretary of the Board of Railroad Assessors.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 7, 1898.

In harmony with section 43, laws of 1895, the board convened n the office of the territorial auditor. Present: Governor C. M. Barnes, president; Secretary W. M. Jenkins, and Auditor S. N. Hopkins, secretary.

A formal conversation was engaged in by the board and the representatives of the roads present, after which the board adjourned until Monday, March 14, 1898.

S. N. HOPKINS,

Territorial Auditor, and Secretary of the Board of Railroad Assessors.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 14, 1898.

The Territorial Board of Railroad Assessors met in the auditor's office pursuant to adjournment. There were present, Governor C. M. Barnes, president of the board; Territorial Secretary W. M. Jenkins; and Auditor S. N. Hopkins, secretary of the board.

After examination of the returns of the several railroad companies within the territory and comparing the same, all relevant data, the following orders were made:

On motion by S. N Hopkins, seconded by William M. Jenkins the main tracks and rolling stock were assessed as follows:

MAIN TRACK

RAILROAD COMPANY.	Valuation Per Mile.
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe:	
Arkansas City Division	$ 5,200
Kiowa Division	3,500
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific	5,000
Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf	4,000
Hutchison and Southern	3,000
Side Track	2,000

ROLLING STOCK.

RAILROAD COMPANY.	Valuation Each.
Locomotives	$ 3,000
Passenger Cars	2,000
Mail, Baggage and Express Cars	1,500
Refrigerator and Fruit Cars	210
House Cars	175
Cattle Cars	175
Coal Cars	150
Platform Cars	130
Cabooses	300
Hand Cars	12
Push Cars	10
Standard Pullman Palace Cars	6,000

And the property of said railroad companies situated in the Indian reservations is hereby assessed at the same valuation as in the counties to which reservations are attached for judicial purposes.

On motion of Wm. M. Jenkins seconded by S. N. Hopkins, it was ordered that telegraph lines owned by railroad companies be assessed at $40.00 per mile for the first wire of line and $10.00 per mile for each additional wire.

Moved by S. N. Hopkins and seconded by Wm. M. Jenkins that tools and materials be assessed as returned by the several railroad companies.

Moved by Wm. M. Jenkins and seconded by S N. Hopkins that all the improvements on all roads except the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe be assessed the same as shown by their returns.

Moved by S. N. Hopkins and seconded by Mm. M. Jenkins that the improvements on the Santa Fe road be raised 25 per cent. on its returns.

Moved by Wm. M. Jenkins and seconded by S. N. Hopkins that the returns of the Choctaw on improvements at Shawnee be accepted.

The secretary of the board was directed to prepare and forward to the several county clerks the statements contemplated by the railroad assessment law. The secretary was further directed to correct any errors or omissions that may have occurred in the work of the board. The work of the board being now finished, the board adjourned sine die.

S. N. HOPKINS,
Territorial Auditor and Secretary of the Board of Railroad Assessors.

Statement Showing Assessment of the Arkansas City Division of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company in Oklahoma Territory for the Year 1897.

Valuation per mile:

Main track	$5,200
Rolling stock	1,550
Tools and materials	32
Telegraph lines	50
Total	$6,832

Side track $2.000

COUNTY.	MAIN LINE		SIDE LINE.		Improvements on Right of Way.	Grand Total.
	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.		
Cleveland	21 63	$ 147,776 16	2.98	$ 5,960 00	$ 1,584 00	$ 155,320 16
Kay	22.60	15 ,403 20	3 34	6,680 00	2,082 00	163,165 20
Logan	33.28	227,368 96	4.84	9,680 00	4,548 00	241,596 96
Noble	37.07	253,262 24	2 58	5,160 00	2,508 00	260,930 24
Oklahoma	25.41	173,601 12	4.46	8,920 00	4,542 00	187,063 12
Payne	4.19	28,626 08				28,626 08
Total	144.18	$ 985,037 76	18.20	$ 36,400 00	$ 15,264 00	$1,036 701 76

Statement Showing Assessment of the Kiowa Division of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company in Oklahoma Territory for the Year 1898.

Valuation per mile:

Main track	$3,500 00
Rolling stock	179 53
Tools and materials	8 52
Telegraph lines	50 00
Total	$3.738 05

Side track........ ......$2,000

COUNTY.	MAIN LINE.		SIDE LINE.		Improvements on Right of Way.	Grand Total.
	Number Miles.	T tal Valuation.	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.		
Day	3.78	$ 14,129 83	.39	$ 780 00	$...............	$ 14,909 83
Woods	46.80	174,940 74	3.22	6,440 00	1,537 50	182.918 24
Woodward	65.72	245,664 64	5.31	10,620 00	9,081 25	265,865 89
Total	116.30	$ 434,735 21	8.92	$ 17,840 00	$ 10,618 75	$ 463,193 96

Statement Showing Assessment of the Chicago Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company in Oklahoma Territory for the Year 1897.

Valuation per mile:

Main track	$5,000 00
Rolling stock	423 00
Tools and material	20 00
Telegraph lines	....
Total	$5,443 00

Side track.................. ....$2,000

COUNTY.	MAIN LINE.		SIDE LINE.		Improvements on Right of Way.	Grand Total.
	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.		
Beaver	....	$..................	.89	$ 1,780 00	$ 405 00	$ 2,185 00
Canadian	25.52	138.905 36	3.38	6,760 00	2,570 00	148,235 36
Garfield	29.84	162,419 12	2.41	4,820 00	3.480 00	170,719 12
Grant	30.26	164.705 18	1 99	3,980 00	3,030 00	171,715 18
Kingfisher	30.54	166,229 22	2.75	5,500 00	3,440 00	175,169 22
Total	116.16	$632,258.88	11.42	$22,840 00	$12,925 00	$668,023 88

Statement Showing Assessment of the Arkansas City Division of the Atchison, Topeka aud Santa Fe Railway Company in Oklahoma Territory for the year 1898.

Valuation per mile:

Main track	$5,200 00
Rolling stock	1,443 62
Tools and materials	19 09
Telegraph lines	60 00
Total	$6,722 71

Side track $2,000

COUNTY.	MAIN LINE.		SIDE LINE.		Improvements on Right of Way.	Grand Total.
	Number Miles.	Total Valuation	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.		
Cleveland	21.63	$ 145,412 22	3.03	$ 6,060 00	$ 1,743 75	153,215 97
Kay	22.60	151.933 25	4.13	8,260 00	2,231 25	162,424 50
Logan	33.28	223,731 79	5.38	10,760 00	4,875 00	239.366 79
Noble	37.25	250,420 95	2.00	4.000 00	3,062 50	257,483 45
Oklahoma	25.41	170,824 06	5.60	11,200 00	5,012 50	187,036 56
Payno	4.19	28,168 15	.42	840 00	....	29,008 15
Total	144.36	$ 970,490 42	20.56	$ 41,120 00	$ 12,855 00	$ 1,028,535 42

Statement Showing Assessment of the Kiowa Division of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company in Oklahoma Territory for the Year 1897.

Valuation per mile:

Main track	$3,500
Rolling stock	293
Tools and materials	42
Telegraph lines	50
Total	$3,885

Side track $2,000

COUNTY.	MAIN LINE.		SIDE LINE.		Improvements on Right of Way.	Grand Total.
	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.		
Day	3.78	$ 14,685 30	.39	$ 780 00	$............	$ 15,465 30
Woods	46.80	181,818 00	3.16	6,320 00	1,476 00	189,614 00
Woodward	65.72	255.322 20	5.37	10,740 00	8,694 00	274,756 20
Total	116.30	$ 451,825 50	8.92	$ 17,840 00	$ 10,170 00	$ 479,835 50

Statement Showing Assessment of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company in Oklahoma Territory for the Year 1898.

Valuation per mile:

Main track	$5,000 00
Rolling stock	526 73
Tools and material	19 00
Telegraph lines	....
Total	$5,545 73

Side track $2,000

COUNTY.	MAIN LINE.		SIDE LINE.		Improvements on Right of Way.	Grand Total.
	Number Miles.	Total Valuation	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.		
Beaver	....	$........	.89	$ 1,780 00	$ 405 00	$ 2,185 00
Canadian	25.52	141,527 02	3.81	7,620 00	2,520 00	151,667 02
Garfield	29.84	165,484 57	3 14	6,280 00	3,415 00	175,179 57
Grant	30.26	167,813 78	3.01	6,020 00	2,915 00	176,748 78
Kingfisher	30.54	169,366 59	2.74	5,480 00	3,600 00	178,446 59
Total	116.16	$644,191 96	13.59	$27,180 00	$12,855 00	$684,226 96

Statement Showing Assessment of the Choctaw, Coal and Railway Company in Oklahoma Territory for the Year 1897.

Valuation per mile:

Main track	$4,000
Rolling stock	280
Tools and material	5
Telegraph lines	40
Total	$4,325

Side track 2,000

COUNTY.	MAIN LINE.		SIDE LINE.		Improvements on Right of Way.	Grand Total.
	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.		
Canadian	22.24	$ 96,188 00	1.97	$ 3,940 00	$ 1,150 00	$ 101,278 00
Lincoln	.78	3,373 50	....	....	....	3,373 50
Oklahoma	31.33	135,502 25	3 48	6,960 00	3,950 00	146,412 25
Pottawatomie	25.82	111,671 50	2.61	5,220 00	3,950 00	120,841 50
Total	80.17	$ 346,735 25	8.06	16,120 00	$ 9,050 00	$ 371,905 25

Valuation per mile:	
Main track	$4,000 00
Rolling stock	295 87
Tools and material	43 66
Telegraph lines	50 00
Total	$4,389 5

Statement Showing Assessment of the Choctaw, Coal and Railway Company in Oklahoma Territory For the year 1898.

Side line.......................$2,000

COUNTY,	MAIN LINE.		SIDE LINE.		Improvements on Right of Way.	Grand Total.
	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.	Number Miles.	Total Valuation.		
Canadian	22.24	$ 97 623 15	1.97	$ 3,940 00	$ 1,650 00	$ 103 213 15
Lincoln	.78	3,423 83				3,423 83
Oklahoma	31.33	137,523 97	3.48	6,960 00	4,450 00	148,933 97
Pottawatomie	25.82	113,337 66	4.83	9,660 00	15 200 00	138,197 66
Total	80 17	$ 351,908 61	10.28	$ 20,500 00	$ 21,300 00	$ 393 768 61

CENSUS, AGRICULTURE AND OTHER STATISTICS—1897-1898.

Live Stock on Hand February 1 1897.

COUNTY.	Horses.	Mules.	Milch Cows.	Other Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.
Beaver	3,299	227	2,497	24,017	11.064	474
Blaine	6.842	888	3,554	4,996	134	6,646
Canadian	5,643	1,283	4,862	3,588	230	7,001
Cleveland	3,503	1,488	3.215	2,724	....	12,343
Custer	3,374	505	2,884	9,512	17	4,099
D	1.202	272	930	3,080	....	2,421
Day	1,804	118	485	12,270	6	893
Garfield	....	....	....	....	....	....
Grant	6,510	995	3,722	3,773	14	10,286
Greer	13,027	1,290	3,636	43,645	15,436	3,138
Kay	....	....	....	....	....	....
Kingfisher	....	....	....	....	....	....
Lincoln	10,465	2,678	5,599	5,917	341	24 497
Logan	....	....	....	....	....	....
Noble	3,014	713	2,097	2,807	1	10.354
Oklahoma	....	....	....	....	....	....
Pawnee	3,668	808	1,709	2.442	124	13,785
Payne	6,572	1,534	4.319	5.038	12	22,565
Pottawatomie	3,290	1,511	3,685	3,059	17	9,902
Roger Mills	....	60	....	4,323	286	324
Washita	6,167	1,067	....	18,707	200	4.529
Woods	14,030	1.969	7,589	15,279	1.246	19,332
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	92,460	17,406	50,783	165,177	29,128	152,589

Live Stock on Hand March 1 1898.

COUNTY.	Horses.	Mules.	Milch Cows.	Other Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.
Beaver	4.604	262	2,046	40,521	7,978	423
Blaine	4 541	700	....	5,538	168	2,483
Canadian	5.652	1,361	5,176	6,343	12	6.977
Cleveland	4,081	1,585	3,050	2,792	52	11.021
Custer	4,609	808	5,057	9.087	41	6,601
D	2,527	352	1,247	19,534	.....	3,147
Day	1,146	88	616	13.065	....	367
Garfield	9,985	1,696	6,552	10.962	22,648	22,410
Grant	11,283	1,572	7,961	12,842	95	30.713
Greer	14,903	2,008	2,237	58,468	14,418	3,282
Kay	....	....	....	....	....	....
Kingfisher	3,201	688	2,429	4.109	53	4.177
Lincoln	11,351	2,934	4,732	8,278	432	21,635
Logan	13.166	1,478	2,642	3,639	909	8,770
Noble	3 018	885	2,768	4,249	283	13.418
Oklahoma	8,959	2,292	4,619	4,750	133	4,651
Pawnee	5,600	985	3,725	4,165	125	21,296
Payne	9.956	2.352	....	13 489	118	22,865
Pottawatomie	5,800	2,204	4,181	4.211	24	9 538
Roger Mills	4.752	492	1.260	28,334	2,647	1,015
Washita	8,930	1,620	5,300	30.700	204	11,000
Woods	14,939	2,302	8,917	21,271	2,090	26,320
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	153,003	28,664	74,515	306.347	52,460	232,109

Live Stock That Have Died of Disease During the Year Ending February 1, 1897.

COUNTY.	Horses.	Mules and Asses.	Milch Cows.	Other Cattle.	Sheep and Swine.
Beaver	137	7	30	596	766
Blaine	106	13	29	49	....
Canadian	84	25	69	120	191
Cleveland	93	17	28	31	917
Custer	93	18	52	214	146
D	....	....	....	....	....
Day	4	6	38	76	14
Garfield	....	....	....	....	....
Grant	128	23	40	60	227
Greer	130	34	51	454	582
Kay	....	....	....	....	....
Kingfisher	....	....	....	....	....
Lincoln	71	10	59	67	648
Logan	....	....	....	....	....
Noble	83	11	33	23	274
Oklahoma	....	....	....	....	....
Pawnee	23	....	34	49	363
Payne	143	11	92	108	865
Pottawatomie	525	12	14	45	1,674
Roger Mills	1,069	17	....	258	....
Washita	....	....	....	....	....
Woods	714	39	219	460	550
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....
Total	3,403	243	788	2,610	7,217

Live Stock That Have Died of Disease During the Year Ending March 1 1898.

COUNTY.	Horses.	Mules and Asses.	Milch Cows.	Other Cattle.	Sheep and Swine.
Beaver	68	1	28	858	97
Blaine	104	15	34	121	189
Canadian	47	9	55	120	424
Cleveland	91	24	28	70	1,869
Custer	82	5	21	316	99
D	56	....	....	126	....
Day	2	....	....	2,105	100
Garfield	258	37	54	253	504
Grant	230	21	47	157	745
Greer	269	8	99	1,505	469
Kay	....	....	....	....	....
Kingfisher	65	14	26	....	132
Lincoln	352	21	138	241	505
Logan	460	9	18	10	3,571
Noble	84	10	30	60	1,754
Oklahoma	164	41	98	179	1,755
Pawnee	15	2	23	28	775
Payne	75	11	....	120	855
Pottawatomie	196	35	61	107	558
Roger Mills	....	....	....	....	....
Washita	....	....	....	655	....
Woods	322	33	146	340	841
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....
Total	2,940	296	906	7,371	15 242

Farms.

COUNTY.	FEBRUARY 1, 1897.					FEBRUARY 1, 1898.				
	LAND IN FARM USE.			PRESENT CASH VALUE.		LAND IN FARM USE.			PRESENT CASH VALUE.	
	Acres Under Fence.	Acres Not Under Fence.	Total Number of Acres.	Of Farms Including Improvements.	Of Farming Implements and Machinery.	Acres Under Fence.	Acres Not Under Fence.	Total Number of Acres.	Of Farms Including Improvements.	Of Farming Implements and Machinery.
Beaver	74,123	27.313	101,436	$ 186,571	$ 4,635	76.233	25,470	101,703	$ 279,357	$ 5,540
Blaine						122,936	261,135	384 071		14,634
Canadian	192 445	92,454	284,899	653,220	15,622	149,077	7,802	156,879	1,526,785	23,308
Cleveland	122.050	49,294	171,344	848,240	17,387	129,675	48,826	178,501	750,317	21,255
Custer	61,474	97,439	158.913	259,603	11,753	89,284	106,790	196,074	551,042	14,894
D	30,900	63,460	94,360	48,952	4,887	52,205	99,692	151,897	192,426	5,264
Day	8,811	11,437	20,248	103,905	20,923	19,174	14,688	33 862	164,015	2,153
Garfield						181,972	331,809	513 781	2,593,317	8,416
Grant				71,912	21,285	180,801	418.239	599,040	3,356,525	68,062
Greer	61,663	76,592	138,255	116,720	19,525	160,961	60,437	221,398	212,298	24,133
Kay										
Kingfisher						150,200	74,613	224,813	1.049,035	25,456
Lincoln	139,823	493,457	633,280	2,474,682	52,790	189,458	414,402	603,860	2,529,235	123,041
Logan						133 977	68.851	202,828	910,547	23,871
Noble	75,255	129,416	204,671	565,441	71'284	85,807	150 807	236,614	845 280	31,566
Oklahoma						133,359	101,346	234,705	1,979,389	43,628
Pawnee	43,771	131,040	174,811	362,132	14,092	70.740	274,860	345,600		26,260
Payne	1,556,197	178,210	1,734,407	1,033,534	212,163	260,103	214,622	474,725	3,014,387	280,536
Pottawatomie	143,203	45,476	188,679	593,572	12,507	151.636	55,367	207,003	285,774	10,003
Roger Mills	15,557	2,683	18,240	16,930	864	31,007	5,300	36,300	35,4 3	2.500
Washita				80,000	4.500	25,500	204,480	229,980	200,000	12,000
Woods	193,240	494,128	687 368	730,674	120,488	275 161	424 319	699,480	1,113,140	37,074
Woodward										
Totals	2,718,512	1,892,399	4,610,911	$ 8,146,088	$ 604,705	2,669,266	3,363,855	6,033,114	$ 21,588,322	$ 803,094

Agricultural Products Sold.

COUNTY.	1897.					1898.				
	GARDENS.	POULTRY.	DAIRY PRODUCTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING FEB. 1, 1897.			GARDENS.	POULTRY.	DAIRY PRODUCTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING MARCH 1, 1898.		
	Value of Products Marketed During the Year Ending Feb. 1, 1897	Value of Poultry and Eggs Sold During the Year Ending Feb. 1, 1897.	CHEESE. No. lbs. Made.	BUTTER No. lbs. Made.	Value of Milk Sold During the Year.	Value of Products Marketed During the Year Ending March 1, 1898.	Value of Poultry and Eggs Sold During the Year Ending March 1, 1898	CHEESE No. lbs. Made.	BUTEER. No. lbs. Made.	Value of Milk Sold During the Year.
Beaver	370	$ 459	925	36.675	$ 95	$ 1,137	$ 706	2.086	34,854	......
Blaine	1,074	8,960	1,476	86.960	230	351	7,596	2,900	9,713	$ 494
Canadian	1,619	7,604	1,415	98,299	10,207	3,878	11,395	7 6	126,371	7,923
Cleveland	755	4,542	413	59,174	1,682	997	4,523	2,305	4 ,616	15
Custer	186	1,993	152	32,230	13	109	998	17	33,110	20
D	......	5,591	......	16.297	......	......	1,205	125	41,672	......
Day	627	132	5 0	11.840	......	15	40	......	10,245	......
Garfield	......	......	......	......	......	1,874	15,490	400	196,664	1.902
Grant	674	18.855	570	143.173	1,657	2,770	34,931	575	209,197	5,008
Greer	117	1,919	......	47,420	......	558	1.461	7	52,134	......
Kay	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Kingfisher	......	......	......	......	......	2,510	10,787	3.280	60.211	1,740
Lincoln	704	6.595	......	153.536	500	62	62	4,492	......	......
Logan	......	......	......	......	......	10,[illegible]47	9,425	2,715	103.183	4,660
Noble	11,039	15,897	1,174	85,347	2,421	1.121	8,290	8,564	119,796	2,189
Oklahoma	......	......	......	......	......	5.463	11,852	2.040	107,508	7,508
Pawnee	3,196	4,620	2,040	63.511	3	2.160	5,625	2,500	21.600	......
Payne	3,008	11,493	276	150,0[illegible]4	194	3,508	11,493	276	160.024	694
Pottawatomie	1.579	5,943	648	25,591	125	1,469	1 846	23	37,526	158
Roger Mills	300	95	60	......	......	755	235	......	110	......
Washita	......	......	3,000	......	......	650	250	5,000	7,000	1,000
Woods	4,020	119,856	11,399	308,656	8,732	2,889	22,573	5.755	225.495	2 972
Woodward	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total	$29,268	$214,554	24,048	1,318.733	25,859	$43,123	$160.783	43,766	1,642,029	$36,283

Acres Sown or Planted in the Fall of 1896 and Spring of 1897.

COUNTY.	Acres Sown in Fall of 1896.		Acres Sown or Planted in the Spring of 1897.													
	Wheat	Rye.	Spring Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Sorghum.	Cotton.	Castor Beans.	Flax.	Tobacco.	Buckwheat.	Broom Corn.	Millet.	Peanuts	Potatoes.	
															Sweet.	Irish.
Beaver	132	170		2,091	108	8.832		10				315	562	3	23	45
Blaine	49,362	1,215	30	63,145	7,850	9,368	20,769	1,142			6	566	3,029	70	301	354
Canadian	84.849	535		29.354	17,780	1,799	5,422	252	251	30	1	29	643	22	82	371
Cleveland	9,912	3		36,711	5,393	262	21,097	76			5	14	359	81	60	130
Custer	6,360	240		24.004	343	7.919	7,447	440	8		2	111	2.172	132	78	91
D	747			11,275	112	2,083	1,958	748				873	1,391		43	55
Day		20		1,681	103	1,281	49						309	4	12	29
Garfield																
Grant	59,679	189		78.531	2,062	3,380	534	414	33	6		1,375	708	16	14	294
Greer	8,623	154	15	9,097	7,597	13,579	10,700	20	2		1		5,051	22	60	11
Kay																
Kingfisher																
Lincoln	1,1 6			37,473	427	1,339	34,003	1,451	5	6	10	22	266	162	72	234
Logan																
Noble	21,151	22	553	30,976	2,978	877	8,822	4,057	765	1		604	328	74	112	207
Oklahoma																
Pawnee	1,893	5		30,442	391	397	7,002	1,767	241	9	9	598	344	32	86	151
Payne	10,031	3		55.565	2,630	1,278	11,564	3,499	234	6	131	111	1,308	96	58	223
Pottawatomie	648	30		27,020	470	719	31,627	2	1	3	1	37	294	18	153	490
Roger Mills	5	10			5	1,433							161		270	65
Washita	6,720	255		22.273	610	13,346	11,526	10				6	1,370	53	250	220
Woods	47,125	537	181	118,401	1,478	11,732	2,763	1,368	15	12	93	5.902	3,182	147	147	326
Woodward																
Totals	308,393	3,388	779	578.039	50,337	79,624	175,283	15,256	1,555	73	259	10,563	21,477	932	1,821	3,296

Acres Sown or Planted in the Fall of 1897 and Spring of 1898.

COUNTY.	Acres Sown in Fall of 1897.		Acres Sown or Planted in the Spring of 1898.												Potatoes.	
	Wheat	Rye.	Spring Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Sorghum.	Cotton.	Castor Beans.	Flax.	Tobacco.	Buckwheat.	Broom Corn.	Millet.	Peanuts.	Sweet.	Irish.
Beaver	306	437	67	967	80	12,478	....	....	....	....	....	254	456	4	21	36
Blaine	101,625	1,576	34	36,346	20,004	6,810	13,354	871	....	....	1,458	158	2,650	[illegible]	150	254
Canadian	98,157	257	....	29,809	28,820	1,015	1,578	36	6	....	2	12	507	10	102	333
[illegible]	[illegible]			31,473	9,132	174	[illegible]			....	3		[illegible]	7	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	20		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	10	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]				[illegible]	[illegible]	34	[illegible]	41
[illegible]	12	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	116						[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]				[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Aggregate Acres of Grasses in Cultivation.

COUNTY.	1897.				1898.			
	Timothy.	Clover.	Orchard and Blue Grass.	Prairie under Fence and used for Meadow	Timothy.	Clover.	Orchard and Blue Grass.	Prairie under Fence and used for Meadow.
Beaver		708		15 697				14,310
Blaine		50	4			57		1,529
Canadian	6	341		5,558		763	3	2,305
Cleveland	5	797		2,047	5	1,597	78	754
Custer		73	2	130		74		97
D								
Day		73	20	863		25		14,500
Garfield						434		3,659
Grant		124				222		545
Greer				50		10		
Kay								
Kingfisher						34		4,096
Lincoln	35	348		1,017			15	36
Logan					15	588	4	2 187
Noble	3	765	48	503	1	1,172		2,116
Oklahoma					44	775	2	9,430
Pawnee	10	114	12	766		226		
Payne	12	221	55	4.952	24	2,361	117	23,501
Pottawatomie		67	1	3,058	7	146	6	2,092
Roger Mills								
Washita		110				185		
Woods		180	22	238	11	200	30	125
Woodward								
Total	71	3,971	164	34,879	107	8,869	245	81,28

Agricultural Products on Hand.

COUNTY.	1897.				1898.			
	Bushels of Corn on hand Feb. 1, 1897.	Bushels of Wheat on hand Feb. 1, 1897.	Number of tons of Tame Hay Cut in 1896.	Number of tons of Prairie Hay Cut in 1896.	Bushels of Corn on hand March 1, 1898.	Bushels of Wheat on hand March 1, 1898.	Number of tons of Tame Hay Cut in 1897.	Number of tons of Prairie Hay Cut in 1897.
Beaver	1.185	70	3,756	11,124	2 799	197	5,398	18,253
Blaine	34.121	4,273	307	1,210	26.473	29,429	1,735	822
Canadian	62,326	9,239	39	1,355	75.032	38,163	138	1,856
Cleveland	238,622	3,860	641	3 206	210.968	9,275	975	1,832
Custer	52,041	710	820	660	122.629	4,235	3,383	2.153
D	21,270		306	458	20.113	200	1,261	2,079
Day	3,328		894	3,805	3,415		2,235	4 666
Garfield					376,314	59,897	565	9,083
Grant	37,950	547	121	5,681	440,576	24,632	365	15,538
Greer	4,983	919	1,290	539	30,569	3,511	4,626	429
Kay								
Kingfisher					21.293	25,229	561	861
Lincoln	127,712	520	809	4,286	7,855		1,348	
Logan					44,672	18,236	24,255	3,698
Noble	136,539	200,427	398	15,356	113,518	19,616	257	6,899
Oklahoma					92,194	32.795	473	5,237
Pawnee	180.836	66	237	8,162	105,000	1.550	220	8,890
Payne	230.444	3,297	682	11 545	235,052	8,069	1,697	17 818
Pottawatomie	147,481	22	130	2,437	108,841	360	72	5.850
Roger Mills	7.681	12	623	1,303	14,708		1,565	2,350
Washita	90 230				30,000	3,000	275	2,500
Woods	287,668	1,180	1,339	8,827	233,860	9,081	1,846	50,391
Woodward								
Total	1,664,417	225,142	12,392	79,954	2,315,881	287,475	53,250	161,205

Miscellaneous

COUNTY.	1897.			1898.		
	Value of Animals Fattened and Sold During the Year Ending February 1, 1897.	WOOL. No. of lbs. of Clip in 1896.	NURSERIES. Number of Acres.	Value of Animals Fattened and Sold During the Year Ending March 1, 1898.	WOOL. No. of lbs. of Clip in 1897.	NURSERIES. Number of Acres.
Beaver	$ 136,268	36,180	25	$ 251,325	45 117	6
Blaine	23 697	....	106	29,735	....	771
Canadian	45.501	50	873	52,795	80	390
Cleveland	80,292	110	235	67,984	10	771
Custer	15,828	50	12	34.438	138	117
D	4,928	....	....	26 810	....	....
Day	15 ,495	....	....	10,980	....	....
Garfield	....	....	....	81,47	3,925	349
Grant	26,816	....	....	100 849	160	25
Greer	35 136	6,200	40	80,764	54,43	155
Kay	....	....	....	....	....	....
Kingfisher	....	....	....	33,479	....	146
Lincoln	50,282	740	18	101,705	....	....
Logan	....	....	....	54 460	8,068	76
Noble	83.942	....	48	57.671	....	23
Oklahoma	....	....	....	113,101	....	698
Pawnee	21,985	55	206	45.375	245	19
Payne	86 686	940	1 5	315 886	2,8 0	205
Pottawatomie	34,620	10	567	10 518	....	75
Roger Mills	5,266	....	....	8 300	....	....
Washita	....	....	....	112,500	1.000	....
Woods	108 362	7,6 2	178	95,046	8,942	387
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	$911,104	51,977	2,223	$1,685,196	124,915	4 213

Orchards.—Number of Trees Planted 1897

COUNTY	Apple.	Pear.	Peach.	Apricot	Plum.	Cherry.	Quince.
Beaver	2,815	199	13.875	432	762	686	4
Blaine	23 918	1.610	59.963	5.087	5.311	2,653	51
Canadian	46 074	2,505	123 846	4,695	5 370	6,371	106
Cleveland	61,527	2,910	90,336	2,236	6,053	5,088	239
Custer	8,789	499	37,184	915	1,744	1,251	21
D	3 850	....	16,367	709	423	1.880	......
Day	981	93	3 428	198	106	84	......
Garfield	....	....	....	....	....	....	......
Grant	19, 44	2,972	111,074	5,480	7.674	25,401	39
Greer	3,111	1,223	35.636	107	2 864	197	......
Kay	....	....	....	....	....	....	......
Kingfisher	....	....	....	....	....	....	......
Lincoln	91,301	4,048	110,937	5,558	7,493	11,848	93
Logan	....	....	....	....	....	....	......
Noble	32,345	2,274	83,044	4 618	5,258	8,128	153
Oklahoma	....	....	....	....	....	....	......
Pawnee	28.240	607	49.110	1 584	2.583	4,506	60
Payne	116.147	5 266	164.142	7 175	10,988	16.492	209
Pottawatomie	69,093	13,049	62,054	2, 08	3,559	3,484	406
Roger Mills	833	73	4 243	155	193	134	......
Washita	9.150	550	40,625	4,184	2 675	....	......
Woods	45.704	2,691	195.956	9.839	14,721	26 490	196
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....	....	......
Total	562,922	40 569	1,201,820	55,080	78,377	114,671	1 577

Orchards—Number of Trees Planted 1898.

COUNTY.	Apple.	Pear.	Peach.	Apricot.	Plum.	Cherry.	Quince.
Beaver	3,544	255	16,477	670	1.108	1,363	5
Blaine	32.756	5,498	184,722	13,308	8.056	8,074	52
Canadian	35.219	2.385	102 980	10.069	8, 29	7.326	89
Cleveland	49.771	3,168	91 219	2.597	8,624	6.722	155
Custer	10.388	636	71,616	5,210	3,871	2,235	19
D	5,361	653	27.823	1,112	1.057	1,175	------
Day	1.665	110	6 603	301	408	185	3
Garfield	193 303	5,773	400,026	15.786	20 067	26,083	65
Grant	57,633	6,114	318,135	15 834	22,214	40,745	17
Greer	10,504	720	53.360	3,069	2,670	350	35
Kay	------	------	------	------	------	------	------
Kingfisher	14.578	5.069	56.102	3,817	3.802	4,262	76
Lincoln	258,789	13 644	292,322	15.409	18,674	22,649	556
Logan	63,840	10,060	28.626	4.833	10,403	5 476	91
Noble	50.206	3,362	126.563	6,058	7,688	12.581	50
Oklahoma	4.016	6,421	180,092	6,043	14,578	9,668	183
Pawnee	64,521	2,610	106,241	3.729	12.420	9,121	55
Payne	211,647	7.167	304,142	7 875	10.988	19,592	326
Pottawatomie	226,423	3,161	76.339	4,541	3,356	5,299	116
Roger Mills	1.600	175	8 486	311	386	750	------
Washita	34.000	348	6 200	935	750	900	------
Woods	55,963	4,579	338,529	19,254	18,912	29,312	894
Woodward	------	------	------	------	------	------	------
Total	1,385.787	81.908	2.796,603	138,761	178,061	213,868	2,787

Acres in Small Fruits.

COUNTY.	1897.			1898.		
	Raspberries	Blackberries	Strawberries.	Raspberries.	Blackberries.	Strawberries-
Beaver	1	3	1	3	4	....
Blaine	1	59	17	....	38	18
Canadian	3	8	3	10	6	4
Cleveland	7	28	30	....	11	11
Custer	332	1,361	231	....	....	....
D	....	....	....	26	66	....
Day	1	1	2	....	....	....
Garfield	....	....	....	1	3	1
Grant	35	325	64	....	....	....
Greer	....	....	....	25	9	1
Kay	....	....	....	....	....	....
Kingfisher	....	....	....	10	20	16
Lincoln	12	123	6	23	100	....
Logan	....	....	....	12	470	40
Noble	....	....	....	....	....	....
Oklahoma	....	....	....	29	69	26
Pawnee	41	32	30	10	33	23
Payne	4	29	31	17	44	36
Pottawatomie	6	21	11	3	32	1
Roger Mills	5	30	4	5	33	5
Washita	....	....	....	....	....	....
Woods	....	....	....	869	2 182	188
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	448	2,020	430	1,043	3,120	370

Vineyards.

COUNTY	1897.		1898.	
	Number of Acres.	Gallons of Wine Made in the Year ending Feb. 1, 1897	Number of Acres.	Gallons of Wine Made in the Year ending Mar. 1, '98.
Beaver		2		34
Blaine	12	2	67	1,0[illegible]9
Canadian	65	66	36	97
Cleveland	72	400	66	2,124
Custer	1[illegible]3			
D				
Day				
Garfield			2	45
Grant	76			
Greer	7	780	9	290
Kay				
Kingfisher			31	1,3[illegible]0
Lincoln	50	1,6[illegible]5	149	
Logan			71	4,610
Noble	25	30	74	329
Oklahoma			179	6,8[illegible]3
Pawnee	27	196	35	
Payne	33	51	81	754
Pottawatomie	26	1,045	45	392
Roger Mills		20		25
Washita				
Woods			144	43
Woodward				
Total	51[illegible]	4,207	989	18,0[illegible]5

Bees.

COUNTY.	1897.			1898.		
	Number of Stands.	Number of Pounds of Honey Produced in 1896.	Number of Pounds of Wax Produced in 1896.	Number of Stands.	Number of Pounds of Honey Produced in 1897.	Number of Pounds of Wax Produced in 1897.
Beaver	4	15		10	55	
Blaine	1					
Canadian	3[illegible]	140		2		
Cleveland	40			72	7[illegible]	
Custer						
D				1		
Day						
Garfield						
Grant						
Greer						
Kay						
Kingfisher				7	4[illegible]	6
Lincoln	35	504				
Logan				3[illegible]		
Noble	3			1[illegible]	1[illegible]0	10
Oklahoma				137	1,762	
Pawnee	64	18	18	85		
Payne	8	15		20	1,20[illegible]	
Pottawatomie	80	75		14	445	
Roger Mills						
Washita				4		
Woods				1		
Woodward						
Totals	267	767	18	70[illegible]	4,3[illegible]2	16

Value of Horticultural Products and Wood Sold.

COUNTY	1897		1898	
	Horticultural Products Sold in the year ending Feb. 1, 1897.	Wood Marketed in the year ending Feb. 1, 1897.	Horticultural Products Sold in the year ending Mar. 1, 1898.	Wood Marketed in the year ending Mar. 1, 1898.
Beaver				
Blaine	25	5,814	38	4,931
Canadian	380	1,138	613	729
Cleveland	26	689	1,1 6	1,477
Custer	6	551		
D				
Day				
Garfield				65
Grant				
Greer	4			
Kay				
Kingfisher			2,657	1,8 9
Lincoln	992	904		
Logan			3,750	7,571
Noble	971	1,861		1,347
Oklahoma			3,750	6,2 0
Pawnee	23	998		1,2 5
Payne	17,584	8,054	17,583	8,054
Pottawatomie	364	1,717	391	1,665
Roger Mills		150		650
Washita				
Woods		12,852	6	2 86
Woodward				
Total	20,375	34,728	29,894	38,339

Deaf and Dumb, Blind, Idiotic and Insane in the Territory of Oklahoma

COUNTY	1897				1898			
	Deaf and Dumb	Insane	Blind	Idiotic	Deaf and Dumb	Insane	Blind	Idiotic
Beaver	3				2	1		
Blaine	2	3	3	1	2	3	4	2
Canadian	1		1	1			6	
Cleveland	3	1	1		4	5	1	2
Custer		1		2		2	1	5
D					1		1	1
Day								
Garfield					5	1	4	2
Grant					7		3	1
Greer			1		5	3	2	
Kay								
Kingfisher								
Lincoln	4	2		1	6	2	2	4
Logan					10		1	2
Noble	1		1		7	1	1	
Oklahoma						4	8	1
Pawnee			1	1	3		1	2
Payne	6	4	5	3	8	3	3	2
Pottawatomie								
Roger Mills	2	1	3		2	1	2	
Washita	2		2	1	1		3	
Woods	7	1	2	2	9	3	5	6
Woodward								
Total	31	13	20	12	72	29	48	30

Population 1898.

COUNTY	Males	Females	Total	of Families	Average Number of Persons in Family
Beaver	1,376	1,172	2,548	612	4
Blaine	4,475	4,052	* 1,282 8,527		
Canadian	4,637	4,222	* 5,006 8,859	1,573	
Cleveland	7,856	7,570	15 426	3,225	
Custer			6,482		
D			4,129	855	
Day	449	394	843	175	
Garfield	8,440	7,788	16 228	3,994	4
Grant			14,315		
Greer	5,421	4,711	10,132	1 900	5
Kay			18.000		
Kingfisher			16.044	3,837	
Lincoln	11,552	10,332	21,884	4,937	4
Logan			23,589	5 015	
Noble			10,421	2,437	5
Oklahoma	10,279	10,045	20,324		
Pawnee			* 7,871 10,795		
Payne			17,386		
Pottawatomie			22.594		
Roger Mills			2,262	361	
Washita			9,468		
Woods			24.414	5,921	4
Woodward			4,206		
Total			303.035		

*Indians.

Population over Ten Years Engaged in all Occupations in 1898.

COUNTY	No. Persons Engaged in Agriculture,	No. Engaged in Professional Services.	No. Engaged In Road and Transportation.	No. Engaged in Manufactory and Mechanical Industries.	No. of Mining Apprentices.
Beaver	538	16	16	12	
Blaine					
Canadian					
Cleveland					
Custer	1,794	2			
D	1.281	29	47	3	
Day	388	6	394		
Garfield	4,963	71	319	59	
Grant	3,164	100	23	10	7
Greer					
Kay					
Kingfisher	2.104	26	9	1	6
Lincoln	9,387	77	244		
Logan					
Noble	1,961	14	327	28	10
Oklahoma					
Pawnee					
Payne	4,239	163	683	88	
Pottawatomie					
Roger Mills					
Washita	2 735	56	132	16	
Woods	6,988	76	119	76	5
Woodward					
Total	39,542	764	2,313	293	28

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

RURAL SCHOOLS.

There has been improvement in the rural schools in most of the counties. At the territorial and county educational meetings the welfare of these schools has been freely discussed. The successful teacher in the district schools must adapt herself to the conditions that surround her. Things that make rural life attractive should be discussed with the children, and in the choice of things for such general discussion there should be freedom. Some of the most capable and patriotic of our citizens have commenced their education in the country, and in the rural schools many of our most promising boys and girls are to be found today.

ATTENDANCE.

One of the great hindrances to the proper advancement of the youth in our common schools is the great irregularity in school attendance. With a school population of more than a hundred thousand, and, with taxes levied, school houses built and teachers licensed to provide for the instruction of that number, less than half of them are in daily attendance. Many patrons do not have a proper realization of the loss their children sustain through irregular attendance at school. The teacher should frequently call attention to the evil, and constantly urge regular attendance. She should call upon the patrons in the interest of attendance.

GRADING COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

That the country schools can be graded, is no longer denied. The word graded is not used in the exact sense in which it is applied in city work. The conditions that surround city and country schools are different. In the town and city, classes are larger and fewer grades are assigned to the individual teacher. Grading in the city may be more exact than can be enforced in the country.

Some of the benefits to be realized from grading the rural schools are these:

1. A course of study is established which shows teachers and pupils what is expected to be accomplished in a prescribed period. 2. A uniform basis of classification is introduced. 3. Children are directed to the study of subjects in their natural order, and the error of pursuing two or three subjects to the exclusion of other essential subjects is corrected.

Three and one-half years ago the territorial board of education prepared and had printed in the normal institute manual for that year, a graded course of study for the common schools of Oklahoma Some months later twenty thousand copies of this course of study were printed in pamphlet form and sent to the county superintendents to be distributed among the rural schools. Along with this a system of classification records was recommended. The purpose of these records being to show succeeding teachers the condition of the school and the standing of each pupil. It enables the teacher to know, before opening school the first day, where each pupil belongs in each branch, what work the preceding teacher was doing, her plans, etc,, so she can follow up the plan without a general upsetting of the preceding teacher's work and putting the pupils back. With this system, a systematic record of each pupil's progress is kept, thus binding term to term in a manner that economizes time and makes more sure the success of the succeeding teacher. This system and method on the part of the teacher encourages methodical work on the part of the pupils. The teachers are also provided with blank forms to be used in making term reports to the county superintendent, the information contained in the teacher's term report to the county superintendent being substantially the same as that left for use of the succeeding teacher. A full history of the school life of each pupil thus becomes a part of the permanent records in the district and the county superintendent's office. There has been a gradual improvement in the classification in the country schools in Oklahoma during the last three years. The pupils are now v well classified. We have heard some of the presidents of our territorial institutions and city superintendents say that pupils coming to their schools from the country are fairly well fitted in the branches they have studied. These instances are sufficiently numerous, to show that our country schools can do good work, and that in many of these schools good work is being done.

But the crowning feature of country school gradation is yet to be told. A course of study implies an end as well as a beginning, so when the course is completed a common school diploma is awarded. A worthy object is here placed before the pupil, an object which by industry and peseverance he may gain. It awakens his interests and he determines to complete the course, and thus makes better application of his time. Examinations are held annually under the direct management of the territorial board of education. The first examination was held on May 1st and 2nd, 1896; the second on May 4th and 5th, 1897; the third on March 24th and 25th, 1898. The result of the first examination was 207 graduates from nine counties; the second, 173 from eleven counties; the third, 187 from fourteen counties. *Graduation* from the district schools has proven a success in Oklahoma and will be continued. The plan setting forth the directions and regulations to be observed in holding these examinations and the questions used at the last examination will be found elsewhere in this report.

DISTRICT OFFICERS.

The district officers are director, treasurer and clerk. The law makes it the duty of this Board to levy district tax, employ teachers, etc. In addition to the duties of the board, as such, each member has other duties. The clerk carries the burden of responsibility and work. Under the present plan he is required to give from three to seven days each year in the performance of the duties of his office without compensation. Knowing there is no pay, too often the result is, he does as little as possible This is wrong. He should receive pay for his work. If a man is paid for doing something, he wishes to show that he has performed his duty, but without pay he is liable to neglect it. The duties of the office are important and should be properly performed. Under provision of a law made by the fourth legislature, the county treasurer practically performs the duties of the several district treasurers in each county. All school warrants are drawn upon the county treasurer and are paid by him. He makes quarterly reports to the district clerks of all moneys received for the districts and of all warrants paid. The district treasurer is such in name only.

Great care should be taken in the selection of district officers. They should be the most intelligent men in the district, and should be selected for no other reason than that their election will be for the best interest of the school. The discharge of their duties involves ample provision for the careful selection of competent teachers and such care of the school as will retain the confidence of the community.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS.

The duties of the county superintendent are many. To visit each school in the one hundred districts, more or less, in his county, scattered over an area of from seven hundred to three thousand square miles, with the many things demanding his attention during each visit, to be almost daily called upon to construe portions of the school law, reports to make, a correspondence requiring prompt attention and his duty as a member of the county examining board—all this properly done—fully occupies his time. In fact, a few counties have too much territory and too many schools to make personal supervision by the superintendent either possible or efficient. A deputy should be provided.

The most effective work is in the personal inspection and supervision by a capable county superintendent. In his visits to the schools, defects in the methods of management and instruction are to be pointed out, and means of improvement suggested. In his mingling with teachers, pupils and patrons he exerts an influence that does much toward promoting the welfare of the schools. But the highest function of the county superintendent in the schools is the work of organization. He should not neglect to visit each term of school. The county superintendency properly conducted is a great power in the uplifting of the rural schools. The office ought to be strictly non-partisan. No other office comes in touch with such vital interests of the people. The county superintendent should be chosen without regard to party affiliations. It occurs to me that Pennsylvania and Indiana have adopted the better plan for choosing county superintendents. In these states the district boards of trustees make the selection. These officers are surely in better position to make a wise choice of an officer of this character than the average voter can possibly be. The appointment should be made in the spring time. This takes it out of the realm of politics.

SUPERINTENDENTS' ANNUAL REPORTS.

The annual reports of the county superintendents have been carefully tabulated and the tables prepared for publication. Some of these reports came on the fifteenth day of October or soon after, and in the main are models of correctness and neatness. There is a marked improvement in their reports over those of last year. This is due to the effort put forth by the county superintendents to induce the district clerks to keep their accounts correctly and to have their reports ready in time. Where this work is well done the county superintendent has but little trouble with his annual report. On the other hand, the neglect of some of the county superintendents to compile and send in their annual reports till long after the time required by law, is an impediment in the way of getting our report into the governor's hands when it is due.

THE COUNTY EXAMINING BOARD.

This board consists of three members. The county superintendent is ex-officio chairman of the board. The other two members are nominated by the county superintendent and appointed by the county commissioners. It is the duty of this board to examine all applicants for county certificates to teach. The only defense of the schools against incompetent persons who desire to be teachers is found in this board. To protect the schools from incompetent instruction and secure the best qualified teachers possible should be the aim of the board, as the most important factor in the common schools is the supply of competent teachers.

TEACHERS.

The efforts of the earnest teacher should be better appreciated. As we have met the teachers in the institutes and at the associations, we have been impressed with their desire to know the best things about teaching. Teachers should be well versed in the theory of the profession and be able to apply it practically as well as to be thoroughly informed in the subjects taught. The teacher's success is measured by her energy, and by her influence to direct pupils to good habits and right application. That the proper co-operation of patrons and teachers in the interest of the schools may be secured, the teacher must visit the homes and become acquainted with the influences that are about her pupils when out of school. This is necessary in a properly managed school.

TERRITORIAL BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The duties of the board are as follows:

1. To conduct annual territorial institutes.
2. To adopt plans for the organization and conduct of the county normal institutes.
3. To issue certificates to conductors and instructors.
4. To prepare questions for all county teachers' examinations.
5. To prepare qu-stions for city examinations.
6. To prepare qu stions and adopt regulations for the graduation of pupils from the common schools and grant diplomas to the graduates.
7. To conduct annual examinations for territorial certificates and diploma.

It is also the duty of this board to act in an advisory capacity, and as such, in large measure, mould the educational policy of the territory. The board holds meetings at such times as the educational interests may seem to demand. There were thirteen meetings held in 1897 and twelve in 1898.

THE TERRITORIAL INSTITUTE.

These meetings are held annually in the interest of the county normal institutes. They are held under the auspices of the Territorial Board of Education and usually continue three days. The subjects discussed and lectures given are largely confined to the county normal institute work. All county superintendents and all persons who desire to conduct or instruct in the county institutes are expected to attend the territorial institute. The program of the last meeting is given below:

PROGRAM.

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 23.

Music ....

Address of Welcome .... J. M. Patterson, Oklahoma City.

Response .... L. W. Baxter, Guthrie

Address--The Normal Institute .... S. N. Hopkins, Conductor.

Music ....

Announcements ....

Social ....

TUESDAY MORNING.

8:30—Devotional Exercises.

9:00—Organization of the County Normal Institute.—Leader, Supt. W. N. Rice, Norman; Assistants—Supt. G. D. Moss, Kingfisher; Wm. J. Parsons, Alva.
General discussion.

10:00—Graded Course of Study for Oklahoma Normal Institutes.—Leader, T. J. Brookway, Alva; Assistants, J.H. Ware, Shawnee; Miss Maud DeCou, Newkirk. General discussion.

11:00—Assignments and Promotions in the Normal Institute.—Leader, Supt. O. G. Palmer, Ponca City: Supt. J. R. League, Hennessey: Supt. H. H. Kellogg, El Reno.
General discussion.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

:200 -The Teacher's Reading Circle Work.—Leader, John Davis, Yukon. Assistants, J. A. Spurlock, Enid; Geo. B. Thompson, Enid.
General discussion.

3:00—Child Study from the Standpoint of the Rural School.—Leader, Prof. F. H. Umholtz, Edmond. Assistants, Mrs. W. H. Miller, Blackwell; Mrs. L. M. Henderson, El Reno.
General discussion.

4:00—Nature Study in the Rural School.—Leader, Supt. Alice V. Beitmen, Oklahoma City. Assistants, Supt. Cleo. C. Power, Watonga; Supt. Clara Ruddell, Arapahoe.
General discussion.

TUESDAY EVENING.

Music.

8:00—Lecture—Pres. D. R. Boyd, Norman.

Music.

Social.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

8:30—Devotional exercises.

9:00—Arithmetic in the Normal Institute.—Leader, B. F. Nihart, Oklahoma City. Assistant, K. C. Cox, Mangum.
General discussion.

10:00—Map Drawing in the Public School.—Leader. Prin. W. A. Delzell, Jefferson. Assistants, Miss Alma Carson. Guthrie; Supt. S. P. Myers, Perry.
General discussion.

11:00—Revision of the Course of Study for the Oklahoma Rural Schools.—Leader, Supt. Henry H. Dodd, Guthrie. Assistants, Supt. E. L. Cralle, Norman; Prin. E. M. Hoag, Crescent City.
General discussion.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

2:00—How to Instruct the Teacher to Classify the Rural Schools According to the Course of Study.—Leader, Supt. F. Boyer, Pond Creek. Assistants, Supt. R. M. Burch, Newkirk; Supt. F. D. Harnden, Pawnee.
General discussion.

3:00—The Pupils' Reading Circle Work.—Leader, N. E. Butcher, Norman. Assistants, Prin. L. B. Snyder, Pawnee; Prin. L. W. Randolt, Mulhall.
General discussion.

4:00—To What Extent Should the Institute be a School of Methods in all Classes?—Leader, Supt. L. W. Cole, El Reno. - Assistants, Prof. J. O. Allen, Edmond; C. H. Roberts, Kingfisher.
General discussion.

WEDNESDAY EVENING

8:30—Music.
Lecture—Pres. J. E. Ament, Alva.
Social.

THURSDAY MORNING.

8:30—Devotional exercises.

9:00—In What Respects are Our Schools a Failure, and How May They be Remedied?—Leader, Pres. E. D. Murdaugh, Edmond. Assistants, Prof. H. C. Fellows, Cherokee; Prof. J. M. DeLisle, Alva.
General discussion.

10:00—Literature in the Public Schools.—Prof. A. C. Scott, Stillwater. Assistants, Supt. C. W. White, Norman; Miss Nellie Johnson, Shawnee.
General discussion.

11:00—Reading in the Primary Grades.—Leader, Prin. J. H. Ledgerwood, Pond Creek Assistants, Prin. N. T. Pool, Lexington; Prin. E. E. Goodwin, Woodward.
General discussion.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

2:00—Examination of Pupils for Common School Diplomas.—Leader, Supt. Harry Breeze, Stillwater. Assistants, T. D. Ballard, Woodward; Supt. Olive Stubblefield, Chandler.
General discussion.

3:00—Instruction in Music.—Leader, Miss Grace King, Norman. Assitants, Supt. G. W. Hunt, Cloud Chief; Miss Tella Turner, Edmond.
General discussion.

4:00—Elementary Science Work in the Public School.—Leader, Prof. Edwin DeBarr Norman Assistants, Prof. J. T. House, Kingfisher; Supt. J. W. Means, Stillwater
General discussion.

THURSDAY EVENING.

8:00—Music.
Lecture—Pres. G. E. Morrow, Stillwater.
Social.

FRIDAY MORNING.

8:30—Examination of applicants for conductor's and instructor's certificates.

COUNTY NORMAL INSTITUTE

The normal institute furnishes teachers with an opportunity that they may go to their work with a better knowledge of how and what to teach. The chief object of the institute should be professional culture and training, and its minor purpose the general culture and education of the teacher. These institutes have, in an unpretentious way, done much for the improvement of the teachers in attendance and have had a marked influence for good upon our Oklahoma schools. They are usually followed by an increased activity and a revival of interest in school work.

CONDUCTORS AND INSTRUCTORS.

Institute conductors and instructors are required to be holders of institute certificates The law makes it the duty of the Territorial Board of Education to license competent persons to do this work. Applicants for these certificates are required to be the holders of teachers' first class certificates to teach or diploma from a recognized institution of learning and evidences of marked success as teachers. In addition to this a written examination is required on professional subjects. At another place in this report may be seen the questions used at the examination held at Oklahoma City on May 27, 1898.

INSTITUTE COURSE OF STUDY.

Each year the territorial board of education has prepared and issued in pamphlet form a course of study to be used in the county normal institutes. This book is chiefly made up of outlines upon the subjects pursued in the institutes. The instructors and teachers are expected to be guided by these outlines and to observe the regulations given in the manual in the institute work. It is the purpose of the course of study to secure uniformity throughout the territory and to assist toward accomplishing as much as possible in the short time the institute is in progress. No effort had been made to grade the institutes of the territory till last year. For the institutes of 1898, a graded course of study was prepared and adopted. The subject matter of this manual is divided into three sections. Observing the regulations for the use of the course of study, teachers are assigned according to attainment and experience as teachers. At the close of each institute certificates of promotion are issued to those who comply with the requirements to be advanced. Teachers who complete the course of study, and who are the holders of at least two reading circle certificates are granted a normal institute diploma. Those who graduate from the institute course of study and who can comply with the legal requirement for a teacher's first-class certificate will receive instead a teacher's professional certificate. A professional certificate will be recognized as superior to a first-class certificate, just as a first-class certificate is superior to a second-class. It will be readily seen that the purpose of the plan is to hold out inducement to teachers to make more thorough preparation for their work. It is recommended that boards of directors require all teachers in their employ to attend the graded normal institute until they have graduated therefrom. It is hoped that many Oklahoma teachers may work to obtain the professional certificate.

TERRITORIAL TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The territorial teachers' association is composed of those who are working in some part of the educational field and who have a common interest in the educational work of the territory. In its membership every grade of school is represented, private as well as public. No educational subject is debarred from its programs and the greatest freedom of discussion is invited. The following list, showing the number of meetings held, the year, place of meeting, name of presiding officer, is thought to be correct:

Year.	Place of Meeting.	Presiding Officer.
1891	Norman	J. H. Parker
1892	Kingfisher	J. H. Parker
1893	Oklahoma City	J. H. Parker
1894	El Reno	D. R. Boyd
1895	Guthrie	D. R. Boyd
1896	Oklahoma City	L. W. Baxter
1897	El Reno	S. N. Hopkins
1898	Oklahoma City	E. D. Murdaugh

The following is the program of the meeting held at El Reno, December 28, 29, 30 and 31, 1897:

OFFICERS:

S. N. HOPKINS, *President.*

J. O. ALLEN, *First Vice-President.*

L. B. SNIDER, *Second Vice-President.*

H. E. THOMPSON, *Third Vice-President*

C. A. WALLACE, *Corresponding Secretary.*

R. E. BAGBY, *Treasurer.*

DAVID R. BOYD, JAMES R. LEAGUE, G. D. MOSS. *Executive Committee.*

PROGRAM:

TUESDAY EVENING—SEVEN O'CLOCK.

America." Invocation. Music.

Address of Welcome:

(1) For the City........ Hon. John I. Dille

(2) For the City Schools...Dr. J. A. Hatchett
Response...President E D. Murdaugh, Edmond
President's Annual Address...S. N. Hopkins, Guthrie
Music. Announcements. Reception and Reunion...
Music furnished by the Territorial Normal School, Edmond.

WEDNESDAY MORNING—NINE O'CLOCK.

Invocation. Music...
Paper—"Music in the Public Schools...Miss Alma Carson, Guthrie
Discussion—Miss Tella Turner, Edmond; Miss Grace King, Norman; T. E. Jones, Mangum.
General Discussion...

TEN O'CLOCK.

Paper—"The Teacher's Personal Influence"...President G. E. Morrow, Stillwater
Discussion...... B. F. Nihart, Oklahoma City; O. G. Palmer, Ponca City; John Davis, Yukon
General Discussion...

ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

Music...
Paper—"School Room Decoration; Ways and Means"...Miss Maud DeCou, Newkirk
Discussion—N. T. Pool, Lexington; Miss Daisy Coleman, Watonga; Mrs. J. M. DeLisle. Alva; F. J. Howell, El Reno.
General Discussion...

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON—TWO O'CLOCK.

Music...
Paper—"The Teacher's Margin of Scholarship and Ability"...L. W. Cole. El Reno
Discussion—J. H. Ledgerwood, Pond Creek; T. J. Bellew, Watonga; J. M. Patterson, Oklahoma City; L. B. Snider, Pawnee.
General Discussion...

THREE O'CLOCK.

Paper—"The Recitation. Its Psycology; Its Pedagogy...President E. D. Murdaugh. Edmond
Discussion—Prof. Freeman E. Miller, Stillwater; S. P. Myers, Perry; W. H. Dickey, Altus
General Discussion...

FOUR O'CLOCK.

Music...
Paper—"Teaching. a Profession"...President J. E. Ament. Alva
Discussion—E. L. Cralle, Norman; Miss Alice V. Beitman, Oklahoma City; F. E. Goodwin Woodward; Prof. J. F. House, Kingfisher.
General Discussion...
Announcement of Committees.

WEDNESDAY EVENING—SEVEN-THIRTY O'CLOCK.

Music. Invocation. Music...

Presentation of Library to county having largest membership in the Oklahoma Teachers' Reading Circle.

Music...
Lecture—"The Future of the English Language and Our Duty in Reference to It"...Prof. Herbert M. Skinner, Chicago
Music...

Announcements.

The music for this evening will be furnished by the musical people of El Reno.

THURSDAY MORNING—NINE O'CLOCK.

Invocation. Music ....

Paper—"Causes of Failure in Arithmetic Study" .... Prof. F. S. Elder, Norman

Discussion—Prof. L. W. Randolph, Mulhall; Samuel Brazelton, Stroud; Prof. F. H. Umholtz, Edmond; C H. Roberts, Kingfisher.

General Discussion ....

TEN O'CLOCK.

Paper—"How May the Reading Circle Help Teachers?" .... N. E. Butcher, Norman

Discussion—Mrs. Fannie Boyer, Pond Creek; G. D. Moss, Kingfisher; J. H. Ware, Shawnee

ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

Paper—"Specialization in Education" .... Prof. J. F. Paxton, Norman

Discussion .... J. O. Allen, Edmond; Wm. N. Rice, Norman; Miss Nellie Johnson, Shawnee

General Discussion ....

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Department Meetings:

(1) County Superintendents Department, High School Building .... Superintendent F. D. Harnden, Chairman

(2) Department of Child Study, place to be announced .... Prof F. H. Umholtz, Chairman

THURSDAY EVENING—SEVEN-THIRTY O'CLOCK.

Music. Invocation. Music ....

Presentation of Flag to the county having largest attendance at the Association.

Music ....

Address .... Governor C. M. Barnes, Guthrie

Music ....

Reception to Governor Barnes and party ....

Announcements.

The music for this evening will be furnished by the Music Department of the Territorial University.

FRIDAY MORNING—NINE O'CLOCK.

Invocation. Music ....

Paper—"Chief Difficulties in Primary Work and How Remedied" .... Miss Lizzie Wooster, Edmond

Discussion—Mrs. Julia A. Ryan, Guthrie; L. M. Henderson, El Reno; J. R. League, Hennessy.

General Discussion ....

TEN O'CLOCK.

Paper—"Literature in the Primary Grades" .... Miss Fannie Cooksey, El Reno

Discussion—Clyde Reynolds, Crescent City; C. W. White, Norman; W. A. Dalzell, Jefferson

General Discussion ....

ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

Business session ....

FRIDAY AFTERNOON—TWO O'CLOCK.

Paper—"Utilitarian Idea of Education" .... James S. Spurlock, Enid
Discussion—J. A. Overstreet, Norman; Miss Olive Stubblefield, Chandler; H. H. Dodd, Guthrie.
General Discussion ....

THREE O'CLOCK.

Paper—"The Ethical Value of School Life" .... L. W. Baxter, Guthrie
Discussion—President David R. Boyd, Norman; Prof. F. H. Umholtz, Edmond; E. M. Hoag, Guthrie.
General Discussion ....

FOUR O'CLOCK.

Paper—"Literature of Oklahoma" .... Freeman E. Miller, Stillwater
Discussion—Miss Margaret Rees, Guthrie; R. M. Burch, Newkirk; Harrry Breese, Stillwater
General Discussion ....
Doxology. Adjournment ....

FRIDAY EVENING.

Contest in declamation by representatives from each county, selected by the County Superintendents from the public schools. First, second and third prizes to be announced.

It is also the duty of this board to act in an advisory capacity, and as such, in large measure mould the educational policy of the territory.

HEADQUARTERS.

The headquarters of the Association will be at the Kerfoot Hotel. All persons on arrival should come immediately to headquarters for enrollment as members of the Association and for assignment to places of entertainment. Certificates of membership and badges of the Association will be given to persons enrolling as members, which will secure admission to all sessions and entertainments of the Association.

COUNTY ASSOCIATIONS.

In nearly all the counties a county association exists and meetings are held at stated periods. These, with the subdivision meetings held in some of the counties present scenes of activity in all lines of common school education. Teachers are thus afforded the opportunity to meet in a social way, as well as to exchange ideas on the different phases of their work. It frequently occurs that much that is valuable to teachers is gained by this exchange of experience. But the main purpose of these meetings is to arouse enthusiasm and interest among the teachers at work in our schools. At these meetings each teacher obtains a knowledge of the condition of the other schools in the county, and is stimulated to do better work. One of the results of such meetings is found in the fact that the teacher goes back to his duties feeling that he is not alone in his work, but that others are helping him, as he can if he will help them.

TEACHERS' READING CIRCLE.

The teachers' reading circle was organized in Oklahoma in July, 1894, under the management of the territorial board of education. The county superintendents were made *ex-officio* managers of the reading circle work in the respective counties. The board has exercised great care in the selection and adoption of the books for each year. Under the direction of the territorial board of education, the secretary of the board visited the county normal institutes held during the summer of 1896 in the interest of the reading circle work. At a meeting of the board held at Oklahoma City on March 31, 1897, a reading circle board was appointed. It is the duty of this board to push the reading circle work in the territory. The report of the reading circle board by the secretary is included in this report.

PUPILS' READING CIRCLE.

The Oklahoma pupils' reading circle is an outgrowth from the teachers' reading circle, and is under the general management of the territorial reading circle board. All active teachers of the territory are *ex-officio* leaders in the pupils reading circle by virtue of their position. The books are selected and adopted by the territorial board of education and are suited to the grades of the common school course. Any pupil in the public schools may become a member of the Oklahoma pupils' reading circle by purchasing at least one book and agreeing to take up and faithfully perform the work. No membership fee is charged. Each member will be required to read at least one book, as prescribed in the course, each year. The circle commends itself to the friends of education, to school officers, to teachers and patrons, in helping to direct children in Oklahoma in the reading of good books. The cost of the books is but a trifle, and they are of such a character that they will become the nucleus of a library for many children.

SCHOOL FLAGS.

Since the first organization of the public schools in this territory the movement toward equipping each school with a national flag has been going forward. Many of our city and town schools, and some of our country districts are supplied with flags. We have heard the suggestion that a part of the furnishment of every school should be a national flag. The hope of the day that every school may fly the flag should be cherished by every lover of our country. It is thought unwise to display the school flag constantly. It is recommended that the stars and stripes be displayed over the school houses of the territory upon the following named days and such other days as may be determined by the authorities of the schools:

1 Opening day of each term.
2. Date of Emancipation Proclamation, September 22.
3. Columbia Day, October 21.
4. Thanksgiving, November——.
5. Landing of the Pilgrims, December 21.
6. Christmas Day, December 25.
7. New Years' Day, January 1.
8. Lincoln's birthday, February 12.
9. Washington's birthday, February 22.
10. Arbor Day———.
11. Oklahoma Day, April 22.

SCHOOL PROPERTY INSURANCE.

Chapter 17, Session laws of 1897, makes provision for the insurance of public school property. It is the duty of this office to carry out, in part, the provisions of this law. The appraisement of the school property in all, or nearly all the school districts in each county was forwarded to this office by the county superintendents during the month of September, 1897. The appraisements returned aggregate $482,972.18. All appraised property was insured, under the law, on and after October 1, 1897. A tabulated record of the value of each school house, furniture, fixtures, etc., was made and is kept in this office. The law provides that an assessment of five per cent be made upon the appraised value of the property for each of the years 1897 and 1898. To make a levy of five per cent at one time seemed a hardship, and recognizing that the apportionment of the territorial school fund is made semi-annually, I decided, after mature deliberation, to make an assessment of two and one-half per cent semi-annually, thus making a saving to the districts without violating the law. An assessment of two and one-half per cent was made on January 31, 1898, and two and one-half per cent on July 30, 1898. Twenty-two thousand eight hundred, fifty-two dollars and seventeen cents has been returned by the county treasurers to the territorial treasurer in view of these assessments.

It will be noticed that the amount of money returned to the territorial treasurer is less than five per cent. of the appraised valuation of the property. The July apportionment of the territorial school fund was only twenty-nine cents per capita. The assesment made in July, was, in many districts, larger than the amount of fund received from the apportionment. In these districts, the balance due the insurance fund will be paid when the January, 1899, apportionment of the territorial fund is made.

There has been reported to this office in the fourteen months from October 1st, 1897 to November 30th, 1898, six cases of destruction of school property by fire. The aggregate findings of the probate courts in these cases are $1,600.95. There was $1,200.71 paid out of the insurance fund for these losses. There has been ten cases of injury of school property by wind storm. The aggregate court findings in these cases are $805.0 for which was paid $603.75. The amount paid in losses caused by fire and windstorm is $1,804.46. There are some defects in the law. Attention is directed to some needed changes elsewhere in this report.

KICKAPOO LANDS.

A very large per cent. of the lands in the Kickapoo country are indemnity lands taken in lieu of lands in the Osage, Otoe, Missouri and Ponca reservations under act of congress on February 28, 1891. There are 101.440 acres of these lands, all located in Lincoln, Pottawatomie and Oklahoma counties. At the present time, 95,360 acres of these lands are leased at an average annual rental of about $18,000.0C. The lessees as a rule are poor. The only means for the support of the public schools in these lands, is taxes upon the personal property of the people. The full limit of the law, two per cent., has been levied each year for school purposes. The amount of money raised from this levy is not sufficient for the running expenses of their schools for even two or three months of school each year. Attempts have been made in some of the districts to erect school houses with money raised by subscription, but failure has usually been the result. Most of the districts have rented rooms in private houses or such other rooms as they were able to secure. In short, the school privileges in this country are very poor. It is only justice to those people that some relief be given them by legislative enactment.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

1. Change the basis for the apportionment of the territorial school fund from the scholastic populations of the districts to the average daily attendance of the school taught.
2. Make the payment of the last month's salary of all teachers contingent upon filing all required reports due the county superintendent and district clerk.
3. An act enabling boards of education in cities of the first class and district boards to levy a tax to pay outstanding indebtedness.
4. A law authorizing the county commissioners in each county to appropriate $100.00 each year to be applied to the running expenses of the county normal institutes.
5. Make the appraisement of the school property of the districts the limit of the court finding in case of total destruction by fire or storm.
6. Make the neglect of the school officer to perform the duty imposed by the school property insurance law punishable by fine.
7. An act authorizing fifteen per cent. of the lease moneys from the Kickapoo indemnity lands to be apportioned to the public schools in those lands.
8. An act to provide for public school libraries.
9. The school taxes collected from the railroads in Oklahoma should be a territorial fund to be apportioned to all the public schools in the territory.
10. An act providing for a per diem to each member of the territorial board of education, except the territorial superintendent, for services as member of said board.

Respectfully submitted,
S. N. HOPKINS,
Territorial Superintendent.

STATEMENT OF SEMI-ANNUAL APPORTIONMENTS OF SCHOOL FUNDS FOR THE YEARS 1897 AND 1898.

Apportionment of January 31, 1897.

Scholastic population	88,705
Amount apportioned	$53 232 00
Apportionment per capita	.60
Balance in treasury	$ 331 98

COUNTY.	Scholastic Population	Amount.
Beaver	971	$ 582 60
Blaine	3,074	1,844 40
Canadian	4.352	2,611 20
Cleveland	4 962	2,977 20
Custer	1,771	1,062 60
D	947	568 20
Day	219	131 40
Garfield	4.825	2 895 00
Grant	4.369	2,621 40
Greer	2,591	1,554 60
Kay	4,975	2,985 00
Kingfisher	5.872	3,523 20
Lincoln	6,246	3,747 60
Logan	7 746	4,647 60
Noble	2,791	1 674 60
Oklahoma	6,297	3,778 20
Pawnee	3 218	1,930 80
Payne	5 243	3.145 80
Pottawatomie	6,115	3,669 00
Roger Mills	665	399 00
Washita	2 256	1.353 60
Woods	7,933	4,759 80
Woodward	1,267	760 20
Total	88,705	$53 223 00

Apportionment July 31, 1897

Scholastic population	88,745
Amount apportioned	$23,063 30
Apportionment per capita	.26
Balance in treasury	$ 223 02

COUNTY.	Scholastic Population	Amount.
Beaver	971	$ 252 46
Blaine	3,074	799 24
Canadian	4,352	1,131 52
Cleveland	4,962	1,290 12
Custer	1,771	460 46
D	947	246 22
Day	219	56 94
Garfield	4,825	1,254 50
Grant	4,369	1,135 94
Greer	2,591	673 66
Kay	4,975	1.293 50
Kingfisher	5,912	1,526 72
Lincoln	6,246	1.634 36
Logan	7,746	2,013 96
Noble	2.791	725 66
Oklahoma	6,297	1,637 22
Pawnee	3,218	836 68
Payne	5,243	1.363 18
Pottawatomie	6,115	1,589 90
Roger Mills	665	172 90
Washita	2,256	585 56
Woods	7,933	2,062 58
Woodward	1,267	329 42
Total	88,745	$ 23 063 30

Apportionment of January 31, 1898.

Scholastic population	90,585
Amount apportioned	$95,114 25
Apportionment per capita	$ 1 05
Balance in treasury	$ 324 50

COUNTY.	Scholastic Population.	Amount.
Beaver	909	$ 954 45
Blaine	2,2 3	2,407 65
Canadian	4 270	4,483 50
Cleveland	5,278	5,541 90
Custer	1,804	1,894 20
D	1,033	1,084 65
Day	244	256 20
Garfield	4,904	5,149 20
Grant	4,455	4,677 75
Greer	2,513	2 638 65
Kay	4 983	5,232 15
Kingfisher	5,354	5,621 70
Lincoln	6 868	7,211 40
Logan	7,207	7.567 35
Noble	2,808	2,948 40
Oklahoma	6,495	6,819 75
Pawnee	3.260	3.423 00
Payne	5 564	5,842 20
Pottawatomie	7,886	8,280 30
Roger Mills	581	6 0 05
Washita	2,561	2.689 05
Woods	8,048	8,450 40
Woodward	1,267	1,330 35
Total	90,585	$ 95,114 25

Apportionment of July 30, 1898.

Scholastic population	90.585
Amount apportioned	$26,269 65
Apportionment per capita	.29
Balance in treatury	379 09

COUNTY.	Scholastic Population.	Amount.
Beaver	909	$ 263 61
Blaine	2.293	664 97
Canadian	4,270	1,238 30
Cleveland	5,278	1,530 62
Custer	1,804	523 16
D	1.033	299 57
Day	244	70 76
Garfield	4,904	1,422 16
Grant	4,455	1,291 95
Greer	2,513	728 77
Kay	4,983	1,445 07
Kingfisher	5,354	1,552 66
Lincoln	6,868	1 991 72
Logan	7,207	2.090 03
Noble	2,808	814 32
Oklahoma	6 495	1,883 55
Pawnee	3,260	945 40
Payne	5,564	1,613 56
Pottawatomie	7,886	2,286 94
Roger Mills	581	168 49
Washita	2,561	742 69
Woods	8,048	2,333 92
Woodward	1,267	367 43
Total	90,585	$ 26,269 65

Table Showing Schools Taught During the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1897.

COUNTY.	No. of Organized Districts.	No. in Which Schools Were Taught.	No. of Schools Taught.	No. of Days Schools Were Taught.	Av. Length of School in days.
Beaver	46	46	48	....	....
Blaine	79	76	76	5,400	71
Canadian	76	74	89	9,440	106
Cleveland	67	67	89	7.540	84
Custer	49	46	50	3.120	62
D	41	30	33	2,100	63
Day	11	11	11	780	70
Garfield	126	98	98	7,280	74
Grant	121	121	122	9,320	85
Greer	68	68	71	3,860	54
Kay	88	57	81	4,606	56
Kingfisher	115	111	176	10,600	60
Lincoln	133	128	142	10,060	77
Logan	97	97	136	11,[illegible]20	81
Noble	61	58	59	3.980	67
Oklahoma	80	80	127	9.220	82
Pawnee	61	58	61	4,340	71
Payne	98	97	109	9,580	87
Pottawatomie	107	98	112	7.770	65
Roger Mills	15	15	14	930	65
Washita	60	58	61	3,820	62
Woods	226	211	232	16,995	73
Woodward	54	....	....	....	....
Total	1,879	1,705	1,997	141,761	515

Table Showing Schools Taught During the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1898.

COUNTY.	No. of Organized Districts.	No. in Which Schools Were Taught.	No. of Schools Taught.	No. of Days Schools Were Taught.	Av. Length of School in days.
Beaver	42	39	....	....	....
Blaine	80	80	73	5,480	75
Canadian	96	91	92	10,800	117
Cleveland	69	68	86	7,420	86
Custer	52	51	52	4 500	86
D	48	39	39	2,670	68
Day	13	13	....	....	....
Garfield	124	119	140	9,780	70
Grant	121	121	118	11,100	94
Greer	71	68	56	4,780	85
Kay	88	87	87	9,260	106
Kingfisher	120	118	123	11.760	95
Lincoln	134	132	152	11,040	75
Logan	97	97	134	14,800	110
Noble	59	59	61	4,876	79
Oklahoma	82	79	126	9,200	73
Pawnee	63	62	63	4.650	74
Payne	99	99	111	11,110	101
Pottawatomie	102	102	104	8,520	82
Roger Mills	20	12	13	1,010	77
Washita	61	60	63	4.870	77
Woods	231	223	224	16,846	70
Woodward	57	53	45	4,140	92
Total	1,929	1,772	1,962	168,606	792

Table Showing Average Daily Attendance for the Year Ending Jnne 30, 1897

COUNTY	Male.	Female.	Total.
Beaver	154	155	309
Blaine	614.5	578.1	1,192 6
Canadian	1.085	1,045	2,130
Cleveland	1 455	1,607	3,062
Custer	497.1	418.4	917.1
D	261	277	538
Day	44	36	80
Garfield	657	599	1,256
Grant	952	973	1 925
Greer	593	594	1,187
Kay	716	698	1,414
Kingfisher	1,589	1,546	3,135
Lincoln	1,789	1,781	3,570
Logan	1,855	1,906	3.761
Noble	561	628	1,189
Oklahoma	1.726	1,649	3,375
Pawnee	461	412	873
Payne	1,402	1,419	2,821
Pottawatomie	1,699	1,481	3,180
Roger Mills	131	210	341
Washita	640	599	1,239
Woods	2,347	2,314	4,661
Woodward			
Total	21,230.2	20,925.5	42,145.7

Table Showing Average Daily Attendance for the Year Ending June 30, 1898.

COUNTY.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Beaver	153	149	302
Blaine	541	614	1,155
Canadian	1,178	1,106	2,284
Cleveland	2,196	2,121	4 317
Custer	526	498	1,025
D	329	393	722
Day			
Garfield	1,448	1,355	2,803
Grant	1,316	1,340	2,659
Greer	702	707	1,409
Kay	1,630	1,430	3.060
Kingfisher	1 478	1,407	2,881
Lincoln	1,627	1.549	3,176
Logan	1,808	1,911	3,719
Noble	721	777	1,498
Oklahoma	1,591	1.658	3,249
Pawnee	1.056	1,039	2.095
Payne	1,191	1,155	2.346
Pottawatomie	1,513	1,504	3,017
Roger Mills	116	137	254
Washita	867	825	1,692
Woods	2,400	2,422	4,822
Woodward	357	345	702
Total	24,744	24,442	49,182

Table Showing Enrollment in Public Schools in the Year 1897.

COUNTY.	WHITE.			COLORED.			Male Total.	Female Total.	Total Aggregate.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.			
Beaver	297	287	584	....	1	1	297	288	585
Blaine	852	750	1,602	137	133	270	989	983	1,872
Canadian	1,866	1,770	3,636	33	25	58	1,899	1,795	3,694
Cleveland	2 222	2,036	4,258	52	49	101	2,271	2,085	4,356
Custer	730	605	1,335	5	4	9	735	609	1,344
D	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Day	44	36	80	....	....	....	44	36	80
Garfield	1,485	1,307	2,792	18	23	41	1,503	1,330	2,833
Grant	1,613	1,603	3,216	....	....	....	1,613	1 603	3 216
Greer	1,041	989	2,030	....	....	....	1,041	989	2,030
Kay	1,353	1 256	2 609	14	9	23	1 367	1,265	2,632
Kingfisher	2,050	1,883	3,933	340	310	650	2,390	2 193	4,583
Lincoln	2,513	2,349	4,862	175	191	366	2 688	2,540	5,228
Logan	2,406	2,265	4,671	671	771	1,442	3,077	3,036	6,113
Noble	1,076	1,043	2 124	35	39	74	1,111	1,087	2,198
Oklahoma	2,345	2,049	4 394	349	352	701	2,694	2,401	5,095
Pawnee	1 436	1,474	2 910	28	24	52	1,464	1,498	2,962
Payne	2,282	2 103	4,385	53	35	88	2,335	2,138	4,473
Pottawatomie	3,108	2,779	5,887	76	77	153	3,184	2,856	6,040
Roger Mills	190	250	440	....	....	....	190	250	440
Washita	972	885	1,857	....	....	....	972	885	1,857
Woods	3,353	3,123	6,476	20	17	37	3,373	3,130	6,503
Woodward	307	294	601	....	....	....	307	294	601
Total	32,741	31,141	64,682	2,006	2,030	4,066	35,547	33,201	68,743

Table Showing Enrollment in Public Schools in the Year 1898.

COUNTY.	WHITE.			COLORED.			Male Total.	Female Total.	Total Aggregate.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.			
Beaver	231	224	455	1	....	1	232	224	456
Blaine	1,146	1,042	2,188	141	152	293	1,287	1,194	2 481
Canadian	1,871	1,724	3,595	42	57	99	1,913	1,781	3,694
Cleveland	2,153	2,080	4,233	43	41	84	2,196	2,121	4,317
Custer	830	739	1,569	....	2	2	830	741	1,571
D	453	447	900	....	....	....	453	447	900
Day	147	153	300	....	....	....	147	153	300
Garfield	2,123	1 937	4 060	13	20	33	2,136	1 957	4,093
Grant	1,914	1,882	3,796	4	6	10	1,918	1,888	3,806
Greer	1,224	1,165	2,389	....	....	....	1,224	1,165	2 389
Kay	2,583	2 347	4,930	12	13	25	2,595	2 360	4,955
Kingfisher	2,019	1,915	3,964	298	274	572	2 347	2 189	4,536
Lincoln	2 807	2 566	5 373	158	170	328	2,965	2 736	5,701
Logan	2,395	2,146	4,541	742	853	1,595	3,137	2,999	6,136
Noble	1,193	1,148	2 341	46	36	82	1,239	1 184	2,423
Oklahoma	2,286	2 114	4 400	335	368	703	2,621	2,482	5,103
Pawnee	1,531	1,446	2 977	45	53	98	1,576	1,499	3,075
Payne	2,273	2,132	4,405	42	35	77	2 315	2,167	4 482
Pottawatomie	2 860	2,689	5,549	105	85	190	2,965	2,774	5,739
Roger Mills	168	205	373	....	....	....	168	205	373
Washita	1,261	1,167	2,428	2	....	2	1,263	1,167	2,430
Woods	3,654	3,441	7,095	18	12	30	3,672	3,453	7 125
Woodward	542	494	1,036	....	....	....	542	494	1 036
Total	37,694	35,203	72,899	2,047	177	4,224	39,741	38,215	77,121

Enumeration of Persons Between the Ages of 6 Years and 21 Years for the Year 1897.

COUNTY.	WHITE.			COLORED.			Grand Total.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Beaver	451	457	903	1		1	909
Blaine	1 020	915	1,935	185	173	358	23.293
Canadian	2,145	2,020	4,165	49	56	1 5	4,270
Cleveland	2.655	2.471	5,126	70	82	152	5.278
Custer	919	835	1,784	10	10	20	1,804
D	490	543	1 033				1,033
Day	137	107	244				244
Garfield	2,544	2,274	4 818	39	47	86	4,904
Grant	2,251	2,163	4,414	18	23	41	4,455
Greer	1.282	1 231	2,513				2,513
Kay	2 582	2,359	4,941	29	13	42	4,983
Kingfisher	2,341	2.189	4,530	428	396	824	5 354
Lincoln	3,339	2,9 7	6,3 6	281	281	562	6 868
Logan	2 804	2,609	5,413	879	915	1,794	7.204
Noble	1.399	1.298	2,697	57	54	111	2,808
Oklahoma	2.942	2,684	5,626	436	433	869	6,495
Pawnce	1,654	1,510	3.164	47	49	96	3,260
Payne	2,866	2,519	5,385	95	84	179	5,564
Pottawatomie	4.117	3,564	7.681	109	96	205	7,886
Roger Mills	262	319	581				581
Washita	1 320	1.241	2 561				2,561
Woods	4 151	3,847	7.998	26	24	50	8,048
Woodward	622	645	1.267				1,267
Total	44,366	41,008	85,374	2,753	2,733	5,486	90,585

Enumeration of Persons Between the Ages of 6 Years and 21 Years for the Year 1898.

COUNTY	WHITE.			COLORED.			Grand Total.
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
Beaver	435	436	871	1	1	2	873
Blaine	1.156	1,021	2.177	143	152	295	2,472
Canadian	2,224	2,044	4,268	61	79	140	4,408
Cleveland	2.905	2.701	5,6 6	91	77	168	5,774
Custer	1,125	1,028	2,153	12	18	30	2,183
D	731	713	1,444				1,444
Day	217	147	364				364
Garfield	2,647	2,534	5.181	35	50	85	5.266
Grant	2,4259	2 350	4,775	13	20	33	4.808
Greer	1,9[illegible]	1 718	3.627	1		1	3,628
Kay	976	2,696	5,672	40	21	61	5,733
Kingfisher	2 477	2 390	4,867	452	401	853	5,720
Lincoln	2,869	3.371	7,240	275	285	560	7 800
Logan	2 869	2.614	5.483	833	872	1 705	7,188
Noble	1 470	1,378	2,848	78	65	143	2 991
Oklahoma	3,136	2 884	6,020	452	448	900	6,920
Pawnee	1.949	1 823	3,772	121	109	230	4,002
Payne	3.038	2.792	5,830	145	90	235	6,065
Pottawatomie	4,417	3 990	8,407	127	102	229	8.636
Roger Mills	405	428	833	26	27	53	886
Washila	1,814	1,633	3.447	72	65	137	3,584
Woods	4 732	4,430	9,162	33	25	58	9,220
Woodward	799	710	1,509				1,509
Total	49,725	45,831	95,556	3,011	2,907	5,918	101,474

Table Showing the Number of Teachers Employed and the Average Salary Paid for the Year Ending June 30, 1897.

COUNTY	Male.	Female.	Total.	AVERAGE SALARY PAID		
				First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.
Beaver	13	30	43	$30 00	$30 00	$ 8 02
Blaine	24	52	76	29 00	25 10	22 33
Canadian	40	77	117	38 56	30 21	27 42
Cleveland	61	72	133	38 53	3 03	26 50
Custer	10	42	52	23 08	22 11	22 02
D	14	18	32	24 85	20 00	19 [illegible]1
Day	3	8	11	33 03	30 00	0 [illegible]
Garfield	44	52	96	27 86	25 99	19 82
Grant	54	66	120	30 60	24 50	20 53
Greer	20	37	57	32 17	31 13	28 5[illegible]
Kay	33	67	100	37 98	2[illegible] 37	24 37
Kingfisher	46	71	117	37 01	29 80	27 41
Lincoln	72	76	148	31 76	28 86	22 49
Logan	44	92	136	33 51	26 45	26 15
Noble	24	45	69	....	....	....
Oklahoma	48	78	126	34 97	25 98	....
Pawnee	15	46	61	30 15	24 17	2[illegible] 13
Payne	42	73	115	33 14	23 59	23 34
Pottawatomie	54	51	105	36 20	30 79	29 90
Roger Mills	8	7	15	33 10	32 32	31 [illegible]
Washita	30	27	57	31 00	29 13	22 05
Woods	83	132	215	31 56	25 00	21 80
Woodward	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	782	1,[illegible]19	2,001	....	....	....

Table Showing the Number of Teachers Employed and the Average Salary Paid for the Year Ending June 30. 1898.

COUNTY.	Male.	Female.	Total.	AVERAGE SALARY PAID		
				First Grade.	Second Grade.	Third Grade.
Beaver	14	28	42	$35 00	29 44	$27 70
Blaine	27	47	74	30 00	25 00	21 25
Canadian	30	68	98	53 41	34 95	28 97
Cleveland	50	42	92	47 16	35 83	23 18
Custer	15	36	51	26 11	21 63	21 5[illegible]
D	11	30	41	22 50	21 62	18 57
Day	....	....	....	....	....	....
Garfield	55	64	119	33 75	28 90	27 13
Grant	47	75	122	33 [illegible]0	26 51	26 50
Greer	27	31	58	44 00	29 [illegible]3	30 00
Kay	43	68	111	41 00	34 25	28 50
Kingfisher	51	91	142	...	....	....
Lincoln	75	77	152	28 34	28 10	24 29
Logan	53	88	141	42 41	32 36	20 69
Noble	29	39	68	62 50	....	....
Oklahoma	44	87	131	45 50	37 00	25 50
Pawnee	17	52	69	24 50	23 33	....
Payne	52	78	130	35 00	[illegible]9 3[illegible]	24 92
Pottawatomie	66	49	115	39 00	32 38	31 0[illegible]
Roger Mills	7	6	13	45 42	34 17	25 66
Washita	30	30	60	32 78	31 70	27 06
Woods	83	147	230	29 64	24 68	23 01
Woodward	15	33	48	34 [illegible]5	29 17	28 01
Total	841	1,266	2,107	....	....	....

Table Showing Receipts for the Year Ending June 30, 1897

COUNTY.	Balance on hand June 30, 1897.	From Apportionment of Territorial & Cou'ty School Funds.	District Tax.	Sale of Bonds.	Other Sources.	Total Receipts.
Beaver	$ 394 18	$ 2,982 21	$ 4,877 78		$	$ 8,254 17
Blaine	191 62	2,510 21	4,788 96		37 12	7,527 91
Canadian						
Cleveland	4,751 13	10,206 32	15,320 74			30,278 19
Custer	220 14	1,133 45	1,659 06		9 00	3 021 65
D	495 12	808 00	1,405 73	274 09	32 60	3,015 54
Day		179 01	1,061 60		15 00	1,255 61
Garfield	305 45	6,238 90	19 278 18		452 20	26,274 73
Grant		7.373 04	10.458 30	7,739 00		25,570 34
Greer		2,425 04	3,716 03		158 23	6,299 30
Kay	623 08	2,528 41	3,964 57	285 00	1,415 66	8,816 72
Kingfisher	3,082 94	6,951 56	9,334 13	52 93	1.314 65	20,736 21
Lincoln	1,319 99	6,544 83	18,243 58	998 00	2.347 43	29,453 83
Logan	1,461 93			1,765 06	4,028 52	7,2 5 51
Noble	971 92	5,930 44	7,808 24		981 10	15.691 70
Oklahoma	2,473 78	12,933 39	58,457 68	1.040 00	448 30	75 353 15
Pawnee		2,974 20	5,748 00	3,050 00	723 00	12,495 20
Payne	2,448 51	6,514 61	11.744 69	8,418 36	663 12	29,789 29
Pottawatomie	5,025 67	6,566 33	8.758 65	300 00	3,733 38	24.384 03
Roger Mills	568 08	916 46	1,489 57		80 00	3,054 11
Washita	231 66	2.313 68	4.195 76		121 95	6 863 5
Woods	2.733 25	10,436 23	12.328 73		7,020 95	32 519 16
Woodward						
Total	$27,298 45	$ 98,466 32	$204,639 98	$23,922 44	$23,582 21	$377,909 40

Table Showing Receipts for the Year Ending June 30, 1898.

COUNTY.	Balance on hand June 30, 1898.	From Apportionment of Territory & Cou'ty School Fund.	District Tax.	Sale of Bonds.	Other Sources.	Total Receipts.
Beaver	$ 2 598 87	3.688 50	3.887 06		433 20	10.607 63
Blaine	973 28	3,070 05	5 317 83			9,361 16
Canadian	5,779 42	5,815 77	22,650 57		1,733 11	35,978 87
Cleveland	6,553 39	11,667 91	14.367 83	1,829 50	46 70	34,465 33
Custer	481 51	2,367 80	5,729 72		176 45	8.755.48
D	687 32	1,601 18	2,044 50			4,333 00
Day						
Garfield	1 088 55	6,524 32	11,680 37	966 65	1,268 07	21,527 96
Grant	3,752 14	11,148 40	15,460 41	5,693 00	462 35	36,516 30
Greer	1,027 76	3,912 15	7,949 06		1 14	12,890 11
Kay	4,438 46	9.839 89	24 112 57			38.390 92
Kingfisher	7,917 90	7,614 34	25.976 24	1.317 05	184 81	43.010 34
Lincoln	6,178 52	9.206 11	17,125 61	1,518 98	210 36	34,269 58
Logan	8,846 13	14,100 24	24,403 37	1,329 00	3,989 07	52,667 81
Noble	3,522 14	5,881 11	10,342 83	127 24	664 88	20,538 20
Oklahoma	5,931 94	10.803 03	31,793 66		57 41	48.586 04
Pawnee	1 130 03	4.875 57	7,515 61	862 00	530 01	14.963 22
Payne	1,105 45	9,981 82	18.235 69	2,358 25	414 75	32 095 96
Pottawatomie	3,431 94	11.402 27	17,368 40	1,080 00	2,776 02	36,058 63
Roger Mills	959 33	1.408 53	2.020 54		16 00	4.404 40
Washita	7 86	3,699 31	5.400 30		695 92	9,803 39
Woods	5.523 47	15,392 15	18,399 45		442 08	39,757 15
Woodward	3,408 46	5,842 38	11,386 19		619 65	21,256 68
Total	$75,393 87	$159.842 83	$303 167 81	$17,111 7	$14 721 98	$570 238 16

Table Showing Expenditures for the Year Ending June 30, 1897.

COUNTY.	Teachers' Salaries.	Sites, Buildings and Furniture.	Rent, Repairs and Incidentals.	Libraries & Apparatus.	Other Purposes.	Total Expenditures.	Balance on Hand June 30, 1897.
Beaver	$ 5,900 43	$ 520 63	$ 385 39	$ 35 15	$ 288 34	7,129 94	1,134 33
Blaine	6,007 65	158 01	561 95	30 61	570 88	7.329 10	202 57
Canadian	22,885 00	......	......	......	......	22 885 00	......
Cleveland	18,058 05	447 11	2,041 22	659 74	561 20	21,767 32	4,073 08
Custer	2,657 04	398 58	238 26	42 90	333 67	3,670 45	344 72
D	2 404 58	22 30	134 24	......	10	2,561 22	887 43
Day	......	......	......				
Garfield	......	3,483 33	1,973 06	121 95	1,095 82	6,674 16	1,224 29
Grant	17,913 00	......	......	......	......	17 913 00	......
Greer	4 664 89	50 15	557 38	......	55 85	5 328 27	971 03
Kay	11,225 07	11 225 07	3.404 10	343 50	1 021 75	27,219 49	1,234 64
Kingfisher	19,562 97	841 05	3,791 38	818 89	2,585 18	27,599 47	3,803 88
Lincoln	15,058 77	2 409 73	2.169 25	267 67	2,632 88	22 538 30	7,165 53
Logan	26 748 28	2,200 50	2,180 26	312 29	2.982 38	34 423 71	824 69
Noble	8,041 97	2,499 47	1,358 80	169 96	658 31	12 728 51	462 79
Oklahoma	24.680 35	2,073 47	3 710 60	576 73	2,363 6	33,404 76	1,385 33
Pawnee	7,193 00	3,050 00	1,168 00	......	......	11,411 00	545 56
Payne	15 744 62	10 984 56	2,852 86	590 74	885 18	31,057 96	996 66
Pottawatomie	10,783 33	1,001 40	1,275 66	242 02	8,669 29	21,971 70	2,412 33
Roger Mills	1,936 55	......	38 77	......	144 63	2.119 95	972 82
Washita	5.034 00	90 05	187 07	915 60	439 51	6.666 23	1,340 40
Woods	22.649 45	4,676 34	2,642 32	307 67	1,719 45	31,995 23	6,431 29
Woodward	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Total	$249,149 00	$46,131 75	$30,670 57	$5,435 42	$27,008 03	358,394 77	6,413 37

Table Showing Expenditures for the Year Ending June 30, 1898.

COUNTY.	Teachers' Salaries.	Sites, Buildings and Furniture.	Rents, Repairs and Incidentals.	Libraries & Apparatus.	Other Purposes.	Total Expenditures.	Balance on Hand June 30, 1898.
Beaver	$ 5.644 97	$ 95 97	$ 500 05	$ 264 14	$ 1,084 71	$ 7,589 84	$ 2.933 56
Blaine	5 681 90	375 96	766 95	132 22	471 2	7.428 30	1,932 86
Canadian	22 265 73	1.689 87	3.314 08	1,196 93	872 56	29,339 17	7,277 55
Cleveland	19,695 50	4.865 44	2,226 02	170 07	1,079 52	28 036 55	4 394 12
Custer	5.953 87	834 85	545 55	37 98	60 77	7,433 02	1,520 07
D	2,916 13	......	553 61	......	......	3,469 74	767 14
Day	......	......	......	......	......	......	730 11
Garfield	6,865 54	1,176 38	1,122 96	78 25	1,149 50	10,392 63	871 16
Grant	16,409 50	7,502 00	......	......	......	23,911 50	5,407 28
Greer	8,064 38	448 22	698 09	......	16 20	9,226 89	1,462 21
Kay	......	......	......	......	......	......	9,818 26
Kingfisher	24,326 86	3,751 32	4,808 37	1 233 79	1,502 95	35.623 29	7,387 04
Lincoln	16.788 33	7,118 37	2 609 20	153 88	736 91	27,406 69	6,870 89
Logan	28 377 36	4,238 86	2,713 28	1,251 41	5,856 88	42,437 79	10,228 02
Noble	9.738 63	2,413 85	1,453 45	130 90	2,832 33	16,569 16	3.041 80
Oklahoma	31,791 73	336 44	4,065 17	407 52	4,468 72	41,069 58	7,516 35
Pawnee	6,923 39	1.753 06	862 24	191 41	970 13	10,700 23	2,575 29
Payne	16,860 78	4.661 27	2,684 51	992 26	1,282 64	26,481 46	3,856 40
Pottawatomie	23.190 07	3,936 15	3,057 04	557 03	1,517 52	32,257 81	2,573 20
Roger Mills	2,171 57	42 61	207 95	81 28	587 24	3,090 65	1,220 75
Washita	7,519 05	88 25	20 75	......	167 55	7,795 60	2,000 53
Woods	22.042 50	2,715 45	3,716 23	582 91	2,009 43	31,066 52	7.234 40
Woodward	7,824 92	2,948 31	882 52	50 51	2,314 55	14,020 81	7,331 84
Total	$291,052 71	$50,992 63	$36,808 02	$7,512 49	$28,981 38	$415,347 23	$98.950 84

Comparative Showing of Public Schools in Cities of the First Class for the School Year of 1896-7

NAME OF CITY.	Number of Teachers.	Average salary Paid.	Total Enumeration.	Total Enrollment.	Total Average Attendance.	No. of Months in School Year.	No. of School Houses.	No. of Volumes in Library.	Value of Library.	Name of Superintendent.	Annual Salary.
El Reno	13	44 61	578	649	553	8	6	107	$32 50	S. N. Hopkins	$1000 00
Enid	9	35 00	500	500	400	8	3	40	150 00	J R. League	520 00
Guthrie	26	41 70	2,230	1,760	1,043.6	8	5	400	200 00	L. W. Baxter	800 00
Kingfisher	9	35 00	508	423	298	8	4	150	....	W. W. Bixby	520 00
Oklahoma City	25	46 00	1,750	1,315	834	7	3	200	75 00	John McLain	1200 00
Perry	11	47 72	630	539	463	3½	4	15	30 00	J. W. Augustine	245 00
Shawnee	8	47 00	....	614	....	6	3	....	....	W. H. Miller	480 00

Comparative Showing of Public Schools in Cities of the First Class for the School Year of 1897-8.

NAME OF CITY.	Number of Teachers.	Average Salary Paid.	Total Enumeration.	Total Enrollment.	Total Average Attendance.	No. of Months in School Year.	No. of School Houses.	No. of Volumes in Library.	Value of Library.	Name of Superintendent.	Annual Salary.
El Reno	15	$45 16	701	731	488	8	6	142	$ 34 00	L. W. Cole	$1000 00
Guthrie	27	38 13	2,028	2,145	1,110.6	8	5	450	250 00	L. W. Baxter	800 00
Kingfisher	11	35 00	646	494	320.3	8	4	200	....	C. H. Roberts	600 00
Oklahoma City	25	42 00	2,100	1,350	896	9	4	300	100 00	B. F. Nihart	1200 00
Perry	10	41 00	715	611	391	8	3	15	30 00	Mrs. C. F. Pratt	500 00
Shawnee	12	38 00	1,001	844	437	7½	3	10	25 00	J. H. Ware	800 00

Schools in Cities of First Class Beginning Fall Term of 1898.

NAME OF CITY.	Number of Teachers.	Average Salary.	Number of Months in School Year.	Number of Volumns in Library.	Value of Library.	Name of Superintendent.	Annual Salary.	Number of School Houses.
El Reno	15	$45 16	8	142	$ 66 40	L. W. Cole	$1000 00	6
Guthrie	29	42 15	9	450	250 00	J. R. Campbell	1000 00	5
Kingfisher	12	41 40	8	00	....	C. H. Roberts	1080 00	4
Oklahoma City	27	43 00	9	300	100 00	B. F. Nihart	1200 00	4
Perry	9	43 33	9	15	30 00	N. L. Falls	675 00	2
Shawnee	15	38 33	8	10	25 00	J. H. Ware	900 00	3

County Normal Institutes 1897.

COUNTY.	Conductor.	Instructors.
Beaver	J. H. Ware	
Blaine	F. H. Umholtz	L. W. Baxter.
Canadian	L. W. Cole	Miss M. Alice Sitton
Cleveland	L. W. Cole	W. N. Rice and Miss Annie Challes.
Custer	Miss M. J Overstreet	Miss Winnie Rice.
D	F. E. Goodwin	
Garfield	Jas. R. League	N. T. Pool and J. H. Ledgerwood.
Grant	W. A. Delzell	James H. Ledgerwood and N. T. Pool.
Greer	N. E. Butcher	
Kay	Maud DeCou	Maud Rule and E. W. Doran.
Kingfisher	G. D. Moss	E. S. McCabe, L. B. Snider and Mrs. M. L. Sherman.
Lincoln	L. W. Baxter	R. V. Temming. Mrs E. O. Stevenson and Mrs. C. O. Garlinghouse.
Logan	O. G. Palmer	J. H. Ware, E. M. Hoag, L. W. Randolph and R. A. Gaffney.
Noble	Anson Gridley	
Oklahoma	E. W. Doran	W. L. Ross, Eleanor Campbell, Ophelia Overstreet, G. W. Benz.
Pawnee	J R. League	R E. Bagby, Mrs. E. B. Sloan.
Payne	F. H. Umholtz	J. W. Means and C. A. Wallace
Pottawatomie	John Davis	L. E. Cooley.
Washita	J. A. Overstreet	
Woods	W. N. Rice	C. L. Hollem, W. J. Parsons and Mrs. M. DeLisle.
Woodward	F. E. Goodwin	Mrs. Effie Staley.

County Normal Institutes 1898

COUNTY	Conductor.	Instructors.
Beaver	N. T. Pool	
Blaine	Cleo C. Power	H. C. Fellow and Joen Davis.
Canadian	H. H. Kellogg	F. N. Harwell and Miss Alice Sitton.
Cleveland	J. N. Ware	N. E. Butcher.
Custer	F. N. Harwell	Mrs. Clara Ruddell.
D	C. K. Cary	Mrs. Lillie Henderson.
Garfield	Jas. R. League	L. A Ferrel and Joe S. Riley.
Grant	H. C. Fellow	T. J. House and J. H. Ledgerwood.
Greer	E. Core	K. C. Cox.
Kay	W. N. Rice	N. T. Pool and A. B. Honnold.
Kingfisher	G. D. Moss	E. S. McCabe and C. H. Roberts.
Lincoln	L. W. Baxter	Olive Stubblefield.
Logan	J. O. Allen	J H. Ware and Sarah Payne.
Noble	J O. Allen	
Oklahoma	B. F. Nihart	M. J. Patterson and Mr. Ferrel.
Pawnee	L. B. Snyder	F. [illegible] Harnden.
Payne	F. H. Umholtz	J. W. Means and Miss Engra Smith.
Pottawatomie	John Davis	L W. Baxter and L. E. Cooley.
Washita	G. W. Hunt	J. M. Dale.
Woods	J. E. Ament	H. C. Fellow, Claud McCrary and A. G. Vinson.
Woodward	F. E. Godwin	J. M. DeLisle.

Normal Institutes 1897.

COUNTY.	No. of Weeks Held.	No. of Teachers Attending.	No. of Teachers Examined.	No. of Certificates Granted.	Receipts Year Ending June 30, 1897.	Expenditures Year Ending June 30, 1897.	Balance on Hand June 30, 1897.
Beaver	4	30	46	44	$ 94 25	$ 73 00	$ 21 25
Blaine	3	33	65	64	137 00	123 00	14 00
Canadian	6	54	70	40	236 00	236 00	
Cleveland	4	75	158	128	233 00	221 00	14 00
Custer	3	24	32	22	55 00	55 00	
D	4	20	35	24	59 00	35 50	23 50
Garfield	4	89	109	60	342 35	289 75	52 60
Grant	6	114	110	78			
Greer	4	61	58	45	120 00	87 00	33 00
Kingfisher	8	140	134	105	280 00	280 00	
Lincoln	4	91	161	93	265 00	265 00	
Logan	4	106	122	80			
Noble	4	76	90	43	166 00	166 00	
Oklahoma	4	122	157	115	412 45	292 75	110 70
Pawnee	4	42	51	38	93 00	93 00	
Payne	4	85	135	101	220 00	220 00	
Pottawatomie	4	46	84	83	28 00		
Roger Mills				3			12 00
Washita	4		33	33			
Woods	4	119	117	143			
Woodward	4	61	38	26			
Total	86	1,388	1,805	1,368	$2.741 05	$2,437 00	290 05

Normal Institutes 1898.

COUNTY.	No. of Weeks Held.	No. of Teachers Attending.	No. of Teachers Examined.	No. of Certificates Granted.	Receipts Year Ending June 30, 1898.	Expenditures Year Ending June 30, 1898.	Balance on Hand June 30, 1898.
Blaine	4	87	86	68	162 00	149 02	12 98
Canadian	4	60	107	56	278 00	278 00	
Cleveland	4	103	96	71	196 00	182 00	14 00
Custer	4	39	38	27	79 60	79 60	
D	4	26	40	25	66 00	66 00	
Day			45	4			
Garfield	4	134	166	123	293 00	231 00	96 00
Grant	4	98	99	91	197 00	195 00	2 00
Greer	2	39	49	36	88 00	52 00	36 00
Kay	4	111	94	78			
Kingfisher	4	80	236	151	210 00	210 00	
Lincoln	4	43	177	114	371 65	338 80	32 85
Logan	4	123	151	112	274 00	274 00	
Noble	4	50	68	57	132 00	132 00	
Oklahoma	4	250	149	111	518 70	306 00	217 70
Pawnee	4	63	56	51	150 00	150 00	
Payne	4	87	113	113	215 00	215 00	
Pottawatomie	4	40	116	98			
Roger Mills					7 00		18 00
Washita	4	35	22	20	79 00	70 00	9 00
Woods	4	73	180	166	436 14	403 55	32 59
Woodward	4	55	25	21	164 00	164 00	
Total	78	1,596	2,113	1,593	$3,917 09	$3,495 97	471 12

Table Showing County Superintendents' Official Work for the Year 1897.

COUNTY.	Superintendent's Name.	No. of Schools Visited.	No. of Consultations With School District Boards.	No. of Days the Office Was K'pt Open.	No. of Teachers' Meetings Attended.
Beaver	Noah Daves	26	44	80	2
Blaine	Cleo C Power	55	112	244	2
Canadian	H H Kellogg	33	135	273	8
Cleveland	E L Cralle	64	67	2 5	12
Custer	Clara Ruddell	54	160	133	6
D	C K Cary	28	38	120	5
Day	Della Cann	12	14	41	1
Garfield	Jaames A Spurlock	52	102	164	2
Grant	Mrs F Boyer	77	178	209	9
Greer	K C Cox	56	650	213	4
Kay	R M Burch	41	82	283	7
Kingfisher	G D Moss	94	120	177	8
Lincoln	Olive Stubblefield	34	97	215	5
Logan	Henry H Dodd	76	76	214	10
Noble	S P Myers	22	115	292	....
Oklahoma	Alice V Beitman	111	202	254	12
Pawnee	F D Harnden	44	384	204	12
Payne	Harry Breese	87	702	214	6
Pottawatomie	L E Cooley	47	205	213	2
Roger Mills	H C Harris	14	35	62	....
Washita	G W Hunt	34	94	197	4
Woods	T J Brockway	59	264	292	7
Woodward	T D Ballard	30	145	71	9

Table Showing County Superintendent's Official Work for the First Nine Months Year 1898.

COUNTY.	Superintendent's Name.	No. of Schools Visited.	No. of Consultations With School District Boards.	No. of Days the Office was Kept Open.	No. of Teachers' Meetings Attended.
Beaver	Noah Daves	17	53	70	1
Blaine	Cleo C Power	28	88	116	1
Canadian	H. H. Kellogg	24	80	217	4
Cleveland	E. L. Cralle	71	33	135	2
Custer	Clara Ruddell	31	1[illegible]0	[illegible]	4
D	C. K. Cary	30	25	110	1
Day	Della Cann	3	2	14	0
Garfield	James A. Spurlock	81	30	170	1
Grant	Mrs. F. Boyer	21	112	171	3
Greer	K. C. Cox	51	264	172	3
Kay	R. M. Burch	42	86	206	1
Kingfisher	G. D. Moss	93	122	177	3
Lincoln	Olive Stubblefield	13	25	215	2
Logan	Henry H. Dodd	41	30	202	1
Noble	S. P. Myers	31	75	150	3
Oklahoma	Alice V. Beitman	75	60	191	7
Pawnee	F. D. Harnden	13	248	114	2
Payne	Harry Breese	49	600	154	7
Pottawatomie	L. E. Cooley	61	....	....	....
Roger Mills	H. C. Harris	3	17	61	1
Washita	G. W. Hunt	21	58	....	....
Woods	T. J. Brockway	....	310	223	4
Woodward	T D. Ballard	10	55	91	4

Teachers' Certificates Issued During the Year 1897.

COUNTY.	Number of First Grade.	Number of Second Grade.	Number of Third Grade.	Total.
Beaver	2	9	9	20
Blaine	3	18	30	51
Canadian		20	28	48
Cleveland	9	33	23	65
Custer	5	11	15	31
D	5	13	14	32
Day	2	2	2	6
Garfield	4	33	44	81
Grant	5	37	57	99
Greer	5	7	18	30
Kay	12	31	65	108
Kingfisher	4	29	67	100
Logan	12	35	50	97
Noble	5	24	16	45
Oklahoma	10	35	59	104
Pawnee	1	24	30	55
Payne	6	36	44	86
Pottawatomie	6	31	29	66
Washita	4	9	17	30
Woods	7	52	71	1 0
Woodward	2	13	14	29
Roger Mills	2	2	4	8
Totals	111	504	706	1 321

Teachers' Certificates Issued During the First Nine Months of Year 1898.

COUNTY.	Number of First Grade.	Number of Second Grade.	Number of Third Grade.	Total.
Beaver		2	2	4
Blaine	5	12	10	27
Canadian	3	29	29	61
Cleveland	1	21	27	29
Custer	3	9	9	21
D		2		2
Day	1		2	3
Garfield	3	23	57	83
Grant	10	52	30	92
Greer	3	17	14	34
Kay	14	53	37	104
Kingfisher	4	28	39	71
Lincoln	3	32	32	67
Logan	18	39	44	101
Noble	2	18	17	37
Oklahoma	4	52	37	113
Pawnee	6	27	27	60
Payne	5	37	46	88
Pottawatomie	3	22	32	57
Roger Mills	5		1	6
Washita	6	15	6	27
Woods	10	63	57	130
Woodward	3	6	10	19
Totals	112	559	565	1,236

Syllabus of Course of Study for the Common Schools of Oklahoma.

First Year	Reading.	Spelling.	Writing.		Numbers.		
Second Year	Reading.	Spelling.	Writing.	Language.	Numbers.		
Third Year	Reading.	Spelling.	Writing.	Language.	Arithmetic.	Geography.	
Fourth Year	Reading.	Spelling.	Writing.	Language.	Arithmetic	Geography.	Hygiene.
Fifth Year	Reading.	Spelling.	Writing.	Grammar.	Arithmetic.	Geography.	Physiology.
Sixth Year	Reading.	Spelling.	Writing.	Grammar.	Arithmetic.	Geography.	Physiology.
Seventh Year	Reading.	Spelling.	Writing.	Grammar.	Arithmetic.	Geography.	Physiology.
Eighth Year	Reading.	Spelling.	Writing.	Grammar.	Arithmetic.	U. S. History.	Physiology.

NOTE—The average pupil can complete one year's work in eight months if attendance is regular.

Syllabus of Course of Study for County Normal Institutes of Oklahoma.

First Year	Reading Two weeks.	Penmanship Two weeks.	Orthography Two weeks.	Arithmetic Four weeks.	Physiology Four weeks.	Language Four weeks.	Geography Four weeks.
Second Year	Reading Two weeks.		Orthography Two weeks.	Arithmetic Four weeks.	Physiology Four weeks.	Language Four weeks.	U. S. History Four weeks.
Third Year	Bookkeeping Four weeks.		Civics Four weeks.	Arithmetic Two weeks.	Physics Four weeks.	Language Two weeks.	Psychology Four weeks.

Comparative Showing of Schools in which Two or More Teachers are Employed for the School Year 1896 7.

NAME OF TOWN.	Enumeration 1897.	Enrollment 1896-7.	Attendance 1896-7.	Number of Assistant Teachers.	Average Salary per Month.	No. of Months in School Year.	Number of School Houses.	Number of Volumes in Library.	Value of Library.	Name of Principal Teacher.	Salary per Month.
Altus	175		100	2	$65 00	9	1			W. H Dickey	$90 00
Blackwell	360	320	240	3	35 00	8	1			John Davis	50 00
Chandler	196	149	100	4	35 00	6				J. H Bayes	50 00
Cleveland	135	116	79	2	35 00	6	1			E. R. Lane	40 00
Carney	62	58	48	2	32 00	6	1			J. B. Greenlee	40 00
Cloud Chief	65	60		1		7	1			Mrs. A. D. Jones	45 00
Choctaw	136	135	89½	1	40 00	6	1			G. D. Dailey	50 00
Crescent	110	55		1	32 00	7	2	18	$ 30 00	T. R Welch	35 00
Edmond				2	40 00	6	1			C Dailey	50 00
Hennessey	306			6	40 00	8	2	125		J. R. League	65 00
Jefferson	97	90	78	1	40 00	8	1			T. S. Paris.	45 00
Kildare	99		40	1	38 00	9				A. B. Honnold	40 00
Lexington				3		8	1			C. T. Wilson	60 00
Mulhall	147	140	75	3	36 00	8	1	54	8 00	S. W Randolph	50 00
Mangum	75			2	37 50	9	1			J. H. Simpson	75 00
North Enid	143	143		1	40 00	9	1	34	100 00	Mr. Kneeland	75 00
Norman E.	582	512	326	8	41 25	9	1	1	9 00	J. H. Ware	75 00
Norman W.	270	250	136	4	52 25	8	1			W. N. Rice	75 00
Okarche	86	77	45.7	1	35 00	8	1			Mrs. M. L. Sherman	45 00
Orlando	125	105		3	35 00	7	1	40	50 00	L. E. Evans	50 00
Pawnee	332	280	173	4	35 00	8	1			L. B. Snyder	60 00
Pond Creek	150	131		3	36 66	6	1			J. H. Ledgerwood	45 00
Perkins		2 5	156	3	35 00	7	1	2	20 00	C. A. Wallace	50 00
Union City		70	37	2	32 50	8	1			H. Kelly	35 00
Stillwater	407	336	147	5	36 00	8	1	150		J. W. Means	60 00
Woodward	187	157	156	4	43 75	7	1			Mrs. Mamie O'Brien	50 00
Watonga	106	106	90	4	43 33	6	1	2	10 00	Miss N. Lou Bates	55 00
Yukon	167	132	119	5	49 00	8	2	12	45 00	D. W. Russ	75 00

Comparative Showing of Schools in which Two or More Teachers are Employed for the School Year 1897-8.

NAME OF TOWN.	Enumeration 1897.	Enrollment 1897-8.	Attendance 1897-8.	Number of Assistant Teachers.	Average Salary per Month	No. of Months in School Year.	Number of School Houses.	Number of Volumns in Library.	Value of Library.	Name of Principal Teacher.	Salary per Month.
Altns	210	110	....	3	$48 00	9	1	....	....	W. H. Dickey	$80 00
Blackwell	370	342	247	3	35 00	8	1	100	$ 60 00	W. H. Miller	50 00
Chandler	318	244	163	4	35 00	8	2	....	....	J. H. Bayes	50 00
Carrier	75	52	48	2	33 00	6	1	....	....	J. B. Greenlee	40 00
Cleveland	119	138	90	2	35 00	6	1	....	....	Mrs. McWhirter	40 00
Cloud Chief	....	93	36	2	35 00	9	1	....	....	J. S. Norton	50 00
Choctaw	149	121	63	2	45 00	8	1	....	....	G. W. Derrick	50 00
Crescent	100	55	....	2	32 00	6	2	18	30 00	O. C Reynolds	35 00
Hennessey	330	....	....	6	40 00	8	2	130	....	J. R. League	65 00
Jefferson	135	133	....	1	40 00	8	1	36	....	W A. Delzell	50 00
Kildare	117	100	43	1	38 00	9	1	....	....	E B. Wood	40 00
Lexington	350	313	285	4	32 50	8	1	....	....	N. T. Pool	65 00
Mulhall	185	127	88	3	36 00	6	1	54	[illegible]8 00	S. W. Randolph	50 00
Mangum	134	150	....	3	33 33	5	1	....	....	J. H. Sampson	70 00
Norman E.	619	563	317	8	41 25	9	1	13	65 00	Wm. N. Rice	75 00
Norman W	286	266	141	4	46 25	8	1	....	....	C. W White	65 00
Okarche	108	108	66.8	2	35 00	9	1	43	30 00	Mrs M. L. Sherman	45 00
Orlando	119	99	....	3	35 00	7	1	40	50 00	E. M Hoag	50 00
Ponca City	781	610	309	7	37 50	7½	2	160	100 00	O. G. Palmer	75 00
Pawnee	336	282	175	4	35 00	8	1	....	....	L. B. Snider	60 00
Pond Creek	156	120	....	3	41 66	7	1	....	....	J. H. Ledgerwood	60 00
Perkins	256	234	181	3	40 00	7	1	8	75 00	J. P Hickam	50 00
Union City	....	90	40	2	32 50	8	1	....	....	H Kelly	35 00
Stillwater	479	408	299	6	35 83	8	1	200	....	J. W. Means	67 50
Waukomis	93	90	65	1	25 00	6	1	....	....	J. Turner	40 00
Woodward	206	158	130	4	45 00	8	1	50	100 00	C. R. Alexander	75 00
Watonga	145	130	126	3	43 32	6	1	....	....	T. J. Ballew	55 00
Yukon	223	170	119	4	45 00	6	1	12	45 00	J. L Reynolds	60 00

SCHOOL HOUSE INSURANCE.

Table Showing Loss of School Property by Fire or Storm.

COUNTY.	Number of District	Cause of Injury or Loss	Date of Appraisement			Appraïs'd Valuation	Date of Court Finding			Amount of Finding	Date of Issue of Ins. Warrant			Amount of Warrant	No. of War'nt
			Month	Day	Year		Month	Day	Year		Month	Day	Year		
Canadian	46	Wind Storm	Aug	13	1897	$ 56 00	Mar	5	1898	$ 101 00	Aug	12	1898	$ 75 75	8
Canadian	25	Fire	Aug	19	1897	320 00	Nov	5	1898	495 00	Aug	12	1898	371 25	9
Garfield	97	Fire	Aug	24	1897	65 00	April	16	1898	94 45	Aug	12	1898	70 84	10
Grant	88	Wind Storm	Aug	......	1897	150 00	Nov	14	1898	98 00	Nov	23	1898	73 50	18
Logan	30	Fire	....	......	......	....	Dec	4	1897	117 00	Aug	18	1898	87 5	9
Lincoln	130	Fire	Aug	21	1897	226 00	Nov	19	1898	245 00	Nov	30	1898	183 75	20
Noble	4	Wind Storm	Sept	3	1897	241 00	...	...	...	226 00	Aug	12	1898	169 50	6
Oklahoma	5	Fire	Aug	24	1897	231 00	Feb	14	1898	384 00	Feb	14	1898	288 00	1
Oklahoma	29	Wind Storm	Aug	23	1897	360 00	Aug	23	1898	100 00	Sept	9	1898	75 00	16
Pottawatomie	12	Wind Storm	April	14	1898	210 00	July	22	1898	60 00	Aug	12	1898	45 00	11
Payne	71	Wind Storm	Dec	22	1898	409 00	May	20	1898	20 00	Sept	29	1898	15 00	17
Washita	34	Wind Storm	Mar	23	1897	150 00	Aug	25	1898	20 00	Nov	25	1898	15 00	19
Woods	65	Wind Storm	Aug	25	1897	147 00	June	30	1898	35 00	Aug	12	1898	26 25	12
Woods	96	Wind Storm	Aug	28	1897	135 00	June	2	1898	126 00	Aug	12	1898	94 50	13
Woods	3	Wind Storm	Sept	14	1897	487 50	May	17	1898	70 00	Aug	12	1898	52 50	14
Oklahoma	73	Fire	Aug	19	1897	114 00	Feb	14	1898	139 50	Aug	12	1898	104 62	5
Pottawatomie	16	Wind Storm	Aug	19	1897	225 00	July	22	1898	75 00	Aug	12	1898	56 25	15
Totals	......	....	....	......	......	$ 3,526 50	....	......	......	$ 2,405 95	....	......	......	$ 1,804 46	....

ADOPTED TEXT-BOOKS.

McGuffey's Revised Speller, McGuffey's Revised First Reader, McGuffey's Revised Second Reader, McGuffey's Revised Third Reader, McGuffey's Revised Fourth Reader, McGuffey's Revised Fifth Reader, McGuffey's Revised Sixth Reader, Barnes' Elementary Geography, Barnes' Complete Geography, Eclectic Physical Geography, Steele's Popular Physics, Steele's New Astronomy, Steele's Popular Chemistry, White's School Registers, Harkness' Latin Composition, Harper & Burgess' Latin Method, Harper & Waters' Greek Method, Hadley's Elementary Greek Grammar, Johnson's Homer's Iliad, (3 books), Dana's New Text Book of Geology, Barnes' General History, Page's Theory and Practice, Ray's New Elementary Arithmetic, Ray's New Practical Arithmetic, Ray's New Higher Arithmetic, Ray's New Intellectual Arithmetic Long's New Language Exercise, part II; Long's New Lessons in English, Harvey's Revised English Grammar, Pathfinder Physiologies, Nos. 1 and 2; Steele's Physiology, Barnes' U. S. History, Townsend's Civil Government, Kidd's New Elocution, Bain's Mental Science, Bryant & Stratton's H. S. Bookkeeping, Quackenbos' Composition and Rhetoric, Schuyler's Logic, Gray's Lessons in Botany, Holder's Elements of Zoology, Gregory's Political Economy, Jepson's Music Readers, Ray's Plane and Solid Geometry, and Gow's Morals and Manners.

A Teachers' Reading Circle was also organized, and Page's Theory and Practice and Barnes' General History unanimously adopted by the Board.

Third Annual Examination

OF PUPILS FOR

Common School Diploma

HELD IN

EACH COUNTY OF OKLAHOMA ON MARCH 24-25, 1898.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The plan for this examination prepared by the Territorial Board of Education is the same as was adopted two years ago, with the changes that may be suggested in this circular.

The appreciation and interest shown by the friends of the public schools generally in the graded plan adopted for the Territory three years ago is even greater than the board had expected. A systematic arrangement of the school work throughout the entire public school course is quite generally agreed to be a vast improvement over the old plan.

We are informed that a large number of eighth grade pupils throughout the territory are preparing to take the examination for graduation this year.

The county superintendents are expected to manage the examination in detail after their own plan, with the few restrictions set forth on pages 17 and 18 of the course of study and the suggestions contained in this circular.

Owing to the expense incurred in the examination, it is recommended to the county superintendents to require of each applicant a fee not to exceed fifty cents, if in the judgment of the county superintendent such fee is necessary for the payment of expenses incurred by the members of the examining committee, and it is respectfully requested that a full report of all receipts and expenditures on this account be made to the Territorial Board of Education for its information.

PROGRAM.

MARCH 24—FORENOON SESSION

8 30 a. m. to 11:00 a. m., Arithmetic.
11:00 a. m. to 12:00 m., Reading.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:00 p. m. to 4:00 p. m., Geography.
4:00 p. m. to 4:45 p. m., Penmanship.

MARCH 25—FORENOON SESSION.

8:30 a. m. to 11:00 a. m., Grammar.
11:00 a. m. to 12:00 m., Spelling and Composition.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:00 p. m. to 3:30 p. m., United States History.
3:30 p. m. to 5:00 p. m., Physiology.

CONDITIONS.

I. To receive a common school diploma the pupil must make a general average of 85 per cent., with no branch below 65 per cent.

II. The examiners shall take every precaution to avoid any criticism or suspicion that pupils have been assisted in the examination.

III. In grading answers due weight must be given to the care of manuscripts in regard to penmanship and neatness of work.

IV. At a date after the examination designated by the county superintendent, the committee shall convene, examine and grade the work, and certify to the territorial board of education the name, age, postoffice address, and standing of each pupil in the various subjects.

V. Each examiner is requested to write a certificate like the following, sign it, and send it with the tabulated report as provided by Rule IV:

"I hereby certify that I have fully complied with the instructions for 1898 in conducting the examination of pupils for graduation from the common school course of study.

....

Member of Examining Committee for
.... County.

RULE TO BE FOLLOWED IN CONDUCTING THE EXAMINATION.

I. During the examination candidates must be seated as far apart as possible, and must not be allowed to communicate to anyone except the examiner.

II. The examination in each branch must begin and end promptly at the time indicated in the program.

III. The questions in each branch to be kept under lock until the moment to begin the examination in each branch.

IV. The questions in each branch to be given to the applicants at the beginning of the time allotted to the examination in that branch, and at the expiration of that time written answers to be promptly collected.

V. Any applicant who may be found guilty of attempting dishonest means in the examination must at once be given notice by the examiner that he is disqualified to receive a diploma.

VI. The standing of candidates in spelling, composition, and penmanship will be determined, in part, by the manuscripts in these respects.

VII. The county examiners should read these rules to the candidate before beginning the examination.

By order of the territorial board of education,

S. N. HOPKINS,
Secretary.

D. R. BOYD,
President Board of Education.

Questions Used in the Examination of Applicants for Graduation from the Common Schools Held on March 24-25, 1898.

ARITHMETIC.

1. If 9 men do a piece of work in 12 days, how many men can do $\frac{1}{3}$ of it in $\frac{3}{4}$ of the time?

2. How much will it cost to paper the walls and ceiling of a room $54\frac{3}{4}$ ft. long, 30 ft. wide, and 10 ft. 6 in. high, at $27\frac{1}{2}$ cts. a square yard?

3. Deduct $\frac{3}{4}$ of $\frac{4}{9}$ from $\frac{2}{3}$ of $\frac{3\ 1\text{-}2}{4\ 1\text{-}5}$, add to the remainder $\frac{5}{16}$, divide the sum by $6\frac{7}{9}$, and, then, change to a decimal.

4. A man drew 30 per cent. of his bank deposits, and spent 25 per cent. of the money drawn to purchase a horse for $97.50; find how much he had in the bank before drawing.

5. Find face of note at 90 days that, when discounted at 12 per cent., will pay for $137\frac{3}{4}$ yds. of cloth at $\$2\frac{5}{8}$ a yard.

Write out the *negotiable* note spoken of.

6. Longitude of San Francisco, 122° W.; of Cincinnati, 85° W.; of Rome, 12° E.; if 9:30 p. m. at Cincinnatti, what time at the other places?

7. Find number of board feet in stick of timber 36 ft. long, 12 in. wide, 20 in. thick. How many sq. ft. in entire surface? Cubic feet in stick?

8. Area of the gable of a house is 378 sq. ft.; length of base, 14 yds.; find height of ridge.

9. A circular flower bed is 50 ft. in circumference; find area.

10. If 8 yds of material, 1¼ yds. wide, cost $1.25, find cost of 10 yds., same quality, 1⅛ yds. wide.

By proportion *only*.

READING.

1. Tell the story of the last book you read.
2. Read aloud the passage selected by your examiners.

Markings to be based upon interpretation, fluency, and naturalness of expression.

GEOGRAPHY.

1. Name and locate five large seaports in the United States, and explain the character of their domestic and foreign commerce.
2. Trace the course of the Gulf Stream, and show its value to man.
3. The Hawaiian islands: Position; climate; governnent; resources; history.
4. China: Position; habits, customs, mode of life of people; resources; recent history.
5. Governments: Contrast those of Europe with those of Asia; of Africa; of America.
6. Name the great rivers of the respective grand divisions and show their value in commerce.
7. Sketch in pencil the hemispheres, and locate on each the chief food-plants for man.
8. Sketch in pencil the hemispheres, and locate the great manufacturing centers; mining districts. Be careful to give general class of goods; also, to name minerals.

PENMANSHIP.

1. How many different kinds of lines are there with respect to position, and what are they called?
2. How many kinds of curved lines, and what are they called?
3. How many kinds of ovals are employed in writing, and what are they called?
4. Measure and analyze the small letters, a, e, r, s, and t.
5. Into how many classes are the capitals divided, and what are they?

Examination in this subject to be graded as follows: Ten per cent. for correct answer of each of the above five questions and 50 per cent. on ability to write as shown by the manuscripts as shown of the entire examination.

GRAMMAR.

I.

1. I know when he arrived.
2. I know the hour when he arrived.
3. I was out when he arrived.

Classify the dependent clauses in the sentences given above, as noun, adjective, etc.

II.

That drawing is a very valuable exercise *all* men *who* have studied the subject, *believe*; but it must be carefully *practiced* in youth if we wish to *improve our* minds through *it* as a *medium.*

1. Classify the sentence as to form.
2. Place in quotation points the grammatical subject of "believe"; the logical subject; the object.
3. Classify the clause, "if we wish to improve our minds through it as a medium."
4. Parse the words in italics.

III.

1\.

If I had thought thou couldst have died
I might not weep for thee
But I forgot when by thy side
That thou couldst mortal be

Punctuate the stanza, and give reason for each point used.

2. The pupil who is studious will improve.

Punctuate in two ways; then, explain difference in meaning.

3. Come ye that are heavy laden and I will give you rest.
4. That he will come I believe.
5. In the morning he rose strengthened and refreshed.
6. Physical exercise especially in the open air is of great importance to health.

Punctuate, giving reasons.

COMPOSITION AND SPELLING.

In length, not less than one page of foolscap.

Write a letter to the superintendent of education for your county, giving your personal history as a pupil in the public schools.

Examiners will mark for penmanship and spelling as well as composition.

U. S. HISTORY.

1. Name the five largest tracts of land acquired by the United States since the adoption of the Constitution; state of whom each was acquired, and how.

2. Give the names, dates, chief causes, principal results of the four greatest wars in which the United States have been engaged. Forty per cent.

3. Name four great American statesmen, four great American authors, four noted orators, four most noted generals. Give brief sketch of greatest in each class. Forty per cent.

4. Name the different nations of the old world that settled the United States, and tell what portion each one settled.

PHYSIOLOGY.

1. How are the bones nourished? Give three uses of the bones.

2. Name three fluids which aid digestion. Give the action of each.

3. What forces move the blood? Give two functions of the blood.

4. What is meant by nutrition? Assimilation?

5. Describe the act of breathing.

6. Describe the structure of the heart; its action.

7. Explain the circulation of the blood. Who discovered it?

8. Tell what you know about vaccination; its history; value: mode of operation upon the system; etc.

9. Describe the nervous system. State its uses.

10. Sketch, name, locate four large bones.

Teachers' Examination Questions Used in All Counties in the Territory on October 29 and 30, 1898.

ARITHMETIC.

Vide "Institute Course of Study" for 1897.

1. Form six concrete problems in fractions: three, adapted to 3d grade; three, adapted to 4th grade. Present model solutions.

2. Explain and illustrate your plan for teaching Decimals.

3. Write out the tables (in denominate numbers) which you would require a 5th grade pupil to know and to apply.

4. Develop the laws relative to the area and the circumference of a circle.

5. My agent sold in Galveston 1000 bushels wheat, com. 2 per cent, at 84 cents; invested proceeds in cloth, commission 2 per cent, at 84 cents per yard: find number of yards bought.

6. Mine-owner made a contract to deliver 10,000 tons of coal in four months, employing 500 men to get it out; at end of three months, with only 300 tons dug, 450 men struck; how many must he advertise for, to fill his contract? (By proportion *only*.)

7. Find the time of day if 3-5 of the time past midnight equals the time to midnight again. *Algebra barred.*

8. A farmer has 110 acres land; he plows 3 acres for 7 cows, and pastures 4 acres for 9 cows; how many cows did he keep,

and how many sheep, if 2-3 of the number of cows equals 2-5 of the number of sheep.

PENMANSHIP.

1. How many different kinds of lines are there with respect to position and what are they called?
2. How many kinds of curved lines, and what are they called?
3. How many kinds of ovals are employed in writing, and what are they called?
4. Measure and analyze the small letters, a, e, r, s and t.
5. Into how many classes are the capitals divided, and what are they?
6. What attention do you give to the general written work of your pupils? Why?

☞Examination in this subject to be graded as follows: Ten per cent for correct answer of each of the above six questions and 40 per cent on ability to write as shown by the manuscripts as shown of the entire examination.

ORTHOGRAPHY.

1. Define elementary sound. Which letters represent more than one elementary sound?
2. Define vocal, subvocal, aspirate.
3. Give and illustrate six uses of capital letters.
4. Define analysis and synthesis as applied to syllables and words. Analyze the following words, omitting silent letters: light, kid, zinc.
5. Give condensed directions for teaching spelling. [Swett Page 132.]
6. Spell 25 words pronounced by the examiner.

☞6th Question 50 per cent.

GEOGRAPHY.

1. Define, (a) circle. (b) Give two classes of circles. Name and locate one of each class. (c) Define meridian, and meridian circles. (d) What is latitude? longitude? Give greatest latitude and longitude a place can have.
2. Describe waves, tides and currents.
3. What are isothermal lines? What is climate?
4. Define and locate the following: Yucatan, Mississippi,

Florada, Portland, Madagascar, Cinchona tree, Rockies, Washington, Formosa, Salt Lake.

5. Make a list of 10 mineral, 10 animal, 10 vegetable products of the North Temperate zone. How wide is this zone in degrees?

6. Name in order the bodies of water on which you would sail from Omaha to St. Petersburg.

7. What and where are—Borneo, Arabia, Paris, Vesuvius, Hindoo Coosh, Amazon, Andes, Quito, Brazil, Congo Free State.

8. Draw an outline map of Oklahoma showing rivers, mountains, railroads, and principal cities.

☞12½ per cent each.

READING.

1. What is (a) pitch, (b) accent.

2. What is (a) inflection, (b) name the different kinds of inflection and give an example of each.

3. What are rhetorical pauses?

4. What is a monotone, monotony?

5. What is modulation?

6. Make a table showing five sounds of "a." (b) Give a key word for each.

7. Name the sub-vocals.

8. What are the primary meanings of (a) knit brow; (b) firm lip; (c) clenched hand?

9. What mental qualifications must a good reader possess and employ?

10. Read a selection for the examiners. (Value 36 per cent.)

COMPOSITION.

1. Define word, sentence, theme.

2. What is an obsolete word? A technical word? A provincial word? Illustrate each in a sentence.

3. Define synonym. What different shades of meaning do these words express? Doctor, physician, healer, leech, surgeon. Illustrate your answer further by using each word correctly in a sentence.

4. Give three rules to be observed in placing modifiers. Correct this sentence: "The Britons at least fought as bravely as the Romans." What rule does it violate?

5 The arrangement of words in a sentence should be such

that the meaning cannot be misunderstood. Correct these sentences applying this rule: (1) After showing her the room prepared for her use, she retired. (2) The captain was only saved by clinging to a raft. (3) I shall pardon him if he apologizes, and will make reparation for the damage done.

6. Outline a lesson in language for a beginning class, the design of the lesson being to teach the difference in the use of *was* and *were*.

7 and 8. Write a short description containing at least one hundred words. Try to make it as vivid as possible, and give special care to the use of capital letters and clearness of expression.

PHYSICS.

1. Why, as a rule, do bodies expand when heated and contract when cool?
2. What is specific gravity?
3. On what does intensity of sound depend?
4. What effect has a double concave lens upon parallel rays?
5. How do liquids and gases conduct heat?
6. How does heat diminish with distance?
7. What is meant by the intensity of an electric current?
8. What is the principle of the electric light?

☞12½ per cent for each correct answer.

PHYSIOLOGY AND HYGIENE.

1. Define physiology, hygiene, anatomy.
2. Describe muscular tissue.
3. Outline foods; (b) what food goes to build up muscular tissue?
4. What is prehension? (b) Deglutition?
5. What use is saliva? (b) Gastric juce?
6. How does food absorbed from the stomach enter the system?
7. What are the bones of the head?
8. Locate the mitral valves; (b) the tricuspid valves.
9. What effect has alcohol on the heart?
10. Give five simple rules of hygiene that you would teach to a rural school.

BOOK-KEEPING.

1. Name three auxiliary books.

2. What is a bills payable account? What, a bills receivable account?

3. What are accounts current?

4. Make proper entries of the following items in day book, journal and ledger: Guthrie, Oct. 1, 1897; Bo't. of C. E. Andrews, 1,500 bbl. of flour @ $5,00, and on Oct. 7, sold John Heron 325 bbl. @ $6.10.

5. When money is received for interest what is made debtor and what creditor?

6. Bought of Snyder & Jones, on our acceptance at 90 days, favor of H. D. Heaston, 135 desks @ $4.75. What does the above transaction mean? Prepare it to enter in the ledger.

7. Write a draft, and accept it.

8. Under what class of accounts would you regard real estate, and why?

☞12½ per cent for each.

U. S. HISTORY.

1. Give a short sketch of the life of Columbus, and the result of each of his voyages.

2 What resulted from Sir Walter Raliegh's attempts to plant a colony?

3. What was the "starving time" in Virginia?

4. give an account of the conquest of New York by the English.

5. What action did the Continental Congress of 1774 take?

6. What difficulties were experienced under the "Articles of Confederation?"

7. Treat the topic "The Missouri Compromise."

8. Write a sketch of President Garfield's life.

☞12½ per cent for each correct answer.

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

Vide Outline Swett's "Methods" in "School Herald" for September.

1. Discuss the value of experience in teaching.

2. Distinguish: The art of teaching; the science

3. Discuss: The necessity of training teachers.

4. Mark out a course of pedagogic reading for the district teacher, to lost one year.

5. Write an essay of about one page (foolscap), showing the

connection between the school and the results of civilization.

6. Give a quotation from Huxley concerning the common schools.

CONSTITUTION.

1. What is civil liberty?
2. What is international law?
3. What are political rights? What are civil rights?
4. In the case of a vacancy how is the representation of a state filled.
5. Name the courts below the circuit courts.
6. What power has congress over revenue?
7. Who are excluded from being electors?
8. What reason can be assigned for each state, whether large or small, having two senators?

☞12½ per cent each.

GRAMMAR.

1. Classify the words in the following sentence:

> "He who has a thousand friends
> Has not a friend to spare,
> And he who has one enemy shall
> Meet him everywhere."

2. What determines the classification of a word? Define case. Illustrate in separate sentences (a) the nominative case, (b) the possessive case, (c) nominative absolute case.
3. Name the classes of pronouns. Define each class.
4. Decline the third personal pronoun. What is the rule for the agreement of a pronoun with its antecedent? Illustrate.
5. Write a sentence containing a temporal clause, one containing a causal clause, and one containing a conditional clause.
6. Analyze the sentences which were written in answer to the fifth question.
7. Outline the classes and properties of verbs.
8. Analyze these sentences: 1. I saw him do *it*. 2. He was about *to depart*. 3. At the desk sat a man hastily *writing* a letter.
9. Parse the italicised words in the eighth question.
10. Distinguish complex and compound elements; complex and compound sentences. Illustrate in sentences.

QUESTIONS USED IN EXAMINATION OF APPLICANTS FOR INSTITUTE CONDUCTOR AND INSTRUCTOR'S CERTIFICATES, HELD ON MAY 27, 1898.

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

1. Name methods by which a subject may be brought within the comprehension of a child.
2. Contrast and discuss the principles of primary and advanced teaching.
3. Contrast the topical and the question methods of teaching.
4. Discuss the value of psychology to the teacher.
5. Show how the elements of all the sciences are begun by a child before entering school.
6. Discuss the correlation of geography and history in class work.
7. What faculties predominate in children? How develop them?
8. Distinguish between body and mind and discuss their relations.

ENGLISH LITERATURE.

1. Give the chronological limits and the chief characteristics of (a) the classical movement; (b) the romantic.
2. Chaucer; (a) approximate date; (b) what are the chief peculiarities of the English of Chaucer? (c) The general plan of "Canterbury Tales?"
3. Shakespeare: (a) Tell what you know of his life; (b) name as many of his plays as possible; (c) discuss one play carefully, giving plot.
4. Name three contemporaries of Shakespeare in the drama.
5. Milton: (a) What is an epic poem? (b) name the chief epics in the world's literature; (c) why should Milton be called the poet of Puritanism?
6. Who wrote the "Sir Rogers de Coverley Papers," and what are they?
7. Who was Alexander Pope? To what school did he belong?
8. Who wrote Rasselar?

9. Name the three greatest novelists of the nineteenth century.

10. What does Wadsworth stand for in English literature?

11. Name as many as possible of the works of (a) Dickens; (b) Thackery.

12. Compare the prose style of any two of the following: (a) DeQuincey; (b) Macauley; (c) Carlyle.

13. Name the three chief works of Tennyson and discuss one of them.

14. Name three of the greatest living English men of letters.

(Select any seven of the above number.)

HISTORY OF PEDAGOGY.

1. Arrange in order of time and according to nationality the following names: Milton, Socrates, Aristotle, Basedow, Postalozzi, Spencer, Luther, Quintilian, Rousseau, Plato; Arnold, (T. K.); Comonius, Ascham, Mann, Hamilton, (Sir Wm.), Locke, Erasmus.

2. Name five of the most famons books on education and give brief statement of contents, etc.

3. Of what value to teachers is the history of pedagogy? Show its relation to general history; to the philosophy of education.

4. What is meant by humanism, and what survivals of it are to be found in the college of the nineteenth century?

5. When did physical science first put in its claim to be one of the great departments of learning? What great educational authorities have urged this claim and upon what grounds?

6. Explain what is meant by Postalozzianism, and draw a parallel between Postalozzi and Froebel. What is meant by Herbartianism?

7. Give a brief summary of *Emile*.

8. State what books upon pedagogy you have in your library.

9. State what educational magazines or papers you take and read.

10. Summarize the last pedagogical work you read.

APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY.

1. Show the relation of the senses to knowledge; illustrate the truth of your statements in teaching geography.

2. What division of the intellect is appealed to in securing attention? Give your method of securing and holding the attention of a class in the fourth reader.

3. Name at least six conditions that tend to fix an object of thought in the memory. How do these facts assist you to review a class in history preparing for examination?

4. Why do most children find arithmetic so difficult? Is there a remedy?

5. How should arithmetic and history be taught to cultivate the imagination? Mention circumstances in which the imagination of a pupil should be changed or checked.

6. Why do pupils so often err in judgment when reciting? What would you do to remedy the difficulty?

7. Give the difference between methods and processes. What constitutes a good method of teaching? What do you mean by the inductive and the deductive method? Illustrate.

8. What is the relation of the sensibilities to knowledge? Mention cases in which the sensibilities need arousing; others in which they need repressing.

9. How could a teacher be assisted in his work of instruction by observing the games of children?

10. How do we apply apperception in teaching composition?

Oklahoma Teachers' Reading Circle.

PLAN OF WORK.

The Teachers' Reading Circle of Oklahoma is officially organized by the territorial board of education and is a permanent and integral part of the school system. It is a plan for bringing teachers in touch with the newest methods of teaching and with the leading educational workers, by bringing to their homes good professional and culture books with a plan for systematic work. Desultory reading is of little value compared with what one may gain by systematic reading and the only way to keep abreast of truth is by reading, The reading circle work provides not only for the specific course of reading to be done during the year, but also for an apportionment of the work to the various months of the school year.

Where it is possible for several teachers to meet and form a local circle it is very advantageous, as it affords opportunity for a general round table discussion of subjects in which they are interested.

It has been found to be a practical plan to take up the topics in the reading circle work for discussion in the county associations. The books are full of good topics for discussion and then the teachers can all be prepared to take part.

MEMBERSHIP AND CREDITS.

While the membership is voluntary, it should include *every teacher* in Oklahoma. No one can afford to neglect this means of self-culture. No membership fee is required and every one should expect to join as naturally as he expects to secure a certificate.

Certificates of credit will be issued to those who do the reading and pass a satisfactory examination. A four years' course has been planned, and the territorial board of education will issue a diploma to those who shall have finished the course and secured certificates of credit.

EXAMINATIONS.

The examinations in the reading circle work will occur this year in connection with the county examinations at the close of each of the institute periods. If superintendents think that it would be better to have the examinations in the reading circle work a day or two before the regular county examinations they may arrange to have it then. It seems that this would be the best plan, as the examination will be short and could be held some afternoon. The questions will be sent in separate packages and marked "reading circle questions" and they may be opened when the superintendent holds the examination.

The manuscripts this year will be graded by the several county examining boards and certificates will be sent to the superintendents by the secretary of the reading circle board. Every one who has done the reading should take the examinations. In order to receive a certificate the teacher must pass an examination in two of the three books for 1897-8. Halleck's Psychology Psychic Culture, Swett's Methods Teaching, Mann's School Recreations and Amusements,

PRIZE OFFERED.

The board has arranged to give as a prize "A Teacher's Library" to the county having the largest per cent. of its teachers (actually employed) enrolled at the time of the territorial association. The membership is to be confined to those who have actually purchased the books and are doing the work, and it will be based on the total number of teachers in the county. Last year both Logan and Oklahoma counties received a library, each county having all of its teachers enrolled in the reading circle.

READING CIRCLE WORK AND TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

An important part of the teachers' examination relates to the principles of teaching and methods of conducting school exercises. It is most fitting that the question employed shall be based on some good authority to which all the teachers have access. It is the intention of the territorial board of education, therefore, to base their examinations on the professional work of the reading circle course. It is recommended that these books be made the foundation for work in psychology and methods at the county institutes.

ENROLLMENT.

The normal institute offers the best opportunity for securing a representative reading circle membership in each county Enrollment cards should be placed upon the desk of every teacher and the purpose and plan of the organization presented to them. Arrangements will be made for some member of the reading circle board to visit the institute and aid in this organization.

COST OF BOOKS.

The only expense which the reading circle members have is the cost of the books. The prices are as follows: Halleck's Psychology and Psychic Culture, $1.25; Koopman's Mastery of Books, 90 cents; Wood's How to Study Plants, $1.

The books may be obtained from the county superintendent at the institute, or they will be sent (post paid) by the publishers (the American Book Company, 521–531 Wabash avenue, Chicago, Ill.,) to any address upon receipt of the price. For further and fuller information address

N. E. BUTCHER, Secretary,
Norman, Okla.

LIST OF THOSE WHO TOOK THE READING CIRCLE EXAMINATION FOR 1897–98. AUGUST 1898.

KAY COUNTY.

Name.	Postoffice.
Elmer Day	Ponca City.
Carl Brann	Ponca City.

LOGAN COUNTY.

Name.	Postoffice.
*Stella Noble	
*Beryl Rexrood	
*Looma Smith	
*R D Roach	
*J F Ayers	
*Coara E Brown	
*Oral C Reynolds	
*Le Valle Busch	
*Thomas Morrow	
*Eliza Oldham	
*Eva Welch	
*T R Welch	
*N F Mercer	
*Nettie D Norris	
*C R Boggess	
*F B Boggess	
*Mrs Mitchell	
*Ida B Good	
*W W Wallace	
*Helen Parker	
*Alforetta Jennings	
*Lena Osborne	
*James E Snow	
*May Ogle	
*Jennie Seemew	
*E M Hoag	
*H A Arends	

*Postoffice not reported by the county superintendent.

PAYNE COUNTY.

Name.	Postoffice.
Mrs L A King	Stillwater.
Mrs M E Michael	Stillwater.
E R Benefield	Stillwater.
W B Burdett	Stillwater.
N T Gilbert	Stillwater.
Agnes Wells	Stillwater.
Sarah J West	Stillwater.
Mrs G G Altice	Cushing.
Susie Poe	Lovel.
Stella Stanley	Floyd.
Aurora Terwilliger	Ingalls,
C S McCreeght	Cimarron.

CLEVELAND COUNTY.

Name.	Postoffice.
J F Belknap	Norman.
C A Fewell	Norman.
J T Aefley	Norman.
C E Sherman	Norman.
Anna Trotter	Norman.
E L Cralle	Norman.
James A Cowan	Norman.
Maggie Vanzant	Norman.
Daisy Pool	Norman.
Lydia Clifford	Lexington.
C T Wilson	Moore.

CANADIAN COUNTY.

Name	Postoffice.
Maggie Daigh	El Reno.
Nellie Allen	El Reno.
L. W. Cole	El Reno.

WOODWARD COUNTY.

Name.	Postoffice.
Mary Ward	Gage.
Frank M Jones	Richmond.
S B Daniels	Woodward.

OKLAHOMA COUNTY.

Name.	Postoffice.
Mary D Couch	Oklahoma City.
Mrs Laura Stafford	Oklahoma City.
Ella E Maxwell	Oklahoma City.
Alman Hall	Oklahoma City.
W D Farthing	Choctaw.
Christine Steanson	Oklahoma City.
Bessie Clecker	Oklohoma City.
Claude eeman	Oklahoma City.
Bertha Laughlin	Oklahoma City.
A A Greer	McLoud.
Tena Butler	Edmond.
Lizzie Adamson	Waterloo.
Luella Levering	Oklahoma City.
Wm. Fulbright	Choctaw.
Mary L Carr	Oklahoma City.
John Lampton	Oklahoma City.
James Spear	Choctaw.
Alicd V. Beitman	Oklahoma City.

PAWNEE COUNTY.

Name.	Postoffice.
J L Hutchinson	Cleveland.
J L Taulbee	Pawnee.
B Bussey	Pawnee.
Beatrice Roe	Pawnee.
Alga Hornaday	Jennings.
Emma Turner	Pawnee.
Daisie Rhodes	Pawnee.
Mrs N F Johnson	Pawnee.
L B Lnider	Pawnee.
C M Baker	Pawnee.
R W Hodson	Osage City.
Mrs H E Childs	Le Roy P. O.
E E Higgins	Blackburn.
Jennie Gr ves	Cleveland.
Lenna Hodson	Osage City.
Laura Gibson	Valley P. O.
Nellie Hall	Ingalls.
Beauche Arnold	Jennings.
Vida E Berry	Pawnee.

Total number of certificates issued for 1898—95.

THE ENROLLMENT IN THE READING CIRCLE FOR 1898-99 IS AS FOLLOWS:

County.	No.
*Blaine	...
*Beaver	...
Canadian	35
Cleveland	38
*Custer	...
D	...
*Day	...
Garfield	21
Grant	7
*Greer	...
Kay	20
*Kingfisher	...
*Lincoln	...
†Logan	...
Noble	17
Oklahoma	71
†Pawnee	
Payne	70
Pottawatomie	35
*Roger Mills	...
*Washita	...
*Woods	...
*Woodward	...

*Not reported

†All enrolled.

The Oklahoma Pupils' Reading Circle.

The Pupil's Reading Circles of the various states have in view, generally, three principal objects:

1. To induce children and you h to read.
2. To supply good reading, which is the only effective way to avoid the bad.
3. To *correlate the reading* to th work of the schoolroom, in such a way as to render it most profitable and interesting, and to aid the teacher to accomplish the most good for the pupil. The general reading of the pupil becomes a great educational and moral force when properly directed.

Oklahoma takes her place with the most progressive states in planning for the *best attainable results.* It is not enough that pupils read; they should read good books; they should read appropriate books, supplimentary to their class work, and correlated to their studies.

PLANS OF WORK.

Every teacher should secure some form of the Pupils' Reading Circle work for the pupils under his or her care, in whatever grade they may be, and whatever may be the natnre of the school, in city or in country. The scheme of work may be varied, to suit the varying needs. The plans have been provided, as follows:

1. The pupils may purchase, individually, the books suited to their respective grades. This is the plan most generally followed in the different states. It is especially desirable for the pupils to have books of their own, for in that case they are apt to read them many times over, and to master them thoroughly.
2. The books may be purchased by the school authorities for use as supplementary reading, to which purpose they are admirably adapted.
3. If neither of the foregoing plans be found feasible, the teacher can secure by contributions or by school entertainments, at least a set, or a few sets, of books for a school library, and the volumes can be read in rotation.

Full credit will be given for the work done by the pupils on any of *these plans.* A handsome diploma will be given on the completion of the entire course.

THE DUTY OF THE TEACHER.

Formerly an oversight of the pupil's general reading formed no part of the teacher's duty. Now, all this is changed. The higher sentiment of the educational world holds that *the teacher is largely responsible in the matter.* Do not fail to try at least one of the three plans set forth above. Write to the state secretary to send to you a supply of these circulars. Distribute them among your pupils, and thus bring the matter to the attention of the parents. Consult with your school officers, and start the work upon the plan which seems most feasible. The funds for the purchase of a few sets, or at least of a set, can be easily secured by subscription, by a public entertainment, or otherwise. Keep a record in a neat, well bound blank book of all who do the work. Enter upon the record the names of all pupils pursuing the course of reading, together with the books read by them from time to time. Such a book can be used from year to year, and will be a roll of honor.

THE DUTY OF THE COUNTY AND CITY SUPERINTENDENT.

These school officers should not fail to see that circulars of the P. R. C. are placed in the hands of their teachers generally, at institutes and teachers' associations, and they should encourage every teacher to make an effort to secure the great practical benefits of the work for their respective schools.

BOOKS OF COURSE.

Half the books have been newly added to the course, and all have been most carefully selected. All are true culture books, whether in the lines of nature study, myth, history, or character study. The course of reading as it now stands is as follows:

First Year	Crosby's Our Little Book for Little Folks	$ 0 30
	Johonnot's Cats and Dogs	17
	Lane's Stories for Children	25
Second Year	Baldwin's Fairy Stories and Fables	35
	Johonnot's Friends in Feathers and Fur	17
	Lane's Stories for Children	35
Third Year	Baldwin's Old Stories of the East	45
	Johonnot's Grandfafher's Stories	27
	Baldwin's Old Greek Stories	45
Fourth Year	Eggleston's Stories of Great Americans for Little Americans	40
	McGuffey's Familiar Animals and Their Wild Kindred	50
	De Foe's Robinson Crusoe	50
Fifth Year	Kelley's Stories of Our Shy Neighbors	50
	Eggleston's First Book in American History	60
	Clark's Story of Ceasar	45

Sixth Year	Eggleston's Stories of American Life and Adventure	50
	McGuffey's Living Creatures of Water, Land and Air	50
	Clark's Story of Troy	60
Seventh Year	Dana's Plants and their Children	65
	Johnnot's Stories of Other Lands	40
	Frank Carpenter's Asia	60
Eighth Year	Gueber's Story of the Roman's	60
	Johonnot's Some Neighbors with Claws and Hoofs	54
	Sir Roger De Coverley Papers	20
Ninth Year	Johonnot's Ten Great Events in History	54
	Franklin's Autobiography	35
	Irving's Sketch Book—Selections	20
	Brander Matthews' American Literature	1 00

HOW TO PROCURE THE BOOKS.

Any of the books will be sent by mail postpaid by the Publishers (American Book Company, 521-531 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.) on receipt of the price stated above.

SPECIAL NET PRICE.

For special reductions in buying books by sets directly from the company see the county superintendent, or address the territorial secretary,

For circulars and for any further information, address the secretary.

N. E. BUTCHER,
Norman Oklahoma.

University of Oklahoma.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Dec. 19, 1898.

To the Honorable S. N. Hopkins, Superintendent of Public Instruction:

DEAR SIR:—In accordance with your request I herewith submit a statement of the present condition and needs and future prospects of the University of Oklahoma.

CORPS OF INSTRUCTION.

FACULTY.

David Ross Boyd, A. M., (University of Wooster), president, professor of mental and moral science.

Edwin DeBarr, Ph. B., (University of Michigan)—Professor of chemistry and pharmacy.

James Shannon Buchanan, B. S., (Cumberland University)—Professor of history and civics.

Joseph Francis Paxton, A. M., (Harvard)—Professor of Greek and Latin.

Frederick Stanton Elder, A. B., (Princeton)—Professor of mathematics.

Vernon Louis Parrington, A. M., (A. B. Harvard)—Professor of English and modern languages.

Albert H. Van Vleet, Ph. D., (Leipzig)—Instructor in biology and physics.

Grace Adelene King—Instructor in voice culture and oratory, and director of musical department.

Harriet Jones—Instructor on the piano.

Marion McCune, B. S., (Avalon)—Instructor in voice.

Jean DecChauvenent—Instructor on the piano.

It will be noted from the above that the instructors in the university have been selected with special reference to their fitness to do their appointed work. They have for the most part been specially trained in institutions of national reputation. It has been the policy of the board of regents to have all instruction so given as to compare favorably with corresponding work in other state universities.

COURSES OF STUDY.

The courses of study are arranged under the following departments:

1. *College Department.*—The conditions of admission to this deportment require as high a standard, and as far as practicable, the same standards as other state universities. The completion of the courses of this department lead to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Arts. The time usually required to complete this work is four years, For convenience in estimating the amount of work the faculty requires a record of one hundred and twenty-five points before a student can take a degree, a point being one hour recitation or its exuivalent in laboratory or library work for one semester. The number of courses offered up to the present time is sixty-three.

New courses in biology and kindred sciences were added during the past year. It is hoped that in the near future additional courses will be added in the general subject of physics and its subdivisions. Added courses in the modern languages are needed. At present the instructors in the university conduct the work in both the preparatory and the college classes. It is becoming urgent that the work of the preparatory department be done by specially selected teachers for that work, thus relieving the professors of the collegiate department from this work. This should be done in the interests of economy as well as to secure more effective and sympathetic instruction for the students of the preparatory department.

2. *The Preparatory Department.*—The work of the preparatory department is planned to give a good preparation for the collegiate courses. For the present a great number of students attend the university who are not able to take a full college course. For this reason the instruction given in the preparatory department is planned not only to prepare for the college courses but to give the best practical training to students who can spend but a year or two in school. The purpose is not only to secure scholarship and develop mental power but to give the student, before leaving school, an outlook that will aid him in after study. The work of this department covers three

years. Graduates from the public schools are admitted to its first year on presentation of their diplomas. A considerable number of these graduates have entered and experience shows that the training of the public schools for the most part fits them for entering the regular work of the preparatory department.

In addition to the courses of study of the preparatory department, we find it necessary for the present to organize classes in the subjects of English grammar, arithmetic, United States history and orthography for the benefit of young men and women from eighteen to twenty-five years of age who came to the territory at the age of from twelve to fifteen and were obliged to give up school work entirely because of the requirement for their labors in the establishment of homes and often because of lack of schools in their neighborhood. These young men and women come to us with minds of considerable maturity and development but with very slight scholarship. They are earnest and intent on study, and experience has shown that in them we often find the best material for college students. It is expected that these special courses for this special need will be maintained in the university for some time to come. Students completing our preparatory work are gladly received in college courses of other institutions of the highest standing. It is important that instruction that is now given in the prepararory department by the college professors should be changed and persons specially selected to do preparatory work, as was mentioned in the paragraph relating to the preparatory department.

3. *Pharmaceutical Department.*—The pharmaceutical department offers courses of study covering two years and leading to the degree of pharmaceutical chemist. Eleven persons have completed the courses offered in this department and in every instance their services have been sought before graduation for regular employment. Every student graduating has maintained himself successfully in his position. The work of this department is done in the most modern and improved manner and with the best modern facilities. The pharmaceutical and chemical laboratory is thoroughly equipped with every modern convenience and students learn from the beginning to do work in the most practical and reliable way.

4. *Musical Department.*—In this department instruction is given in singing, sight reading and chorus work, voice culture,

piano, organ and stringed instruments, including orchestration. The work given in this deparment is of high order and compares very favorably with other institutions of the same grade. The effect of this department is seen already, not only on its influence on the students of the university but wherever students from this department have gone. The regular work of this department embraces a course of four years, from which students are graduated with the regular degree. This year will be marked by the graduation of the first class completing the four years' course.

5. By grouping together appropriate courses from the biological and pharmaceutical departments and adding others that are required, by a small outlay a pre-medical course of two years, that will be accepted in medical schools of good standing as two years of work, will be offered. There is already a manifest demand for these courses.

6. We hope to establish at an early date as possible a regular department of physical culture. The pressing need of this is indicated by the very general interest manifested by the students voluntarily in an athletic association and in maintaining the different forms of field sports. The wholesome effect of this interesst and organization is manifest to the most superficial observer, and presents to the student's mind the importance of a correct ideal of physical development. No one influence has been so potent in giving students to see the injurious effect of physical excesses and indulgences in destroying physical manhood. The conception for organizing this department is based on the fact that the climatic conditions of Oklahoma permit out-door exercise throughout almost the entire year. A director of physical culture with gymnasium, bath and other facilities could be provided at comparatively small expense that would reach the needs of students. Indoor athletics should be provided for the female students. The necessity for this department will be persistently urged by the university management until it is secured.

The following tables will show the enrollment and classification of students that will be of interest to the patrons of the university. Attention is called to the wide distribution as to locality and occupation and to the fact that the attendance is strongly representative of all phases of religious belief.

Department.	No. of Students
College	35
Preparatory	315
Pharmacy	15
Music	135
Total	500
Repetitions	141
Net total	359

Occupation of Parents.	Number.
Farmers	198
Merchants	46
Mechanics	25
Physicians	14
Lawyers	11
Officials	8
Ministers	8
Millers	6
Teachers	4
Real Estate	4
Pharmacists	4
Bankers	3
Manufacturers	3
Miscellaneous	11
Total	359

Church Preference.	Number.
Methodist Episcopal	78
Baptist	64
Christian	60
Presbyterian	42
Methodist Episcopal, South	23
Catholic	9
Episcopal	1
Seventh Day Adventists	7
Congregational	4
Evangelistic	1
Holiness	1
Friends	2
Cumberland Presbyterian	4
Missionary Baptist	1
United Brethren	2
Unitarian	1
Free Will Baptist	1
No church preference	45
Total	359

County From Which They Came.	Number.
Beaver	
Blaine	7
Canadian	30
Cleveland	147
Custer	2
D	
Day	
Garfield	6
Grant	11
Greer	5
Kay	10
Kingfisher	11
Lincoln	4
Logan	6
Noble	6
Oklahoma	21
Pawnee	2
Payne	3
Pottawatomie	28
Roger Mills	
Washita	6
Woods	6
Woodward	
G	4
State of Missouri	4
State of Illinois	1
State of Pennsylvania	1
State of Kansas	3
State of Nebraska	1
State of Texas	1
Indian Territory	19
Total	359

BUILDING AND GROUNDS.

The university building is in good repair. It is a brick structure of two and one-half stories and basement, containing twenty-one recitation and other rooms. All the space is occupied and there is urgent need now for additional rooms. As soon as our resources will permit we should have a large principal building in which the college department could be placed that its work may become as distinctive as its merits require. The ground embraces forty acres, six of which are planted in thriftily growing forest trees that have already attained sufficient size to make an attractive feature of the grounds. It will soon be imperative to increase the amount of land for university purposes, not only for the erection of buildings but for space for outdoor physicial training and other needs of the institution.

LIBRARY.

The library has now a collection of about five thousand books and about two thousand pamphlets and unbound magazines. It is the depository of all publications of the United

States government, and from this source is constantly receiving valuable additions. The university has been able to add from three to eight hundred dollars worth of books each year for the past four years. The library is being catalogued and indexed after the most modern and improved method of the American Library association, and its resources are daily becoming more readily available to the student. It is the purpose of the management to make the library the core of the work of the university. All other agencies of instruction will be planned with reference to making the library the central means and basis of learning and scholarship. It is therefore necessary that liberal appropriation shall be made to constantly add to its resources and that its housing and furniture shall be the most effective and substantial. The collection should have at an early date a fireproof housing that would make all its valuable property secure. It is hoped that in the near future this means will be provided. The leading magazines and periodicals of the country are provided for the reading room which is open to all students. Our reading room is so limited in space that students cannot at all times avail themselves of the privileges of the library. Here again is other need of added room.

LABORATORIES.

At present the university is equipped with a chemical and pharmaceutical laboratory, and a laboratory for the students of physiological and biological subjects. A good deal of apparatus for instruction in general physics has been provided, but as yet we have not been able, on account of lack of space, to arrange for a physical laboratory. However, all apparatus is up to date and modern. It has been the aim of the management of the university to purchase no books or apparatus that is liable to become obsolute.

DISCIPLINE AND GOVERNMENT.

Such earnest and studious spirit has prevailed among the students that the matter of discipline has hardly been known for several years. Most of the students have so felt the privations of frontier life that when they are able to secure the privileges of study and improvement they highly appreciate their value and engage in study without the usual tricks that are often characteristic of youthful activity and vigor. The public spirit of the students is entirely antagonistic to a lazy, indolent and inactive life. The distinctions that grow out of expensive dress and social indulgence have not yet arisen in this institution. The atmosphere of the institution and the social influence of the town prevent the tendency in students to waste their time and energies in dissipation. The religious influences are strong; most of the members of the faculty take active part in devotional exercise at the chapel, and all the churches of town are active in caring for the religious welfare of the students. An active organization of the Y. M. C. A., is doing great good. It not only looks after, to some extent, the devotional and spiritual welfare of students but aids in planning and carrying into effect the best forms of social enjoyment.

The great need of additional facilities and opportunities for making preparation for college and the fact that many persons during the summer vacation would engage in study if opportunity offered, suggested the idea of holding a summer semester or term, embracing all the courses of study given in our preparatory department. This was done during the last summer, the term beginning May 10th and extending seventeen weeks. A total enrollment of one hundred and twenty students who engaged heartily in the work given, testified to the need of this departure. This makes it possible for students to prepare for college in two instead of three years, and furnishes for those who are so engaged in the winter months that they cannot attend school, to make some advancement in an education in this vacation time, that for many, means neither opportunity for study nor profitable labor. This summer semester will be continued during the coming year with the semester shortened to sixteen weeks.

I take great pleasure in stating that entire harmony has existed between members of the faculty and the student body, and mutual confidence exists between the board of regents and the corps of instruction. and I cannot refrain at this point from voicing the sentiment of all the members of the university in thanking the board of regents for the personal interest and solicitous care and patience with which they have attended to their charge. Respectfully submitted,

DAVID R. BOYD,
President of University.

Territorial Normal School.

EDMOND, Okla., Oct. 15, 1898.

Hon. S. N. Hopkins, Superintendent Public Instruction for Oklahoma,
Guthrie, Oklahoma.

SIR: In response to your request, and in accordance with the statute, I have the honor to submit the following report.

Permit me to offer you my thanks for your cordial support and generous sympathy, which, at all times, have been an inspiration to greater effort and more earnest endeavor.

Very respectfully,
EDMUND D. MURDAUGH,
President of the Territorial Norman School at Edmond.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Hon. S. N. Hopkins, president, Guthrie.
Hon. D. D. Leach, secretary, Oklahoma City.
Hon. F. M. Thompson, treasurer, Guthrie.
Hon. D. P. Marum, Woodward.
Hon. L. J. Gunn, El Reno.

FACULTY.

Edmund Dandridge Murdaugh, president — Psychology, philosophy of teaching, school management, theory and practice.

Richard Thatcher — Trigonometry, geometry, algebra, arithmetic, history and philosophy of mathematics.

J. O. Allen—Physics, chemistry, zoology, botany, geology, physiology, physical geography.

Nina Eugenie Johnson—Drawing, geography, orthography, physical culture.

Mrs. Chas. F York—Vocal and instrumental music.

Washatella Turner—Vocal and instrumental music.

Frederick H. Umholtz—Rhetoric, grammar and latin.

L. W. Baxter—History, literature, civics, penmanship, book-keeping.

Lizzie E. Wooster—Model school and training department.

Inez Greene—Reading and public speaking.

EMPLOYES.

John C. Imel, secretary to president.
*Mrs. J. C. Imel, librarian.
†Wm. J. Huffman, janitor.

SCHOOL TERM.

Fall term, September 5—December 2.
Winter term, December 5—March 3
Spring term, March 6—June 3.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

ADMISSION.

To begin the work of the normal school (see "Introductory Course, First Year, First Term"), the applicant should present diploma granted by the board of education for the territory to pupils graduated from the public schools or be able to pass a fair examination in the following branches: Reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, descriptive geography and the history of the United States.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The course of study is founded upon the "Graded Course for Public Schools," and advances along thorough and progressive lines to the graduates' diploma, giving to students not

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* Succeeded A. F. Boles, September 1, 1898.
† Succeeded A. B. Reagan July 1, 1898.

only a strong pedagogic training, but, also, a well-rounded and practical education.

TUITION.

Tuition, in all lines, is absolutely free. Vocal and instrumental music are not excepted.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

Board may be obtained in private families for $2 a week; unfurnished rooms rented at $1.50 a month; furnished rooms, at $3. Many students rent and furnish their rooms, thereby, greatly reducing expenses.

ADVANCED STANDING FOR STUDENTS.

Students prepared for advanced work (see "Normal Course," pp. 8th and 9th), are classified in accordance with their abilities and qualifications, Grades ot other schools, of satisfactory standing, will be accepted.

DIPLOMA.

Upon graduation, the student is entitled to a diploma. This is a five year certificate for teaching in Olkahoma, and it may be renewed by the territorial superintendeut of public instruction upon evidence of satisfactory work in teaching.

HISTORY.

The normal school of Oklahoma was established by an act of the legislature of 1891. The first school year began November 9, 1891, sessions being held in the Methodist church, with twenty-three students in attendance, under the presidency of Prof. Richard Thatcher. He was succeeded, July 1, 1893, by Prof. Geo. Winans, of Kansas, who served one year. His successor, Prof. E. R. Williams, of Texas, also served but one year, resigning July 2; 1895, when the present executive, Edmund Dandridge Murdaugh, was elected.

The frequent changes in the faculty operated seriously to the disadvantage of the school. The last three years, however, it has increased very largely in numbers and taken a high position in point of scholarship and for earnest, successful work.

LOCATION.

Located at Edmond, on the Oklahoma and Indian territory division of the A. T. and S. F. R. R., the school is readily accessible. Edmond is one of the richest agricultural portions of the territory and noted for the energy and hospitality of its people. Half way between Guthrie and Oklahoma City, with a fine back country. Edmond is destined to be one of the "home towns" of the southwest. "The Normal" is its pride and joy.

BUILDING.

A fine building of brick and thranitive red sandstone has been put up, and is in use. With comodious halls and classrooms, and heated throughout by the Smead system, it affords every opportunity to the students and the teacher.

FUNCTION OF THE SCHOOL.

The special function of the school is, to train and equip teachers; and its course of study is so planned that it affords ample opportunity to those who desire a broad and liberal education.

To fulfill its purpose, it must not only keep abreast of the times, but, also, it must lead the educational way at least, in Oklahoma. There must be within it continual growth in scholarship, power, culture, and influence—such as will develop strong men and women trained to teach. Hence, the academic departments are strong, the professional training, of the highest order. Equipped with a corps of earnest, experienced, and scholarly teachers, the school, though young in years, has already earned a reputation to which it points with pride. Its motto, "In Front," is indicative of the progressive spirit that animates his halls and class rooms.

COURSES OF STUDY.

INTRODUCTORY.

FIRST YEAR—FALL TERM.

A Class	Spelling, Latin, Arithmetic, History of England.	B Class	Spelling, Latin. Arithmetic. History of United States.

WINTER TERM.

A Class	Latin Arithmetic. History of United States, Geography.	B Class	Latin, Arithmetic, History of England, Nature Study.

SPRING TERM.

A Class	Latin, Arithmetic, Nature Study, Composition.	B Class	Latin, Arithmetic, Geography, Composition.

Drawing, Penmanship, Orthoepy and Orthography, Physical Culture.

SECOND YEAR—FALL TERM.

A Class	Elements of Rhetoric, Latin, Nature Study. Book-keeping.	B Class	Elements of Rhetoric, Latin, Civil Government, Elements of Algebra.

WINTER TERM.

A Class	Elements of Rhetoric, Latin, Elements of Algebra, Civil Government.	B Class,	Elements of Rhetoric, Latin, Book-keeping, Nature Study (Advanced)

SPRING TERM.

A Class	Latin, Physiology Arithmetic (Advanced,) Grammar.	B Class,	Latin, Physiology, Arithmetic (Advanced,) Grammar.

Theory and Practice, Drawing, Music, Physical Culture.

NORMAL DIPLOMA COURSE.

JUNIOR CLASS.

Fall Term	Rhetoric, Latin. Algebra, Elements of Physics,	Winter Term	Rhetoric, Latin, Algebra, Physical Geography.
Spring Term	Rhetoric, Algebra, Latin, Botany.		

Theory and Practice, Drawing, Music, Physical Culture.

MIDDLE CLASS.

Fall Term	American Literature, Plane Geometry, Ancient History.	Winter Term	American Literature, Plane Geometry, Modern History.
Spring Term	British Literature, Solid Geometry, Chemistry, History of Education.		

Observation, Practice Work, Physical Culture.

SENIOR CLASS.

Fall Term	Psychology, Trigonometry, Geology.	Winter Term	Pedagogics, Trigonometry, Physics.
Spring Term	Philosohpy of Teaching and School Management, History and Philosophy of Mathematics, Physics.		

Observation, Practice Work, Physical Culture.

PRESIDENT'S REPORT.

INTRODUCTION.—(QUOTED FROM LAST REPORT.)

The school, with a strong corps of teachers working harmoniously and faithfully, and an earnest, hard working body of students in its halls, may now be considered on a firm basis. Agricultural and business prosperity, when it comes, will fill our halls to overflowing, and I believe that the next report from this office will chronicle success of which we may be proud.

Now, my dear sir, permit me to call your attention to the prophecy contained in the last clause of the preceding paragraph. That prophecy has been in the great measure verified. The generous crops of the summer and fall of 1897 did much to improve the financial condition of our farmers, always the backbone of the body politic. Realizing the fact, I gave every day of June, July and August, 1897, to the task of making known our advantages to the territory at large. Through correspondence, judicious advertising, and personal visits to many points, a greater interest was aroused among our people, and, within one week after school opened in September, one hundred and twenty-five students were upon our rolls. That number arose to two hundred and three for the first term, with an average daily attendance of one hundred and seventy-two, a remarkable showing, when you remember that the total enrollment for the previous year was only one hundred and seventy-two, and, further, that, in the latter half of the term winter district schools were in operation. But still better was the record for the school term beginning February 1. Very few of those present in the first term failed to return, and considerable accessions were made—the total enrollment for the year 1898 finally reaching two hundred and fifty-one.

Just here two facts are worthy of special notice: First, that but few students left before the close of the term; and secondly, that they came in many cases from distant portions of the territory. Pawnee, in the northeast; Greer, in the southwest; Kay, in the north; and Cleveland, in the south—all were represented in our classes.

Again, in point of age and scholarship, there was a marked improvement, there being in the first year class but a few under sixteen, while, in the upper classes, even the occassional gray hair was visible. The average age may be stated, in round numbers, as from nineteen to twenty-five. From this, I draw the conclusion that many now teaching in the district schools are conscious of needing the training of the normal school and will make greater and greater efforts to avail themselves of the advantages offered within our halls.

It may be added that the parents of our students represent every class and condition—by far the larger number, however, being farmers.

The general tone of the school has been most excellent, and a spirit of industry and energy has seemed to animate a large majority. Reference is made to subsequent pages for further and more detailed information.

GENERAL INFORMATION—ORIGIN AND LOCATION.

The legislative assembly of 1891 enacted that "The Normal School for Oklahoma" be located at Edmond, in Oklahoma county, on the following conditions: That Oklahoma county donate $5,000 in bonds; that the village of Edmond donate forty acres of land within one mile of said village, the land to be divided into town lots, save ten acres for school campus, and that these lots be sold, the proceeds to be used for the benefit of the school. The conditions were promptly complied with, and the town donated $2,000 additional in bonds.

The building was begun in the summer of 1892. By the beginning of 1893, it was sufficiently advanced toward completion to be occupied. The main building is composed of brick, and the wings of sandstone, obtained a few miles from Edmond. The exterior and interior work on the north wing was completed last winter. The complete building contains eighteen rooms, including assembly-room, with a seating capacity of 600. It occupies a commanding position, and may be seen from a distance of twenty miles.

Apparatus for heating by the Smead system has been placed in the the basement. The total cost of building and furniture has been, thus far, about $50,000. The legislature of 1894 appropriated $3,000 for the completion of the building, all of which has been well expended.

INCOME.

The legislature of 1892 enacted a law placing a tax of one-half mill on the dollar of assessed valuation of the territory for the support of the normal school. The president of the United states, in his proclamation opening the "Cherokee Strip," for settlement, set apart section 13 in every township for the support of the university, the normal school, and the agricultural and mechanical college. The income from these sources, it is hoped, will be sufficient for some years, to meet the current expenses of the institution.

SCOPE AND AIM.

This institution proposes to be neither a university nor a college. Its special function is, to prepare teachers for our public schools. Its revised course of study has been planned with special reference to this end.

The principles underlying the work in the normal school are that teachers should understand not only the subject matter of the various branches, but, also, the best methods of presentation and of teaching; that there is a rational and orderly development of the mind; that the subject matter taught, and the method of presentation and of teaching should correspond with this development; that, in this way, and in this way only, can the best results be achieved; and that he who would teach successfully must recognize these principles and make special preparation for his profession.

The revised course of study now presented will accomplish this end, it is believed.

DISCIPLINE.

As this institution is designed especially for those who are, or are to become, teachers, it is presumed that the discipline suitable for young pupils would hardly be appropriate. This does not mean that we have no discipline. It simply means that we shall endeavor to adapt our government to the end in view, keeping in mind the fact that we are dealing not with mere children, but with young ladies and young gentlemen.

We believe that inspiration is a greater force than repression; that all permanent power comes from an evolution of the inner man; that self government is the object of school government.

Reference is made to general regulations on a later page.

REPORTS.

It has been our custom the past season to send to the parents and guardians of minors reports of the student's standing in various classes. We expect to continue this custom in the future. These reports may be made helpful and stimulating. It is certainly advantageous to parents and to teachers, as well as to students, to have an accurate account of the latter's standing from time to time.

SOCIETIES.

There are two literary societies in school, the Lyceum and the Pioneer, and an oritorical association. These have regular meetings. Their exercises consist of debates, essays, recitations, readings, parliamentary drills, and orations. They elect their officers and manage their own affairs, subject to a general supervision of the faculty. The societies have a joint public debate in June. This is a contest for the medal founded by the regents. This medal is held by the winning society until lost in some subsequent June contest.

Another medal, founded by the faculty, is known as the faculty medal. Students, selected from the active members of the societies and subject to the approval of the faculty, contest for this medal in June. It becomes the personal property of the successful contestant in oratory. The speeches delivered in this contest must be original, and submitted to the inspection of the president and faculty, for approval, not later than the first of May in each year.

EXAMINATIONS.

Educative examinations are held from time to time at the option of the teachers, whose reports are made monthly to the president for his information. Final examinations may be held at the close of the term, upon dates set by the executive officer of this institution. The student's standing is made up from daily recitations and the various examinations.

LIBRARY.

A large number of useful and valuable books have been added to the library in the past session, and we hope that others will be from time to time.

TUITION AND INCIDENTAL FEE.

No resident of Oklahoma is charged tuition. An incidental fee of $1.00 a term is due at entrance. No deduction is made for sickness or absence. No fee is charged those intending to teach.

LABORATORIES.

Two laboratories (one, physical; the other, chemical), at a cost of several thousand dollars, have been fitted up the past year with excellent tables, cases, sinks, etc., and large additions made to our equipment. This arm of the service has been rendered much more effective thereby, but there is still pressing need for more apparatus. These laboratories are now well supplied with water through pipes running from a large steel tank in the rear of the building. Other pipes, properly distributed, furnish excellent water.

CAMPUS AND GROUNDS.

A great deal has been done towaid rendering the campus grounds more home-like and inviting. The trees set out in the spring are, with very few exceptions, alive and growing. There is, also, every prospect that, ere another summer, the sward in front of the building, now well set with grass, will be in perfect condition.

COURSE OF STUDY.

Reference is respectfully made to page——, cn which it may be found in detail. It is believed to be admirably adapted to the present needs of the territory. The articulation with the "Graded Course for Public Schools," sent out by the Territorial Board of Education, is believed to be so exact that a pupil may pass through the grades of the district schools, enter the normal, and, in due time, receive a diploma attesting his fitness to teach or his general educational qualifications.

To those who desire a well-rounded and practical education, I beg to commend an examination of the course. The students now in our halls, both those who intend to teach and those who desire only to secure a good education, express themselves as pleased with both matter and method as now given by the faculty.

While the school is fully organized in departments, it is not possible, at present, to preserve an absolute differentiation. An excess of work in one department is remedied through assignment of certain classes to the charge of a professor in another.

Thus far, no injury has resulted, and this is mainly because our teachers are liberally educated as well as trained workers.

I beg to express my appreciation of their earnest efforts.

From force of circumstances, several have been compelled to carry thirty hours of class-work each week (daily sessions beginning at 8:30 and closing at 4:30), but, when our conditions improve, I hope to see this reduced. Still they labor cheerfully and successfully.

THE PRESIDENT AND HIS DUTIES.

Throughout the year, this officer carried, to use the technical word, four classes a day, besides giving close attention to the work of general supervision.

The president of the normal school for Oklahoma, should be a leader in educational thought, not only within the bounds of his baliwick, but throughout the union. Were the present incumbent of the office vain enough to think himself possessed of the ability to meet such a requirement, he would still be without the time for necessary private study and investigation.

Besides his regular duties, the president, whenever possible, attends public meetings of teachers and of people, speaking on subjects relative to the educational interests of the territory. Here, in our new country, missionary efforts, as well as zeal and enthusiasm, are necessary.

Further, as a member, ex-officio, of the territorial board of education, he is called on to perform many duties, "whose reward is in the doing." This is as it should be, however, and the work is cheerfully undertaken. He hopes, in the future, to become better fitted to aid his people throughout the territory.

FACULTY STUDY AND MEETINGS.

Once each week, the various members of the faculty meet the president in his office for such formal consultation as may be needed and for study, under his leadership, of the science and art of teaching.

The teacher who does not grow, through private study, is an incubus upon the state. This year, we are studying, "Tompkins' Philosopy of Teaching."

The reflection of this good work may be seen daily in our class rooms. In future, other phases of educational thought and philosophy will be studied and discussed. The interest in this work has grown with each meeting.

COURSE OF LECTURES.

The school, in the last year, has sustained a course of lectures through the kindness of many eminent gentlemen, who have courteously responded to our call. These lectures, of a general or literary character, having been a prolific source of instruction, interest, and pleasure to students, the president, the faculty, and large audiences from the town and surrounding country. "The law of the harvest is, to reap more than you sow;" and, surely, in the inspiration and encouragement thus given our students by our kind friends, they have sown seeds which will multiply sixty—aye, a hudred-fold.

This course will continue as occasion serves.

MORNING TALKS.

In addition, a series of morning talks, at assembly, has been given by the faculty (both ladies and gentlemen). These talks have been of varied nature. All were interesting and instructive.

In the second term, all the students in the advanced classes delivered lectures, subjects being assigned by the teachers.

GRADUATING CLASSES.

On the night of June the 1st (Commencement), a large and brilliant audience greeted the class of '98—the second to go forth from our halls. The address, a most masterly effort, was delivered by the Hon. Wm. M. Jenkins, secretary of state for the territory, and the diplomas were presented by the president of the board, Hon. S. N. Hopkins, in his happiest manner. Every member of the class will enter immediately upon the work of teaching or pass into some school of higher learning.

Next year, the class will probably number ten.

It is respectfully recommended that, when students from other schools enter our halls and offer satisfactory grades, at least one year of residence be required previous to graduation.

NEEDS.

The board of education have been wise and judicious in expenditures during my incumbency; but, at an early day, provision must be made for putting in gas, for enlargment of library facilities, for additions in many ways to the laboratories, proper seating in the assembly-room, etc.

MODEL SCHOOL.

This department, so necessary for the proper working of the normal school, was opened, for the first time last September. Believing that the foundation should be laid thoroughly, only the first two grades were introduced. We are now ready to strengthen and enlarge. It is sufficient to say that a committee of the board now has the matter under consideration. Much good work has already been done, every member of the graduating class having had ample opportunity for observation and practice. This work should begin in the middle year—at least one term of observation and criticism coming before admission to practice.

STATISTICS OF ATTENDANCE.

An examination of the roster for the last six years will present some items of interest.

In the two years, 1891-92 and 1892-93, one hundred, twenty-five names appear; in 1893-94, one hundred, fifteen; in 1894-95, one hundred, thirty. Since then, however, the school has increased in numbers. In 1895-96, through the period of greatest depression in Oklahoma in consequence of the failure of crops, the attendance rose to one hundred, fifty-six; in 1896-97, to one hundred, seventy-four; and in the session of 1897-98, to two hundred, fifty-one. A comparison by counties may also be of interest, taking, as a basis, the last two sessions.

FOR '96-'97.

County.	Enrolm't.
Oklahoma	125
Logan	12
Canadian	8
Kingfisher	3
Pottawatomie	2
Lincoln	12
Cleveland	1
Blaine	2
Noble	1
Garfield	5
Greer	1
Washita	1
Total	163

FOR '97-'98.

County.	Enrolm't.
Oklahoma	128
Logan	23
Canadian	16
Kingfisher	25
Pottawatomie	10
Lincoln	9
Cleveland	6
Blaine	5
Noble	4
Garfield	2
Greer	2
Washita	3
Pawnee	5
Kay	10
Payne	3
Total	251

IMPROVEMENTS.

Since the present board came into office much work, costing several thousand dollars, has been done. By it, the north wing, containing three large class-rooms and a library, has been completed and furnished. Chemical and physical laboratories —the best and most convenient in the territory—have been fitted with proper tables, sinks, cases, hoods, etc. A large steel tank, standing in the rear of the building and filled by a windmill, provides ample water for use in the laboratories and for protection against fire. Grounds have been laid out, trees planted, grass set out and many other things done to add to the excellence and convenience of the school. These improvements are permanent and were absolutely necessary. This expense need be met but once.

In addition, about fifteen hundred dollars have been expended upon the library and for apparatus. These materials, too, are permanent, and the amount expended might well have been doubled. No school, today, can work without apparatus, books and proper material.

THE PRESENT SESSION.

ATTENDANCE.

At this writing, October 15th, the number on roll is one hundred, seventy-seven, as against one hundred, thirty-five, on the same date in 1897—a gain of twenty-one and a fraction per cent.

A second fact of interest is, that the number of students beyond the "Introductory Course" and fully credited to the "Normal Diploma Course" shows a gain of twenty-seven per cent. over the preceding session.

The enrollment by counties is as follows:

Oklohoma	85	Pawnee	2
Kingfisher	18	Noble	2
Canadian	23	Washita	1
Logan	16	Garfield	1
Cleveland	5	Day	1
Lincoln	4	Grant	1
Pottawatomie	10	Blaine	1
Kay	8		

Total number on roll. 177.
Average attendance, 161.

AVERAGE AGE OF STUDENTS.

Normal diploma course—Seniors, 21½; middle, 20 23-26; juniors, 19 7-36.

Introductory course—Second year, 18 11-15; first year, 16 5-42.

MUSIC.

No department is more popular, and, in the judgment of the writer, of more educational value. All students, not previously prepared, are entered in vocal classes—one of the special aims being the power to read and write music. Individual attention is given to those who indicate any decided talent, either vocal or instrumental. Instrumental music is optional.

The number of students studying vocal music is 120, instrumental, 75.

GRADUATES.—CLASS OF '97.

Name.	Occupation.
Phronia S. Eckes	Teaching
M. Rose Jackson	Teaching
Ida W. Belt	Teaching
John Adams	Studying at University of Michigan
Mayburn Howard	Studying at University of Michigan

CLASS OF '98.

Minny Oba Ball	Teaching
Grace Ruth Boyd	
Erma Gallihugh	Married
Richard J. Hughes	Studying at University of Kansas
Ruby Belle Howard	Studying at University of Michigan
Blanche E. Baptiste	Teaching
James Donald Kivlehen	Writing in bank
Ethel Irene Thatcher	Studying at college
Beulah C. Walters	Studying at University of Michigan
Laura Whisler	Teaching
Albert B. Reagan	Studying at college

Of this number all except three purpose following the profession of teaching. Those now at university or college are adding to the preparation already obtained.

GENERAL REMARKS.

In nature's kingdom development is the law of life and advancement the watchword of fruition. So, in the normal school, there should be constant development in management, discipline, spirit and tone. The management is intended to be directive and suggestive, eradicating the bad through substituting the good. Teachers and students should have the greatest possible freedom compatible with careful, exact, painstaking work; original research and investigation be urged and encouraged. As the institution grows and the power of its teaching force as well as the capability of its students become better known, fuller liberty of thought and action is a natural result—government finding its source in the law of the school rather than the regulations of the executive. But the plan, definite, well understood and clearly visible, must be felt, and all work in concert towards the great end—true education.

"Where gentleness with strength we find,
The harmony is sweet and strong."

The discipline of the school, through its teachers, should find its foundation in common sense, and each day grow stronger, more thorough, wiser, better fitted to the needs of growing young men and women. New students should drop into the round of school life easily and naturally, and teachers set examples to students through cheerful and prompt obedience to regulations that spring from a spirit of consideration, not from the exercise of arbitrary power. Order, quiet, system must everywhere prevail. Teachers and students should know their work, and do it; the handling of the students in halls in body or class-rooms individually and collectively, be easy, graceful, pleasing; the marching energetic, precise, well directed and well executed.

Students must fully understand that foolishness, waywardness, idleness, laxity, will each bring its just reward as surely as the dawn of day,—yet justice be ever tempered with mercy,—that not punishment; but the restoration of broken unity, is the aim of teachers. Moral preparation, spiritual development, is even more necessary for the young teacher than intellectual culture, the means through which the higher is sought and obtained.

In full sense of this justice, patience, and spirit of helpfulness, students of the normal seek sympathetic union with their teachers, and view them as friends, not mere agents of control.

Under such conditions, a delightful and helpful disposition is everywhere present; a healthful intellectual spirit and a decided moral tone pervade the school. Students are encouraged, through brief but earnest morning talks at assembly and devotional exercises, to think, to reflect, and fashion their lives after recognized models—men and women whose thoughts and deeds and lives are an inspiration to all that is good and true and great. The love of the noble as a power unto righteousness is ever inculcated. This is the thought that blazes from the school's motto: "In front!"

The loyalty of the students is unquestioned; their enthusiasm, unbounded. They devote themselves, with zeal and assiduity, to their work and their progress is marked. Among the student body, friction is a stranger and complaint an exile. With one spirit, in harmony, their energies are bent to the accomplishment of noble aims.

Skill and training come not in a day. They may not be attained in a week, a month, nor yet a year. They come, as comes all useful power, as the resultant of constant, patient, earnest thought and action. There is no flower known to man whose grace and beauty may not grow under fostering care. No school attains its ideal, for, when attained, that, too, becomes a stepping-stone unto yet higher ideals.

We are in a stage of rapid and rugged growth

Northwestern Normal School.

Hon. Stuart N Hopkins, Superintendent of Public Instruction:

SIR:—In accordance with your request, I herewith present a full report of this institution from its initial opening to the present time.

THE FOUNDING

of this school is due to an act of the last Territorial legislature. Owing to a necessary compliance with some legal requirements, the Board of Education experienced some delay in preparation for the opening of the school. The present executive was elected to his office August 28, 1897, and the initial

OPENING OF THE SCHOOL

occurred September 20, 1897, without formality of any kind, in the rooms of the Alva Congregational church, which building was given over to the use of the school, free of charge, by the citizens until such time as permanent quarters might be provided. All who know this church building know that it has served the purpose of the school admirably. The school opened with an

ENROLLMENT

of 54, an insignificant number, indeed, yet probably the largest number of students ever present at the opening of a state normal school in the Mississippi valley. The number grew to 166 during the year.

THE CHARACTER OF THE STUDENTS

was all that could be desired—faithful, earnest, polite, and well-meaning—young people capable of taking on culture and growing in power. It is our hope to graduate a class in the near future that will do work equal to that of the graduates of any similar institution.

THE OPENING THIS YEAR

occurred September 12, and brought with it some vexatious, though expected, hindrances. Fifty-two students have sought admission to this school who have failed to find homes in the town of Alva. Very generally, the residences here are small. Last year, the enthusiasm for the new school was such, that many inconvenienced themselves sorely to provide room for students. A year's experience of such inconvenience has caused many to decline giving accommodation. I am glad to say, however, that a large number of somewhat commodious residences are now in process of erection, and the time will not be long before homes can be found for all. Had we not met with this lack of homes for students, our enrollment would now be 195; as it is we have 143. Almost daily, however, I am consulted by some one who intends to become a student as soon as the school takes on

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION,

in which we shall need the following chairs: Mental Science and Didactics; Modern Languages; Latin Language; History and Literature: Geology, Geography and Astronomy; Biology; Physical Science; Mathematics; Elocution; Music, and Drawing.

My fondest hope is that the cool judgment, uninfluenced by personal motives, that has characterized the actions of the board controlling this institution, will continue to dominate them when it comes to selecting men and women to fill these high positions. One or two mistakes here will be fatal. The Hon. Henry Raab in his 1893-4 report as superintendent of the schools of the state of Illinois, says: "If the free schools of the state are ever to do systematic, thorough and efficient work, it must, and can only be, brought about by good state institutions. The growing wants of our great commonwealth require institutions in which research and comparison, wise experiment and solidity take the place of self-complacent 'chanvinism' and routine, of self-laudation and admiration over our achievements;

of sensationalism on the one hand and stagnation on the other. No educational institution can prosper when it is made subsrevient to partisan ends, be they of political or religious or even social nature. Science and its propagation must forever be free."

We shall be guided aright, I think, in the performance of these far-reaching duties, if we keep in mind

THE PURPOSE OF THE SCHOOL;

which is the education of teachers. The teacher who takes a chair here must be able to teach teachers. His past experience must be such as will guarantee that he has risen above the level of the average, and that he can justly be recognized as a teacher of teachers—a leader. In building up this institution for the people, we shall have the thanks of the wise and good, if we remember the old adage, "The fountain cannot rise higher than its source."

The normal school is the source from which the public schools are to draw their teachers. May the waters of the fountain that shall thus fuse itself through the social veins of our entire commonwealth, be pure and life-giving, and not of an uncertain and clouded character, carrying mental disease, in greater or less degree, to all who drink of it.

In this connection, I cannot refrain from quoting two paragraphs from a thought-provoking article from the pen of Prof. John M. Coulter, of the University of Chicago, under the title, "Overproduction of Incompetent teachers:"

"Unfortunately, the teacher's profession has the reputation of yielding a larger income upon the investment of capital than any other profession. The impression is, that the work is light, the hours short, the position honorable, and that any one with a smattering education is competent. As a consequence, thousands of perfectly raw young men and women press into the profession, not prossessing a single qualification that would justify their appointment as teachers. To them it seems an easy escape from more unfavorable conditions of living. They are not to be blamed, for so long as they can obtain positions in the schools they have no reason to suppose that they are utterly incompetent. It is not to be expected that they will appreciate instinctively the high preparation necessary. It can be counted upon always that the preparation of the majority will be an exact measure of the preparation necessary to secure the position.

"The crowding of incompetents into the profession of teaching naturally finds its strongest expression in the lower grades; but in spite of all barriers, its influence is felt in the secondary schools and colleges.

"It must be remembered that incompetent teaching issues from the universities as well as from the so-called 'cheap normals,' but my attention has been specially directed to those hotbeds of pedagogical quackery which have been devised to pander to the ignorance of would-be teachers. No serious expenditure of time and money and effort, and then a living, is the lure which always has attracted and always will attract the thousands who know no better.

"The result of this work of charlatans might not be serious, but the shoddy pedagogues are employed by trustees and school boards. And what shall we say of these authorized conservators of the schools? I may be pardoned for presuming, out of courtesy to their intentions, that as a rule, they are not particularly alive to the educational situation, or particularly keen in their power of detecting the difference between competent and imcompetent teachers. The notable exceptions to this statement serve but to make the general condition more glaringly evident."

State normals generally are not considered 'cheap normals,' and in order that we may never deserve to be placed in the list, it seems to me that our institutions should in no sense be 'cheap.' Our courses must be thorough and modern; and no student should be granted our diploma who is not conscientiously supposed to be able to lead, be a pattern for, and direct the education of, the best children of the commonwealth. Graduation from these institutions should be a serious, and not a light, matter. And in consideration of the graduate's hard and well-earned honor, the law should recognize him by bestowing the life certificate of the territory. This is done by our neighbor, Kansas, and we should treat the graduates of our normal schools with like respect.

I cannot close thesd remarks upon the purpose and function of this institution, without referring to our

FUNDAMENTAL NEED

of a practice or model school. Such a school is a fundamental necessity of a normal school; without its practice school, a normal school is such in name only. I doubt seriously the wisdom of our granting a normal school diploma to persons who have done no work in a practice school. We can vouch for the text-book knowledge only of such persons; we have no data from which we can judge their fitness to teach and govern.

The normal schools of Oklahoma are probably the only institutions of their character in the United States that have no practice schools under their control. Normal schools, established in the neighborhood of large cities have no difficulty in this matter. They simply start their model school, charging tuition; it is soon learned that this kind of a school is the best in the world for children, and the wealthy classes are quick to take advantage of it for their children. Vice-President Stevenson, Minister Ewing, Vice-President David Davis, Governor Fifer, Dr. Wakefield, and any number of prominent men of Bloomington, Illinois, could be mentioned, who sent their children by public schools, paying street-car fare and tuition, in order to send them to the practice school of the Illinois State Normal. Parents of Alva and Edmond should understand that the practice school is the fundamental idea in a normal school, that it is watched and cherished by the entire institution, whose greatest pride is to make its practice school a "model" school to be observed and studied by teachers.

I anticipate the hearty co-operation of our people here when we come to found our model school. The Alva school board is fortunately composed of intelligent men who are staunch friends of the Normal, and who are quick to understand educational needs and problems.

I beg leave to quote from ex-State Superintendent Raab, of Illinois, again:

"Besides being a school of instruction, the normal schools should be an academy for the investigation of principles and methods, in the same sense as the experimental station is to the agricultural college, the dissecting room and the clinics are to the medical school. The theories which have been elucidated in the normal department should be applied practically and tested in the model school and training classes. Thus, when the truth is established and tested the normal school can give the rule to the schools of the state, as that systematic work in teaceing may be the custom."

M. Bascan, Ecole Normale, France, in discussing school systems, says:

"It is needless to insist on the importance of normal schools or French training colleges. They are the corner stone of the whole fabric of public elementary education. With good normal schools the country is sure to have good masters, and with good masters everything is won."

THE BUILDING

so near completion that this school is to occupy' is one which the people of the territory may well be proud, for no better building, and few more beautiful or of better appointment, have ever been erected in the United States. Though in itself it is a blessing to us, future generations will bless us for it.

THE FUTURE

of the school will demand even additional room to what this great structure will afford. We have now in attendance 143 as against 85 at the same time last year, the close of which found us with 166. The same ratio of increase would indicate that our enrollment this year will not fall far short of 300.

IN CONCLUSION

of this brief report—brief because of the fact that we are not very old, and are not yet organized into departments, and any discussion of our methods would necessarily be discussion limited almost to one, since the President's time is almost wholly devoted to class work—I must, through you, sir, extend my thanks to the members of our Board for their many courtesies and advice, the freedom accorded me in carrying out my plans, and the unanimous respect with which recommendations coming from this office have been uniformly treated. And simple justice, sir, demands that I here express my appreciation of the impartial and intelligent manner in which you have discharged the manifold duties of of your high office.

Respectfully submitted,

JAMES E. AMENT,

Alva. October 31, 1898. *President.*

Agricultural and Mechanical College.

Hon. S. N. Hopkins, Superintendent of Public Instruction,

SIR:—In compliance with your request, I have the honor to submit the following:

The Agricultural and Mechanical college of Stillwater owes its existence to the liberal provision made by the United States government to aid in the "liberal and practical education of the industrial classes." The endowment now made by the general government is to be used for instruction and providing facilities for instruction in science and its appreciations in the industries of life, especially agriculture and the mechanic arts; the English language and mathematics. The territory is to provide buildings, all permanent equipment and make provision for instruction in other branches as this is found advisable.

The intent of congress to make this and like institutions in each state and territory, preeminently "colleges for the people," is emphasized by the territorial law requiring the admission of both sexes on equal terms and that those who can pass a satisfactory examination in the common school branches shall be admitted to the regular college classes. This is not designed as disparagement of the work of the high schools but to give to the country boy or girl direct admission to the college from his or her home school.

Frequent changes in the faculty and board of regents somewhat retarded the progress of the college during its earlier years. For three years past there has been little change in the teaching force except by additions. The most marked advance made at any time was in preparation for the present college year's work. The Mechanic Arts department was formerly organized, a good building being erected for lecture rooms and iron and wood working shops for this department.

Special courses were also provided for—commercial, stenography and typewriting, and music; also better facilities for making the work of the college directly helpful to teachers or those preparing for this work. In all courses as well as the Preparatory Department instruction is free, except for individual instruction in music.

The corps of instruction now numbers 15 men and women, most of them having had special training for the line of work assigned them. Graduates of ten universities, colleges or Normal schools are in the list. Nine are engaged in teaching science or its applications.

The Agricultural Experiment Station, endowed by the United States with an annual grant of $15,000 to be expended in experimentation and research is a department of the college, and is of great value to students of science or of agriculture in any of its leading branches. So far as they are fitted for it, the work of carrying on the experiments is assigned to students under the direction of members of the station staff. The work in progress and in its results is open to inspection and study by all students.

The relatively liberal endowment granted the college by the United States has enabled it to secure unusually good facilities for instruction in its assigned lines of work. It has $25,000 invested in well selected apparatus and a library of nearly 4,500 volumes. Laboratory methods are largely used in all science teaching, and the library is used for research and investigation, not merely for casual reading or occasional reference.

As is the case with most institutions of its class this college suffers from a somewhat common misunderstanding of the scope of its work. Many think its sole design is to give instruction in the details of agriculture and shop work. It purposes to keep clearly within the letter and spirit of the laws governing it, recognizing as its leading object fitting its students for success in the great industries, but it also recognizes that something more than mere hand training is necessary to make such success most probable. It aims to give a sound education, to train students to think clearly, to plan wisely, to help them be intelligent men and women and good citizens as well as good workers in the calling they choose.

As a means of extending the influence of the college and awakening interest in the study of science, literature and history, the college offers "college extension lecture courses" to be given under auspices of public schools in selected cities or villages. It also, through the members of the Experiment Station staff, give active help in planning and conducting farmers' institutes in different parts of the territory.

The college had an enrollment of 169 students the last college year with every indication of a considerable increase for the present year. Unfortunately, as with almost all schools in the territory many intended students are kept at home, for a time, by pressure of work.

Unlike the university and the Normal schools, this college receives no direct endowment from the territory. It shares with them the income from certain leased lands in the "Cherokee Strip," but does not receive the half-mill tax revenue. Its greatest present needs are more room and provision by which its course of study may be made somewhat wider. Securing these things would enable it to better utilize the liberal endowment granted by the general government, no part of which can be used in payment for buildings, general expenses, or for instruction except in specified lines, the United States government assuming that the territory would make provision for all other wants of the college.

Respectfully Submitted,
G. E. MORROW, *President.*

The Langson University.

LANGSTON UNIVERSITY,
LANGSTON, OKLA., DEC. 3, 1898.

Hon. S. N. Hopkins, Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction,
Guthrie, Okla.

DEAR SIR:—In reply to your letter of recent date asking for information concerning this institution I have the honor to submit the following:

ESTABLISHMENT OF UNIVERSITY AND APPOINTMENT OF REGENTS

On the 4th of February, 1897, the Hon. J. W. Johnson of Oklahoma county introduced a bill in the council of the legislature providing for the establishment of an institution at Langston for the education of the colored people of Oklahoma. This bill became a law, and in compliance with its provisions Governor Renfrow appointed the following gentlemen members of the board of regents: G. C. Curran of Dover, W. Newell of Norman, and J. W. Turner of Oklahoma City; Hon. A. O. Nichols, superintendent of public instruction, and Hon. M. L. Turner, treasurer of the territory, became members *ex officio.* Gov. Renfrow was succeeded by the Hon. C. M. Barnes, who appointed as the successors of the above appointees the Rev. L. H. Holt of Guthrie, E. O. Tyler of Kingfisher and J. W. Hamilton of Oklahoma City; the Hon. S. N. Hopkins and Hon. F. M. Thompson, who had been appointed superintendent of public instruction and treasurer respectively, became members of the board *ex officio.* At the meeting held by these gentlemen for the purpose of effecting an organization the Rev. L. H. Holt was elected president and Mr. E. O. Tyler, secretary. At a later date the present site was selected by the regents and was purchased and presented to the board by the citizens of Langston. Immediately thereafter the regents advertised for and adopted plans for a suitable building. This building has been erected and completed at a cost of between $5,000 and $6,000, and has been equipped with furniture at a cost of about $1,000.

MEMBERS OF THE FACULTY.

On the 4th of May, 1898, the regents selected the following persons as professors in the university: Inman E. Page of Jefferson City, Mo., president; Moses J. Johnson of Kingfisher, and Wayne Manzilla of Perry. At a subsequent meeting, Zelia N. Page was selected to assist in the department of music.

OPENING OF UNIVERSITY AND ITS HISTORY SINCE.

The regents decided to open the university on the 14th of September last. But while the institution was opened on that day the main building was not occupied for the reason that it was not completed. The sessions of the university were held in the public school building and in the various churches of Langston, which the citizens allowed the faculty to use until the main building was ready for use.

On the first day there were enrolled forty-one students and nine model school pupils. The enrollment to date is one hundred and twenty-eight students and nineteen model school pupils, making a total of one hundred and forty-seven. A much larger number is expected after the holidays.

On the 22d of September the main building was dedicated. Gov. C. M. Barnes and Prof. S. N. Hopkins were invited to deliver addresses, but owing to other pressing engagements they could not attend. Appropriate addresses were delivered by the Rev. L. H. Holt, president of the board of regents; Rev. J. W. Dungee of Oklahoma City, Mr. S. Douglass Russell of Kingfisher, editor of *Russell's Review*, and Prof. Inman E. Page, president of the university. Music for the occasion was furnished by the students and Miss Zelia N. Page, assistant in the department of music.

On the evening of the same day a conference, which had been called by President Page, assembled in the auditorium. Many interesting and instructive papers, showing the progress of the negro race in Oklahoma, were read and discussed by many of the most prominent men and women of Oklahoma. During the dedicatory exercises and the sessions of the conference many specimens of needle work, farm products, drawings and other articles showing the possibilities of the race were displayed in one of the recitation rooms. So great was the enthusiasm created by these exhibits and the discussions of the conference that it was decided by those in attendance to have a similar gathering and display on the 22d and 23d of September each succeeding year.

NEEDS OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The main building should be enlarged in order that classes in the various departments which are contemplated by the act establishing the university, and which in all probability will be organized within the biennial period commencing January 1, 1899, shall have a sufficient number of recitation rooms.

Dormitories are needed not only in order that our students shall have a sufficient number of comfortable rooms, but also in order that they may be kept under proper control, and may be given that kind of education which comes from constant association in childhood and youth with those who are morally pure and whose tastes are refined.

Good citizenship, which our territorial institutions are expected to promote, depends upon the highest moral as well as the most thorough intellectual education.

If dormitories are given us then the president of the university should reside on the grounds in order that he may be able, with the assistance of members of the faculty, to see that they are properly managed.

In order that the agricultural department of the university may be conducted on a scale in keeping with the intention of its founders, and be able to give to the children of the farmers of the territory the kind of education which they need, we should have more than forty acres of land.

Compliance with the provisions of the Morrill Act, which was passed by congress in 1890, will make it necessary for us to have a building to be devoted to the mechanical education of our students and to equip this building with sufficient machinery.

You will doubtless agree with me that the university should be supplied with scientific apparatus and library books at the earliest possible day if the natural sciences are to be properly taught and the literary work is to be conducted as it should be. At present we have no books and not a single piece of apparatus.

With these needs supplied and a sufficient appropriation for the maintenance of all departments of the university, I am satisfied that we shall be able to accomplish results which will amply repay the territory for its outlay in purchasing land, erecting buildings and employing teachers.

Very respectively, your obedient servant,

I. E. PAGE,

President.

The Deaf and Dumb Institute.

GUTHRIE, O. T., December 5, 1898.

To Honorable S. N. Hopkins, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I beg leave to submit the following report of the deaf and dumb institute under my charge, for the year 1898, for which provision was made at the last session of the legislature, and which came under my control October 1, 1897, by virtue of a contract executed in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 12, 1897.

The institute is located in West Guthrie, Oklahoma, in a large two story frame building, pleasantly situated on the banks of the Cottonwood river, the premises embracing an entire block, the larger portion of which is enclosed with a seven foot woven wire fence giving ample play and exercise ground for the pupils.

The total number of pupils connected with this institute during the period covered by this report is thirty-one; six of which have left the institute for the reasons appended:

John Kirkpatrick, withdrawn,
Emma Duffy, withdrawn,
Gracie Wi~~lcoxen~~ taking private oral instruction,
Judson Tripp, physically unable to attend school,
Anna Vary, feeble-minded, not a fit subject for this school,
Prudence Black, parents moved out of territory.

Leaving the present number twenty-five, thirteen boys and twelve girls.

The following are the names and the counties from which they are from:

Lizzie Duncan, Canadian Co.
Laura Duncan, Canadian Co.
Frank Adams, Logan Co.
Katie Ruck, Logan Co.
Guy Hackerburg, Logan Co.
Ellen B. Goin, Payne Co.
Joel Piatt, Noble Co.
Ed Harney, Oklahoma Co.
Lucinda Taylor, Pott. Co.
Cora Washburne, Pott. Co.
Frank Wall, Washita Co,
Enola Simpson, Kay Co.
Carl Rice, Canadian Co.
Morvia Schrieber, Lincoln Co.
Pearl Haner, Logan Co.
Clarence Stuart, Logan Co.
Comp P. Goin, Payne Co.
Guy F. Buckles, Payne Co.
Anna Ford. Oklahoma Co.
Annie Sprague, Pott. Co.
Dessa Johnson, Pott. Co.
Harmon Nichols, Roger Mills,
Roland Huff, Kay Co.
Flossie Sleeper, Woods Co.
Harley Sleeper, Woods Co.

Total 25.

The institute building has been arranged with a special reference to the comfort and health of the inmates. It constitutes their domicil. There they eat, sleep and resort for rest and recreation, and, so far as possible, its appointments and furnishings have been made with a view to contentment, good health and the employment of such conveniences and acquisitions as are usually found in well ordered homes.

The superintendent and matron reside here with the pupils and have them in immediate charge and oversight in the place of their parents.

Water pipes from the city mains have been introduced, and there is an abundant supply of water for all purposes. Bath tubs have been placed, and a sewerage system has been constructed as a safeguard against pollution and disease. A separate building adjacent to the premises is used as a school room. The school is in charge of Miss Kate Lindsay, a capable teacher of the deaf and dumb, who has had seven years experience in this special work. The school hours are the same as in the public schools of the territory, but the pupils are required to study one hour each evening of the school days. On Sunday a Sabbath school is held and bible study conducted in the mute language. This language is used in returning thanks at meals.

The pupils have made surprising progress in their school work and it is a pleasure to record that moral development has kept pace with the intellectual, and the majority have learned and put into practice many of the virtues essential to the maintenance of good character, of which they were before ignorant, or concerning which they were apparently indifferent.

Discipline has been firm, yet reasonable, and has been administered in a way to gain the confidence and respect of the subject.

Corporal punishment has never been practiced. Moral uasion, kind discussion and urgings, have influenced the abandonment of unseemly and pernicious habits, and secured obedience from those inclined to insubordination.

At the close of the school term, June 30, 1898, upon separating for a short vacation. the most affectionate relations existed between the pupils and their guardians and teacher. The strong affectionate nature of these children is manifest, and they give frequent expressions of gratitude for the benefits they receive.

It is a pleasant reflection that in carrying out the will of the legislature in caring for and educating these unfortunate ones, the faculty has been able to contribute so much towards their happiness and wellbeing, and in ameliorating the hard conditions imposed through the inability to hear or speak.

There are on file at this date, names and addresses of upwards of forty mutes, in addition to those enrolled in our school, which it is impossible to entertain or accommodate until there is an adequate appropriation made by the legislature for this extra number, as well as for those already enrolled. It has been remarked and claimed by many of those extra ones that, "they have as much right to the benefits of the institute as those already enrolled," and no doubt it is true, but, as the appropriation is exhausted, we will have to await the action of the coming legislature.

With a knowledge of how many are entitled to claim the privilege, the legislature will no doubt provide at the coming session, the funds necessary to meet the requirements.

You ask me to make such suggestions as might prove beneficial to the best interests of the institute.

H. C. BEAMER, *Superintendent.*

Public Schools in Cities of the First Class.

EL RENO.

(L. W. Cole, City Superintendent.)

El Reno has supported a system of public schools since 1891. From 1889 to 1891 the private schools of the city were well attended. This immediate and active interest in schools manifested at the very founding of El Reno has developed into a settled and healthful sentiment for thorough education. The system has been progressive from the first, and from 1891 to 1897 was under the direction of Superintendent S. N. Hopkins, now territorial superintendent.

ATTENDANCE AND CLASSIFICATION.

The attendance upon the public schools is remarkably near the total enumeration. For 1898 the attendance was 608, and the total enumeration between the ages of six and twenty-one years was 701. At the present time the enrollment is 640, being an increase of 18 per cent. over that of the corresponding month of last year.

The classification is that most common in the cities of the United States, namely, eight consecutive grades, each representing one year's work, followed by a four years' high school course.

In the grades so much care is given to proper classification and thorough instruction that very few children are found who have not made steady mental development from the beginning of their study to their present standing.

INSTRUCTION.

While many external conditions are helpful to education, the real value and effectiveness of a school lies in the character of the instruction it offers. This depends solely on the teacher.

The corps of teachers of the El Reno schools is a scholarly, capable body of instructors. Nearly all hold first grade certificates and are "professional" in the skill with which they discharge their duties. In fact, three years of training and three of experience are required by the board of those who apply for the teacher's position.

The teachers are uniformly devoted to their work, and if patronage be a test of skill it is evidenced by the fact that during the last school year non-resident pupils paid in tuitions $430. In addition to the branches usually taught in the grades, consecutive instruction is given in drawing, and two themes per week in English composition, based on a graded course in literature.

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

In 1896 the first permanent school building was completed, a two-story, eight room brick building, which, though plain, is modern and convenient. The Smead system of heating, ventilation and dry closets is a feature of the building and it is giving entire satisfaction. On the grounds about this building seventy trees have been planted and nearly all are growing thriftily.

In the other wards are five commodious school houses, with two rooms each, erected in the early days of the city's existence.

COLORED SCHOOLS.

It is a commendable fact that the same care and attention is given to the colored schools as to those of other departments. Excellent teachers have been provided and furnished with good appliances. Thorough instruction and satisfactory advancement has been the result.

THE HIGH SCHOOL.

The high school is under direction of Prof. F N. Howell, University of Kansas, and its course deserves especial mention. It comprises four full years of distinctively high school work and prepares its graduates for entrance to the university.

The lines, in each of which are required four years of study, are Mathematics, English, Latin, Science and History. This work has been very thoroughly done, and at the expense of especial effort on the part of principal and superintendent, so that few high schools in the territory give so thorough preparation for college or for the duties of life.

As yet only nine students have graduated from this course. Two of these are engaged in higher study; one in Cumberland University, Tennessee, one in the University of Oklahoma.

LABORATORY AND LIBRARIES

The High school stands first in the territory in equipment for scientific work. In 1896 a very fair amount of chemica- apparatus was placed at the disposal of the teacher, and this has been kept in repair and added to each year by a small appropriation. At the opening of the present year $115 worth of physical apparatus, modern and durable, was added, and a room in the Irving building fitted up for this work.

From the proceeds of entertainments the High school has acquired a library of thirty-three volumes and a library fund of $100. The teachers' ibrary comprises ninety-four volumes.

The general spirit of school administration for El Reno is shown by the following from the president's report for 1896:

"The public schools of our city are vitally connected with almost every home. They are intended and supposed to be important aids in the education of our children, not alone in the subjects presented in the course of study, but in all the attributes which make up good citizenship. The board of education has been with but slight changes in membership from year to year since its first organization of our schools in 1890, and we therefore speak with knowledge of the subject when we state that the purpose of that body has always been, as nearly as possible, to compel the highest standard in the work of our schools. That our board has always been actuated by this high purpose there can be no doubt, and inefficiency of work in any of the departments has been rare, indeed, and, when discovered, a remedy has been promptly sought. This purpose, carefully followed from the beginning, has resulted in placing our schools among those which rank first in the territory."

This sentiment, coupled with the long and faithful service of Superintendent Hopkins, have built up for El Reno a school system of which her citizens are justly proud, and which compare favorably with much older systems in the most progressive towns of the west.

GUTHRIE.

(*J. R. Campbell, City Superintendent.*)

SIR: In obedience to your request, I have attempted to formulate a few thoughts touching educational conditions in the city of Guthrie.

Schools can never rise above the sentiment of the people, any more than a stream can rise above its source. There can be no better index to the intelligence and morals of a people than the school houses they erect and the schools they support. It is generally admitted that public schools are an absolute necessity under our form of government. The greater the average intelligence of a people, the more stable are their institutions. Schools are the great commoners of society. Here the children of the rich and the poor learn the same lessons, are impressed with the same sentiments; are influenced by the same environments. Here they learn duty to each other; dependence upon each other; confidence in each other and sacrifices for each other. Here they first meet law and learn to obey it. Here they learn to shape their acts and conduct in accordance with their surroundings; to obey commands; and to yield here a little and there a little to their fellows. Here promptness is expected; regularity of attendance required, and habits of studiousness demanded. In the business world, these are characteristics sorely needed.

The continuity of purpose of a people is largely an outgrowth of systematic continuity of school work.

To meet all these demands, and to develop the highest standard of honesty, industry, sobriety and integrity, the people of Guthrie have expended freely large sums of money in the erection of four commodious and splendidly equipped school buildings, and have employed the best qualified teachers obtainable. Nothing else that the people of Guthrie have ever done has challenged the admiration of onlookers so much as their achievements in the cause of education.

On the 22nd day of April, 1889, under the proclamation made by the president of the United States, the people from the north, south, east and west rushed into the territory of Oklahoma as a mighty fire would have swept over its prairies. Thousands of people settled in a single day on the present site of the now fair city of Guthrie. The subject of schools for the children soon demanded their attention, and in the fall of 1889 the first schools were opened, and from that time to the present the people have loyally supported them.

It is little short of marvelous that out of a heterogeneous gathering of people should come such unanimity of sentiment in regard to the education of the youth. It is strong evidence of the unity of our people as a nation. Oklahoma is American. Such oneness of sentiment and purpose, could not come from people reared under widely different educational institutions. From every part of the United States came people, bringing with them their ideas of religion, politics, education, etc. On the broad principle of education in the common schools all could stand, and from among the confused and clashing religious and political ideas came bright and clear a unanimous desire for schools for the children.

In less than ten years the school population has reached nearly 2,300; and the present enrollment is 1,400 with an average daily attendance of over 1,100. Compared with other much older cities, our enrollment is as large in proportion to school population as theirs, and our average number belonging is nearly equal to theirs.

There has been, and is yet, considerable shifting about; pupils coming and going. The average number belonging this year, however, is much larger, in proportion to enrollment, than previous years, last year being an improvement over the year before. The schools are a good index to the stability of a community. If the number belonging each month is small in proportion to the total enrollment, it is positive evidence that many pupils have dropped out of school, and others have taken their places. Guthrie can make a splendid showing in this respect. Each year there has been improvement, and the present year promises to be the best in our history.

The constant changing and shifting about of pupils renders classification very difficult, and makes school work laborious and unsatisfactory. Pupils coming from different schools in different states should possess about the same degree of proficiency, and be able to enter the same classes and grades. Such condition would speak well for the manner in which the educational machinery of our whole country was being controlled. But we do not find these conditions to prevail. Some schools have emphasized some subjects and omitted others, which some other schools have considered very important. This fact also makes grading and classifying very difficult.

The board of education, and the teachers who have taught in this city, are entitled to much credit for what has been done in regard to classification and gradation. To work out from the mixed qualifications of pupils, a gradation and classification of pupils such as we have here was a task of no small magnitude. The closer classes are together the easier it is to adjust pupils according to their educational acquirements. In the Guthrie schools, each grade, which includes one year's work, is divided into two classes, called "A" and "B." By this plan the classes are, at most, only four and one-half months apart. A strong, ambitious, capable pupil may work beyond his class and merits promotion, while a weak, indolent, incapable pupil can be demoted without entirely discouraging him.

There are various causes for pupils failing to do satisfactory work, but the principal one is irregularity in attendance. It is a positive injustice to allow a pupil to remain out of school of his own choice, or for a parent to keep him out. He soon falls behind his class, becomes discouraged, drags along lifelessly, and finally quits school very poorly equipped for the struggles of life. In either case the parent is responsible. In Guthrie, however, there are comparitively few pupils who remain out of school of their own choice, and not many parents who deem it necessary to keep them out. The number, however, is larger than it ought to be. The state demands that they be in school. And society makes the same demand.

"Punctuality is a cardinal virtue," and no pupil should be allowed to disregard it. Business demands promptness; society demands it; the best interests of the school demand it, and the present and future welfare of the pupil demands it. No pupil has a right to be tardy any more than a teacher has. It is disorganizing to a school, and it invariably weakens the pupil's interest in his work. He contracts a habit of being behind time, and the moral restraint of promptness is destroyed. Every teacher in our schools is expected to employ every means necessary to compel promptness on the part of every pupil. Parents who have the best interests of their children in mind will never allow them to form habits of tardiness. We expect the unanimous support of the patrons in our efforts to eradicate tardiness from our schools.

The patrons loyally support the teachers in maintaining discipline, and a high standing of school ethics. No factional bickerings are noticeable, and all seem to be working for the upbilding of the schools.

The advanced educational ideas of the board of education have always been supplemented by the progressiveness of the entire teaching force, who have labored faithfully to build up a system of schools of which the people could justly feel proud.

The present corps of teachers cannot be surpassed in earnestness, loyalty or efficiency. The new course of study requires many changes in methods, because of the various changes in subject matter. Many new features have been added, and the work outlined in accordance with modern and progressive educational thought. This necessarily increased the teachers' responsibilities, but without a single exception, they have mastered the new conditions and are now doing very efficient work.

One of the subjects emphasized in the new course is literature. A systematic outline of work has been given for every grade in the schools, and we hope to develop a taste for good reading matter, and thereby avert the effects of pernicious, trashy literature. There can not be too much stress laid on this subject in school work, and one of the most effective means of habituating pupils to read choice literature is to have a well selected library in each building, to which the pupils should be encouraged to go for reference and general information. Considerable interest has been taken by the teachers in each of our school buildings, in consequence of which each building has a small library for the pupils' use. There should be a law enacted which would compel the expenditure by every district of a certain amount of money every year in good reference and literary books. We have a good nucleus which we very much desire to see increased. We hope the legislature which will soon convene, will enact a law which will enforce action on the part of the school districts, instead of recommending it. A good library should be in every school house.

The old adage, "In union there is strength;" holds true of the teaching force in a system of schools. Harmonious, definite action and uniformity of methods, both in teaching and in discipline, add very much to the proficiency of a corps of teachers.

For the unification and harmonization of ideas, an institute, devoted exclusively to professional work, was held during the two weeks immediately preceding the opening of the schools last September. "Methods," "Means and Objects of Discipline," "Methods and Manner of Teaching," "Laws of Mind-Growth," "Child-Study," and "Objects of School Work," were some of the questions discussed. On all these points the teachers blended their ideas, and consequently unanimity of purpose and uniformity of methods resulted as nearly as the individuality of the teachers will admit. The teachers were prompt, regular, enthusiastic, earnest and thorough in every respect, and the character of the work they did reflects great credit on them. Their subsequent work in the school room very strongly supplements that in the institute.

For the purpose of discussing professional subjects and keeping abreast of the times, a general teachers' meeting is held on the last Saturday of each school month, and grade meetings are held as often as deemed necessary. Various subjects pertaining to management and discipline, methods of teaching different branches, and many other matters bearing on school work, are discussed. At each general meeting a psychological question relating to some particular phase of mental or moral growth is given a place on our program. In the matter of discipline, the great aim should be character building. The all important fact that every violation of law, either of the physical or spiritual world, is sure to receive its just and logical punishment, should be emphasized in all school discipline. Our teachers are striving to discipline their schools according to the law of cause and effect. Punishment, simply as a punishment, will never reform a refractory boy. He must see the logical relation between his disobedience and the consequent punishment which follows. We study the child in relation to its associates, and to its home environments. and endeavor as best we can, to comprehend the effect of these influences, and to determine the best method or means for developing the good in the child.

The individual who confines himself to the contents of a book will become narrow and dogmatic. Much the larger field lies outside of books, and the educational world has thoroughly awakened to the fact. To meet the requirements of new educational thought, nature study has been given a place in our course of study, and the work done has been very encouraging. The pupils as well as the teachers are alive to the subject, and when all fully comprehend the importance and nature of the work, much better results will be attained. Nature study, although outlined for the grades only, is supplemented in both the Central and the Lincoln high schools by excellent advanced work.

In the Central high school, the pupils manufacture much of the apparatus used, consisting of electrical, mechanical and various other machinery used in their laboratory. A Saturday class has been formed to study taxidermy, and they have many specimens of birds to show what they have accomplished. This science work is in charge of Prof. G. W. Stevens. principal of the Central high school.

Prof. J. S. Tucker. principal of Lincoln high school, (colored), has made a good collection of insects and other natural history specimens. He also has considerable physical and chemical apparatus of his own and his pupils' manufacture. They have also done some work in taxidermy.

In making special mention of the above named principals, I do not wish to detract anything from the other faithful principals and teachers who are so loyally supporting each other and the superintendent in the upbuilding of our schools.

Guthrie has four large brick school buildings and one small frame building. Central building, located near the center of the city, contains the high school and six grades. Eight teachers are required for this building. Capitol building, located on Capitol Hill, eastern part of the city, has all the grades up to and including the seventh. This building requires seven teachers. Banner building, located in the western part of the city, is an eight room school building having a block of land for a playground. No school should have less than that. A good playground, having room for all kinds of games, is as essential to the moral and physical growth of a child as arithmetic or grammar to its intellectual nature. Five teachers are required to supply this school. Lincoln building contains the colored schools, and eight teachers are necessary to do the teaching A high school, from which the pupils graduate, is maintained in this building. It is located in the southwestern part of the city. All these buildings are well equipped with maps, charts, etc. Lincoln annex is a one room frame building located in the southeastern part of the city. It accommodates all the colored children in the first and second grades who live near it.

The board of education supports the superintendent and the teachers in their management of the schools; and in summing up the whole matter pertaining to the schools of the city of Guthrie, we think we have just cause to feel proud of them, and to take courage for the future.

KINGFISHER.

(C. H. Roberts, City Superintendent.)

In the Kingfisher city schools there are seven grades, or years, of common school and three of high school work. Before the close of this school year we shall have eight grades in the common school besides the high school. This change is being made because it is impossible to prepare pupils thoroughly for the high school in seven years. The intention is to have the pupils complete the common branches in eight years and be ready for Algebra, Latin, Rhetoric, and Physical Geography when they enter the high school. Upon graduation from the high school, we hope to have them qualified to enter the university. During the last year, a determined effort has been made to secure thorough honest work on the part of the pupils, work that will stand the test at any time. In order to do this we have tried to make the work as practical as possible, to bridge over the chasm between book work and the work done in actual business. Instead of having monthly examinations at regular stated times, written tests on their previous work, are given frequently; the aim being to give them when the pupils are not expecting them. Pupils are encouraged to take pride in the quality of their work rather than simply to pass from grade to grade. The chief reason I am anxious to have the pupils do practical work in all grades, to have them brought in touch with the merchant, the lumberman, the farmer, and the mechanic, is that comparatively few pupils graduate even from the high school. The great mass of them drop from the ranks and enter various pursuits of life. Many do this from necessity, others from choice. Whatever may be the motive, they should be able to make the very best use of what education they do obtain, as soon as they leave school. To assist in accomplishing this result, I urge the teachers to keep in contact with the business world, to become familiar with the leading terms used in each line of business, and to give their pupils extra or supplemental work taken from transactions made and work done in our own community, as well as in other parts of the world. I also urge teachers not to allow themselves to become too theoretical. I believe persons who follow teaching many years are in danger of drifting away from the practical.

In the white schools, there are eight teachers, one for each of the seven common school grades, and one for the high school. We shall probably need an eighth grade teacher by the middle of the school year. The attendance is rapidly increasing.

In the colored schools, there are four teachers. The grading of the colored schools is the same as that of the white, and all grades are represented. In each grade there are two classes, each doing a half year's work. This is a very convenient arrangement where each teacher has but one grade as in the white schools, but not so satisfactory where a teacher has charge of two or more grades as in the colored schools.

We have an exceptionally good corps of teachers. With but very few exceptions they are well fitted for their respective grades and are doing most satisfactory work. We have a teachers' meeting every Friday evening at 4:15 o'clock, remaining in session one hour. Business connected with the various grades is arranged, wants made known, changes made, work of certain pupils discussed, and methods of teaching presented. I am just now arranging to take up Halleck's Physiology and Koopman's Mastery of Books, and to give one half the time of the teachers' meeting to reading circle work. The teachers readily take hold of everything that will render them more efficient. According to the school law now in force teachers must be examined before entering upon their work unless they hold diplomas or certificates This is all right, but it seems to to me there should be some changes made in the method of examination. At present there is very little difference made in the questions asked applicants to teach in the primary, in the intermediate, and in the grammar grades. And as far as I can learn, there is no provision for examining specialists for high schools. An applicant to teach the higher mathematics must pass an examination in the sciences and Latin, and an instructor in Latin must pass in the same subjects. I am of the opinion that the best teachers of Latin may be deficient in some of the other high school branches, while the good mathematician may know very little about Cæsar, especially if he has had no experience in teaching Latin for a number of years. A person cannot be eminently succcessful in one line and keep up in everything else connected with school work. I think the questions asked the primary teacher should be quite different from those asked an applicant to teach in the grammar or high school grades; and that the applicant to teach in the high school should be examined in what pertaines to his line of high school work. And further, when teachers have passed satisfactory examinations, and have procured first grade certificates, and do excellent work; that their certificate should be renewed, provided they continue in the work of the grade which their certificates cover, and pursue a course of professional reading. The teachers in our schools are desirous of fitting themselves for better work, but feel that to take the examination required every two or three years, hampers them in their work and necessarily brings about a periodical "pasting up" or "stuffing" for such ordeals. This time might be spent more profitably in preparing special work for their respective grades, or in reading some professional books suited to their phase of school work.

Another line of work which we have given special attention is regularity and punctuality in attendance. On taking charge of the schools here a year ago, I found that the habit of being lax in this respect had crept into the schools. Many parents seemed indifferent in the matter, and for a while some of them even refused to write excuses when their children were absent or tardy, and in a number of instances were indignant when requested to furnish the reasons for their children's absence But by persistent effort and exercising tact and firmly adhering to rules, this condition has been greatly changed. Wher a year ago tardiness was common, now such cases are rare Promptness is the rule, tardiness the exception. Regularity ir attendance has made a marked improvement. Very few pupil remain away from school unless in case of necessity. I urg promptness and regularity in attendance not so much on account of the value of a few minutes or of a day's work, but or account of the value of the *habit* of being punctual and regular. A few pupils who had become so accustomed to being slack in attendance, and who desired to continue the same way, either dropped out of school of their own accord or were forced to drop out. But as they were doing practically nothing for themselves and were but a hindrance to others, the schools are better off without them.

On the whole I think our schools are improving, but we lack much of perfection yet. We have had many difficulties to struggle against. Our buildings are in bad condition. We now occupy seven frame buildings, some of which are decidedly uncomfortable and inconvenient. But we are looking ahead with great expectations. A new eleven-room brick building is almost ready to receive us. When in our new quarters we expect to make many other changes for the better. One of the first to receive attention will be school libraries. Very little in this respect has been done. The principal reason is that books and apparatus are not very safe in our present quarters, a number of such things having been stolen or destroyed. It is the intention of the Board of Education to set aside a part or all of the tuition of non-resident pupils as a library fund. This will probably be done next year.

Our new building is a model of convenience and arrangement. It is perfectly lighted. In every room (except the superintendent's office) the light will enter from the rear and from the left side of the pupils. I have never before seen a school building of its size so conveniently arranged, and with so little waste space.

OKLAHOMA CITY.

(*B. F. Nihart, City Superintendent.*)

The act establishing a system of public schools in Oklahoma was passed November 26,1892. Within a few weeks a board of education was elected in Oklahoma City, consisting of W. D. Thatcher, J. L VanDewerker, D. D. Leach, Delos Walker, and G. W. Pence, under whose direction the schools of the city were established. Magnificent buildings were soon erected, modern appliances and superior teachers were secured, and thus the foundation of our present excellent system of schools was laid.

R. A. Sullins, F. H. Umholtz, E. L. Halleck, and B. F. Nihart have served as superintendents. There has not only been a gradual growth, but in grading, in ability of teachers, excellency of appliances, and unity of effort, a gradual improvement is seen.

There are four wards in the city, each of which has a brick school building—two eight-room buildings, and two of four rooms. The high school occupies a building separately, also the colored schools. The rapid growth of the city will demand additional room to accommodate the pupils.

The school attendance in proportion to the population is not so large in a new country as in older communities. Many of our citizens are young and have small families; the rush and excitement of business are great, keeping many children out of school, and interest in material affairs are too likely to lessen interest in education. Our enrollment for 1897-8 was 1,350; average attendance, 900; per cent. of attendance, 95. There will be a large increase for 1898-9. Carelessness and business affairs cause many parents to neglect attention to their children's school interests. Shows, absences on account of work, parties, and truancy stand in the way of teachers' efforts to do the most for their pupils. Neither labor nor pleasure should take the place of school. Absence causes a lack of inspiration, and, maybe, a surrender of all effort to secure an education.

Our schools generally have been well disciplined. The best part of a child's education is that which develops in him the power of self-government. A pupil sees the justice of the means of discipline used and thus obeys; such a course prepares our boys and girls for life. The best disciplined school makes the most rapid progress and furnishes the most satisfactory results. The true teacher works for the child's best interest and is not able to succeed without the support of the parent. To do the greatest good the parent should co-operate with the teacher, not alone in matters of discipline, but in the progress of the child in his studies as well. Where a mutual understanding of this kind exists between parent and teacher there is but little need of rigid discipline.

Few suspensions have been made. The proper disposal of the unrestrainable "bad boy" is becoming more and more a serious problem, both for school and public authorities. Several facts in his case are already sufficiently evident. One of these is, that it does not pay to permit him the freedom of the ordinary school where he is certain to be an attractive example of wrong-doing for uncorrupted boys. The moral contagion of his presence in school is worse than the physical contagion of measles or scarlet fever, and the parent of a morally neglected child has no legal or moral right to demand his admission into the public school along with those children who have been rationally reared. Everything possible should be done by a teacher to reclaim a bad pupil, but it is not the duty of any teacher of a public school to continue in his classes an incorrigible child on the ground that such retention is better for the boy than to turn him into the street. It should be remembered that the good done to an immoral and unruly boy by his attendance at any ordinary school is far overbalanced by the harm he does to others. The forces at the disposal of the ordinary teacher are too weak to reach the average street hoodlum. The reform of such a boy demands an entire change of life and environment, under the direction of an authority paramount to that of the parent. Our reform schools should do such work.

There has been a contant endeavor on the part of our teachers to give moral and æsthetic training. Kindness, honesty, truthfulness, politeness, manners at school, at home, on the street, at church, at the table, in traveling, etc., have been daily impressed. Correct habits of study are very important and great effort has been put forth to develop our boys in this direction. To educate a child is to do more for him than merely to cram him with text-book facts. It is to train him to correct habits, moral, intellectual, and physical. Knowledge is not a gift but an acquisition. All that a teacher can do is to arouse mental activity and to lead the pupil to desire knowledge. To this end, care has been taken that only good teachers be employed. Those doing efficient work were retained and the weak places were filled by experienced, well-trained teachers. Herein is shown the wise and courageous superintendent. If a weak teacher be retained, the best people rightly censure him; if she be dismissed through his influence, she and family and friends are forever his enemies Who will hesitate to do his whole duty to the schools over which he presides?

The course of study adopted is thorough. The eight grades may be completed in eight years by the average pupil. The high school provides for a full four years' course. Four years of Latin, two of German, two years in algebra, one in geometry, physics, chemistry, general history, and literature. Our graduates are admitted, without examination, to the Freshman class of all surrounding universities.

A reasonable method of promotion has been adopted. Extremes are avoided. Stated examinations are held, yet promotions do not depend wholly on these tests. Those averaging ninety per cent. in all studies are advanced on their grades without a final examination. A final test is given all others, an average of eighty per cent. being required for promotion. Special promotions are made from time to time.

The patrons and pupils deserve credit for their help in rendering our school rooms more beautiful. Sixty handsome portraits with frames were purchased. Culture and taste are developed slowly. The features of well known characters being kept constantly before our boys and girls are impressed so firmly as to be recognized ever after in paper or magazine.

Teachers should teach pupils to like good literature. Book are indispensable. During 1897-8 about 200 volumes were received for our grade libraries. One hundred additional books were bought for the high school library, most of which were for reference. The colored schools rejoice because of a new book-case and an organ. These additions were made by penny collections, by box socials and by the board's help.

Teachers' meetings are held regularly every Monday after school. Five Saturdays annually from 9 a. m. to 12 m. we discuss important educational topics. Two works on teaching are read each year, reviewed and discussed. Growth is essential to the best work, and it is only by the greatest diligence that our teachers feel strengthened for daily duty.

The schools are kept prominently before the public. The principals of Emerson and Washington schools write weekly for one daily and the superintendent for another. The people are made acquainted with their schools in every way possible. Patron's day precedes Thanksgiving, and patriotic day comes February 22. To the public exercises of these days patrons are invited. At the close of school a public exhibition of written work done during the year is made. All the pupils, not the best only, are represented. The people are interested. They are anxious to see what their children have done. They make the acquaintance of our teachers and thus a more friendly relation is established.

With the present school authorities, backed by an industrious and intelligent community, there is every reason to believe that the educational interests of the city will not be allowed to suffer. We take great pride in our educational facilities and interests, and additions will be made as needed.

PERRY.

(N. L. Falls City Superintendent.)

I hesitate to write upon the progress and condition of the the Perry public schools from the fact that the improvement since I came has been so great that I fear someone might think that I am taking great credit to myself and reflecting discredit upon former teachers. So right in the beginning I want to state that I take very little credit to myself, and attribute the present improvement, progress and condition of the schools to a variety of more favorable circumstances and especially to the wise actions of the present board of education.

Last June when I came here I found the school property in buildings consisted of a High school building, the Blaine school building and what was known as the "old school building." The first accomodated all white pupils above the primary department, the second the colored pupils, and the latter was used by the whites of the primary department.

The High school and Blaine buildings are beautiful and substantial structures built of stone and brick. The former, last June, consisted of one large assembly room, taking up all the space upstairs on the east side and affording a seating capacity of about 150 and four small recitation rooms on the opposite side of the hall and four rooms down stairs, two offices and basement. With the above arrangement of rooms former teachers were compelled to use the large assembly room as a study and recitation room, and classes were dismissed from this to the small recitation rooms where the teachers of the respective grades took charge of them. The teacher who remained in the large room was expected to govern all in the room and hear a recitation at the same time. This was one great disadvantage under which former teachers labored. Any one who has had any experience as teacher can imagine the discipline maintained and how unsatisfactory the recitation in the assembly room must have been. So the board at its first meeting after I had been employed decided to run a partition across the larger room and take out two partitions from the four recitation rooms, thus making four study and recitation rooms up stairs corresponding to the four similarly arranged down stairs. This work was begun immediately and was finished before school began. This gives us eight comfortable rooms, and from the first morning of the present school each teacher has had control of her pupils both during the study and recitation periods, and it is proving to be very satisfactory, indeed. The arrangement has not only been an advantage in disciplining the school and in recitation, but it afforded us more room in the High school building, and primary pupils now occupy rooms in it. As the "old school building" was not particularly needed it was ordered to be sold. This was done and the money will be spent in constructing a fence, planting shade trees and otherwise improving the appearance of the grounds. The removal of the old school building has already added greatly to the appearance.

The stairways have been completed and the building is kept warm. This was the *second great improvement.*

One of the greatest hindrances to the highest development of our schools has been the shortness of the term. Many studious and intelligent pupils have fallen behind their grade, not through any fault of their own, but because it has been impossible for them to do the work in the limited time. The public school, during previous years, has lasted from four to five months. Many pupils attended private schools taught in the city and, in many instances, promotions from such schools were not what they would have been if the public schools had continued and the promotions had been made from them. As a result of the shortness of previous terms, and of the promotions from teachers of private schools, and promotions made by pupils who did not attend said schools, but promoted themselves, I found the schools very poorly graded. The first month of this term was, therefore, devoted to a considerable extent to re-organizing the schools. Examinations were held. Promotions and demotions were made. The schools are graded better now than ever before and we are assured by the board that this year we will have at least seven months, and probably nine months. This may be termed the *third great improvement.*

We feel there will be no need of the private schools in the future as we shall have at least seven months of school. I do not wish to condemn the private schools, nor criticize them too severely, but I feel sure that they have not accomplished what the public school would have accomplished if it had gone on. Since the Northeast, North, and Northwest additions will hereafter be a part of Perry and all this property will help to increase our school fund. I feel safe in making the above statement that our school in future will last at least seven months.

In order that we may have a seven months school this year, at least two disadvantages must be put up with, and will be overcome in subsequent years. I might sum it up and say that the inefficiency of the Perry public schools in the past has been a lack of *cold cash* and scanty supervision. Now, in order to have more af the former, and as a result, a longer school, the superintendent is required to teach two grades, giving very little time to supervising, and instead of two primary teachers, only one is employed. Neither do we have any high school branches taught. The primary teacher is compelled to divide her grade into two sections and each section attends only one-half of the day. This is not such a detriment to the schools as the lack of supervision. The schools, however, are supplied with a very efficient corps of teachers this year and everything seems to be moving along without much friction. A stricter discipline is maintained and the mechanical management is much better than formerly. The course of study has been revised and it is our aim to still more thoroughly grade the schools. Promotions will no longer be made by the pupils and parents, but they will be promoted on the judgment of the teacher approved by the superintendent.

This year we aim to get the foundations of the structure-well laid in the grades below the high school and to complete it next year by adding the high school course. We should also have two primary teachers, because there are so many in that grade, but the half-day system may possibly be continued.

The above will give some idea of the many improvements made this year. The school apparatus is being better cared for and used more this year and additions are being made to it from time to time.

We expect to add to our library also, and to make other improvements as we find that we can.

SHAWNEE.

(*J. H. Ware, City Superintendent.*)

In addition to the statistics you desired for your biennial report, I herewith submit a brief article on the topics you wished me to review.

I have been unable to find any records of the first organization of the city schools of Shawnee, and can say nothing of the attendance further than is given in the summary of the superintendent's report.

The attendance for the year closing May 12, 1898, was quite satisfactory, considering the tardy manner in which children were enrolled during the year.

The total enrollment for the first month was 377, out of an enrollment of 844, for the year. This shows that less than one-half entered school the first five months. This is due to the fact that many of the children are engaged in cotton picking during the fall, and are not permitted to enter school till very late in the season, however, we are glad to note that a much larger percentage of the school population entered the first month this year, and the percentage of attendance is much better.

The enrollment to date far exceeds the expectations of the board, and the rooms and teaching force that were provided at the beginning of the term have proven insufficient to accommodate the children, and at the end of the first month it became necessary to employ two more teachers, and now all the rooms are crowded and arrangements are being made to provide rooms and employ more teachers.

CLASSIFICACION.

On taking charge of the schools in 1897, I found no records of classification. Few of the pupils had cards stating that they were in certain grades, but these proved to be very unreliable, as the length of the term the previous year was only six months, and it appeared that credit for a full year's work had been given, or taken by those who wished to go in higher classes. It required considerable work to overcome these difficulties, but in due time the schools were fairly well graded and classified.

During the year a record was made which shows the work and progress of each child; besides giving the monthly and final standing, it gives a brief history of the child, which in many cases has been very helpful to the teacher. This record removes all doubt as to the grade and class in which the child should be placed, and our teachers were able to begin regular grade work the first day.

Parents have given evidence of their high appreciation of our efforts to grade and classify the schools; while the percentage of the pupils promoted at the close of the school last year was not so high as is usually expected, we consider that the number promoted speaks well for the teachers and is an evidence of excellent work on their part, when it is understood that seven and one-half months was the length of the term, and that the course of study is intended for nine months work.

Promotions were made on the evidence that the pupil had covered the ground and mastered the subjects as well. It has been the aim to instill in the minds of pupils, parents and teachers that thoroughness, or a complete mastery of the work in the grade is the one essential preparation for promotion.

Communities are generally interested in good schools, and not much interested in poor ones. Whatever tends to increase the child's love for school and school work, generally reaches the home.

The surest, and we believe the most profitable way to interest a community is to get the very best teachers that can be had; teachers that know how to prepare the work for the grade, and know how to take hold of the work when they enter the school room, not to tell, but to teach the child to do.

Last year we adopted the plan of keeping specimens of each pupil's written work in language, arithmetic, geography, etc. These were written on uniform paper and each pupil's work was bound and at stated times they were placed on exhibition, and the parents were invited to inspect the work. This proved very interesting to the parents and profitable to the children, as it enabled both to see the progress that was made from month to month, also showed the importance of regular attendance and careful work on the part of the pupil.

These exhibits should not be made oftener than twice a year.

The monthly report system is an excellent means of interesting the parents in the child's progress, also is a means of communication between the teacher and the parent.

TEACHERS' MEETINGS.

We hold a general teachers' meeting every few weeks. In these meetings topics of general interest to the schools are discussed; besides these meetings we have two grade meetings each week, in these special grade work as planned by the superintendent, is taken up and discussed. These meetings have proven most beneficial to the teacher.

We have taken up the Teachers' Reading Circle course, and meet every two weeks on Saturday morning. This work is carried out as planned by the R. C. board.

It is understood by the teachers that they are to receive credit for all work done in the R. C. and teachers' meetings, and at the close of the year an examination will be held for the purpose of ascertaining their standing.

Creditable grades will have considerable to do with their continuance in the schools.

In making up this average the character of the teacher's work in the school room is also taken into account, and no teacher whose work is not of a high order will receive the recommendation necessary for renewal of contract.

TEACHERS.

Our teachers compare favorably with the teaching force of other cities of the territory, both in scholarship and experience.

Only two of our teachers are teaching their first term in graded schools, but they have had several years successful experience in country schools. All others have had from one to ten years experience in graded schools.

Notwithstanding the many hindrances that our teachers have to overcome in the way of poor buildings, crowded rooms, and difficulties of classification, the board of education and patrons speak flatteringly of the work which is being done by them.

We feel sure that with better facilities, our teachers can show as good results as are found in other graded schools.

PUPILS' READING CIRCLE.

Up to the present time we have given but little attention to the Pupils' Reading Circle. This is not due to the lack of interest on the part of the teachers in that department of work: but the overcrowded condition of our schools makes it necessary for the teacher to devote all her time to regular school work.

Besides at the present we do not feel that we can make the necessary demands for the books; but the time is near at hand when it will be taken up.

GENERAL.

As has been mentioned above, our school rooms are entirely inadequate to accommodate the children now enrolled.

The city has but three buildings of two rooms each, that were built for school purposes. Aside from these the schools are held in a store room, a hall, a church, and a temporary building that was erected just a few days before school was to begin, and it was found that a suitable building could not be rented.

However, we are glad to say that it is not the intention to allow this condition of affairs to continue any length of time, as the board of education now have under construction, a fine two-story ten-room building, which will be ready for occupancy by the last of January, 1899.

When completed, this building will be modern in every particular and certainly will be a great comfort to teachers and pupils.

It is situated in a beautiful park of 12 acres. The park is covered with large forest trees, making it one of the most attractive locations for a school house; that can be found in the territory.

The marvelous growth of Shawnee in the past three years has placed her in the front rank as a commercial center, and her wide awake and energetic business interests are a sufficient guarantee that her schools will be guided by the same care that is characteristic of her citizens.

Reports of the County Superintendents.

BLAINE COUNTY.

(*Miss Cleo C. Power, County Superintendent.*)

GENERAL PROGRESS AND CONDITION OF EDUCATIONAL WORK.

During the years of 1897 and 1898 the educational work in Blaine county has progressed steadily. The improvement in all lines has been gradual but is plainly perceptible.

The residents of the county seem to have a deeper interest in the education of the youth and are throwing their strength toward the upbuilding of the cause.

Our county contains about nine hundred square miles, three hundred and twenty of which are held by the Indian population, eighty-one school districts being formed out of that part occupied by the whites.

The existence of these Indian allotments in the county has greatly hindered its settlement and its complete organization into school districts, thereby making the schools in some parts at a great distance from one another and, in many instances, difficult to be reached by all the children in that locality.

At present there are about seventy-five children of school age located outside of any district, simply because the population is not sufficient to admit of organization. We have a number of districts containing as many as twenty (20) sections of land, being formed so large in order to reach the scattering school population and to try to give to all school advantages.

However, in the more thickly settled parts the districts are regularily formed containing six sections of land, and there, of course, the schools are very convenient.

With the upbuilding of the county comes the upbuilding of the schools; with the improvement of the farms and a higher valuation comes the improvement of the financial condition of each district.

The one great drawback to the rapid progress of educational work in this county has been the lack of funds for its extension, the indebtedness of the districts causing teachers to either wait a number of years for their money or sell their warrants at a discount. The small amount of money coming in for each district has allowed them only from three to four months of school each year. But of late the funds are increasing and since the fiscal year law went into effect in this county, not allowing the expenses of the year to exceed the receipts, the districts have grown in financial strength and are able to have longer terms of school, paying out each year.

The school buildings, as a rule, are in good condition. We have many nice frame buildings, nicely finished and furnished, also a number of beautiful houses built of natural rock, which are very substantial structures.

Then, too, we have the typical western school houses, some built of logs and others of sod, the sight of which carries one back to the early days of our United States. But these are rapidly passing out of use and during the last two years three new buildings have been built and six districts have voted bonds for the purpose of building, several being at work on theirs at present. The erection of a new school house in a district gives the residents and their children a deeper interest in the welfare of the school; it makes them feel as if they were progressing, and with the progression comes the desire for a longer term of school and a better teacher, which they generally manage to secure.

One of the greatest improvements that has been made in any line of educational work in this county has been in that of the teaching force. Our teachers are not so numerous as in former years, but those we have are good and earnest and competent, and are doing excellent work. The standard of their education has risen and we have now more first and second grade teachers than ever before. A great many of the third grade teachers have been taking advantage of a teacher's course in some of the higher schools of the territory and have returned able to secure a better certificate and to do more satisfactory work in the school room.

Wages range from $25 to $35 per month in the country, and from $35 to $55 in town.

While we have not distinct separate schools for the colored children all over the county, still, in the thickly settled colored neighborhoods separate districts have been formed and they have schools and teachers of their own.

The attendance of the pupils in each district has been quite regular. With but few exceptions, the interest in the school room has been such that would tend to draw them there.

Our teachers have succeeded quite well in the classification of their respective schools and the incentive of the completion of the course and graduation has kept many an older pupil at their studies. Last year, eight young people received the common school diplomas, and this year, six.

Just a word about the normal institutes: Two sessions have been held in the last two years, each full of interest and being of great value to the teachers.

We were very fortunate both years in securing the best instructors afforded by the territory and who were able to give us much valuable instruction gained from many years' experience in educational work. The attendance of 1897 ran up to fifty-five, being the largest number ever attending any session held here. This year it was not so large on account of the normal being held during the harvest season. Our teachers are realizing the necessity of a broader and higher education and are using every means in their power to make themselves capable of being fit instructors for the young.

During my term as county superintendent I have visited almost every district in the county, traveling over many miles of territory. I have seen the many discouraging phases of educational work in a new country, also the many encouraging phases. In some places it seemed that the darkness, as it were, had never been penetrated by the light of civilization and that nothing could be done to elevate and refine. Then, passing out of such a scene, we come to where the effects of improvement and education are visible. The development of the interests of education in a new country is no easy task, but it is with pride that one can look back and see that their work has not been in vain, advancement and progress having been made and the light of education shining out from the hitherto dark places. Oh, that the time may hastily come when every child in this great land may have the advantages of good schools, thereby preparing themselves for a nobler and higher sphere of action.

Our schools are climbing up; our teachers, our patrons are more interested; the school funds are increasing and everything educational in this county is looking brighter.

May the years to come bring further development and the progression be even more rapid than in the past two years.

CLEVELAND COUNTY.

(*L. E. Cralle, County Superintendent.*)

How to interest the community in school work has been a difficult question in some of the districts of this county. By experience, I have found some solutions to parts of this problem, which have proven good results.

We learn that a certain district has lost interest in school work by certain indications, viz, irregular attendance, the number of cases of tardiness, poor wages to the teacher, short terms, poor houses, poor facilities, but little special tax levied for school purposes, and in many cases there is a district trouble which had its origin in some previous school. While correcting these evils may be beyond the power of county superintendents, yet, they will find that their influence exerted in the proper direction will do much in remedying them. Supposing that the county superintendent is familiar with the condition existing in a certain district, he is also familiar with the strong points and the weak points in every teacher of experience, (and surely a teacher without experience should not be employed in a district where school interest is dead), therefore, he, in many instances in conjunction with the school board, can be instrumental in getting the right teacher in the right place. This will do more in the way of preventing tardiness, irregular attendance, and restoring harmony in the district than any other available means.

Poor wages, short terms, poor houses, poor facilities, etc.

are caused largely from a want of interest on the part of those who have charge of the district's affairs, hence, county superintendents should work faithfully on school boards. While the matter of selecting good teachers and good men as school officers is a question upon which county superintendents can suggest and advise, they will find that their influence exerted in this direction will accomplish much good in the way of increasing the educational interests in the community.

In Cleveland county, when we are fortunate in securing a good teacher and a good board in the same district, we never fail in getting good results.

In this county we have sixty-nine school districts, in which are taught sixty-eight white schools and six colored schools. In fifty-eight districts are found good frame houses. Sixty-three districts are supplied with patent desks, and fifty-five districts are supplied with charts, dictionaries, or other school apparatus.

The county superintendent makes personal visits to each district in the county at least once in each term of school. A larger number enrolled in school, more regular attendance, fewer cases of tardiness, more teachers enrolled in reading circle work, more teachers attending county and district associations, more school libraries in use, and a higher standard of teachers are some of the subjects of his labor.

About 20 per cent. of the teachers in this county are doing creditable work in the reading circle course and receiving certificates. A much larger number enroll each year but fail to carry the work. Twenty-seven districts in this county are provided with school libraries, including the pupils' reading circle books.

The following statistics gathered from the Superintendent's annual report may be of some interest to those who are looking after educational work:

CUSTER COUNTY.

(Clara Ruddell, County Superintendent.)

When I took charge of the educational work of this county in January, 1897, I found that little had been accomplished toward putting our work in harmony with that of the territorial school system. We had as many school systems as we had teachers with very little unity or systematic work between them. The county normal had been held each year and the teachers' association was established, although it was then not in working order.

The court house of this county was burned in November, 1896, and the entire records of the county superintendent's office were dsstroyed. My predecessor restored none of the records before the expiration of his term of office. Therefore, I began my work with no records, with the exception of only one teachers' term report.

Many schools were finished, the teachers gone to their homes, and made no term reports, or at least no such reports reached me, nor were included in the clerk's annual report. By reason of this and other irregularities, I was unable to make my annual report entirely satisfactory to the territorial superintendent or myself. Many schools were in session, but a number of them closed before I could find and visit them.

I spent the winter and spring visiting schools, holding educational meetings in the districts and there explaining our school system to the people, asking their co-operation in grading the schools.

The district educational meeting is a potent factor in creating interest in education in the community, although it entails much extra work on the county superintendent. I arrange for a meeting, two or three weeks ahead of date, with the teacher. I suggest educational subjects for papers, ask her to prepare one herself and to induce others to prepare one or two—to ask another teacher, or preferably a patron of the school. We have our program completed with good music, recitations, etc., by the school and an address by the county superintendent. This furnishes a social, instructive evening for all, and gives the county superintendent an opportunity to meet the people and talk with them personally about matters pertaining to our educational welfare.

One of my first duties was to gather up the school records from over the county, having to visit a number of the districts to obtain plat, organization, etc. A great many of the clerks' books did not contain a record of the district, having been sent to them blank. At my office I now have as complete records of the school work as could be obtained. During the past year I have visited each school in the county, spending from one-half of a day to a day in each, personally assisting the teacher to classify and grade the school. At least 90 per cent of our teachers are diligently following our course of study, and the result is a great improvement and interest in the schools. Last spring we had two pupils who passed the pupils' graduating examination; this year quite a number are preparing for this examination next spring. I think it important that the superintendent talk to the pupils at the time of visiting the school about our plan of gradation and the advantages derived therefrom, to encourage pupils to pursue *all* the studies therein, to prepare for the pupils' examination and to attend the county normal if possible.

During our last normal institute our C grade was composed largely of eighth grade pupils from the common schools. These pupils did excellent work, and we enjoyed their presence.

The school attendance is very good indeed, except during cotton-picking time. At such time the schools in cotton-growing sections are almost broken up, or in some instances they are suspended.

Our school property is improving in a proper ratio to the development of the country. During this year quite a number of good new houses were erected, although none were completed and are therefore very cold. We have many dug-outs and sod houses yet. A great deal of new furniture and apparatus have been placed in our houses during the year. As yet, we have no school libraries.

There has been a demand for more teachers than we have, for the past two years. We think that our teaching force will compare favorably with that of any section in point of educational and moral qualification, and ability to teach and govern. The majority of them hold second grade certificates and all are ambitious to become more proficient in their profession.

Last year was our first effort in the reading circle work. The teachers were very slow in taking hold of this branch of school work, therefore, we placed it in our teachers' association, discussing or reading the book under study during a part of each meeting. In this manner we finished Mann's Recreations and Amusements fairly well, began Swett's Methods of Teaching and finished it quite thoroughly at the county normal. We now have a regularly organized reading circle work, and are reading Halleck's Psychology. We have not yet begun the pupils' reading circle work, as it is only recently that our pupils have been plentifully supplied with text-books. We have thought it unwise to urge the purchasing of extra books before this time, and also to attempt to establish the pupils' reading circle before the teachers' reading circle work was on a firm basis and in working order. Next year, we think, much might be accomplished in the pupils reading circle work.

We have successful, interesting teachers' associations. Our teachers are greatly interested in this branch of the work and invariable respond to the program, if it is possible for them to do so.

I am glad to say that teachers' wages are advancing, and that the length of terms of school are increasing.

The districts are rapidly getting out of debt. and I may safely say that the school work of this county is in a satisfactory and flourishing condition in every respect but one, and that is our district boundaries. The districts are of all shapes and sizes and are unsatisfactory, in the main, to every one connected with the work. and must remain so until a radical change in the matter is effected in the county.

(There is no school in our county employing more than one teacher.—C. R.)

D COUNTY.

(C. K. Cary, County Superintendent.)

In the early days of the history of Oklahoma, D county was very unfortunate in regard to educational advantages. With no real estate on which to levy taxes, few districts had valuation large enough to pay the expenses of even a three months term of school.

When I came into the office in January, 1897, I found many districts in debt from $150 up to $450. Many teachers' warrants had been running three years. In such cases district officers were paying the oldest warrants first and teachers went into schools knowing that their warrants would be three years' behind.

I saw this meant bankruptcy to the districts in the end. In many cases districts were so badly in debt that taxable property would not come in on account of high taxes.

In the last two years conditions have so changed that each district in the county, with the exception of two, were able to hold from three to six months' of school, and pay expenses. Many districts had quite a surplus at the end of the fiscal term to pay on back indebtedness.

I will cite one instance to show the rapid increase in valuation made by the school districts: In 1897, district 30 had a valuation of $1,070, while at the last assessment it was $9,000.

Teachers were receiving two years' ago on an average less than $20 per month in scrip, which would not sell for seventy-five cents on the dollar. This year wages run up from $25 to $35 per month in warrants, which are payable during the fiscal year.

As wages were so low it was hard to get teachers and many had to be used who had made little or no preparation for the work. Of course some did not give satisfaction.

As wages have increased so the grade of teachers have improved until D county bosts of as good a corps of teachers as any county in western Oklahoma.

While wages were so low few teachers could go to any expense to attend the normal institute and the normal fund kept so low that the county snperintendent was unable to provide more than two weeks' normal institute, until the summer of 1897, when we had our first four weeks' session. The attendance more than doubled over that of the preceding year. In 1898 we again held a four weeks' session and had a good increase over the preceding year.

As the condition of the normal fund has made it impossible to employ more than one instructor, I have assisted in the normal work both years. In no case has the county been at any expense for normal work.

The prospects in D county for the future are bright from an educational standpoint. A great deal of land is being deeded and the valuation of the different districts is rapidly increasing. Many new school houses are being built and are being supplied with furniture. It will not be very long until every district can have six months' school and pay living wages.

GARFIELD COUNTY.

(James Spurlock, County Superintendent)

A marked improvement has been made in the educational facilities of Garfield county during the years 1897 and 1898. A larger interest in educational affairs is manifested by the people than formerly. Many new school houses have been erected and most of them are adequately furnished. A large number of competent teachers have immigrated to the county and the profession as a whole is taking more steps than ever before for its own advancement. The meetings of the teachers' reading circle are well attended and their organization has been productive of many beneficial results. The average wages paid teachers have increased twenty five per cent during the past two years. It has been the aim of the county superintendent to elevate the standard of ability of teachers and certificates have not been granted except upon a satisfactory demonstration of merit.

KAY COUNTY.

(R M Burch, County Superintendent.)

Kay county is 24 by 28 miles. Present school population, 5,733; number of school rooms, 115; teachers employed, 115; the average value of school property of each district, about $600.

The increased ability and the disposition of the good people of Kay county are shown by the following figures:

The aggregate of school district tax levies in 1894, were $15,000; in 1895, $23,000; in 1896, $29,000; in 1897, 32,000; in 1898. $48,000.

The strongest teaching force, the highest salaries, the longest terms, the largest attendance, the most ample supply of text and reference books, the best satisfaction are all expressive of present conditions.

The people of Kay county are in better accord and work more agreeable in school matters than in any other one question.

The people are earnestly interested, the teachers systematically and enthusiastically at work, and the pupils are cheerful, carefully making preparation for the duties and pleasures of life. Great progress has been made in almost everything. The proper spirit is manifest. The outlook is most hopeful.

EXAMINATIONS.

I have hewed to the line in examinations and have not traded certificates for votes. If any one is displeased at having failed, his papers are on file and he and his friends are welcome to come and examine them at any time. The law was intended to protect qualified teachers and supply our schools with those who are competent and I have no apology to make for trying to enforce it.

I am opposed to any combination to force up teachers' wages, but think that teachers should receive better prices by better qualifications.

I have divorced my work from any political influences and solicit the support of all who are interested in education.

KINGFISHER COUNTY.

(G. D. Moss, County Superintendent.)

The schools and teachers of Kingfisher county will compare favorably with other counties.

An attempt was made to grade the schools in 1895, but it did not seem to meet the approbation of some of the teachers and patrons. But as Whitcomb Riley says: "I've allus noticed great success is mixed with troubles, more or less." In 1896 the sentiment had grown in favor of gradation, and in 1897 and '98 the teachers, patrons and pupils seemed to realize it as a necessity. The grading seems to stimulate the pupils to strive to complete the course of study and graduate, as it is called, from the common schools. It seems also to stimulate the teachers to more thorough work, and that in turn has had a tendency to raise the standard of teaching. Consequently the teachers have made rapid progress in the profession. A great many of them realized that they should better fit themselves for teaching and have been attending the normal school at Edmond or the university at Norman, during their spring vacations. They are also beginning to realize that an up-to-date teacher must read professional books. And instead of the county superintendent insisting upon their joining the T. R. C. they come to him and ask for the books, until nearly every teacher in the county is a member of the T. R. C.

Is it any wonder then that the standard of education is advancing? But while the teachers are advancing it must not be supposed that the pupils are not progressing just as rapidly. They seem to have realized the lines of the poet:

"If you can not in the harvest
Garner up the richest sheaves,
Many a grain b th ripe and golden
Will the careless reapers leave."

In 1896 there were not more than one hundred pupils who were members of the P. R. C., while in 1897 there were about five hundred pupils reading the books; and again in 1898 there were eight hundred pupils enjoying the benefits of the organization. All this was not accomplished without an effort. The county superintendent visited the schools and encouraged the teachers and pupils showing them the value and necessity of reading good books. During such visits he talked to the patrons, and by that means worked up an interest among them in the advancement of their children along these lines.

In addition to this the superintendent attended the closing exercises of many of the schools, and on these occasions was able to show them that he was interested in education in other ways than drawing his salary. Thus "a little leaven leaveneth the whole lump."

LOGAN COUNTY.

(Henry H. Dodd, County Superintendent)

The most good has come from our schools in this county where the community has had at heart the education of the young. The greatest difficulties with which the teachers, school officers and county superintendent have had to contend have been factional strifes carried into the school. In such cases the skilled teacher has a splendid opportunity to exercise her ability as peace commissioner and pour "oil upon the waves" by forming a friendly feeling amongst the pupils which will eventually bring the parents together.

School entertainments, picnics and kindred gatherings have assisted greatly in arousing a common interest and securing the co-operation of the parents of the children and friends of education. It is largely the work of the teacher to make the school the pride of the community.

If she can do this successfully then she may well expect the support of the entire community. Just how to make her school an ideal one and one in which the people take pride, rests wholly with the teacher, who must study the situation and adjust things accordingly.

The attendance at school will depend somewhat upon the interest taken in the school by both parents and children.

The daily attendance in this county is not what it should be. The per cent. of average daily attendance is very low. Who is responsible for this I do not pretend to say, but my observation in the matter has led me to conclude that a large part of it is carelessness on the part of parents. This irregular attendance works a hardship on the teacher and pupils who do attend regularly. In a school where the attendance is irregular the teacher can not do good work, and pupils who attend regularly are constantly annoyed by those who do not.

The cotton crop in this county has much to do with irregular attendance at school, as children are being kept at home in good weather to pick cotton. It is no uncommmon thing to find a school of fifteen children in a district where the enumeration is sixty or seventy. It costs nearly, if not quite as much, to maintain a school of ten children as one of forty, and there should be a law compelling parents to send their children to school, if they will not do it without being compelled. It is my opinion that a compulsory school law should be passed by the coming legislature. Every child between the ages of eight and eighteen should be compelled to attend school at least three months each school year, unless physically disabled. Some provision should be made for the districts to furnish books for pupils whose parents are too poor to buy them. If pupils are not properly supplied with suitable books and are irregular in attendance the teacher can not classify the school with any degree of satisfaction. The work of the school room is not to drill pupils on map questions or familiarizing them with rules in grammar or dates in history, but to arouse in them a desire for knowledge and a love for good literature.

A good library will assist much along this line, and a united effort is being put forth to place a library in every district in this county. A day has been set aside for this purpose and on that day each school district will take steps toward raising funds with which to purchase a library.

Tardiness and irregular attendance are lessened by the use of a good library. Pupils who are apt and learn their lessons easily and have idle time may be kept busy with good reading matter.

There are already many districts in the county in which there are libraries established, and good results have been obtained.

The teachers of this county will not only compare favorably with the teachers of other counties of the territory, but will make a good showing with the teachers of the eastern states.

The reading circle work is doing much good for the profession of teaching, and will, in time, make teaching, indeed, a profession. Last year every teacher in this county belonged to the teachers' reading circle, and twenty-seven passed the examination and were granted certificates by the territorial reading circle board.

In connection with the teachers' reading circle the pupils' reading circle has been used. In many districts the books recommended by the territorial board have been purchased. The pupils take great interest in the matter and are acquiring tastes for good books.

The monthly meetings of the teachers' association have proved a great help to both experienced and inexperienced teachers. These meetings have been attended largely by teachers who are trying to keep abreast of the times. It is with pleasure I have noted that the teachers who have taken the most interest in these monthly meetings are the ones who are doing the best work in their schools and are advancing themselves, while those who are indifferent are barely holding their own, and are content with any legal form of certificate. Teachers who have been advancing from year to year and raising their grade of certificate have been getting better schools and better wages. It is only a matter of time till these teachers who are not improving will have to quit teaching and do something else.

If the coming legislature would pass a law compelling teachers to attend institutes and associations it would result in a great good for the public schools.

It is a lamentable fact that the teachers of this county do not receive sufficient pay for their work. Last year Logan county paid more money to her teachers than any county in the territory.

The school property in this county is in excellent condition. Guthrie has four of the finest brick school houses in the West. In the country the buildings are nearly all frame. The sod school house is a thing of the past.

The people of this county may well point with pride to her splendid school system. The past few years have witnessed wonderful development in school work.

NOBLE COUNTY.

(S. P. Myers, County Superintendent.)

I hereby submit to you a statement of the general interest in and advancement of the public school work in Noble county, during the two years ending January 1, 1899.

When I assumed the duties of the office of superintendent public instruction in Noble county, January 1, 1897, the schools were practically in their formative state. A few of the districts had good school buildings and a number had been successful in having a term or two of school, while other districts were not so fortunate as to have good school buildings or their schools in successful operation. I found the school directors of this county possessed with a more than ordinary interest in the advancement and upbuilding of the school work in their respective districts. Owing to the fact that but few farms have been proved up, it was difficult to vote bonds to erect buildings and furnish supplies. To meet this deficiency men advanced money to the districts until such time when it could be made by taxation or bonds. While in other cases the building fund was raised by subscription

This shows an interest and zeal in the school work which can not be too highly commended. A country settled as this was by families coming from all parts of the nation bringing with them different school systems, text books and supervising customs they naturally would differ as to the manner in which schools should be inaugurated. This would at first seem to present a great difficulty. This difference of opinion as to the best mode of procedure was readily overcome by the eagerness which prevailed for good schools. So that the interest which was manifested in the upbuilding of good schools soon overbalanced all that might hinder and the work moved along very smoothly and with a good degree of satisfaction. I think I can safely say that the school boards of Noble county manifest an interest in the school work over which they preside. The character of the work done in the school room during the past two years was not just what it shonld have been. This was not owing to a want of interest on the part of the teachers, but was owing to a lack of accommodations and school room facilities. These wants are being supplied, so that the teachers, as a general thing, are well equipped with school room facilities and, as a result, the teaching throughout the county averages at least 50 per cent. better this year than it did last year. The classification of the school work has improved quite commendably. At the beginning of this school year I directed the teachers to transmit monthly reports to my office. I furnished uniform blanks for these reports. In these reports the age of the pupil, days present, times tardy, demerits and the per cent. made by the pupil in each branch studied, as well as the general average for the month are reported. From these monthly reports I find the standing and progress of the schools as well as the general diligence and success of the teachers. It is very gratifying to know that in nearly every school the interest on the part of the teachers and pupils is advancing. The result brought about by these reports are: (1) It offers the superintendent an opportunity to learn of the success and diligence, as well as failures and negligence of the teacher, thereby being enabled to better judge of the help said teacher may stand in need of; (2) When pupils are aware of the fact that the result of their month's work will be reported to the county superintendent's office they will be spurred to a care and diligence which they would not attain to in the absence of said reports; (3) It has also a pleasing effect on school boards and teachers, stimulating their personal and local pride.

TEACHERS' READING CIRCLE.

This department of the work has not been so successful. Some efforts have been made with encouraging results. One examination in the reading circle work has been conducted. The grades made were good.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

Up to the beginning of this year's work the teachers' association work was nearly a failure. This year the teachers are manifesting a commendable interest and are bringing about good results.

SUMMER NORMALS.

Each year a summer normal, of four weeks' each, was held. In '97 Prof. A. Gridley, was our instructor, and in '98 Prof. J. O. Allen, of the Territorial Normal at Edmond, was our instructor. Both normals were productive of good results.

OKLAHOMA COUNTY.

(Alice V. Beitman, County Superintendent.)

I herewith submit report of the district schools of Oklahoma county.

Generally, the school work during the year was very successful and it is hoped the school year upon which we have now entered, will see still higher results.

BUILDINGS.

Many of our districts have good substantial school houses, well supplied with good furniture and all the appurtenances of a good school. Three new school houses were built during the past year at a cost of $1,930. Additions were built to many others and improvements made to make the buildings more comfortable. Generally, the school houses are well lighted and well ventilated.

In the Kickapoo country, which was recently opened to settlement and added to this county, efforts are now being made to build school houses.

Trees should be planted and the school grounds improved.

CONDITION.

The general condition of schools in Oklahoma county at the present time is gratifying. A love of study has been inculcated and a desire to accomplish all that the circumstances permit has been inspired. The schools are in a growing condition. This is due, to a certain extent, to the earnest, untiring efforts of our teachers and the adopted plan of gradation and graduation which arranges the work systematically and harmoniously.

TEACHERS.

It is very gratifying to place on record the high standing of our county teachers, morally and intellectually. Some of our teachers are young and just entering the work, but all are imbued with the determination to learn the best methods and use them to the end that the best results may be secured. Terms are short and salaries low, yet many good teachers of experience have located in the county and many of our bright young men and women are preparing for the work of teaching. We still have a few so-called teachers who never attend a teachers' association or institute, or do the work of the reading circle unless they are compelled to do so, but these are being rapidly pushed out of the work. The rank and file of our teachers are wide-awake, energetic, conscientious "teachers;" teachers who are doing a noble work in the development of the young mind and the moulding of character.

Our higher schools are inspiring a high professional sentiment and the demand of the public will make it impossible for a non-progressive teacher to secure employment.

CLASSIFICATION.

The classification of the pupils in the different grades is a subject that must be left to the judgment of the individual teacher.

The fact that new pupils from other states are entering our schools at all times, together with the fact that many pupils cannot enter at the beginning of the term, nor remain until the close of the term and the varying length of school term are difficulties which confront the teacher. However, the majority of our schools are well classified and the work is thorough and systematic. The result is a symetrical mental development which is uniform in the county.

While the course of study in some respects is inadequate yet young teachers find the adopted course of study and classification a great help in following lines of work, that have been planned by teachers of wide experience.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

The total number of pupils enrolled in the public schools of the county during the past year is greater than in former years. On account of heavy cotton crop and inability to secure pickers many of the children could not attend regularly and the average daily attendance was lower than it would otherwise have been. The number of cases of tardiness has been much reduced.

PUPILS' READING CIRCLE AND DISTRICT SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

Both parents and teachers are interested in this work. The two factors which do most to mould the character and shape the fortunes of the child, aside from home influences, is the company he keeps and the books he reads. The constant reader of good books is always in good company and is thus fortified against many of the temptations that beset him through life. No school is complete that has no library. Teachers feel the need of it. Our best teachers with limited means at their command are doing a great deal in the proper direction and with lasting good to the pupils. In many instances enterprising teachers have raised funds by entertainments, donations, box suppers, etc., and have bought the books of the Pupils' Reading Circle for the schools, making these books the basis of a school library and adding to them from time to time. Enterprising teachers find some means of assisting their pupils to come into possession of the best thoughts of our world's greatest thinkers.

This work has a salutary influence on the schools. Teachers find it a great aid to them in maintaining good order and awakening an additional interest in history, reading, language physiology and all related subjects. Some teachers use these books as supplementary readers with best results.

GRADUATION.

Pupils in the common schools look forward to their graduation with same desires and aspirations as do the students in our universities and colleges.

A large number of pupils take the examination and few in proportion pass it There seems to be a way, however, by which the difficulty may be obviated, namely, to hold a preliminary examination previous to the regular examination for graduation.

Questions for a preliminary examination may be prepared and sent to the teachers in the various districts. Manuscripts may be graded by the teacher subject to rules by county superintendent. Only pupils who pass the preliminary examination should be permitted to take the regular examination for graduation.

The county examining board designate the time and place of commencement at which the graduates deliver original productions and receive their diplomas.

A record of the name and age of the pupils, and date of graduation is kept by the county superintendent.

TEACHERS' LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

Efforts are being made in this county to establish a County Teachers' Library. Declamatory contest and other entertainments held during the institute netted a sum sufficient to purchase about forty volumes. These, together with the books awarded by friends, make a total of sixty volumes in our library without cost to any of the teachers. The library is governed by printed rules adopted by the association. The county superintendent is made custodian of the books.

TEACHERS' READING CIRCLE.

The reading of the books selected by the Territorial Reading Circle Board has been a great benefit to the teachers of this county. They are better prepared to do the important work of the school room and our schools are now receiving the benefit. Our teachers have taken a surprising interest in this work. Every teacher actively employed in school work last year in addition to many others were enrolled in the reading circle and doing the work. The examination was held at a time when teachers were scattered and many of them were away spending vacation. For this reason not a very large per cent took the examination. This work has established a much higher plane of educational thought. Every teacher must take the course or be left behind in the march of progressive culture and education.

The work is taken up by the county association. Lessons are prepared and the subjects discussed during the morning session. The county is also divided into four sub-divisions which meet at stated times. These sub-associations are organized and devote the whole time of meeting to the work. These meetings are informal and teachers derive a great benefit from them.

INDEMNITY SCHOOL LAND.

The indemnity school lands in this county are located in one body in the Kickapoo country. Nearly all of one township, 13, 1 east, is indemnity lands. In this township sections 18, 19, 30 and 31 are entered as homesteads and sections 22 and 23 are allotted. The remaining sections are held as indemnity lands and are not subject to taxation. Much of this land has been leased to settlers who have very little personal property and the assessed valuation is very low. School districts have been organized in this township, districts 77, 78, 80 and 81. All of district 80, all of 78 but one quarter, and nearly all of 77 and 81 are indemnity school lands. The settlers are much interested in education and are trying to build school houses by donations. A term of three months was taught in these districts last year. Rooms in dwellings were used as school rooms.

At the annual meeting the people in these districts, without exception, voted a levy of two per cent (the limit the law allows.) However their valuation is so low the taxes do not amount to a sum sufficient to maintain a three months school.

In most instances they have used the money on hand to apply on teachers' wages and try to make up the deficiency by donations. It is to be hoped that the next legislature will pass a bill to overcome these difficulties experienced by the settlers on indemnity school lands.

At the close of this term permit me to gratefully acknowledge the uniform kindness and courtesy accorded me and for the prompt attention you have given every measure presented to you for your consideration and advice, and also to express my appreciation of the faithful, earnest work of the teachers.

With best wishes for the future prosperity of Oklahoma and its schools, this report is most respectfully submitted.

PAWNEE COUNTY.

(F. D. Harnden, County Superintendent).

This county is only five years old and most school districts are but four years old.

As is well known the people forming the population of each district came from all parts of the United States, therefore, having ideas of school matters differing from each other, as each locality from which they came had a school system peculiar to that locality. Each party, as they settled in a school district, thought that what they were used to at home was the law and custom here, therefore, the first duty o' a county superintendent would be to interest the patrons in the schools by showing them the Oklahoma system. My method of interesting the patrons are, first visit the schools, grade and work with the school for at least half a day, then have a meeting of the patrons at night; I deliver a lecture on the Oklahoma school system, then give the patrons an opportunity to ask questions on matters pertaining to the school. I have also held school board conventions with a very good result.

My teachers have a very good moral standing and I, as county superintendent, have used my power to keep the force of the best kind.

In our county normal we have a Normal Christian Endeavor, which is well attended and much interest manifested. The result is being felt all over the county.

School attendance is about 75 per cent. of the school enumeration.

Eighty per cent. of the schools in this county are classified according to the plan of the territorial board.

School buildings in this county are in a very good condition.

Ninety per cent. of the teachers are members of the T. R. C.

A very small per cent. of the pupils belong to the P. R. C.

I have offered a ten-dollar library to the district purchasing the largest value of books according to the assessed valuation of the district.

We have two divisions in Pawnee county—west and east. The west hold associations once a month; the east twice during the winter term.

We have 12 per cent. of the teachers employed holding first grade certificates and draw from $40 to $60 salary per month.

Fifty per cent. hold second grades and draw from $25 to $35 per month. Thirty-eight per cent. third grade draw from $20 to $25 per month.

PAYNE COUNTY.

(Harry E. Breese, County Superintendent).

I have the honor to submit herewith the article suggested by you regarding the schools of this county.

HOW TO INTEREST THE COMMUNITY.

For any pedagogue to be successful in his efforts in teaching it is quite necessary that he should have the sympathy and co-operation of all concerned in his school. To have this, there must be a general interest in the community.

Patrons of schools, and especially school officers, are usually much interested in the welfare of education when induced to visit our county normal institutes. The revolution in methods from that of a few decades ago not only fills their minds with wonder, but inspires within them higher motives to co-operate with the teacher in developing the tender young souls.

Many teachers have Friday afternoon exercises, consisting of literary, spelling and mathematical work. The patrons who attend these exercises are usually much pleased and inspired with the training.

Periodical examinations in our common schools are quite an incentive to interest when the grades are presented to parents.

But of all things nothing is more effective in this line than real sociability by the teacher towards the patrons. If a teacher occasionally visits the parents, mingles with them in church and Sunday schools and meets them in social circles he will not have much trouble in creating an interest in education.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

However, the daily attendance of pupils at school does not vary directly with the interest manifested by the teacher.

Almost all our schools began later than usual this year, yet the attendance during the first month was very poor in districts that had a large acreage of cotton. Measles and other contagious diseases prevented the regular attendance of pupils in several districts last year. At the present writing the reports show much better attendance than the record of November, 1897.

The course of study adopted by the board of education is very helpful to the teachers in classifying their schools and the classification record left by each teacher is a great incentive for pupils to attend school the first day of each term in order that they may begin to turn new pages at the number recorded by their last teacher. After carefully studying this plan of the board many parents have learned that pupils should study more than reading, writing and arithmetic.

CONDITION OF SCHOOL HOUSES AND APPARATUS.

There are ninety-nine districts and ninety-eight school houses in this county. At first thirty districts built log houses and a few districts poor frame structures, but within the last two years twenty of these poor houses have been abandoned for more room in comfortable and substantial frame buildings. All but a few districts have maps and charts that are in good condition and well protected.

WORK OF SUPERINTENDENT.

Quite a few people yet have a prejudiced opinion that the office of county superintendent was created to give some person an easy position at a high salary; and yet nothing is further from the truth. An enthusiastic superintendent does not only try to do the prescribed duties in order to draw his salary, but he is persistently endeavoring to encourage educational advancement in more ways than the statutes enumerates.

We may peep into the patent office at Washington and wonder with amazement at the rapid progress of American ingenuity. But since the establishment of the office of county superintendent, the progress of our schools have more than kept abreast of art science.

TEACHERS' READING CIRCLE.

An interesting and active part has been taken by the teachers' reading circle in this county. Last year sixty-four of the books were purchased and studied by our teachers. This year forty of the books have already been purchased; however, the number of books sold is no proof of the number of teachers doing professional reading as many teachers exchange books.

PUPILS' READING CIRCLE.

The books adopted for the pupils' reading circle have been purchased by several districts and the results have been very satisfactory. Many pupils who were never in the habit of doing home reading, now spend their evenings in reading good books; and many pupils who were in the habit of reading "trashy" novels are now reading good literature—literature that will end in lofty minds and noble citizenship.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATIONS.

The plans of association in this county are as follows: Our county association meets quarterly. The first meeting of the year is held some afternoon in the month of our normal. At this meeting the officers of the association are elected for the ensuing year. These officers constitute the executive committee to outline the program and make arrangements for meetings.

The county is divided into four districts that have associations each month during their school year. Their work is principally devoted to the reading circle books.

TEACHERS' WAGES AND CERTIFICATES.

Naturally the rich districts can maintain better schools than those districts that have a small assessed valuation. Although the poorest districts this year will have five months of school and a few of the best districts voted for terms of nine months. The average salaries per month paid teachers last year was: First grade, male teachers, $37.13; female teachers, $32.50. Second grade, male, $30.80; female, $27.90. Third grade, male, $25.40; female, $24.64.

This report compared with the record of previous years proves that there has been an increase in the salaries.

CONCLUSION.

It is no more than just to mention that, with a few exceptions, our schools are out of debt. The majority of the districts have funds in the treasury to pay the teachers until the collection of taxes. Including the magnificent Stillwater High school building more money was expended during the year 1897 than prior to that year during the histary of the county.

ROGER MILLS COUNTY.

(H. C. Harris, County Superintendent.)

I took charge of the office of public instruction of Roger Mills county, O. T., January 4, 1897.

I found fourteen districts organized in the county. A considerable portion of the county had not been districted.

During the last two years our population has increased rapidly. People from the states have sought homes in our county until nearly all the available part of the public domain is taken up. Our scholastic population has increased from about 500 to nearly 900, according to the last annual reports.

This has made it necessary to organize about all the county into districts. We now have nineteen and two or three more in process of organization.

In the last two years we have built five school houses and six more are being built. Several districts have torn down their log houses and put up nice frame buildings. Most of our school houses would be a credit to an older settled country.

During my term of office, no bonds have been issued by any of the districts.

The assessed valuation of some of our districts is more than $50,000. Only a few of them fall below $20,000. Most of the districts levy from 2½ to 10 mills. None levy more than 11 mills.

This year we have ten first grade teachers employed. Two second grade and three third grade. First grade teachers receive from $35 to $50 per month. Other grades from $25 to $35.

Our schools run from three to nine months. This year most of them will run five or six months.

Cheyenne has a graded school. The enrollment is about 50 per cent. greater this year than last. The large two-story building is now inadequate. Another building is rapidly going up, and other teachers will be employed.

WOODS COUNTY.

(T. J. Brockway, County Superintendent).

In response to your request for a write up of the advancement made in the educational interests of my county during the last two years, as well as present conditions, I have taken the privilege to add suggestion on what I would consider needful for further advancement.

It is first in order to state that Woods county is 48 miles east and west by 58 miles north and south, is situated in the Cherokee Outlet west of Grant and Garfield counties, and is traversed in the northern part by the Salt Fork of the Arkansas, and in the southern part by the Red Fork of the Arkansas, or Cimarron river.

By the last official returns the county has a total population of 24,414 and an enumeration of 9,220 pupils. The present number of organized school districts are 231, with some unorganized territory remaining. The Alva and Waynoka districts have graded schools, the former four rooms and the latter two rooms. One country school disdrict (No. 217) contains 140 sections of land and maintains three separate schools. School houses have been built to the number of 198—78 frame, 75 sod, and 45 log structures.

To be mentioned in this connection is the Oklahoma Northwestern normal school at Alva and its elegant building in process of completion, and the Stella Friends academy at Cherokee with its ample room.

THE CHARACTER OF TEACHING FORCE

may be judged for the years 1895 and 1896 by the 403 certificates granted to teachers, of which 251 were of the third grade, 111 of the second grade, and 41 of the first grade. In the years 1897 and 1898 were issued but 300 certificates—152 of the third, 127 of the second, and 21 of the first grade.

The number attending our county normal institutes were 215 for the first two years, and 192 for the last two years. Many of the former teachers have abandoned school work, and the result has been a shortage of teachers in the county for the last two years. The average annual term of school has been about four months, and the average salary per month between $26 and $27, with pay formerly in warrants at a discount of 10 to 20 per cent, with no sale at all in many instances. This well accounts for the falling off. While there has been a notable decline in the number of first grade teachers in actual work, there has also been a proportional decline in the number of third grade teachers along with an increase of second grade teachers. The showing on the whole is an improvement in the general quality of teachers, and is no doubt due to the six and eight weeks normal institutes held in the county, and to the recent normal school and academy mentioned above. In my school visits last year I remarked the excellent work done by many young third grade teachers, and that some of the very best schools were being conducted by second grade teachers.

THE SCHOOL AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE

have not been what is desired, but perhaps all that could be reasonably expected under the many adverse circumstances. The average school term for 1896-7 was better than four months, and for 1897-8 was a little less than four months. School indebtedness had been accumulating and crops had been failing, and the time had come when "pay as you go" had to take the place of credit, needily enforced as this policy now is by the 1897 law that put each school year on actual cash basis. There were 204 schools taught in 1896, 211 in 1897, and 219 in 1898. The school district population for each year was 7,933, 8,102 and 9,220; the enrollment for each year was 6,010, 6,516 and 7,125, and the average daily attendance was 4,304, 4,651 and 4,822 respectively. These same expressed in per cents in like order are, for the year 1896, 100 per cent, 76 per cent, 54 per cent; for year 1897, 100 per cent, 80 per cent, 58 per cent; for year 1898, 100 per cent, 77 per cent, 52 per cent.

From this it is seen that about 80 per cent of the pupils attended school, and that the general average attendance was 55 per cent on basis of school population, or 72 per cent on basis of enrollment. The last year shows a decline in enrollment and attendance that may in part be due to added districts with sparsely settled territory, and to the more accurate reports in the last year.

THE CLASSIFICATION IN SHCOOL

in Woods county has all the rural difficulties of short and unequal terms, irregular attendance, lack of books and equipments, sod and picket houses often too small and more often too cold from loose construction or insufficient heating, or both, and the incommodious position of many families. That some progress has been made withal is shown by the increase of country graduates from a class of nineteen in 1897 to a class of thirty-four in 1898. The increased efforts of teachers as evinced by inquiries and the deeper interest taken by many pupils are indications of commendable progress. I cannot flatter myself, however, that the classification of the country schools is yet carried out to any noteworthy extent—is rather local and personal and not systematic among schools. There is a lack of mutual understanding and co-operation among school officials, and until such obtains the efforts of the teachers for a single term cannot avail much. I suggest that more could be accomplished in this line if the present course of study for the district schools were improved in matter and especially simplified in form, so that the teacher could "read and run" in following it out. Equally important is it that the pupil should also understand the work as laid down, in order that he may appreciate each step in advancement. A further suggestion has been made and may well be considered, that it would be better to issue promotion cards to successful candidates in lieu of diplomas, as the latter may tend to foster a false impression of educational advancement and worth.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATIONS

are divided into county and four district divisions to suit the convenience of teachers. The former meets but once a year during normal institute at Alva, and the latter at such times and places as each district may elect within its division. The Cherokee and Alva division have kept up progressive interest in the work, with frequent whole-day sessions. The reading circle work and general school questions were adopted for last year (1897-8), but for lack of required books and means this feature of the association has not met with anticipated success. Most good was done along the line of papers, lectures and the discussion of general school questions.

For the present year (1898-9), the pupils' reading circle was adopted at the county meeting as sufficiently adequate and in the hope of bringing the teachers' work in more practical touch with his everyday work in the school-room, combining directly the interests of both teacher and pupil and securing the much needed school literary and further co-operation between them The question of expense has heretofore been the great hindrance to enterprising but poorly paid teachers, and it remains to be seen what success may attend these last proposed combined efforts of the teachers, pupils and school boards.

PRESENT CONDITIONS AND FORECAST

of the schools is most encouraging. The current year of 1898-9 starts out with with a valuation increased by 40 per cent over last year, and a like increase of tax levies. There is a fair probability of an average term of five months, while in most instances a rise of five dollars per month on teachers' wages has been made. The school population has increased 1100 over last year, affording an average of forty pupils for each school district against thirty-six for last year. Every district is bidding to hold at least one term of school without fail. The recent market for school bonds has given increased activity in the construction of good frame houses to take the places of sod, and in supplying better furniture. The late law (1897) which placed each year on a cash basis gave a check to previ us downward tendencies and has given great encouragement to activity in school work. The total warrant indebtedness of $32,748.23 for 1897, reduced to $31,583.93 for this year, will each year be still more rapidly reduced by judgment levies, and the districts soon relieved of apalling debts. The patrons have supported their schools in the past with a sacrifice that commands admiration, and with their present larger means are entering upon the support of schools with a like spirited liberality and zeal.

The teachers who have labored against all odds, faithful and energetic, and sharing the fortunes of the patrons, are using every effort for better discipline and scholarship, and with the recently established facilities for academic and normal training in the county, will soon take rank with the most advanced The prospects for good, strong, well-equipped and well-taught schools in Woods county in the near future is, indeed, most assuring.

WOODWARD COUNTY.

(T. D. Ballard, Superintendent.)

DEAR SIR: In response to the request for a short write-up of the advancement made in education in our county during the past two years, I submit a few facts and trust that they may be of some value.

HOW TO INTEREST THE COMMUNITY.

I find that communities are interested in the educational work if some form of literary entertainment can be had at stated times in the community and a special invitation sent to the parents to attend. This may be accomplished by the teacher sending word by the children when they return home from school. After the parent receives the word from the child they feel that they should respond to the request, and also feel that the teacher is interested in the school work, and to assist him in his effort to advance education the request will be complied with. The exercises may be varied, and the parents and older ones attending should be invited to take some part in the exercises. While you have the association present at some suitable time invite those present to visit the school. Write some articles about the encouraging words and acts of your community. Say but little, probably nothing, about the disadvantages, and when the community is thoroughly interested the disadvantages will be overcome. I find in the communities of our county where the teachers have these literary entertainments outside of the regular work of the school that more visits have been made to the regular work of the school, and every visit adds life to the school. Tell all the good things about your school and how your pupils will appreciate entertaining visitors in the school room. Make your school so interesting to visitors that they will be glad to come again.

TEACHERS' READING CIRCLE.

During the summer of 1897 a large number of our teachers joined the reading circle and since that time the interest has increased and we are assured of the fact that before the close of the year 1898 every teacher of Woodward county will have purchased the reading circle books now adopted by the reading circle board.

SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

Some of our schools are beginning to collect some books for a library, but most of the schools have no library yet.

We believe that the county teachers' library association, which was organized during the summer normal of 1897, will be a great stimulus for the school libraries. There are now about forty volumes in the teachers' circulating library, and some of the teachers are using it to great advantage.

TEACHERS' WAGES AND CERTIFICATES.

During the two years past most of our teachers have attended the summer normal preparing for better work, and the school boards, fully appreciating this fact, have advanced wages $5 each year, making the wages $10 per month more the present term than was paid two years ago. The average wages this year of the schools already contracted for is about $37 per month.

CLASSIFICATION IN SCHOOLS.

It has been very difficult to classify the pupils, as so many changing their location have neglected to keep their children in school, while others have been looking well to the educational interest. A little more time and much energy of parents, teachers and officers is required.

CONDITION OF HOUSES.

On looking over the county I find forty-three school houses, and I might say about thirty of these houses are comfortable, well finished rooms, while others are still very badly constructed. During the last two years there were eighteen houses erected in Woodward county at a cost of about $5,000. I am well pleased with the progress made and think in two years good comfortable houses will be found in every district.

CHARACTER OF THE TEACHING FORCE.

During the past two years most all teachers of our county have spent their time very profitably, not only to themselves but to the communities where they have been employed, by attending the summer normal. During the summer of 1897 Woodward county had a four weeks' summer normal, following a ten weeks' preparation school, and the interest manifested became so great that by a vote of the teachers at the regular quarterly teachers' meeting in April, 1898, it was decided to have an eight weeks' summer normal during the present year, 1898. To show the teachers of Woodward county that their efforts to prepare themselves for better work are appreciated, the school boards raised the wages per month about $5 above the wages the preceding year, and the present year, 1898, they have again advanced the wages about $5 per month. "Honest labor will be rewarded." Better wages, better teachers and more rapid advancement in the schools.

SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

In looking over the attendance in the different parts of our county I find that many of our boys from sixteen to twenty-one are not enrolled in the schools. I am truly sorry to see this, as a free education is offered them, and dollars and cents would fail to estimate the future worth of this education that is placed at the doorway of everyone of these young men. Who is to blame for this? I would ask the parents to consider well the value of a few dollars that these boys may accumulate, and the worth of an education. I would appeal to the young man to look well to his own happiness and the welfare of our country and put in his time in the school room. Your country is waiting for you to fill some important position. I am very well pleased with the attendance of the younger pupils and the young women. I wish that we parents could feel the loss to our boys by neglecting to improve this free offer.

WORK OF THE COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

I have some pleasant memories of the different schools visited and the different teachers' meetings, both county and territorial, attended. The first meeting attended after having been elected to the office of county superintendent was held at Oklahoma City, and being from the northwestern part of the territory, a distance of 300 miles from this city, and having traveled across the country we were in condition to fully appreciate the many enthusiastic words of the 500 best educators of Oklahoma there gathered for a four days' meeting. Yes, Oklahoma is the coming educational center of the United

States. I need not tell you that every teacher and superintendent went home from that meeting full of enthusiasm.

I called a meeting of the Woodward county teachers in April, 1897, for the purpose of forming a Regular Quarterly Teachers' Meeting, and since that time the teachers have gone out from these meetings with renewed energy, and at the Territorial Teachers' meeting held at El Reno on Christmas, 1897, a good number of the Woodward county teachers were present to bring back the big flag to wave over the teachers of Woodward county for one year. On the 18th, 19th and 20th of April an organization for the teachers of the western part of Oklahoma and the Panhandle of Texas was formed with T. D. Ballard, superintendent of Woodward county, president. At this meeting new acquaintances were formed and good feeling existed among this, the largest crowd ever assembled at a teachers meeting in this part of the country.

The work of a county superintendent in visiting the schools of a county so large as Woodward requires much time, but it has been my pleasant duty to make about seventy-five visits to the different schools, and I am glad to say that Woodward county teachers are alive to the school interests. I have attended twelve teachers'-meetings, had eight weeks of summer normal work each summer, made ten visits to schools outside of our county (some of these being in Texas, some in Kansas and some in the territory. I have attended four county Sunday school conventions, organized a teachers' library and teachers' reading circle work, and many other things that could be mentioned, for the good of our schools have been done. The interests of the children of Woodward county has been carefully considered.

GENERAL.

Two years ago I found nearly all of our schools in debt, and only about twenty-five out of the fifty were supplied with a school-house, but during the past two years eighteen school-houses have been erected, making now forty-three school-houses in the fifty-seven districts. The average length of term last year was ninety-two days. The first of July, 1898, there were forty-five of the districts out of debt, with a balance of a little over $7,000 in the treasury. Two of our districts are bonded for $5,700 and $2,000, respectively. Outside of these two districts there was enough money in the treasury July 1, 1898, to pay every dollar against the fifty-seven districts and have a balance of more than $3,000 left.

I trust that so long as I have anything to do with the schools of Woodward county that the districts may be financially able to build without bonding the district. Slowly but constantly are the schools of Woodward county coming to the front, and should the progress not be checked at the close of two more years Woodward county's school districts will be supplied with a school house and school furnishings that our teachers, the best teachers in the country, can be surrounded with those advantages that will enable them to show in the minds of the rising generation that this is a day of development.

ONWARD AND UPWARD

At every step is the watchwork of every teacher in Woodward county. This year there will be fifty-four schools taught in Woodward county. Nearly 1,800 children will enter the school room about 130 days this school year. How many pleasant words and kind acts can be said and done during these 130 days? Sowing the good seed now will furnish the glorious harvest when Oklahoma territory will have changed to the greatest state in the Union.

EDUCATIONAL DIRECTORY.

TERRITORIAL SUPERINTENDENT	S. N. HOPKINS, GTHRIE

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COUNTY.	SUPERINTENDENT.	POSTOFFICE.
Beaver	Noah D ves,	Beaver City
Blaine,	Cleo C. Power,	Watonga
Canadian,	H. H. Kellogg,	El Reno
Cleveland,	E. L Cralle,	Norman
Custer,	Clara Ruddell,	Arapahoe
D,	C. K. Cary	Taloga
Day,	Della Cann,	Grand
Garfield,	James A Spurlock	Enid
Grant,	Mrs F. Boyer,	Pond Creek,
Greer,	K. C. Cox,	Mangum
Kay.	R. M. Burch,	Newkirk
Kingfisher,	G. D. Moss,	Kingfisher
Lincoln,	Olive Stubblefield.	Chandler
Logan,	Henry H. Dodd	Guthrie
Noble,	S. P. Myers.	Perry
Oklahoma,	Alice V. Beitmen	Oklahoma City
Pawnee,	F. D. Harnden	Pawnee
Payne,	Harry E. Breese,	Stillwater
Pottawatomie,	L. E. Cooley,	Tecumseh
Roger Mills,	H. C. Harris,	Cheyenne
Washita,	G. W. Hunt,	Cloud Chief
Woods,	T. J. Brockway,	Alva
Woodward	T. D. Ballard,	Woodward

Report of Secretary of Board for Leasing School Lands.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

SCHOOL LAND OFFICE,
GUTHRIE, O. T., December 1, 1898.

To His Excellency, C. M. Barnes,
Governor of Oklahoma and Chairman of Board of Leasing School Lands:

Sir: I have the honor to submit herewith the second biennial report of the leasing of School, College and Public Building Lands of Oklahoma Territory covering the period from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898, together with tables showing the receipts and expenditures since the creation of the office.

In the appendix will be found all the acts of Congress and the Legislative Assembly governing the leasing of said lands.

Very Respectfully,
CHAS. H. FILSON,
Secretary of Board for Leasing School Lands.

BRIEF HISTORICAL REVIEW.

By the act of Congress approved March 4, 1889, opening Oklahoma to settlement, sections 16 and 36 in each township were reserved for the use and benefit of the common schools, and said reservation was confirmed by the Organic Act of the Territory. By Act of Congress approvel March 3, 1891, authority was given the Governor to lease said lands for the benefit of the school fund under such rules and regulations as might be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

By the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1893, the President was empowered to make reservations of lands in the Cherokee Outlet for such public purposes as he might deem wise and desirable and in accordance therewith by executive proclamation opening the Cherokee Outlet to settlement the President reserved section 13 in each township for the benefit of higher educational institutions and section 33 in each township for public buildings, which reservations were subsequently ratified by the Act of Congress approved May 4, 1894.

By the Act of Congress approved May 4, 1894, a board for leasing school lands was created composed of the Governor, Secretary of the Territory and Superintendent of Public Instruction, who were authorized to lease the lands under the rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior until laws for the administration of the trust should be enacted by the Legislature of the Territory.

By the Act of Congress approved June 18, 1897, the lands in Greer county were opened to homestead entry and sections 16 and 36 in each township were reserved for common school purposes and sections 13 and 33 in each township were reserved for "such purposes as the legislature of the future state of Oklahoma may prescribe."

The Third Legislative Assembly failed to pass any law governing the leasing of school lands but adopted a joint resolution authorizing the Board as constituted by Congress to continue the leasing of lands and permitted the Board in the leasing of western lands to lease the same in such quantities as they might deem best for the public interests.

The Fourth Legislative Assembly passed an Act to regulate the leasing of School lands which was vetoed by Governor Renfrow.

Copies of all Congressional enactments, executive proclamations and of the rules prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior will be found in the appendix of this report.

INDEMNITY LANDS.

By authority of an Act of the Third Legislative Assembly, the former Board made a contract with the Hon. D. A. Harvey as Territorial Agent, for the selection of indemnity lands, for losses from fractional sections, reservations and other causes. Under this contract 101,188.68 acres were selected in the Kickapoo reservation and 21,840 acres were selected in a body in Woodward county northeast of Camp Supply, for which services the agent received the sum of 10 cents per acre.

These lists were approved in 1895 by the Interior Department but during the present year the Commissioner of the General Land Office directed the local land offices in the several districts in which these lands were selected to require payment of the Territorial authorities having charge of the school lands for fees due the registers and receivers of the selections made by the Territorial Agent under Departmental decision of April 19, 1898, (26 L. D. 536,) the amount demanded by the Department being in the following sums:

Woodward Land District	$296.00
Guthrie Land District	416.00
Oklahoma City Land District	856.00

The Board directed the Attorney General to appeal from said decision to the Secretary of the Interior, as the lands had been approved by the United States authorities three years previous without the payment of land office fees, and praying for a modification of said order that will relieve the school land fund from the payment of this large sum of money.

By the Act of Congress approved January 18, 1897, opening Greer county to settlement authority was given the Territory to select lands in lieu of those filed on by settlers who were occupying school lands at the time of the passage of said Act. Under the provisions of this Act the settlers in said county were permitted to make homestead entry for 160 acres and to purchase 160 acres additional land upon which they were residing or had improvements at the date of the passage of this Act and they were given a preference right until January 1, 1898, in which to file on or purchase such lands. As many were occupants and claimants for lands in sections 16 and 36 and 13 and 33 it was not practicable to offer the lands in that county for lease until after the time given the settlers to file on their lands, viz: January 1, 1898, at which time all of these lands not taken by occupying settlers were offended for lease and the greater portion of them have now been taken. The proceeds from sections 16 and 36 are placed with the common school fund and those derived from sections 13 and 33 are held in separate funds until future legislation shall direct the disposition of the same.

In January, 1898, under the direction of the Board, the Secretary was instructed to go to Greer county and examine and select lands in lieu of those taken by settlers and for lands due the Territory by reason of fractional townships and the loss of school land from natural causes. The lands were selected as follows:

The lands due sections 16 and 36	20,713.10	acres.
For lands due sections 13 and 33	27,831	acres.
Making a total of	48,584.10	acres.

The total expenses incurred in the selection of this land for traveling, hotel and other expenses of the Secretary and one clerk from this office, $226.85, and for fees due the Register and Receiver of the United States Land office at Mangum, $608.00.

During the stay of the Secretary every person who would lease these lands was given an opportunity to make a selection and applications were received for all of the lands selected. The lists are still pending before the Department of the Interior but it is to be hoped that they will be approved so that the lands may be leased early in the coming year, as reliable persons are waiting anxiously to take most of said lands at the prescribed cash rental.

During the past year there was selected in D and Custer counties 8,053.47 acres of indemnity lands. These lists are also pending before the Interior Department.

There is yet due the Territory for lands lost to the common school fund about 12,000 acres for which no selections have been made and there was lost to the Territory in sections 13 and 33 in the Cherokee Outlet by reason of Indian allotments, reservations, etc., 19,465.33 acres. There is no law permitting the selection of indemnity lands for this great loss in sections 13 and 33. If Congress were memoralized by the Legislative Assembly and the matter brought to their attention they would doubtless authorize the Territory to select lands in lieu thereof.

There yet remains unappropriated the beautiful Camp Supply reservation comprising 30,320 acres and if it is desirable to select the lands at once I would respectfully suggest that steps be taken to secure this valuable body of land for the Territory in lieu of the lands lost in sections 13 and 33 and the lands yet due the Territory for common school purposes.

Whether, however, it is advisable to select such lands now from the yet unappropriated public domain remaining in Oklahoma or to await the opening of the Wichita and Kiowa and Comanche reservations I leave to those in authority, but trust that early provision will be made whereby the school fund will be enriched by the recovery of the lands now due.

THE CONDEMNATION OF PUBLIC LANDS.

The Legislative Assembly by Act of March 8, 1895, declared the lands set apart for common schools, public building and college purposes to be subject to the right of eminent domain in behalf of public enterprises. Under the provision of this act condemnation proceedings were instituted and lands condemned for the right of way of two railways and the amount of damages collected thereunder is as follows:

Kansas & Southwestern Ry.	$244.37
Oklahoma & St. Louis Ry.	229.71
Total	$474.08

This money has been turned over to the territorial treasurer and is held by his in a separate fund awaiting disposition by legislative authority.

SPECIAL AGENT.

Immediately after assuming the duties as Secretary of the Board I urged upon that body the necessity of employing a Special Agent whose duty it should be to work in the field under the direction of the office; to visit the vacant lands and look after and report upon delinquent leases, investigate and report on damages to the land by the cutting of timber and the removal of stone therefrom of which alleged depredations, complaints were continually coming to the office from all parts of the Territory and to ascertain whether the unleased lands were being used and if they were found to be occupied to require the occupant to pay for such use and occupancy and require that they lease the lands so used or vacate the same. The success of this innovation, if it may be so termed, has succeeded beyond the most sanguine expectations.

The Special Agent has, since October, 1897, visited every county in the Territory except Beaver and Greer, has made 610 written reports on the condition of land and collected $3,539.40 from occupants of land who had no leases therefor but were using it without paying anything and has been of great assistance in leasing the hitherto unleased lands.

The salary paid such agent has been one hundred dollars per month with no allowances whatever for expenses, and I earnestly urge the continuance of this branch of the service.

THE LEASING OF GRAZING LANDS.

Under the rules prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior an arbitrary line was drawn through the Territory on the range line dividing 13 and 14 west; east of this line was declared to be agricultural lands and the maximum amount that could be leased to one person 160 acres. West of this line one entire section only could be leased by an applicant.

By Act of the Third Legislative Assembly approved February 28, 1893, the Board for leasing lands was authorized to lease lands lying west of range 14 west in such quantities as in their judgment might be most advantageous to the public interests. Under this authority there is no limit to the quantity of land that may be leased to one person in this western country. The effect of that law has been very beneficial in the leasing of western lands, there being but few sections which are not now contributing to the school fund. The minimum price fixed for the land west of range 13 is $33 per section except in Beaver county which is $20 per section.

The Board further, by rule, fixed the period for which land west of said range line could be leased for five years. The Supreme Court of Oklahoma, in a case pending at the June term, 1898, held that the Board exceeded its authority in making leases for any period longer than three years which was the limit fixed by the Secretary of the Interior. A large number of leases for five years had been issued by the Board and the same have never been canceled.

The lessees who made such contracts are still using the land and have signified their intention to complete the contract and are still paying the rental hence it was not deemed necessary to create confusion by the cancellation of said leases but no new leases are made for a longer period than three years.

APPRAISEMENT OF LANDS.

In 1896 the Board caused all the lands lying east of range 9 west except the Kickapoo indemnity lands to be appraised, giving the rental value and the character, extent and value of the improvements on each quarter.

In 1897 there were 800 leases expiring and it became necessary to re-appraise these lands that the lessees should receive the benefit of all additional improvements and competitive bidders be prevented from taking undue advantage of them should they secure the land at a higher rental than the lessees felt able to pay.

In 1898, 733 leases expired and the Board directed an appraisement of all of these expirations and of the lands in the Kickapoo reservation and the land in ranges 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 west of the Indian Meridian making a total of 1848 tracts of land upon which appraisements were made this year.

In choosing men for this work the Secretary employed practical farmers and to prevent their being influenced by local surroundings permitted no appraiser to make appraisements in the county in which he resided. The work was done in a very satisfactory manner by Mr. J. B. Hart of Kay county, Mr. Fred Madden of Logan county and Mr. W. M. McCoy of Woods county.

It is somewhat difficult to determine how much of the enhanced value of the land, due to the improvements and the labor of the lessee, should be shared by the Territory. The raw lands were leased, in the beginning, at merely a nominal rental, except in cases where there were competitive bids.

The appraisers were instructed by the office to inspect each and every tract and note the character of the soil, the lay of the land, its timber, water and general characteristics, and amount of tillable land, the amount under cultivation, and the distance to market in fixing the rental value of the land.

In the rules adopted by the former Board, dated May, 1897, prairie breaking was estimated at 50 cents per acre and grub land breaking at $1.50 per acre. These prices afforded the lessees no adequate compensation for the labors they had performed in preparing the land for cultivation and in the appraisements of 1898 the Board directed that all improvements on school land should be appraised at the reasonable value thereof.

In October, 1899, there will be about 2,400 expirations. The improvements on these lands not having been appraised since 1896 they will necessarily have to be re-appraised as many valuable improvements have been placed on the land since that time.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

The receipts of the office during the past two years have been most gratifying and show a wonderful prosperity in the farming industry of the Territory.

The total receipts from the beginning to January 1, 1897, the date of the last report to the Legislative Assembly, were $353,025.07. From January 1, 1897, to May 26, 1897, the total receipts were $31,567.90; expenses for the same period, $4,206.34; money returned to applicants, $486.47; the net receipts being $26,875.09.

From January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898, the total receipts were $310,684.64 and of this sum $289,116.74 has been received during the past eighteen months.

The total receipts of the office from the beginning to November 30, 1898 were $663,709.71.

During this administration there has been turned over to the Treasurer $126, 953.77 for the support of the common schools, and there is now on hand, November 30, 1898, $68,699.02 awaiting distribution next January for the same purpose. During this period the Treasurer has received $26,792.18 for Colleges and Universities and on November 30, 1898, there was $8,556.72 on hand in said fund.

In the Public Building fund there is $34,845.70 cash on hand. About forty thousand dollars of the cash receipts are advance payments on lands heretofore vacant that have been leased during the past eighteen months.

The net proceeds for the year ending June 30, 1898, were $173,442.83 and for the five months ending November 30, 1898, $91,931.34.

The amount of interest collected on past due notes from June 30, 1897, to November 30, 1898, was $7,091.15.

The expenses of the office have increased but the increase is natural and largely due to the wonderful increase in office business, demanding more office room, new safe and filing cases, additional supplies and new records, land office fees for indemnity lands and the employment of a Special Agent. These items alone representing $2,500 additional expense, all of which was absolutely necessary to properly conduct the office business.

The fixed expenses of the office are about ten thousand dollars per year and may be classified as follows:

Secretary, salary,	$2,500.00
Assistant Secretary, salary,	1,020.00
Special Agent, salary,	1,200.00
Bookkeeper, salary,	900.00
Clerk, salary,	720.00
Rent,	252.00
Janitor, fuel, lights and water,	190.00
Postage,	600.00
Advertising vacant lands in the newspapers in each county,	600.00
Appraisements,	1,000.00
Printing and supplies,	1,000.00
Total,	$9,982.00

On July 1, 1897, there was turned over by the preceding administration $96,866.98 in past due rental notes. All of it from one to five years past due and the Board ordered that all of these notes be placed in the hands of the Attorney General for collection. The large crops and the prevailing good prices for products justifying the belief that every delinquent lessee could meet his obligations if the same was promptly demanded. Of these notes all in the 1896 series where there were no past due notes for preceding years were returned to this office.

Of the $96,868.98 there has been $51,311.83 principal and intecest collected. $15,999.73 by this office in which no additional expense whatever was incurred and $35,312.11 by the Attorney General and he has been paid, up to November 30, 1898, $3,481.48 commission, he paying all costs and expenses for postage, travel, stationery, printing, clerk hire and employment of local attorneys out of this amount.

The courts have decided that it is no part of the prescribed duties of the Attorney General to furnish legal advice or to attend to the many demands upon his time to look after the multitude of cases connected with this office, unless he receives proper compensation for his services.

No suits have been instituted or costs incurred during the past eighteen months but several hundred dollars in costs have been paid for suits begun years ago in a futile attempt to collect the amounts due the school fund from which no good results were obtained.

There are now five funds in the office and the expenses are divided among them as follows: Common school fund, 70 per cent.; College and Public Building funds, 14½ per cent. each; Greer County 13 and 33 funds, ½ per cent. each.

The coming year promises to be one that will show the earning capacities of the school lands of the Territory.

A careful estimate of the business to be transacted shows that there will be notes maturing as follows:

3,440 Common School notes,	$115,248.00
684 College notes,	24,745.00
638 Public Building notes,	21,883.00
40 Greer County 13 notes,	1,000.00
30 Greer County 33 notes,	900.00
Total, 4,832 notes,	$163,776.00

If the lists of indemnity lands now pending before the Department of the Interior are approved these lands will at once be leased and will add about two thousand dollars to the above estimate."

An immense amount of detail work is transacted in the office. On the tract books of the office is a complete record of each lessee showing his name, post-office address, his application number, his lease number, his note numbers and every payment on those notes, his advance payments, the appraised value of the land and the value of the improvements.

In the past eighteen months three thousand applications have been received. Three thousand leases and seven thousand five hundred notes have been made and forwarded to the lessees. These leases have been approved, recorded and returned. The notes have been numbered, recorded and carried through the records. Twenty-six hundred appraisements have been made and recorded. About six thousand notices of notes due have been mailed to lessees and nine thousand cash remittances have been received and posted.

The correspondence of the office has reached enormous proportions, it being the rule to promptly answer every inquiry however small, that relates to the leasing of lands. During the fall months it is no uncommon occurrence to receive and answer two to three hundred letters a day.

The office is now entering upon the largest year of its history. There are twenty-four hundred quarters to appraise and advertise, twenty-four hundred leases and seventy-two hundred notes to make out and forward to lessees and carry through the office records, over forty-eight hundred notices of notes due to be sent to lessees and over one hundred and sixty-two thousand dollars to be collected.

RENEWAL OF LEASES.

This is the most perplexing and intricate question with which the office has to deal and one which deeply affects the interests of the lessees of school lands.

It was deemed by the present Board that for all purposes, January 1 was a more desirable date for the expiration of leases, and as leases now expire on October 1, they are extended to January 1, with notes falling due for each rental year on October 1.

The rules for leasing the land prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior under the Act of Congress authorizing the leasing of the same provide:

"Sealed bids shall be received by the Governor at his office, after proper public notice to be given in a manner deemed by the Governor best practicable under the circumstances and the lease to be awarded to the actual highest bidder at the highest amount of rent bid in each case.

"In case a new lease is to be made at the expiration of the lease the preference shall be given to the former lessee, if the Governor finds that he has cultivated the lands in a business like manner and fulfilled the terms of his lease in good faith."

Under these instructions, and without legislative authority, the Board has never felt that they had the power to eliminate the feature of competitive bids at the expiration of each lease period but they have discouraged the same by requiring any person bidding against the lessee to deposit with their application a draft for the amount of the first year's rental and 25 per cent. of the appraised value of the improvements and to require competitive bidders to offer to pay, in each case, the full appraised value of said improvements as a condition precedent to obtaining the lease of the land.

It is my observation that the element of competitive bids has little effect in fixing the general rental value of lands offered for lease. The lessees of the land are, at each public leasing, filled with apprehension lest they will not be able to compete successfully with persons, whether speculators or bona fide settlers, possessing greater financial resources than themselves and that they will as a consequence lose the product of their small investment and of their arduous labors in improving the lands which will pass into the control of persons having no other right to them than their ability to offer a larger rental than the original occupants who have brought the lands into a condition which will make them productive, but from which they have not, on account of the shortness of the time which they have occupied them, been repaid for their investment and labor. This apprehension generally results in the lessee making no improvements the last year of his lease and often in the neglect of crops or trees as the time draws near for renewal.

At the public leasing of 1897 there were thirty-two competitive bids on leased lands, in a few of which the price offered per annum for each quarter section was so greatly in excess of the appraised rental value of the land that the conclusion could but be drawn therefrom that there was a malicious intent to dispossess the lessee of his holdings. In one case there was a bitter contest to decide which of the several claimants should be awarded the right to lease a quarter section at two hundred and fifty dollars per annum. In this controversy there was employed the most eminent legal talent of the Territory and the hearing of the same occupied the attention of the Board for several days.

At the public leasing of 1898 there were but eight competitive bids which certainly could not have influenced to any considerable degree the fixing of the general average of the rental of all the land upon which leases were expiring.

From my personal experience I am constrained to say that while the theory of competition in leasing the lands appears to be good, the practical results show that it is a detriment rather than of any practical benefit in fixing rental values.

It is but just that lessees who are not in arrears for rental and who have otherwise complied with all of the conditions of their lease, be permitted to renew the same without competition. It secures to them the full benefits of all improvements they may make. It guarantees to them a home as long as they comply with the terms of their lease and by encouraging permanent improvements will, in the future, greatly enhance the value of school lands all over the Territory.

I earnestly recommend that legislation be enacted providing for an appraisement under the direction of the school land office, of all the lands at the expiration of each lease and that the lessee be allowed to renew his lease without competition at the appraised rental value. The appraisements should be subject to review by a disinterested Board, should any lessee feel aggrieved at the value fixed upon his land.

OTHER NEEDED LEGISLATION.

The best interests of the Territory as well as fairness and justice to the lessees of our school land demand the early enactment of legislation regulating and governing the leasing and care of school and other public lands of the Territory. In preparing such legislation the rights of the lessees should be fully recognized and a system established based on fairness and equity both to the lessees and the Territory. At the same time there should be a full realization of the fact that these lands are a sacred heritage to generations yet to come and all personal, political or class interests should be, for the time, forgotten, in a general endeavor to properly guard so sacred a trust.

The costly failures of many of the states in dealing with their public lands makes it more apparent that Oklahoma should at once establish a permanent public land system on a strictly business basis. The character of the work to be done seems to demand the creation of the office of Commissioner of Public Lands, who shall be clothed with authority to lease the lands under certain regulations, having, however, discretionary powers in certain matters sufficient to prevent frauds and sharp practice under the guise of technicalities.

He should have ample authority to protect lands from depredations and be authorized to issue his warrant for rent in arrears to the sheriff of the county wherein the lands are located. Rent should be made a first lien on growing crops and improvements and summary process for removing trespassers or tenants whose terms have expired or lease has been forfeited.

All of the acts of the Commissioner should, of course, be subject to review, under proper limitations by a Board of Commissioners and from a point of economy to the Territory and ease of access the present ex-officio Board of the Governor, Secretary of the Territory and Superintendent of Public Instruction seems preferable to a separate appointive Board the members of whom would draw per diem and mileage and be difficult of access. This Board should meet at certain stated intervals that parties having matters to present before them may know when to appear that the business may be transacted with that dispatch which insures prompt possession always to the rightful party.

These regulations with others of a strictly business nature which would suggest themselves in connection therewith would greatly facilitate the work of caring for this grand heritage of land conferred upon the Territory by the Nation, securing an economical administration of the trust, insuring its permancy and at the same time protecting the tenants of the Territory in every way equal to the owners of the real estate about them.

TABLE SHOWING RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FROM BEGINNING OF LEASING.

FISCAL YEAR.	Net Proceeds	Expenses.	Returned Applicants	Gross
Ending June 30, 1891	$ 4,536 82	......	....	$ 4 536 82
Ending June 30, 1892	21,346 13	$ 1,575 00	....	22,921 13
Ending May 11, 1893	18,941 48	1,560 50	....	20,501 98
Ending May 11 and June 30, 1893	223 19	296 66	... .	519 85
Ending June 30, 1894	45,989 98	4 062 62	$ 235 50	50,288 10
Ending June 30, 1894, and January 1, 1895	48,849 66	2 563 74	581 00	51,994 40
Ending January 1, 1896	83,123 13	8,7 5 75	5,062 85	101 951 73
Ending January 1, 1897	91,528 47	8,586 84	195 75	100,311 06
Ending January 1, 1898	167,967 11	11 677 29	936 12	170,580 52
Ending November 30, 1898	127,742 26	11,967 06	304 80	140,014 12
Total	$615,248 32	$51,055 43	$7 406 02	$663 709 71

NET PROCEEDS FROM LEASING LAND.

Fiscal year ending, June 30, 1891	$ 4,536.82
June 30, 1892	21,346.13
June 30, 1893	19,164.67
June 30, 1894	46,586.29
June 30, 1895	88,627.97
June 30, 1896	71,740.68
June 30, 1897	98,467.81
June 30, 1898	173,442.83
Five months ending, Nov. 30, 1898	91,931.34
Total	$615,843.54

AMOUNT PER CAPITA COMPARED.

Amount of distribution per capita each year:

Year ending, June 30, 1892	.53
June 30, 1893	.56
June 30, 1894	.73
June 30, 1895	.69
June 30, 1896	.62
June 30, 1897	.86
June 30, 1898	1.34

The net proceeds for July, 1897 $3,252.71, were turned over to the Territorial Treasurer and apportioned with the money turned over to them for the year ending June 30, 1897. If apportioned with the receipts for the year ending June 30, 1898, as it should properly have been it would have made the apportionment per capita for the year 1898 nearly 4 cents greater, and reduced the 1897 apportionment the same amount.

FINAL STATEMENT, SHOWING CASH DISBURSED FROM MAY 11, 1893, TO NOV. 30, 1898.

FOR WHAT PURPOSE	Common Schools	Colleges	Public Buildings	Greer Co. Sec. 13	Greer Co. Sec. 33	TOTAL
To Territorial Treasurer	$360 191 22	$60,559 84	$35 907 10	..	....	$456,658 16
Expense	35,359 65	5,968 35	5,960 51	$315 72	$315 73	47,919 96
Returned to Applicants	4,914 02	1,353 91	1 135 09	.....	.....	7,406 02
Balance on Hand	68,699 02	8,556 72	34,845 70	893 93	770 27	113 765 64
Total	$469,163 91	$76,441 82	$77,848 30	$1,208 65	$1,086 00	$625,749 78

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FROM MAY 26, 1897, TO NOV. 30, 1898.

Receipts from May 26, 1897, to June 30, 1897	$ 4,265.30
June 30, 1897, to June 30, 1898	186,789.49
June 30, 1898, to Nov. 30, 1898	98,061.95
Expenses from May 26, 1897, to Nov. 30, 1898	$ 19 438.01
To treasurer from May 26, 1897, to Nov. 30, 1898	155,068.64
Returned to applicants from May 26, 1897, to Nov. 30, 1898	844.45
Balance on hand	113 765.64
	$289,116.74

TABLE SHOWING RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES AND AMOUNT ON HAND OF EACH FUND FROM MAY 26, 1897, TO NOV. 30, 1898.

MAY 26, 1897, TO JUNE 30, 1897.	Gross Receipts.	Expenses.	Money Ret'd.	On Hand	To Treasurer
Common Schools	$2643 35	$492 66	..	......	$2150 69
College	850 26	106 01	$51 00	......	693 25
Public Building	771 69	106 02	49 50	$616 17	......
Total	$4265 30	$704 69	$100 50	$616 17	$2843 94

JUNE 30, 1897, TO JUNE 30, 1898.	Gross Receipts	Expenses.	Money Ret'd.	On Hand	To Treasurer
Common Schools	$134,182 67	$8816 14	$563 45	......	$124,803 08
College	24,966 96	1851 03	17 00	......	23,098 93
Public Buildings	25,527 71	1842 92	46 50	$22,315 60	1,322 09
Greer Co., Sec. 3	1,089 15	104 81	......	984 34	......
Greer Co., Sec. 33	1,023 00	104 81	......	918 19	......
Total	$186,789 49	$12719 71	$626 95	$24,218 13	$149,224 70

JUNE 30, 1898 TO NOV. 30, 1898.	Gross Receipts.	Expenses.	Money Ret'd.	On Hand	To Treasurer
Common Schools	$72,980 62	$4164 60	$117 00	$68,699 02	....
College	12,270 30	713 53	......	8,556 72	$3,000 00
Public Building	12,627 53	713 60	......	11,913 93	......
Greer Co., Sec. 13	120 50	* 210 91	......	......	......
Greer Co., Sec. 33	63 00	* 210 92	......	......	......
Total	$98,061 95	$6013 61	$117 00	$89,169 67	$3,000 00
Grand Total	289,116 74	$19,438 01	$844 45	$113,765 64	$155,068 64

* The large expense in Greer County funds is due to Land Office fees for the selection of indemnity land and for office records to open separate fund accounts.

NUMBER OF QUARTERS OF LEASED AND UNLEASED SCHOOL LANDS BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	SECTION 16 & 36			SECTION 13			SECTION 33			GRAND TOTALS		
	Total	Lsd.	Vct.	Total	Lsd.	Vct.	Total	Lsd.	Vct.	Lsd.	Vct.	Total
Beaver	1352	417	935	......	......	......	......	......	......	417	935	1352
Blaine	200	146	54	......	......	...	......	......	......	146	54	200
Canadian	168	164	4	......	......	......	......	......	......	164	4	168
Cleveland	122	119	3	......		...	......	......	......	119	3	122
Custer	224	222	2	......	......	...	......	......	......	222	2	224
D	224	211	13			......	......	......	......	211	13	224
Day	240	238	2		..	......	......	....	......	238	2	240
Garfield	240	240	......	120	120	......	105	105		465	......	465
Grant	240	239	1	120	120	......	120	119	1	478	2	480
Greer*	427	346	81	203	164	44	195	139	56	649	181	830
Kay	164	164	......	73	73	......	88	88	......	325	......	325
Kickapoo, *Ind*	634	596	38		....	......	...	......	......	596	38	634
Kingfisher	200	189	11	......	......	......	......	......	......	189	11	200
Lincoln	212	210	2	......	......	..	......	......	......	210	2	212
Logan	165	163	2	......		......	......	......	......	163	2	165
Noble	96	96	......	48	48	...	48	48	......	192	......	192
Oklahoma	158	152	6		......	......	...	......	......	152	6	158
Payne	153	153	......	26	26	......	19	18	1	197	1	198
Pawnee	118	112	6	40	39	1	42	39	3	190	10	200
Pottawatomie	168	164	4		......	......	......	......	......	164	4	168
Roger Mills.	264	264	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	264	......	264
Washita	224	224	......	...	...	......	......	......		224	......	224
Woods	617	584	33	316	302	14	290	262	28	1148	75	1223
Woodward	927	922	5	393	389	4	382	378	4	1689	13	702
Grand Total	7537	6335	1202	1344	1281	63	1289	1196	93	8812	1358	

* 304 quarter sections of Greer County indemnity lands not approved, are not included in the above table.

SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT.

Showing the number and amount of notes on hand unpaid in the several series since the organization of the office, corrected table of receipts and expenditures covering the period to Dec 31, 1898, and the amount of money on hand for distribution to the various funds for the six months ending December 31, 1898, tables being extended to cover the December business of the office and the correction of a few typographical errors in the tables found on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

TABLE SHOWING RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES AND AMOUNT ON HAND OF EACH FUND FROM MAY 26, 1897, TO DEC. 31, 1898.

MAY 26, 1897, TO JUNE 30, 1897.	Gross Receipts.	Expense	Money Ret'd.	On Hand	To Treasurer
Common Schools	$2643 35	$492 66			$2150 69
College	850 26	106 01	$51 00		693 25
Public Building	771 69	106 02	49 50	$616 17	
Total	$4265 30	$704 69	$100 50	$616 17	$2843 94

JUNE 30, 1897, TO JUNE 30, 1898.	Gross Receipts	Expenses.	Money Ret'd.	On Hand	To Treasurer
Common Schools	$134,182 67	$8816 14	$563 45		$124,803 08
College	24,966 96	1851 03	17 00		23 098 93
Public Buildings	25,527 71	1842 92	46 50	$22,315 60	1,322 69
Greer Co., Sec. 3	1,089 15	104 81		984 34	
Greer Co., Sec. 33	1,023 00	104 81		918 19	
Total	$186,789 49	$12719 71	$626 95	$24 218 13	$149,224 70

JUNE 30, 1898 TO NOV. 30, 1898.	Gross Receipts.	Expenses.	Money Ret'd.	On Hand	To Treasurer
Common Schools	$72,980 62	$4164 60	$117 00	$68 699 02	
College	12,270 30	713 53		5 556 72	$6,000 00
Public Building	12,627 53	713 60		11,913 93	
Greer Co., Sec. 13	120 50	* 210 91			
Greer Co., Sec. 33	63 00	* 210 92			
Total	$98,061 95	$6013 61	$117 00	$86,169 67	$6,000 00

NOV. 30, 1898 TO DEC 31, 1898	Gross Receipts	Expenses	Money Returned	On Hand	To Treasurer
Common Schools	$ 13,796 49	$643 14	$37 00	$13,116 35	
Colleges	3,100 69	120 88	31 50	2,948 31	
Public Buildings	2,632 18	120 86		2,511 32	
Greer Co., Section 13	228 75	4 24		224 51	
Greer Co., Section 33	122 35	4 23		118 12	
Total	$ 19,880 46	$893 35	$68 50	$18,91 61	
Grand Total	$308,997 20	$20,331 36	$912 95	129,084 52	$158,068.64

* The large expense in Greer County funds is due to Land Office fees for the selection of indemnity land and for office records to open separate fund accounts.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FROM MAY 26, 1897, TO DEC. 31, 1898.

Receipts from May 26, 1897, to June 30, 1897	$ 4,265.30	
June 30, 1897, to June 30, 1898	186,789.49	
June 30, 1898, to Dec. 31, 1898	117,942.41	
		$3[illegible]
Expenses from May 26, 1897, to Dec. 31, 1898	$ 20,331.36	
To treasurer from May 26, 1897, to Dec. 31, 1898	158,068.64	
Returned to applicants from May 26, 1897, to Dec. 31, 1898	912.95	
Balance on hand	129,684.25	
		$308,997.20

FINAL STATEMENT, SHOWING CASH DISBURSED FROM MAY 11, 1893, TO DEC. 31, 1898.

FOR WHAT PURPOSE.	Common Schools	Colleges	Public Buildings	Greer Co. Sec. 13	Greer Co. Sec. 33	TOTAL
To Territorial Treasurer	$360,191 22	$63,559 84	$35,907 10			$459,658 16
Expense	36,002 79	6,089 23	6,081 37	$ 319 96	$ 319 95	48,813 31
Returned to Applicants	4,951 02	1,338 41	1 135 09			7,474 52
Balance on Hand	81 815 37	8,505 03	37,357 02	1,118 44	888 39	129,684 25
Total	$482,960 40	$79,542 51	$80,480 58	$1,438 40	$1,208 35	$645,630 24

TABLE SHOWING RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FROM BEGINNING OF LEASING.

FISCAL YEAR.	Net Proceeds	Expenses.	Returned Applicants	Gross
Ending June 30, 1891	$ 4,536 82	....	....	$ 4 536 82
Ending June 30, 1892	21,346 13	$ 1,575 00	....	22,921 13
Ending May 11, 1893	18,941 48	1,560 50	....	20,501 98
Ending May 11 and June 30, 1893	223 19	296 66	....	519 85
Ending June 30, 1894	45,989 98	4,062 62	$ 235 50	50,288 10
Ending June 30, 1894, and January 1, 1895	48,849 66	2,563 74	581 00	51,994 40
Ending January 1, 1896	88,123 13	8,765 75	5,062 85	101,951 73
Ending January 1, 1897	91 528 47	8,586 84	195 75	100,311 03
Ending January 1, 1898.	167,967 11	11,677 29	936 12	180,580 52
Ending November 30, 1898	127,742 26	11,967 06	394 80	140,104 12
Month ending December 31, 1898	18,918 61	893 35	68 50	19,880 46
Total	634,166 84	$51,948 81	$7 474 52	$693 590 17

NET PROCEEDS FROM LEASING LAND.

Fiscal year ending, June 30, 1891	$ 4,536.82
June 30, 1892	21,346.13
June 30, 1893	19,164.67
June 30, 1894	45,989.98
June 30, 1895	88,627.97
June 30, 1896	71,740.68
June 30, 1897	98,467.81
June 30, 1898	173,442.83
Six months ending, Dec. 31, 1898	110,849 95
Total	$634,166.84

NOTES ON HAND.

When Due.	No.	Amount.
COMMON SCHOOLS.		
January 1, 1892	13	$ 745.22
April 1, 1892	16	465.40
December 15, 1892	27	816.65
January 1, 1893	28	1,359.75
April 1, 1893	21	544.90
December 15, 1893	86	2,474.75
Miscellaneous	10	168.00
January 1, 1894	34	1,665.75
April 1, 1894	18	551.40
December 15, 1894	233	8,997.67
October 1, 1895	18	418.00
December 15, 1895	297	14,093.00
October 1, 1896	62	1,476.86
December 15, 1896	203	10,953.24
October 1, 1897	262	7,214.52
December 15, 1897	25	1,314.62
October 1, 1898	767	25,735.70
December 15, 1898	16	866.25
October 1, 1899	3106	103,307.21
December 15, 1899	49	4,495.25
October 1, 1900	1599	49,0[illegible]9.71
December 15, 1900	5	232.00
October 1, 1901	591	20,082.72
December 15, 1901	2	132.00
October 1, 1902	20	570.00
Total	7508	$257,710.66
COLLEGES.		
December 15, 1894	4	$ 175.00
December 15, 1895	13	779.00
October 1, 1896	2	50 00
December 15, 1896	26	1,060.02
October 1, 1897	10	187.75
December 15, 1897	15	580.07
October 1, 1898	112	4,136.00
December 15, 1898	6	264.00
October 1, 1899	598	19,686.20
December 15, 1899	27	2,144.00
October 1, 1900	506	16,641.25
December 15, 1900	2	99.00
October 1, 1901	64	2,002.75
December 15, 1901	2	99.00
October 1, 1902	2	66.00
Total	1394	$ 47,920.04
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.		
December 15, 1894	2	$ 21.00
December 15, 1895	21	975.05
October 1, 1896	1	26.00
December 15, 1896	33	1,559.26
October 1, 1897	18	507.90
December 15, 1897	21	764.24
October 1, 1898	109	3,807.72
December 15, 1898	11	472.62
October 1, 1899	530	17,299.20
December 15, 1899	32	2,042.00
October 1, 1900	432	14,189.67
December 15, 1900	3	99.00
October 1, 1901	61	1,999.50
December 15, 1901	3	99.00
October 1, 1902	3	91.00
Total	1280	$ 43,953.16
GREER CO., SEC. 13		
October 1, 1899	37	$ 1,145.15
October 1, 1900	44	1,305.00
October 1, 1901	6	113.75
Total	87	$ 2,563.90
GREER CO., SEC. 33.		
October 1, 1899	28	$ 940.00
October 1, 1900	33	1,062.50
October 1, 1901	3	66.00
Total	64	$ 2,068 50
Grand Total	10,333	$354,216.26

NUMBER OF QUARTERS OF LEASED AND UNLEASED SCHOOL LANDS BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	SECTION 16 & 36			SECTION 13			SECTION 33			GRAND TOTALS		
	Total	Lsd.	Vct.	Total	Lsd.	Vct.	Total	Lsd.	Vct.	Lsd.	Vct.	Total
Beaver	1352	417	935	......	......	......	......	......	......		935	1352
Blaine	200	146	54	......	......	....	......	......	......	146	54	200
Canadian	168	164	4	......	......	......	......	......	......	164	4	168
Cleveland	122	119	3	......		...	......	......	......	119	3	122
Custer	224	222	2	......	......	..	......	......	......	222	2	224
D	224	211	13			....	......	.. .	......	211	13	224
Day	240	238	2		....	......	......	...	......	238	2	240
Garfield	240	240	......	120	120	....	105	105		465	......	465
Grant	240	239	1	120	120	......	120	119	1	478	2	480
Greer*	427	345	81	208	164	44	195	139	56	649	181	830
Kay	164	164	......	73	73	......	88	88	......	325	......	325
Kickapoo, *Ind*	634	596	38		...	......	...	......	......	596	38	634
Kingfisher	200	189	1	......	......	......	......	......	......	189	11	200
Lincoln	212	210	2	......	......		......	......	......	210	2	212
Logan	165	163	2	......		......	......	......	......	163	2	165
Noble	96	96	......	48	48		48	48	......	192	......	192
Oklahoma	158	152	6		......	......	..	......	......	152	6	158
Payne	153	153	......	26	26	......	19	18	1	197	1	198
Pawnee	118	112	6	40	39	1	42	39	3	190	10	200
Pottawatomie	168	164	4		......	......	......	......	......	164	4	168
Roger Mills.	264	264	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	264	......	264
Washita	224	224	......	......	...	......	......	......	...	224	......	224
Woods	617	584	33	316	302	14	290	262	28	1148	75	1223
Woodward	927	922	5	393	389	4	382	378	4	1689	13	702
Grand Total	7537	6335	1202	1344	1281	63	1289	1196	93	8812	1358	10170

* 304 quarter sections of Greer County indemnity lands not approved, are not included in the above table.

APPENDIX.

ACTS RELATING TO SCHOOL LANDS.

Section 16 of the Organic Act provides: "Sections numbered 16 and 36 in each township, in said Territory, shall be and the same are hereby reserved for the purpose of being applied to the public schools in the states or states hereafter to be erected out of the same. In all cases where sections 16 and 36, or either of them, are occupied by actual settlers prior to the survey thereof, the county commissioners of the counties in which such sections are occupied, are authorized to locate other lands, to equal amount, in sections or fractional sections, as the case may be, within their respective counties, in lieu of sections so occupied."

An Act making appropriations for the current expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations, for the year ending June 30, approved March 3, 1891: "The school lands reserved in the Territory of Oklahoma by this and former acts of Congress, may be leased for a period not exceeding three years, for the benefit of the school funds of the said Territory by the Governor thereof, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of thme Interior."

The rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior are as follows:

"1. The Governor shall execute the leases for such periods as he may deem best, in the several cases, not exceeding three years in any case.

"2. The quantity of school land in Oklahoma to be leased to any one person, under the thirty-sixth section of the act of March 3, 1891, shall not exceed one quarter section, except in the country composed of Beaver, D, E, F, G and H counties, and the Cherokee Outlet, west of range 13 of the Indian meridian, when the same shall have been opened to settlement, in which country the maximum quantity allowed to be leased shall be one section, or 640 acres.

"3. Sealed bids shall be received by the Governor at his office, after proper public notice, to be given in a manner deemed by the Governor the best practicable under the circumstances, and the lease to be awarded to the actual bidder at the highest amount of rent bid in each case.

"4. The period of payment of rent shall be fixed in the lease by the Governor at his discretion, according to the circumstances of each case, with security satisfactory to him to be required for the payment thereof when due, should he deem it necessary, and forfeiture to be provided for each in the case of failure.

"5. The leases, after they have been executed by the Governor, shall be forwarded to the Secretary of the Interior for his approval.

"6. After the leases are approved by the Secretary of the Interior and returned to the Governor, they shall be recorded by the Secretary of the Territory according to section 3 of the Organic Act of Oklahoma.

"7. In case a new lease is to be made at the expiration of the lease, the preference shall be given to the former lessee, if the Governor finds that he cultivated the lands in business like manner, and fulfilled the terms of the lease in good faith.

"8. The money, after the deduction of the necessary expenses of the leasing, must be treated as a part of the Territorial School fund, and be placed to the credit of said fund in the custody of the Territorial Treasurer, and be appropriated as the Legislature of the Territory may enact.

"9. All necessary expense of purchasing records, stationery, office rent and for clerk hire and for advertising, shall be paid out of the fund obtained from the leasing, and must be approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

"10. The Governor shall make a report to the Secretary of the Interior at the end of each calendar year, or as soon as practicable thereafter.

"11. The precise form and methods of procedure shall be left to the judgment of the Governor, subject to the above general rules."

Act of March 3, 1893, Session Laws 1892-3, page 642:

Section 10. Opening the Cherokee Strip to settlement: "And the President of the United States, in any order or proclamation which he shall make for the opening of the lands for settlement, may make such other reservations of lands for public purposes as he may deem wise and desirable."

Executive proclamation, August 19, 1893, opening the Cherokee Strip to settlement:

Among others, the following lands are exempted from entry:

"Excepting also that section 13 in each township which has not otherwise been reserved or disposed of, is hereby reserved for university, agricultural college and normal school purposes, subject to the action of Congress; excepting, also, that section 33 in each township which has not been otherwise disposed of or reserved, is hereby reserved for public buildings; excepting, also, sections 16 and 36 in each township, which are reserved by law for the use and benefit of the public schools."

AN ACT TO RATIFY THE RESERVATION OF CERTAIN LANDS MADE FOR THE BENEFIT OF OKLAHOMA TERRITORY, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES:

Be it Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress Assembled:

That the reservation for university, agricultural college and normal school purposes, of section 13 in each township of the lands known as the Cherokee Outlet, the Tonkawa Indian reservation, and the Pawnee Indian reservation, in the Territory of Oklahoma, not otherwise reserved or disposed of, and the reservation for the public buildings of section 33 in each township in said land, not otherwise disposed of, made by the President of the United States in his proclamation of August 19, 1893, be, and the same are, hereby ratified, and all said lands and all the school lands in the said Territory may be leased under such laws and regulations as may be hereafter prescribed by the Legislature of said Territory; but until such legislative action the Governor, Secretary of the Territory and Superintendent of Public Instruction shall constitute a board for the leasing of said lands under rules and regulations heretofore prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, for the respective purposes for which the said reservations were made, except that it shall not be necessary to submit leases to the Secretary of the Interior for his approval; and all the necessary expenses and costs incurred in the leasing, management and protection of said lands and leases may be paid out of the proceeds derived from such leases.

(26 U. S. Stat. at Large 71.)

Act of February 28, 1891, provides at length for the selection of lieu lands by the Governor. (26 U. S. Stat. 796.)

COUNCIL JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 16.

Be it Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma:

That in case the Legislative Assembly fails to enact legislation governing the leasing of land subject to lease in this Territory, the present board having control of leasing of public lands be, and are, hereby authorized to continue the leasing of such public lands. *Provided, also,* they are authorized to lease lands lying west of range 14, west, in such quantities as in their judgment may be the most advantageous to the public interest.

Approved March 8, 1895.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma:

Section 1. That Section 31, of article 2, of chapter 2, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, be amended to read as follows: Section 31. It is hereby declared that the provisions of this act in regard to restraining stock shall not apply to all that part of Oklahoma lying west of a line beginning at a point on the south line of Washita county, where the east line of range seventeen (17) intersects the aforesaid south line; thence north along said east line to township twenty-one (21) of Woods county; thence east to the east line of range fifteen (15) west; thence north along said line to the Cimarron river; thence following the meanderings of said Cimarron river to the east line of range seventeen (17) west; thence north to township twenty-six (26) north; thence east to range fourteen (14); thence north to the Kansas line; and the same is hereby declared a free range country: *Provided, however*, That the people of such country may, by petition as hereinbefore provided for, have the privilege of voting on the restraining of stock, and the result of said vote remain in force and effect for a period of five years; *Provided, further*, That any person or persons occupying or using any school, college or public building or indemnity lands in this Territory, not having leased the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, be fined not less than fifty dollars ($50) nor more than one hundred dollars ($100) for each and every offense.

Sec. 2. This act shall be in force and effect in each congressional township west of the line fixed by this act, only at such times as all and the whole of the public school, college, public building and indemnity lands of any such township are held under lease as provided by law.

Sec. 3. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed in so far as they conflict with this act.

Sec. 4. This act shall be in force from and after the adjournment of the present session of this Legislative Assembly.

Approved March 9, 1897.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE ENTRY OF LANDS IN GREER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA, TO GIVE PREFERENCE RIGHTS TO SETTLERS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assmbled, That every person qualified under the homestead laws of the United States, who on March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, was a bona fide occupant of land within the territory established as Greer County, Oklahoma, shall be entitled to continue his occupation of such land with improvements thereon, not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres, and shall be allowed six months preference right from the passage of this act within which to initiate his claim thereto, and shall be entitled to perfect title thereto under the provisions of the homestead law, upon payment of land office fees only, at the expiration of five years from the date of entry, except that such person shall receive credit for all time during which he or those under whom he claims shall have continuously occupied the same prior to March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six. Every such person shall also have the right, for six months prior to all other persons, to purchase at one dollar an acre, in five equal annual payments, any additional land of which he was in actual possession on March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres, which, prior to said date, shall have been cultivated, purchased, or improved by him. When any person entitled to a homestead or additional land, as above provided, is the head of a family, and though still living, shall not take such homestead or additional land, within six months from the passage of this act, any member of such family over the age of twenty-one years, other than husband or wife, shall succeed to the right to take such homestead or additional land for three months longer, and any such member of the family shall also have the right to take, as before provided, any excess of additional land actually cultivated or improved prior to March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, above the amount to which such head of the family is entitled, not to exceed one hundred and sixty acres to any one person thus taking as a member of such family.

* * * * * * * * * *

Sec. 4. Sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six are reserved for school purposes as provided in laws relating to Oklahoma, and sections thirteen and thirty-three in each township are reserved for such purpose as the Legislature of the future state of Oklahoma may prescribe. That whenever any of the lands preserved for school or other purposes under this act, or under the laws of Congress relating to Oklahoma, shall be found to have been occupied by actual settlers or for town-site purposes or homesteads prior to March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, an equal quantity of indemnity lands may be selected as provided by law.

Approved January 18, 1897

(29 U. S. Stat. 490.)

This was extended to January 1, 1898, by act of Congress.

Bank Examiner's Report.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

GUTHRIE, O. T., December 10, 1898.

TO THE HON. C. M. BARNES,
Governor of Oklahoma Trritory.

Sir: Enclosed herewith I transmit my report as Bank Examiner, showing the condition of the state banks doing business in this Territory, together with such other information as is required by law.

There are at present doing business in this Territory, 55 state banks with a total capitalization of $550,000.00, a surplus and profits of $230,000.00 and deposits of $2,580,000.00, which is an increase of 84 per cent. in deposits since July 1, 1897.

These banks have loans and discounts to the amount of $1,727,000.00 and a reserve of 58 per cent.

The average per cent of the net earning to the capital stock in the last two years has been 19 per cent. per annum.

During the period covered by this report there have been nine new state banks incorporated, two have consolidated and one, The Stock Exchange Bank of El Reno, has failed. But owing to the fact that the law does not give this department control of closed banks, I am unable to give any information showing the condition of its affairs. This failure was caused by the officers using too much of the bank's money and from the fact that the bank was carrying a great deal of paper taken from the old Canadian County Bank at the time of their consolidation, after which a few bad seasons followed, during which time many of the farmers whose paper they held, were compelled to leave the country, leaving their liabilities unpaid. If the banking lawof the Territory had given the power to the Banking Board to require the impaired capital of banks to be made good before January 1, 1898, I am sure my predecessor would have caused this bank to close at the time he made his examination in June, 1897.

During the past two years I have made 87 examinations, for which I have received $1,375.00.

My expenses for this term have been $946.20, leaving for two years' work $214.40 annually.

In no other class of public service are officers so poorly paid, taking into consideration the character and responsibility of their service. I think the legislature in fixing their compensation overlooked the fact that their office is more than merely a clerical one, but they did not overlook that, when they fixed the amount of bond to be given. The Bank Examiner is supposed to be not only a good accountant, but a good judge of properties and securities and to have an abundant knowledge of human nature. Must work long and patiently and be away from home much.

Kansas allows a Bank Commissioner $2,500.00 per annum, with three deputies at $1,200.00 each, one clerk at $1,000.00 and a stenographer at $700.00. The salary of Examiners in other states and Territories varies from $1,800.00 to $2,500.00 annually.

Our present law having been in effect since January 1, 1898, we can now begin to judge of its efficiency and determine some if not all of the changes necessary to accomplish the object for which it was enacted. As there are so many adoptions and amendments necessary, I believe the changes can better be accomplished by substituting an entirely new law and I also recommend the passage of a law, the copy of which I transmit herewith.

In matter pertaining to the supervision of her banks, Oklahoma can not afford to be behind any other state or territory, and our system should be improved, so we can give their customers better banks and the banks better customers. If this law as recommended be passed, it will be an easy matter for the banker to keep the affairs of his institution in excellent condition; and if he should fail to do so the Examiner could easily detect and correct any evils that might occur.

In conclusion I congratulate the people of this Territory, the Banking Board and myself on having the kind of men we have to do our banking business for us. They are honest, obliging and courteous to their customers and have done all in their power to assist the Banking Board in making the banking law a success, and the Examiner in the discharge of his duties.

Respectfully submitted,

J. M. PUGH.
Bank Examiner.

AN ACT,

Relating to banks and banking, providing for the organization, management, control, regulation and supervision of banks and providing penalties for violations of the provisions of this Act, and repealing chapter 4 of the Session Laws of 1897, of Oklahoma territory.

SECTION 1.

Any three or more persons, a majority of whom shall be residents of this Territory, may organize themselves into a banking association and be incorporated as a bank, and shall be permitted to carry on the business of receiving money on deposit, either with or without interest, and of buying and selling exchange, gold, silver, coin, bullion, uncurrent money, bonds of the United States or of this Territory, or any of the cities, counties and school districts therein, and Territorial, County, City, Township and School District or other municipal indebtedness, and loaning money on chattel and personal security, and to own a suitable building, furniture and fixtures for the transaction of its business, the value of which shall not exceed one-third of the capital of such bank fully paid.

Provided, That nothing in this section shall prohibit such bank from holding and disposing of such real estate as it may acquire through the collection of debts due to it.

SECTION 2.

The name selected for such bank shall not be the name of any other bank doing business in this Territory, and the capital stock which shall be fully paid in shall not be less than $5000.00 in towns or cities having more than a population of 750 and less than 2500, the capital shall not be less than $10,000.00 fully paid in. in cities having more than a population of 2500 and less than 5000, the capital stock shall be not less than $15,000.00 fully paid in; in cities of over 5000 population the capital fully paid in shall not be less than $25,000,00, and in addition to the other requirements of the law, the charter of any such bank shall contain the name and places of residence of each of its stockholders and the amount of stock subscribed by each, and may contain such other provisions, not inconsistent with the law, as the stockholders may deem proper. The charter shall be subscribed by at least three of the stockholders of the proposed bank. and shall be acknowledged by them; and the full amount of capital stock be subscribed before the charted is filed. If the capital of any bank now doing business in this Territory does not conform to the provisions of this section, such bank shall comply with these provisions within six months after the passage of this act.

SECTION 3.

The existence of such bank as a corporation shall date from the filing of its charter, from which time it shall have and may exercise the powers conferred by law upon corporations generally, except as limited or modified by this act; provided, that such bank shall transact no business except the election of officers, the taking and approving their official bonds, the receipts of payments on account of subscriptions to its capital stock, and such other business as is incidental to its organization, until it has been authorized by the bank commissioner provided for hereinafter, to commence the business of banking as hereinafter provided for.

SECTION 4.

The capital stock of any such association shall be divided into shares of not less than $100.00 each, and all subscriptions to said capital stock shall be paid in cash; provided, that in the reorganization of a bank the assets of the old may be accepted in lieu of cash,

SECTION 5.

When not less than 50 per cent of the capital of any bank shall have been paid in, the President or Cashier thereof, shall transmit to the Bank Commissioner a verified statement showing the names and places of residence of stockholders, the amount of stock subscribed, and the amount paid in by each; and the Bank Commissioner shall thereupon have the same power to examine into the condition and affairs of such bank as if had been before that time engaged in the banking business; and he shall within thirty days from the receipt of such statement make such examination, and shall examine especially as the amount of money paid in on account of its capital and by whom paid, and the amount of capital stock of which each stockholder is, in good faith, the owner, and whether such bank has complied with the provisions of the law in all respects; and if such bank has been organized as prescribed and has in all respects complied with the provisions of law, said commissioner shall issue to such bank, under his hand and seal, a certificate showing that it has been organized and its capital paid in as required by law, and is authorized to transact a general banking business as provided by this act.

SECTION 6.

Not less than 10 per cent of the residue of tho capital stock of such bank shall be paid in each month after such bank has been authorized to commence business as aforesaid.

SECTION 7.

The capital stock of any such bank shall not be increased until the original capital is fully paid in, nor shall any increase be made unless the same shall be fully paid up at the time when subscriptions are entered there or; and a verified statement shall be transmitted to the bank commissioner, showing the amount of the increase, the names and places of residence of the subscribers therefor, the amount subscribed by each and that the same has been fully paid in, The date and amount of each increase shall also be certified to the Secretary of the Territory.

SECTION 8.

Whenever any shareholder, or his assignees, fails to pay any instalment of his stock, when the same is required to be paid, the directors of such bank may sell the stock of such delinquent shareholder, or as much thereof as is necessary to satisfy the debt, at public auction, after having given three weeks previous notice thereof in a newspaper published and in general circulation in the city or county where the bank is located, to any person who will pay the highest price therefor, not to be less than the amount due thereon with the expenses of the advertisement and sale; and the excess, if any, shall be paid to the delinquent stockholder, If no bidder can be found who will pay for such stock the amount due thereon and the costs of the advertisement and sale, the amount previously paid shall be forfeited to the bank, and such stock shall be sold as the directors shall order within six months from the time of such forfeiture.

SECTION 9.

Any corporation transacting business under this act may be dissolved by the district court of the county in which its principal place of business is located, in the following manner: A verified petition shall be filed in the office of the clerk of said court, signed by the president or a majority of a board of directors, setting forth that two-thirds in amount of the stockholders of such association have adopted a resolution favoring such dissolution, and directing proceedings to be instituted for that purpose. a copy of which resolution shall be fet forth, and that all claims and demands against such association have been paid and discharged; and thereupon a notice shall be published in the manner prescribed by law for service by publication. Such notice shall state the name of the court in which the petition has been filed, the substance and purpose thereof, and that unless objections are filed thereto on or before a time to be stated, which shall not be less than forty-one days from the first publication, the relief prayed for will be granted. A copy of such notice shall be sent to the bank commissioner within ten days after the first publication thereof, and he shall within thirty days thereafter, make a thorough examination of the affairs o fsuch bank, and file a certified copy thereof with said petition. Any person interested may, on or before the time fixed by the notice and afterwards, if permitted by the the court, file a written objection to the dissolution of such corporation, The petition and objection thereto, if any, shall stand for a hearing the same as a civil action; and if upon the hearing thereof the court shall be satisfied that the petition is true, and that there is no valid objection to the dissoulution of such corporation it shall render judgment dissolving the same.

SECTION 10.

The affairs and business of any banking corporation doing business under this act shall be managed and controlled by aboard of directors not less than three nor more than thirteen in number, who shall be selected from the stockholders in the manner provided in the general corporation act, a majority of whom shall be residents of the territory of Oklahoma; the board shall designate one of their number to act as president and one as secretary, and shali select from among thn stockholders a cashier; such officers shall hold their offices for the term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified. The board shall require the cashier and and any and all officers having the care and handling of the funds of the bank to give a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by them and held by such custodian as the board may designate. The board of directors shall hold two regulars meetings each yearand at such meetings thorough examination of the books, records, funds and securities held by the bank shall be made by them, and the result of such examination shall be recorded in detail upon the record book of the bank. A certified copy of the record of such meeting shall be forwarded to the bank commissioner within ten days.

SECTION 11.

The shareholders of every bank organized under this act shall be additionally liable for the amount of stock owned and no more.

SECTION 12.

No bank shall employ its monies directly or indirectly in trade or commerce by buying or selling goods, chattels, wares and merchandise, and shall not invest any of its funds in the stock of any other bank or incorporation, nor make any loans or discount on the security of the shares of its own capital stock' nor be the purchaser or holder of any such shares, unless such securities or purchase shall be necessary to prevent loss upon a debt previously contracted in good faith; and stock so purchased or acquired shall, within six months from the time of its purchase, be sold or disposed of at public or private sale; after the expiration of six months any such stock shall not be considered as part of the assets of any bank: Provided, that it may sell all kind of property which may come into its possession as collateral security for loans or any ordinary collection of debts, in the manner prescribed by law.

SECTION 13.

Each bank doing business under this act shall have on hand at all times in available funds the following sums, to-wit: Banks located in towns or cities having a population of less than 2,500, an amount equal to 20 per cent. of their entire deposits, banks located in cities having over 2,500 population an amount equal to 25 per cent. of their entire deposits, two-thirds of which may consist of balances due to them from good, solvent banks located at commercial centers and at such other points as the bank commissioner may approve and one-third shall consist of actual cash: Provided, that any bank that has been made the depository for the reserve of any other bank or banks shall have on hand at all times in the manner provided herein 25 per cent. of its deposits. Whenever the available funds in any bank shall be below the required amount, such bank shall not increase its liabilities by making any new loans or discounts otherwise than by discounting or purchasing bills of exchange payable at sight, nor make any dividends of its profits, until the required proportion between the aggregate amount of its deposits and its lawful money reserve has been restored; and the bank commissioner shall notify any bank whose lawful money reserve shall be below the amount required to be kept on hand to make good such reserve, and it such bank or association shall fail to do so for a period of thirty days after such notice, it shall be deemed to be insolvent, and the bank commissioner shall take possession of the same and proceed in the manner provided in this act relating to insolvent banks. The bank commissioner may refuse to consider as a part of its reserve, balances due to any bank from any other bank or association which shall refuse or neglect to furnish him with such information as he may require from time to time relating to its business with any other bank doing business under this act which shall enable him to determine its solvency: Provided, that all savings banks or savings associations which do not transact a general banking business shall be required to keep on hand at all times in actual cash a sum equal to ten per cent. of their deposits and shall be required to keep a like sum invested in good bonds of the United States or territorial, county, school district or municipal bonds of the Territory of Oklahoma worth not less than par.

SECTION 14.

The total liability to any bank or any person or company, corporation or firm for money borrowed, including in the liabilities of the company or firm the liabilities of the several members thereof, shall not at any time exceed 20 per cent. of the capital stock and surplus of such bank actually paid in; but the discount of bills of exchange drawn in good faith against actual existing receipts as collateral security, and a discount of commercial or business paper actually owned by the person shall not be considered as money borrowed. The bank commissioner may at any time order an excess loan reduced to the legal limit within sixty days from the date of notification by him.

SECTION 15.

Every officer, director, agent or clerk of any bank doing business under the laws of the Territory of Oklahoma who wilfully and knowingly subscribes to or makes any false report or any false statements or entries in the books of such bank or knowingly subscribes or exibits any false writings on paper, with the intent to deceive any person as to the condition of such bank, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed $1,000.00 or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 16.

No bank shall accept or receive on deposit, with or without interest, any money, bank bills or notes, or United States treasury notes, gold or silver certificates, or currency, or other notes, bills, checks, or drafts, when such bank is insolvent; and any officer, director, cashier, manager, member, party or managing party of any bank who shall knowingly violate the provisions of this section or be accessory to or permit or connive at the receiving or accepting of any such deposit shall be guilty of a felony, and, upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $5,000.00 or by imprisonment in the penitentiary not exceeding five years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 17.

It shall be unlawful for any individual, firm or corporation to transact a banking business, or to receive deposits, without having first transmitted to the bank commissioner a verified statement of the resources and liabilities of such individual, firm or corporation; said statement shall be made in accordance with sections 5 and 18 of this act.

The bank commissioner shall thereupon have power to examine into the condit on and affairs of such bank and shall within thirty days from the receipt of such statements make such examination: and if such bank has in all respects complied with the provisions of law applicable thereto said commissioner shall issue to such individual, firm or corporation, under his hand and seal, a certfiicate showing the amount of capital paid in, and that the same is authorized to transact a general banking business, as provided by this act. And it shall be unlawful for any individual, firm or corporation to transact a banking business without first having received such certificate from the bank commissioner.

Any person violating the provisions of this section, either individually or as an interested party in any association or corporation shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be fined in a sum not less than $300.00 or more than $1,000.00, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 18.

Every bank shall make at least four reports each year, and oftener if called upon, to the bank commissioner, according to the form which may be prescribed by him, verified by the oath or affirmation of the president or cashier of such association and attested by the signatures of at least two of the directors. Each such report shall exhibit, in detail and under the appropriate heads, the resources and liabilities of the association at the close of business on any past day by him specified, and shall be transmitted by the bank commissioner within ten days after the receipt of a request or requisition therefor by him, and in the same form in which it is made to the bank commissioner, (except that cash and sight exchange may be shown under one heading.) and shall be published within ten days after the same is made out in a newspaper published in the county in which such bank is established for two insertions at the expense of the bank; and such proof of publication shall be furnished within five days after date of last publication, as may be required by the bank commissioner. The bank commissioner shall also have power to call for special reports from any bank whenever in his judgment the same are necessary in order to gain a full and complete knowledge of its condition. The verification of such statement shall be in the following form:

Territory of Oklahoma, County of..............................ss:

I .... president (or cashier) of said bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true; that said bank has no other liabilities, and is not endorser on any note or obligation, other than that shown in the above statement, to the best of my knowledge and belief so help me God.

.... President.

.... Cashier.

SECTION 19

In addition to the reports required by the preceding sections each bank doing business under this act shall, within ten days after the declaring of any dividend, forward to the bank commissioner a statement of the amount of such dividend and the amount carried to surplus and undivided profits accounts, and shall also forward to the commissioner, within ten days after the first of January in each year, in such form as he may designate, a verified statement showing the receipts and disbursements of such bank for the preceding year.

SECTION 20.

Every bank which fails to make and transmit or to publish any report required under either of the two preceding sections, shall be subject to a penalty of $50.00 for each day after the period respectively therein mentioned, that it delays to make and transmit its report or the proof of publication.

Whenever any bank delays or refuses to pay the penalty herein imposed for a failure to make and transmit or to publish a report, the commissioner is hereby authorized to maintain an action in the name of his office against the delinquent bank for the recovery of such penalty, and all sums collected by such action shall be paid into the territorial treasury and placed to the credit of the banking department.

SECTION 21.

Every bank, except national banks, doing business in the Territory of Oklahoma, which shall refuse or neglect to comply with any requirements lawfully made upon it by the bank commissioner pursuant to this act, for a period of ninety days after demand in writing, is made, shall be deemed to have forfeited its franchise, and the bank commissioner shall thereupon revoke its authority to transact the banking business, by publication in the official county paper of the county in which the bank is located. and any failure on the part of such banks to comply with, or any violation of the provisions of this act shall work a forfeiture of its franchise; and in either case the attorney-general, upon the request of the bank commissioner, shall commence an action for the purpose of dissolving said corporation.

SECTION 22.

The governor shall appoint, by and with the advice of the legislature. a bank commissioner for the Territory of Oklahoma. whose term of office shall be for four years, the first term commencing on the first day of March, 1899, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. The bank commissioner shall appoint one deputy, who shall continue in office during the term of the bank commissioner, or until his successor is appointed, subject to removal by the commissioner at any time. No officer or employee of any bank, or any person interested as owner or stockholder of any bank shall be eligible for the office of bank commissioner or deputy.

SECTION 23.

The bank commissioner and deputy shall each, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take and subscribe the usual oath of office, and execute to the Territory of Oklahoma a bond, the commissioner in the sum of $20,000.00 and the deputy in the sum of $10,000.00, with sufficient surety, to be approved and filed as provided by law.

SECTION 24.

It shall be the duty of such commissioner or his deputy to visit each and every bank doing business in this territory, except national banks, at least once in each year, and oftener if necessary, for the purpose of making a full and careful investigation and inquiry into the condition of affairs of such bank; and for that purpose the commissioner or deputy is hereby authorized and empowered to administer oaths, and to examine under oath the owners and directors, and all officers and employees and agents of such bank. The officer making such investigation shall reduce the result thereof to writing, which shall contain a full, true and careful statement of the condition of such bank.

SECTION 25.

Each and every bank so examined, having not more than $15,000.00 capital stock paid in, shall pay a fee of $15.00 for each and every examination; and each and every bank having more rhan $15,000.00, capital stock paid in and not more than $25,000.00 capital stock paid in, shall pay a fee of $20.00; and each and every bank having more than $25,000.00 capital stock paid in and not more than $40,000.00 capital stock paid in, shall pay a fee of $25.00; and each and every bank having more than $40,000.00 capital stock paid in, and not more than $50,000.00 capital stock paid in, shall pay a fee of $30.00; and each and every bank having more than $50,000.00 capital stock paid in, shall pay a fee of $35.00 to the officer making such examination.

SECTION 26.

It shall be the duty of the bank commissioner to keep a recork of all fees collected by him or his deputy, together with the record of the expenses incurred in making examinations of all banks, and at the end of each quarter pay over to the territorial treasurer all fees collected during the preceding quarter, and he shall file with the territorial treasurer an itemized statement showing from whom collected.

SECTION 27.

The commissioner shall have power at any time when he deems it necessary, to call upon any bank, except national banks, for a report of its condition upon any given day which has passed, or as often as the commissioner may deem it necessary; Provided, that the commissioner shall require four such reports at least during each and every year.

SECTION 28.

A copy of each call made by the bank commissioner for a statement from all banks doing business under this act shall be mailed to each bank, and such call shall be published in the official state paper, and such publication shall be deemed legal notice to all such banks.

SECTION 26,

If upon examination made by the commissioner or his deputy or from any report made to the commissioner, it shall appear that any bank is insolvent, it shall be the duty of the commissioner immediately to take charge of such bank and all the property and effects thereof. Upon taking charge of any bank, the commissioner shall as soon as possible, ascertain by thorough examination into its affairs, its actual financial condition, and whenever he shall become satisfied that such bank cannot resume business or liquidate its indebtedness to the satisfaction of all its creditors, he sall report the fact of its insolvency to the attorney general,. who shall immediately upon the receipt of such notice, institute proper proceedings in the proper court for the purpose of having a receiver appointed to take charge of such bank and to wind up the affairs and business thereof, for the benefit of its depositors. creditors and stockholders. The bank commissioner may appoint a special deputy bank commissioner to take charge of the affairs of an insolvent bank temporarily, until a receiver is appointed; such deputy to qualify, give bond and receive compensation the same as a regular deputy, such compensation to be paid by such bank or allowed by the court as costs, in case of the appointment of a receiver; Provided, that in no case shall any bank continue in charge of such special deputy for a longer period than sixty days.

SECTION 30.

Any bank doing business under this act may place its affairs and assets under the control of the bank commissioner by posting a notice on its front door as follows: "This bank is in the hands of the Territorial Bank Commissioner." The posting of such notice or the taking possession of any bank by the bank commissioner shall be sufficient to place all its assets and property of whatever nature in the possession of the bank commissioner, and shall operate as a bar to any attachment proceedings.

SECTION 31.

Any bank doing business under this act may voluntarily liquidate by paying off all its depositors in full, and upon filing a verified statement with the bank commissioner, setting forth the fact that all its liabilities have been paid, and the surrendering of its certificate of authority to transact a banking business, it shall cease to be subject to the provisions of this act and may continue to transact a loan and discount business under its charter; Provided, that nothing in this section shall prevent the bank commissioner from making an examination of any such bank for the purpose of determining that all its liabilities have been paid.

SECTION 32.

A bank shall be deemed to be insolvent first, when the actual cash market value of its assets is insufficient to pay its liabilities; second, when it is unable to meet the demands of its creditors in the usual and customary manner; third, when it shall fail to make good its reserve as required by law.

SECTION 33.

The directors or owners of any bank doing business under this act, may declare dividends of so much of the net profits of their bank as they shall judge expedient, but each bank shall, before the declaration of a dividend, carry one-tenth of its net profits since the last preceding dividend to its surplus fund, until the same shall amount to 50 per cent. of its capital stock.

SECTION 34.

Any losses sustained by any bank in excess of its undivided profits, may be charged to its surplus account; provided, that its surplus fund shall hereafter be reimbursed from its earnings, and no dividend shall be declared or paid by any such bank until its surplus fund shall be fully restored to its former amount.

SECTION 35.

No bank officer or director thereof shall, during the time it shall continue its banking operations, withdraw or permit to be withdrawn, either in form of dividends or otherwise, any portion of its capital. If losses have been at any time sustained by such bank equal to or exceeding its undivided profits then on hand; no dividend shall be made, and no dividend shall be declared by any bank while it continues its banking business to any amount greater than its profits on hand, deducting therefrom its losses, to be ascertained by a careful estimate of the actual cash value of all its assets at the time of making such dividends, the present worth of all maturing paper shall be estimated at the usual discourt rate of the bank. Nothing in this section shall prevent the reduction of the capital stock of any bank in the manner prescribed herein.

SECTION 36.

Every banker, officer, employe, director or agent of any bank who shall neglect to perform any duty required by this act or who shall fail to conform to any lawful requirements made by the bank commissioner, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed $1,000, or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SECTION 37.

Any individual, firm or corporation, who shall receive money on deposit, whether on certificates or subject to check, shall be considered as doing a banking business, and shall be amendable to all the provisions of this act; provided, that promissory notes issued for money received on deposit shall be held to be certificates of deposit for the purposes of this act.

SECTION 38.

It shall be unlawful for any officer, clerk or agent, of any bank doing business under this act to certify any check, draft or order drawn upon the bank unless the person, firm or corporation drawing such check, draft or order has on deposit with the bank at the time such check, draft or order, is certified, an amount of money equal to the amount specified in such check. Any check, draft or order so certified by the duly authorized officer shall be a good and valid obligation against such bank; but the officer, clerk or agent of any bank violating the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, shall be punished as provided in section 36 of this act.

SECTION 39.

Every president, director, cashier, teller, clerk, officer or agent of any bank who embezzles, abstracts or wilfully misapplies any of the monies, funds, securities or credits of the bank; or who issues or puts forth any certificates of deposit, draws any draft or bill of exchange, makes any acceptance, assigns any note, bond, draft, bill of exchange, mortgage, judgment or decree, or who makes use of the bank in any manner with intent in either case to injure or defraud the bank or any individual, person, company or comporation, or to deceive any officer of the bank; and any person who with like intent aids or abets any officer, clerk or agent, in any violation of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as provided in section 36 of this act.

SECTION 40.

Any bank officer or employe who shall pay out the funds of any bank upon the check, order or draft of any individual, firm, corporation or association, which has not on deposit with such bank a sum equal to such check, order or draft, shall be personally liable to such bank for the amount so paid, and such liability shall be covered by his official bond.

SECTION 41.

No bank, banker or bank official shall give preference to any depositor or creditor by pledging the assets of the bank as collateral security. *Provided*, that any bank may borrow money for temporary purposes, not to exceed in amount 50 per cent. of its paid up capital, and may pledge assets of the bank not exceeding the amount borrowed as colloteral security therefor; Provided, further, that whenever it shall appear that a bank is borrowing habitually for the purpose of reloaning, the bank commissioner may require such bank to pay off such borrowed money. Nothing herein shall prevent any bank from rediscounting in good faith and endorsing any of its negotiable notes.

SECTION 42.

The capital stock of any bank doing business under this act may be reduced at any time by resolution adopted by a three-fourths vote of its stockholders at any regular meeting, or at a special meeting held for that purpose of which all stockholders shall have due notice, subject to the approval of the bank commissioner. When the bank commissioner has approved of any such reduction, a certificate signed by the president and cashier of the bank setting forth the reduction of its capital and the names and amount of stock held by its stockholders shall be filed with the secretary of the territory, and a duplicate copy shall be forwhaded to the bank commissioner. Whenever the capital of any bank shall be reduced as provided in this section, every stockholder, owner or holder of any stock certificate shall surrender same for cancellation, and shall be entitled to receive a new certificate for his proportion of the new stock.

SECTION 43.

Whenever it shall appear that the capital of any bank doing business under this act has been impaired, the bank commissioner shall notify such bank to make such impairment good within sixty days, and it shall be the duty of officers and directors of any bank receiving such notice from the bank commissioner to immediately call a special meeting of its stockholders for the purpose of assessment of its stockholders of its stock sufficient to cover the impairment of its capital; provided, that such bank may reduce its capital to the extent of the impairment if such reduction will not place its capital below the amount required by this act.

SECTION 44.

Any national bank doing business in this territory may incorporate as a state bank, as provided herein, for the organization of banks; Provided, that the bank commissioner may accept good assets of such national bank worth not less than par in lieu of cash payment for the stock of such state bank.

SECTION 45.

The president and cashier of every incorporated bank shall cause to be kept at all times, a full and correct list of the names and residences of all the shareholders in the bank and the number of shares held by each, in the office where its business is transacted. Such list shall be subject to the inspection of all the shareholders and creditors of the bank and the officers authorized to assess taxes under state authority, during business hours of each day in which business may be legally transacted. A copy of such list on the first Monday in January of each year, verified by the oath of such president or cashier, shall be transmitted to the bank commissioner.

SECTION 46.

Whenever any officer of the bank shall refuse to submit the books, paper and concerns of such bank to the inspection of the commissioner, deputy or examiner appointed as aforesaid, or shall in any manner obstruct or interfere with him in the discharge of his duties, or refuse to be examined on oath touching the concerns of the bank, the commissioner may revoke the authority of such bank to transact a banking business, and may, with the concurrence of the attorney-general institute proceedings for the appointment of a receiver for such bank to wind up the business.

SECTION 47.

Any officer of any bank whose authority to transact a banking business has been revoked as herein provided, who shall receive or caused to be received any deposit of whatever nature after such revocation, shall be subject to the same penalty provided for persons transacting a banking business without authority.

SECTION 48.

A bank may purchase, hold and convey real estate for the following purposes: First, such as shall be necessary for the convenient transaction of its business, including its furniture aud fixtures, but which shall not exceed one-third of the paid in capital; second, such as shall be conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its business; third, such as it shall purchase at sale under judgments, decrees or mortgage foreclosures under securities held by it; but a bank shall not bid at any such sale a larger amount than enough to satisfy its debts and costs. Real estate shall be conveyed under the corporate seal of the bank, and the hand of its president or vice-president, cashier or treasurer. No real estate acquired in the cases contemplated in the second and third subsections above shall be held for a longer time than five years, it must be sold at private or public sale within thirty days thereafter.

SECTION 49.

Any bank now doing business in this territory which owns real estate in excess of 50 per cent. of its capital shall reduce its holdings by converting same into cash or other good assets, to an amount not exceeding 50 per cent. of its paid up capital, within six months after the passage of this act.

SECTION 50.

The shares of stock of an incorporated bank shall be deemed personal property, and shall be transferred on the books of the bank in such manner as the by-laws thereof may direct; but no transfer of stock shall be valid against a bank so long as the registered holder thereof shall be liable as principal debtor, surety or otherwise to the bank for any debt which shall be due and unpaid, nor in such cases shall any dividend, interest or profits be paid on said stock so long as such liabilities continue, but all such dividends, interest or profits shall be retained by the bank and applied to the discharge of such liabilities; and no stock shall be transferred on the books of any banks without the consent of the board of directors where the registered holder thereof is in debt to the bank for any matured and unpaid obligations.

SECTION 51.

It shall be unlawful for any bank to loan its funds to its stockholders on their stock as collateral security; and the total indebtedness of the stockholders of any incorporated bank shall at no time exceed 50 per cent. of its paid up capital: Provided, that any bank may hold its stock as additional security or to secure a debt previously contracted.

SECTION 52.

The bank commissioner shall examine each and every bank in the hands of a receiver at least once in six months, until its affairs shall be wound up, and shall a copy of each such examination with the clerk of the district court in the county where such bank is located. Receivers of all insolvent bauks shall make reports to the bank commissioner in the same manner as is required of solvent banks and shall cause such statements to be published in like manner.

SECTION 53.

For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act, the bank commissioner shall provide a form for the necessary blanks for such examinations and reports; and all examinations and reports received by him shall be preserved in his office.

SECTION 54.

The bank commissioner shall receive for his services a salary of $2,000 per annum; the deputy bank commissioner shall receive a salary of $900.00 per annum. The legislature shall appropriate a sum not to exceed $500 for each year to cover the incidental expenses of the bank commissioner's office, and such sum as may be necessary to defray the traveling expenses of the commissioner and his deputy. All money actually and necessarily paid out by the commissioner or his deputy for traveling and incidental expenses shall be paid to them upon the auditor's warrant, to be issued upon sworn vouchers containing an itemized account of such expenses.

SECTION 55.

The bank commissioner shall make a report to the governor on or before September 1, of every even numbered year, which report shall contain the names of the owners, or the princ pal officers, the paid up capital of each, the number of banks in the territory, the name and location of each, the number and date of examination and reports made of and by each, and such other information concerning the same as may be necessary to inform the governor of the condition thereof.

SECTION 56.

Any commissioner or deputy commissioner who shall neglect to perform any duty provided for by this act, or who shall make any false statement concerning any bank, or who shall be guilty of any misconduct or corruption in office, shall, upon conviction thereof, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and punished in the manner provided for in section 36 of this act, and in addition thereto shall be removed from office by the governor.

SECTION 57.

It shall be the duty of the bank commissioner or of his deputy to inform the county attorney of the county in which the bank is located of any violations of any of the provisions of this act which constitutes a misdemeanor or felony, by the officers, owners or employes of any bank, and upon receipt of such information the county attorney shall institute proceedings to enforce the provisions of this act.

SECITON 58.

Every officer or employee of a bank required by this act to take an oath or affirmation who shall wilfully swear or affirm falsely shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as provided by the laws of this territory in case of perjury.

SECTION 59.

Chapter 4, of the session laws of 1897, relating to the incorporation of banks and to the governing of institutions doing a banking business, and receiving deposits, shall be and the same is, inoperative and void and all laws and parts of laws inconsistent herewith are repealed: Provided, that this act shall not affect any offense committed or right of action accruing from the taking effect hereof, but all such offenses or rights of action shall remain and be prosecuted under the law existing at the time such offense was committed or such right of action approved.

SECTION 60.

This act shall be in force and effect from and after its passage and approval.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Exchange Bank at Alva in Woods County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$34,400.69
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers	133.49
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	1,384.26
Real estate, at present cash market value	629.15
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,178.55
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	32,738.15
Checks	....
Other cash items	1,575.64
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,940.00
Gold coin	1,023.00
Silver coin	741.96
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 76,744.89

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	300.00
Undivided profits	3,922.61
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	225.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	67,297.28
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 76,744.89

We, J. A. Stine, President, and G. E. Nickel, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Woods, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Sept. 1st, 1901. L. W. MOORE, Notary Public.

Attest:

J. A. STINE,
G. E. NICKEL,
Directors.

J. A. STINE,
President.
G. E. NICKEL,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Blackwell at Blackwell in Kay County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 7,880.11
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	400.00
Loans and discounts past due	4,694.50
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	7,282.10
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	6,691.60
Expenses and taxes paid	2,187.81
Real estate, at present cash market value	2,000.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,250.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	260.63
Checks	436.72
Other cash items	1,328.77
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	5,523.00
Gold coin	2,005 00
Silver coin	1,230.40
Other Resources	474.07
Total	$ 43,644.74

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	150.00
Undivided profits	2,753.83
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	224.45
Certificate of deposits	1,749.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	2,116.96
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	26,350.50
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	300.00
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 43,644.74

We, M. E. Richardson, President, and J. W. Morse, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kay, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-eighth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Dec. 10th, 1901. JOHN R. TATE, Notary Public.

Attest:

M. E. RICHARDSON,
J. C. BRADFORD,
Directors.

M. E. RICHARDSON,
President.
J. W. MORSE,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Blackwell State Bank at Blackwell in Kay County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 6,510.90
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	274.95
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	6.61
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	629.82
Real estate, at present cash market value	2,500.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	....
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	7,522.88
Checks	271.43
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,232.00
Gold coin	10.00
Silver coin	207.63
Other Resources	34.92
Total	$ 21,201.14

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	643.78
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	15,557.36
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 21,201.14

We, W. S McGiffert, President. and M B. McGiffert, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kay, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Sept. 23rd, 1902.
O. F. EVERSOLE, Notary Public.

Attest:
W. S. McGIFFERT,
President.
J. L. FARR,
Director.
W. B. McGIFFERT,
Cashier

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Hoffman, Charles & Conklin, Chandler in Lincoln County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 32,292.22
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	3,842.91
Loans and discounts past due	2.000.00
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	10,685.16
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	6,943 85
Expenses and taxes paid	1,371.48
Real estate, at present cash market value	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	300.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	10,835.99
Checks	796.25
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes gold and silver certificates	7,113.00
Gold coin	....
Silver coin	1,036.00
Other Resources	5 0
Total	$ 78,275.39

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	5,870.52
Certified checks.	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	3,702.65
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	3,636.67
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	60,065.55
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 78,275.39

We, P. S. Hoffman, President, and E. L. Conklin, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Lincoln, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this seventeenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires July 19th, 1902. J. M. CLARK, Notary Public.

Attest:

H. C. BRUNT,
Director.

P. S. HOFFMAN,
President.
E. L. CONKLIN,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Cleveland at Cleveland in Pawnee County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 23,903.31
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	2,799.46
Overdrafts by solvent customers	92.15
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	2,232.77
Real estate, at present cash market value	5 0.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	433.90
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	969.44
Checks	717.39
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	1,090.00
Gold coin	310.00
Silver coin	748.10
Other Resources	652.86
Total	$ 31,649.92

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	4,417.85
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	15,210.91
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	168.44
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	6,852.72
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 31,649.92

We, G. W. Sutton, President, and W. T. Litten, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Pawnee, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-first day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Jan. 31st, 1899. O. A. GILBERT, Notary Public.

Attest:

G. W. SUTTON,
JAS. BIGHART,
Directors.

G. W. SUTTON,
President.
W. T. LITTEN,
Cashier

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Cheyenne State Bank at Cheyene in Roger Mills County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 4,261.72
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers	27.53
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	30.94
Real estate, at present cash market value	1,000.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,000.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	27,741.19
Checks	....
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	1,535.00
Gold coin	....
Silver coin	265.07
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 35,861.45

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	280.90
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	30,580.55
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 35,861.45

We, E. K. Thurmond, President, and A. L. Thurmond, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Roger Mills, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires

DAVID W. DAVIES, Notary Public.

Attest:

CLARENCE THURMOND,
Director.

E. K. THURMOND,
President.

A. L. THURMOND,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Cushing at Cushing in Payne County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 7,731.63
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	512.25
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	5.87
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	1,229.52
Real estate, at present cash market value	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	630.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	5,768.97
Checks	....
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,920.00
Gold coin	285.00
Silver coin	344.03
Other Resources	3,000.00
Total	$ 22,427.27

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	3,240.67
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	256.75
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	13,929.85
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 22,427.27

We, J. Hough, President, and Fred'k L. Pitman, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Payne, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires April 6th, 1900.
W. R. LITTLE, Notary Public.

Attest:
FRED'K L. PITMAN,
M. E. PITMAN,
Directors.

J. HOUGH,
President.
FRED'K L. PITMAN,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Lincoln County State Bank at Chandler in Lincoln County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 26,813.83
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers	8,707.83
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks at present cash market price	5,576.18
Expenses and taxes paid	1,844.26
Real estate, at present cash market value	5,834.92
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	....
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	8,311.55
Checks	....
Other cash items	1,154.53
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	1,664.00
Gold coin	830.00
Silver coin	714.50
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 61,451.60

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10.000.00
Surplus fund on hand	2,000.00
Undivided profits	2,131
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificates of deposits	1,713.25
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	1,048.53
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	37,718.55
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	6 840.00
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 61,451.60

W. E. Merydith, President, and F. B. Hoyt, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Lincoln, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-eighth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires

E. W. HOYT, Notary Public.

Attest:

E. W. HOYT.
Director.

W. E. MERYDITH,
President.
F. B. HOYT,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Eugene Arnett State Bank at Earlboro in Pottawatomie County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 6,440.53
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	613.87
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	172.87
Real estate, at present cash market value	5,250.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,750.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	
Checks	
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,461.29
Gold coin	
Silver coin	
Other Resources	
Total	$ 17,688.56

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 15.000.00
Surplus fund on hand	
Undivided profits	408.63
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	2,279.93
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 17,688.56

We, L. S. Arnett, President, and Eugene Arnett, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Pottawatomie, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fourteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Nov 2nd, 1901. ROBERTA ARNETT, Notary Public.

Attest:

L. S. ARNETT,
EUGENE ARNETT,
Directors.

L. S. ARNETT,
President
EUGLNE ARNETT,
Cashier

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Peoples Bank at Edmund in Oklahoma County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 21,082.33
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	2,131.19
Loans and discounts past due	1,264.03
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	2,836.98
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	3.552.01
Expenses and taxes paid	
Real estate, at present cash market value	4,975.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,355.53
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	17,359.88
Checks	12.50
Other cash items	.50
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,006.00
Gold coin	615.50
Silver coin	439.54
Other Resources	
Total	$ 57,366.96

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	400.00
Undivided profits	2,065.90
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	6.235.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	35.666.06
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bil's payable	3,000.00
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 57,366.96

We, John Pfaff, President, and W. S. Patten, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Oklahoma, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Jan. 10th, 1899. JOHN M. ANGLEA, Notary Public.

Attest:

G. B. HANEY,
J. W. HOWARD,
Directors.

JOHN PFAFF,
President.
W. S. PATTEN,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Citizens State Bank at El Reno in Canadian County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$119,979.65
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	4,000.00
Loans and discounts past due	1,455.65
Overdrafts by solvent customers	3,652.58
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	1,777.40
Expenses and taxes paid	1,838 98
Real estate, at present cash market value	6,500.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	2,300.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	53,628.06
Checks	578.12
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	8,825.00
Gold coin	3,441.00
Silver coin	2,242.3
Other Resources	310.00
Total	$210,523.87

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	3,000.00
Undivided profits	8 489.63
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	1,967.30
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	15,873.34
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	155,698.60
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Set aside to pay taxes	500.00
Total	$210 528.87

We, H. T. Smith, President, and Otto A. Shuttee, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank

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Territory of Oklahoma, County of Canadian, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires April 15th, 1902. THOS. F. NORMAN, Notary Public.

Attest:

H. T. SMITH,
President.

P. K. TOWNSEND,
GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Directors.

OTTO A. SHUTTEE,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Enid at Enid in Garfield County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 45,645.74
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	7,802.24
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	922.38
Expenses and taxes paid	533.82
Real estate, at present cash market value	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	....
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	18,046.59
Checks	2,295.65
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	8,423.0
Gold coin	549 00
Silver coin	2,230.24
Other Resources	13 .00
Total	$ 86.581.66

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	12,000.00
Undivided profits	947.89
Interest and Exchange	2,150.17
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	3,842.24
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	62,549.09
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Over and short account	92 27
Total	$ 86.581.66

We, W. W. Letson, President, and O. J. Fleming, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Garfield, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-ninth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires March 23rd, 1902. W. W. WATT, Notary Public.

W. W. LETSON,
President.
O. J. FLEMING,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Citizens Bank at Enid in Garfield County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 20,301.80
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	5,041.02
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	4,520.70
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	1,751.01
Expenses and taxes paid	2,093.08
Real estate, at present cash market value	1,450.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	800.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	10,409.16
Checks	....
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,331.00
Gold coin	105.00
Silver coin	168.00
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 49,970.77

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	2,981.08
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	3,606.10
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	38,383.59
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 49,970.77

We, William Kennedy, President, and H. H. Watkins, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Garfield, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-eighth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Oct. 30th, 1901.
W. E. COGDAL, Notary Public.

Attest:
H. H. WATKINS,
WILLIAM KENNEDY,
Directors.

WILLIAM KENNEDY,
President.
H. H. WATKINS,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Enid State Bank at Enid in Garfield County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 29,023.48
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	850.00
Loans and discounts past due	[illegible]4.40
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	3,768.83
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	5,000.00
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	840.55
Real estate, at present cash market value	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	....
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	14 725.71
Checks	195.26
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,685.00
Gold coin	4,230.00
Silver coin	219.88
Other Resources	356.87
Total	$ 62,539.98

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10 000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	1,526.66
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	4,593.35
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	204.28
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	46,215.69
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 62,539.98

We, H. H. Champlin, President, and F. C. Champlin, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Garfield, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires April 29th, 1902. P. J. GOULDING, Notary Public.

Attest:

H. H. CHAMPLIN,
F. C. CHAMPLIN,
Directors.

H. H. CHAMPLIN,
President.
F. C. CHAMPLIN,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Geary at Geary in Blaine County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security......	$ 12,003.36
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security.....	2,166.75
Loans and discounts past due....	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	2,785.47
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful.....	6.50
United States bonds on hand.....	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price..........	....
Expenses and taxes paid..........	2,051.59
Real estate, at present cash market value.....	2,000.61
Furniture and fixtures at actual value......	443.80
Due from other banks good on sight draft........	8,701.66
Checks......	....
Other cash items......	721.75
National bank notes legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates...........	2,083.00
Gold coin........	20.00
Silver coin........	1,752.27
Other Resources......	73.38
Total......	$ 34,810.14

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in...............	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand.............	....
Undivided profits......	2,973.86
Certified checks......	52.50
Cashier's checks......	....
Certificate of deposits......	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks......	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	24,283.78
Deposits subject to draft at given dates........	....
Bills payable........	2,500.00
Bills and notes discounted........	....
Total......	$ 34,810.14

We, Beeks Erick, President, and John H. Dillon, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Blaine, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this seventeenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Oct. 12th, 1902. J. C. TOUSLEY, Notary Public.

BEEKS ERICK,
President.
JOHN H. DILLON,
Cashier.

C. M. CADE,
J. H. MAXEY,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Indian Territory at Guthrie in Logan County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 44,634.85
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	2,000.00
Overdrafts by solvent customers	10,418.49
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	118.00
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	200.00
Expenses and taxes paid	5,571.55
Real estate, at present cash market value	4,230.39
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	3,774.17
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	9,441.56
Checks	6,[illegible].84
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes gold and silver certificates	11,2[illegible].00
Gold coin	2,380.00
Silver coin	558.03
Other Resources	6,232.59
Total	$107,517.47

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	8,993.84
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	8,456.25
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	933.36
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	64,129.49
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$107,517.47

We, U. C. Guss, President, and H. W. Painter, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Logan, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twentieth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Jan. 4th, 1902. AVERY A. HUMPHREY, Notary Public.

U. C. GUSS,
President
H. W. PAINTER,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Hennessey at Hennessey in Kingfisher County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 22,993.22
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers	8,971.47
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	842.94
Real estate, at present cash market value	2,000.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,000.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	14,474.24
Checks	20.42
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	8,411.00
Gold coin	720.00
Silver coin	1,266.15
Other Resources	
Total	$ 60,699.44

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5 000.00
Surplus fund on hand	2 500.00
Undivided profits	3,965.86
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	601.40
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	48,632.18
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 60,699.44

We, J. W. Smith, Prest., and H. L. Chamness, Ass't Cash. of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kingfisher, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fifteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Dec. 30th, 1902. R. H. DRENNAN, Notary Public.

Attest:

J. W. SMITH,
President.

H. L. CHAMNESS,
Ass't Cashier.

J. W. SMITH,
R. H. DRENNAN,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Farmers and Merchants Bank at Hennessey in Kingfisher County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Internal Revenue	$ 153.39
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	31,464.04
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	968.50
Overdrafts by solvent customers	2,195.44
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	1, 93.84
Real estate, at present cash market value	
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	38,674.45
Checks	295.92
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	11,049.00
Gold coin	6,435.00
Silver coin	1,103.17
Other Resources	
Total	$ 93,588.75

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5 000.00
Surplus fund on hand	
Undivided profits	5,338. 5
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	2,330.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	80,890.10
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 93,588.75

We, S. P. Richardson, Prest., and M. W. Chamness, Cash. of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kingfisher, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this sixteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Jan. 7th, 1899. J. B. CAMPBELL, Notary Public.

S. P. RICHARDSON,
President.
M. W. CHAMNESS,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Kingfisher at Kingfisher in Kingfisher County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December. 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 25,492.00
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	2,000.00
Overdrafts by solvent customers	6,036.00
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	1,000.00
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	7,700.00
Expenses and taxes paid	500.00
Real estate, at present cash market value	10,000.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	13,768.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	
Checks	
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	
Gold coin	
Silver coin	19,014.00
Other Resources	
Total	$ 85,510.00

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 8 000.00
Surplus fund on hand	2,5 0.00
Undivided profits	
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	74,990.00
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 85,510.00

I, J. C. Post, President of said bank, do solemnly swear that I know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kingfisher, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fifteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Aug. 26th, 1900. C. W. SMITH, Notary Public.

J. C. POST,
President.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Peoples Bank at Kingfisher in Kingfisher County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 39,663.14
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	1,300.00
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers	7,447.43
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	150 00
Expenses and taxes paid	1,638.93
Real estate, at present cash market value	5,000.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,500.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	43,093.25
Checks	....
Other cash items	4,537.22
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,580.00
Gold coin	2,010.00
Silver coin	1,936.69
Other Resources	1,[illegible]5.00
Total	$113,843.43

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	4,249.43
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	... ...
Certificate of deposits	5,509.42
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	691.05
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	93,393.53
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$113,843.43

We, Geo. Newer, President, and H. K. Bickford, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma. County of Kingfisher, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires April 23rd, 1900. WM. S. WHIRLOW, Notary Public.

GEO. NEWER,
President.
H. K. BICKFORD,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the State Bank of McLoud at McLoud in Pottawatomie County, Territory of Oklahoma. at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 3,852.96
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers	4,100.0
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	290.0
Real estate, at present cash market value	1,312.[illegible]
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	649.81
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	8,855.33
Checks	
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal ender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	5,298.00
Gold coin	360.00
Silver coin	2,124.64
Other Resources	[illegible]
Total	$ 26,903.31

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	
Undivided profits	366.78
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	8,291.96
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	287.54
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	12,962.03
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 26,908.31

We, Thos. Hollis, President, and L. B. Heliker, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Pottawatomie, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Jan. 15th, 1902. C. M. HAYS, Notary Public.

Attest:

THOS. HOLLIS,
President.
L. B. HELIKER,
Cashier.

E. CRADDOCK,
J. ED. CRADDOCK,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Grant County Bank at Medford in Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security......	$ 19,762.04
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security.....	....
Loans and discounts past due....	1,760.00
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	3,617.42
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful......	....
United States bonds on hand.....	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price..........	3,673.11
Expenses and taxes paid..........	677.27
Real estate, at present cash market value.....	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value......	2,000.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft........	4,852.69
Checks........	203.00
Other cash items......	81.84
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates...........	2,046.00
Gold coin........	55.00
Silver coin........	471.75
Other Resources......	....
Total......	$ 37,440.12

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in..............	$ 7,000.00
Surplus fund on hand.............	140.00
Undivided profits......	1,713.11
Certified checks......	....
Cashier's checks......	242.50
Certificate of deposits......	300.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks......	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	23,994.51
Deposits subject to draft at given dates........	2,050.00
Bills payable........	2,000.00
Bills and notes discounted........	....
Total......	$ 37,440.12

We, John H. Grattan, Prest., and A. E. Stephenson, Cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Grant, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-second day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Feb. 17th, 1902.

D. S. DILL, Notary Public.

Attest:

JOHN GRATTAN,
A. E. STEPHENSON,
Directors.

JOHN GRATTAN,
President.
A. E. STEPHENSON,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Medford State Bank at Medford in Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 6,075.29
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	395.72
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	181.80
Expenses and taxes paid	178.63
Real estate, at present cash market value	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,000.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	2,018.79
Checks	738.70
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	755.00
Gold coin	45.00
Silver coin	547.42
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 11,936.35

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5 000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	517.10
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	2,600.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals ar others	3,819.25
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 11,936.35

We, R. L. Hall, Vice-President, and T. T. Godfrey, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Grant, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898

My commission expires Feb. 17th, 1902. D. S. DILL, Notary Public.

Attest:

R. L. HALL,
T. T. GODFREY,
Directors.

R. L. HALL,
President
T. T. GODFREY,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Cattlemens Exchange Bank at Mangum in Greer County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 43,846.30
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	4,881.41
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks. at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	1,904.01
Real estate, at present cash market value	
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,121.79
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	31,819.88
Checks	
Other cash items	20.50
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	5.097.70
Gold coin	
Silver coin	
Other Resources	
Total	$ 88,691.59

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5 0 0 0
Surplus fund on hand	[illegible]0 .00
Undivided profits	3 955.69
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	846.56
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	66,927.63
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	11,031.71
Total	$ 88,691.59

We, G. W. Boyd, President, and O. P. Jones, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Greer, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fourteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires. H. MATHEWSON, Notary Public.

G. W. BOYD,
President.

O. P. JONES,
Cashier.

Attest:

W. R. HEXT,
G. W. BOYD,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Citizens Bank at Mulhall in Logan County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 15,637.53
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	435.90
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	261.10
Real estate, at present cash market value	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	....
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	3,976.31
Checks	....
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,120.00
Gold coin	400.00
Silver coin	741.18
Other Resources	218.06
Total	$ 24,790.08

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	4,121.47
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	98.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals an others	12,070.61
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Due G. W. Burford, money on special deposit	3,500.00
Total	$ 24,790.08

We, G. W. Burford, President, and G. E. Burford, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Logan, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires March 14th, 1899. W. H. MATTHEWS, Notary Public.

Attest:

G. W. BURFORD,
President.
G. E. BURFORD,
Cashier.

G. W. BURFORD,
G. E. BURFORD,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Santa Fe at Newkirk in Kay County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 16,625.00
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	1,075.00
Loans and discounts past due	577.00
Overdrafts by solvent customers	
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	553.05
Real estate, at present cash market value	2,200.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	300.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	56,113.[illegible]
Checks	428.50
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	4,560.[illegible]
Gold coin	3 000 00
Silver coin	892.58
Other Resources	
Total	$ 86,324.61

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	2,000.00
Undivided profits	3,430.48
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	70,894.13
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 86,324.61

We, E. B. Eastman, President, and C. A. Eastman, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kay, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fifteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Dec. 6th, 1901. WM. S. CLINE, Notary Public.

E. B. EASTMAN,
President.
C. A. EASTMAN,
Cashier.

Attest:
E. B. EASTMAN,
J. S. EASTMAN,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Kay County State Bank at Newkirk in Kay County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 16,400.01
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	350.00
Loans and discounts past due	178.00
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	584.84
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	5,220.40
Expenses and taxes paid	1,074.89
Real estate, at present cash market value	1,500.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	500.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	5,854.58
Checks	16.37
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes. gold and silver certificates	3,000 00
Gold coin	1,575.00
Silver coin	922.24
Other Resources	245.59
Total	$ 37,430 92

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 7,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	3,729.78
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	1,755.20
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	.. ..
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	24,945.94
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	.. ..
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 37,430.92

I, P. W. Smith, President, do solmenly swear that I know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same cosist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kay, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

OVE HARRIS, County Clerk.

Attest:

H. H. SMOCK,
DUVAL JACKSON,
Directors.

P. W. SMITH,
President

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Citizens Bank of Norman at Norman in Cleveland County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 65,411.25
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	12,029.94
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	1,200.00
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	1, 34.00
Real estate, at present cash market value	7,631.75
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,943.77
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	21,109.51
Checks	....
Other cash items	....
National bank notes legal tender United States notes gold and silver certificates	
Gold coin	14 535.5
Silver coin	
Other Resources	
Total	$125,745.77

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 40,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	486.46
Undivided profits	2,106.70
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	11,416.73
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	65,735.88
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	6,000.00
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$125,745.77

We, S. P. Render, Vice-President, and J. W. Hocker, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank

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Territory of Oklahoma, County of Cleveland, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this second day of January, 1899.

My commission expires March 11th, 1902. D. L. LARSH, Notary Public.

Attest:

S. P. RENDER,
President.

J. W. HOCKER,
Cashier.

W. T. MAYFIELD,
S. P. RENDER,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Norman State Bank at Norman in Cleveland County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 61,684.41
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	7,662.23
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	19,663.28
Expenses and taxes paid	1,832.59
Real estate. at present cash market value	12,000.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,000.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	20,034.99
Checks	154.10
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	5,107.00
Gold coin	6,752.50
Silver coin	390.50
Other Resources	231.90
Total	$136,513.50

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 30,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	1,000
	17[illegible].67
Undivided profits	3,[illegible].81
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	4,901.20
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	6,488.08
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	90,217.74
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$136,513.50

I, C. H. Bessent, Cashier of said bank, do solemnly swear that I know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Cleveland, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this sixteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Feb. 12th, 1899. E. E. HENNESSY, Notary Public.

W. C. RENFROW,
President.
C. H. BESSENT,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Peoples Bank at North Enid in Garfield County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the third day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security...... ....$	2,798.
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security.....	....
Loans and discounts past due....	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	840
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful......	....
United States bonds on hand.....	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price...........	770
Current expenses and taxes paid..........	615
Real estate, at present cash value.....	478.
Furniture and fixtures at actual value......	1,000
Due from other banks, good on sight draft........	4,284.3
Checks......	....
Other cash items......	-
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates...........	4
Gold coin........	85
Silver coin........	266
Other Resources......	..
Total...... ....$	11,

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in...............$	5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand.............	....
Undivided profits......	981.73
Certified checks......	....
Cashier's checks......	....
Certificate of deposits......	1,024.95
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks......	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	4,688.31
Deposits subject to draft at given dates....	....
Bills payable........	....
Bills and notes discounted........	....
Total...... ....$	11,694.99

We, E. L. Spalding, V-President, and H. M. Spalding, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Garfield, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

H. C. FRANZ, J. P.

Attest:

E. L. SPALDING,
H. M. SPALDING,
Directors.

E. L. SPALDING,
President.
H. M. SPALDING,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Commerce at Oklahoma City in Oklahoma County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the thirty-first day of November, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 22,871.82
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	1,370.93
Loans and discounts past due	1,361.98
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	1,337.26
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	500.00
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	1,199.00
Expenses and taxes paid	3,260.69
Real estate, at present cash market value	50.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	319.70
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	24,681.39
Checks	4,706.92
Other cash items	1,487.90
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	12,515.00
Gold coin	3,540.00
Silver coin	2,223.30
Other Resources	14,402.35
Total	$ 95,826.24

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10 000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	6,295.49
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	6,262.52
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	2,509.31
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	70,759.32
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 95,826.24

We, J. H. Wheeler, President, and O. L. Avey, Ass't Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Oklahoma, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this............. day of ...., ...

Attest:

RICHARD AVEY,
Director.

J. H. WHEELER,
President.
O. L. AVEY,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the First Bank of Okarche at Okarche in Canadian County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 24,909.1
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	795.56
Overdrafts by solvent customers	1,412.74
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	2,020.0
Expenses and taxes paid	2,011.
Real estate, at present cash market value	1,200.
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	475.
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	7,505.
Checks	157
Other cash items	55
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,971
Gold coin	1,215.00
Silver coin	851.
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 46,589.

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10 000.00
Surplus fund on hand	6,373.97
Undivided profits	5,700.85
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	2,891.82
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	21,523.93
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 46.589.88

We, E. C. Loosen, President, and F. H. Loosen, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Canadian, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fifteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Dec. 22nd, 1900. A. H. BEAM, Notary Public.

Attest:

ADELE LOOSEN,
Director.

E. C. LOOSEN,
President.

F. H. LOOSEN,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Pawnee at Pawnee in Pawnee County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 49,142.23
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	947 34
Overdrafts by solvent customers	1 014.57
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	320.00
Expenses and taxes paid	15,264.33
Real estate, at present cash market value	6,058.44
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,407.05
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	34,226.25
Checks	516.18
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,177.00
Gold coin	837.50
Silver coin	1,259.22
Other Resources	1,994.20
Total	$116,164.31

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 12,500.00
Surplus fund on hand	1,000.00
Undivided profits	26,774.98
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	17,314.27
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	58,575.06
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$116,164.31

We, C. E. Vandervoort, President, and S. B. Berry, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma. County of Pawnee, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirty-first day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Aug. 20th, 1899. LENORE STEWART, Notary Public.

Attest: C. E. VANDERVOORT,
President.

G. N. BERRY,
S. B. BERRY,
Directors.

S. B. BERRY,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Arkansas Valley Bank at Pawnee in Pawnee County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 29,685.47
Loans and discounts undoubteuly good on real estate security	7,727.63
Loans and discounts past due	7,102.32
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	371.16
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	1,873.77
Real estate, at present cash market value	3,388.75
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	672.53
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	12,843.49
Checks	294.03
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes gold and silver certificates	2,327.00
Gold coin	350.00
Silver coin	569.22
Other Resources	
Total	$ 60,103.0

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 16,666 67
Surplus fund on hand	
Undivided profits	14,679.09
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	686.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	28,071.29
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 60,103.05

We, Robert Chasteen, Cashier, and P. O. Bucher, Ass't Cash. of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Pawnee, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this nineteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Jan. 14th, 1902. W. W. STEWART, Notary Public.

ROBT. CHASTEEN,
Cashier.
O. P. BUCHER,
Ass't Cashier.

G. W. SUTTON,
KATE SUTTON,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the First State Bank of Perkins at Perkins in Payne County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the third day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 7,402.00
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	394.74
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	19.90
Real estate, at present cash market value	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	478.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	1,762.20
Checks	....
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,545.00
Gold coin	635.00
Silver coin	387.89
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 13,624.73

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,500.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	943.31
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	250.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	6,931.42
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 13,624.73

We, W. P. Hall, President, and George M. Hall, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Payne, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this nineteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Nov. 30th. 1902. A. G. WILLIAMS, Notary Public.

Attest:

W P. HALL,
GEORGE M. HALL,
Directors.

W P. HALL,
President
GEORGE M. HALL,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Payne County Bank at Perkins in Payne County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 12,197.40
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	1,380.00
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	425.05
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	540.60
Expenses and taxes paid	1,332.52
Real estate, at present cash market value	702.50
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	
Checks	
Other cash items	291.41
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	5,040.00
Gold coin	
Silver coin	572.67
Other Resources	
Total	$ 22,482.15

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	
Undivided profits	2,749.89
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	1,922.50
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	273.52
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	12,536.24
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 22,482.15

We, M. L. Walker, President, and C. T. Higbee, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Payne, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this seventeenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Jan. 22nd. 1901. WM. J. HAMILTON, Notary Public.

Attest:

M. L. WALKER,
President.

C. R. ROCK,
J. D. HOLMES,
Directors.

C. T. HIGBEE,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Exchange Bank at Perry in Noble County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 33,413.40	Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	800.00	Surplus fund on hand	5,000.00
Loans and discounts past due		Undivided profits	49.07
Overdrafts by solvent customers	2,615.75	Certified checks	
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful		Cashier's checks	
United States bonds on hand	172.00	Certificate of deposits	3,594.20
Other bonds and stocks at present cash market price		Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Expenses and taxes paid	28.50	Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	45,750.74
Real estate, at present cash market value	3,000.00	Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Furniture and fixtures at actual value		Bills payable	
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	8,938.38	Bills and notes discounted	
Checks	149.23		
Other cash items			
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	7,295.00		
Gold coin	1,430.00		
Silver coin	1,551.75		
Other Resources			
Total	$ 59,394.01	Total	$ 59,394.01

We, F. G. Moore, President, and H. A. McCandless, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Noble, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Nov. 30th, 1902.
T. M. MILLER, Notary Public.

Attest:
F. G. MOORE,
H. A. McCANDLESS,
Directors.

F. G. MOORE,
President.
H. A. McCANDLESS,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Farmers and Merchants Bank at Perry in Noble County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 25,505.56
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	1,686.00
Loans and discounts past due	238.50
Overdrafts by solvent customers	15,359.18
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	441.42
Real estate, at present cash market value	3,372.76
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,400.68
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	17,906.82
Checks	1,669.96
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	12,967.00
Gold coin	1,110.00
Silver coin	2,031.35
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 83,689.23

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	500.00
Undivided profits	2,230.06
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	100.00
Certificate of deposits	9,212.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	61,647.17
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 83,689.23

We, H. L. Boyes, President, and L. D. Treeman, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Noble, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Aug. 12th, 1902. FRED S. GUM, Notary Public.

H. L. BOYES,
President.
L. D. TREEMAN,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Citizens Bank at Ponca City in Kay County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 18,680.56
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	369.02
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	
Real estate, at present cash market value	
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,700.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	4,841.31
Checks	1,264.60
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,415.00
Gold coin	1,485.00
Silver coin	1,335.55
Other Resources	115.00
Total	$ 32,206.04

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	125.00
Undivided profits	391.63
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	1,322.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	25,367.41
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 32,206.04

We, A. B. McCandless, President, and J. B. Given, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kay, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this seventeenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires May 13th, 1902. H. FRED SNIDER, Notary Public.

Attest:

J. B. GIVEN,
GEO. T. McCANDLESS,
Directors.

A. B. McCANDLESS,
President.
J. B. GIVEN,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Commercial Bank at Ponca City in Kay County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 34,707.30
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	14,223.14
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	365.42
Real estate at present cash market value	
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	5,100.06
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	22,567.70
Checks	1,854.88
Other cash items	4,314.43
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,655.00
Gold coin	3,001.90
Silver coin	2,077.06
Other Resources	350.75
Total	$ 91,217.64

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 10.000.00
Surplus fund on hand	10,000.00
Undivided profits	3,096.19
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	4,100.53
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	64,020.92
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 91,217.64

We, C. DeRoberts, President, and E. R. Peery, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Kay, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-third day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Sept. 5th, 1902. J. P. SOULIGNY, Notary Public.

Attest:

C. DeROBERTS,
E. R. PEERY,
Directors.

C. DeROBERTS,
President.
E. R. PEERY,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Pond Creek at Pond Creek in Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the thirtieth day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 12,455.06
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	844.13
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks at present cash market price	8,802.87
Expenses and taxes paid	2,444.49
Real estate at present cash market value	950.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	750.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	10,558.76
Checks	312.88
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	6,366.00
Gold coin	1,075.00
Silver coin	925.53
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 45,484.72

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5.000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	5,415.63
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	35,069.09
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 45,484.72

We, J. W. Berryman, President, and J. C. McClelland, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all. and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Grant, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Oct. 25th, 1901. C. S. INGERSOLL, Notary Public.

Attest:

J. W. BERRYMAN,
President.
J. C. McCLELLAND,
Cashier.

M. U. McCLELLAND,
J. C. McCLELLAND,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Walton Bank at Pond Creek in Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 17,915.09
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	8 5.00
Loans and discounts past due	93 .93
Overdrafts by solvent customers	3,107.77
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	1,060.00
Expenses and taxes paid	1,872.70
Real estate, at present cash market value	2,500.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,000.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	4,419.96
Checks	67.10
Other cash items	25.80
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	1,762.00
Gold coin	2,125.00
Silver coin	927.71
Other Resources	3,293.00
Total	$ 42,094.06

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	3,863.96
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	6,095.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	247.90
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	26,887.20
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 42,094.06

We, Tell W. Walton, President, and P. T. Walton, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Grant, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Oct. 25th, 1901. C. S. INGERSOLL, Notary Public.

TELL W. WALTON,
President.
P. S. WALTON,
Cashier.

Attest:

TELL W. WALTON,
P. S. WALTON,
E. D. WALTON,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Oklahoma State Bank at Shawnee in Pottawatomie County, Territory of Oklahoma, at commencement of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 23,755.10	Capital stock paid in	$ 17,120.02
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	3,044.00	Surplus fund on hand	....
Loans and discounts past due	....	Undivided profits	5,567.47
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	60.96	Certified checks	....
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....	Cashier's checks	290.75
United States bonds on hand	....	Certificate of deposits	2,572.00
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....	Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Expenses and taxs paid	192.05	Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	15,290.87
Real estate, at present cash market value	7,673.17	Deposits subject to draft at given dates	1,960.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,201.25	Bills payable	....
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	2,783.06	Bills and notes discounted	....
Checks	....		
Other cash items	107.30		
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,570.00		
Gold coin	....		
Silver coin	414.22		
Other Resources	....		
Total	$ 42,801.11	Total	$ 42,801.11

We, A. J. Dunlap, Prest., and Paul F. Cooper, Ass't Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Pottawatomie, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Oct. 11th, 1899. R. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

Attest:

B. J. CLARDY
Director.

A. J. DUNLAP,
President.

PAUL F. COOPER,
Ass't Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Citizens Bank at Stillwater in Payne County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 16,614.36
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	38.65
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	877.31
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	489.65
Expenses and taxes paid	464.93
Real estate, at present cash market value	
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	225.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	11,344.91
Checks	600.91
Other cash items	100.00
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,150.00
Gold coin	500.00
Silver coin	405.85
Other Resources	
Total	$ 34,811.57

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5 000.00
Surplus fund on hand	1,000.00
Undivided profits	3,877.09
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	44.40
Certificate of deposits	1,229.33
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	3,350.21
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	20,310.54
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 34,811.57

We, H. E. Hand, President, and Frank J. Wikoff, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Payne, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fourteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires May 21st, 1899. HENRY M. HAND, Notary Public.

Attest:

H. E. HAND,
President.
FRANK J. WIKOFF,
Cashier.

C. H. WIKOFF,
HENRY M. HAND,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Farmers and Merchants Bank at Stillwater in Payne County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 36,340.54
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	250.50
Loans and discounts past due	1,643.93
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	1,925.72
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	1,922.78
Real estate, at present cash market value	4,600.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	....
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	18,518.41
Checks	....
Other cash items	484.54
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,665.00
Gold coin	1,687.50
Silver coin	676.72
Other Resources	99.00
Total	$ 71,814.67

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	400.00
Undivided profits	3,473.63
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	755.61
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	42,185.43
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 71,814.67

We, Alex. Campbell, President, and W. E. Hodges, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Payne, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fourteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Feb. 23rd, 1899. G. W. MURPHY, Notary Public.

Attest:

ALEX. CAMPBELL,
JNO. J. SHAFFER,
Directors.

ALEX. CAMPBELL,
President.
W. E. HODGES,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Payne County Bank at Stillwater in Payne County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the thirtieth day of November, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 42,042.99
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	581.59
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	2,259.23
Real estate, at present cash market value	5,133.54
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	8,560.10
Checks	536.33
Other cash items	50.14
National bank notes legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	5,646.00
Gold coin	2,160.00
Silver coin	382.17
Other Resources	
Total	$ 67,352.09

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 20.000.00
Surplus fund on hand	
Undivided profits	7,786.30
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	38,388.03
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	1,177.76
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 67,352.09

We, C. P. Rock, President, and M. L. Walker, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Payne, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Jan. 22nd, 1901. WM. J. HAMILTON, Notary Public.

Attest:

C. P. ROCK,
President.

J. D. HOLMES,
J. W. MEANS,
Directors.

M. L. WALKER,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Stillwater State Bank at Stillwater in Payne County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 24,387.30
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	515.75
Overdrafts by solvent customers	1 137.57
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	85.00
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	204.70
Expenses and taxes paid	1,282.29
Real estate, at present cash market value	3,500.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	800.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	5,810.25
Checks	4,040.69
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	1,186.00
Gold coin	3,225.00
Silver coin	468.58
Other Resources	32.30
Total	$ 46,675.43

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 15.000.00
Surplus fund on hand	2.000.00
Undivided profits	3.203.27
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	4,146.38
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	1,404.80
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	19,141.58
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Time certificates	1,779.40
Total	$ 46,675.43

We, S. W. Keiser, President, and L. C. Parmenter, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Payne, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fourteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires G. W. MURPHY, Notary Public.

S. W. KEISER,
President.
L. C. PARMENTER,
Cashier.

Attest:

S. W. KEISER,
C. F. BABCOCK,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Stroud at Stroud in Lincoln County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 6,653.40
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	951.76
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks. at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	318.75
Real estate, at present cash market value	944.68
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	625.55
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	4,239.10
Checks	224.56
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes. gold and silver certificates	1,928.00
Gold coin	535.00
Silver coin	734.31
Other Resources	42.00
Total	$ 17,197.11

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	678.18
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	230.26
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	11,288.67
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 17,197.11

We, H. S. Eemmerson, Prest., and E. H. Emmerson, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Lincoln, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this............. day of ...., ...

H. S. EMMERSON,
President.
E. H. EMMERSON,
Cashier.

Attest:

H. S. EMMERSON,
E. H. EMMERSON,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Sac and Fox Bank at Stroud in Lincoln County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 7,586.91
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	900.00
Loans and discounts past due	712.00
Overdrafts by solvent customers	105.90
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	180.80
Expenses and taxes paid	1,697.25
Real estate, at present cash market value	500.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	200.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	9,067.92
Checks	
Other cash items	1,172.10
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,900.00
Gold coin	10.00
Silver coin	1,304.00
Other Resources	
Total	$ 25,624.88

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	
Undivided profits	2,961.65
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	17,663.23
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 25,624.88

We, J. B. Charles, President, and S. L. Patrick, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Lincoln, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this fourteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Aug. 31st, 1901. PHIL. C. GRIMM, Notary Public.

Attest:

E. L. CONKLIN,
LEE PATRICK,
Directors.

J. B. CHARLES,
President.
S. L. PATRICK,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Tecumseh at Tecumseh in Pottawatomie County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 36,119.37
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	825.00
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	7,469.[illegible]8
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	3,124.09
Expenses and taxes paid	3,824.40
Real estate, at present cash market value	2,000.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	946.90
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	9,625.85
Checks	11,127.00
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	6,415.00
Gold coin	3,050.00
Silver coin	1,765.28
Other Resources	72.00
Total	$ 86,364.67

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 15,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	1,000.00
Undivided profits	7,885.51
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	56,698.16
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	5,781.00
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 86,364.67

We, S. Clay, President, and John W. Lewis, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Pottawatomie, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Aug. 24th, 1901. B. B.BLAKENEY, Notary Public

Attest:

F. M. PHANY,
E. C. NICHOLS,
Directors.

S. CLAY,
President.
JNO. W. LEWIS,
Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Yukon at Yukon in Canadian County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 20,195.98
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	676.15
Overdrafts by solvent customers	1,008.80
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	1,079.47
Real estate, at present cash market value	3,500.00
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,000.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	13,216.67
Checks	114.84
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,703.00
Gold coin	....
Silver coin	686.28
Other Resources	71.00
Total	$ 44,252.19

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 8,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	1,500.00
Undivided profits	3,069.44
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	400.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	29,282.75
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	2,000.00
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 44,252.19

We, A. N. Spencer, President, and D. W. Hogan, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma. County of Canadian, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires April 6th, 1900. L. M. SPENCER, Notary Public.

Attest:

A. N. SPENCER,
President.
D. W. HOGAN,
Cashier.

S. W. HOGAN,
D. W. HOGAN,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Watonga at Watonga in Blaine County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 931.25
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers	
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	
Real estate, at present cash market value	
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	253.55
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	3,843.98
Checks	
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,102.00
Gold coin	145.00
Silver coin	163.95
Other Resources	
Total	$ 7,439.73

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000. 0
Surplus fund on hand	
Undivided profits	4. 0
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	2,434.83
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$ 7,439.73

We, E. S. Wheelock, President, and C. R. Williams, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Blaine, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of December, 1898.

C. A. McBRIAN, County Clerk.

Attest:

C. R. WILLIAMS,
J. S. BRUMMAL,
Directors.

E. S. WHEELOCK,
President.
C. R. WILLIAMS,
Cashier

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Bank of Waukomis at Waukomis in Garfield County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 12,918 63
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	....
Overdrafts by solvent customers	150.69
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	....
Expenses and taxes paid	866.10
Real estate, at present cash market value	....
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	322.02
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	12,807.95
Checks	....
Other cash items	128.45
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	2,870.00
Gold coin	230.00
Silver coin	158.80
Other Resources	....
Total	....

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 5,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	2,000.00
Undivided profits	3,242.01
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	....
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	20,210.63
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	....

We, S. P. King, Cashier, and W. R. King, Ass't Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Garfield, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires July 2nd, 1902. WILSON E. WORDEN, Notary Public.

Attest:

L. P. KING,
Cashier.

A. E. KING,
Director.

W. P. KING,
Ass't Cashier.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Weatherford State Bank at Weatherford in Custer County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the first day of December, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 21,399.41
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	....
Loans and discounts past due	1.274.50
Overdrafts by solvent customers.	2,920.13
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	....
United States bonds on hand	....
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	88.00
Expenses and taxes paid	1,136.15
Real estate, at present cash market value	3,143.87
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	308.20
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	28.024.52
Checks	6,700.67
Other cash items	....
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	6,222.00
Gold coin	872.50
Silver coin	4,509.12
Other Resources	....
Total	$ 76,599.07

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 16,666.66
Surplus fund on hand	....
Undivided profits	1,704.28
Certified checks	....
Cashier's checks	....
Certificate of deposits	1,225.00
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	468.45
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	56,534.68
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	....
Bills payable	....
Bills and notes discounted	....
Total	$ 76,599.07

We, Beeks Erick, Prest., and James H. Maxey, Jr., Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Custer, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twenty-sixth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Oct. 12th, 1902. J. C. TOUSLEY, Notary Public.

BEEKS ERICK,
President.
JAMES H. MAXEY, Jr.,
Cashier.

Attest:
ROBERT REED,
JAMES H. MAXEY,
Directors.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Of the Gerlach Bank at Woodward in Woodward County, Territory of Oklahoma, at close of business on the thirtieth day of November, 1898.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on personal and collateral security	$ 61,280.16
Loans and discounts undoubtedly good on real estate security	
Loans and discounts past due	
Overdrafts by solvent customers	3,792.27
Overdrafts by customers insolvent or doubtful	
United States bonds on hand	
Other bonds and stocks, at present cash market price	
Expenses and taxes paid	145.61
Real estate, at present cash market value	2,348.20
Furniture and fixtures at actual value	1,500.00
Due from other banks, good on sight draft	54.409.34
Checks	4,762.50
Other cash items	
National bank notes, legal tender United States notes, gold and silver certificates	3,681.00
Gold coin	3,787.50
Silver coin	1,321.90
Other Resources	
Total	$137,028.48

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$ 25,000.00
Surplus fund on hand	1,600.25
Undivided profits	518.08
Certified checks	
Cashier's checks	
Certificate of deposits	10,779.09
Deposits subject to draft at sight by other banks	
Deposits subject to draft at sight by individuals and others	99,131.06
Deposits subject to draft at given dates	
Bills payable	
Bills and notes discounted	
Total	$137,028.48

We, Geo. Gerlach, President, and John J. Gerlach, Cashier of said bank, each of us do solemnly swear that we know the actual condition of the resources and liabilities of said bank and of what the same consist, and that the above statement is true and shows all and the whole of the resources and liabilities of said bank.

Territory of Oklahoma, County of Woodward, ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this twelfth day of December, 1898.

My commission expires Oct. 19th, 1901.

O. H. CAFKY, Notary Public.

Attest:

JOHN J. GERLACH,
O. H. CAFKY,
Directors.

GEO. GERLACH,
President.
JOHN J. GERLACH,
Cashier.

Treasurer's Report.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
GUTHRIE, O. T., November 30, 1898.

SIR:—I have the honor to respectfully submit my bi-ennial report containing a full and true exhibit of the state of public accounts and funds, the amount received, the amount paid out during the two years ending November 30, 1898, and the balance remaining in the treasury, together with an exhibit of the balances due from the several counties on account of unpaid taxes.

Very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

FRANK M. THOMPSON,

Territorial Treasurer.

HON. C. M. BARNES,
Governor of Oklahoma,
Guthrie.

General Statement of the Receipts and Expenditures for the Bi-ennial Period Beginning December 1, 1896, and Ending November 30, 1898.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.
General Revenue fund, territorial tax	$155,653 52
Normal school fund, territorial tax	25,946 70
University fund, territorial tax	25,946 77
Bond interest fund, territorial tax	7,018 33
Board of education fund, territorial tax	454 20
Deaf and dumb school fund, territorial tax	1,187 13
School for blind fund, territorial tax	1,187 13
Lease sections 13	38,036 54
Lease sections 16 and 36	198,020 68
Lease sections 33	35,907 10
United States appropriation for A and M. college	47,000 00
Interest on daily balances	698 11
Condemnation of school lands	474 08
Sale of Alva township bonds	4,750 00
Conscience money	42 00
Territorial library	21 00
Insurance license and fees	3,071 85
School house insurance fund	22,431 80
Normal school fund, fees or tuition	289 27
Balance on hand November 30, 1896	32,337 84
Total	$600,474 05

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.
General revenue fund	$187,001 28
Normal school fund	38 335 11
University fund	34,644 47
Bond interest fund	5.781 20
Board of education fund	1,580 13
Deaf and dumb school fund	1.127 82
School house insurance fund	1,532 21
Common school fund	195,272 94
Northwestern normal school building fund	4,748 97
United States appropriation for A. and M. college	47,000 00
Colored agricultural and normal university fund	3,196 48
Northwestern normal school fund	5,355 33
A. and M. college land lease fund	7,787 32
Total	$534,363 26
Balance November 30, 1898	$ 66,110 79

Statements Showing Receipts and Expenditures on Account of the Several Funds for the Two Years Ending November 30, 1898.

General Revenue Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1896		$ 12,486 86
Territorial tax	$155 653 52	
Insurance license and fees	3,071 85	
Public building fund	35,000 00	193,725 37
		$206,212 23

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants, principal	$165,573 68	
Interest on same	21,427 60	$187 001 28
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$ 19 210 95

Normal School Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1896		$ 4,758 38
Territorial tax	$25,946 70	
Lease sections 13	9,167 57	
Fees or tuition	289 27	$35.403 54
		$40,161 92

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants, principal	$37 597 44	
Interest on same	737 67	$38.335 11
Balance on hand November 30 1898		$ 1,826 81

University Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1896		$ 568 89
Territorial tax	$25 946 77	
Lease sections 13	10,331 95	$36 278 72
		$36,847 61

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants, principal	$32,777 12	
Interest on same	1,867 35	$34,644 47
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$ 2,203 14

Bond Interest Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1896	$10.933 04	
Territorial tax	7,018 33	$17.951 37

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Bond interest coupons		$ 5 781 20
Balance on hand Nov. 30, 1898		$12 170 17

Board of Education Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1896	$ 2,674 69	
Territorial tax	454 20	$ 3,128 89

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants		$ 1 580 13
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$ 1, 48 76

Deaf and Dumb School Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Territorial tax		$ 1,187 13

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose,	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants		$ 1.127 82
Balance on hand November 30 1898		$ 59 31

School for Blind Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Territorial tax		$ 1 187 13

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$ 1,187 13

School House Insurance Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Assessments on school districts, 1897		$ 22,431 80

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants		$ 1,532 21
Balance on hand November 30 1898		$ 20,899 59

Common School Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1896		$ 39 01
Lease of sections 16 and 36	$198.020 68	$ 198,020 68
		$ 198,059 69

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants	$196,272 94	$196,272 94
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$ 1 786 75

Agricultural and Mechanical College Land Lease Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Lease sections 13		$ 8,787 02

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Paid treasurer Agricultural and Mechanical College	$ 3,392 54	
Redemption of warrants	4,394 78	$ 7,787 32
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$ 999 70

United States Appropriations for Agricultural and Mechanical College.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Annual appropriation for the year 1897	$23,000 00	
Annual appropriation for the year 1898	24,000 00	$ 47,000 00

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Paid to treasurer of Agricultural and Mechanical College		$ 47,000 00

A. & M. College Bond Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1896		$1 73

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$1 73

Northwestern Normal School Building Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Sale of Alva township bonds		$4,750 00

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Paid express charges on bonds	$ 3 97	
Redemption of warrants	4,745 00	$4,748 97
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$1 03

Northwestern Normal School Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Lease Sections 13		$5,750 00

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants		$5,355 33
Balance on hand November 30, 1898.		$ 394 67

Colored Agricultural and Normal University Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Lease Sections 13		$4,000 00

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Redemption of warrants		$3.196 48
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$ 803 52

Public Building Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Lease of Sections 33		$35.907 10

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Transferred to General Fund		$35.000 00
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$ 907 10

Condemnation School Lands Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30 1896	$ 65 00	
Condemnation of school lands	474 08	$539 08

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$539 08

Library Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Territorial Librarian		$21 00

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$21 00

Interest on Daily Balances Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$810 24
Interest on balances	$698 11	698 11
		$1,5 8 35

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$1,508 35

Conscience Money Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Voluntary restitution by party unknown		$42 00

EXPENDITURES

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total
Balance on hand November 30, 1898		$42 00

Insurance License and Fees Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Secretary of the Territory		$3,071 85

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
Transferred to general revenue fund		$3,071 85

University, A. and M. College and Normal School Fund.

RECEIPTS

From What Source.	Amount.	Total.
Lease sections 13		$38,036 54

EXPENDITURES.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
University fund	$10,331 95	
Normal school fund	9,167 57	
A. and M. college land lease fund	8,787 02	
Northwestern normal school fund	5,750 00	
Colored agricultural and normal university fund	4,000 00	$38,036 54

Public Building Warrant Fund.

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Amount.
Auditor's warrants received for cash transferred to general revenue fund	$35,00 00
Accrued interest on same at 5 per cent	2,742 00
(See Session laws, 1897, chap. 39, pp. 288.)	
Total	$37,742 00

Recapitulation of Balances.

Fund.	Amount.
General revenue fund	$19,210 95
Normal school fund	1,826 81
University fund	2,203 14
Bond interest fund	12,170 17
Board of education fund	1,548 76
Deaf and dumb school fund	59 31
School for blind fund	1,187 13
A. and M. college land lease fund	999 70
Common school fund	1,786 75
Conscience money fund	42 00
Public building fund	907 10
Interest daily balances fund	1,508 35
Library fund	21 00
School house insurance fund	20,899 59
Northwestern normal school building fund	1 03
Northwestern normal school fuud	394 67
A and M. college bond fund	1 73
Colored agricultural and normal university fund	803 52
Condemnation school lands fund	539 08
Total	$66,110 79

Exhibit Showing the Total Levy, Amount Paid, Balance Due and per cent. Paid by Counties on Account of the Territorial Taxes for 1897.

COUNTY.	Total Levy.	Amount Paid	Balance Due.	Per Cent. Paid.
Beaver	$ 4,719 24	3,073 49	1,645 75	65.12
Blaine	1,652 73	1,328 53	324 20	80 38
Canadian	13,995 78	9,947 32	4,048 46	71.07
Cleveland	7,945 03	7,395 00	550 03	93 06
Custer	1,926 13	1,671 07	255 06	86 75
D	1,032 17	782 73	249 44	75 83
Day	956 69	929 12	27 57	97.11
Garfield	5.128 18	3,276 69	1,851 49	63.89
Grant	4,314 20	3,752 70	561 50	86.98
Greer	3,6 3 17	3.585 67	27 50	99.23
Kay	10,961 22	4,712 10	6,249 12	42.98
Kingfisher	8,045 80	6,046 77	1,999 03	7 .15
Lincoln	4.533 51	3,904 82	628 69	86 13
Logan	13,043 27	10,965 17	2,078 10	84.06
Noble	5,609 72	3,267 38	2.342 34	58 24
Oklahoma	18,772 44	12,350 07	6,422 37	65.78
Pawnee	4,380 16	3,147 86	1,232 30	71 86
Payne	6,810 64	5,495 64	1,315 00	80 69
Pottawatomie	5,865 80	4,408 33	1,457 47	75.15
Roger Mills	1,438 07	1,449 74	*	
Washita	2,052 66	1.731 44	321 22	84 35
Woods	6,015 94	3.805 63	2,210 31	63 25
Woodward	4,937 53	4.140 56	796 97	83.85
Totals	137.750 08	101,167 83	36,593 92	73.43

* $11.67 overpaid.

Exhibit Showing Total Levy for Territorial Taxes, Amount Paid, Balance Due and Per Cent. Paid by the Several Counties Since the Organization Thereof.

COUNTY.	Total Levy.	Amount Paid.	Balance Due.	Per Cent. Paid.
Beaver	$ 20,499 20	$ 16,274 75	$ 4,224 45	79.39
Blaine	7,207 29	5,464 07	1,743 22	75.81
Canadian	94,403 40	51,000 23	43,403 17	54.02
Cleveland	43,799 04	40,996 87	2,802 17	93.60
Custer	5,633 52	5,015 34	6 8 18	89.06
D	3,507 96	2,618 52	889 44	74.64
Day	4 411 76	3,968 14	443 62	89.94
Garfield	18,955 77	14,943 40	4,012 37	78 83
Grant	15,858 71	13,120 18	2,738 53	82.73
Greer	6,295 06	5 610 87	684 19	89.13
Kay	38,090.92	23.169 01	14,921 88	60.82
Kingfisher	44,944 48	38,302 97	6,641 51	85.22
Lincoln	19,025 70	17,238 28	1,785 42	90.61
Logan	83,961 53	76,052 53	7,909 0	90.58
Noble	20,649 75	12,381 27	8,268 48	59.95
Oklahoma	99,013 38	88,359 40	10,653 98	89.23
Pawnee	15,774 15	9.601 23	6,172 92	60.86
Payne	29,481 46	25.687 21	3,794 25	87.13
Pottawatomie	20.906 37	17,000 88	3,905 49	81.31
Roger Mills	6.011 95	5,645 70	366 25	93.90
Washita	6,445 06	5.651 70	793 36	87 70
Woods	20,586 76	16 391 32	4,195 44	79.62
Woodward	17,554 51	14,257 11	3,297 40	81.21
Total	$643,015 73	$508,751 01	$134,264 72	79.11

TERRITORIAL INDEBTEDNESS.

Bonds.

	Amount
Territorial University 10-30, 6 per cent. bonds	$ 18,000 00
Territorial Normal School 10-30 6 per cent. bonds	15,000 00
Territorial Agriculture and Mechanical College 10-30, 6 per cent. bonds	15,000 00
Total bond indebtedness	$ 48,000 00

AUDITOR'S REGISTERED WARRANTS.

General Revenue Fund.

	Amount
Auditor's 6 per cent. warrants outstanding	$ 239,907 73
Auditor's 5 per cent. warrants outstanding	35,000 00
Accrued interest to date	19,609 19
Total	$ 294,516 92
Less cash in the treasury	$ 19,210 95
Net indebtedness	$ 275,305 97

Normal School Fund.

	Amount
Auditor's 6 per cent. warrants outstanding	$ 9,557 64
Accrued interest to date	176 92
Total	$,734 56
Less cash in the treasury	$ 1,826 81
Net indebtedness	$ 7,907 75

University Fund.

	Amount
Auditor's 6 per cent. warrants outstanding	$ 11,079 32
Accrued interest to date	241 25
Total	$ 11,320 57
Less cash in the treasury	$ 2,203 14
Net indebtedness	$ 9,117 43

Deaf and Dumb School Fund.

	Amount
Auditor's 6 per cent. warrants outstanding	$ 2,709 29
Accrued interest to date	46 3
Total	$ 2,755 67
Less cash in the treasury	$ 59 31
Net indebtedness	$ 2,696 36

Library Fund

	Amount
Auditor's 6 per cent. warrants outstanding	$ 4.540 33
Accrued interest to date	954 20
Total	$ 5,494 53
Less cash in the treasury	$ 21 00
Net indebtedness	$ 5,473 53

Recapitulation.

	Amount.
Total bond indebtedness	$ 48 000 00
Net general fund indebtedness	275 305 97
Net normal school indebtedness	7.907 75
Net university indebtedness	9 117 43
Net deaf and dumb school indebtedness	2 696 36
Net library fund indebtedness	5.473 53
Total territorial indebtedness	$348,501 04

Statement of Taxes Levied for all Territorial Purposes for the Year 1898, Which are yet to be Collected and applied to the Credit of the Funds Named.

	Amount.
General revenue fund	$121 871 34
Normal school fund	20,311 83
University fund	20,311 83
Bond interest fund	8.124 66
Deaf and dumb school fund	2.031 07
School for blind fund	2.031 07
Total	$174,681 80

Report of Superintendent of Public Health.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

OKLAHOMA TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY AND SUPERINTENDENT,
GUTHRIE, OKLAHOMA, DECEMBER 1, 1898.

To His Excellency, Governor C. M. Barnes, and the Honorable Legislative Assembly of Oklahoma:

GENTLEMEN:—In accordance with Chapter VIII, Statute of Oklahoma Territory, I have the honor to submit herewith my biennial report for the period ending November 30, 1898.

Respectfully,
L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Superintendent of Public Health.

INTRODUCTORY.

The statute of Oklahoma, creating the Territorial Board of Health, and the office of Superintendent of Public Health, makes it the duty of the Superintendent to biennially, on December 1st, make a "full report to the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma." This report, it is enacted, shall show all that has been done by the Territorial Board of Health and by such Superintendent of Public Health during the two years preceding the making of such report; it also specifies that the number of cases treated by the Superintendent of Public Health, their character and extent, as well as a history of all contagious and infectious diseases, that have been reported to the Superintendent of Public Health, shall be recorded in this report. It also becomes his duty to recommend for enactment such laws as he may deem wise for the better protection of the public health and the prevention or cure of contagious disease.

The construction that I put upon this requirement is, that the more essential and important transactions and all matters of record shall be transmitted in this report, and such acts of the Superintendent as will give a complete history of what has been done by him. If all the official work of the Superintendent of Public Health for the past term of office was given in full it would require a volume of a thousand pages.

As will be mentioned later, in more complete detail, I have in a single year written over one thousand official letters to the various counties of the territory. These letters cover a vast extent of information concerning all departments of sanitary science—instructions to local boards of health, regulations and orders of quarantine of infectious and contagious diseases, instructions in reference to the prosecution of violators of sanitary and medical laws may be mentioned as among some of the prominent topics that have received attention in this voluminous correspondence. This does not cover the extensive correspondence with foreign boards of health that has become necessary in gaining and imparting knowledge of the best methods of conducting sanitary matters and carrying out sanitary laws and giving instruction in reference to our methods of work.

The publication of the Bulletin of Health, the official organ of the Board and the Superintendent, has created a widespread interest in health matters among our people, which has not heretofore existed and has also directed the attention of other State Boards to our advanced stand in sanitary reforms.

In the following pages will be found the official proceedings of the Territorial Board of Health, including the unpublished record of the Board during the time of my predecessor, Dr. C. D. Arnold, as well as all the following records of the Board long atheir various lines of work.

On the following pages will also be found my suggestions in reference to the enactment of other laws that are more adapted and of greater benefit, as I believe, to our people. It must be remembered that laws enacted for a "baby" territory of only a few counties and of sparse population, are hardly adapted to that of a commonwealth the size of our present territory. There will be found in this report the revised rules and regulations of the present Territorial Board of Health, together with the present sanitary and medical statutes of Oklahoma. The report of the Territorial Medical Examining Board will be given in full, showing work covered by this Board. The able reports of our county superintendents will receive your consideration. Attention is respectfully called to the suggestions in regard to best methods of prevention and limitation of contagious and infectious diseases, the hygienic surroundings of our public schools, to the pollution of our drinking water and to miscellaneous articles of special interest to the public in reference to the laws of health and the lessening of disease in our midst.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

Superintendent of Public Health

FROM AUGUST 13, 1897, TO DEC. 1, 1898.

Yellow Fever Epidemic of 1897.—Early in September 1897 my attention was called to the development of a number of cases of yellow fever in the south, the first occurring at Biloxi, Mississippi, September 1st. Within the next two weeks the disease had spread to other towns and was reported from a number of other states. The rapidity of the spread of the epidemic was so great that a panic seized the people of the southern states and by September 15th my attention was called to the fact that numerous telegrams were being received by parties in Oklahoma asking if refugees from the stricken fever district of the south would be allowed to enter our territory. The entire membership of private schools and other institutions were seeking for a place of refuge.

Just at this time Oklahoma was in the midst of the transportation of her agricultural products; cotton, wheat and other products were being shipped in large quantities daily. From the history of southern epidemics we knew that a single case of yellow fever occurring on one of our main lines of railway would paralyze the commerce of our territory and entail the loss of hundreds of thousands of dollars to our people; as in all cases panic had taken hold of the people where a single case had developed.

Although little danger existed that any serious or extensive epidemic of yellow fever would occur in our latitude, yet there was danger that cases might develop in refugees who had contracted the disease in the south, and such cases would be as disastrous to our commerce, as would those developing in our midst and would cause an entire quarantine of the territory. Therefore, I directed Dr. B. F. Hamilton of Shawnee, Superintendent of Health for Pottawatomie county, to inspect all trains from the east and detain refugees from all yellow fever points attempting to enter Oklahoma. At the same time I sent the following telegram:

GUTHRIE, OKLA., Sept, 23, 1897.

Dr. Walter Wyman, Surgeon, Marine Hospital Service, Washington, D. C.:

Would you advise quarantine or restrictions for Oklahoma? Keep me advised. Mobile parties have reached here. Hot to-day.

L. HAYNES BUXTON,
Superintendent of Public Health for Oklahoma.

And received the following reply to the same:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 24, 1897.

Supt. of Public Health, Guthrie, Okla.:

Advise surveillance of all persons from infected districts. Disinfection of baggage, if not previously done. Isolation of any suspected case. (Signed) WYMAN.
(Surgeon General M. H. S.)

By an order of the Territorial Board of Health, September 24th, quarantine order No. 1 was issued and notices of the same sent to the general agents of all traffic companies doing business in Oklahoma. In addition to the employment of Dr. Hamilton, at Shawnee, to inspect the passengers over the Choctaw railway, Dr. C. W. Newman, of Norman, in conjunction with Dr. Thacker, of Lexington, were instructed to have charge of Santa Fe trains entering from Texas. At this period telegrams were received daily from Washington, apprising me of the extension of yellow fever, which had gradually crept from the south, reaching Cairo, Illinois, September 19th; Louisville, Kentucky, September 23rd; Beaumont, Texas, September 22nd; Houston, October 11th, and Galveston, October 12th. The extent of this epidemic was widespread, 1,907 cases being reported from the marine hospital service in New Orleans alone. About 600 cases at Biloxi, Mississippi, and cases occurring in many towns in nearly all of the southern states, and reaching as far north as Cairo, Illinois. The railway officials of the roads entering Oklahoma co-operated with me in weeding out refugees from infected points, parties being discovered and held in quarantine at Shawnee; also cases were discovered on the Santa Fe at Purcell and were shipped directly through to Kansas, in a car prepared for the purpose. At this time the mayors of the cities of the first class were notified to place their towns in sanitary condition.

Small Pox.—Quite an extensive epidemic of small pox has existed in many of our states during the past year. Alabama having reported it existing in 31 towns; with 400 cases at Haynesville; 183 cases were reported from Middleborough, Kentucky, with other towns in the state infected. In all states and territories surrounding us, cases were reported, six towns in Arkansas reporting small pox, three towns in Colorado, fifty-two cases in New Mexico, thirty-one cases in Texas and one reported from Fort Scott, Kansas. Twenty-five states reported more or less cases.

With this danger of infection surrounding us on every hand Oklahoma escaped without a single case. The Board has kept a stock of vaccine virus on hand to meet any emergency that might arise.

Diphtheria.—The careful collection of statistical reports from county superintendents of health has developed the fact that Oklahoma is far from being free from diphtheria, and a large number of deaths have been reported in comprison to the number ef cases that have been reported to the county officials. It seems that an unusually large number of cases have assumed a laryngeal form, developing membraneous croup. Quite a number of cases have been reported from Woods county, with a large percentage of deaths; the percentage of deaths being greater in western Oklahoma than for other sections. This can no doubt be accounted for by the fact that many families are poorly protected from inclement and damp weather, residing as some do in dugouts and in unhygienic surroundings. The cases have largely been reported as occurring among the poor or foreign population, who were ignorant or negligent of the laws of health. Nearly all counties reported quite a number of deaths from this disease, but exact figures cannot be given and perhaps approximate figures would be far from the truth owing to the fact that physicians failed to report, as is required by our statutes, and further, owing to the fact that we have no statute for the collection of vital statistics. The cases that have occurred have been in almost all instances quarantined, the premises and persons disinfected by the local health officials, This no doubt has lessened the extent of the disease remarkably. as well as has the instruction in reference to this trouble and the care of the same, by circulars from my office. A few physicians have been unwilling to report suspicious cases for fear of loss of practice, as many families dread the publicity of being quarantined, and through ignorance, as they seem to think it a disgrace of having public officials overseeing their affairs.

As illustrative, in my opinion, of the dangers of the poison, two cases that occurred in Guthrie are of interest. The first is Mr. T's child who was about six years old, a healthy boy, after being hoarse and slightly ill for five days, became suddenly worse and died on the sixth with diphtheritic croup. The family was very careless, living in a shack and disinfection could not be carried to the extent desirable. This family in about two months moved to new quarters carrying all their clothing, bedding, etc. with them. The children played with those of a family direct across the street, in a short time the youngest of the children in the second family was taken with sore throat, but little attention was paid to the same, another child became ill with throat trouble, a physician was called, the cases were pronounced follicular pharnygitis. The third, a boy was taken sick and died in a few days with all the symptoms of diphtheria.

The second case, Mr. A's two little girls had a mild sore throat, was examined by a physician, little or no precautions taken in regard to them; in about ten days their neighbor's child became sick with a similar trouble, passing through all the stages of diphtheria, diphtheritic paralysis and dying of Nephritis. This only shows that the mild cases of throat trouble are o ten the ones demanding our most serious attention and care.

Measles.—In the spring of 1898, nearly all the counties in the territory were visited by an extensive epidemic of measles; upwards of 400 cases occurred in a single county. This was of a mild character and few deaths were reported.

Only a few insolated cases of scarlet fever, whooping cough, mumps, german measles or chicken pox have been reported, or have probably existed.

Malaria.—The malarial condition which has given our people much trouble, especially those residing along the streams of Oklahoma, is rapidly passing away, each year becoming milder and less extensive. Probably owing to the large amount of rainfall during the summer of 1898, an unusual amount occurred during the month of August and was reported from localities in the western part of the territory, that never had known such an occurrance before.

Registration of Physicians.—There have been registered *by diploma* in Oklahoma 740 physicians since the present statutes went into effect. By examination, (71) seventy-one have been granted certificates to practice. It has been my duty to reject a number of applications for *registration* upon the ground that the diplomas presented were from *fraudulent* institutions and represented no necessary medical knowledge by persons securing such diplomas.

The following persons were refused certificates upon the grounds stated:

Ira B. Bartle of Augusta, made application on Oct. 21, 1897, for registration as a graduate of the Wisconsin Eclectic Medical college of Milwaukee in 1895. The application was rejected, such college not being in my opinion reputable and entitled to standing under our medical law. It appearing in the circulars of the said school that they offer to issue diplomas of graduation to parties who never have attended their institution and gives every evidence that the institution is simply "a diploma mill." Afterwards, the doctor came before the Territorial Medical Examining board, passed a creditable examination and received a certificate to practice.

Application was received from Thomas A. Starke of Seger, presenting a diploma from the Wisconsin Eclectic Medical college of Milwaukee, making application for a certificate under the same. This also was rejected for the same reasons given above.

Application from James W. Bucher of Blackwell, presenting evidence of holding a diploma from the above named institute, was received, placed on file and application rejected for the above reasons.

Also, the application of J. B. Showers, made May 3, 1898, presenting evidence of holding a diploma from the above named institution, was received, placed on file and application rejected for the above reasons.

J. H. Harper, of Linden, presented diploma Feb. 6, 1898, from the Independent Medical college of Chicago. Dr Armstrong of the noted Standard Medical college of Chicago being one of the officials. Upon evidence presented to me, it was shown that the Independent college granted diplomas to incompetent parties, making doctors out of hostlers and persons who made no pretense to medical education, simply by issuing to them their diploma. This application was rejected for the reason, that in my opinion it was not contemplated by our law, that such institutions should be recognized as medical colleges, as in fact, in the accepted term as such they were in no sense medical colleges, having it is true a legal right to issue diplomas. Mr. Harper's fee, as was the case with others, was returned to him and notice given to discontinue practice.

C. M. Seitz, of Case, also made an application in Sept., 1897, for a certificate upon the ground that he held a diploma from the Independent Medical college of Chicago. This application was also rejected for the reasons above given and the fee returned.

On Dec. 1, 1897, W. H. Brown, of Winfield, Kans. made application for registration upon the ground of being a graduate of the Independent Medical college of Chicago, for the reasons aforesaid, that application was rejected and fee returned.

On May 3, 1898, Edward E. Richardson of Geary, presented his diploma from Universitas Trinitatis college of medicine and surgery, Bennington, Vermont, 1869. So far as I could discover, no such situated institution has ever been in existence. This application was rejected.

On the 25th day of July, 1898, D. W. Johnson, of Ingalls, applied for a registration, as holding a diploma from the American University of Philadelphia. This application was rejected for the reasons given above.

J. W. Lowry, of Hester, Texas, made application August 1, 1898, upon the ground of holding a diploma from the Eclectic college of Pennsylvania—the notorious Buchanan school of 1875. The school being fraudulent, and not entitled to credit, the application was rejected.

Lee Jones, Moral, Pottawatomie county. On February 21, 1898, an application was made in regular form by the above named party, stating upon his affidavit that he was a graduate of Robertson's Medical college of Coryelle City, Texas, and that he received a diploma of graduation in medicine on the 18th day of May, 1895, from said institution.

No such college as the above named being recognized in Texas, and it appearing that evidently this school was under the same management as was the famous Texas Health college and described in the "Times and Register" as follows:

"The Texas Health college was incorporated by 'Doctors, Orrin Robertson, W. F. Shipp, W. T. Fisher, H. A. McNeil, and Wm. A. Whittenberg, all 'M. D's.' Of these erudite gentlemen, Polk's Register for 1890, contains the name of the first alone, and he is marked with a star, indicating his coy refusal to reply when asked to name the college graduating him. His terms for a diploma seem very high, but the qualifications make up for this by being very low. He requires the applicant to sign his name to a list of questions, to which the "doctor" obligingly supplies the answers. The applicant pays $1.50 and receives his diploma, conferring the degree of M. D. Among the new members of our profession inducted by Robertson at Hot Springs, were a 'farmer and sport,' a bell-boy and an 'electro-masseur.' At last accounts the college had started for St. Louis, where it is understood there is generally a long felt want for a few more medical colleges."

Hence the application was rejected on February 21, 1898; the fee for the above application was returned to the doctor with the notification of the refusal to issue a certificate.

Information was filed in this office that the following parties were practicing medicine in Pottawatomie county illegally, and steps were taken to cause them to discontinue: W. R. Foyil of Remus, whose certificate was cancelled; F. M. Edwards Eason; William Garrison, of Meanke; and U. G. Dickens, of McLoud; it afterwards appeared that said party had not attempted to practice. Dr. Lee Jones, upon my refusal to register him, discontinued practice. J. H. Royster, who afterwards made application for examination, April 6, 1898. J. D. Ward, of Shawnee, who made affidavit March 19th, that he would discontinue practice of medicine. Dr. W. R. Harris, of Shawnee, appeared for examination before the Medical Examination board, but failed to receive a certificate upon such examination. Dr. Bowman, Dr. A. S. Sampson, of Earlboro. who made application for examination a d was granted a certificate Febuary 15, 1898, upon examination.

W. H Jones discontinued practice. O. K. Posey, Sacred Heart and Dr. William John McClougham made affidavit to discontinue all practice after March 30, 1898.

Numerous other applications were received from physicians graduating from Magnetic, Osteopathic, Hydropathic, Physico-

Medical institutions, also from schools of mid-wifery, all of which were rejected. This goes to show that, although our medical law may be improved, yet it has been of vast value to the people of Oklahoma in keeping out, this class of charlatans who have infested other states and are of no value to any people from a medical point of view. In my opinion at least two hundred such parties or perhaps a number equal to the present resident physicians of Oklahoma would have come to our terri tory and passed their quackery upon the susceptible public but for the effect of our Medical law.

Osteopaths located at Guthrie, Newkirk, and El Reno. Tho e doing business simply under an Osteopath diploma were notified to discontinue work at once or suffer prosecution.

J. W. Bowman, located in Guthrie in December, and commenced his work in Osteopathy. In a circular which he issued to the public he says: "Nerve centers have been found upon which a slight pressure of the hand will instantly cure flux, cholera morbus, headache, or slow the action of the heart, acting on this principle we cure the following stated diseases and many others," following which is the name of every disease to which the human flesh is heir. A warrant was sworn out for this gentleman but before the same could be served he had left the territory, as did all others who came under our observation.

During the year a number of meddlesome mid-wives had their attention called to the fact that they were violators of the law in practicing their calling. Under our medical laws midwifery is certainly a department of medicine. Most of this class discontinued their work. A few were prosecuted in the various counties, and in most instances upon paying costs and a small fine, promised to discontinue all work in the future.

W. R. Foyil, Pottawatomie county, December 26, 1898.

The Superintendent of Public Health issued to W. R. Foyil of Pottawatomie county, certificate No. 194, upon representation that said W. R. Foyil was graduated May 21, 1870, from the Medical Department of the University of Louisiana, and received a diploma from said institution.

Upon investigation I discovered that the representation as made by the doctor was false, he never having graduated from said institution. A demand was made upon said Foyil to surrender his certificate, which he did, making the following record upon the same, "cancelled 12-29-'97, Dr. W. R. Foyil. Attest. S. W. Ramsey, register of deeds."

The above certificate was received by me February 1, and cancelled upon the record.

Henry Baxter Wilson, of Perry.

May 28. 1898, made affidavit that he was a graduate of the Bellevue Hospital Medical college of New York, the 17th of March, 1887, and of the Tennessee Medical college of Tennessee, the 14th day of March, 1892. Upon these affidavits a certificate was issued to the said Wilson, granting him license to practice medicine in Oklahoma, based upon graduation from Bellevue Hospital Medical college. Some trouble occurred in Perry, in which the character of said Wilson was called in question; in October, 1898, upon investigation I discovered that said Wilson was never a graduate of said Bellevue Hospital Medical college as represented, according to their statements, he never was a regular graduate of their institution, but secured from them a certificate stating that he was a graduate, based upon an affidavit that his diploma had been destroyed by fire. I at once made a demand of said Wilson to surrender his certificate, which he did, making the following record thereon: "This 2nd day of November, 1898, I hereby surrender the enclosed certificate as the same should not have been issued to me as a graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical college. Signed, H. B. Wilson. Witness, L. Haynes Buxton, Secretary of the Territorial Board of Health."

In General.—It is true that owing to our geographical location, our climate, soil and water supply, Oklahoma is less frequently visited by zymotic diseases, and develops less disease within her borders than perhaps any other state in the Union. This is a broad statement, but from reports gathered from physicians who have resided in all states and localities of our country, the almost unanimous report is that the health of our people is better than that of other localities where such physicians have resided before. From the unsatisfactory and meager reports of deaths we are also led to believe such to be the case, having less diseases that afflict other localities, more especially such diseases as rheumatism, consumption, asthma, bronchitis and influenza.

On the other hand, from the reports gathered during my term of office, I believe that a greater number of our people become insane than those of many other sections. Especially is this true of married women. This may be accounted for on the hypothesis that they are more liable to exposure, receiving less care in their trying periods of life. The troubles that are necessarily incident to a frontier life, unsettled financial conditions and losses, lack of congenial society, many perhaps, who being accustomed all their lives to the society of their friends, are torn away and placed in remote rural sections where the sight of a human face, excepting that of their own family, is simply occasional. These things all might contribute to the insanity which certainly seems to be more widespread than otherwise should be the case.

Stock Yards, Slaughter Pens and Cess Pools.—My attention has been called to the fact that stock pens were often located too near the residence portion of towns. Also to the location of cess pools, contrary to the regulations of the Board of Health. These errors have been corrected as far as possible.

Diseased and Injurious Meats and Food Products.—In a number of instances it has been my duty to examine into the products of butcher shops where it was claimed that diseased animals had been sold, and a few such complaints were discovered well founded. No doubt that in certain instances impure foods have been sold, as no systematic inspection of the food products is made by the local board's of health or by the Territorial Board, except in the single instance of animals slaughtered for beef.

Registration of Physicians.—Under chapter 8, section 14, satutes of 1893, it becomes my duty upon application of gradutes of recognized medical colleges, upon "presentation of their diploma, or proof thereof by affidavits if same is lost or destroyed, and upon affidavit of two citizens from the county where such physician resides, that such applicant possesses the qualifications of a physician, and that he be of good moral character and not a habitual drunkard," and upon payment of a fee of $2, to grant a license certifying the applicant to be a practicing physician and having the qualifications above described. Under these requirements there has been issued certificates to 740 applicants, names of whom appear in the roll of registered physicians. One hundred and forty-five certificates were issued during my term of office—August 15, 1897, to December 1, 1898.

Soon after my appointment as Superintendent of Public Health, application was made by certain physicians residing in

Greer county, who were lawful practitioners of medicine under the medical laws of Texas at the time that Greer county became a part of Oklahoma, asking that in recognition of such facts, and believing that the fact of Greer county coming under the jurisdiction of Oklahoma should not deprive them of the privilege of practicing their profession which they had acquired under the laws of Texas, that a certificate be issued to them showing their authority to practice under the laws of Oklahoma territory. In order to determine the exact status of the claim of these physicians, the entire question was submitted to the Hon. Harper S. Cunningham, attorney general for Oklahoma, who decided that it was proper to issue certificates to such physicians, giving them the power to practice medicine as they heretofore had enjoyed in Greer county. Under this decision five physicians were registered, as will be shown in the table of registered physicians of Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA SANITARY BULLETIN.

Acting under direction of the Territorial Board of Health authorizing and directing the publication of a bulletin, which should be the official organ of the Board and should contain the monthly reports of county superintendents of health, information and direction for boards of health, general information of a sanitary nature to physicians and the general public, on November 1st appeared the first issue of the "Oklahoma Sanitary Bulletin." At the time of its first issue, it was announced, the same would appear monthly, but owing to the expense connected with the quarantine against the yellow fever epidemic of the south and the insufficient appropriation by the legislature only six issues have thus far appeared. From th- very first the Bulletin of Health received favorable newspaper comments from the various organs of the territory, from a large number of our leading medical men, as well as from citizens in other locations.

Nothing during the year has stimulated the interest in health matters as has this means of communication between the Board, the Superintendent of Health and the various Boards of Health and the people throughout the territory. Not only was the Bulletin well received in our own territory but the copies that were sent to Boards of Health of other states received favorable comment. Benjamin Lee, M. D., of Philadelphia, one of the most widely known sanitarians and Public Health officers of America, writing March 1, 1897, says:

L. Haynes Buxton, M. D., Secretary Board of Health, Guthrie, O. T.

DEAR DOCTOR—Allow me to compliment you on the appearance made by your bulletin and the evidence it gives of the decided advance of the sanitary work throughout your territory. I trust we shall have the pleasure of seeing you at the meeting of the conference of the State and Provincial Boards of Health of North America at Detroit August 9, 10 and 11, the occasion being one of great interest. Very truly yours,

BENJAMIN LEE.

The *Bulletin* served as a means of communication between local Boards of Health of the territory notifying each of them of the existence of contagious diseases in adjacent counties, source of contagion and duration of same.

Oftentimes was this the means of preventing the spread of contagion from one county to another and from town to town.

It is not so much through indifference that the people at large so oftentimes shut their eyes to their surroundings and allow death to creep up to their very door without resistance, as it is through ignorance of its methods of approach. The greatest enemy today to the advancement of sanitary science and the enforcement of sanitary laws is *ignorance*, which causes more sickness, sorrow, pain and death than any other one cause in the world. Ignorance as is so well known to health officers is darkness and death.

On the other hand a more comprehensive knowledge by the people of laws of health and life would bring to their doors sunshine, hope, happiness with the goddess "Good Health."

As intellgence reigns, man is better able to enjoy life in all its phases, to banish sickness and sorrow from his door, to lengthen life and to give to his posterity bodies and minds free from disease and early death.

Too often ignorance plants in the bodies of future generations seeds of decay, sorrow and premature death. *Superstition*, which our age offers abundance of evidence to show, was not confined to witchcraft of Salem in the days of our forefathers, but lurks in every community of today, is a daughter of ignorance.

Laws to prohibit the imposition upon the people of quack-ry and fraud, based upon superstitious fear, can not alone be enforced by might and power of law but must as well be re-enforced by intelligence, which will of itself, in time, make the law unnecessary.

It was with those things in view that the Territorial Board of Health resolved to enter upon the campaign of education. They yet believe that no better way can be instituted than to spread broadcast generally accepted information of the laws of health, the danger of disobedience, the necessity of pure water, pure air, pure food; information as to which, shall be of inestimable value as our people come to know of these things from personal experience.

The limited resources at the hands of the Board at the present time could not make an issue of the *Bulletin* large enough to cover the field desired. This Bulletin, containing information in regard to health laws, should be distributed through our schools and should become of value not alone to those who have charge of sanitary affairs but as well, be found in the homes of the laity, and this knowledge by our people of the laws of health would drive out, to a large extent, those diseases attendant upon the very existence of unhygienic surroundings. Typhoid fever, diphtheria, and other like diseases would gain but little foothold in our homes.

The Ohio state board of health in their bulletin, speaking of typhoid fever, says these words: "We have been teaching our people that typhoid fever is the easiest of all diseases to prevent, that it is not directly communicable from the sick to the well, but in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred is caused by putrid water; that the water had to be actually contaminated by the stools of a typhoid fever patient in order to convey the disease." Years ago the celebrated physician, Benjamin Rush, was so impressed with these facts (if they be facts) that he said "somebody ought to be hung whenever a death from typhoid fever occurred." Yet we are constantly having cases of typhoid fever in civil life and without being able to criminate anyone. It is true on the other side that we have been able to almost completely stop typhoid fever in the cities where the disease has long been prevalent, by simply giving them pure water.

It is little wonder that heretofore county superintendents of health failed to perform their duty under the law—namely, to report monthly to the territorial superintendent of health, and to report at all times when contagious diseases developed in their counties—considering the fact that they could see but little good come of these reports, as such information contained in these report were simply filed away in the Superintendent's office and were not made public to surrounding counties as should by all means be the case. That the good work begun by the Bulletin in the past year may continue and grow in magnitude is one of the reasons we earnestly recommend an increase of the appropriation for this department.

County Boards of Health.

Reports of Superintendents.—The statute requires that County Superintendents of Health "shall at the end of every month make a report in writing to the Superintendent of Health of the proceedings of the county board of health of his official acts, and shall, whenever danger to the health of persons threatens, or whenever contagious or infectious disease occurs in his county, immediately report the same to the Superintendent of Public Health.

In nearly every instance this law has been faithfully carried out, and has been of much value to me in keeping informed as to the extent of contagious diseases and other miscellaneous matter that was necessary in conducting the duties of my office. A few superintendents only have neglected to report as required by the statute. I believe that at no period in the history of the territory has the work been done by county superintendents more faithfully, or have county boards been so alert to the sanitary interests of their counties as during the past biennial period. Although our law governing county boards has been very inadequate to meet the demands, nevertheless many have felt, as I have, that we could hardly go before the legislature and make demands for more extensive laws without first making an effort to carry out those already existing, A number of months' reports have been received from twenty-one or twenty-two counties. This is quite good, considering the fact that no systematic reports have been filed in this office prior to October 1, 1897. The following compose the county boards of health of Oklahoma November 1, 1898:

COUNTY BOARDS OF HEALTH.

COUNTY.	SUPERINTENDENTS.	PRESIDENTS.	V. PRESIDENT.
Beaver	Dr. J. R. Linley, Beaver	Noah Davis	Dyke Ballinger
Blaine	Dr. W. R. Kelley Watonga	Cleo C. Powers	Dr E W VanBrunt
Canadian	Dr. John A. Hatchett, El Reno	H H Kellogg	Dr C R Hendrickson
Cleveland	Dr. C. W. Newman, Norman	E L Cralle	Dr R E Thacker
Custer	Dr. Robt. McCullough. Arapahoe	Clara Ruddell	T A Carlberg
D	Dr. A. J K. Moore, Butte	C K Cary	Dr Granvill Speer
Garfield	Dr. G. W. Fairgrieve, Enid	J A Spurlock	Dr G B Armstrong
Grant	Dr. J. S. Wallace Pond Creek	Mrs F Boyer	Dr R F O'Rear
Greer	Dr. H. M. Ferguson, Mangum	K C Cox	Dr G P Cherry
Kay	Dr. Wm. D. Ezell. Newkirk	R M Burch	Dr H W Shaffer
Kingfisher	Dr. N. Rector, Hennessey	G D Moss	Dr J H Bright
Lincoln	Dr. B. F. Harriman, Chandler	Olive Stubblefield	Dr J H Baugh
Logan	Dr. W. M Hatfield, Mulhall	H H Dodd	Dr A L Houseworth
Noble	Dr. E. E. Doggett, Perry	P Myers	
Oklahoma	Dr. J. R McIlvain, Oklahoma City	Alice V Beitman	Dr U L Russell
Pawnee	Dr. G. H. Phillips, Pawnee	F D Harnden	Dr G W Sutton
Payne	Dr. N. W. Mayginnis, Stillwater	Harry Breese	Dr S M Barnes
Pottawatomie	Dr. B. F. Hamilton, Shawnee	L E Cooley	Dr B H Knowles
Roger Mills	Dr J. P. Miller, Cheyenne	H C Harris	Dr T E Standifier
Washita	Dr. J. D. Ballard, Colony	W Hunt	Dr R D Reynolds
Woods	Dr. R. Allen Gamble, Alva	T J Brockway	Dr M M Smith
Woodward	Dr J. M. Workman, Woodward	T D Ballard	Dr S S Munger
Day	Della Cann, President		

At no previous time in Oklahoma have the Boards been so complete in organization as at the present time, every Board is fully organized with the single exception of superintendent of Day county. The reason for this omission is that the statutes require that a regular licensed physician shall be appointed superintendent, and no registered physician resides in Day county.

Bi-ennial Report of the County Superintendents Of Health.

REPORT FOR ROGER MILLS COUNTY.

POPULATION OF COUNTY, 4,000,

OFFICE OF J. P. MILLER, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT OF HEALTH.
CHEYENNE, O. T., Oct. 26, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, Territorial Superintendent of Health:

SIR:—The health of our county is good at this writing. The first part of the year we had quite an epidemic of LaGrippe, pneumonia and acute catarrhal affections.

Our county is in very good condition speaking from a sanitary standpoint. The town of Cheyenne is not so well kept as should be. The Board of Health have made some effort at different times to have it cleaned and put in a good sanitary condition, but have partially failed. We had several cases of typhoid fever during the late summer and early autumn, (only one in town). There was but one instance where more than one case occurred in the same family, and that was in a camp. I was called to see the first case on the 23rd day of her illness, result, fatal. The other case in the same family was a younger girl, who had only been sick four or five days, result, recovery. Typhoid fever in this county is more easily managed than in Texas where I practiced. The death rate has been almost *nil.* Only two deaths in the county from the fever and one of these, the case above referred to, which had no medical treatment for first three weeks of illness. There are no practitioners violating the law regulating the practice of medicine in our county. There are a number of so-called midwives that has been reported to me; I made an effort to stop them by placing the matter before the grand jury and requested the county attorney to ask the judge to give a special charge on that line; however nothing was done. I am in favor of revising or amending the medical act so as to make the calling for the service of non-registered doctors and midwives a violation of the law and subject such parties to the same penalty as the would-be doctor.

There have been no suicides, no murders or criminal abortions that have come to my notice in the past year.

The population of our county has greatly increased since last report. I believe that all has been done by the Territorial Superintendent and also by the county Board of Health to enforce the law that could reasonably be expected. *People are inclined to the belief that we are infringing too much on their personal rights, by requiring them to clean and regulate their own premises, so we are obliged to educate them before* we can enforce anything like a perfect system of sanitation. The official acts of the Board of Health have been only to remove some nuisance in town, which was promptly attended to.

I am under many obligations to the Territorial Superintendent for the earnestness which he has manifested in the discharge of his duties.

The expense to county for the past two years has been seven and 50-100 dollars, ($7.50)

Respectfully submitted,

J. P MILLER, M. D.,
County Superintendent of Health.

REPORT FOR WASHITA COUNTY.

POPULATION OF COUNTY, ESTIMATED, 10,000.

OFFICE OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH
OF WASHITA COUNTY, COLONY. OKLA., NOV. 1, 1898.

To the Honorable the Secretary Board of Health for Oklahoma Territory:

SIR:—In submitting my sixth annual report as County Superintendent of Washita county I desire first of all to call the attention of the board to the almost universal failure of licensed physicians to comply with rule 8.*

No county health officer can do efficient work without the co-operation of the physicians of his jurisdiction. Legislation upon this subject is necessary to the perfecting of our proposed sanitary system. It should be made one of the conditions upon which license practice is granted, that he should co-operate with the county or village board within whose jurisdiction he may locate, The practicing physician should by admission to practice, become an officer of the sanitary board of the territory, as does the attorney become an officer of the court when admitted to the bar, and failure to discharge his duty should be as severely punished.

I call the attention of the board to the wonderful increase of population in our county. A careful estimate gives a percentage of 25 for the past year, and more than 40 for the two years last past. With the unprecedented rainfall of the past year comes malarial diseases of a mild type, something heretofore unknown in our section. Contagious and infectious diseases have been extremely rare, only two cases of diphtheria having been reported for the year, with one death. The usual quarantine methods were resorted to, with the result of confining the disease to the premises first invaded—damp, dirty and filthy quarters unfit for human habitation. And, by the way, I have never seen but one case, in the seven years practice I have been in this country, but originated in damp, unventilated dug-outs and cabins.

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*Rule 8, old regulations, is a requirement whereby physicians must report (as required by statute, chap. 8, sec. 14,) all suspicious cases of contagious diseases at once tc the county superintendent of health.

An epidemic of measles swept the county from east to west. In some instances quarantine measures were invoked but in the majority of cases both parents and physicians seemed to resent interference by a health officer. No deaths from this cause were reported.

An unusual epidemic of typhoid fever, prevailed in the vicinity of Cloud Chief during the summer. The water in that region is unfit for household use and many of the residents buy soft water brought from a distance of several miles. It is stored in barrels about the house, many of which doubtless are never completely emptied and cleaned for weeks, and here, I strongly suspect, was to be found the source of contagion. It might have been in the well itself. At least the epidemic was almost wholly confined to the village, nearly all of whom procured water in this manner.

Tuberculosis among the Indian citizens is becoming a matter of grave import. As physician to the Government Indian school at Colony, in this county, I have doubtless had an opportunity which few enjoy to study the causation and development of this disease. I believe I am safe in saying that out of a total of about 600 Indian inhabitants of the Seger Colony district, tuberculosis has carried off more victims within the past year than all other diseases combined have claimed from a white population of 10,000 within our county. This is putting it pretty strongly, but I speak advisedly. Hereditary predisposition, nomadic, exposed habits of life, poor fare and remoteness from medical attendance all conduce to these frightful figures, but I am convinced that the dust upon the floor of the teepee, laden with the deadly germ liberated from the dried sputum of infected patients, is the chief element of causation. In this connection I may say that I am absolutely convinced that western Oklahoma offers no advantage of climate to the consumptive outside the ratio of atmospheric dryness as compared with the climate to which the patient has been accustomed. The same may be said of asthmatics, those coming from a lower altitude almost invariably experiencing relief for a time, but ultimately finding it necessary to seek a higher altitude.

Appropos of climate, I have found chronic catarrhs of the nasal and laryngael type in such abundance as to point conclusively to local causation. It is not unreasonable to presume that some connection might be traced between these complaints and the prevailing dust-laden, high winds of this region.

There has been a noticeably high rate of insanity among women throughout this section during the past five years, but I am convinced the higher percentage has been due to failure of nutrition from causes incident to a frontier life. With the advent of better dwellings, better food and better clothing all diseases dependent upon nutritional inactivity are notably on the wane.

The death rate for the past year, including Indians will not exceed .08 per cent. No suicides reported. During the winter pneumonia prevailed to an unusual extent for this section, but only a very few deaths were reported from this cause.

The birth-rate has been unusually high, more than keeping pace with the immigration our section has enjoyed. Infant mortality has been practically *nil.*

The water supply of our county is, generally speaking, good. The greater portion of the county is supplied from wells exceeding 100 feet in depth. We have the element with us which Dr. King so eloquently describes as the "Branch-water man," but he is the exception rather than the rule.

The expenses of our county board has not exceeded an average of $25.00 per quarter. With the hearty co-operation of local physicians this sum would perhaps have been doubled, but compared with the possible efficiency of a board backed up by the entire professional talent the expense of a model county board would be surprisingly small. Expenses of the board for 1898 were $117.90.

I would suggest the enactment of a law requiring the county superintendent of each county to provide a supply of diphtheritic antitoxin, vaccine virus, and similar remedies, after they have been proved to the satisfaction of the professional world, at the public expense, would give scientific assistance to many a dying waife who would otherwise perish, and prevent the spread of contagion through communities unprepared to resist its invasion, I believe the county health officer should be a competent microscopist, and should

should be empowered in all contagious cases reported to make a careful microscopical examination, and to take such action as may be justified. In the list of contagious diseases I would place tuberculosis, and make it obligatory that all suspected cases should at once be reported to the County Health officer by relatives or physicians, and that, after confirmation of diagnosis by microscopical examination all necessary precaution should at once be taken first to prevent the spread and second to check the disease, at the public expense if need be. In addition to the duties outlined above, the County Health officers should be ex-officio medical examiners of the Board of Insanity of their respective counties, and should be paid a yearly salary which will justify them in giving their whole attention to the duties of the office if need be. They should be chosen by a committee selected from the Territorial Board of Health and the faculty of the Territorial University, by competitive examination, regardless of credentials, and literary qualifications should compose at least 40 per cent of the scale of averages, which would entitle an applicant to appointment. The term should be for four years or during good behavior, and accusation should only lie before the Territorial Board of Health. A salary of $1000.00 to $3000.00 should be paid according to the population of the respective counties. Under the present system there is absolutely no incentive to thoroughness in our work, and the pittance paid does not lift its dignity above that of constable. To make our incipient system effective we must have good men. To obtain good men decent salaries must be paid, and provisions made for a class of work in which men of education and talent can take an honest pride. Our present system, while effective to a certain degree is little more than a farce. Respectful obedience to the orders of such a board can not be enforced until the dignity of the office is elevated above the uncertain position of doubtful authority, and questionable utility we now occupy. That our Territorial Superintendent should be paid the insignificant sum of $500.00 per year is a burlesque upon public sanitation and a travesty upon scientific requirement. Give us a law of which we may expect something, or wipe chapter VIII of our statutes from the book.

J. D. BALLARD, M. D.,
Superintendent of Health of Washita County.

GRANT COUNTY REPORT.

POPULATION OF COUNTY, 15,000.

OFFICE OF GRANT COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH.
POND CREEK, O. T., NOV. 3, 1898.

L. Haynes Buxton, M. D.,
Superintendent of Public Health, Guthrie, Oklahoma.

DEAR DOCTOR:—The period covering from Jan. 1st. 1897 to Nov. 3rd, 1898, has been one of exceptionally good health throughout this (Grant) county.

During the month of February, 1898 there was reported one case and death from Laryngeal Diphtheria. Sanitary regulations were enforced and no other cases resulted. We also had one case of membraneous croup which recovered. We have had a few cases of measles scattered over the county but no deaths resulting.

There has not been a case of epidemic or endemic disease reported to me the last year and I have reason to believe none has existed.

There has been a few deaths caused from chronic troubles, but as deaths and births are not reported by physicians it is impossible to give any statistics in that line. There should be a law enacted compelling physicians to report deaths and births.

There has been several would be M. D's. in this county who have given us some trouble, but on informing them what the law was they have quit or moved to more healthy fields.

We are having more trouble with the old *mother* mid-wife than anything else and it is impossible to get them to quit.

There is very little consumption or lung trouble in this county and I am satisfied from my observation, this climate is very beneficial to those suffering from such diseases.

The cities and villages in this county are in a good sanitary condition.

Our water supply is pure.

The health of Oklahoma is far superior to any place where

I have ever practiced before. We have had no trouble in enforcing and carrying out the laws as laid down by the Territorial Board of Health for this county. The only thing in my judgment we need, is complete statistics of deaths and births

The expenses of our Board for the past year has been $63.60.

Respectfully submitted,
J. S. WALLACE, M. D.,
Superintendent of Health for Grant Co.

CUSTER COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH.

POPULATION OF COUNTY 8,000.

OFFICE OF R. McCULLOUGH, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
ARAPAHOE, NOV. 9, 1898.

Dr. L. H. Buxton,
Territorial Superintendent of Public Health, Guthrie, Oklahoma.

DEAR DOCTOR:—Although we have not had more than a half dozen cases of real Typhoid in Custer county for the last two years, we have had quite our share of malarial troubles.

I believe 1898 has furnished more cases of this latter trouble than all the years since the opening of this county put together. Formerly most of our cases were confined to families living along the creeks and to parties coming from elsewhere. This year, however, we have been rather independent in the matter and could pick up a malarial case most anywhere.

The cause I believe to be in the excessive rains we have been having and the turning over of thousands of acres of new sod. Very few deaths have resulted from this trouble. The winter of 1897-98 brought us quite a siege of Pneumonia. This was confined to about two congressional townships in the eastern part of the county and was largely due to carelessness in the manner of dress during the coldest month of the winter. People from the north thought they could dispense with their usual flannels and those from the south did not realize the danger they were in from too light clothing. About a score of deaths from this trouble were needed before the people were frightened enough to properly care for themselves.

Slight bronchial troubles are common; serious ones very few, unless brought in by homeseekers.

Bowel troubles are common but seldom fatal. "Gyp" water is the cause usually, but melons and common causes are here to get in their work in the season.

Of diphtheria we have not had more than ten cases since the country opened. Most of these cases were very mild.

Scarlet fever is almost a stranger here, but the child that has not had either whooping cough or measles this season is quite out of fashion. From this latter only two or three proved fatal cases. On the whole this has been a very healthy country.

A number of men have come to our county and began the practice of medicine without registering. All such have been notified that they must register. Those properly qualified have very kindly attended to the matter without any trouble, those not qualified have stopped because of the warnings, or moved elsewhere. Only in one instance have I had to bring the force of the law to bear upon a man practicing illegally. He has sold out and moved from the county.

Only two cases of death from alcoholism have come to my notice here in the last six years, although our people are much addicted to the use of intoxicants. Kansas City money is borrowed on cattle and much of it finally finds its way into the till of the saloon-keeper.

Criminal abortions are almost unheard of. Occasionally there will be an illegitimate child born, but not more frequently than in the states.

Most of the complaints that have come to me concern filthy hog pens, dead cattle, left in exposed places or hides left where they become a nuisance. In every case I have had them removed as rapidly as possible.

From the country very few complaints have come. But when made a visit has corrected them quite promptly. About $50.00 has been expended each of the last two years by this board.

We have had rules 3 and 5 printed on slips and sent to every school teacher in the county. Sample enclosed. We have also had blank certificates of births and deaths printed and furnished to each physician in the county. Some have reported faithfully, others have paid no attention, therefore, report as per present statistics would be quite valueless. My hope was that with the new year the physicians of the county would get used to reporting and by keeping a record of these, statistics of some worth might be obtained.

ROBERT McCULLOUGH, M. D.,
County Superintendent of Health, Custer County.

ANNUAL REPORT FOR NOBLE COUNTY.

PERRY, O. T., DECEMBER 1, 1898.

DR. L. H. BUXTON,
Territorial Superintendent Public Health, Guthrie, Oklahoma.

DEAR DOCTOR:—The time having arrived when the several counties are expected to make their annual report as to the health and welfare of its people; I take pleasure in submitting my meagre record as kept through my short time of office. Not being in possession of data back of this, the report will be obliged to suffer its absence.

Noble county has a population of 11,000 prosperous people, proven not only by actual count, but further by the number of marriages and births, which from time immemorial has been the greater evidence of prosperity, and a fact clearly proven by countries where change in conditions are accurately noted and statistics kept. Noble county has, by reason of her fertile soil, her business inducements and her enterprising citizens, filled every quarter section, every house and every shack with good, wise people, who have flocked hither from the four winds. In spite of the great influx, notwithstanding the crowded condition of our town, and the bringing in of infected furniture and wares from disease districts and States, Noble county stands high in the scale of health until indeed it has become a sorrowful menace to the medical fraternity and must sooner or later drive many of them to more lucrative fields.

Noble county has not in the past year known of any such thing as an epidemic, a fact in itself, bespeaks pages for health seekers.

During the summer there swept over southern Kansas and still lighter over Oklahoma a form of measle-rash, too insignificent to even solicit the care of the medical profession and scarcely calling for the domestic or granny nostrums. Scarlet Fever, Diphtheria, Membraneous Croup, Small Pox and allied affections are absolutely unknown, while Typhoid Fever is both light and scarce. Typhus never heard of and Malaria so susceptible to the onslaught of the practitioner that it cannot claim even a foot hold with us.

But few suicides have occurred during the year and these were mostly committed through or under the influence of alcohol. The number of insane committed to the asylum have been far below a minimum, taking any given locality as an example.

No doubt that unparalleled state of affairs may be traced to the door of the Health department and it may be fitting here to state, that no such strict and efficient officer has ever ascended the "throne," as our present Territorial Superintendent, while things appeared to start harshly and many felt that they were being personally and wrongfully persecuted, all have now become reconciled, and the things they once hated they now love.

The hauling of dead stock up ravines and along roadsides to be left unburied having been repulsed, there is no means of estimating the amount of disease and disaster that have been averted. No means of knowing how many cases of infection, through the bite of rabid animals, which would naturally prey on this flesh, have been avoided, nor is there any intelligent means of estimating the amount of infected water this might have caused; and so with the thousand and one other nuisances which have been abated by the vigilant Health Board.

Not only this, but through the same source have the good people been spared the damning ravages of sharks, venders and rogues, who so cunningly beguile the unwary layman. fill his stomache full of poisonous nostrums, loot him and leave him to the mercy of the disease and germs that burrow through the flesh, while the honest, educated and worthy family physician must bear the brunt and accusations of ignorance and lack of skill and at the same time work on a credit basis, while the shark carries off the spoils.

No less so has this rigor of *administration* been spent in the interest of the tender sex. The "granny," the mid-wife (?) with her dirty hands, her untrained skill have shared in the just rebuke; who can say how many good women have escaped the endless suffering and untimely grave by the action of the Health Board in this line.

Consumption, one of the greatest scourges of older settlement. is almost unknown here. except through immigration and in five years practice in this county the author has seen but one case develope here. Asthmatics that come here are either cured forthwith or greatly benefitted, only an occasional case receiving no benefit. Notwithstanding the prevalent idea that Oklahoma is the hot-bed of catarrh, the specialist who treats these troubles in no other state, within the authors knowledge, is so poor and so idle; indeed, even *this* affection might be classed with the unknown.

Though stock does not constitute a part of this report it connot be omitted, to make the paper complete, for the author feels confident that stock may share in the good occuring from such cleaning up and it is pleasant to see the improvement in this line. In no other year has the mortalities in stock been so small, and the author is not able at this time to note a single case of death from disease.

During the hot summer months, from over-driving and in some instances starvation by "movers," a moderate mortality among horses was noticed, but cows have done well throughout, and so might the same be said of hogs; but for the close and unhealthy confinement during fattening, in some instances cholera might be clearly traced to unsanitation, where it has occurred, or to droves where they have been obliged to live solely on creeks. Having covered every subject in a feeble way, as they appear to me, I will say that the work of the county board has not exceeded $75 for the year, while the investment has been inestimable. I also desire to speak a word of praise for "The Bulletin" It is a grand little sheet, full of good and valuable information and well received wherever it goes. Congratulating Oklahoma and her governor upon securing so worthy and able officers to head her Territorial Health Department, I am Yours truly,

E. E. DOGGETT, M. D.
County Superintendent of Health for Noble County.

REPORT OF WOODS COUNTY.

ALVA, O. T., Nov. 10, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, Territorial Superintendent and Secretary of Health.

DEAR DOCTOR:—My report for the past year can not be exactly correct, as only a part of the physicians of Woods county have reported although I have repeatedly written them urging a report, as it requires but a very short time for them to make one. Several have refused to send a report of contagious diseases. but when they learned the penalty most of them have since complied with the law in that respect. We have had a great deal of trouble with illegal practitioners and mid-wives, as this county is so large that it affords great opportunities for them to practice fifteen or twenty miles from any town. A number of arrests and prosecutions have put a stop to this trouble, however, and most of them have either quit practicing or changed locations. We had an epidemic of measles last January and it spread over the entire county, but without a single fatality so far as I can learn. The epidemic started from a newsboy passing through Alva on the Santa Fe railway. We have also had an epidemic of diphtheria during October of this year, with ten deaths. I used all possible precautions to prevent the spread of the disease, and was successful in confining it to the one township. I quarantined the entire township and stopped all schools and public gatherings, also quarantined each individual case. I found it very hard to make people observe the quarantine—even those who had diphtheria in their own homes. We have had a number of sporadic cases of diphtheria during all of the past year with several deaths in widely separated parts of the county. A great majority of these cases developed from filth, etc. I notice that the majority of cases first commenced in sod houses. I do not anticipate so much trouble with contagious disease during the coming year, as we had large and bountiful crops over the entire county and a great number of our people are building good frame houses, and our sod houses, which are nothing more than disease breeders, will soon be a thing of the past. We have had considerable typhoid fever, but it has not proven to be very fatal in this county, nearly all cases recovering. None of the symptoms are so marked nor intense as in the eastern states.

We have very little winter here and have not one-tenth of the cases of pneumonia and diphtheria that occur two hundred miles farther east.

Our population has increased about 5,000 in the last year, and taking this and all other things into consideration the amount of sickness was less, if anything, than it was during 1897. Our birth rate has increased about 25 per cent. over 1897 while our death rate remains about the same.

Our greatest difficulty as far as sanitation is concerned is with our water supply. We have to buy all drinking water and it comes to us from springs three miles north of Alva and is hauled in wooden tanks, which I have the greatest difficulty in keeping clean. They will not keep them in condition without being watched every day. Then again, most of the townspeople buy it by the barrel and before these are entirely emptied fresh water is put in them day by day and some of them go for weeks without being cleaned, and then they wonder how they get typhoid fever, etc. I use the greatest care with the water at the school house, and hope to keep it pure and clean. The amount expended by the board during the past year was about $233. Our county commissioners have been very just to the board in the matter of allowing necessary claims We have had probably eight or ten cases of scarlet fever in the past year. I have had the greatest trouble in keeping Alva in a sanitary condition, as the merchants threw their refuse in the alleys and refused to move it or clean it up. After a warrant was sworn out for one of them for creating and keeping a nuisance the rest of them complied with the law. We have had two cases of suicide, both male; one man murdered his wife just after they came home from church by crushing her skull with an ax, then he cut his own throat with a razor. One outlaw was shot to death while resisting arrest. I have known of but very few cases of criminal abortion.

Our climate is extremely healthful as the altitude is just right, the air is pure and dry and people who come here suffering from tuberculosis, asthma and hay fever find quick relief from their most distressing symptoms, and in time become very much benefitted. I have had under my care and observation several cases of incipient tuberculosis during the past year which I think were entirely cured by coming to this country. Also have given particular attention to several bad cases of tuberculosis and find that class of patients much benefited. There have been about twenty-five insane persons sent to Norman from Woods county during the past year.

I think Oklahoma is leading all the states in everything but her medical law. That needs a great deal of fixing and should be raised to a much higher standard. Our present law hardly protects us from the most illiterate quacks and charletans, for it recognizes some diplomas that can be purchased for $50 by men who never saw a medical college and who could not even open a campus gate. Oklahoma should follow the example of New York and Pennsylvania and make every physician stand an examination, no matter from what school he graduated, then "boughten" diplomas and those issued to professors pets will not serve to put illiterate men and quacks on a level with physicians who have honestly won a diploma and have the proper knowledge to practice medicine in a scientific manner.

Too much can not be said in favor of the great advance made in sanitary matters in Oklahoma during the past year, and our Governor is to be congratulated in his selection of the Board which now has control of these matters. Our Secretary and Superintendent is the right man in the right place and by his earnest efforts has won a place of respect and esteem in the hearts of all the physicians in the territory.

R. ALLEN GAMBLE, M. D.,
Superintendent of Health of Woods County.

D COUNTY REPORT.

POPULATION OF D COUNTY 6,000.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC HEALTH D COUNTY,
BUTTE, Okla., Nov. 10, 1898.

L. Haynes Buxton, M. D,, Secretary and Superintendent Territorial Board of Health, Guthrie, Okla.

SIR:—Having only located in D county in April of this year and received my commission as County Superintendent of Health and first of May, my report can only embrace a period of six months.

Dr. Granville Speer of Taloga, and myself are the only registered practitioners in D county. There are some very stubborn illegal quacks who have been plying their trade in this county for the past five years, and have gained quite an influence among a certain class of people, and the efforts of the County Superintendent of Health to suppress the illegal practice of medicine is looked upon as an outrage and nothing short of persecution, I am in favor of revising the laws governing the practice of medicine in Oklahoma, making them more stringent, and believe the quickest way to suppress illegal practice would be for our next session to pass an act making the person who knowingly employs one of these *illegal quacks* guilty as an *accomplice* in violating the laws, unless it be in cases of extreme emergency. I know of no *mid-wives* practicing in D county.

"D" county is forty-two miles east and west by twenty-four miles north and south. The surface is sufficiently undulating to carry all rainfall into the large creeks, which empty into the South Canadian river, which passes entirely through the county, leaving no water pools or basins to contaminate the air. The supply of drinking water is obtained from deep wells, ranging in depth from forty feet to two hundred feet. The water of some of the shallower wells is considerably impregnated with gypsum, making it very unpleasant for drinking and laundry purposes. I have noticed where parties have continued the use of this "gyp water" there occurs occasionally cases of severe cystitis, but from my observation am confident that an abundance of pure fresh water can be had by going from seventy-five to one hundred feet.

"D" county has increased rapidly in population in the past two years. In 1896 the population was given at 2,986 and according to the increase in the late election returns, the present population will reach 6,000. This rapid increase in population consequently has proportionately increased the amount of sickness, which has mostly been of a malarial type, due, I am sure, to the unusual amount of rainfall during the spring and early summer months. In an area of twenty-five miles there have been six cases of typhoid fever with two deaths (both those that died were the patients of J. A. McGinnis, an illegal practitioner living near Taloga.) One case of scarlet fever recovered. No cases of diphtheria or membraneous croup have come to my notice, though quite a number of cases of ulcerative tonsilitis have come under my care in the past three weeks, all recovered. One case of cerebro-spinal meningitis resulting in death; two deaths from cholera infantum, infants; one suicide, despondency from over use of alcohol; two murders, cause, personal difficulties between parties in regard to lands and cattle.

No cases of criminal abortion have come to my notice The people generally seem to be moral and law-abiding and as soon as they get enough ahead to build comfortable houses to live in, and move out of the dug-outs, which quite a number still inhabit, I do not think there will be a healthier, happier people anywhere.

The climate of "D" county is all that could be asked. I have talked with quite a number of persons who were suffering with catarrh in some form, and after having been here a few months the trouble entirely disappeared. I have also met with those who were confirmed asthmatics when they came here three years ago; they have had no paroxism for more than a year and say they are entirely free of asthma.

I have not seen a single case of tuberculosis in any stage, nor have I heard of one in this county.

The contagious diseases, such as typhoid and scarlet fever, measles, etc., do not seem to be of so violent a form as in other states. I have practiced in Tennessee and Texas and the general health is better and percentage of sickness less here in "D" county, Oklahoma, than in either of the states I have named.

In the early part of the summer I visited some cattle ranches in the west part of the county and found that quite a number of cattle had died of the disease called "blackleg." I found that nothing had been done to check the disease or to dispose of the dead carcasses which were lying scattered over the pasture and some near the water courses. I told the man in charge, Mr. Sowers, that the dead must either be buried or burned according to law, and the herd isolated and the disease confined to as small an area as possible, all of which was readily agreed to, and was done under his directions. I told him should the disease still continued he should notify the "Territorial Livestock Commission." To Mr. Sowers' prompt action I think was due the checking of this disease.

The expenses of our board to date have been $23.50.

C. J. K. MOORE, M. D.,
County Superintendent of Health of "D" County.

REPORT OF KAY COUNTY.

Population of Kay county 16,666, an increase of 2,106 during the past year.

OFFICE OF W. D. EZELL, M. D.,
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, KAY COUNTY.
NEWKIRK, O. T., Nov. 11, 1898.

L. Haynes Buxton, M. D., Superintendent of Public Health, Guthrie:

DEAR DOCTOR:—In answer to your recent request for the report of the proceedings of this office I beg to submit the following:

Amount expended by this board: bills not yet allowed by the county commissioners, $110.00. The following have been among my official duties: Arranging for meetings of our board of health; inspecting county jail; quarantining persons and families infected with contagious diseases; also in a few instances it has been necessary to quarantine diseased horses; notifying parties who are practicing medicine without a certificate contrary to law to comply with the law or discontinue their work. It was necessary to make one arrest to enforce this regulation.

A number of midwives have discontinued their unlawful business rather than make an effort to comply with the law which they were unable to do.

A few violations of sanitary laws have come to my notice. Most of the cases through ignorance of what was the law. In nearly all cases when informed they readily complied with all requirements.

No cases of diphtheria or membraneous croup have come to my notice; a few cases of scarlet fever have been reported, the same being quarantined the proper length of time; a number of cases of measles were also reported and quarantined, no deaths from either of the above diseases have come to my notice.

A number of cases of typhoid fever with several deaths have occurred. The cities and villages of the county are in reasonably good sanitary condition. However. there is much that could be done to improve matters in this line. No suicides have come to my notice; three murders have been committed in the county during my term of office. The prevailing diseases at present are typhoid-malarial fevers. Cases of tuberculosis are rarely seen here, climatic conditions seeming to be beneficial in this direction. Our water supply is good. We have less sickness here in proportion to population than in other states where I have practiced, namely, Illinois and Kansas. We certainly should be a grateful people as we are blessed with a wonderfully rich soil and delightful climate and health abounding among all classes. Thanking you for past favors, I am

Very truly,
W. D. EZELL, M. D.,
County Superintendent of Health of Kay County.

WOODWARD COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH.

POPULATION OF COUNTY 5,500.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT AND SECRETARY,
WOODWARD, OKLAHOMA, NOV. 16, 1898.

Board of Health—T. D. Ballard, Pres.; S. S. Munger, M. D., Vice-Pres.; J. M. Workman, M. D., Sec. and Supt.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, Territorial Superintendent of Health:

During the months of January, February and March we had an epidemic of measles, strict quarantine was enforced and no deaths resulted. During the above months, possibly six cases of pneumonia were treated, with one fatality. There has not been one death from consumption during the year. Quite a number of eastern people suffering from asthma have been living in this county during the past year, all have been greatly benefited and a few cases absolutely relieved. No cases of original bronchitis have occurred here, and those from abroad suffering from bronchial troubles have been greatly relieved. We have treated quite a number of people suffering from brochial disorders of an acute nature, but all these cases yield rapidly to treatment. All pulmonary disorders are greatly benefited by our climate because of its altitude above sea level and the absence of humidity in our atmosphere. We are situated 2,360 feet above sea level, with an increasing altitude to the west and southwest. For several months in the year we have steady waves of air from the southwest, known in this country as the "trade winds" of the west, rendering it almost impossible for contagious or infectious diseases to become epidemic. Typhoid fever is almost unknown here. During the summer months many cases of intestinal disorders occurred and one child, a babe, died from that cause. We have had no cases of whooping-cough during the past year. No cases of scarlet fever have been reported. One case of diphtheria, fatal in its results. In the bottom lands of the river, several cases of malaria have existed. No fatalities. In and about the county seat, Woodward, malarial fever is very rare. Woodward being the only town of note in the county, having a population of 1,200 souls. Special care has been taken as to its sanitation. In the latter part of May, persons and owners of hogs running at large, were notified to avoid trouble by a compliance with the law. In many cases the notice, properly published, was ignored. The board at once proceeded to have all loose hogs properly impounded. The expenses of which, with one exception, was assessed against the owners and paid by them and a compliance with the law enforced. The one exception is now in the district court for adjudication. In the month of April a dog, suffering from rabies, and which had bitten several other dogs, was ordered killed, as well as those bitten by it, and all dogs in the town ordered muzzled for thirty days. The precaution proved the wisdom of the measure, as no other cases have occurred.

The streets and alleys have been thoroughly cleaned and kept in good sanitary condition. All privy vaults have been disinfected and very careful action looking to the health of the town taken. Our water supply is taken from springs near the city and after a careful analysis has proved pure and healthful for all purposes. We have an abundance of good water in the North Canadian river and other streams fed by pure springs. There is no contamination of the water by foreign or extraneous matter. I have practiced medicine in Missouri, Indiana, and Colorado and my experience teaches me, that by comparison, the ravages of disease are very much less here than in the states named. We have five registered physicians in the county. Quite a number of persons claiming to be physicians have attempted to practice medicine in the county but have been promptly checked.

The rainfall for the past year has been 18 inches. The result is abundant crops of all kinds. We have been greatly assisted by all our county officials, who have upheld us in all our actions in strict conformity to law and for the benefit of all our people. I cannot give a correct report of the deaths during the past year, as reports have not been made to me. One suicide, one drowned and one by gunshot wound. Neither can I give the number of births. I can add, however, that the death, rate has been less during my term than for any one year since the opening of the country to settlement.

The expenses of the board for the year have been about $150.

J. M. WORKMAN, M. D.,
County Superintendent of Health.

BIENNIAL REPORT FOR PAWNEE COUNTY.

OFFICE OF G. H. PHILLIPS, M. D.,
COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF HEALTH, PAWNEE COUNTY,
PAWNEE, OKLAHOMA, NOV. 17, 1898.

Dr. L. H. Buxton, Territorial Superintendent of Health, Guthrie, Okla.

SIR:—I enclose my report for the year, as requested by you.

The sanitary affairs of Pawnee county, for the past year have been uneventful. We have had no epidemics. The contagious diseases have been quarantined to their original location. We have had no prosecutions for violation of the Medical act, though it has been violated to a certain extent.

The expenses of our Board for the year were about sixteen and 50-100 ($16.50) dollars.

Our sanitary laws have been fairly executed and we have nothing to complain of on that line.

We have had a few cases of Membraneous croup (3), Scarlet fever (2), some Typhoid fever; several cases of Measles and two (2) cases of diphtheria.

Our towns and villages are in very good sanitary condition.

Criminal abortions have not been known to the county superintendent.

Suicides and murders were very rare, there being one suicide and one murder that I can recall.

We have some tuberculosis but on the whole our climate is favorable to diseases of the respiratory passages, so much so that we have very little Pneumonia, Plurisy, Bronchitis, Tuberculosis, etc.

Malarial diseases are prevalent.

Whooping cough has been in our county for a year, but it is fast running out.

Our population has increased during the year but I have no definite figures.

Our water supply is good. In some localities the water seems to contain soda and various minerals. If we have to go deep we generally strike salt water.

Outside of malarial troubles this is the healthiest place I ever lived in and I have been here over nine (9) years.

Very respectfully yours,
G. H. PHILLIPS, M. D.
Superintendent of Health for Pawnee County.

LOGAN COUNTY HEALTH REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1898.

OFFICE OF DR. W. M. HATFIELD,
SUPERINTENDENT BOARD OF HEALTH, MULHALL.

Dr. L. H. Buxton, Territorial Superintendent of Public Health, Guthrie, O. T.:

DEAR DOCTOR:—The health for Logan county for more than a year past, while I believe better than in most older counties, has not been as favorable as in the preceding year; this is partly due to the fact that an epidemic of measles and German measles swept over almost the entire county during the fall, winter, and spring months of '97 and '98. This epidemic of measles had a very low mortality.

As only a few physicians have even pretended to make a report to me, a county report under the circumstances must necessarily be meager and lacking in detail, while conclusions applicable to the entire county would doubtless be erroneous or simply the results of a personal observation.

Lung troubles, such as pleurisy, pneumonia, etc., are very mild and rarely fatal, except in the aged and enfeebled.

Bronchitis and catarrh and in some instances tuberculosis, coming from other localities improved rapidly; consumption originating with us seems to persue a steady downward course. The malarial fevers, and continued fevers (resembling in many respects, typhoid,) have been with us in an unusual degree, but singularly free from fatality; much the larger portion of these fevers have been intermittent and remittent in form.

Three cases of Scarlet fever occurred in Guthrie and were quarantined.

Twenty cases of diphtheria have been reported to me; two of these were in or near Mulhall and the remaining eighteen, in the vicinity of Guthrie. There occurred twelve *cases* in Guthrie These cases were malignant in a number of instances, four deaths *resulting*. In five cases the cause was direct *contagion*. Death *one*. Contagion from a mild case of tonsillitis (?) in *two* neighbor's children, said cases not reported and not restricted *at home*. Death *two*, membraneous croup. Death *three*, *children* of family, played with children of family where death two occurred, although no further cases occurred in family where death *two* took place, but *three children* in this *family* had *diphtheria* with death of a little boy. Death *four*, contagion from an unreported case in the country. Strong young man twenty-five (25) years of age died.

In these four deaths we are able to trace three to known contagion and in two of the cases from *unreported cases* and hence *unquarantined*. Nearly all the *above twenty cases* reported have been *thoroughly* quarantined, *flagged* and disinfected by health officer and in *no case* where this has been done has the contagion been carried to others, *although* in cases unreported or reported late we are able to trace cases arising from these cases in three cases besides the deaths above referred to—any man who runs can read a lesson from these cases.

All cases reported were quarantined and disinfected; necro logic list from these cases six.

Antitoxin had been used in six of those cases, with reported good results in only part of the cases. In a part of these the patients were nearly moribund before receiving the injection, and as expected; results were nil.

Deductions concerning the usefulness of antitoxin from such an experience are devoid of value.

In addition to the above cases a little expense account has been incurred in visiting nuisances and attempting their removal or abatement. The costs all told since 1897—(Aug.) amount in the aggregate to about fifty dollars. ($50.00.)

Some of our towns and even part of Guthrie seem to furnish abundant opportunity for a contaminated water supply by permitting their water closet vaults to be simply excavations in the earth, dug in many instances almost to the substrata of sand which contains our drinking water.

It seems to me it would be a good plan if some form of box could be devised to be used in the reception and disposal of human excreta in the smaller towns and villages. This could be removed and emptied at stated intervals by the authorities;

the contents of the box being dry and odorless could be easily disposed of for fertilizing purposes. Some plan suggested like the above could be framed into a law and thus universally applied; or if this is deemed too stringent, anything outside of water tight vaults could be prohibited by law. The "pumping into air-tight containers without æration" is a difficult feat, so why not change rule 37 making the change so as to permit *covering* up if preferred. I believe the enforcement of that rule could then be contemplated without dread.

If there has been violations of the Medical act which requires practitioners to register, so far as reported to me it has been with permission until such time as the requirements of the law could be met.

No violation of the law by mid-wives with proof substantiating the same has been reported to me.

Respectfully,
W. M. HATFIELD, M. D.
Superintendent of Public Health of Logan County.

REPORT OF W. R. KELLEY, M. D., COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF HEALTH, BLAINE COUNTY, FOR THE YEAR 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton,
Territorial Superintendent of Health, Guthrie, Okla.

The amount of money expended by Board of Health during the year was $6.00 for work of Superintendent.

Two practitioners attempted to practice medicine without certificate but discontinued upon notice from the Territorial Superintendent of Health, upon report of this board.

There are no practicing mid-wives except among the colored people where it has been customary for women to act in that capacity among the poorer classes. In the town of Geary, when first started, my attention was called to non-removal of garbage and refuse from stores and restaurants, but that has been rectified and the town is now in clean condition.

There have been no cases of diphtheria, scarlet fever or measles reported. Typhoid fever has been the prevailing disease during the summer and autumn, as in other seasons, due to contamination through water supply, but there has been more cases of malaria reported than in all the other seasons combined since the opening of the country. No suicides reported.

Two murders; one due to a drunken row. Cause of the other unknown. The effect of alcohol in the community is to degrade and lower the standard of society and work hardships upon its people when indulged in.

No criminal abortions reported or known.

Tuberculosis is a rare disease is this community and the climate tends to relieve those affected with lung trouble who come here for that purpose—who are not a few. In general the climate is healthful and for healthfullness exceeds any state in the north or east. Our county has increased from 9,000 to 12,000 people during the past year. In general the water supply is good, but open wells produce some infection. The county is in general in a healthful and prosperous condition.

W R. KELLY, M. D.
Superintendent of Health of Blaine County.
Geary, Okla., Nov. 4, 1898.

REPORT OF PAYNE COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH.

POPULATION, 15,000.

N. W. MAYGINNES, M. D., SUPT. COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH,
STILLWATER, O. T., NOV. 21, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton,
Territorial Superintendent of Health:

DEAR DOCTOR:—The following report embraces the time from October 2, 1897, to November 21, 1898.

During the months of October, November and December, 1897, there were a great many cases of malarial fever along the Stillwater and Cimarron river bottoms; some few cases of typhoid fever. Beginning in January, 1898, we had a good many cases of pneumonia; not so many cases as in former years for the reason the general population have more comfortable quarters and are less exposed to cold and stormy weather. There have been no reports of diphtheria during the year. No scarlet fever cases reported. The county has been free from whooping cough. We have had a scourge of measles during the entire year—measles making their appearance in November and December, 1897, and continuing up to the present time. The cases are of a mild form without complications except in some cases where pneumonitis followed, with only a few deaths in the county compared to the great number of cases. Measles prevailed in every town and township in the county. Schools progressed as if nothing had happened. The months of June, July and August developed many cases of intestinal trouble among the children. Cases considered by most of the physicians to be dysenteric in their nature; caused by hot weather and improper feeding.

Experience and observation have led me to the conclusion that we have a most excellent climate for asthmatics and persons suffering from bronchial troubles. A large per cent. of this class of subjects finds relief on coming here and remaining.

Stillwater is located on an elevation between Boomer Creek and Stillwater Creek with most excellent drainage, and the health of the city for the past year has been excellent. Our city officials are always ready to do anything to promote good health. The cost of the board for the city and county will not amount to more than $50 for the year.

HARRY BRACE,
President of the Board,
S. M. BARNES,
Vice-President,
N. W. MAYGINNES, M. D.,
Secretary and Superintendent.

GARFIELD COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH.

POPULATION, 18,720.

JAMES SPURLOCK, *President,*
DR. G. B. ARMSTRONG, *Vice-President,*
GEO. W. FAIRGRIEVE, M. D., *Secretary and Superintendent.*

L. Haynes Buxton, M. D.
Secretary Territorial Board of Health:

DEAR DOCTOR:—I will admit it is with quite a degree of reluctance I send in this imperfect report; the imperfection is to a great degree due to the fact that we have not the proper legislation relative to the work. We do not obtain proper data upon which to make a report that would be of value, not only for the present, but valuable as a reference for the future.

Blank certificates should be furnished every registered physician in the territory upon which to make a record of each and every birth and death in detail, giving age, nationality, etc. Then statistics would be obtainable that would be of value All unregistered doctors, either male or female, doing work in any medical, surgical or obstetric line could be easily apprehended.

I am very glad to state that at this writting, as far as I am aware, no unregistered person is in practice. We have, in a number of instances during the past year, been obliged to prosecute, and in every instance obtained result required, as all were either convicted or signed an agreement to comply in the future with the law. The value of the work is not appreciated as it should be, and expenses are not recognized by our county commissioners, as they have refused, during the entire year to recognize any account presented.

We are greatly indebted to the press of our county and city for valuable assistance upon many occasions, as Enid has been evidently the Mecca of the "medical fakir." I trust that our next legislature will give prompt attention to the improvement of our medical laws.

The following cases have been reported:

Membraneous croup, 3; diphtheria, 1; measles, 18; bronchitis, (chronic) 1; scarlet fever, 16.

No deaths have been reported but the following have come to my notice since October 1, 1897:

Phthisis pulmonalis, 2; membraneous croup, 1; peritonitis, 1; puerperal fever, 2; cholera infantum, 1; typhoid fever, 1; accidents, 2; murders, 2.

The sanitary condition of our cities and towns is good; criminal abortion is not common.

The water supply is good and drainage is excellent.

Several cases of glanders among horses have occurred and cases turned over to proper officer.

Our population is increasing. I consider the mortality rate much less than during my fifteen years of practice in middle and northwest Missouri.

Trusting our incoming legislature will make marked improvement in the line of medical legislation, so that in the future reports will be more complete, I remain

Yours fraternally,

GEO. W. FAIRGRIEVE, M. D.,

Superintendent of Public Health for Garfield County.

REPORT FOR OKLAHOMA COUNTY.

POPULATION, 30,320.

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., Nov. 25, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton,
Superintendent Territorial Board of Health:

DEAR SIR:—As you are aware, I was appointed superintendent of health of this county in August of this year. Since that time there has been no epidemic; a few cases of typhoid fever, measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever and diphtheria, all of which were properly quarantined, thus checking their progress. In case of contagious diseases, making its appearance in a densely populated city like this, rigid quarantine rules must be enforced; if necessary to enforce these rules, place a sanitary policeman in charge of the house until the danger of contagion has passed. When a case of contagious disease is reported to me, I at once place it in quarantine, placard the house and guard the schools. If it be diphtheria reported I have every child sent home that has sore throat. Being the president of the city board of health, we have made such recommendations to the city council in regard to sanitary laws and have received their full co-operation. Our sanitary improvements are very marked; stone curbs and gutters for our streets, free surface drainage, seven miles of sanitary sewers, to which our water closets are attached, all attest to the interest taken in the health of Oklahoma City.

Analysis of the water supplied by our city waterworks:

MATTER.	Grammes per Gallon
Silica	.882
Alumina and oxide of iron	.046
Carbonate of calcium	1.917
Carbonate of magnicium	4.723
Sulphate magnicium	3.020
Sulphate of calcium	.816
Chloride potassium	7.790
Chloride sodium	13 149
Organic matter	9.795
Total	42.138

I recommend the public free bath house in all the cities. This would make it possible for the poor to keep clean during the winter months. I also recommend a department to our asylum for the care and treatment of inebriates. There has been one epidemic of catarrh among horses in the month of August which lasted only two weeks, with the result of four deaths.

Expense of the board of health, $15.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN R. MCILVAIN, M. D.,
Supt. of Health for Oklahoma County.

REPORT OF LINCOLN COUNTY.

OFFICE OF B. F. HARRIMAN, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT
OF HEALTH OF LINCOLN COUNTY,
CHANDLER, OKLA., NOV. 29, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, M. D., Territorial Superintendent of Health:

SIR:—I have the honor to submit herewith my annual report as County Superintendent of Health for Lincoln county. This report has been somewhat delayed, owing to my absence from home, but I trust that it will reach you in time.

In my own practice and from the cases reported to me I have had knowledge of seventeen cases of diphtheria (membraneous croup), seven cases of which have proven fatal. There have been three cases of Scarlet Fever, one of which was fatal. These figures are, of course, not complete, as many of the physicians have been careless or willfully negligent in regard to reporting births, deaths and contagious diseases. As nearly as I can ascertain there have been about forty cases of measles with two deaths. Typhoid fever, two cases; result, favorable.

The entire county is in a good sanitary condition. The jail and other public buildings are in sanitary condition, except in a few particulars in regard to which I have made the necessary orders, which are being complied with at this time.

The prevailing disease is Malarial Fever and the per cent. of sickness is greater this year than last year. I have quarantined all contagious diseases coming under my notice. I ordered the killing of two glandered mules and the burning of the stables.

According to the best information at hand I understand that there are eight patients from this county in the asylum at Norman.

On account of the prevalence of diphtheria in Chandler I closed the Chandler schools on November 10, 1897, and again on October 10, 1898, and disinfected the school rooms, with satisfactory results.

I have been seriously handicapped in my work by reason of the failure of the county commissioners to allow bills for work and supplies, and because of the failure of the profession and the laity to make the proper reports to me as health officer.

I have caused to be published in the county papers an extract from the Oklahoma Statutes and from the regulations of the Territorial Board of Health in reference to the bodies of persons who died from contagious or infectious diseases. This was done in order that the public might fully understand the penalty to be imposed for violations of this law.

The new Board of Health was organized November 5, 1897. The last meeting of the County Board of Health was held August 3, 1898. Respectfully submitted.

B. F. HARRIMAN, M. D.,
County Superintendent of Health.

DAY COUNTY REPORT.

OFFICE OF MISS DELLA CANN,
PRESIDENT BOARD OF HEALTH.
GRAND, O. T., DEC. 1, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, Guthrie, O. T.:

DEAR DOCTOR:—The following is as complete report as I am able to make for our county: The following being an accurate list of deaths for the past year. Nearly all deaths were from accident or chronic troubles. Total of eight deaths; cause being two cancers, two drowning, one gunshot wound.

There has been considerable sickness from Malaria Fever and a peculiar sore throat that has been quite widespread. Measles and Whooping Cough have visited the county in light form. We have no resident physicians in Day county. I am

Very truly,

DELLA CANN,

President Board of Health, Day County.

REPORT OF CLEVELAND COUNTY.

OFFICE OF C. W. NEWMAN, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT OF
BOARD OF HEALTH OF CLEVELAND COUNTY,
NORMAN, O. T., NOV. 29, 1898.

POPULATION OF COUNTY, 15,000.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, Territorial Superintendent of Health:

DEAR DOCTOR:—From the time of my appointment as Superintendent of Cleveland County, August 27, 1898, to present time, we have had principally the following diseases during winter and spring: Pneumonia, La Grippe and Measles, showing a mortality of not over one in forty or fifty cases.

Measles became epidemic but no deaths so far has come to my knowledge.

During the spring of 1898 we had an epidemic of Gastro-intestinal trouble which had no respect of person, all ages being affected and several deaths occurred from the same. The death rate being about one in twenty-five. We have had almost a universal wave of "Chills and Fever" this summer and autumn, also a large increase of what is called in this county "Slow Fever," with perhaps a mortality of one in twenty-five. Three cases of Scarlet Fever, all recovered. A strict quarantine was enforced, hence no extension of disease occurred.

Two physicians were prosecuted for practicing without a license. Mid-wives plying their trade were notified of their violation of the law, after which there was very little trouble given by them.

There is now a suit pending in this County Court as to expenses of County Board of Health, which will be settled at next term. So far the amount expended has been only $6.70.

Very respectfully,
C. W. NEWMAN, M. D.,
County Superintendent of Health.

REPORT OF GREER COUNTY.

OFFICE OF H. M. FERGUSON, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT
OF GREER COUNTY BOARD OF HEALTH,
MANGUM, O. T., NOV. 23, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, Superintendent Public Health, Guthrie, O. T.:

DEAR DOCTOR:—Yours of the 21st inst. received. I have not been able to get a report from the physicians over the county and can not give a complete history of health conditions during the past year.

With the exception of Dysentery there has been almost no sickness. Only four cases of Typhoid fever reported. There are a few mild cases of Tonsilitis. No Diphtheria reported as yet.

Yours obediently,
H. M. FERGUSON, M. D.,
Superintendent of Health of Greer County.

REPORT OF POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY.

OFFICE OF B. F. HAMILTON, M. D., SUPERINTENDENT OF
PUBLIC HEALTH. POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY,
SHAWNEE, O. T., DEC. 1, 1898,

POPULATION OF COUNTY, 22,594, APRIL 1, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, Superintendent and Secretary Territorial Board of Health, Guthrie:

DEAR DOCTOR:—Pursuant to your request I beg to submit the following report:

On assuming this arduous and *most important* office in the county, somewhat over a year ago, I must confess, that upon entering the office of County Superintendent of School, to hold our first meeting, I was astonished to find that the county of Pottawatomie had supplied its health office with a set of books and the necessary stationery, second to none in any county in any state, that it has been my good fortune to inspect.

But upon opening the Record of Meetings and Proceedings, (large ledger) I saw for the first time the absolute necessity of work. This is the *most important* office in every county, in every state and territory in these United States. Hence the absolute necessity of having the most honest, firm, honorable and well posted modern physician in the whole county at the helm. The necessity of an energetic, sober and broad-minded man, one who will thoroughly go over all matters without undue haste and let all his actions be judicious, fair, honorable and above party or petty prejudices.

At the start I want to compliment the men who have filled the honorable position of County Commissioners. The Board of Health has at all times audited their own accounts, and the County Commissioner and County Clerk have at all times recognized the faithful and good work of the County Board of Health and have never for one moment questioned the accounts allowed and audited by the Board. Consequently this Board has at all times tried to look after all matters brought to the attention of the Board with promptness and precision.

Soon after assuming my duties as health officer of this County, the Yellow Fever scourge of the whole south assumed such serious proportions that the Territorial Board of Health deemed it prudent and wise to quarantine against all points in the south that were affected; consequently the Territorial Board of Health designated me as an inspector for all eastern Oklahoma, that the C. O. & G. railway passed through, and all written and oral telegraphic orders from the Territorial Board of Health were carefully obeyed and carried out to the letter, to the satisfaction of said Board.

There should be some special legislation regarding officers enforcing the Board of Health laws—empowering the sheriff, his deputies and township constables to watch, and report nuisances as they may exist in different parts of the county, to the Board of Health, giving the Board power to order said officers to see that such nuisances are at once abated or removed. Dead animals of any description lying upon the ground and not properly buried, standing pool of stagnated water, and deposit of the excreta of schools and other public closets should properly come under this head.

A law compelling physicians to make a monthly report to the County Superintendent and Secretary of the Board of Health, of births and deaths, and the conditions as they exist in their respective localities. A law governing the practice of medicine, who shall be allowed to practice and who shall not, and what class of college diplomas shall be recognized. I suggest a law, that the Territory will not recognize any diploma, but cause every man, whether he is the possessor of a dozen diplomas or not, to go before a Territorial Board and pass a rigid written and oral examination. Have the law annul all certificates heretofore granted and create a Board of five examiners, with the Territorial Superintendent and Secretary of Board of Health as the Secretary of said Board of Examiners and his recommendations of appointment be considered final to the Governor, or the Governor make none only upon recommendation of the Secretary and Superintendent of Board of Health. I believe the present Council and Legislature elect of this Oklahoma Territory to be the most intelligent that has ever graced the legislative halls of Oklahoma, and we should make an extra effort to secure the needed legislation for the protection of the people from quacks.

The year just passed, with the exception of about 2½ or 3 months, has been a very healthy season. An epidemic of Pertussis and Measles swept over the whole county but a very low mortality was reported except in the southeast part of the county where there are no registered physicians, I understand the mortality was above the average.

We had a very few cases of Diphtheria last winter which were immediately quarantined and effectively stamped out; but four deaths. All the above cases were in the winter of '97 and '98. With this winter so far, December 6, 1898, only one case of Diphtheria, and the case will undoubtedly die because the people did not call in their family physician until, as the physician said when he reported the case, it was in a dying condition. This case is properly quarantined and the balance of the children are put upon a prophylactic treatment.

I cannot refrain from saying a few words in behalf of Formaldehyde gas in the treatment of Scarlet Fever. I have certainly become an enthusiast in advocating its use both to thoroughly fumigate the rooms, clothing, etc., and to effectively stamp the disease out, and further, it is the best treatment in the world in my opinion for Scarlet Fever. Get any good generator, fill with wood alchohol, start your lamp and set by the bed-side (Scarlet Fever) and close the sick room up tight as possible (must be a good tight room, free from circulating air) and let the generator create gas until it begins to irritate the eyes, then stop your lamp and leave patient in the room until gas has all gone. Repeat every 3 or 4 hours, day and night, and I believe with your other local remedies it is a specific. If you can't get a generator take a chunk of unslacked lime as large as a big bucket, dig a hole in the center of it and pour a pint of wood alchohol in the hole and set it by the bedside and it will never fail to give you very satisfactory results.

In August and September we had a severe epidemic of many forms of Malaria which for a while was alarming. All caused by hard rains all spring and summer, the heavy rank growth of vegitation, the death rate was very insignificant. Although every house in the cities, towns, hamlets, and in the country were very unpopular if they didn't have from 1 to 6 cases of Malaria fever to contend with.

I have considerable trouble with complaints about illegal practitioners and mid-wives, but when a complaint is made to me I invariably make life miserable for the poor devil and devilesses until they comply with the law or make an affidavit to forever stop their illegal practice. When an advertising quack struck the town and was not qualified, I invariably used the policeman's phrase "move on" and I always saw that he *did* move on.

I consider Pottawatomie County one of the healthiest parts of Oklahoma. We have, as a class, a representative people, all over the county. Our county is well watered by nature's own streams, the finest soft drinking water in the world. The wells in Shawnee possesses water just as soft as rain water.

Yours fraternally,

B. F. HAMILTON, M. D.

Superintendent of Health for Pottawatomie County.

STATUTORY CHANGES AND ENACTMENTS RECOMMENDED FOR THE BETTER PROTECTION OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND THE PREVENTION AND CURE OF CONTAGIOUS AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Although in many points our present medical and sanitary laws might with benefit be changed, yet I shall call attention to those changes and enactments more urgently demanded at the present time and leave minor modifications to such action as your honorable body may deem wise.

Compensation for County and Local Health Officers.—No problem has annoyed the present Board of Health more and has retarded the enforcement of existing health laws than the difficulty that has arisen by county and local health officers in receiving just compensation for the services demanded of them by our statute.

The people require that contagious diseases shall be kept from their communities; that when such have entered, the lives of themselves and their families shall be protected; that quarantine be maintained; that pestilential breeding pools be abated; that proper sewerage be maintained; that nuisances of every kind be abated; that dead and decaying animals shall be buried or destroyed, and that the numerous other duties devolving upon the health officer shall be performed in a prompt and efficient manner; yet if we are to judge by the conduct of some boards of county commissioners in auditing and allowing the bills of Health Officers, we might judge that they expect that this work should be simply a *work of love* without compensation.

In too many cases county and local officials have found themselves without means to properly enforce just and wise sanitary regulations, or having enforced them, found that they were left with a large portion of the bills to pay themselves.

The duties of a local health officer are far from pleasant, under the most favorable circumstances, oftentimes receiving condemnation from those whose paths they necessarily must cross in enforcing the laws of health. If, added to this, they are expected to receive little or no compensation, it simply becomes a matter of absolute withdrawal from public service. Some of the very best of our County Superintendents of Health have resigned during the past year, giving as their only reason that their county commissioners were not willing to pay the legal fees, which at the best were insignificant, for their services, and that they did not care to enter into a suit at law to enforce their legal rights for the pittance that was due them.

The duties of a County Superintendent of Health at the best are exceedingly unpleasant, and cheerfully should each county pay, as required by our laws, such sums as are expended by these faithful officers in the discharge of their duties.

Expenses of the Territorial Board of Health.—In 1890 when our present sanitary and medical law went into effect a larger amount was appropriated for this Board than that appropriated by our last legislature. This is unreasonable. The correspondence of the Superintendent has increased one hundred fold, his traveling expenses must necessarily be ten times as great, as on this above date mentioned. In order to faithfully perform my duties and carry out the requirements of our statute it becomes necessary that a larger appropriation be made for this department. More especially is this demanded, as it is necessary that a *Bulletin of Health* be published that shall be extensive enough to reach a large number of people. This Bulletin of Health has been published in a small way during the past year and its benefits have been inestimable in extension of information about health laws. This extra work is absolutely demanded, but in order to do it an increased appropriation will be required.

The Board has been unable to issue any Bulletins since July last for the simple lack of necessary funds, the appropriation having been exhausted. Believing as we do that sanitary laws can not be enforced without the consent and sympathy of the people, we believe that this special branch of work is one that should receive your earnest consideration.

The Board is, in case of an epidemic of unusual severity or invasion of the yellow fever of the south, or an extensive epidemic of an infectious disease, wholly without funds to protect our people in the proper manner. The preservation of life and health should receive as much of your careful consideration as does commercial affairs, which at best but adds happiness and protection to that life.

The correspondence of the Board has become so voluminous as to demand the constant employ of a typewriter whose salary alone is almost equal to that of Superintendent of Health.

A Law Relating to the Registration of Births and Deaths.—In nearly all well governed states statutes are in force requiring the return and careful *registration* of *births* and *deaths*. We have had no such legislation, and no carefully collected record of *births* and *deaths* are made in our territory, as should be the case. *These records cost but little to collect* and are of great value, viewed from a moral, legal and sanitary standpoint. It is often of great value and even necessary to establish one's *identity* by a legal birth *record*, to *establish* the fact of the death of *individuals*, to *prevent* the hasty *burial* of *persons*, and more especially infants who have been secretly murdered. Also, from a sanitary point of view, it is of vital importance to gather causes and number of deaths, so that in case of an excessive death rate in a certain town or locality the cause therefor can be sought out and remedied. Often it is the case that by means of a *burial permit* and death return therefrom information is brought to the Health Officer for the first time of the outbreak of a contagious disease that demands his early *attention*. If we, as we so often state and believe, have one of the most healthful climates in the world, let us show this by undisputable *figures* by our small *death rate*. These suggestive reasons, presented for the enactment of a law to enforce the registration of *births* and *deaths*, are, I am sure, but a few of the many benefits that will come to your minds in considering this *subject*.

Statutory Requirements to Better Protect the People from Imposition by Parties Fraudulently Professing to Be Able to Cure Disease.—Although the statute regulating the practice of medicine in Oklahoma has been of inestimable value in protecting our people from the hordes of mountebanks, charletans and persons belonging to this class, nevertheless we believe that the time has arrived when salutary changes might be made. Our present law permits persons who are not graduates of medical colleges to come before the medical examining board, and if found proficient they are issued a certificate to practice medicine—giving all the rights and powers that the most proficient physician has. Under this regulation there is much danger that personal or political influence be exercised to induce the Board of Medical Examiners to leniency in certain individual cases, to pass men that are not as fully qualified as they should be. Eight years have passed and all men who are not graduates of medical colleges and are otherwise qualified, have no doubt been granted certificates of qualification to practice medicine. We believe, therefore, in this age and advancement of the world, when medical education is so easily obtained, that none but graduates from reputable medical colleges should, after this year, be granted certificates to practice medicine in Oklahoma. Again, under our law, it is mandatory upon the Superintendent of Public Health to issue certificates to all graduates of medical colleges. In too many instances a diploma of graduation does not represent medical knowledge. Schools have been organized for the especial purpose of boosting to prominence those persons connected therewith, with little attention or ability to thoroughly prepare their students for the duties of a practitioner, or, as is sometimes the case, these schools are simply "diploma mills" from which bootblacks, hostlers and others may graduate if they have the required amount of money necessary. In consideration of these things, and of facts which I shall present later, I would recommend the establishment of a medical examining board before whom all parties desiring to practice medicine should be required to come and show themselves thoroughly proficient to the satisfaction of such a Board.

We believe also that legislation should be enacted to stop the work of the traveling quack whose only desire and business is to fleece the people, and as soon as he has caught his victims flees to greener fields with his money. Hundreds of men in our country live by this method, and are no better than the "green goods" man and his class of followers. If fraud is controlled and prevented by statute so also should the nefarious business of these men be stopped by like means. If it is unwise to allow the citizens of our territory to be preyed upon by irresponsible, dishonest charletans who reside or are traveling through our territory, we believe it also desirable to shut out *agents* for similar concerns and men who reside outside the territory, that are sent here to seek out the unfortunate victims with the promise that the cure is to come from some faraway city, accompanied by a guarantee of cure, but in all cases a note or money is given in advance, and as is too often the case, the money is given and the party fleeced out of his scanty earnings from a prairie farm. Some method should be devised to shut dishonest agents out of the territory. Bad enough to be hoodwinked by such pretenders as Schrader, the so-called "divine healer," who attempted to *make* our territory, but who, thanks to our efficient Superintendents of Health in Grant and Garfield counties, caused him to understand that he was not needed and induced him to turn away.

In connection with this subject I desire to present the following letter in reference to the work of the notorious "Diamond Dick," and also a letter following, showing the class of applications which often are received for registration under our law:

OFFICE OF DR. E. W. WITTEN,
OKLAHOMA CITY, Ok., Oct. 17, 1898.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, Guthrie, Ok.:

MY DEAR DOCTOR:—I have eight bottles of medicine (pint bottles) that was brought to me by a family by the name of Churchil living twelve miles west of this place. The medicine was prepared and prescribed by the famous "Diamond Dick." He charged these people $65 for his medicine. They paid him the cash, as did three other persons in the same neighborhood the same day. Am also informed that he got *six or seven hundred dollars* in notes in the same locality. Of course his intention is to sell the notes to some innocent purchaser. I think he works the territory systematically and does not go to the same neighborhood the second time. Am told his home is in Chickasha, I. T., and it looks like he ought to be apprehended and punished to the full extent of the law. The name of the people I refer to can be obtained at any time. The medicine is put up in sixteen ounce prescription bottles. The directions are written on blank paper pasted on the bottle and no name signed.

Very truly yours,
E. W. WITTEN, M. D.

Letters have almost weekly been received like the following, which is given as received:

"STATE TRESURER,
"GUTHRIE, o. t.

"SIR:—Pleas send to me addres the law. regarding the peractis of medicin in yore state: Will i haf to regEster with the state tresure and in the county i Practice in. ore have you a state bowrd of helth.

"Yours,
"________________."

This letter was respectfully referred to the Superintendent.

of Public Health by our Honorable Territorial Treasurer, Mr. Thompson, with the suggestion that the district school teacher be called in.

As an indication of the benefits derived from legal supervision of the practice of medicine, we quote the following editorial from the Kansas City Medical Record of January, 1898:

"EMPIRCISMS; FAITH CURES, MAGNETIC HEALERS "AND OTHER 'FAKES' IN KANSAS.

"From personal observation and recent information we note with regret the overcrowding of the state of Kansas with all kinds of healers, unlicensed and uneducated. Nearly every town of any importance is now teeming with 'fakirs," who are not only financially sapping the unfortunate victims of misplaced confidence, who is probably incurable, but is preying upon his credulity; but, in addition, degrading the honest qualified members of the profession. It is often asserted that these 'fakes' do not hurt the better class of physicians. This is a mistake. While probably they do not injure them to any great extent from a financial standpoint, they cause them to suffer in other ways.

"The people generally do not seem to understand the difference between a quack and a doctor possessed of education, honesty and integrity, therefore our physicians must suffer to some extent socially.

"The marvelous growth of empircism along medical lines, and the ease with which the laity are made to believe in the irrational and impossible, is astounding.

"What is needed in Kansas and in many other states is a stringent law regulating the practice of medicine. It is somewhat singular that other laws seem easy of enactment in Kansas. Some hold the view that these matters will regulate themselves, but observation teaches us that they do not.

"No one can advance the argument, with any degree of truth, that we have now too many practicing physicians *who are qualified.* The census of 1890 shows about one physician to every 600 in population; we include of course many quack doctors. This census shows that about 100,000 of these physicians come under the head of regulars, 26,000 are homeopaths and electics; and there are a few thousand quacks of various denominations.

"Since 1890 Kansas particularly has been flooded with mountebanks of various pretentions all 'doctors,' of course, much to the discredit of our noble profession, and lowering the standing generally. It is time to call a halt."

Territorial Medical Examining Board.

MEMBERS.

DR. JAMES A. OVERSTREET, *Kingfisher.*
DR. HARRY WALKER, *Oklahoma City.*
DR. L. HAYNES BUXTON, *Guthrie, ex-officio* member.

The Board have held during the year ten examinations and have examined thirty-eight (38) applicants, twenty (20) of whom were granted certificates.

Names, residence, date of examination and further particulars in regard to these parties who received certificates will be found under the head of "List of Physicians Registered by Examination." By order of the Territorial Board of Health the receipts of the Board from examination fees were used in paying the expences of the Board and the balance of the surplus fund which was in the hands of the Superintendent October 1, 1898, to the amount of $60.36, was ordered paid to Dr. B. F. Hamilton of Shawnee for services as quarantine inspector during the yellow fever epidemic in the south in the autumn of 1897.

Under the new regulations of the Board, which will be found in the transactions of the Board, all fees received from examinations are applied to pay the expenses and services of the Board itself. Under the present regulations, the applicant must make application as follows, the same being certified to before some notary public:

To the Oklahoma Territorial Medical Examining Board:
I.., of..
in the county of.................................... in the Territory of Oklahoma, present
this as my application for examination, for a certificate to practice medicine in this
territory. I was born in.................................... in the county of....................
in the state of.................................... on the....................day of...................., 18........,
I have been engaged in the practice of medicine............years ....years of which
time ha...... been in Oklahoma. I have been registered in the state of ....
I have taken one full course of medical lectures in ....
....
I practiced medicine in the state of ....
at ....
....
I have no vicious habits and do not use intoxicants to an excess and there are no charges

against me of which I know that would in any wise blemish the character of a good reputable physician. I want a certificate to enable me to engage in the legitimate practice of medicine in this territory. I will, if such certificate is granted me, be professional in my practice and engage in no schemes or devices to gain or acquire practice that is not recognized by honorable, reputable physicians. Twenty dollars accompanies this application to pay the charge for examination, no subsequent fee being required for re-examination in case of failure. My school of practice is, ...
....

....

TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA, } ss.
COUNTY OF .... }

Subscribed and sworn to before me this, the.............. day of...... ....
189.........

....
Notary Public.

My commission expires.. 189............

We, the undersigned citizens of............... .... county............ .... have been personally acquainted with affiant, ... for a number of years, and know him, as far as our observation enables us to judge, to be an honorable, sober man. We believe his statements made above are true, to the best of our knowledge.

....
....

TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA, } ss.
COUNTY OF.......... .... }

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this. .... day of.................. ....
189 ....

....
Notary Public.

My commission expires...189.........

After filing the application as above he must appear at the regular examination of the board and be examined on the following subjects: Anatomy, Materia medica and Therapeutics, Chemistry, Physiology, Pathology, Gynecology, Obstetrics, Theory and Practice of Medicine, Surgery, Hygiene and Medical Jurisprudence.

EXAMINATION QUESTIONS.

The following list of questions were used by the Territorial Medical Examination Board at its examination held August 25, 1898, at Guthrie.

Anatomy.—1. What is anatomy? Histology?

2. Name the four classes into which bones are divided as to shape.

3. What is a condyle? A tubercle? An epiphysis? A foramen?

4 Name the bones in the hand and give number.

5. How many and what varieties of joints in the lower extremity?

6. Name and give number of vertebræ in each of the divisions into which the the vertebral column is divided.

7. Give names and characteristics of the first and second vertebræ.

8. Name one muscle whose function is felxion. Extension. Adduction, Abduction.

9. What is a ligament? A tendon?

10. Name the great classes of muscles and give an example of each.

11. Name the muscles particularily developed in a blacksmith.

12. In an amputation of the thigh, name one bone, one muscle, one nerve, one artery and one vein that would be divided.

13. Describe the course of the blood from the right ventricle until it reaches the right auricle. From the left ventricle to the left auricle,

14. What is arterial blood?

15. What is the average weight of the brain in an adult male?

16. Name the divisions of the brain and locate in each the gray matter?

17. Into what two great divisions are nerves divided?

18, 19 and 20. Locate in brief the ureters, suprarenal capsules, the urethra, the vas deferens, epididymis, clitoris, hymen, cervix uteri, vitreous humor, Meibomian glands, tympanum, malleus, perineum, internal ring, Scarpas' triangle, autrum of Highmore, appendix vermiformis, circle of Willis, dura mater, epiglotis, lacteals, mesenteric glands, pneumogastric nerve, pericardium, tendo Achillis, tricuspid valves, peritoneum.

Therapeutics and Materia Medica:—1. Define materia medica.

2. What is the Pharmacopia?

3. Name ten preparations recognized by the United States Pharmacopia. (This refers to the classification of medicines; the different forms in which medicine is used).

4. How may medicine be introduced into the circulation?

5. Are medical agents ever introduced into arteries? veins?

6. What is a diuretic? Name two.

7. What is emmenagogue? Name two.

8. Define an anodyne.

9. A hypnotic.

10. A narcotic.

11. An anæsthetic. Give two official preparations of each.

12. Name one official preparation that acts as an emetic; a tonic; an astringent; an alterative; an antispasmodic; an antaphrodisiac; an aphrodisiac, a mydriatic, a cardiac stimulent; a cardiac sedative; a laxative; a purgative: a drastic cathartic; a diaphoretic; an expectorant; an oxytocic; a silagogue; a counter-irritant; an escharotic; an anthelmintic, and a disinfectant.

13. What is the effect of arsenic in tonic doses?

14. What is the effect of strychnine in toxic doses?

15. From what is quinine obtained? Morphine? Atropine? Strychnine?

16. What is the dose of acetanilid as an antipyretic?

17. Name the forms of electricity used in medicine.

18. How would you use cold in pyrexia?

19. Write a prescription for acute articular rheumatism, with full directions.

20. Name the remedies carried by you in your medicine case?

Chemistry:—1. What is an atom? A molecule?

2. What is a compound? A mixture?

3. What is a chemical formula?

4. What is salt? A base?

5. What is a metal?

6. What is the chemical formula of sulphuric acid? Hydrochloric acid? Water?

7. How is the specific gravity of urine affected by the presence of albumen? Sugar?

8. How is urine tested for albumen? For sugar? (describe fully).

9. What is the normal reaction of urine and how found?

10. Write a prescription that is chemically incompatible.

Physiology.—1. What is the gastric juice and what are its functions?

2. What is bile and where is it stored and what is its use?

3. What is urea and where excreted?

4. What is nutrition?

5. What is absorption?

6. Where and how is venous blood changed to arterial blood?

7. What are leucocytes?

8. What is haemaglobin?

9. What is the specific gravity of normal urine?

10. What is the physiological use and action of the lymphatics?

Pathology.—1. What are ptomaines?

2. What is the bacillus of diphtheria?

3. What germs or microbes are found in absesses?

4. Who was the discoverer of the microbe of Tuberculosis?

5. What are the causes of poisoning from canned meats, milk and cheese?

6 What is a micro-organism?

7. How do bacteria increase?

8. What are spores?

9. In what disease do you find the streptococus pyrogenes?

10. Does asepsis destroy germs and spores?

Gynecology.—1. What is salpingitis?

2. What is a laparotomy?

3. How would you determine a case of ovarian cyst or tumor?

4. How would you determine a case of cancer of the uterus? Give appearance and symptoms?

5· Did you ever have a case of laceration of the perineum?

6. What is pyo-salpinx?

7. How do you treat leucorrhœa?

8. What is a curettment?

9. What is the menopause, what are its symptoms, and what diseases of the sexual organs are due to this?

10. What is retro-version?

Obstetrics.—1. Give signs of pregnancy?

2. At what period or date does quickening occur?

3. What is the mechanism of labor?

4. What per cent of births are head presentations?

5. Wherein lays the greatest danger in breech presentations?

6. Which blade of the obstetrical forcep is introduced first?

7. In forcep delivery, when do you make traction?

8. What is placenta praevia and how do you treat it?

9. Would you give ergot in retained placenta?

10. Give treatment for post-partal haemorrhage

11. When are puerperal convulsions most likely to occur?

12. When should a lacerated perinaeum be repaired?

13. Give treatment for cracked nipp'e?

14. Give contraindication for nursing a baby?

15. Should baby nurse when mother is pregnant?

16. Give treatment in threatened abortion.

17. When is the production of an abortion warranted?

18. Give treatment in a retained placenta after abortion.

19. How would you manage a shoulder presentation?

20. Give pathology of puerperal fever.

Theory and Practice of Medicine.—1. What is diabetes melitus?

2. On what day does the eruption appear in scarlet fever?

3. Give a differential diagnosis between measles and German measles.

4. Where are the lesions in typhoid fever (?) what are the symptoms? (6.) What is your treatment? (7.) What complications may arise and how would you meet them? (8.) How do you nourish your patients?

9. What is the difinition of Crisis? Of Lysis?.

10. What is Varicella?

11. What are the stages in pneumania? (12.) What are the symptoms? (13.) What is your treatment?

14. What is Hemiplegia?

15. What is cerebral hemorrhage?

16. What is apoplexy and how would you treat it?

17. What is your treatment for convulsions in children?

18. What is Peritonitis?

19. What is chronic nephritis.

20. What are the symptoms of cirrhosis of the liver?

Surgery.—1. What is a suture and what materials are used for sutures?

2. Name four anaesthetics and give danger feared from chloriform.

3. Define erysipelas and give treatment?

4. How would you dress an amputation of the arm after the operation was completed?

5. By what means is Hemorrage arrested?

6. What is aneurism and how treated?

7. What is the difference between embolism and thrombosis?

8. In what position would you treat a fracture at or into the elbow joint?

9. What is colle's fracture?

10. What are the indications for treatment in hip-joint diseases?

11. At what point would you tap for ascites?

12. What is fistula in ano and how do you treat it?

13. What are the most common treatments for hæmorrhoids? What are internal haemorrhoids?

14. What is hydrocele? Give radical treatment for?

15. Give treatment for varicocele.

16. What is cystitis?

17. Give varieties of hernia?

18. What is the best treatment for ingrowing toe-nail?

19. What is the difference between hard and soft chancre?

20. Is chancroid a constitutional disease?

Hygiene and Public Health.—1. Define hygiene and sanitation.

2. To what do hygienic measures relate?

3. At what temperature should the sick room be kept?

4. How is water most readily freed from organic germs?

5. How often would you recommend warm baths and what are the dangers of too frequent warm baths?

6. What steps would you take to prevent the spread of yellow fever?

7. How would you disinfect a house in which diphtheria had existed?

8. How long should a woman remain in bed after confinment and why?

9. On which side of east or west streams in Oklahoma do you consider it most healthful to reside and why?

10. Is Oklahoma a good resort for consumptives?

Medical Jurisprudence.—1. What is medical jurisprudence?

2. How would you perform an autopsy in a case of supposed poisoning, what organs would you preserve, and just how would you preserve them?

3. How would you decide between post-mortem and anti-mortem wounds?

4. What organs would you examine particularily and preserve in an autopsy where death is supposed to have resulted from criminal abortion?

5. What is insanity? Define and give differences between hallucinations, illusions, and delusions.

Records of Territorial Board of Health.

FEBRUARY 12, 1897, TO AUGUST 13, 1897.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Feb. 12, 1897.

At a meeting of the Territorial Board of Health, wherein A. O. Nichols, President, and C. D. Arnold, Secretary, were present, in the office of said Nichols, the following accounts were audited and allowed:

ALLOWED T. F. HENSLEY FOR PRINTING FOR THE TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH, THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS.

Date.	For What Purpose.	Amount	Total.
Oct. 13, 1896	200 copies of circulars $1.25	$ 6 45	
Oct. 21, 1896	1.000 letter head (mixed) 5.20		
Dec. 29, 1896	500 copies bi-ennial report	95 00	
Dec. 29, 1896	Eighteen pages tables	42 35	
Dec. 29, 1896	Two extra pages—figure work	3 55	
Dec. 29, 1896	250 compliment slips	1 75	
Dec. 29, 1896	Binding 200 copies of report	29 40	
Dec. 26, 1896	Freight on same	3 45	$ 179 95

ALLOWED C. D. ARNOLD FOR MILEAGE AND INCIDENTAL EXPENSES OF THE TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH:

Date.	For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
July 18, 1896	To cash paid for typewriting	$ 25	
Sept. 30. 1896	To cash paid for postage and seals	29	
Nov. 5, 1896	To mileage Oklahoma City, (56 miles), meeting Territorial Medical Examining Board	2 80	
Nov. 13, 1896	To mileage, Oklahoma City and return. (56 miles), special meeting Ter. Med. Ex. Brd.	2 80	
Nov. 16, 1896	To postage and stationery for the Board	48	
Dec. 4, 1896	To telegram, C. A. Galbraith—concerning Board	25	
Dec. 5, 1896	To mileage, (56 miles), Oklahoma City and return—business concerning Medical Ex. Brd	2 80	
Dec. 11, 1896	To mileage. (56 miles), Oklahoma City and return—business concerning Medical Ex Brd	2 80	
Dec. 29, 1896	To mileage, (56 miles). Oklahoma City and return—business concerning Medical Ex. Brd	2 80	$ 15 27
May 23, 1895	Mileage (56 miles) to Oklahoma City and return—attending Medical Ex. Brd	2 80	
Nov. 25, 1895	Mileage, (56 miles), to Oklahoma City and return—attending Medical Ex. Brd	2 80	

ALLOWANCES OUT OF THE APPROPRIATION FOR 1895-6.

Allowed C. D. Arnold mileage (56 miles) to Oklahoma City and return—business with Ty. Med. Ex. Board on April 7, 1896	$ 2 80	
Allowed C. D. Arnold mileage (56 miles), to Oklahoma City and return, on April 17, 1896, attending meeting of Ty. Med. Ex. Brd	2 80	
Allowed C. D. Arnold salary as Territorial Superintendent Public Health for the quarter ending December 31, 1896	125 00	

ALLOWANCES OUT OF THE APPROPRIATION FOR 1897-8.

Feb. 11, 1897, Territorial Board of Health to Wm Redder, debtor to 500 9-inch, return addressed 2-cent stamped envelopes for use of said Board	$ 13 05	

Examined, approved and audited March 20, 1897.

ALLOWED OUT OF THE APPROPRIATION FOR 1897-8.

The Territorial Board of Health met in office of its Vice President Dr. J. A. Ryan, Oklahoma City, at 7:30 p. m., March 20, 1897; President of the Board, A. O. Nichols, and Secretary Dr. C. D. Arnold present. Ordered that the Secretary prepare and have printed and distributed a circular letter to all County Boards of Health, mayors of cities and sanitary police to immediately place their cities, towns and counties in a sanitary condition.

To Whom and for What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
T. F. Hensley on account of July, 1897, for printing 400 shipping slips for the Board, which was approved and audited	$ 1 50	

C. D. Arnold presented the following accounts for incidental expenses of the Board for the year 1897 to March 20, (today) which is approved and ordered audited, namely:

Date.	To Whom and for What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
July 7, 1897	To cash paid for thee telegrams concerning a meeting with Attorney General C. A. Galbraith	$ 75	
July 8, 1897	To mileage to Oklahoma City and return to hold special examination of L. Weeden, 56 miles at 5 cents per mile	2 80	
July 18, 1897	To cash for postage of the Board for 1897 to date	3 76	
Feb. 6, 1897	To cash for postage of the Board for 1897 to date	2 10	
Feb. 12-13, 1897	To mileage to Guthrie and return to meeting of Board, 118 miles at 5 cents per mile	5 90	
Mar. 11, 1897	To cash for postage	1 20	
Mar. 20, 1897	To cash for two telegrams to Auditor	50	
Mar. 20, 1897	To mileage to Oklahoma City and return, 56 miles	2 80	$ 19 81

(NOTE—The above postage used in mailing Bi-ennial Report, 1895-6.)

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNT OF A. O. NICHOLS EXAMINED, APPROVED AND ORDERED AUDITED MARCH 20, 1897:

Date.	To Whom and for What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
July 1, 1897	Mileage, Guthrie to El Reno and return, 118 miles, at 5 cents per mile	$ 5 90	
July 1, 1897	Board, Oklahoma City	1 00	
July 1 1897	Hack fare Oklahoma City, 25 cents; El Reno, 25 cents; two telegrams, 50 cents	1 00	
Mar. 20, 1897	Mileage, Guthrie to Oklahoma City and return, 62 miles at 5 cents	3 10	
Mar. 20, 1897	Board, Oklahoma City	1 50	
Mar. 20, 1897	Hack fare	25	$ 12 75

Appointments made by the Territorial Superintendent Public Health, April 16, 1897, subject to the approval of the Territorial Board of Health:

Dr. Delos Walker, Superintendent of Oklahoma County Board of Health.

Dr. J. H. Miller, Superintendent of Kay County Board of Health.

Dr. G. H. Phillips, Superintendent of Pawnee County Board of Health.

Dr. J. S. Wallace, Superintendent of Grant County Board of Health.

Dr. D. C. Gamble, Superintendent of Woods County Board of Health.

Dr. H. S. Chandler, Superintendent of Woodward County Board of Health.

Dr. W. R. Kelley, Superintendent of Blaine County Board of Health.

Dr. J. R. Lindley, Superintendent of Beaver County Board of Health.

Dr. E. W. Van Brunt, Superintendent of "D" County Board of Health.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., July 16, 1897.

Territorial Board of Health met in office of its Vice President. Present: A. O. Nichols, Pres.; C. D. Arnold, Secy.; Jas. A. Ryan, Vice Pres.

The appointment of Dr. Delos Walker, of Oklahoma County; Dr. J. H. Miler, of Kay County; Dr G. H. Phillips, of Pawnee County; Dr. J. S. Wallace, of Grant County; Dr. D. C. Gamble, of Woods County; Dr. H. S. Chandler, of Woodward County; Dr. J. R. Lindley, of Beaver County, and Dr. Wm. R. Kelley, of Blaine County, to be Superintendents of the County Board of Health of their respective counties, was approved.

It was ordered that the Vice-Presidents of the Boards in the Counties named above and the medical members of the County Boards of Health in all the other Counties of the Territory. serve until their successors are appointed and qualified.

Ordered that the Secretary of the Territorial Board of Health draft the form of a book to be used for the registration of physicians of the Territory, and that said book be printed in the earliest time possible to arrange for the work. It is ordered further, that all physicians who have been registered in the Territory to this date be registered on this book by transferring their respective registrations from the old book, (used as a registration book).

In view of the permanent ill health and financial poverty of Dr. Frank G. Ellis, of Edmond, Okla., it is ordered that $10 balance due by him to the Territorial Medical Examining Board be remitted. Dr. F. G. Ellis was granted an examination before the Territorial Medical Examining Board on the —— day of ————, 1896, and his examination being satisfactory a license was granted him to practice medicine, on the payment of $10—which was all the money he had.

The following accounts were approved and ordered audited:

Date.	To Whom and for What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
May 22, 1897	The Hall Lithographing Company, of Topeka, Kansas, for printing 300 graduation certificates, ordered sometime previous to the above date, for Territorial Supt. of Health	$ 15 50	
Mar. 26, 1897	T. F. Hensley, printing 300 circular letters for the Territorial Board of Health	3 50	$ 19 00

ALLOWED C. D. ARNOLD FOR INCIDENTAL EXPENSES AS TERRITORIAL SUPERINTENDENT FOR QUARTER ENDING JUNE 30, 1897:

Date.	To Whom and for What Purpose.	Amount	Total.
May 1, 1897	Postage, notary seals and stationery	$ 40	
May 9, 1897	Postage	1 00	
May 12, 1897	Notary. seals and stationery	15	
May 18, 1897	Mileage to Oklahoma City and return to attend meeting of Territorial Medical Examining Board, 56 miles at 5 cents per mile	2 80	
May 20, 1897	Notary seals	25	
May 24 1897	Expressage on certificates of graduation	55	
May 17, 1897	Two telegrams asking two persons wanting to appear before the Territorial Medical Examining Board to attend on a specified date	65	
June 23, 1897	Stationery	15	
June 30, 1897	Postage	1 00	$ 6 95

Date.	To Whom and for What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
	Allowed C. D. Arnold salary as Territorial Superintendent Public Health, for the quarter ending June 30, 1897	$ 125 00	
	Allowed .C D. Arnold mileage from El Reno to Oklahoma City and return to El Reno, attending this meeting of the Territorial Medical Examining Board, 56 miles at 5 cents per mile	2 80	
	Allowed A. O. Nichols, President of Territorial Board of Health, mileage from Guthrie to Oklahoma City and return to Guthrie, 60 miles at 5 cents per mile	$ 3 00	
	Expense, hotel—three meals and two nights' lodging	2 00	
	Hack fare, expenses incurred attending this meeting	25	$ 5 25

There being no other business before the Board it adjourned to meet on call of its President.

RECORD OF PRESENT BOARD.

GUTHRIE, August 13, 1897.

Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, of Guthrie, commissioned Superintendent of Public Health; Dr. Wilber S. Hamilton, of Norman, Vice-President:

August 20, 1897. Appointments of County Boards of Health made by the Superintendent of Public Health subject to approval of Territorial Board of Health:

Logan county—Dr. W. M. Hatfield, Mulhall, Superintendent.

Pottawatomie county—Dr. B. F. Hamilton, Shawnee, Superintendent.

Custer county—Dr. Robert McCullough, Arapahoe, Superintendent.

Kay county—Dr. Wm. D. Ezell, Newkirk, Superintendent; Dr. W. H. Shaffer, Ponca City, Vice-President.

GUTHRIE, August 20, 1897.

The Territorial Board of Health met in the Superintendent's office. Present, Superintendent Buxton and Vice-President Hamilton.

The subject of appointment of County Boards was taken up and considered. Work for the ensuing year was discussed.

Board adjourned to meet August 23, in President Nichols' office.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary

GUTHRIE, August 23, 1897.

Board of Health met as per adjournment, in President Nichol's office. Present, Secretary Buxton and President Nichols:

The following appointments were approved: For Logan county, W. M. Hatfield, Superintendent; for Pottawatomie county, Dr. B. F. Hamilton. Superintendent; for Custer county, Dr. Robert McCullough, Superintendent; for Kay county, Dr. W. D. Ezell, Superintendent, and Dr. W. H. Shaffer, Ponca City, Vice-President.

Board adjourned at call of the president.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

Appointments made by the Territorial Superintendent subject to the approval of the Territorial Board of Health:

August 27, 1897, Dr. C. W. Newman, Superintendent of Cleveland county.

August 27, 1897, Dr. Robert E, Thacker, Vice-President of Board of Health for Cleveland county.

GUTHRIE, September 13, 1897.

Territorial Board of Health met in the secretary's office. Dr. Wilber S. Hamilton and Dr. L. Haynes Buxton being present.

The subject of the yellow fever epidemic was under consideration and County Boards of Health in southern Oklahoma were instructed to have all immigrants under observation and report all suspicious cases.

The bill of Dr. L. Haynes Buxton for traveling expenses, removal of office to Guthrie and office postage for $20.30 was allowed; also bill of W. S. Hamilton for expenses of attending meetings of Board, $15.05.

Board adjourned. L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

September 16, 1897. Appointments made by the Territorial Superintendent of Health subject to approval of Territorial Board of Health:

Dr. R. Allen Gamble, Alva, to be Superintendent of Health of Woods county,

Dr. B. H. Knowles of Tecumseh, to be Vice-President of Board of Health for Pottawatomie county.

Dr. A. L. Houseworth of Seward, Vice-President of Board of Health, Logan county.

Dr. John A. Hatchett, of El Reno, to be Superintendent of Public Health for Canadian county.

Dr. C. R. Hendrickson of Yukon, to be Vice-President of Board of Health for Canadian county.

Dr. W R. Kelley, Watonga, Superintendent of Public Health of Blaine county.

Dr. E. W. Van Brunt of Watonga, Vice-President of Board of Health of Blaine county.

Dr. N. W. Mayginnis, Stillwater, to be Superintendent of Health for Payne county.

Dr. S M. Barnes, Stillwater, to be Vice-President of Board of Health, Payne county.

GUTHRIE, September 24, 1897.

A a call meeting of the Board in the office of its president, Dr. A O. Nichols, a telegram to Superintendent Buxton from Dr. W lter Wyman, Surgeon-General, Marine Hospital Service, U. S. A., Washington, D. C., was presented. The same read as follows:

"Advise surveillance of all persons from infected districts, and disinfection of baggage if not previously disinfected; isolation of any suspected case."

Previous to this meeting an inspector had been placed on the Choctaw and Gulf railroad.

In consideration of information in the hands of the Superintendent from the states of Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, the following quarantine order was issued by the order of the Board and copies sent to all general passenger agents of railroads operating in Oklahoma as well as Superintendents of County Boards of Health:

COPY OF QUARANTINE ORDER.

OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH,
Guthrie, Oklahoma, Sept. 24, 1897.

Quarantine order No. 1. The extension of yellow fever in the South to places in the same latitude as Oklahoma, makes it necessary that protection be extended to our people against the invasion o our Territory by the disease.

Therefore, be it ordered by the Board of Health of Oklahoma Territory, that quarantine be hereby declared against all points in the states of Mississippi, Louisiana, and Alabama and all other places that are, or that may become, infected with yellow fever.

On and after this date, no person or persons, their baggage or effects, from any of the above mentioned districts or any other infected points, will be permitted to enter Oklahoma, unless said parties have certificates of health from some recognized health officer.

Further, all railroad companies doing business in Oklahoma Territory are hereby notified that no freight, express or baggage from any of the infected districts will be allowed to enter Oklahoma unless the same has been disinfected under the direction of some recognized board of health.

In testimony whereof, I have this 24th day of September, A. D. 1897, signed the above and affixed the seal of the Territorial Board of Health of Oklahoma Territory.

[SEAL.] L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Superintendent of Public Health for Oklahoma.

The Superintendent of Health was ordered to appoint inspectors on the various lines of railroad entering Oklahoma from the south and east and to take charge of all quarantine measures necessary to properly protect the territory from any invasion of yellow fever.

He was also directed to declare and enforce quarantine against all infected points and all places where suspicion of yellow fever existed or should exist.

The Superintendent of Health was also directed to issue the following letter to cities of the first and second class and the same was done:

OFFICE OF TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH,
GUTHRIE, O. T., Sept. 24, 1897.

To the Mayor of.........................

MY DEAR SIR: I desire to call your attention and the attention of your city council to the fact that yellow fever is spreading with great rapidity in the south. Cases from five different states have been reported to me officially. And more especially I desire to call your attention to the fact that typhoid fever has been reported from a number of towns and cities in our own territory, deaths having already occurred owing to the existence of the disease.

Therefore, it becomes your duty to see that your city is placed in the very best sanitary condition possible, and you are hereby directed to have an inspection made of your privy vaults, cess pools, hog-pens, chicken-yards, etc., and have the same cleaned at once.

Much of the typhoid fever that has existed in the cities of Oklahoma heretofore has been due to contamination of wells from privy vaults and cess pools and the throwing of slops and garbage on the surface of the ground near such wells.

Therefore, the necessity of a strict examination of your privy vaults at once is a plain duty.

All manure and garbage piles should be removed and the alleys kept in as clean a condition as are your streets.

Believing you will give this the early attention desired, I remain very respectfully yours,

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Superintendent of Public Health for Oklahoma Territory.

Board adjourned.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

The following inspectors were appointed at Shawnee, O. T., for Choctaw and Gulf railroad: Dr. B. F. Hamilton, county Superintendent of Health of Pottawatomie county; station, Shawnee, O. T.

Dr. C. W. Newman, of Norman, and Robert Thacker, of Lexington, inspectors at Norman and Purcell respectively on the A. T. and S. F. railroad.

Dr. John Hatchett, at El Reno on the Rock Island railroad.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Oct. 1, 1897.

The Board of Health of Oklahoma territory, composed of President S. N. Hopkins, of El Reno, Dr. Wilbur S. Hamilton, of Norman, vice president, and Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, secretary, met in the president's office, all members being present. A special report was made in reference to quarantine business by the Superintendent, and upon his recommendation quarantine was suspended against Texas points and inspectors withdrawn from Santa Fe and Rock Island railroad trains.

The appointments made by the superintendent on August 27 and September 16, 1897, of county health officers was adopted and the parties named duly elected.

The following bills were allowed: L. Haynes Buxton, mileage while acting as Superintendent of Health, $27.20; W. S. Hamilton mileage and expenses attending meetings of Board, $13.40; L. H. Buxton, telegraph bill in quarantine business, $5.24; T. F. Milligan, typewriting quarantine notices, etc., $11.20.

Dr. Wilber S. Hamilton was elected to fill the place on the Board of Medical Examiners, caused by the removal of Dr. J. B.

Rolater of Oklahoma City, to hold such place until the Board of Health takes up the appointment of examiners.

The Superintendent was instructed to furnish blanks to be used by County Superintendents of Health in making their monthly reports.

The Superintendent was directed to issue and edit a "Bulletin of Health" monthly, to contain such general information as desired and to contain reports of County Health officers.

Adjourned at call of Superintendent.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

October 8, 1897. Appointments made by Superintendent subject to approval of Territorial Board of Health:

Dr. J. S. Wallace, of Pond Creek, to be Superintendent of Health for Grant county.

Dr. R F. O'Rear, of Jefferson, to be Vice President of the Board of Health for Grant county.

Dr. G. W. Fairgrieve, of Enid, to be Superintendent of Health for Garfield county, and Dr. G. B. Armstrong, of North Enid, to be Vice President of the Board of Health for Garfield county.

Dr. B. F. Harriman, of Chandler, to be Superintendent of Health for Lincoln county.

Dr. M. M. Smith, of Cleo, to be Vice President of Board of Health for Woods county.

GUTHRIE, Oct. 12, 1897.

At a called meeting of the Board, in President Hopkins office, all members of the Board being present, quarantine business was taken up and it was decided not to quarantine against Texas.

The following persons were elected members of the Examining Board for Oklahoma Territory: Dr. J. A. Overstreet, of Kingfisher, and Dr. Harry Walker, of Oklahoma City.

The appointments made by the Superintendent on October 8th were confirmed.

Board adjourned. L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

GUTHRIE, Oct. 29, 1897.

Appointments made subject to approval of the Territorial

Board of Health. Dr. G. W. Sutton, of Cleveland to be Vice President Board of Health for Pawnee county.

Dr. G. H. Phillips, of Pawnee, to be Superintendent of Public Health for Pawnee county.

Dr. U. L. Russell of Oklahoma City to be superintendent of the Board of Health for Oklahoma county.

Mr. J. A. Carlberg of Arapahoe to be vice president of Board of Health for Custer county.

Mr. Dyke Ballinger of Beaver to be vice president of Board of Health for Beaver county.

Dr. John H. Baugh of Clifton to be vice president of Board of Health of Lincoln county.

Dr. J. A. Bright of Kingfisher to be vice president of Board of Health of Kingfisher county. Dr. N. Rector to be Superintendent of said Board.

Dr. J. D. Ballard of Colony to be Superintendent of Public Health of Washita county.

Dr. D. Reynolds, Cloud chief to be vice president of County Board of Health of Washita county.

Dr. E. E. Doggett of Perry to be Superintendent of Public Health for Noble county.

GUTHRIE, Oct. 29, 1897.

The Territorial Board of Health met in the president's office all members being present.

The appointments made by the Territorial Superintendent October 29, were confirmed.

The following bills were presented and allowed:—Dr. W. S. Hamilton as vice president of board for expenses attending meetings of Board, $14.75. Dr. L. Haynes Buxton, postage and printing blanks, $13.65. State Capital Printing Co., for stationary, for board, $18.85. Mr. F. G. Milligan for typewriting notices of board. $9.75.

Board adjourned at call of its superintendent.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D. Secretary.

November 1. Appointments made subject to approval of Board of Health. Dr. J. H. Workman of Woodward to be Superintendent of Health for Woodward Co.

GUTHRIE, Nov. 20, 1897.

At a meeting of the Territorial Board of Health, President

Hopkins and Secretary Buxton being present, a bill from the Guthrie Daily Leader for $18.00 for a physicians record, was allowed. Also one from the Globe company to L. Haynes Buxton for a record case for $45 05 was allowed, also bill of Superintendent for printing and postage for $18.89 was allowed.

Adjourned. L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D., Secretary.

1897, November 26. Appointments made subject to action of Territorial Board of Health.

Dr. G. P. Cherry, Mangum, to be vice president of Board of Health for Greer county.

Dr. J. P. Miller, Cheyenne, to be Superintendent of Public Health for Roger Mills county.

Dr. H. M. Ferguson, Mangum, to be Superintendent of Public Health for Greer county.

Dr. J. R. Linley, Beaver, to be Superintendent of Public Health for Beaver county.

Dr. Thomas E. Standifer, Cheyenne, to be Vice President Board of Health, for Roger Mills county.

GUTHRIE, Dec. 16, 1897.

Meeting called in president's office. All members of the Board present; minutes of the Secretary of meeting October 29, and November 20, read and adopted.

Resignation of Dr. F. S. Peck of Edmond, as Vice President Board of Health of Oklahoma county was read and accepted.

Dr. Frank G. Ellis of Edmond was elected to fill vacancy made in Oklahoma County Board by resignation of Dr. F. S. Peck, as Vice-President.

Bill of Dr. C. W. Newman, for $35.00 for quarantine inspection for September 25 to October 1 at Norman, Work as such inspector was approved.

Bill of Dr. Robert Thacker was allowed for $27.90 for quarantine work and inspection at Purcell and Noble during the month of October, 1897.

Moved and carried that the following rules and regulations shall govern the Territorial Medical Examining Board:

First—All former rules and regulations in relation to said Board are hereby repealed and replaced by the following, and said new rules shall apply to all acts of the present Board of Examiners.

Second—All applicants for examination shall file a properly prepared affidavit, the blank form of which shall be as follows:

To the Oklahoma Territorial Medical Examining Board:

I, ..., of ....

in the county of..............in the Territory of Oklahoma, present this as my application for examination for a certificate to practice medicine in this Territory. I was born in........ in the county of....... ....in the State of..........................on the.......... ....day of ....18....... I have been engaged in the practice of medicine ....years,.. ...... years of which time ha....... been in Oklahoma. I have been registered in the state of................ I have taken one full course of Medical Lectures in..

....

I practiced medicine in the state of........ ....

at ....

....

I have no vicious habits and do not use intoxicants to an excess and there are no charges against me of which I know that would in any wise blemish the character of a good reputable physician. I want a certificate to enable me to engage in the legitimate practice of medicine in this Territory. I will, if such certificate is granted me, be professional in my practice and engage in no schemes or devices to gain or acquire practice that is not recognized by honorable, reputable physicians. Twenty dollars accompanies this application to pay the charge for examination, no subsequent fee being required for re-examination in case of failure. My school of practice is..

....

TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA, }
County of .... } ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this, the.........................day of.........................189...

....

Notary Public.

My commission expires............................189..

We, the undersigned citizens of:.........................county........................ .... have been personally acquainted with affiant................ ....for a number of years, and know him, as far as our observation enables us to judge, to be an honorable, sober man. We believe his statements made above are true, to the best of our knowledge.

....

....

TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA, }
County of .... } ss.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this...... ....day of.........................189...

....

Notary Public.

My commission expires..................189...

This affidavit when properly prepared shall be filed by said applicant for examination with the Superintendent of Public Health, and the same accompanied with a fee of twenty dollars ($20.00) to pay for said examination.

Third.—Said Territorial Board of Examiners shall hold an examination at convenient places at least once in every three months. That the Superintendent of Public Health shall give ample notice to all applicants when and where examinations shall be held and further keep all records of said Board of Examiners.

Fourth.—The receipts of said board shall be applied as follows: After deducting all actual and necessary expenses in attendance upon said board by individual members and paying same, the balance if any, shall be divided pro rata between said Board of Medical Examiners. Further, that said board shall receive *no other compensation* for any services rendered as such board in connection with such meetings or any other acts as members of the Territorial Board of Examiners.

Fifth—That all necessary expenses, other than the attenddance upon said board as above stated, such as printing of questions, stationery, translation of questions, etc., shall be paid out of any board funds now in the hands of the president of said board.

Sixth.—The Superintendent of Public Health shall act as President of said Board of Examiners and preside at all meetings and examinations of said Board. Further, he shall also keep a record of the names of all parties examined and shall keep for record in his office all application papers and a record of rejections, as well as certificates issued upon a successful examination.

Board adjourned. L. HAYNES BUXTON,
Secretary.

GUTHRIE, Dec. 24, 1897.

At a meeting called to allow bills, Secretary and President being present, bill for Secretary for postage and printing for $19.33 was allowed. Adjournment, after allowing bill of Secretary for mileage, postage and printing for $13.02.

L. HAYNES BUXTON,
Secretary.

GUTHRIE, March 23, 1898.

At a meeting called by the Secretary of the Board, Dr. L. Haynes Buxton and Dr. Wilbur S. Hamilton were present. Motion was made and carried that each member of the Board be instructed to consider a revision of the rules and regulations adopted by the former Territorial Boards of Health and present such changes desired at an early meeting of the Board.

Dr. Hamilton was asked to investigate the cigarette question and report to the Board his investigations.

Dr. S. S. Munger of Woodward was appointed Vice-President of the Board of Health for Woodward county.

The following bills were allowed: T. F. Millikan, for notices of the Board, $19.37; J. E. Brewer, envelopes for the

Board, $3: E. A. Axtell, printing January and February *Bulletin*, $12.50; L Haynes Buxton, postage for February and March, express, telegrams, mileage, $27.90.

Members of the Board were asked to submit some plan to cause all school children to become vaccinated.

Board adjourned. L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.
Secretary.

GUTHRIE, April 18, 1898.

A meeting of the Territorial Board of Health was held in President Hopkins' office, all members of the Board being present.

The following bills were allowed: State Capital Printing Co., printing Health Bulletins, etc., $39.35; W. S. Hamilton, mileage, attendance on Board meetings, $22.85: L. H. Buxton, mileage and postage as Superintendent, $20.60.

Dr. A. J. K Moore was appointed Superintendent of Public Health for "D" county. The Board requested the Secretary to call a sanitary convention to meet at Oklahoma City May 5, 1898, and directed him to send an invitation to all health officers and Boards of Health in Oklahoma to attend same.

Board adjourned. L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.
Secretary.

In pursuance of the foregoing order the following was sent to all persons in Oklahoma interested in health laws:

TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH OF OKLAHOMA,
EXECUTIVE OFFICE.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary and Superintendent.

GUTHRIE, Okla., April 21, 1898.

"NOTICE.

"At the meeting of the Territorial Board of Health held at Guthrie, April 18, 1898, the subject of the organization of a Territorial Sanitary Society was discussed.

"The Board decided to invite all health officers and members of county and local Boards of Health to meet in conjunction with the Territorial Medical Association which convenes at Oklahoma City, May 5, for the purpose of the organization of a

Territorial Sanitary Society and the conference of persons interested in public health laws and their enforcement."

MY DEAR SIR:—In accordance with the above action of the Territorial Board of Health you are earnestly invited to attend a meeting of the health officers and members of the Boards of Health of Oklahoma. The forenoon of May 5 will be devoted to this session. The meeting will be called to order in the parlor of the Grand Avenue hotel at 9 A. M. sharp. A number of papers by leading Board of Health officers along sanitary and hygienic lines will be presented for discussion. The organization of a Sanitary Society is advised.

Discussion of the present sanitary laws and regulations of Oklahoma will be taken up and any changes suggested will be considered. Ample opportunity of imparting and receiving information will be given.

Asking again that you favor us with your presence, I am

Fraternally yours,

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

GUTHRIE, June 28, 1898.

Territorial Board of Health met in the President's office Dr. Wilbur Hamilton not being present.

Dr. Granville Speer of Taloga was elected Vice-President of the Board of Health of "D" county, and certificate was issued.

Dr. J. R. McIlvain of Oklahoma City was elected Superintendent of Public Health for Oklahoma county, vice Dr. U. L. Russell, resigned; certificate of appointment was issued.

Bill of E. A. Axtell, $20, for printing *Bulletin* for April and May was allowed.

Bill of L. Haynes Buxton, Superintendent of Public Health, for mileage and postage, $38.35, was allowed.

Bill of Thos. F. Millikan for typewriting notices for Board, $15, was allowed.

Board adjourned to meet in Dr. L. Haynes Buxton's office. June 30.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

GUTHRIE, June 30, 1898.

Board of Health met according to adjournment June 28, 1898. President Hopkins absent.

Bill of Vice-President Hamilton for mileage was allowed for $7.25.

Bill of State Capital Printing Co. for stationery and Board of Health supplies was allowed for $11.05.

After consideration of embalmers, funeral directors and undertakers, regulations to protect the public and shippers against bodies of the dead, who died from contagious and infectious diseases and from extension of such diseases from such dead bodies, the Board adjourned until 2 P. M.

At 2 P. M. the Board met as per adjournment, Hon. S. N. Hopkins not being present the following regulations were adopted by the Board and the Secretary ordered to have the same printed and distributed to all undertakers in the Territory as well as to all transportation companies doing business in Oklahoma.

Rules for the Transportation of Corpses.

OKLAHOMA TERRITORY—HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE OF THE
TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH,
GUTHRIE.

The following rules for the transportation of corpses adopted by the American Conference of State and Provincial Boards of Health; by the American Public Health Association; by the American Association of General Railway Baggage Agents; by the National Funeral Directors' Association, and by several State Boards of Health, were adopted by the Oklahoma Territorial Board of Health, at its meeting in June, 1898:

Rule 1. The transportation of bodies dead of Small-pox, Asiatic Cholera, Yellow Fever, Typhus Fever or Bubonic Plague is absolutely forbidden

Rule 2. The bodies of those who have died of Diphtheria (Membraneous Croup), Scarlet Fever (Scarlatina, Scarlet Rash), Glanders, Anthrax or Leprosy, shall not be accepted for transportation unless prepared for shipment by being thoroughly disinfected by (a) arterial and cavity injection with a proved disinfectant fluid, (b) disinfecting and stopping of all orifices with absorben cotton, and (c) washing the body with disinfectant, all of which must be done by an embalmer holding a certificate as such approved by the Territorial Board of Health. After being disinfected as above, such body shall be enveloped in a layer of cotton not less than one inch thick, completely wrapped in a sheet and bandaged, and encased in an air-tight zinc, tin, copper or lead lined coffin, or iron casket, all joints and seams hermetically soldered, and all inclosed in a strong, tight wooden box. Or, the body being prepared for shipment by disinfecting and wrapping as above, may be placed in a strong coffin or casket, and said coffin or casket encased in an air-tight zinc, copper or tin case, all joints and seams hermetically soldered, and all enclosed in a strong outside wooden box.

Rule 3. The bodies of those dead from Typhoid Fever, Puerperal Fever, Erysipelas, Tuberculosis, Measles, or other dangerous communicable diseases, other than those specified in rules 1 and 2, may be received for transportation when prepared for shipment by filling cavities with an approved disinfectant, washing the exterior of the body with the same, stopping all orifices with absorbent cotton and enveloping the entire body with a layer of cotton not less than one inch thick, and all wrapped in a sheet and bandaged and encased in an air-tight coffin or casket, provided that this shall apply only to bodies that can reach their destination within forty-eight hours from time of death. In all other cases such bodies shall be prepared for transportation in conformity with rule 2. But when the body has been prepared for shipment by being thoroughly disinfected by an embalmer holding a certificate as in rule 2, issued by the Territorial Board of Health, the air-tight sealing may be dispensed with.

Rule 4. The bodies of those dead from diseases that are not contagious, infectious or communicable may be received for transportation when encased in a sound coffin or casket and enclosed in a strong outside wooden box, provided they reach their destination within thirty hours from time of death. If the body cannot reach its destination within thirty hours from time of death it must be prepared for shipment by filling the cavities with an approved disinfectant, washing the exterior of the body with the same, stopping all orifices with absorbent cotton and enveloping the entire body with a layer of cotton not less than one inch thick, and all wrapped in a bandage and encased in an air-tight coffin or casket. But when the body has been prepared for shipment by being thoroughly disinfected by an embalmer holding a certificate as in rule 2, issued by the Territorial Board of Health the air-tight sealing may be dispensed with.

Rule 5. In case of contagious, infectious or communicable diseases the body must not be accompanied by persons or articles which have been exposed to the infection of the deceased, unless certified by the health officer as having been properly disinfected; and before selling passage tickets agents shall carefully examine the transit permit and note the name of the passenger in charge, and of any others proposing to accompany the body, and see that all necessary precautions have been taken to prevent the spread of the disease. The transit permit in such cases shall specifically state who is authorized by the health authorities to accompany the remains. In all cases where bodies are forwarded under rule 2 notice must be sent by telegraph to the health office at destination, advising the date and train on which the body may be expected. This notice must be sent by or in the name of the officer at the initial point, and to enable the health officer at destination to take all necessary precautions at that point.

Rule 6. Every dead body must be accompanied by a person in charge, who must be provided with a passage ticket and also present a full first-class ticket marked "corpse" for the transportation of the body, and a transit permit showing the physician's or coroner's certificate, name of deceased, date and hour of death, age, place of death, cause of death, and, if of a contagious, infectious or communicable nature, the point to which the body is to be shipped, and when death is caused by any of the diseases specified in rule No. 2, the name of those authorized by the health authorities to accompany the body. The transit permit must be made in duplicate, and the signatures of the physician or coroner, health officer and undertaker must be on the original and duplicate copies. The undertaker's certificate and paster of the original shall be detached from the transit permit and pasted on the coffin box. The physician's certificate and transit permit shall be handed to the passenger. The whole duplicate copy shall be sent to the official in charge of the baggage department of the initial line, and by him to the Secretary of State, or Provincial Board of Health of the State or Province from which said shipment was made.

Rule 7. When the dead bodies are shipped by express the whole original transit permit shall be placed upon the outside of the box and the duplicate forwarded by the express agent to the express agent and Secretary of State or Provincial Board of Health of the State or Province from which said shipment was made.

Rule 8. Every disinterred body dead from any disease or cause shall be treated as infectious or dangerous to the public health, and must not be accepted for transportation unless said removal has been approved by the State or Provincial Health authorities having jurisdiction where such body is to be disinterred, and the consent of the health authorities of the locality to which the body is consigned has first been obtained; and all such disinterred remains must be enclosed in a hermetically sealed (soldered), zinc, tin or copper lined coffin or box.

Bodies deposited in receiving vaults will be treated and considered the same as buried bodies.

At a meeting of the Oklahoma Territorial Board of Health on June 28, 1898, the following regulations were adopted to carry into effect the foregoing rules:

TRANSPORTATION OF CORPSES.

¶ 1. It shall be the duty of every Funeral Director, Undertaker, or Embalmer within this Territory who may desire recognition by transportation companies and common carriers, for the transportation of the bodies of human beings dead from Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Glanders, Anthrax or Leprosy, to conform to regulations made therefor by the Territorial Board of Health, to-wit:

¶ 2. He may make application to the Territorial Board of Health for a permit to prepare such bodies for transportation. Said application shall contain his full name, age and place of residence, and the certification of two legal physicians of good repute in the place where he resides.

He shall pass an examination before the Territorial Board of Health at such time and in such manner as the Board may determine. Said examination shall comprise the following subjects:

(a) The visceral anatomy and vascular system of the human body.

(b) The comparative value and action of disinfectants and germicides.

(c) The proper method, after embalming, for further safely preparing bodies for transportation.

(d) The meaning of "contagion," and "infection;" the dangers they beget, and the best methods of their restriction and arrest.

(e) The signs of death, and the best methods of their determination.

And such other topics, general and special, as the Board may from time to time determine.

Seventy-five per cent. of satisfactory answers in a scale of 100 shall be required to entitle the applicant to a permit.

¶ 3. Upon satisfactory evidence of the competency of the applicant as an embalmer, he may be granted a permit to prepare corpses herein designated for transportation upon the payment of the sum of five dollars, to pay the expenses of such examination. Said permit shall be limited to the term of one year, and shall be signed by the Territorial Board of Health.

Permits may be renewed upon the payment of one dollar within thirty days after the expiration of the term of a permit.

¶ 4. The failure of the holder of a permit to comply with the regulations of the Territorial Board of Health shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation of his permit.

¶ 5. The Secretary of the Board shall keep a record in which shall be registered the name and residence of all persons to whom a permit is granted, and the number and date of the permit, which record shall be for the information of the profession, the public and for transportation companies.

He shall also keep a record of all money received, expenses incurred and paid under these regulations, and make report thereof at each meeting of the Board.

¶ 6. Bodies of those who have died of Diphtheria (Membraneous Croup), Scarlet Fever (Scarlatina, Scarlet Rash), Glanders, Anthrax, or Leprosy, may be transported by common carriers upon the affidavit of a funeral director, undertaker or embalmer, made under oath, that he is the holder of a permit from the Territorial Board of Health, giving the number of the permit, his name and residence, and certifying that the body has been prepared for shipment in accordance with the regulations of the State Board of Health, to-wit:

In the Case of Diphtheria.—The body shall be thoroughly injected with a proven disinfectant embalming fluid, and all orifices of the body, such as the nares, mouth, rectum, and vagina in the female subject, then plugged with absorbent cotton. The body shall then be washed in the disinfecting fluid and wrapped in absorbent cotton layers one inch thick, then bandaged and placed in an air tight zinc or metallic case.

In Case of Scarlet Fever.—All clothing must be removed from the body, and the whole arterial system and cavities, including the cerebro-spinal, injected with a disinfectant of the highest germicidal powers. The body must then be thoroughly washed with the disinfecting fluid; all orifices plugged with absorbent cotton, then covered with absorbent cotton one inch thick, then bandaged and placed in an air-tight zinc or metallic case.

In Case of Glanders, Antrax or Leprosy.—After protecting the ands by either vaseline or gloves, all clothing which has been around the body shall be removed and burned. The body shall then be thoroughly washed with a disinfectant of the highest proven germicidal powers, and sufficient of the disinfectant and embalming fluid injected into the circulatory system to thoroughly saturate all the tissues of the body. All the main cavities of the body shall be filled with the disinfectant, and all orifices plugged with absorbent cotton. The body shall then be washed with the disinfectant, wrapped in absorbent cotton not less than one inch thick, then bandaged and placed in an air-tight zinc or metallic case. When the condition of the body demands the removal of the blood, it may be removed by using a bottle which contains not less than four ounces of the disinfecting fluid. The vein selected for the operation must be poened carefully and the tube introduced to the right auricle of the heart, and the blood aspirated into the bottle without exposing it to the air of the room, or without coming in contact with the hands of the operator.

¶ 7. Disinfectants referred to herein must be approved by the Territorial Board of Health.

THE DEAD.

¶ 1. A boy dead from Small-pox must be immediately wrapped in a cloth saturated with the strongest disinfectant solution, without previous washing, and buried six feet deep, and no body dead from this disease shall under any circumstances, or any lapse of time, be disinterred.

¶ 2. The body of a person who has died from Asiatic cholera, typhus fever, yellow fever, leprosy, diphtheria (membraneous croup), scarlet fever, (scarlatina or scarlet rash), or measles, must not be removed from the sick room until it has been wrapped in a cloth saturated with a solution of corrosive sublimate (one ounce to six gallons of water), and then tightly enclosed in a coffin. The body shall then be buried immediately, without the attendance of any person other than is necessary for the interment thereof.

No public funeral shall be held of any person who has died from either o said diseases named above, and no public funeral shall be held in the house, nor on any premises where there is a case of, nor where a death has recently occurred from, either of said diseases.

¶ 3. No person, company, corporation, or association having charge of, or control of, any schoolhouse or church, or of any building, room or place used for school or church purposes, or for any public assembly, shall permit the body of any person dead from any of the contagious or infectuous diseases named in these regulations, or any other dangerous contagious disease, to be taken into such schoolhouse, church, building, room or place, for the purpose of holding funeral services over such body; and no sexton, undertaker, or other person having charge of or direction of the burial of any body dead from any of the said diseases, shall permit the coffin or casket containing such body to be opened in the presence of any child; nor shall any child be permitted to act as pall-bearer or carrier at any such funeral.

¶ 4. No hack, omnibus or other closed vehicle used for the conveyance of the living, shall be permitted to carry the body of any person dead from an infectious or contagious disease; nor with the knowledge of the owner, driver or person in charge thereof, to carry any person or article liable to communicate the infection or contagion of such disease. And any railroad car, omnibus, cab, hack or other vehicle, in which a person has been carried affected with any of the diseases named herein, shall be forthwith removed from service and be disinfected before being used again.

DISINTERMENT.

¶ 1. Whenever it is desired to disinter the body of a human being for removal or transportation, a separate application for permission so to do must be made to the Territorial Board of Health for each body to be disinterred, on blanks furnished by the Territorial Board.

The application must state the full name of the deceased, also the age, cause of death, date of death, name of physician who made the certificate of death, place of burial, and where to be reinterred.

The disinterment permit must be approved by the local Board of Health of the jurisdiction where the body lies buried, and said disinterment must be made under their immediate supervision.

¶ 2. No disinterred body must be received for transportation by any railroad unless accompanied by a special disinterment permit from the State Board of Health, which is additional to the regular transportation permit.

¶ 3. Where the disinterment is for the removal of bodies to another part of the same cemetery, or to a contiguous cemetery, the removal must not be by any public conveyance. In such cases it is not required that the bodies shall be prepared as for transportation by railroad or other public conveyance. But a disintermit permit, approved by the local Board, must be obtained for each body disinterred.

¶ 4. When the cause of death is given as "heart failure," and the a e of decease is under thirty years, it must be deemed as suspicious, and no railroad transit permit be issued thereon by a local Board until investigation is made by the health officer, unless there is a positive statement in the physician's return that the "heart failure" was not the result of diphtheria.

The following rules shall go into effect and be in force on and after September 1, 1898.

S. N. HOPKINS,
President.
WILBUR S. HAMILTON,
Vsce President.
L. HAYNES BUXTON,
Secretary.

The following circular letter was also ordered issued and the Board ordered that a fee of $5 be charged each applicant to defray the expenses of this department:

OKLAHOMA TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
GUTHRIE, August 1, 1898.

To Embalmers and Funeral Directors of Oklahoma Territory:

You are hereby officially informed that at a meeting of the Oklahoma Territorial Board of Health, held June 30, 1898, the following rules for the transportation of corpses, and defining the duties and privileges of funeral directors, undertakers and embalmers were adopted and will be in force on and after September 1, 1898. (See three following pages.)

Those desiring to take the examination, which will embrace the subjects named from "a" to "e" inclusive, will please make application, form for which is given below, and mail to the Secretary, together with the prescribed fee, five dollars. The first examination will be held at this office August 25. Subsequent dates of examinations will be announced upon application to the Secretary.

It will be distinctly understood that funeral directors, undertakers and embalmers in the Territory of Oklahoma who may decline to apply for, or who applying for, fail to receive the transportation permit provided for, shall not thereby be prohibited from carrying on, or in any way be embarrassed in the prosecution of their business, except that they shall not be permitted to prepare for transportation bodies dead from diphtheria, (membraneous croup), scarlet fever (scarlatina, scarlet rash), glanders, anthrax or leprosy or any other disease that may hereafter be prohibited; and such bodies, unless prepared for shipment by an embalmer licensed by this board, shall under no conditions be received for transportation by any common carriers or in public conveyances.

It is hoped that the funeral directors throughout the Territory will, as rapidly as possible, so qualify themselves as to be able to secure the permit provided for and thus be prepared to compete successfully with those who are duly licensed by this Board.

S. N. HOPKINS, *President.*
L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D., *Secretary.*
WILBUR S. HAMILTON, M. D , *Vice President.*

The following form of application was adopted to be used by those embalmers desiring to be examined for a certificate:

APPLICATION FOR EMBALMER'S PERMIT

—TO THE—

OKLAHOMA TERRITORIAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

GUTHRIE, OKLAHOMA.

GENTLEMEN—

I hereby make application for a Permit to prepare for transportation bodies dead from Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, Glanders, Anthrax and Leprosy as provided by your Board June 30, 1898. My age is .... years; place of residence .... I have been engaged in business as Embalmer and Funeral Director for .... years; have attended at .... School of Embalming, located at .... State of............ .... for .... weeks and at ....School of Embalming, located at......... .... State of .... for ... . weeks and was awarded a Diploma* as an Embalmer and Funeral Director by the .... School of Embalming, located at .... State of .... on the .... day of .... 18......

(Signed)........................... ....

RECOMMENDATIONS.

We, the undersigned physicians residing at .... hereby certify that we are personally acquainted with Mr. .... the applicant named herein, and that we know him to be of good repute, and reliable in his profession as an Embal, and Funeral Director.

....M. D.

....189...... ....M. D.

*If the applicant is a graduate the diploma must in all cases accompany the application.

Permits are only granted upon a careful examination before the Board of Health. Any Funeral Director or Embalmer may be admitted to the examination, whether a graduate or not.

The Board adjourned at the call of the Secretary.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

GUTHRIE, August 25, 1898.

The Board met in the President's office, under call of the Secretary.

Previous notices having been sent to the undertakers and embalmers of the Territory, that an examination would be held in accordance with the regulations of this Board adopted June 30, 1898. The following persons were examined and granted a certificate to practice embalming under the above mentioned *regulations:*

Number of Certificate	Name.	Postoffice.
No. 1	Nathan W. Perry	El Reno
No. 2	Louis Miller	Alva
No. 3	W. L. Rhodes	Guthrie
No. 4	Charles Christoph	Perry
No. 5	L. P. Coffee	Pawnee
No. 6	F. A Ashton	Chandler
No. 7	T. B. Reeder	Guthrie
No. 8	R. E. Wade	Perry
No. 9	E. O. Kyger	Blackwell

From these examinations was received the sum of $45 which was expended in paying the necessary expenses of the examination, blanks, printing and typewriting.

The following bills were allowed: L. Haynes Buxton, mileage and postage, $22.10; Wilbur S. Hamilton, mileage, $6.75.

Board adjourned. L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

GUTHRIE, October 1, 1898.

The Board met in the President's office, all members being present.

Complaints of stagnant pools causing disease was presented from Logan and Cleveland Counties. The Superintendent was directed to notify such persons as were responsible for such nuisances to abate the same at once.

The balance of the funds of the Medical Examining Board was ordered paid to Dr. B. F. Hamilton, Superintendent of Health for Pottawatomie County, for quarantine services in 1897, The following receipt was fournished by Dr. Hamilton:

"SHAWNEE, Okla., September 11, 1898.

"Received of L. H. Buxton, Secretary and Superintendent of Territorial Board of Health, $60.36, as part payment for inspecting trains from east on Choctaw Railway during fall of 1897, during the Yellow Fever scourge in the south.

Signed, B. F. HAMILTON.

Bill of L. Haynes Buxton for mileage and postage was allowed to amount of $13.75, and to Wilbur S. Hamilton for mileages and expenses, $6.75.

Board adjourned.

L. HAYNES BUXTON, M. D.,
Secretary.

Revised Rules and Regulations

ADOPTED BY THE

Oklahoma Territorial Board of Health.

As authorized by chapter 8, statutes of 1893, for the government of County, City and Town Boards of Health, together with the requirements of physicians and citizens of the Territory, now in force on and after December 1, 1898.

Statutory requirements as set forth by the legislature of Oklahoma covering sanitary regulations will not be included in these rules, but will be classified by themselves, following these rules and regulations.

When a town or city Board of Health fails to perform its duty as a Board of Health, by reason of negligence or a lack of proper city ordinances, the County Board of Health of the county wherein such direliction or failnre of duty occurs, shall immediately proceed to do the work such local Board of Health has failed to perform. Local Boards of Health are the wards of the County Boards of Health and their work is subject to inspection, and when found not consistent with the sanitary rules and regulations of the County and Territorial Boards of eHalth, must be corrected.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND SCHOOL HOUSES.

Rule 1 County, City and Town Boards of Health shall exercise supervision over the location; drainage, water supply, ventilation, heating, supply of light and plumbing, if any, and the disposal of the execrete of the schools and school houses within their respective jurisdictions, and when any sanitary defect is found to exist shall at once report the same to the proper authority with the demand that the fault or faults be immediately remedied, and if they be neglected by such persons then they shall proceed to remedy the same themselves and compel obedience to these orders by persons in charge of such schools or school house.

Rule 2. County, city and town health officers shall inspect all public or private institutions, buildings and residences of whatever kind in their respective jurisdiction at any and all times whenever any unsanitary condition or any contagious or infectious disease is reported or suspected to exist therein, and if any such conditions are found to exist the same shall be corrected by them at once and the proper precautions taken.

Rule 3. No public or private funeral shall be held in any building or room used for school purposes at any time during the year or in any church, hall or other place where public gatherings are held of any person that has died from sore throat, diphtheria, membraneous croup, or any other contagious or infectious disease.

CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS AND SCHOOL TEACHERS AND HOUSEHOLDERS.

Rule 4.—School teachers and superintendents of schools shall closely observe the pupils in their schools at all times, and no pupil shall be admitted into any public or private school in this Territory with any eruptive disease, sore throat or contagious sore eyes. If any person or pupil in any of the public or private schools of this Territory is found to be unwell with any eruptive disease, sore throat or contagious sore eyes he shall be dismissed from school with written reasons therefor until pronounced to be non-inoculable to other children by a reputable physician or the local health officer having jurisdiction.

Rule 5. No person shall be admitted into any public or private school in this Territory from any house infected with a contagious or infectious disease or who may have recently been sick with small-pox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, membraneous croup or other contagious or infectious disease until a certificate is first presented from a reputable physician stating that all danger of communicating such disease to others is passed, and such certificate be indorsed by the local health officer having jurisdiction over the district wherein the disease occurs.

Rule 6. No parent, guardian or other person having control of any child or children in the Territory of Oklahoma shall allow or admit such child or children to go from any house infected with small-pox, diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles or any other cotagious or infectious disease to attend any public or private school or any public meeting or gathering of any kind or to ride in any public conveyance or go upon any public street or highway or elsewhere where such child or children may endanger the health of other children or persons. Whenever any hotel, boarding-house or lodging-house keeper or householder, proprietor or manager or owner of any public or private institution of any kind belonging to the Territory, county, city, township or individual shall know or suspect that any person within his or her family, building, place of business or residence be either permanently or temporarily sick with small-pox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles or any other disease dangerous to public health, he or she shall immediately give due notice to the nearest health officer or Board of Health within whose jurisdiction such disease occurs.

DUTY OF PHYSICIANS.

Rule 7. In any and all cases of contagious or infectious disease or suspicious cases of the same wherein the attending physician is in doubt as to the correct diagnosis, he must at once notify the health officer having jurisdiction, who must see the case and examine the sick person with the suspected disease, and if it is found to be contagious or infectious, must act in accordance with the rules governing such cases.

Rule 8. Whenever any physician shall know or have reason to suspect that any person whom he is called to see is sick with small-pox, diphtheria, membraneous croup, measles, whooping cough or other diseases of a contagious nature he shall immediately report the same, giving the exact location, with a description of the case to the health officer or

Board of Health having jurisdiction over the place where such disease exists.

INSTRUCTIONS TO LOCAL HEALTH OFFICERS.

Rule 9. No person who is or has recently been afflicted with or exposed to any contagious or infectious disease dangerous to our public health shall be permitted to appear upon any public street or highway, or in any public place or conveyance until a certificate is made by the attendant physician and endorsed by the local health officer having jurisdiction, setting forth the fact that such person is non-inoculable to others.

Bule 10. No person shall be allowed to leave any house, building or premises infected with small-pox unless he or she has heretofore had the disease, then such leaving must be after first taking a disinfecting bath, making a complete change of clothing and having a permit with instructions from the health officer having jurisdiction.

Rule 11. In all cases where there has been an exposure to, or suspected exposure to Small-pox, it shall be the duty of the Board of Health having jurisdiction to compel vaccination, or re-vaccination, of all exposed persons or suspects, and if danger of an epidemic of Small-pox is eminent, compel all persons in the city, town or community to be vaccinated.

Rule 12. On the appearance of Small-pox, Yellow fever, Diphtheria, Membraneous croup, Scarlet fever, Measles, or any other contagious or infectious disease, the County Superintendent of Health shall cause the attending physician, when such cases are outside the corporate limits of any town or city, to place the proper flag of warning on the front door or any other place more conspicuous about the house where the disease prevails. Whenever any of the foregoing diseases exist in any town or city where there is an organized Board of Health, such flag of warning shall be placed by the local Health Officer having jurisdiction, such County Superintendent of Health or Health officer shall hold all persons who have been exposed to such contagion under observation and apart from the public for the number of days named in "*Length of Quarantine*," or length of time as such officer may decide to be safe.

Rule 13. The flag for Small-pox, Scarlet fever, Diphtheria and Measles shall be bright yellow and not less than fifteen inches square, with the name of the disease plainly marked thereon. The flag for cholera or yellow fever shall be black and not less than fifteen inches square with "Cholera" or "Yellow Fever" plainly printed thereon with white or red letters.

Rule 14. No person shall be permitted to remove any such flag of warning until a certificate is made by the attending physician to the County Superintendent of Health or the local Board of Health having jurisdiction, that the disease has passed and the proper disinfection accomplished, and the indorsement of such local Board of Health is obtained.

Rule 15. Persons who have been exposed to the contagion or infection of any of the following diseases, may safely be liberated if they have remained in good health and been properly disinfected, after the following periods of quarantine: Diphtheria, twelve days; Scarlet fever, fourteen days; Small-pox, eighteen days; Measles, eighteen days; Chicken pox, eighteen days; Mumps, twenty-four days; Whooping cough, twenty-one days.

Rule 16. Any and every person having charge of any one who has died of Small-pox, Cholera, Yellow fever or Diphtheria shall cause the corpse of such person to be interred immediately after death, and in cases of deaths from the above named diseases no public funeral shall be held.

Rule 17. No person shall make, or cause to be made, or permit to be made on his or her premises any vault for the sewerage of any building, either public or private, without making the same water tight by lining the base, walls and top with brick or stone and cement, and then substantially cementing the whole inside and so constructing the opening into it that no obnoxious odors from its contents will contaminate the air without. The contents of such sewerage vault shall be pumped into a container and removed to a place designated by the local health officer at such hours as will not disturb the public.

Rule 18. In case of any act on the part of any local health officer not authorized by or in harmony with the Rules and Regulations governing the Territorial Board of Health, appeal may be taken to said Board in session, pending such appeal the action of said local health officer shall remain in force.

INFORMATION AND DIRECTIONS OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO COUNTY BOARDS OF HEALTH AND LOCAL HEALTH OFFICERS.

QUARANTINE FLAGS.

It is often far from a pleasant duty to flag houses and quarantine families and places, especially so when the family physician says the "case is of a very mild nature," and does not give you his moral support. The honest, faithful officer must shut his eyes to blind prejudice and unreasonable pleading of the family and do his duty as is indicated by Board of Health rules and his own knowledge of the case. He can of course explain the value of the flag, that it is used by all well regulated Boards of Health, and that although it may be of no value in some cases, yet no variations from the rule is tolerated by the Territorial Board of Health, and it must be done. He can say further "that the practice is highly approved by him, and believed to be a very useful and effective aid in protecting the public health. It doubtless saves many persons from catching these diseases, by giving them timely warning of a danger to which no one should be let to expose themselves without knowing it. It is not claimed to be a sufficient and infallible preventive of an epidemic, but it helps. It imputes no odium to the occupants of the house. It does no injustice to non-occupants. It is perfectly harmless. And it is educational in its effects upon the public. It teaches them that those diseases are much more communicable in a house than they are in the open air. It is the prevalent practice throughout the Territory and in many other States and ought to be universal."

If the officer always flags every case he will in a short time familiarize the public to the flag and will overcome much of the feeling in opposition to its use.

ANTI-TOXINE IN DIPHTHERIA.

In these pages we cannot enter into a discussion of the tens of thousands of pages that have been written on this subject and with which all well-read physicians are familiar. We have gathered these conclusions:

Anti-toxine is the best remedy known in the treatment of diphtheria and the only single one that has materially reduced the death rate.

We advise the use of anti-toxine in good doses at the first indication of diphtheria infection, before the streptococeus has had time to get in its work and increase the virulence of the diphtheria bacillus.

Today, with nearly every Board of Health in the land advocating anti-toxine, a physician can hardly expect to escape censure when untoward results occur in cases of diphtheria that do not receive this treatment.

Not alone should the patient have a "curative dose" early but children of the household should be immunized by the same agent as well as the adult who has the care of the diphtheria patient.

In Oklahoma where in most instances our diagnosis must be necessarily from clinical history, unconfirmed by bacteriological examination, suspicious cases should receive the benefit of the doubt.

Dr. S Solis-Cohen of Philadelphia makes this statement on this subject: "It is of the highest importance to have a trustworthy serum of as high potency as possible, so that a dose small in bulk shall be large in anti-toxine units.

"For a child of three years the initial dose in a tonsillar case of moderate severity seen early should be 1,000 to 1,500 units; in nasal or laryngeal cases, or in cases in which the lower pharynx is invaded, or severe cases of any variety, the dose should be 2,000 units; and in any case first seen as late as the fourth day the dose should be 2,000 to 3,000 units. Injections should be repeated in from twelve to twenty-four hours, according to circumstances. For immunizing, 500 units should be the dose; or, if infection be suspected, the curative dose of 1,000 units should be given at once. What is needed is promptness and courage in the use of the remedy.

THE WATER BARREL.

In some of our western towns and also in rural districts, water for drinking and family use is drawn tothe door in a water tank or wood container, from thence emptied into the family barrel. At best, this system is fraught with great danger, and as is too often the case it is a death breeder of the first-class. Since drinking water is the most ready medium through which disease-breeding bacteria are introduced into the human body, the purity of our water is of vital importance.

The water supply of all towns and villages is under the control of the local health officer; hence, it is his duty to have no water drawn for drinking purposes other than in a thoroughly cleaned and covered tank, not simply a cloth thrown over a barrel or a wooden cover fitting just fairly well. This tank should also be sound and free from all decay if wood, and should be thoroughly emptied at stated intervals. The family container should be covered air-tight and have the water drawn from a faucet, not necessitating a removal of the cover to obtain a supply when needed, The damage from the open barrel is too great to be tolerated.

CONSUMPTION.

Although Oklahoma is not the home of the "tubercle bacillus," yet the many that are seeking our climate as a relief from this trouble make a few remarks not inappropriate.

Consumption is the most fatal disease known to civilization. A large part of this great mortality can and ought to be prevented. Consumption is a germ disease and without this germ there is no consumption or any form of tubercular disease. Therefore, to prevent consumption we must get rid of or keep out of the way of this germ. This germ is not inherited but always contracted from some other case, either human or animal. The germ must be inhaled or swallowed in order to produce disease. As three-fourths of all tuberculosis is of the lungs, it is evident that the disease is contracted most frequently by the inhalation of the germs.

How Communicated.—Chiefly by dried sputa of consumptives. This sputa contains thousands, aye, millions of these deadly germs. The filthy habit of expectorating in public streets, highways, about homes, on floors in such a way that the sputa becomes dry before being destroyed, is exceedingly dangerous.

The rules and information given by the New Hampshire Board of Health are of interest in this connection:

"No consumptive should expectorate upon sidewalks, floors of rooms, public halls, railway cars or other vehicles, or in any other place where the sputa, when dried will be a source of danger. Cuspidors in hotels and other public places, and in rooms occupied or used by consumptives, should always contain a little water, or better still, a disinfecting solution.

"At home expectorate into a cup kept for that purpose in which there is a disinfecting solution; burn contents and boil cup.

"Never expectorate into a pocket handkerchief or cloth which will be allowed to dry. Immerse handkerchiefs in boiling water before storing them with the soiled linen.

"For use upon the streets or away from home, thin Japanese napkins may be provided. After using, they should be folded and burned at the first opportunity.

"Do not spit where domestic animals can have access to this matter. Cattle and fowls are susceptible and become in turn sources of infection. In fact, do not spit at all where sputum cannot be destroyed before it can dry.

"Do not spit on streets and do not swallow the sputum.

"No tuberculous person should kiss anyone on the mouth.

"Tuberculous patients should be smooth shaven. It is impossible to keep a beard clean and from being infected.

"The tuberculous should always sleep alone.

"All bed clothing should be changed often every day when the case is far advanced (no puffs or comforts should be used on the bed) and should at once be immersed in boiling water for five minutes.

"Have separate table utensils and cause them to be scalded as soon as used.

"A tuberculous mother must not nurse her baby nor kiss it on the mouth, and in preparing its food must observe special care.

"Tuberculous persons should not engage in occupations where they are compelled to handle food products, as in bakeries, etc.

"Be careful not to infect the sleeping berths when traveling."

TYPHOID FEVER, ITS HISTORY AND PREVENTION.

Typhoid Feyer is a communicable disease and the saying, oft repeated, of one of our most prominent physicians, that "some one should be hung for every death from Typhoid Fever," has some foundation in fact.

The *Typhoid Bacillus*, a living germ, is the active infecting agent.

Only Typhoid Fever patients are producers of these germs. From them comes the danger—*from the discharges from their person in their stools.* No danger exists from exhalations from the skin or from the Typhoid Fever patient's breath, but alone from the discharges from the intestines and possibly from the kidneys. These facts, of so much significance, always held in mind should lessen to the minimum our danger from Typhoid Fever.

We know what the infection is; where to find it; that it is a living organism, and further, we know how to kill it.

Immediate destruction of the Typhoid Bacillus as soon as it passes from the sick patient is the key to the situation. This destruction is called *disinfection* and the agents used are called *disinfectants.*

The restriction and prevention of Typhoid Fever consists in simply doing this thing; this one thing—*disinfecting.*

Hence, Rule 1: All evacuations from the patient must *immediately be disinfected.* This becomes the imperative duty of those in charge of the patient. Observe the rule says, "all discharges," and here comes too often the failure. This *all* includes not only such as falls in the bed pan, or other vessel, but as well every article of underclothing and bed clothing, or anything that has been stained or otherwise defiled by these discharges.

With these precautions properly taken a Typhoid Fever patient is as harmless of evil as is a case of Malarial Fever, but if these precautions are neglected the living organism composed of strong vitality and capable of self propagation under favorable conditions often destroy the human body.

Favorable Conditions for Development.—Warmth and filth is the happy home sought by this germ, and when not destroyed it is far more apt to find these conditions than any other. The chosen haunt of the Typhoid Fever Bacillus for self propagation is the privy vault, cess pool, house drain, the garbage heap or the slop puddle of the back yard, and in our warm climate the earth itself oftimes affords suitable soil for its reproduction and growth. How often do we see that these are the very places in which it is sure to get and to maintain a vigorous existence for an indefinite period?

If this germ would only remain in these places it would still be harmless, but it shows a remarkable tendency to get into and infect our water supply. This germ also, while drying on the clothing or bedding of the Typhoid Fever patient, is shaken off and finds its way into the family milk pan, or dishes of food.

Milk quickly absorbs the germs from the Typhoid patient, and may even be contaminated by carrying the clothing and excrement through a room in which milk is placed. Milk thus exposed is a prolific source of *infection.* I here quote from Dr. J. F. Kennedy, Secretary of the Iowa State Medical Board, in his annual report 1897: "*Milk Infections.*—Dr. Busey and myself have tabulated one hundred and thirty epidemics of Typhoid Fever from all parts of the world, which were traced to contaminated milk. In one hundred and nine instances there is vidence of the disease having prevailed at the farm or dairy. In fifty-four the poison reached the milk by soakage of the germs into the well water with which the utensils were washed; in fourteen of these the intentional dilution with polluted water is admitted. In six instances the infection is attributed to the cows wading in sewerage-polluted water. In three instances the infection was spread in ice cream prepared in infected premises. In twenty-one instances the diary employes also acted as nu ses. In six instances the patients while suffering from a mild attack of entric fever, or during the first week or ten days of their illness, continued to work, and those who are familiar with the personal habits of the average dairy boy will have no diffiiculty in surmising the manner of direct digital infection. In one instance the milk tins were washed with the same dish-cloth used among the fever patients."

The polluted water drunken by the family cow has often been the destruction of family lives and joys and the milk-man's infected well has been the source of serious epidemics, which have been widespread in their results.

Cases are on record where the discharge from a single Typhoid patient, which was washed into a stream, caused over one thousand cases of this fever.

The history of farm wells that have become infected and cause reoccurrences of Typhoid fever through a series of years are not of infrequent occurrence.

In *West Guthrie* in 1895 a number of cases of Typhoid Fever attracted attention; the fact developed that four of the families who had members sick got water from the same well, although they lived at quite a distance from each other.

The washing of soiled linen and bedding of a Typhoid patient and throwing the water near a well has developed numerous cases.

We might mention other sources of infection, infected soda water, clothing, hands of nurses, washer-women, dairy hands, etc.

In our dry, windy climate great care should be used in disinfecting discharges as in a single hour oftimes the discharges thrown upon the surface of the ground become as dust and thence are blown about. Nothing is to hinder in many cases the fatal germs of disease finding lodgement in the family drinking bucket which may be standing by the well ready to be filled; or they may settle on the milk pans left to dry in the sun, if the dust is not driven into the well itself, as the dangerous open well is often used yet in *rural districts.*

Invasion of the Germs.—This in a large percentage of cases takes place through *food* or *drink.* The first invasion of the disease is shown in the *intestinal tract.*

FOMALDEHYDE.

No disinfectant has received the notice at any period in public health history as has come to formaldehyde during the past five years.

Positive and negative statements as to its value as a germicide have come one after another in quick succession and in voluminous proportions.

Formaldehyde. gas is largely generated from formaline, a 40 per cent aqueous solution—"paraform," paraformaldehyde, a solid form, and wood spirits or methyl alcohol.

The method of obtaining this gas from wood spirits is rapid oxidization for which a multitude of generators have been devised, a large number of which have been proven worthless, and a number of the most successful too expensive for general use.

Generators in which are used flat platinzed asbestos disks of considerable area are, I think, the only ones that produce large enough quantities of formaldehyde for the disinfection of rooms and are at the same time sufficiently simple and economical in construction for general use.

The Robinson lamp is recommended by Dr. Doty, health officer of the port of New York.

Formaldehyde is used today for disinfection of rooms and their contents contaminated by germs of contagion and infective disease and a multitude of like conditions.

Considering the fact that there is no appropriation for original investigation made for their Board of Health and that formaldehyde is yet in a stage of investigation, I must say that after considering a large amount of literature on this subject the method adopted by the Department of Health of the city of Chicago appeals to me as being equal if not superior to other methods for rapid generation of formaldehyde gas. The results, I believe, are equal to other non-complicated methods, hence, the only method recommended by me for use by our health officers. No doubt many other methods exist and are of value in the disinfection of rooms, yet we must recommend that the Chicago method be used for disinfection or one of the older methods of disinfection be adhered to.

Chicago Method Adopted Last March.—The method is briefly as follows: The room is sealed as usual. Several sheets are hung up in the room upon lines stretched across it. These sheets are sprinkled with the 40 per cent. solution—formaline. The sprinkling is so made that the sheet is covered as evenly as possible with small drops of the solution, separate and distinct from one another. For the purpose of sprinkling an apparatus similar to a wash-bottle is used. This has a rubber hand-bulb for furnishing the compressed air; the outlet tube has a rose sprinkler with a number of very fine openings. A common rose-head watering-pot could be used if the spray be not too coarse. The spray is thrown against the sheet only once—the surface is not gone over a second time. The amount of formaldehyde solution is not less than 150 *cubic centimeters per thousand cubic feet.* This amount is used because of the experiments of Pfuhl, which show that thirty grammes of available formaldehyde to the thousand cubic feet must be present in order to obtain the killing of bacteria. The time of exposure is not less than four hours and as much longer as the conditions will allow.

Repeated tests with cultures exposed in rooms fumigated in this manner have shown that freely exposed organisms—diphtheria, typhoid and pus cocci—are uniformly killed within the given time and penetration through one thickness of a sheet or blanket has been regularly demonstrated.

Further disinfection of mattresses and bedding is carried out either by means of the steam-disinfecting van or by sprinkling them with formaline solution and piling them together so that the vapors may penetrate throughout the mass and reach all parts of it while the disinfection of the air is in progress.

Owing to the rapid evolution of gas and its irritating properties it is wise to have face and hands protected; a thin towel, with absorbent cotton over the mouth and nose, tied over the face, eyes protected by a pair of goggles and hands smeared with vaseline is all that is necessary. Of course the work should be done as rapidly as possible and the room cleared.

The following circular recently issued by the Colorado State Board of Health will be of interest:

DISINFECTION BY FORMALDEHYDE.

Formaldehyde is a gas formed by the partial oxidation of wood alcohol. Its use is very greatly facilitated by having it combined with water, and in a known definite propo tion, so that the quantity used may be certain, and definitely known. Its solution in water is called formaldehyde, formol, formal, and formalin. Formalin is a trade-mark name, and under the name the solution, therefore, may cost more than under the name of Formaldehyde, formol, or formal. Under any of these names the solution should, and generally does, contain 40 per cent. of Formaldehyde. (It is sold now for about 50 cents a pound).

Contrary to popular belief, Formaldehyde has but little power of penetration Its action is nearly limited to the disinfection of surfaces. Therefore care should be taken to freely expose all material to be disinfected. Formaldehyde acts more efficiently at high temperatures, better in summer than in winter, unless artificial warmth be employed. Disinfection is more certain the more rapidly the gas is evolved from its solution; high concentration of the gas is more important than long continued action. When disinfecting a room, cracks and outlets should be securely closed; the gas is more likely to escape from a room on the windward side of a house. Things to be disinfected should preferably be moistened, though this is not essential. Vessels containing water should not be allowed to remain in the room during disinfection, because of the great capacity of water for absorbing the gas. The colors of fabrics are seldom affected by Formaldehyde. The dry gas is said not to affect metals or the cutting edge of tools; the moist gas may rust iron or steel. The fumes of Formaldehyde remaining after disinfection may be neutralized by sprinkling with ammonia water.

DISINFECTION OF ROOMS AND CONTENTS.

Except in the case of letters, books, etc., mentioned further on, a simple and efficient method of disinfecting rooms and their contents, which is known to be effective when infected with Diphtheria, and which, although not to be relied upon to disinfect the germs of consumption, except when the germs are wet, is probably effective in the case of Small-pox, Scarlet Fever, Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, Measles, and most diseases the germs of which do not form spores, is to use the solution of Formaldehyde, which can be purchased at any drug store, under the name of formaldehyde, formol, formal, or formalin.

Eight ounces of the 40 per cent. solution will, under favorable conditions, disinfect a room only ten feet square and ten feet high, (containing 1,000 cubic feet of air space); most rooms are larger than this, and will require proportionately more of the disinfectant solution, at the rate of at least eight fluid ounces for each thousand cubic feet of air space. And, if any of the vapor can escape from the room, allowance must be made, as also if spontaneous evaporation is the only source of the vapor.

For the disinfection to be thorough, the infected articles should be subjected to the rapidly produced and strong vapor of the Formaldehyde for about ten hours. All openings from the room must first be tightly closed; clothing, bedding, etc., should be hung up and spread out in the room as much as possible. The solution should then be rapidly distilled into the room through the key-hole by means of the still, or it can be sprinkled on sheets which have *previously* been hung over lines in the room. This can be done rapidly and well by holding up the corner of the sheet and sprinkling the solution on from a small garden sprinkler. The person *must necessarily leave the room at once*, and keep it tightly closed for at least ten hours. If the Formaldehyde is not rapidly distilled into the room, but is evaporated from sheets, an additional quantity should be used, for the reason mentioned further on in this circular. Where there is probability that infectious sputum, as from a case of Consumption or Diphtheria, has dried upon the floor, furniture, etc., these surfaces should he thoroughly sprayed or sprinkled with a 2 per cent. solution of Formaldehyde before setting free the gas within the room.

DISINFECTION OF MAILS, BOOKS, LETTERS, MONEY AND PAPERS.

This same solution can be used for the disinfection of the mails, for infected books, letters, papers, etc., but for this purpose an increased quantity in proportion to space should be used, as follows:

Make a tight box having a close fitting lid, and with a capacity sufficient for the amount of mail to be disinfected. Sprinkel the formol, formal or formalin on loosely folded cloth, absorbent cotton or mineral wool, from which it may rapidly evaporate, and use the solution in quantity sufficient to be a disinfectant in that sized box—namely, at the rate of 3.2 ounces for each cubic foot of air space in the box. A box two feet square and two feet high (containing eight cubic feet), would probably hold the contents of one mail pouch. For a box of this size, twenty-five and one-half ounces of the Formaldehyde solution should be used. Possibly much less than this may, under some circumstances, be sufficient; but by the spontaneous evaporation some of the Formaldehyde sometimes polymerizes—changes form, when it becomes comparatively inert, or at least slow to give off the vapor It is, therefore, important to make allowance for this whenever spontaneous evaporation of the solution of Formaldehyde is depended upon.

Formaldehyde will not realily pass through paper, therefore envelopes sealed tightly must have perforations made in them; and leaves of books should be separated, the books resting on their open edges, or on end so that the weight of one part will not press the leaves together. Galvanized wire screens may be used on which to spread out letters and papers. (Formaldehyde rusts iron but does not injure other metals)

For the disinfection of only one or a few letters, a small cigar box can be used by placing a few folds of muslin in the bottom of the box; sprinkling one and one-half fluid drams of the Formaldehyde solution over the muslin, and placing the letters in the box, fastening the lid down tightly, wrapping the box thoroughly in several layers of paper, and leaving for at least five hours For the disinfection of books, letters and papers where every leaf cannot be separated. the quantity of Formaldehyde solution should be at the rate of at least one part by measure of formalin to three hundred parts of air space—1 c. c. of formalin to 300 c. c. or less of air space.

The disinfection of combs, brushes, etc , may be carried out in a similar manner.

LONG RUBBER TUBE NURSING BOTTLE

In our warm climate, where milk early undergoes degeneration and putrifactive changes, the arduous duties of a pioneer life and the debility consequent upon the long continued heat of summer often causing the mother to resort to the noursing bottle to furnish nourishment for her offspring, anything of interest in reference to a means of safe feeding must attract our close attention,

The *most dangerous instrument* of destruction to the hand fed infant is the long tube nursing bottle. A mother who values the life of her darling should forever discard this *instrumeut* of *death.* It has *no* advantages over the *direct rubber* nipple but that of an extra amount of care necessary in the act of feeding.

In summer or in a hot room it only requires a very short time to change this tube from an instrument of life to one of death, the deadly ptomanes may, in a careless moment, do the work that no physician can uudo.

We have no right to use a dangerous method of feeding an infant where a safe way can be substituted.

The argument that great care is used in cleaning this tube does not answer the charge. A child may use great care in handling a gun, but in an evil moment in either case life may pay the penalty of carelessness

So important is this subject that at the last meeting of the American Public Health Association held at Ottawa, Canada, September, 1898, in accordance with the recommendation of the committee on "Cause and Prevention of Infant Mortality." the able sanitary worker, Dr. Suiter, of Herkinier, New York. offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of the Public Health Association that the state, city and town health authorities and local sanitary societies generally should exercise every possible effort to procure the enactment of laws in their respective stat s, cities, towns and villages to prohibit the sale of the so-called long rubber tube nursing bottle, as being a perniciously active agent in the cause of preventable disease in infancy of the most serious character and fatality.

Those who have witnessed the results of the long rubber tube nursing bottle in Oklahoma will testify that these resolutions are no stronger than the case demands.

With milk from a *healthy cow, which all can procure* in Oklahoma, and the direct pure rubber nipple the mother has the second best food and means of feeding to be found in the world —the first being a healthy mother's breast with ample milk.

Directory of Registered Oklahoma Physicians.

(CORRECTED UP TO DEC. 1. 1898.)

It has been the endeavor of the Superintendent to have this list correct, but possibly some one may have been missed by those who made the report from each county. Any error in this list should be promptly reported.

BEAVER COUNTY.

Lindley, J. R., Beaver City.
Mc.Ginnis, R. W., Kenton,

BLAINE COUNTY.

Kelley, W. R., Geary.
Miller, Thomas D. Geary.
Sanders, John S.. Geary,
Wachtel, J. Burton, Geary.
Powell, T. P. (E.). Geary.
Edgington, A. D., (H) Watonga.
VanBrunt. E. W., Watonga.
Alexander, M. A., Okeene.
Morris, J, A., Okeene.

CANADIAN COUNTY.

Adams, J. H. B., El Reno.
Arnold, C. D., El Reno.
Carson, J. M., El Reno.
Cohan. S., El Reno.
Heddins, Claus H., El Reno.
Harrington, John, El Reno.
Hatchett, J. A., El Reno.
Hunt, G. H., El Reno.
Jackson, A. H., El Reno.
Muzzy, W. J., El Reno.
Roberts, S. D., El Reno.
Taylor, G. W , El Reno.
Mosteller, M. S. Mustang.
Foster, Eunice, Okarche.
Greenland, H. Okarche.
Smith, J. R,. Okarche.
Spitler, J. B., Thurston.
Richardson, D. P., Union.
Myers, Homer H., Yukon.
Sanger, S. S., Yukon.

CLEVELAND COUNTY.

Gladu, Gaston, Buckhead.
McDonald, E. R., Eason.
Elkins, J. R., Lexington
Johnson, P. W., Lexington
Nesbit, B. F., Lexington.
Owsley, W. J., Lexington.
Thacker, R. E., Lexington.
Magness, B. P., Moore.
Murphy, M., Noble.
Murphy, James M., Noble.
Abel, W. N. T., Norman.
Capshaw. M. T. J., Norman.
Hamilton, W. S., Norman.
Hudson, H. F.. Norman.
Lowther, R. D., Norman.
Burch, S. F., Norman.
Bobo, C. S., Norman.
Odell, T., Norman,
Davis, James A., Norman
Manire, W. H., Norman.
Threadgill, John, Norman.
Newman, C. W., Norman.
McBride, J. B., Stella.

CUSTER COUNTY.

Edward, N. B., Arapahoe.
Moore, H. A., Arapahoe.
McCullough, R., Arapahoe.
Williams, C., Arapahoe.
Williams, J .Johnson, Auxier.
Hatcher, J. E., Edwards.
Ladd, I. T:,Independence.
Dean, C. H., Rogers.
Collings, O. P., Thomas.
Ballard, J. D., Weatherford.
Davis, Chas. E. Weatherford.
Achor, T. D., Weatherford.
Bonney, S. B., Weetherford,
Smallwood, P. C., Weatherford.

"D" COUNTY.

Moore, C. J. K., Butte.
Speere, Granville, Taloga.

GARFIELD COUNTY.

Kerr, G. W., Coldwater,
Thompson. C. E., Carrier
Arthur, E. D , Enid,
Champion, C. F., Enid,
Fairgrieve, G. W., Enid,
Feild, R. A., Enid,
Kelso, M. A., Enid,
Darling, Wm. K., Enid,
McElrath, C. F.; Enid.
McKenzie. H. B., Enid.
Wood, V. A., Enid,
Weigle. Joseph. Enid,
Taft, O. D., Garber.
Faris. W. J.. Kremlin.
Stevens, Wm. W., Marshall.
Armstrong. G. B., North Enid.
Gaede, G., North Enid.
Brown, R. A., Skeleton,
Julian, J. K., Shaner.
Brafford. S. E., Sibley.
Cox, F, M. Wildwood,
Moss, R. E.. Waukomis.
Scott. S. F., Waukomis.

GRANT COUNTY.

Bridgeman, W. S., Hawley.
Hazelton, W. F., Jefferson.
McCorkle, H. B., Jefferson.
O'Rear, R. F., Jefferson.

Bentz, E. B., Lamont.
Hall, R. L., Medford.
Roberts, Jas. H., Medford.
O'Rear, J. H., Medford.
Doran, W. H., Osborn.
Barkley, Alex, (E.) Pond Creek.
Easter, E. D., Pond Creek.
Wallace, J. S., Pond Creek.
Baker, A. A., Renfrow.
Goodrich, C. W., Wakita.

GREER COUNTY.

Black, Walter E., Altus.
Fowler, J. E., Altus.
Bray, G. T., Francis.
Rawls, S. P., Lock.

Cherry, G. P., Mangum.
Ferguson, H. M., Mangum.
Griffith, Jas. E., Mangum.
Neel, Ney, Mangum.
Redding, H. C., Navajoe.
Hardin, T. H., Olustee.
Stovall, T. D., Quartz.

KAY COUNTY.

Blood, John, Blackwell.
Elliott, C. G., Blackwell.
Ikerd, Chas. E., Blackwell.
Padon, W. H,, Blackwell.
Eversole, John H., Blackwell.
Skelton, S. L., Blackwell.
Dudley, W. S., Kildare.
Anderson, Geo. L., Newkirk.
Lemon, W. W., Nardin.
Cagle, G. H., Newkirk.
Cannon, R. S., Newkirk.
Ezell, Wm. D., Newkirk.
Hamblin, H. M., (E.) Newkirk.
Martin. D. D., Newkirk.
Miller, J. H., Newkirk.
Werner, John W., Newkirk.
Duncan, McKay, Otoe.
Duncan, J. M., Ponca City.
Dunn, S. M. N , Ponca City.
Evans, Elias, Ponca City.
Germaine, G. H., Ponca City.
Gillam, G. L.. Ponca City,
Light, G. W., Ponca City.
Schenuck, W., Ponca City.
Germain, F. B., Ponca City.
Robertson, A. T., Ponca City.
Shaffer, H. W., Ponca City.
Smith, A. T., Ponca City.
Vawter, Jamison. Ponca City.
Widney, G. D., Ponca City
Sims, John F.. Rock Falls.
Witter, M. G., Tonkawa.
Grubs, E. R., Blackwell.

KINGFISHER COUNTY.

Ellis, F. G., Columbia.
Fisk, Charles E., Downs.
Houseworth, I., Downs.
Baily, Carson, Dover,
Northrup, John A., Dover.
Carroll, A. H., Hennessey.
Liggett, J. E., Hennessey.
Lower, C. S., Hennessey.
Meredith, C. S.. Hennessey.
Rector, N., Hennessey.
Winkler, F. L. Kingfisher.
Brown, W. R., Kingfisher.

Bright, J. A., Kingfisher.
Overstreet, J. A., Kingfisher.
Share, A. L., Kingfisher.
Sprague, A. M., Kingfisher.
Ruhl, J. E., Kingfisher.
Boone, E. A., Keil,
Akers, J. P., Lacey,
Hickerman, H. S., Lacey.
Barker, H. D., Sheridan.

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Hannah, J. H., Arlington.
Iles, H. C., Arlington.
Beam. R. F., Belmont,
Roe, M. P., Carney.
Wiles, G. S., Carney.
Benedict, John L., Chandler.
Marshall, A. M., Chandler.
Ellis, S., Chandler.
Fagaines, H M., Chandler.
Harriman, F. B., Chandler.
Hall, John E., Chandler.
Steele, E. J., Chandler.
Wolcott, A. J , Chandler.
Baugh, J. H. Clifton.
Boulson, I. C., Clifton.
Mitchell. Thomas M., Clifton
Bradley, H., Davenport.
Murphy, D. L., Davenport.
Davis, W. H., (E.) Parkland.
Davis, S. O., Parkland.
Saunders, G. W., Wellston.
Shepherd, S. N., Wellston.
Taylor, A. H.‘ Wellston.
Singleton, S. H., Wellston.
Sutton, J. C. Sac and Fox Agcy.,
Bilby, George M., Stroud.
Bilby, John F. Stroud.,
Bennett, H. H., Stroud.
Chaney, J. C., Stroud.
Evans, J. J., Stroud.
Lumm, E. E., Stroud.
McFarland, J. R., Fouts.
Stiles, O. Rossville.
Carskadden, R. H., Sac-Fox Agy,

LOGAN COUNTY.

Hill, W. R., Acton.
Campbell. S. T., Evansville.
Kendall, W. A., Crescent.
May, W. H., Crescent.
Baker, E. O., Guthrie.
Blesh, A. L., Guthrie.
Buxton, L. Haynes, Guthrie.
Clark, James A., Guthrie.
Cotteral, C. F., Guthrie.
Cox, J. H., Guthrie.
Hanenkratt, D. V., Guthrie.
Hiatt, L. J., Guthrie.
Kimberly, W. T., (H.) Guthrie.
Petty, C. S., (H.) Guthrie.
Smith, Charles, Guthrie.
Smith, Hila, W. Guthrie.
Smith, R. V., Guthrie.
Stevens, David, Guthrie.
Vandervoort, M., (H.) Guthrie.
McCathron, J. J., Guthrie.
McKeeby, G. E., Guthrie.
Maxwell, S. A., Guthrie.
Alston, A. J., Langston.
Reiser, G. F., Langston.
Fisher, J. S,, Marshall.
Stephens, W. W., Marshall.
Townsend, A. M., Marshall.
Childers, A. G. T., Mulhall.
Hatfield, W. M., Mulhall.
McConnehay, D., (E.) Mulhall.

Torrence, T. M., McKinley.
Neal, Q. B., Meridian.
Campbell, Bertha H., Orlando.
Sharpe, E. G., (E.) Orlando.
Houseworth, A. L. Seward.
Brown, R. A., Skeleton.

NOBLE COUNTY.

Kirkpatrick, R. F., Harperville.
Spires, W. W. Morrison.
Stillman, C. C., Morrison.
Brengle, W B. Perry.
Bryant, J. W., Perry.
Carpenter, J. D., Perry.
Dillard, J. W. D. L. F , Perry.
Doggett, E. E., Perry.
Hall, B. F., Perry.
Hood, C. O., Perry
Hoode, J. A., Perry.
Jones Fred F., Perry.
Love, R. D., Perry.
Moore, S. A., (H.) Perry.
Southard, R. W., (H.) Perry.
Stahl, M. S., Perry.
McCandless, R. J., Perry.
Taylor, C. E., Perry.
Brafford, S. F., Whith Rock.
Renfrow, T. F., White Rock.

OKLAHOMA COUNTY.

O'Conner, Andrew, Arcadia.
Fitzgerald, H. C. H. Britton.
Watterson, F. R., Choctaw City.
Fisher, James W., Britton,
Linthicum, O. M., Choctaw City.
Hues, C. P., Choctaw City.
Dean, H. R., Delphos.
Harmon, O. S. Choctaw City.
Howard, J. W., Edmond.
Comp, T. W., Edmond.
Baxter, Edith, F., Edmond.
Peck, F. S. Edmond.
Thurman, J. H., Dickson.
Ruhl, N. B., (H) Edmond.
Jeter, J. J., Luther.
McGaughy, James, W., Luther
Schubert, Oscar F., Okla. City.
Perisho, Allen, Luther.
Baird, A. B., Oklahoma City.
Beale, A. J., Oklahoma City.
Beenblossom, Z. E., Ok. City.
Bloomfield, R. J., Ok. City.
Bradford, C. B., Ok. City.
Clutter, W. H., Oklahoma City.
Brown, S. J., Oklahoma City.
Salmon, W, T., Oklahoma City.
Cravens, T. A., Ok. City.
Dagley, E. L., Oklahoma City.
Wilkins, R. D., Oklahoma City.
Russell, U L., Okla, City.
Edwards, R. T., Oklahoma City.
Higgins, R. W., Oklahoma City.
Jordan, F. M., Oklahoma City.
Lewis, M. M., Oklahoma City.
Major, O. A., Oklahoma City.
Mourony, S. L., Oklahoma City.
Munger, Geo. D., Okla City.
Peyton, C. A. Oklahoma City.
Phillips, E. E., Okla. City.
Rolater, J. B., Oklahoma City.
Ryan, J. A., Oklahoma City.
Satterfield, T. B., Okla. City.
Sherburn, A. M., Okla. City.
Walker, Delos, Oklahoma City.
Walker, Harry Oklahoma City.
Witten, E. W., Oklahoma City.
McIlvain, J. R., Okla. City.

PAYNE COUNTY.

Kernodle, J. L., Clarkston.
McGinnis, P. H , Clayton.
Briggs, Frank J., Ingalls.
Pickering, J. M., Ingalls.
Musgrave, R. C., Perkins.
Sharpless, J. H.' Perkins.
Barnes, S. H. Stillwater.
Van Platt, A. T., Stillwater.
Wells, J. W., Cushing.
Spurgeon, T. F., Cimarron City.
Pierce, C. W., Stillwater.
Selph, B. H., Ingalls.
Shelton, C. N., Perkins.
Thomas, J. R., Perkins.
Murphy, J. D., Stillwater.
McGinnis, N. W., Stillwater.

PAWNEE COUNTY.

Marlow, J. C., Blackburn.
Morphis, L. B., Blackburn.
Waters, G. A., Cleveland.
Bacon, C. W., Pawnee.
Bell, R. W., Pawnee.
Morrow, L. B., Pawnee.
Steinberger, H. G., Pawnee.,
Gorton, Mary L. Pawnee.
Marlow, John G., Blackburn.
Newell, A. G., Jennings.
Marshman, A. G., Blackburn.
Sutton, G. W., Cleveland.
Baker, W. P., (Major in the army) Pawnee.
Driesbach, C. W., Pawnee.
Phillips, G. H., Pawnee.
Webber, A. B., Pawnee.
Dunn, J. B., Ralston.
Reeder, P., Sinnett.
Stafford, G. A., Ralston.

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY.

Wilson, H. H., Avoca.
Williamson, F. G., Brown.
Walker, J. A., Burnett.
Barton, A. C., Dale.
Smith, J. H., Dale.
Fessenger, J. G., Earlsboro.
Sampson, A. S., Earlsboro.
Lucas, J. H., Keokuk Falls.
Cowden, W. R., McCloud.
Harris, W. K., McCloud.
Hardin S. J., Shawnee.
Mahr, J. C.. Shawnee.
Scott, J. H., Shawnee.
Skinner, H. S., Shawnee.
Wiley, Albert N., Shawnee.
Bean, R. F., Belmont.
Borden, J. Lee, Burnett.
Ridley, R. C., Dale.
Morris D. F., Dale.
Yondell, William, Dale.
Kilburn, J. I., Earlsboro.
Sayler, H. L. Earlsboro.
Nye, Luther A,, Keokuk, Falls.
Craddock C. H,, McCloud.
Hamilton, B. F.. Shawnee.
Heddin, J. W., Shawnee.
Mason, W. H., Shawnee.
Shive, R. J., Shawnee.
Vollbehr, C. H. Shawnee.
Wingfield, W. C., Shawnee.

McGee, W. N., Shawnee.
Applewhite, B. L., Tecumseh.
Gray, E. J., Tecumseh.
Knowles, B H., Tecumseh.
Cordell, U. S., Wanett.

ROGER MILLS COUNTY.

McGee, D. B., Berlin.
Johnson, J. M., Cheyenne.
Miller, J. P., Cheyenne.
Standifer, T. E., Cheyenne.
Baker, J. C., P. O. Wood—Washita county.

WASHITA COUNTY.

Jester, J. A., Burns.
Darnell, W. J., Cloud Chief.
Reynolds, R. D., Cloud Chief.
Robinson, F. D., Cloud Chief
Smith, W. J., Cloud Chief.
Reynolds, J. P., Cordell.
Farber, J. E., Cordell.
Baker. J. C., Combs.
Pearson, W. F., Oakdale.
Ingram, Alexander, Salem
Schneider, Jacob, Shelby.

WOODS COUNTY.

Gamble, D. C., Alva.
Gamble, R. A., Alva.
Karr, John D., Alva.
Karr, Mattie, Alva.
Long, Lindsay. L., Alva.
Medaris, J. H., Alveretta.
Bartle. Phillip J., Augusta.
Bartle Ira B . Augusta.
Lynes, J. W., Bryon.
Brown, Wilcy, Cleo.
Christie, E. E., Cleo.
Smith, M. M., Cleo.
Harned, Clarence O., Carwile.
Butts, A. J., Driftwood.
Hart, Edgar E., Dane.
Harned, Benjamin, Jett.
Frasier, Elmer A., Walthall.

WOODWARD COUNTY.

Powers, W. A., Richmond.
Perkins, W. F., Richmond.
Munger, S. S., Woodward.
Patton, H. D., Woodward.
Workman, J. M., Woodward.

Oklahoma Educational Institutions.

Report of the President of the Board of Regents of the University of Oklahoma to Hon. C. M. Barnes, Governor, For the Biennial Period Ending June, 1898.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

SYLLABUS:

I. Corps of Instruction.

II. Courses of Instruction.

III. Students.

IV. Building and Grounds.

V. Library.

VI. Laboratories.

VII. Summer Semester.

VIII. Discipline and Government.

IX. Recommendations.

December 20, 1898.

TO THE HON. C. M. BARNES,
Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma:

In accordance with Statutory provision I herewith submit the report of the president of the Board of Regents of the University of Oklahoma, for the biennial period ending June 30, 1898.

I.

CORPS OF INSTRUCTION.

FACULTY.

DAVID ROSS BOYD, A. M., (University of Wooster.) President.
Professor of Mental and Moral Science.

EDWIN DEBAR, Ph. B. (University of Michigan.)
Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.

JAMES SHANNON BUCHANAN, B. S., (Cumberland University.)
Professor of History and Civics.

JOSEPH FRANCIS PAXTON, A. M., (Harvard.)
Professor of Greek and Latin.

FREDERICK STANTON ELDER, A. B., (Princeton.)
Professor of Mathematics.

VERNON LOUIS PARRINGTON, A, M., (A. B. Harvard.)
Professor of English and Modern Languages.

ALBERT H. VANFLEET, Ph. D., (Leipzig.)
Instructor in Biology and Physics.

GRACE ADELENE KING,
Instructor Voice Culture and Oratory, and Director of Musical Department.

HARRIET JONES;
Instructor on the Piano.

MARION MCCUNE, B. S., (Avalon.)
Instructor in Voice..

JEAN DECHAUVENET,
Instructor on the Piano.

RUTH HOUSE,
Instructor in Preparatory Department.

MAUD RULE,
Librarian.

The instructors in the university have been selected with special reference to their fitness to do their appointed work. It has been the policy of the Board of Regents to have all instruction so presented as to compare favorably with corresponding work in other state universities. When any course is offered the Board, after employing a suitable person to give the work, trys to provide the most approved facilities in the way of apparatus, library, and other appliances for giving the same. At present the professors carry on the instruction in the preparatory department as well as in the college department. This is not economical, either from a financial standpoint, or from the standpoint of expending valuable energies where others would answer as well. It requires of each professor more class work than is usually performed by such professors in kindred institutions. In another part of this report I call attention to the need of a separate organization of the preparatory and collegiate departments.

II.

COURSES OF STUDY.

The courses of study are arranged under the following departments.

1. College department:—The conditions of admission require, as far as practicable, the same standards as other state universities. The completion of the courses of this department lead to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Arts. The time usually required to complete this work is four years. For convenience in estimating the amount of work for graduation the faculty requires a record of one hundred and twenty-five points for the conferring of either of these degrees. A point being one hour recitation, or its equivalent in labratory or library work, for one semester, or half of a scholastic year. The number of courses offered at the present time is sixty-eight. New courses in biology and kindred sciences were added during the present year. There is immediate need of added courses in the subject of Physics and its subdivisions. Added courses in the modern languages are needed.

The first graduates from this department received their degrees at the annual commencement in June, 1898. These were two in number, C. Ross Hume, Anadarko, and Roy V. Stoops, Norman These are the first persons to receive the Bachelor's degree in Oklahoma or Indian Territory.

2. Preparatory department:—The work of this department covers a period of three years, and is so planned as to give a good preparation for entering upon the work of the college department.

For the present a great number of students attend the university who are not able to take a full college course. For this reason the instruction given in the preparatory department is planned not only to prepare for the college courses, but to give the best practical training to students who can spend but a year or two in school. The purpose is not only to secure scholarship and develop mental power, but to give the student, before leaving school, an outlook that will aid him in after study. Graduates from the course of study of rural schools are admitted to the first year of the preparatory department, on presentation of their diplomas. A considerable number of these graduates have already entered this department, and experience shows that the training of the rural schools, for the most part, fits pupils for entering the regular work of the preparatory department. In addition to the regular course of study of the preparatory department it has been found necessary for the present, to organize classes in the subjects of English, Grammar, Arithmetic, United States History and Orthography, for the benefit of young men and women from eighteen to twenty-five years of age, who came to the Territory at the age of twelve to fifteen and were obliged to give up school work entirely because of the requirement for their labors in the establishment of homes, and often because of the lack of schools in their neighborhood. These young men and women come to the university with minds of considerable maturity and development, but with very meagre scholarship. They are earnest and intent on study and experience has shown that they often furnish the best material for college students. It is expected that these special courses for this special need will be maintained in the university for some time to come.

Students completing our preparatory work are gladly received in college courses of other institutions of the highest standing. The need has become urgent that the work of this department be given, a distinct organization from the other departments of the university, to the end that instructors especially trained to give this special kind of work may be employed, whose work, on account of their special fitness, will be more discriminating, sympathetic, and effective, than is possible under the present arrangement. This will require added room as well as additional instructors.

3. Pharmaceutical department:—This department offers courses of study covering two years that lead to the degree of Pharmaceutical Chemist. The work of this department is done with the most modern apparatus, and in accordance with the best experience of pharmaceutical instruction. The labratory is well equipped in the main, for presenting the work in the most practical and reliable way. Eleven persons have completed the courses offered in this department, and in every instance their services

have been sought before graduation for regular employment. Every student graduating has maintained himself successfully in his position. There is constant demand for graduates from this department. There are certain additions to the labratory that are imperatively needed, to which your attention is called in another part of this report.

4. Musical department:—In this department instruction is given in singing, sight reading, chorus work, voice culture, piano, organ, and stringed instruments, including orchestration. The work given in this department compares favorably with that of other institutions of the same grade. Although this department has been organized but two years the large enrollment in its classes and the marked enthusiasm of its students demonstrate the value of its influence, not only to the general welfare of the university, but the marked success of its students, wherever they have gone, reflects great credit upon the thoroughness and efficiency of the instruction given in this department. A teacher's course of two years is offered, for the completion of which a certificate of standing is given. A four years' course is offered for which students are graduated with the regular degree. This year will be marked by the graduation of the first class completing the four years' course.

5. Pre-Medical course:—By grouping together appropriate courses from the biological and pharmaceutical departments and adding others that are required, by a small outlay, a pre-medical course of two years' are offerred that will be accepted in medical schools of good standing as two years of work. There is already a manifest demand for these courses.

III.

STUDENTS.

The following tables will show the enrollment and classification of students that will be of interest to the patrons of the university. Attention is called to the wide distribution as to locality and occupation and to the fact that the attendance is strongly representative of all phases of religious belief:

College department	35
Preparatory department	315
Pharmacy department	15
Music department	135
	500
Repetitions	141
Total	359

Clasified as to ocupation of parents:

Farmers	198
Merchants	46
Mechanics	25
Physicians	14
Lawyers	11
Officials	8
Ministers	8
Millers	6
Teachers	4
Real estate	4
Pharmacists	4
Bankers	3
Manufacturers	3
Miscellaneous	11

Classified as to church preference:

Methodist Episcopal	78
Baptist	64
Christian	60
Presbyterian	42
M. E. South	23
Catholic	9
Episcopal	1
S. D. Adventist	7
Congregational	4
Evangelistic	1
Holiness	1
Friends	2
Cumberland Presbyterian	4
Missionary Baptist	1
United Brethern	2
Unitarian	1
Free Will Baptist	1
No church preference	45

Classification as to counties from which students came:

Beaver	—
Blaine	7
Canadian	30
Cleveland	147
Custer	2
D	—
Day	—
Garfield	6
Grant	11
Greer	5
Kay	10
Kingfisher	11
Lincoln	4
Logan	6
Noble	6
Oklahoma	21
Pawnee	2
Payne	3
Pottawatomie	28
Roger Mills	—
Washita	6
Woods	6
Woodward	—
"G"	4

Classification as to states from which students came:

Missouri	4
Illinois	1
Pennsylvania	1
Kansas	3
Nebraska	1
Texas	1
Indian Territory	19

IV.

BUILDING AND GROUNDS.

The university building is in good repair. All the space is occupied, and there is urgent need now for additional space. As soon as our resources will permit we should have a large principal building in which the college department could be placed that its work may become as distinctive as its needs require. The grounds include forty acres, six of which are planted in thriftily growing forest trees that have already attained sufficient size to make an attractive feature of the grounds. It will soon be imperative to increase the amount of land for university purposes, not only for the erection of buildings, but for space for outdoor physicial training and other needs of the institution.

V.

LIBRARY.

The library has now a collection of about five thousand volumes, and about two thousand phamplets and unbound magazines. It is the depository of all publications of the United States government, and from this source it is constantly receiving valuable additions. The university has been able to add from three to eight hundred dollars worth of books each year for the past four years. The library is being catalogued and indexed, after the most modern and improved methods of the American Library Association, and its resources are daily becoming more readily available to the student. It is the purpose of the Board of Regents and the Faculty to make the library the core of the work of the university. It is intended that all other agencies of instruction be planned with reference to making the library the central means and basis of learning and scholarship. It is therefore necessary that liberal appropriations shall be made to add constantly to its resources and that its housing and furniture shall be effective and substantial. The collection should have at an early date a fire proof housing that will make its valuable property secure. The leading magazines and periodicals are provided for the reading room, which is open to all students throughout the entire school day. The efficiency of the library is very much hampered by lack of space to the extent that students cannot, at all times avail themselves of the privileges of the library.

VI.

LABORATORIES.

At present the university is equipped with a chemical and pharmaceutical laboratory, and a laboratory for the students of physiological and biological studies. A good deal of apparatus for instruction in general physics has been provided, but it has not yet been possible, on account of lack of space, to arrange for a physical laboratory. However, all apparatus is up to date, and of the most approved pattern, and of the best workmanship. It has been the aim of the management of the university to puchase no books or apparatus or other appliances that are liable to become obsolete.

VII.

SUMMER SEMESTER.

The great need of additional facilities and opportunities for making preparation for college, and the fact that many persons would engage in study during the summer vacation if an opportunity were offered, suggested the idea of holding a summer semester or term in which all the courses of study given in our preparatory department would be presented. This was done during the last summer, the term beginning May 10, and continuing the usual length of a semester, seventeen weeks. A total enrollment of one hundred and twenty students who heartily engaged in the work presented, testified to the need of this departure. This makes it possible for students to prepare for college in two instead of three years, and furnishes opportunities for those who are so engaged in the winter months that they cannot attend the school to make advancement in an education in this vacation time, which means for many neither opportunity for study nor profitable labor.

This summer's semester will be continued in the furture.

VIII.

DISCIPLINE AND GOVERNMENT.

Such earnest and studious spirit has prevailed among the students that the matter of severe discipline has hardly been known for several years. Most of the students have so felt the privations of frontier life that when they are able to secure the privileges of study and improvement they appreciate their value and engage in study without the usual waste of time and energy that are often characteristic of youthful activity, vigor, and inexperience. The public spirit of the students is entirely antagonistic to a lazy, indolent, and inactive life. The distinctions that grow out of expensive dress and social indulgence have not yet arisen in this institution. The atmosphere of the institution and the social and religious influence of the town prevent the tendency of students to waste their time and energies in dissipation. The religious influences are strong. Most of the members of the faculty take active part in the devotional exercises at the chapel, which are voluntarily attended daily by the students. Habitual absence from chapel exercises is rare. Most of the religious denominations are represented by church organizations in the town, and all are active in caring for the religious welfare of the students. An active organization of the Young Men's Christian Association is doing great good. It not only looks after, to some extent, the devotional and spiritual welfare of students, but aids in planning and carrying into effect the best forms of social enjoyment. This organization is very helpful in assisting students in securing desirable rooming and boarding accommodations.

The voluntary organizations of the students have been very useful as an outlet for the social and recreative energies of the students. These consist in part of three well organized and actively maintained literary societies, an oratorical society, which is a subordinate organization of the Territorial Oratorical Association, a foot ball team, that has never been beaten, a base ball team, a College Glee Club, whose membership consists of twenty young men, and a chorus class.

IX.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

1. I desire to recommend the establishment of a department of physical culture. The pressing need of this department is indicated by the very general interest in voluntarily maintaining an athletic association, which conducts the different forms of field

sports. This organization embraces in its membership four-fifths of the male students of the University. The wholesome effect of this interest and organization is manifest to the most superficial observer. It presents to the student's mind the importance of a correct ideal of physical development. No one influence is so potent in giving students a clear conception of the injurious effect of physical excesses and indulgences in destroying physical manhood, as intelligent culture of the physical body. The conception for organizing this department is based on the fact that the climatic conditions of Oklahoma permit outdoor exercise throughout almost the entire year. A director of physical culture with gymnasium, bath, and other facilities, could be provided at comparatively small expense, that would reach the needs of students. Facilities for indoor athletics should be provided for the female students.

2. Apparatus for the manufacture of gas for fuel purposes in the laboratories as already established is an imperative necessity. A sufficient water supply is needed. A laboratory for instruction in General Physics and subordinate courses in this subject is urgently needed.

3. Since it is conceded that the library is to be the core and center of the whole work of the University, I desire to recommend that provision be made for constant additions in the most liberal quantity of books, periodicals, pamphlets, and all publications of value in such a collection. Additional space is needed, and the whole collection should be placed in a structure that is not only sufficiently spacious but secure from loss by fire.

4. In order that the preparatory department and the college department should be entirely separate in organization, I desire to recommend that the present building be devoted in the future to the uses of this department, and that the college department be transferred to quarters of its own. Instructors for the preparatory department should be selected with reference to their special fitness for this work, thus relieving the professors of the collegiate department from these duties. This would leave the college professors free to devote their entire energies to their special subjects. This should be done in the interest of economy as well as to secure more effective and sympathetic instruction for the students of the preparatory department.

5. The carrying into effect, even incompletely of the suggestions contained in the above recommendation, suggests the neces-

sity of a principal university building, that would comport not only with the present need of the institution, but that would anticipate the needs that will come with the rapid development of the Territory. The rapid growth of the Territory in population, and the present high degree of average intelligence of its people, make the need of the very best trained minds for all the lines of civic life, even more important in the Territory than in the older states. The public spirit of the people of Oklahoma and their hearty support of its educational institutions in the past, demand increased facilities for the higher education of their youth.

I take great pleasure in stating that entire harmony has existed between the members of the faculty and the student body, and that mutual confidence exists between the Board of Regents and the corps of instruction. I cannot refrain, at this point, from voicing the express sentiment of the Board of Regents in commending the thorough and efficient work of the faculty and the general spirit of order and industry that have characterized the work of the student body for the past two years.

Respectfully submitted,

C. O. BLAKE,
President Board of Regents.

Report of the Secretary.

HON. C. M. BARNES,
Governor of Oklahoma:

In compliance with your request I have the honor to submit the following report of the expenditures of the University of Oklahoma for two years ending June 30, 1898, as follows:

Salaries for faculty, instructors, and assistants	$21,411.78
Improvement for buildings and grounds......	1,406.27
Library..........................	776.63
Apparatus and supplies....................	824.86
Printing..........................	838.05
Furniture..........................	983.42
Fuel..........................	727.98
Incidental expenses..........................	318.35
Regents' expenses..........................	18.50
Total..........................	$27,305.84

Respectfully Submitted,

J. H. WHEELER,
Secretary Regents, University of Oklahoma.

President's Report of the Board of Education of the Normal Schools of Oklahoma.

January 7, 1899.

HON. C. M. BARNES,
Governor of Oklahoma, Guthrie, O. T.

Sir: In accordance with your request, I have the honor to submit a report of the Normal Schools of Oklahoma for your information. The president of each of these institutions has, through request of this department, submitted a report setting forth a history of the growth and present condition of these schools. The reports are somewhat exhaustive. In view of this, what I have to state, is of a supplementary character. These institutions are in a thrifty condition. The work is of a high grade and the managers and instructors are doing good service. The relation among the presidents, faculties, students and board of education has been harmonious which in good measure secures success. Growth in number of students and efficient work has been noticeable from month to month. The instructors in both of the institutions are competent, energetic and conscientious men and women. All take a deep interest and pride in making the work of their respective departments as full and strong as possible. They give a good deal of time to general reading and professional study. The normal schools of our Territory are vitally related to our public school interests. They are necessary aids in the preparation of our public school teachers for their work, not only in scholarship, but in all the qualities that make good teachers. The normal school is the heart of public education. It is the recruiting agency for the army of teachers that work in our public schools.

EDMOND NORMAL SCHOOL.

The total expenditure of this institution for the biennial period is $33,759.00. Of this amount $7,418.65 was used in the completion of a number of rooms in the building including class rooms, cloak rooms, chemical and physical laboratory. Also a large steel tank and wind mill to supply water for the laboratory and protection against fire, grading and beautifying the grounds, setting out trees, etc. There was paid to president and faculty for the two years, $23,400.00; janitor and librarian, $1,380.00; printing and advertising, $443.55; insurance of building, $600.00.

NORTHWESTERN NORMAL SCHOOL.

This institution was established by act of the fourth legislative assembly. The act provides that the township of Alva issue bonds in the sum of $5,000.00 and that the town of Alva donate 40 acres of land, after which the board of education for the Normal schools was required to have prepared plans and specifications for a "suitable building." After the town and township of Alva had complied with these conditions, and after a careful examination as to the need of a normal school in this section of the country, the board had plans and specifications prepared, and advertised for sealed bids for the erection of a building. On the 10th day of March, 1898, the board entered into a contract with John Volk & Co., of Rock Island, Ill. The consideration to Volk & Co., for the erection of this building is $86,018.00. The sum of $8,000.00 to be paid at such time as the supervising architect should certify to the board of education that $10,000.00 in work and material had been expended in the building. The balance being the sum of $78,018.00 to be paid as follows: Upon the first day of each month after such cash payment the supervising architect shall certify to the board of education the amount of labor and material expended by the contractors exclusive of the $8,000.00 cash payment and the board at their next meeting to issue their certificate to Volk & Co., approved by the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, for the amount of estimate, bearing six per cent per annum from the date of such estimate until the same is liquidated. Work upon the building was begun about April 1, 1898. A number of mechanics has been steadily at work upon the building since that date. At a meeting of the board of education held on July 2, 1898, $8,000.00 was ordered by the board to be paid to John Volk & Co., upon the certificate of the supervising architect of the board the $10,000.00 in material and labor had been expended. In addition to this payment certificates of indebtedness against the Territory were issued to John Volk & Co., as follows: No. 1,bearing date of June 1, 1898 for $5,760.00; No. 2 for $8,394.00, including $925.53 for extra work, bearing date of July 1, 1898. At a regular meeting of the board on October 6, 1898, certificates were issued as follows: No. 3 for $11,110.00 bearing the date of August 1, 1898; No. 4 for $10,140.00 bearing date of September 1, 1898; No. 5 for $10,712.10 including $842.19 for extra work, as per itemized bill attached to architect's certificate, bearing date of October 1, 1898. At meeting of the board held on January 5, 1899, certificates were issued as follows: No. 7 for $8,200.00, bearing date of November 2, 1898; No. 8 for $7,400.00 bearing date of December 1, 1898; No. 9 for $9,787.35 including $547.35 for extra work as per itemized bill attached, bearing date of January 1, 1899.

According to the report of the supervising architect at a meeting of the board of education held on January 5, 1899, the building will be completed about February 15, 1899, and when completed, a certificate will be issued to the contractors for the balance due as provided by the contract.

The contract provides that the Governor shall make a full report of the action of the board of education and of his own action done under provision and powers conferred by section number 7 of the act of the fourth legislature establishing the Northwestern Normal School, to the fifth legislatve assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, and of the indebtedness which shall then exist and be owing to John Volk & Co., by the Territory of Oklahoma, and to recommend that proper measures be taken by the fifth legislative assembly for the payment and liquidation of the debt.

Certificates of indebtedness have been issued to the supervising architect in the amount of 2½ per cent. of the amounts for which certificates were issued to the contractors with dates corresponding to the contractors' certificates.

The question of furnishment of the building is one yet to be met by the board. To furnish it with desks, recitation seats, office furniture, furniture for board room, carpet for halls, stairs and office, mathematical, kindergarten, physical and chemical apparatus, pianos, library furniture, reference books, etc., to compare favorably with other higher institutions of learning in the Territory, will cost in the neighborhood of $14,000.00. The building can be equipped to carry the work in a fair way for $10,000.00.

The enrollment of students in the Northwestern Normal School at the present time is 167, while 60 or more others wished to enter, but could not owing to the crowded condition of the present quarters of the school.

The total running expenses for the Northwestern Normal school since the opening on September 12, 1897, to December 31, 1898, including salaries of president and faculty, furniture and incidental are $5,810.55.

It is my opinion, and I think it is the feeling of the entire board, that the two normal schools should be placed upon exactly the same footing.

S. N. HOPKINS,

President Board of Education for Normal Schools.

....REPORT....

OF THE

Clerk of the Board of Education

OF THE

Normal Schools of the Territory of Oklahoma

From January 1, 1897 to December 14, 1898.

To C. M. BARNES,
Governor of Oklahoma.

THE NORTHWEST NORMAL SCHOOL, ALVA., OKLAHOMA.

EXPENDITURES.

Cash, 1898.

Jan. 3d.	To Stephens Lithograph and Engraving Co., envelopes	$ 11.25	
	To J. Foucart, services as architect, plans and specifications	300.00	
	To Thomas Kane & Co., furniture	227.60	
	To James E. Ament, salary for Dec.	100.00	
	To James E. Ament, traveling expenses, janitor's pay and postage	40.28	
	To James E. Ament, attendance at Board meeting	21.62	
	To Crowell Bros., general supplies for school	216.99	
	To magazines	10.80	$1,028.54

Jan. 26th.	To Miss Mary DeLisle, salary for December and notary fee	$51.00	
	To Miss Sara L. Bosworth, the same	51.00	
	Pres. James E. Ament, expenses attending Board meeting	30.45	
	Sen. A. H. Boles, trip to Alva on school matters	27 80	$160.25
			$1,188.79

April 4th.	To James E. Ament, sundries	$ 79.24	
	To James E. Ament, salary 3 months	300.00	
	To Miss Mary DeLisle, salary 3 months	150.75	
	To Miss Sara L. Bosworth, salary, 3 months	150.75	
	To H. E. Noble, sundries	85.7[illegible]	
	To W. J. Madden	6[illegible]	
	To W. J. Hatfield	6.[illegible]	
	To S. B. Share & Bro	4.95	
	To J. Foucart	445.00	$1,228.58

July 1st.	To James E. Ament, sundries	$ 57.67	
	To James E. Ament, salary	500.00	
	To John Volk & Co., labor and material	4,000.00	
	To John Volk & Co., labor and material	4,000.00	
	Crowell Bros., fuel	87.00	
	To Sara L. Bosworth, salary	100.25	
	To Mary De Lisle, salary	100.25	
	To J. U. Montfort, supplies	53.53	$8.898.70
			$11,316.07

Oct. 6th.	To J. Foucart, services (July)	$277.75	
	To J. Foucart, services (August)	253.50	
	To J. Foucart, services (September)	246.74	
	To Calvin Jackson, janitor	25.25	
	To J. E. Smith, salary	100.25	
	To M. De Lisle, salary	225.25	
	To Sara L. Bosworth, salary	225.25	
	To Joseph H. Easton, salary	45.47	
	To James E. Ament, salary	600.00	
	To James E. Ament	59.40	
	To J. Foucart	2.50	$2,061.36
	Total cash		$13,377.40

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.

July 1st.	To J. Foucart, architect	$1,405.00	
	To J. Foucart, architect	580.72	
	To J. Volk & Co., labor and material.	5,760.00	
	To J. Volk & Co., labor and material.	8.394.00	$16,139.72

Oct. 1st.	To J. Volk & Co., labor and material, July	$11,110.00	
	To J. Volk & Co., labor and material August	10,140.00	
	To J. Volk & Co., labor and material September	10,712.10	
	To J. Volk & Co., extra work	842.19	$32,804.29
	Total Certificates of Indebtedness		$48,944.01

RECAPITULATION.

To Cash	$13,377.40	
To Certificates	48,944.01	$62,321.41

THE NORMAL SCHOOL, EDMOND, OKLA.

1898.	EXPENDITURES.	
Jan. 3d.	To Jasper Sipes, advertisement in School Journal	$ 15.00
	To Lizzie E. Wooster, salary for December	75.00
	To Nina E. Johnson, salary for December	75.00
	To Arthur Boles, Librarian, for December	25.00
	To James Brown, coal	136.87
	To Tella Turner, salary for December.	75.00
	To Ginn & Co., song books	51.30
Jan. 4th.	To A. C. McClurg & Co., supplies	39.87
	To W. H. Tuttle, bbl. coal oil	10.25
	To J. W. Howard, stationery, etc	6.15
	To Finch & Casey, window shades, etc.	46.85
	To James Brown, lumber, 80c, $102.66.	103.46
	To Donohue & Henneberry, school supplies	15.62
	To Keuffel & Esser, mathematical instruments	292.35
	To Henry Goldsmith, periodicals	83.00
	To John L. Mitch, money advanced, etc.	33.05
	To Thomas Kane & Co., furniture	198.10
	To W. A. Olmstead & Co., phys. and chem. apparatus	777.24
	To Gast & Co., diploma blanks	33.00
	To Ginn & Co., charts	5.25
	To James J. Kerwin, printing and material	18.85
	To Benj. Stone, janitor, salary for December	40.00
	To J. G. Imel, sect'y to Pres., for December	15.00
Jan. 4th.	To Mrs. Clara E. York, salary for December	$ 75.00
	To E. D. Murdaugh, salary for December	200.00

	To J. O. Allen, salary for December	100.00	
	To Walter L. Ross, salary for December	100.00	
	To Richard Thatcher, salary for December	100.00	
	To S. N. Hopkins, mileage and 4 day's services	28.60	
	To D. P. Marum, mileage and 4 day's services	183.00	
	To A. H. Boles, mileage and 4 day's services	40.20	
	To F. N. Thompson, mileage and 4 day's services	22.20	
	To Jno. L. Mitch, mileage and 4 day's services	12.00	$3,033.71

Jan. 26th.	To James Brown, coal	$ 74.90	
	To Percefield, J. L., labor	11.25	
	To Jno. L. Mitch, expenses	2.90	
	To K. C. Star	11.10	
	To Capital Printing Co	8.75	
	To E. D. Murdaugh	6.00	
	To Owens, Turbyville & Co., finishing building	900.00	$1,014.90
			$4,048.61

April 4th.	To W. A Olmstead	$ 2.35	
	To James Brown, coal	201.11	
	To S. F. Myers	9.83	
	To L. W. Cole	6.50	
	To B. F. Nihart	5.00	
	To Tella Turner, salary	225.00	
	To Mrs. Clara E. York, salary	225.00	
	To Nina E. Johnson, salary	225.00	
	To Lizzie E. Wooster, salary	225.00	
	To Albert Reagan, janitor, salary	120.00	
	To Lizzie E. Wooster, supplies	7.42	
	To E. D. Murdaugh, supplies	5.00	
	To E. D. Murdaugh, supplies	9.00	
	T. J. W. Howard, supplies	24.85	
	To W. J.Huffman	25.10	

	To W. A. Olmstead	40.00	
	To J. W. Howard	.75	
	To Sun-Democrat (J. J. Kerwin)	6.90	
	To W. L. Ross, salary	300.00	
	To E. D. Murdaugh, salary	600.00	
	To J. O. Allen, salary	300.00	
	To F. H. Umholtz, salary	300.00	
	To Richard Thatcher, salary	300.00	
	To Arthur Boles, salary	75.00	
	To P. E. Hannah	1.50	
	To John Pfaff, insurance	600.00	
	To J. G. Imel, salary	45.00	
	To John L. Mitch	100.00	
	To L. J. Gunn	11.00	
	To F. M. Thompson	41.40	
	To S. N. Hopkins	41.40	
	To John L. Mitch	18.00	
	To Edward Fielding	1.40	
	To Thomas Kane & Co	69.60	
	To D. P. Marum	249.00	$4,416.46

July 1st.	To E. D. Murdaugh, sundries	$ 10.11	
	To E. D. Murdaugh, sundries	2.00	
	To E D .Murdaugh, salary	600.00	
	To E. D. Murdaugh, sundries	49,99	
	To E. D. Murdaugh, painting	41.50	
	To Richard Thatcher, salary	300.00	
	To Nina E. Johnson, salary	225.00	
	To Mrs. Chas. F. York, salary	225.00	
	To Walter L. Ross, salary	300.00	
	To Tella Turner, salary	225.00	
	To F. H. Umholtz, salary	300.00	
	To J. O. Allen, salary	300.00	
	To Lizzie E. Wooster, salary	150.00	
	To Lizzie E. Wooster, salary	225.00	
	To J. G. Imel, salary	45.00	
	To Arthur Boles, salary	50.00	
	To A. B. Reagan, salary	80.00	
	To Wm. J. Huffman, salary	20.00	
	To Kennedy Bros., material	91.80	
	To S. A. Wingler, supplies	9.00	
	To Foster & Thompson, supplies	4.86	
	To Foster & Thompson, supplies	4.05	
	To Montgomery Ward, supplies	14.12	

	To Joseph Bubser, services	12.00	
	To W. J. Huffman, services	129.00	
	To Edgerton & Shaver, supplies	5.05	
	To J. Nathan	3.75	
	To Finch & Casey, chair rent	8.75	
	To Kibby Bros., services	3.75	
	To J. J. Kerwin, printing	10.30	
	To J. W. Howard, supplies	24.00	
	To Okla. School Herald, advertising.	30.00	
	To Wm. E. Angerman, material and work	401.35	
	To H. S. Cunningham, hotel bill	2.00	
	To James Brown, fuel	86.00	
	To W. B. Condon, arbitrator	9.80	
	To L. J. Gunn, services	11.80	
	To F. M. Thompson, services	6.40	
	To D. D. Leach, services	18.60	
	To D. P. Marum, services	60.00	
	To State Capital Printing Co	23.75	
	To S. N. Hopkins	6.40	$4,112.78

Oct. 6th.	To James Brown, coal	$ 431.25	
	To F. M. Thompson	12.80	
	To L. J. Gunn	23.60	
	To Thomas Kane & Co	70.44	
	To David Douglas	15.00	
	To D. P. Marum	120.00	
	To L. W. Baxter	300.00	
	To Edmond Lumber Co	19.50	
	To Joseph Bubser	7.50	
	To Ralph L. Millison, supplies	7.28	
	To Gunn & Musgrave, printing	2.25	
	To Gunn & Musgrave, printing	14.50	
	To Finch & Casey	17.65	
	To J. D. Leonard	10.90	
	To Nina E. Johnson, salary	225.00	
	To J. W. Howard, supplies	27.55	
	To Richard Thatcher, salary	300.00	
	To Tella Turner,. salary	225.00	
	To John Moore, labor	256.85	
	To Inez Greene, salary	75.00	
	To D. D. Leach, salary	13.80	

To Mrs. J. G. Imel	15.00	
To F. H. Umholtz, salary	300.00	
To J. G. Imel, salary	45.00	
To J. O. Allen, salary	300.00	
To W. J. Huffman, salary	80.00	
To J. H. Ellis	100.00	
To W. J. Huffman	54.58	
To W. J. Huffman	12.48	
To D. D. Leach, clerk hire	200.00	
To E. D. Murdaugh	50.78	
To E. D. Murdaugh	4.00	
To E. D. Murdaugh, salary	600.00	
To E. D. Murdaugh	17.50	
To Mrs. Clara F. York, salary	225.00	$3,835.08
		$16,412.93

RECAPITULATION.

January 3d	$ 3,033.71
January 26th	1,014.90
April 4th	4,416.46
July 1st	4,112.78
October 6th	3,835.08
Total	$16,412.93

Respectfully submitted,

D. D. LEACH,

Clerk.

REPORTS OF THE BOARD OF REGENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE.

STILLWATER, OKLA., December 20, 1898.

Governor C. M. Barnes, Guthrie, Okla.:

Sir: In accordance with the law establishing the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College, we, the Board of Regents thereof, have the honor of submitting the following report.

COLLEGE.

Since the last report was submitted, a few changes believed to be for the best interests of the institution have been made in its faculty, as now constituted, it is organized as follows:

G. E. Morrow, M. A., President. Professor of Agriculture.
G. L. Holter, B. S., Professor of Chemistry.
H. E. Glazier, Professor of Horticulture.
E. E. Bogue, M. S., Professor of Botany and Entomology.
L. L. Lewis, M. S., D. V. M., Professor of Zoology and Veterinary Science.
A. C. Scott, M. A., Professor of English and Literature.
R. E. Chandler, M. E., Professor of Mechanical Engineering and Physics.
John Fields, B. S., Associate Professor of Chemistry.
J. H. Bone, B. S., Associate Professor of Agriculture.
J. W. Means, Professor of Mathematics.
Miss G. M. Holt, Instructor in Stenography and Typewriting.
Mrs. E. O. Stevenson, Instructor in Music.
O. M. Morris, B. S., Assistant in Horticulture.
H. M. Hand, Librarian.

PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

H. E. Thompson, B. S., Principal.
Miss May Overstreet, Assistant.

As at present organized, the work of the faculty is steadily progressing towards the end which we hope to obtain, the up-building of a College which will furnish the boys and girls of Oklahoma with the best scientific and technical training at a minimum of cost to the student.

COURSE OF STUDY.

In the first two years a good foundation is given in English, mathematics, the elements of science, drawing, manual training. (In Sophomore year students choosing an engineering course will have additional mathematics, shop-work, etc., instead of botany, anatomy and zoology.)

In Junior and Senior year large choice of studies is permitted. Certain studies counted essential for well educated men and women are required. Students elect either agriculture, horticulture, veterinary science or engineering, in each case pursuing certain required technical studies. Under necessary restrictions they also make choice of two studies from following list: Botany, chemistry, geology, physics, physiology, zoology, bacteriology, minerology, advanced mathematics, history, literature.

Each student is expected to carry four studies unless especially excused.

Instruction in military drill is given young men, and physical culture to young women students—unless specially excused. Irregular or special courses may be selected with consent of the faculty, by students of mature years not candidates for a degree.

ORDER OF STUDIES.

(Engineering students, in place of studies marked with star, will take special engineering work.)

	FALL TERM.	WINTER TERM.	SPRING TERM.
FRESHMAN.	English Algebra Physical Geog. Book-keeping 1-2 Drawing 1-2	Comp. & Rhetoric Algebra Physiology Drawing	Comp. & Rhetoric Algebra Physics Shop Practice
SOPHOMORE.	Advanced Rhet'c Geometry Chemistry Zoology	Eng. Literature Geometry Chemistry Comp. Anatomy	Am. Literature Trigonometry Chemistry Botany
JUNIOR.	Agriculture or Horticulture Physics Two Electives:	Agriculture or Horticulture Agriculture or Horticulture or Veterinary Science Two Electives	Agriculture or Horticulture Entomology Two Electives
SENIOR.	Phycology and Logic Civics Two Electives	Geology Political Econ. Two Electives	Industral History Elements of Law Two Electives

SPECIAL COURSES.

COMMERCIAL.—Systematic instruction in book-keeping, commercial arithmetic, commercial law, business methods, and correspondence.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.—A thorough course fitting for general work in stenography or for court or special reporting.

It is desirable that students in these courses be at least sixteen years of age. They are required to pass satisfactory examination in common school studies. Unless well prepared they will continue studies in English and may select other studies with consent of faculty.

MUSIC.—Free instruction in sight reading of music and chorus singing. Special training in vocal and piano music on payment of moderate fee.

The College is well fitted in the way of apparatus for giving thorough instruction in the subjects which it professes to teach. The following summary of the value of appliances possessed by the different departments is submitted for comparison as evidence that the funds derived from the general government have been well spent:

Department.	Value of Apparatus.
Physics	$ 660.90
Chemistry	6,777.32
Botany and Entomology	3,472.76
Veterinary Science	2,289.90
English	149.60
Mechanic Arts	7,171.39
Mathematics, and C. E.	942.10
Typewriting	260.00
Library	10,093.71
Preparatory Department	500.00
Agriculture and Horticulture Dept. Furniture and Fixt.	500.00
Total	$32,817.68

This equipment is derived from the appropriations of the general government. The Territory has agreed to furnish the buildings necessary for the proper utilization for this equipment.

Up to the present time, but $15,000.00 has been provided by the Territory for buildings, an amount entirely out of proportion to the needs of the institution.

The Legislature of Oklahoma has accepted the appropriations from the Government of the United States in the following language: Rev. Stat. 1893, p. 83, Sec. 161-163.

"There is hereby established an Agricultural Experiment Station in connection with the Agricultural College, by this Act, established, and under the direction of the Board of Regents, for the purpose of conducting experiments in agriculture according to the terms of the Acts of Congress establishing agricultural colleges and experimental stations.

"The assent of the Legislature of the Territory of Oklahoma is hereby given, in pursuance of the requirements of section nine of said Act of Congress, approved March 3, 1887, to the grant of money therein made, and to the establishing of an experimental station, in accordance with section 1, of said last mentioned Act, and assent is hereby given to carry out all and singular the provisions of all the Acts of Congress.

"The Board of Regents hereby established, in connection with the Governor and Secretary of the Territory, shall be fully authorized to receive from the United States any and all appropriations, made for the support of maintenance of agricultural colleges within the Territory, and shall be authorized to receipt for the same and shall be chargable therewith when received from the United States."

In thus solemnly covenanting to "carry out all and singular the provisions of all the Acts of Congress" relating to Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations, the Territory of Oklahoma, by its representatives has made it imperative that the appropriations thus accepted be devoted wholly to the purposes contemplated in the Federal Legislation, and that suitable buildings be provided so as to efficiently utilize the funds thus secured. The Act of Congress from which the Agricultural and Mechanical College derives what is known as the Morrill fund, a statement of the condition of which is appended, expressly states that "no portion of said moneys shall be applied, directly or indirectly, under any pretense whatever, to the purchase, erection, preservation, and repair of any building or buildings." It further provides that this fund is "to be applied only to instruction in agriculture, the mechanic arts, the English language, and the various branches of mathematical, physical, natural, and economic science, with special reference to their application in the industries of life and to the facilities for such instruction." The Act of Congress from which the Experiment Station derives its support provides that an amount not exceeding $750.00 per annum may be expended in the erection, enlargement, or repair of a building or buildings. This fund barely served to keep the property of the Station in good repair and cannot be used to provide buildings to be used for purposes of instruction.

It is thus clear that the erection of buildings for the proper utilization of the moneys appropriated by Congress for instruction and investigation devolves upon the Territory.

The income derived from the lease of school lands, as indicated in the financial statement and explained elsewhere, is not sufficient to pay expenses not chargable to the Morrill or Hatch Funds.

The opinion that this institution is well provided with funds rests on a false assumption which is disproved by the foregoing. The friends of higher education and of honesty of purpose in our legislators would naturally inquire if the Territory has fulfilled its contract made in accepting and continuing to receive the appropriations from the national treasury.

If we may take what any other State or Territory west of the Mississippi river has done, or the average of what all have done, as a basis (and no one can deny the fairness of this method), the answer must be an emphatic negative. A comparison of statistics of these institutions is appended.

Comparison of the incomes of agricultural colleges in states west of the Mississippi river for two years with the value of buildings owned by each.

INCOME JUNE 30, 1895 TO JUNE 30, 1897.

STATES	From State	Other Sources	Total	Value of Buildings 6-30-'98	Ratio of total revenue to blds.
Oklahoma	$ 1 000 00	$ 48 952 79	$ 49 952 79	$ 20 000 00	1 : 0.4
New Mexico	26,992 01	44 557 45	71,549 46	32,500 00	1 : 0.5
Oregon	1,854 79	56 460 86	58,315 65	52,600 00	1 : 0.9
South Dakota	11,900 00	56 043 31	67,943 31	85,000 00	1 : 1 3
North Dakota	32 966 69	49,667 99	82,634 68	89,000 00	1 : 1 1
Wyoming	11,025 00	44,475 59	55,500 59	100,550 00	1 : 1.8
Montana	5 000 00	48 124 89	53,124 89	110,000 00	1 : 2.1
Colorado	90 092 01	56,400 77	146,492 78	124,558 00	1 : 0.9
Idaho	11,410 00	44,347 05	55,757 05	125,000 00	1 : 2.2
Nevada	46,250 00	55,711 47	100,961 47	129 331 74	1 : 3.3
Washngton	29,000 00	43,000 00	72,000 00	135,000 00	1 : 1.9
Utah	28,500 00	55,263 83	83,763 83	140,000 00	1 : 1,7
Kansas	20.479 92	140,566 75	161,149 67	209,315 00	1 : 1.3
Arkansas	51,911 00	54 572 00	106,483 00	230,000 00	1 : 2 2
Texas	55 500 00	88 894 17	144,394 17	271 185 00	1 : 1.9
Nebraska	259,586 83	90,822 54	350,409 37	370,000 00	1 : 1.0
Iowa	74,144 73	225,287 97	299,432 70	387,000 00	1 : 1.3
California	250,959 02	366,353 77	617,312 79	635,240 95	1 : 1 0
Minnesota	299,403 56	275,101 50	574,505 06	984,500 00	1 : 1.7

The average ratio of total revenue to value of buildings for the above, with the exception of Oklahoma, is 1;1.45. On the average basis, The Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College should own buildings valued at $72,500. Missouri, Louisiana and Arizona are omitted because of incomplete data.

Comparison of the Attendance at Agricultural Colleges in States West of the Mississippi River for the Year Ending June 30th, 1897.

STATES	Relative Value of Buildings	Number of Students in Attendance	Number that should be in Attendance to equal Oklahoma	Percentage of Attendance on Oklahoma Basis, Ideal to Real Attendance
Oklahoma	100	131	131	100.0
New Mexico	160	181	210	86.2
Oregon	263	318	345	92.2
South Dakota	425	321	557	57.7
North Dakota	450	229	580	39 5
Wyoming	503	160	659	24.3
Montana	550	174	721	24 1
Colorado	623	335	816	41.1
Idaho	625	254	819	31.0
Nevada	647	335	848	39.5
Washington	675	316	884	35.7
Utah	700	488	917	53 2
Kansas	1047	667	1372	48.6
Arkansas	1150	546	1507	35.6
Texas	1356	297	1776	16.7
Nebraska	1850	453	2424	18.7
Iowa	1935	573	2535	22.6
California	3176	1498	4161	36.0
Minnesota	4922	2647	6448	41.1

Compiled from "Statistics of Land Grant Colleges and Experiment Stations," published by the United States Department of Agriculture.

From this comparison, it appears that Oklahoma has done least of all towards providing the buildings necessary to the proper expenditure of the funds provided by Congress.

Oklahoma, the prosperous, home of the generous, leads at the wrong end, the little end, a position to which this great Territory is not accustomed. Oklahoma has provided less for buildings and furnishes a smaller revenue for its Agricultural and Mechanical College than any other State or Territory in the West. If we may take the average of all as the limit of what this Territory should do in fulfilling its pledge, the Agricultural and Mechanical College should have buildings valued at $72,500 instead of $20,000 as is now the case.

The character of instruction contemplated in the Act establishing Agricultural Colleges demands space and facilities unheard of in the days of classical education. This institution, by the law of the Territory and of the Nation, has as its leading object "To give instruction in agriculture, the mechanic arts, the English language and the various branches of mathematical, physical, natural and economic sciences with special reference to their application in the industries of life." The giving of this instruction requires costly and expensive apparatus; alert and active instructors; strong, energetic students—*and room in which to work.*

The College now possesses the first three—the last is wanting and the Territory must provide it. The attendance is, as the appended table shows, larger in proportion to money invested in buildings, than that at any similar institution in the west, twice as large as in Kansas, six times as large as in Texas. And this attendance is not made up largely of special students and children. As will be seen from the statement of attendance nearly fifty per cent. are in the college classes, pursuing work which *begins* with a rigid examination in the subjects required by law for admission, "Reading, arithmetic, geography, English grammar and United States history," and continues throughout four years of close application in the class room and earnest work in the laboratory and shops, learning to do the work of the world, fitting for leadership in that great army of industry which has ever been the basis of our country's greatness. The institution furnishes an education not only for sons of farmers but for any body's sons and daughters.

At the close of this four years of study and before graduation, the student is required to submit evidence, in the form of a thesis reporting results of original investigation, that he is fitted to go forth into the world to help do its work. At the last commencement theses were submitted, reporting the results as follows: "Of chemical and physical tests of cement sold in Oklahoma," "The chemical examination and method of manufacture of native wines," "Water for irrigation in Oklahoma," "Minerals of Oklahoma," "Methods of detection of vegetable and mineral poisons," "The growth of plants under different colored light," "And the native grapes of Oklahoma." These subjects give a slight idea of the scope of the work which is done by the Agricultural and Mechanical College, and of the importance of such work to the development of the Territory.

BUILDINGS.

The work of the College is carried on at present principally in one brick building that is overcrowded and unsuited for much of the work which must be done in it.

The Chemical Laboratory, where a large amount of practical work involving the production of noxious fumes is done, is located in the basement. Great inconvenience to other departments is caused by this, and the risk of fire and cost of insurance is increased by the presence of explosive and inflammable chemicals in the College building. The Library of nearly five thousand volumes is located in a room directly over the laboratory and the reading room in connection therewith is small and continually crowded and is unfitted for the convenience of those who must use it.

The Assembly Hall does not serve to comfortably seat the students at present in attendance and on occasions when a special program is presented, the space is totally inadequate to the numbers who wish to attend.

By practicing the strictest economy with the incidental or school land lease fund we have succeeded in erecting at a cost of about $3,500 a building which will serve for a few years the Department of Mechanic Arts and Engineering. It is constructed of native stone, is two stories high, 80 by 36 feet with one story annex for boiler and engine room. The Board has recently purchased at a cost of about $7,000 a boiler and engine and complete iron and woodworking machinery of the most improved kind, to fully equip the mechanical department where students will be taken through a course of shop practice under a competent director. This has enabled us to add a department to the College contemplated and required in the law, and has not served to relieve to any extent the crowded condition in other departments.

In order that the institution may properly make use of the funds derived from the national treasury and of the apparatus and appliances at present owned, the following room must be provided:

A separate building for the Chemical Laboratories where the work in the College and Station can be carried on to advantage and at no inconvenience to other departments.

A separate building which will provide space for a Library and Reading Room, for an Assembly Hall which will comfortably seat the increasing number of students, for two laboratories and lecture rooms for the department of Veterinary Science and Zoology and of Botany and Entomology, and space for the important department of Domestic Science which we have not yet been able to institute, and for the enlargement of our recently instituted Commercial Course.

A central heating plant from which heat may be furnished to all of the buildings on the campus, thus economizing greatly in the item of fuel which is at present one of our most troublesome questions.

These are the needs that are at present imperative. Unless we are provided with a sufficient appropriation to enable us to obtain this room, growth of the institution must stop. It is earnestly hoped that the Legislature will in some way provide the funds necessary for the construction of these buildings as follows:

Library, Assembly and Science Hall	$35,000.00
Chemical Laboratory	10,000.00

Before leaving the question of the funds of the institution we desire to call your attention to the provision of law regulating the Morrill fund, which provides that the Legislature may propose a just and equitable division of this fund for the benefit of the institution for colored persons. This division, we presume, will be made on the fair basis of the relative proportion of white and colored school population of the Territory.

There are a number of expenses connected with the institution which must be paid from the Incidental or School Land Lease fund. Among these are the salaries of the stenographer and librarian and for instruction in music, not provided for in the Morrill fund. These expenses in addition to the cost of fuel, light and janitorship for all of the buildings, keep this fund very much depleted. It is specally desirable that instruction in languages be given and this must be paid from the Incidental Fund, which is at present wholly inadequate for the demands upon it.

ATTENDANCE.

For the year ending June 30, 1898, 170 students were enrolled, 70 of whom were in the College classes. During the fall term of the present year, 149 students have been in attendance, 81 of whom were in the College classes. This high attendance in the four years' course, as noted elsewhere, is evidence of the high class of work which the College is doing. Students taking no study in the College other than music are not enrolled. Since our last report, 10 students have been graduated from the full four years' course, making the total number of graduates 16. The present Senior class numbers 8.

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION.

Since the report made to the Governor two years ago, the work of the Experiment Station has been of increasing value to the farmers of the Territory. During the past two years 16 bulletins and two annual reports have been published and distributed free of cost to citizens of the Territory. The following lists of subjects treated in these bulletins will serve to give an idea of the results which have been attained:

Experiments in corn culture, 1896; road making and repairing; climate and crops in Oklahoma; field experiments in Kafir corn; cotton culture in Oklahoma; Oklahoma soil studies; loss by exposure of corn stover and teosinte; composition of pie melon; fertilizer analysis of castor bean plant; some insects injurious to orchards;

glanders, Texas fever and symptomatic anthrax; experiments with wheat 1896-7 (in this experiment, 83 plats gave an average yield of 39/6 bushels per acre; 8 plats gave yields between 50 and 57; 14 between 45 and 50; 24 between 40 and 45; 15 between 35 and 40; 12 between 30 and 35, and eleven less than 30 bushels per acre. These yields have never been equalled elsewhere); study of waters for irrigation, the irrigation plant; Oklahoma weather and crops for 1897; strawberries, grapes, stimulating and holding fruit buds; practical chemistry of soils and crops; study of the castor oil plant; experiments with field crops, 1897; San Jose scale in Oklahoma; summary of digestion experiments with Kafir corn and of feeding experiments; experiments with wheat and corn, 1898.

In addition to the above there are ready for publication at least five bulletins on subjects of great importance, among which is a report of experiments which have been made in dipping cattle for the purpose of killing the Texas fever tick, greatly advancing the cattle interests of the Territory and protecting the cattle herds of the farmers from Texas fever. The publications of these bulletins has been delayed on account of a contract for printing entered into by the last Legislature at prices which prohibited comprehensive publication. This contract expires January 1st and it is intended to issue these bulletins as promptly as may be thereafter and thus place the results of these experiments in the hands of the farmers for whose benefit they were carried out.

The mailing list to which bulletins are sent consists at present of 13,000 names which were obtained mostly from postmasters throughout the Territory, each of whom was requested to send a full list of farmers receiving mail at his office. Bulletins are sent to every farmer sending a request for same to the Secretary of the Station at Stillwater.

OUTLINE OF WORK FOR THE PAST YEAR.

The Agricultural department has continued investigations of soils especially with reference to their moisture contents as influenced by different crops, methods of culture and manuring.

An extended series of rotation experiment, with and without manure, and with plats for continuous cultivation with the same crops for comparison has been continued.

Field experiments with the following farm crops have been carried out:

Wheat, oats, corn, Kafir, sorghum, cotton, castor bean, cow peas, soy beans and rape; sugar beets, alfalfa, red and alsike clovers and a number of grasses. There have also been small plat tests of many varieties of native or imported grasses and other forage plants.

Feeding experiments with cattle, hogs, and sheep have been continued. These experiments have been mainly comparisons with corn and Kafir grains prepared in different ways, and in mixtures with cotton seed and bran, with tests of various forms of rough forage for cattle.

The horticultural department has continued its tests of a large number of varieties of tree, bush and vine fruit with methods of culture of retaining soil moisture and stimulating fruit production. The supervision of an extended forest tree growth experiment under direction of the United States Department of Agriculture is assigned to this department.

The Botanical and Entomological department has continued work in collecting plants and insects and tracing the life history of injurious insects and testing methods of destroying them and combating plant diseases. An outbreak of the San Jose scale in the Territory has been studied and further trials made of methods of destroying chinch bugs.

The Chemical department, in addition to a large amount of routine work, has made careful examination of the waters of the rivers and large streams of the Territory with reference to their use for irrigation purposes. An extended series of digestion experiments with Kafir corn fed in different conditions to steers has been completed and trials are now being conducted of the digestibility of six of our most important forage crops.

The Veterinarian has continued work in investigation of diseases among farm animals; assistance was rendered in determining the cause of an outbreak of disease among horses in the central portion of the Territory. An experiment to test the effect of inoculation of young cattle as a means of preventing southern or Texas fever, and trials of dipping cattle to destroy ticks and thus prevent their contracting or disseminating this disease have been practically completed. The results of inoculation show that it was not a satisfactory method. On the other hand, concerning dipping the cattle in extra dynamo tick oil, the experiments conducted at Noble by the Station, in conformity with the results of all experiments elsewhere, have shown that it is an effective means of killing the southern cattle tick, without the slightest injury to the animal and thus preventing the spread of Texas fever. This method has received the unqualified endorsement of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture, and of the various Experiment Stations throughout the country, all of which attest its effectiveness. The report of the Sanitary Commission gives full details of the operation of the vat at Noble, Oklahoma.

An important auxilliary feature of the work of the Station, strongly commended by the Department at Washington, is the organization of Farmer's Institutes where the results obtained by experiment may be directly presented in the form of lectures by the members of the faculty and the heads of departments and discussed with them. In this way, the interest of the farmers in the work of the Station is more directly secured. A number of institutes have been established during the past year and it is proposed to extend this work throughout the Territory in the future.

The work of the Station along the lines of investigation most closely related to the prosperity of the individual farmer is receiving careful attention. Among others may be mentioned the experiments which are being conducted in the breeding of hogs and sheep and of poultry. Investigations along dairy lines are being made on the usual scale of operations on the average farm.

Letters inquiring about points of interest to farmers receive careful attention from the heads of different departments and the information possessed by the Station is thus at the disposal of every citizen of the Territory for the asking. Queries about soils, insects, waters, plants, animal diseases—in fact everything that may suggest itself to the inquiring farmer always receive prompt attention.

It should be remembered that this expensive work of experimentation is conducted from funds derived solely from the treasury of the United States and without costing the people of the Territory one dollar. Full reports of the expenditure of this, known as the Hatch Fund, are furnished annually to the department of agriculture where they are carefully scrutinized. It can be used only for purposes of experiment which must be carried out at the place where the Station is located.

The Station is well equipped with apparatus necessary for scientific research as evidenced by the summary of inventory which follows:

Agricultural Department	$ 3,301.15
Horticultural Department	533.00
Botany and Entomology	2,606.95
Veterinary Science	1,785.32
Chemical Department	3,767.64
Miscellaneous	100.00
Total	$12,094.06

The Station Staff is at present constituted as follows:

George Espey Morrow, M. A., Director and Agriculturist.
Henry E. Glazier, Vice Director and Horticulturist.
George Latimer Holter, B. S., Chemist.
Ernest Everett Bogue, M. S., Botanist and Entomolgist.
Lowery Laymon Lewis, M. S., D. V. M., Veterinarian.
John Fields, B. S., Associate Chemist.
John Hayes Bone, B. S., Associate Agriculturist.
Oscar M. Morris, B. S., Assistant in Horticulture.
A. G. Ford, Assistant in Chemistry.
Henry M. Hand, Clerk.

No changes except additions to the staff have been made since the last report was made to the Governor.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

Report of the Financial Condition of the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College and Oklahoma Agricultural Experiment Station at Stillwater, Oklahoma, from January 1, 1897, to November 1, 1898.

MORRILL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

January 1, 1897, Balance on Hand	$45,820.38	
April 16, 1898, from U. S. Treas., 1897-8	23,000.00	
October 17, 1898, from U. S. Treas. 1898 9	24,000.00	
Total	$92,820.38	$92.820.38

DISBURSEMENTS.

Agriculture as per Schedule A	$ 6,520.60	
Mechanic Arts as per Schedule B	840.65	
English and Literature as per Schedule C	4,800.75	
Mathematical Science as per Schedule D	4,620.07	
Natural or Physical Science as per Schedule E	11.723.39	
Total exp'd. Jan. 1, 1897, to Nov. 30, 1898	28,505.46	
Balance unexpended Nov. 30, 1898	64,314.92	
Total		$92,820.38

SCHEDULE A.

Disbursements for instruction in Agriculture and for facilities for such instruction, from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$5,469.00	
Apparatus	497.26	
Machinery	000.00	
Text and Reference Books	240.84	
Stock and Material	313.50	
Total		$6,520.60

SCHEDULE B.

Disbursements for instruction in Mechanic Arts and for facilities for such instruction, from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$454.98	
Apparatus	197.32	
Machinery	000.00	
Text and Reference Books	68.18	
Stock and Material	120.17	
Total		$840.65

SCHEDULE C.

Disbursements for instruction in English and Literature and for facilities for such instructions, from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$3,949.45	
Apparatus	000.00	
Machinery	000.00	
Text and Reference Books	823.66	
Stock and Material	27.64	
Total		$4,800.75

SCHEDULE D.

Disbursements for instructions in Mathematical Science and for facilities for such instruction from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$4,534.99	
Apparatus	000.00	
Machinery	000.00	
Text and Reference Books	2.86	
Stock and Material	82.22	
Total		$4,620.07

SCHEDULE E.

Disbursements for instruction in Natural or Physical Science and for facilities for such instruction from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$4,526.26	
Apparatus	4,536.49	
Machinery	000.00	
Text and Reference Books	728.43	
Stock and Material	1,932.21	
Total		$11,723.39

INCIDENTAL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

January 1, 1897, Balance	$ 96.57	
January 5, 1897, Diploma Fees	2.50	
February 8, 1897, School Land Leases	1,142.54	
August 6, 1897, Diploma Fees	5.00	
November 12, 1897, School Land Leases	1,000.00	
June 10, 1898, Diploma Fees	17.50	
Total		$2,264.11

DISBURSEMENTS.

Schedule	1, Stationery	$ 4.00	
	2, Furniture	145.49	
	3, General Expenses	1,122.43	
	4, Building and Campus	297.33	
	5, Advertising	239.95	
	6, Insurance	437.30	
	Balance, November 30, 1898	17.61	
	Total		$2,264.11

INCIDENTAL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

June 30, 1897, Balance on hand	$1,355.59	
July 31, 1897, Receipts from School Land Lease fund	669.44	
January 22, 1897, Receipts from School Land Lease fund	869.46	
September 30, 1898, Receipts from School Land Lease fund	1,500.00	
November 10, 1898, Receipts from School Land Lease fund	2,000.00	
Total		$6,394.49

DISBURSEMENTS.

November 30, 1897, Paid to College Treasurer		$1,000.00	
Schedule	1. Stationery	34.14	
	2. Furniture	311.25	
	3. General Expenses	898.56	
	4. Building and Campus	2,006.68	
	5. Advertising	172.63	
	6. Insurance	996.52	
	Balance November 30, 1898	974.71	
	Total		$6,394.49

These funds were disbursed by the Territorial Treasurer.

OKLAHOMA EXPERIMENT STATION.

HATCH FUND.

RECEIPTS.

January 1, 1897, Balance on hand	$2,403.84	
January 9, 1897, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
April 8, 1897, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,719.30	
July 6, 1897, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
October 9, 1897, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
January 7, 1898, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
June 25, 1898, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,351.43	
July 20, 1898, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
October 17, 1898, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
Total receipts from U. S. Treas. from Jan. 1, 1897, to Nov. 30, 1898		$31,974.57

DISBURSEMENTS.

Abstract No.	1	Salaries	$11,360.81	
	2	Labor	6,249.13	
	3	Publications	2,810.94	
	4	Postage and Stationery	292.58	
	5	Freight and Express	421.49	
	6	Heat, Light and Water	235.05	
	7	Chemical Supplies	101.75	
	8	Seeds, Plants and sun. sup.	1,110.21	
	9	Fertilizers	000.00	
	10	Feeding Stuffs	738.09	
	11	Library	2.00	
	12	Tools, Impl'm'ts & Mach'y.	605.72	
	13	Furniture and Fixtures	771.58	
	14	Scientific Apparatus	2,280.75	
	15	Live Stock	847.93	
	16	Traveling expenses	494.63	
	17	Contingent expenses	20.00	
	18	Building and Repair	938.32	
		Balance	2,693.59	
			$31,974.57	$31,974.57

STATION SALE FUND.

RECEIPTS.

January 1, 1897, Balance on hand	$159.51	
January 8, 1897, Sale of Milk	4.13	
February 17, 1897, Sale of Farm Products	75.38	
March 13, 1897, Sale of Farm Products	6.60	
April 14, 1897, Sale of Milk	11.38	
May 3, 1897, Sale of Potatoes	4.35	
May 4, 1897, Sale of Hogs	28.76	
May 10, 1897, Sale of Cattle	368.37	
May 11, 1897, Sale of Hogs	70.56	
May 12, 1897, Sale of Milk	12.52	
May 15, 1897, Sale of Pigs	12.00	
August, 6, 1897, Sale of Farm Products	59.07	
January 11, 1898, Sale of Wheat	84.50	
February 16, 1898, Sale of Farm Products	102.34	
March 4, 1898, Sale of 10 head of steers	527.40	
March 10, 1898, Sale of 3 head of hogs	24.15	
May 16, 1898, Sale of 6 head of steers	225.70	
June 10, 1898, Sale of Farm Products	127.13	
Total		$1,903.85

EXPENDITURES.

Abstract No. 1	Salaries	$ 115.00	
2	Labor	390.39	
3	Publication	000.00	
4	Postage and Stationery	000.00	
5	Freight and Express	000.00	
6	Heat, Light and Water	000.00	
7	Chemical Suplies	000.00	
8	Seeds, Plants and sun. sup.	000.00	
9	Fertilizers	000.00	
10	Feeding Stocks	000.00	
11	Library	000.00	
12	Tools, Impl'm'nts & Mach'y.	000.00	
13	Furniture and Fixtures	10.75	
14	Scientific Apparatus	000.00	
15	Live Stock	13.10	
16	Traveling expenses	4.80	
17	Contingent expenses	000.00	
18	Building and Repairs	171.52	
	Bal. on hand Nov. 30, 1898	1.198.29	
	Total		$1,903.85

TRIAL BALANCE.

	Dr.	Cr.	Dr. Bal.	Cr. Bal.
C. J. Benson, Treas..	$78,979.11	$10,754.70	$68,224.41	....
Hatch Fund...	4,807.34	7,500.93	....	$ 2,693.59
Morrill Fund...	5,869.71	70,184.63	....	64,314.92
Incidental Fund.. ..	238.74	256.35	....	17.61
Station Sale Fund...	77.65	1,275.94	....	1,198.29
Total..	$89,972.55	$89,972.55	$68,224.41	$68,224.41

Condensed statement of C. J. Benson, Treasurer of A. and M. College, from date of appointment to December 1, 1898.

Total received from all sources:

Hatch Fund....	$12,818.73
Morrill Fund....	73,223.09
Station Sale Fund....	1,198.29
Incidental Fund........	17.61
Total.....	$87,257.72

Total disbursements:

Hatch Fund......	$10,032.48
Morrill Fund......	8,486.89
Station Sale Fund.........	509.26
Balance on hand.....................	68,229.09
Total....	$87,257.72

In conclusion, the Board commends your earnest and constant labors as Governor on behalf of the A. and M. College and extends to the faculty high praise for its efficiency in promoting its prosperity. Oklahoma will surely become a great agricultural state, and the wisdom of our government in extending princely aid to institutions of this class should be seconded by liberality and fostering care on the part of our lawmakers.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. BARNES,
J. C. TOUSLEY,
R. J. EDWARDS,
C. J. BENSON,
FRANK J. WIKOFF.

Fourth Biennial Report of the Clerk of the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College, 1897-8.

STILLWATER, OKLA., December 14, 1898.

GOVERNOR C. M. BARNES, GUTHRIE, OKLA.

Dear Sir: Pursuant to the requirements of law, I have the honor to present a report of the financial transactions of the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College, and Oklahoma Experiment Station for the biennial period ending November 30, 1898.

Respectfully submitted,

HENRY M. HAND,
Clerk.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

Report of the financial condition of the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College and Oklahoma Agricultural Experiment Station at Stillwater, Oklahoma, from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

MORRILL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

January 1, 1897, Balance on Hand..........	$45,820.38	
April 16, 1898, from U. S. Treas. 1897-8......	23,000.00	
October 17, 1898, from U. S. Treas. 1898-9....	24,000.00	
Total....	$92,820.38	$92.820.38

DISBURSEMENTS.

Agriculture as per Schedule A	$ 6,520.60
Mechanic Arts as per Schedule B	840.65
English and Literature as per Schedule C	4,800.75
Mathematical Science as per Schedule D	4,620.07
Natural or Physical Science as per Schedule E	11,723.39
Total exp'd. Jan. 1, 1897, to Nov. 30, 1898	28,505.46
Balance unexpended Nov. 30, 1898	64,314.92
Total	$92,820.38

SCHEDULE A.

Disbursements for instruction in Agriculture and for facilities for such instruction, from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$5,469.00
Apparatus	497.26
Machinery	000.00
Text and Reference Books	240.84
Stock and Material	313.50
Total	$6,520.60

SCHEDULE B.

Disbursements for instruction in Mechanic Arts and for facilities for such instruction, from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$454.98
Apparatus	197.32
Machinery	000.00
Text and Reference Books	68.18
Stock and Material	120.17
Total	$840.65

SCHEDULE C.

Disbursements for instruction in English and Literature and for facilities for such instructions, from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$3,949.45	
Apparatus	000.00	
Machinery	000.00	
Text and Reference Books	823.66	
Stock and Material	27.64	
Total		$4,800.75

SCHEDULE D.

Disbursements for instructions in Mathematical Science and for facilities for such instruction from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$4,534.99	
Apparatus	000.00	
Machinery	000.00	
Text Book and Reference Books	2.86	
Stock and Material	82.22	
Total		$4,620.07

SCHEDULE E.

Disbursements for instruction in Natural or Physical Science and for facilities for such instruction from January 1, 1897, to November 30, 1898.

Salaries	$4,526.26	
Apparatus	4,536.49	
Machinery	000.00	
Text and Reference Books	728.43	
Stock and Material	1,932.21	
Total		$11,723.39

INCIDENTAL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

January 1, 1897, Balance	$ 96.57	
January 5, 1897, Diploma Fees	2.50	
February 8, 1897, School Land Leases	1,142.54	
August 6, 1897, Diploma Fees	5.00	
November 12, 1897, School Land Leases	1,000.00	
June 10, 1898, Diploma Fees	17.50	
Total		$2,264.11

DISBURSEMENTS.

Schedule 1, Stationery	$ 4.00	
2, Furniture	145.49	
3, General Expenses	1,122.43	
4, Building and Campus	297.33	
5, Advertising	239.95	
6, Insurance	437.30	
Balance, November 30, 1898	17.61	
Total		$2,264.11

INCIDENTAL FUND.

RECEIPTS.

June 30, 1897, Balance on hand	$1,355.59	
July 31, 1897, Receipts from School Land Lease fund	669.44	
January 22, 1897, Receipts from School Land Lease fund	869.46	
September 30, 1898, Receipts from School Land Lease fund	1,500.00	
November 10, 1898, Receipts from School Land Lease fund	2,000.00	
Total		$6,394.49

DISBURSEMENTS.

November 30, 1897, Paid to College Treasurer		$1,000.00	
Schedule 1.	Stationery	34.14	
2.	Furniture	311.25	
3.	General Expenses	898.56	
4.	Building and Campus	2,006.68	
5.	Advertising	172.63	
6.	Insurance	996.52	
	Balance November 30, 1898	974.71	
	Total		$6,394.49

These funds were disbursed by the Territorial Treasurer.

OKLAHOMA EXPERIMENT STATION.
HATCH FUND.

RECEIPTS.

January 1, 1897, Balance on hand	$2,403.84	
January 9, 1897, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
April 8, 1897, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,719.30	
July 6, 1897, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
October 9, 1897, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
January 7, 1898, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
June 25, 1898, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,351.43	
July 20, 1898, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
October 17, 1898, Receipts from U. S. Treas	3,750.00	
Total receipts from U. S. Treas. from Jan. 1, 1897, to Nov. 30, 1898		$31,974.57

DISBURSEMENTS.

2	Labor	6,249.13	
3	Publications	2,810.94	
4	Postage and Stationery	292.58	
5	Freight and Express	421.49	
6	Heat, Light and Water	235.05	
7	Chemical Supplies	101.75	
8	Seeds, Plants and sun. sup.	1,110.21	
9	Fertilizers	000.00	
10	Feeding Stuffs	738.09	
11	Library	2.00	
12	Tools, Impl'm'ts & Mach'y.	605.72	
13	Furniture and Fixtures	771.58	
14	Scientific Apparatus	2,280.75	
15	Live Stock	847.93	
16	Traveling expenses	494.63	
17	Contingent expenses	20.00	
18	Building and Repair	938.32	
	Balance	2,693.59	
		$31,974.57	$31,974.57

STATION SALE FUND.

RECEIPTS.

January 1, 1897, Balance on hand	$159.51	
January 8, 1897, Sale of Milk	4.13	
February 17, 1897, Sale of Farm Products	75.38	
March 13, 1897, Sale of Farm Products	6.60	
April 14, 1897, Sale of Milk	11.38	
May 3, 1897, Sale of Potatoes	4.35	
May 4, 1897, Sale of Hogs	28.76	
May 10, 1897, Sale of Cattle	368.37	
May 11, 1897, Sale of Hogs	70.56	
May 12, 1897, Sale of Milk	12.52	
May 15, 1897, Sale of Pigs	12.00	
August, 6, 1897, Sale of Farm Products	59.07	
January 11, 1898, Sale of Wheat	84.50	
February 16, 1898, Sale of Farm Products	102.34	
March 4, 1898, Sale of 10 head of steers	527.40	
March 10, 1898, Sale of 3 head of hogs	24.15	
May 16, 1898, Sale of 6 head of steers	225.70	
June 10, 1898, Sale of Farm Products	127.13	
Total		$1,903.85

EXPENDITURES.

Abstract No.	1	Salaries	$ 115.00	
	2	Labor	390.39	
	3	Publication	000.00	
	4	Postage and Stationery	000.00	
	5	Freight and Express	000.00	
	6	Heat, Light and Water	000.00	
	7	Chemical Supplies	000.00	
	8	Seeds, Plants and sun. sup	000.00	
	9	Fertilizers	000.00	
	10	Feeding Stocks	000.00	
	11	Library	000.00	
	12	Tools, Impl'm'nts & Mach'y	000.00	
	13	Furniture and Fixtures	10.75	
	14	Scientific Apparatus	000.00	
	15	Live Stock	13.10	
	16	Traveling expenses	4.80	
	17	Contingent expenses	000.00	
	18	Building and Repairs	171.52	
		Bal. on hand Nov. 30, 1893	1,198.29	
		Total		$1,903.85

TRIAL BALANCE.

	Dr.	Cr.	Dr. Bal.	Cr. Bal.
C. J. Benson, Treas	$78,979.11	$10,754.70	$68,224.41	....
Hatch Fund	4,807.34	7,500.93	....	$ 2,693.59
Morrill Fund	5,869.71	70,184.63	....	64,314.92
Incidental Fund	238.74	256.35	....	17.61
Station Sale Fund	77.65	1,275.94	....	1,198.29
Total	$89,972.55	$89,972.55	$68,224.41	$68,224.41

Fourth Biennial Report of the Treasurer of the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College, 1897-8.

SHAWNEE, OKLAHOMA, December 20, 1898.

To the Honorable Governor and Board of Regents of the A. & M. College and Experimental Station of Oklahoma:

Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit herewith my annual statement of receipts and disbursements of the several funds intrusted to my care from April 15, 1898, the date of my appointment, to December 20, 1898, and accompanied with 383 vouchers showing authority for said disbursements.

Respectfully submitted,

C. J. BENSON,

Treasurer of A. and M. College.

ITEMIZED STATEMENT OF WARRANTS.

HATCH FUND.

1820	G. E. Morrow, Ert., Exp. Trans	$ 8.22
1821	Leader Prtg. Co., warrants	7.50
1822	Stillwater Gazette, Press Bul	3.00
1823	Leader Printing Co. Bulletins	849.02
1824	Alvia Johnson, washing towels	2.00
1825	G. E. Morrow, labor on pay roll	425.27
1826	Swiler Bros., 35 Gal. kerosene	12.30
1827	S. D. McMahn, 10 cords of wood	22.50
1828	E. B. Voorhees, treasurer of A. and M. College	10.00
1829	Abbercrombia & Miller, 16 chickens	2.80
1830	Henry Heil Chem. Co., chemicals	14.80
1831	Hays Hamilton, garden seed	1.55
1832	Glen St. Mary Nur., fruit trees	4.41
1833	W. R. McGeorge, Phone message	2.70
1834	C. D. Shaffer, I. of Hdw	3.65
1835	A. L. Connelly, blacksmithing	16.75

1836	C. E. Farmer, I. of Hdw	10.03
1837	K. C. Lester, 22 1-3 bu. corn	5.58
1838	Della Borch, 100 bu. corn	23.00
1839	F. J. Emmerick, I. of apparatus	172.64
1840	Eng. Sup. Co, pump and hose	35.45
1841	L. F. Laverty, three setting of eggs	5.00
1842	J. H. Bone, three lds. of S. D	1.50
1843	H. B. Bullin, I. of lumber and posts	28.15
1844	G. E. Morrow, salary as director	100.00
1845	H. E. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and Hort	100.00
1846	G. L. Holter, salary as chemist	50.00
1847	E. E. Bogue, salary as Bot. and Ent	50.00
1848	L. L. Lewis, salary as Veter	50.00
1849	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	45.00
1850	J. W. Fields, salary as Asst. Chem	41.67
1851	J. T. DeBois, salary as clerk	65.00
1852	G. E. Morrow, labor as pay roll	378.74
1853	G. E. Morrow, labor (repairs)	30.52
1854	Leader Printing Co., bulletins	253.20
1855	Leader Printing Co., Bul. Env	368.65
1856	E. G. Morrow, stamps	10.00
1857	E. G. Morrow, Fgt. and Trans	31.53
1858	Richards & Co., alcohol	3.00
1859	G. W. Thompson, making locks	2.20
1860	J. D. Holmes, I. of Mdse	2.52
1861	A. C. Bahntge, alfalfa	8.15
1862	W. H. Adams, seed corn	2.75
1863	W. R. McGeorge, I. of Mdse	2.65
1864	George Pullman, one roll paper	.75
1865	L. A. Connelley, blacksmithing	3.20
1866	Creamery Pkg. Co., I. of Supp	3.85
1867	E. M. Tilden, one rubber stamp	.80
1868	Crub Sup. Co., lables	6.33
1869	J. C. Black, 42 bales of hay	10.50
1870	E. W. Carpenter, straw	3.00
1871	James Brand, 1 M. Brands	9.00
1872	J. N. Goff, repairing harness	15.00
1873	Lytton Bros, I. of Imp	41.95
1874	C. D. Shaffer, I. of Hdw	15.70
1875	J. J. McGowen, one Carb. Inj	7.00
1876	Thayer & Jackson, I. supp	58.73
1877	Queen Co., I. Supp	33.10
1878	Hussmann & Dunn, I. of Appar	22.00
1879	E. C. Stevenson, I. of Mdse	2.58

1880	G. E. Morrow, salary as Dr.	100.00
1881	G. L. Holter, salary as Chem	50.00
1882	H. E. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and H.	100.00
1883	E. E. Bogue, salary as Bot. and Ent	50.00
1884	L. L. Lewis, salary as Vet. Surg	50.00
1885	J. W. Fields, salary as Chem	40.67
1886	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agt	41.67
1887	J. T. DeBois, salary as clerk	65.00
1888	Geo. E. Morrow, stamps	10.00
1889	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. Trans. Exp	12.04
1890	C. B. Brown, 13 M. Bal	46.50
1891	Stillwater Gazette, press bulletins	11.79
1892	State Cap., 3 yards silk Bolt. C	1.50
1893	L. A. Connelley, blacksmithing	2.25
1894	C. E. Farmer, I. of Hdw	15.35
1895	A. C. Bahntge, one box of plants	9.10
1896	H. E. Glazier, horse shoeing	.75
1897	James Beech, 500 lbs. brands	4.50
1898	Babcock Bros., 55 bu. corn	22.35
1899	H. J. Lamb, Kafir corn	9.22
1900	S. D. McMahn, wood	3.93
1901	E. O. Stevenson, window shades	3.00
1902	Bansch & Lamb, one Cab. case	20.63
1903	J. Q. Wallace, one setting of eggs	1.50
1904	L. B. Orbiter, two setting of eggs	2.00
1905	L. L. Lewis, Trav. Expns. man with calves	31.65
1906	H. B. Bullen, I. of lumber	16.11
1907	Joe Davis, Fur. and driving posts	1.90
1908	R. J. Bost, box rent	.80
1909	G. E. Morrow, salary as Dr.	100.00
1910	H. E. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and H	100.00
1911	E. E. Bogue, salary as B. and E	50.00
1912	G. L. Holter, salary as Chem	50.00
1913	L. L. Lewis, salary as Vet.	50.00
1914	J. W. Fields, salary as Asst. Chem	41.67
1915	J. N. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	45.00
1916	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	17.50
1917	G. E. Morrow, salary as pay roll	229.15
1918	Dale Lytton, sundry supplies	9.00
1919	D. J. M. Wood, corn	21.40
1920	Abbercrombia & Miller, berry boxes	2.57
1921	B. Johnson, washing towels	.63
1922	W. R. McGeorge, I. of Supp	1.55
1923	Babcock Bros., 28 bu. corn	11.20

1924	L. L. Lewis, Trav. Exp	12.15
1925	Swiler Bros., I. of Hwd	26.30
1926	L. A. Connelley, blacksmithing	2.00
1927	C. E. Farmer, I. of Hwd	4.35
1928	H. B. Bullen, windows	2.15
1929	A. C. Bahntge, seed	.50
1930	D. D. Hallock & Son, Antilog weeder	6.00
1931	Greer & Rigg, erection of D. V	220.00
1932	L. L. Lewis, Trav. Exp	14.60
1933	W. Krafter, I. of Scin. Appar	35.75
1933½	R. J. Edwards, Exps. to K. C	18.85
1934	G. E. Morrow, stamps	6.00
1935	G. E. Morrow, freight	3.31
1936	G. E. Morrow, salary as Dr	100.00
1937	H. G. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and H	100.00
1938	G. G. L. Holter, salary as Chem	50.00
1939	E. E. Bogue, salary as Bot. and Ent	58.33
1940	L. L. Lewis, salary as Vet. Surg	58.33
1941	J. W. Fields, salary as Asst. Chem	58.33
1942	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	41.66
1943	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort	25.00
1944	A. G. Ford, salary as Asst. Chem	30.00
1945	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	35.00
1946	L. Martin, labor, team and wagon	9.85
1947	Joseph Beaver, stone	2.00
1948	G. E. Morrow, labor	13.97
1949	Arthur Flinter, lumber and hardware	15.05
1950	H. B. Bullen, lumber and cement	10.30
1951	R. L. Steen, meal and salt	2.00
1952	J. Beech, brand and sacks	14.40
1953	Estridge & Holland, blacksmithing	8.05
1954	G. E. Morrow, labor on farm	236.08
1955	Greer & Rigg, material excess	20.10
1956	G. E. Morrow, salary as Dr	100.00
1957	H. E. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and Hort	100.00
1958	G. L. Holter, salary as Chem	50.00
1959	E. E. Bogue, salary as Bot. and Ent	58.33
1960	L. L. Lewis, salary as Vet	58.33
1961	J. W. Fields, salary as associate Chem	58.33
1962	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	41.66
1963	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort	25.00
1964	A. G. Ford, salary as Asst. Chem	30.00
1965	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	35.00
1966	G. E. Morrow, labor on farm	239.30

1967	W. B. Walker, stamps	8.00
1968	Swiler Bros., hardware	17.60
1969	Arthur Flinter, hardware and lumber	6.80
1970	G. W. Thompson, repairing grain sacks	3.60
1971	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. and Expns	.66
1972	R. W. McGeorge, wall paper	8.85
1973	Creamery Pkg. Co., glass jars	4.75
1974	Fleming, Mockley & F., Hwd. tools, etc	25.40
1975	G. E. Morrow, salary as Dr and Agri	100.00
1976	H. E. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and Hort	100.00
1977	G. L. Holter, salary as Chem	50.00
1978	E. E. Bogue, salary as Bot. and Ent	58.33
1979	L. L. Lewis, salary as Vet	58.33
1980	J. W. Fields, salary as associate Chem	58.33
1981	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	41.66
1982	Miss G. M. Holt, salary as Sten	15.00
1983	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort	25.00
1984	A. G. Ford, salary as Asst. Chem	30.00
1985	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	35.00
1986	G. E. Morrow, labor on pay roll	205.05
1987	L. L. Lewis, Trav. Expns	54.35
1988	L. L. Lewis, Trav. Expns	23.75
1989	J. W. Fields, Trav. Expns	44.47
1990	Fleming, Mockley, Farmer, Hwd. Supp	11.00
1991	E. O. Stevenson, window shades	4.65
1992	W. R. McGeorge, I. of sundries	3.50
1993	L. Martin, labor at Noble	6.15
1994	W. N. Walker, stamps	5.00
1995	J. C. Burdett, hanging paper	1.80
1996	E. B. Winger, windmill	16.00
1997	Leader Printing Co., station reports	108.36
1998	Thomas Summerville & Sons, tubes	8.81
1999	Richards & Co., I. of Chem. Supp	26.07
2000	Morrill & Morley, brass atomizer	1.25
2001	G. E. Morrow, Exp. Fgt. Trans	4.72
2002	L. L. Lewis, Fgt. on cattle	47.60
2003	G. E. Morrow, salary as Dr	100.00
2004	H. E. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and Hort	100.00
2005	G. L. Holter, salary as Chem	50.00
2006	E. E. Bogue, salary as Bot. and Ent	58.33
2007	L. L. Lewis, salary as Vet	58.33
2008	J. W. Fields, salary as associate Chem	58.33
2009	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	41.66
2010	G. M. Holt, salary as Sten	15.00

2011	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort	25.00
2012	A. G. Ford, salary as Asst. Chem	30.00
2013	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	35.00
2014	Waters-Pierce Oil Co., tick oil	300.00
2015	L. L. Lewis, Trav. Expns. to Noble	12.40
2016	L. L. Lewis, Trav. Expns	32.25
2017	G. E. Morrow, labor on pay roll	247.70
2018	Dennson Mgf. Co., wood box, Dept. B. & E	10.50
2019	G. E. Morrow, labor (repairs)	7.30
2020	John Lovell, 3 head sheep	13.40
2021		....
2022	R. L. Steen, meal and matches	.50
2023	W. A. Swiler, I. of Hdw	27.09
2024	United Typewriting Co., copy pad	2.00
2025	James Beech, flour sacks	2.30
2026	W. N. Walker, postage	10.64
2027	W. W. White, repairing buggy	1.00
2028	C. D. Shaffer, I. of Hdw	5.20
2029	H. B. Bullen, lumber	58.07
2030	Dale Lytton, sickle heads	5.15
2032	G. E. Morrow, salary as Dr. and Agri	100.00
2033	H. H. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and Hort	100.00
2034	G. M. Holt, salary as Sten	15.00
2035	E. E. Bogue, salary as Bot. and Ent	58.33
2036	L. L. Lewis, salary as Vet	58.33
2037	J. W. Fields, salary as Asso. Chem	58.33
2038		....
2039		....
2040	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort	25.00
2041	A. G. Ford, salary as Asst. Chem	30.00
2042	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	35.00
2043	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. Trans	8.59
2061	Heil Chem. Co., Chem. Sup	35.15
2063	Leader Printing Co., bulletins	192.50
	Total	$10,260.13
	Balance	2,558.60

RECEIPTS.

April 15, 1898, from F. Caruthers, Ex-treas	$1,967.30	
June 25, 1898, from U. S. Treas. 4th Install. year 1897-98	3,351.43	
July 20, 1898, from U. S. Treas. 1st Install.. year 1898-99	3,750.00	
Oct. 15, 1898, from U. S. Treas. 2nd Install. year ending 1898-99	3,750.00	
Total	$12,818.73	$12,818.73

800	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. and Trans.	$ 10.05
801	Topeka Paper Co., 200 lbs. paper	10.00
802	W. A. Holmstead, school crayon	9.00
803	Kny. Sheerer, museum jars	8.00
804	Heil Chem. Co., I. of Chem	27.22
805	Queen & Co., cylinder for generator	8.25
806	Kny. Sheerer, one Coll	2.00
807	G. E. Morrow, salary as Dr. of Agri	100.00
808	H. E. Glazier, salary as V. Dr. and Hort	45.83
809	G. L. Holter, salary as Chem	100.00
810	E. F. Clark, salary as Prof. Math	125.00
811	A. C. Scott, salary as Prof. Eng	125.00
812	E. E. Bogue, salary as Prof. B. and Ent	50.00
813	L. L. Lewis, salary as Prof. Vet. Sci	50.00
814	H. E. Thompson, salary as Prin. Prep. Dept	100.00
815	May Overstreet, salary as Asst. Prep. Dept	60.00
816	J. W. Fields, salary as Asst. Chem	41.66
817	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	30.00
818	G. B. James, horse breeder	4.00
819	H. E. Glazier,	77.53
820	A. C. McMlurg, I. of books	91.84
821	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. and Express	19.58
822	H. Heil Chem. Co., three Mg. rider	1.05
823	Richards & Co., I. of Appar	31.44
824	Houghton, Mifflin Co., Vol. 11 A. S. A	25.00
825	A. C. McClurg, one book	2.00
826	G. E. Morrow, salary as Prof. Agri	100.00
827	H. E. Glazier, salary as Prof. Hort	45.83
828	G. L. Holter, salary as Prof. Chem	100.00
829	E. F. Clark, salary as Prof. Math	125.00
830	A. C. Scott, salary as Prof. Eng	125.00
831	E. E. Bogue, salary as Bot. and Ent	50.00
832	L. L. Lewis, salary as Prof. Vet. Sci	50.00
833	H. E. Thompson, salary as Prin. in Prep. Dept	100.00
834	J. W. Fields, salary as Asst. Chem	41.66
835	May Overstreet, salary as Asst. in Prep Dept	60.00
836	J. H. Bone, salary as Agri	30.00
837	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. and express	8.81
838	Henry Goldsmith, I. of books	45.06
839	Wards Nat. Science, model of horse	36.00
840	Richards & Co., I. of Supp	38.18
841	Richards & Co., I. of Supp	2.60
842	Liquid Car. and Gas Co., liquid gas, etc	3.60
843	G. E. Morrow, salary as Prof. Agri	100.00

844	H. E. Glazier, salary as Prof. Hort	45.83
845	G. L. Holter, salary as Prof. Chem	100.00
846	F. E. Clark, salary as Prof. Math	125.00
847	A. C. Scott, salary as Prof. Eng	125.00
848	E. E. Bogue, salary as Prof. Bot. and Ent	50.00
849	L. L. Lewis, salary as Prof. Vet. Sci	50.00
850	H. E. Thompson, salary as Prof. Prep. Dept	100.00
851	May Overstreet, salary as Asst. Prep Dept	60.00
852	J. W. Fields, salary as Asso. Chem	41.70
853	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	30.00
854	A. C. Scott, I. period	3.30
855	F. H. Horsford, I. of plants	3.94
856	Wichita Eagle, binding magazines	84.50
857	Gardening Co., subscription period	3.00
858	H. Goldsmith, I. of books	10.72
859	G. E. Morrow, express on books	1.55
860	L. L. Lewis, museum Spec	1.50
861	G. E. Morrow, salary as Prof. Agri	100.00
862	H. E. Glazier, salary as Prof. Hort	45.83
863	G. L. Holter, salary as Prof. Chem	100.00
864	E. F. Clark, salary as Prof. Math	80.00
865	A. C. Scott, salary as Prof. Eng	133.33
866	E. E. Bogue, salary as Prof. B. and E	58.33
867	L. L. Lewis, salary as Prof. Vet Sci	58.33
868	J. W. Fields, salary as Asso. Chem	58.33
869	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	41.66
870	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort	15.00
871	E. M. Wilcox, material for botanical Dept	10.00
872	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. and Trans	4.54
873	Henry Goldsmith, I. of books	38.16
874	Henry Goldsmith, I. of books	61.58
875	G. E. Morrow, salary as Prof. Agri	100.00
876	H. E. Glazier, salary as Prof. Hort	45.83
877	E. E. Bogue, salary as Prof. B. and E	58.33
878	G. L. Holter, salary as Prof. Chem	100.00
879	A. C. Scott, salary as Prof. Eng	133.33
880	L. L. Lewis, salary as Vet Sci	58.33
881	J. W. Fields, salary as Asso. Chem	58.33
882	J. H. Bone, salary as Prof. Agri	41.66
883	O. M. Morris, salary as Prof. Hort	15.00
884	H. Heil Chem Co., two I. of Chem	364.21
885	The Kny. Sheerer Co., I. of wall charts	96.68
886	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. and Trans	18.48
887	Wichita Eagle, binding books	224.50

888	G. E. Morrow, salary as Prof. Agri	100.00
889	H. E. Glazier, salary as Prof. Hort	45.83
890		....
891	G. L. Holter, salary as Prof. Chem	100.00
892	J. W. Means, salary as Prof. Math	83.33
893	A. C. Scott, salary as Prof. Eng	133.33
894	E. E. Bogue, salary as Prof. B. and E	58.33
895	L. L. Lewis, salary as Prof. Vet Sci	58.33
896	H. E. Thompson, salary as Prin. in Prep. Dept	110.00
897	May Overstreet, salary as Asst. in Prep Dept	60.00
898	J. W. Fields, salary as Asso Chem	58.33
899	J. H. Bone, salary as Prof. Agri	41.66
900	G. M. Holt, salary as Sten	35.00
901	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort	15.00
902	R. E. Chandler, salary as Prof. Mech. and Art	116.66
903	Detroit Heating Co.,	90.00
904	F. H. Emmerick, I. of Appar	83.43
905	The Kny. Sheerer Co., I. of Appar	125.00
906	Richards & Co., I. of Appar. for Bot. and Ent	3.35
907	Whitell & Tatum Co., I. of glassware	31.79
908	E. H. Glazier, one copy of Fruit Growing	1.27
909	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. and Exp. Trans	18.05
910	G. E. Morrow, salary as Prof. Agri	100.00
911	H. E. Glazier, salary as Prof. Hort	45.83
912	G. L. Holter, salary as Chem	100.00
913	J. W. Means, salary as Prof. Math	83.33
914	A. C. Scott, salary as Prof. Eng	133.33
915	E. E. Bogue, salary as Prof. B. and E	58.33
916	L. L. Lewis, salary as Prof. Vet. Sci	58.33
917	H. E. Thompson, salary as Prof. Prep. Dept	110.00
918	May Overstreet, salary as Asst. Prep. Dept	60.00
919	J. W. Fields, salary as Asso. Chem	58.33
920	J. H. Bone, salary as Asst. Agri	41.66
921	G. M. Holt, salary as Sten	35.00
922	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort	15.00
923	R. E. Chandler, salary as Prof. Mech and art	116.66
924	A. C. McClurg, I. of books	81.24
925	F. J. Emmerick, I. of Appar. Vet. Sci	37.18
926	H. Goldsmith, I. of Books for library	79.12
927	Henffel, Esser Co., drawing material	4.60
928	G. E. Morrow, salary as Prof. Agri	100.00
929	H. E. Glazier, salary as Prof. Hort	45.83
931	J. W. Means, salary as Prof. Math	83.33
932	A. C. Scott, salary as Prof. Eng	133.33

933	E. E. Bogue, salary as Prof. B. and E.	58.33
934	L. L. Lewis, salary as Prof. Vet. Sci.	58.33
935	H. E. Thompson, salary as Prof. Prep. Dept.	110.00
936	May Overstreet, salary as Asst. Prep. Dept.	60.00
937	J. W. Fields, salary as Assoc. Chem.	58.33
938		....
939	G. M. Holt, salary as Sten.	35.00
940	O. M. Morris, salary as Asst. Hort.	15.00
941		....
942	A. S. Aloe & Co., drawing Appar.	32.26
943	Eugene Dietzgen, drawing material.	17.41
944	H. Heil Chem. Co., material for Chem Dept.	16.75
945	Kaffer & Co., material for Chem. Dept.	110.10
946	Smith Premier Typewriter Co., typewriter.	70.00
947	Millison Supp. Co., typewriter.	70.00
948	G. E. Morrow, Fgt. and express.	15.91
949	United Typewriter Supp. Co., 1 typewriter.	70.00
953	A. Schwoly & Co., I. supplies.	7.50
957	Richards & Co., I. glassware.	62.65
958	H. Heil Chem. Co., I. chemicals.	119.98
	Total.	$ 8,747.02
	Balance.	64,476.07

RECEIPTS.

April 5, 1898. From F. Caruthers, ex-treas.	$26,223.09	
April 20, 1898. From Territorial Treas. F. Thompson.	23,000.00	
Oct. 15, 1898. From Territorial Treas. F. Thompson.	24,000.00	
	$73,223.09	$73,223.09

December 20, 1898. Balance on hand..$64,476.07

STATION SALE FUND.

17	G. E. Morrow, labor on pay roll.	379.79
18	G. E. Morrow, labor on pay roll.	3.95
19	G. E. Morrow, labor on pay roll.	7.87
20	J. T. DeBois, salary as clerk.	32.50
21	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk.	7.50
22	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk.	15.00
23	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk.	15.00

24	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	15.00
25	G. W. Stiles, services as janitor	2.65
26	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	15.00
27	H. M. Hand, salary as clerk	15.00
	Balance	1,198.29

RECEIPTS.

Apr. 15, 1898.	From F. Caruthers, ex-Treas.	$ 1,354.72	
May 16, 1898.	From J. T. DeBois, clerk, sale of farm property	225.70	
June 10, 1898.	From J. T. DeBois, clerk, sale of farm property	127.13	
		$ 1,707.55	$ 1,707.55
December 8, 1898.	Balance on hand	$ 1,198.29	

INCIDENTAL FUND.

April 15, 1898.	Received from F. Caruthers	$ .11
June 10, 1898.	Received from diploma fees	17.50
	Total	$ 17.61

TOTAL RECEIPTS FROM ALL SOURCES.

Watch fund	$12,818.73
Morrill fund	73,223.09
Station Sale fund	1,198.29
Incidental fund	17.61

TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS.

Hatch fund		$10,260.13
Morrill fund		8,747.02
Station Sale fund		509.26
		$10,516.41
Balance		67,741.31
Total	$87,257.72	$87,257.72

Biennial. Report of President.

TO GOV. C. M. BARNES:

In accordance with section 11 of the law establishing the Colored Agricultural and Normal University of Oklahoma, I hereby, as president of the Board of Regents, have the honor of presenting the second annual report of the work of said board and "the results attained by said school."

A little more than a half of the year was devoted by the Board to the erection of a suitable building, the corner stone of which was laid with appropriate exercises April 7, and the dedication of the nearly completed building took place September 22, 1898.

Of the cost of the building and furniture the secretary's report will give detailed information. Suffice it to say that by diligent care and strict economy, on the part of the Board and building committee, a very substantial and quite roomy and convenient, as well as handsome building stands completed upon the selected and excellent location, near Langston, at a cost admitted by all to be very reasonable.

The Board felt obliged to go beyond the limit of the legislative appropriation in completing and equipping the institution, however, only such things were bought as seemed absolutely necessary They did not feel warranted in purchasing a piano, any apparatus, a furnace, or library, all of which are needed to accomplish the best results.

At a meeting of the Board held in the spring three members of the faculty were chosen: President Inman E. Page, of Lincoln Institute, Jefferson City, Mo., to be President; Professors J. Johnson, of Kingfisher, and W. Manzilla, of Perry, to be assistants. The President to enter upon his duties July 1 in order to visit the territory and advertise the school; the two assistants to begin work with the opening of school, September 14. The President to receive $1,500 per annum, the two assistants $80.00 each, per month, during the school year.

Just before the opening of the school Miss Z. N. Page was elected assistant teacher of music at a salary of $40.00 per month. Mr. Geo. Champe was chosen janitor at a salary of $400.00 per year, and Mrs. Williams matron of the girls' dormitory.

According to arrangements and as advertised the first term began September 14. Owing to the fact that the building was not quite completed the citizens of Langston, the first two weeks, gave the use of the public school building and the next two weeks the Presbyterian church.

The enrollment, this first month, was about fifty, since that time the growth in numbers has been almost daily until now there are upon the roll and in attendance 141 with prospects of a continued increase.

The students are an excellent class of young people representing several counties.

The faculty worked together harmoniously and with enthusiasm.

The institution is very popular in the city of Langston, all of whose citizens are loyal and enthusiastic supporters of it.

Permit me to add that this Board of Regents have worked zealously and harmoniously and with the single purpose to give to the colored people of Oklahoma an institution worthy of their patronage and of which they may justly be proud. Of the work that has been done in the school, by teachers and students, you will doubtless hear from the competent Board of Visitors appointed to inspect and report to the Superintendent of Public Instruction and this Board.

Respectfully submitted,

L. H. HOLT,

President Board of Regents.

Guthrie, December 20, 1898.

Secretary's Report of Expenditures for Langston College for Year 1898.

GUTHRIE, O. T., January 1, 1899.

HON. C. M. BARNES,
Governor of Oklahoma Territory.

I herewith append an itemized statement of expenditure for all purposes including the erection, furnishing and maintenance of school in Langston during the year 1898.

The appropriation of the last legislature of $5,000.00, to this amount was added the sum of $4,000.00, being the apportionment to Langston from the School Land Lease Fund, making a total of $9,000.00. Of this sum there was expended for all purposes during the year 1898 the sum $7,845.06. That with the amount expended during the year 1897 leaves the balance on hand January 1, 1899, the sum of $558.45.

RECEIPTS.

From what Sources.

From General Appropriation by Legislature, 1897	$5000.00
Apportionment School Land Lease Fund	4,000.00
Expended during year 1898	7,840.06
Balance on hand January 1, 1898	558.90

SCHOOL FACULTY AND SALARY.

President I. E. Page, salary per year	$1,500.00
Prof. M. J. Johnson, salary per year	720.00
Prof. W. Manzilla, salary per year	720.00
Miss Z. M. Page, salary	320.00
Mrs. Maria Williams, matron of girls' dormitory, salary per year	270.00
George Champe, janitor of building and grounds, salary per year	400.00

EXPENDITURES.

Itemized expenditures for 1898 of Board of Regents of Colored A. and N. University.

1898.

Jan. 7	J. W. Hamilton, services and mileage	$ 25.60
	L. H. Holt, services and mileage	21.00
	E. O. Tyler, services and mileage	43.10
	R. R. Stapleton, livery hire	3.00
	David Douglass, achitect	110.00
	F. M. Thompson, services	9.00
	S. N. Hopkins, services and mileage	15.00
Jan. 8	F. S. Pulliam, surveying	10.50
Feb. 8	J. W. Walker, labor excavating	99.00
March 15	J. Henderson, on stone contract	36.00
March 16	J. Henderson, on stone contract	258.95
March 16	Daily Capital, on stationery	5.25
March 16	Daily Capital, on stationery	7.00
April 8	J. Henderson, extra work	10.00
	J. Henderson, on stone contract	90.00
	J. Henderson, on extra work	10.00
	E. O. Tyler, services and mileage	41.10
	L. H. Holt, services on board and committee and mileage	34.15
	J. W. Hamilton's, service on board and committee and mileage	35.60
	S. N. Hopkins, service on board	6.00
	Briggs & Saunders, livery team	2.75
	David Douglass, service as architect	50.00
	F. M. Thorpe	16.50
	W. R. Stapleton, livery team	3.50
	J. W. Walker, labor	26.40
	Spencer Hardware Co., hardware	22.00
May 11	J. Henderson, on stone contract account	225.00
	J. W. Walker, labor	33.00
June 10	L. J. Beland	600.00
	J. Henderson, on stone contract account	200.00
	J. Henderson, on stone contract account	9.40
July 2	J. Henderson, on stone contract account	225.00
	J. Henderson, on stone contract account	500.00
	J. W. Hamilton, services and mileage	18.60
	Frank M. Thompson, services on board	9.00
	E. O. Tyler, services and mileage	22.40
	L. H. Holt, services and mileage committees work	22.65

July 22	John Anderson, labor on building	110.00
	J. Henderson, stone contract account	30.00
	J. Henderson, stone contract account	26.00
	J. E. Page, incidental expenses	1.30
	J. E. Page, incidental expenses	3.28
July 23	J. E. Page, incidental expenses	20.07
July 27	S. M. Floyd, material	350.00
July 30	L. H. Holt, for laborers	350.00
Aug. 16	Stowe Hardware Co., material	100.00
	J. E. Page, advertising expense	36.00
	H. Peters, labor	9.00
	J. Henderson, on account	92.00
	S. D. Russell, printing	10.00
	J. W. Walker, labor	46.20
	J. Henderson, on account	31.00
	Arkansas Lumber Co. (lumber)	300.00
	L. H. Holt, freight	36.62
	J. Henderson, on account	200.00
	Jim Rowers, labor	31.20
Sept. 9	E. O. Tyler, services and mileage	33.61
	J. E. Page, advertising, printing	63.98
	State Capital, stationery	2.80
Sept. 10	D. J. Wallace, labor	3.00
	W. S. Cooper	24.00
Sept. 22	Ark. Lumber Co., lumber	18.95
Sept. 9	J. Henderson, account	36.00
	J. C. Henderson, labor	39.00
	J. H. Hamilton, labor	72.00
	John Anderson, labor	150.00
	Walker and Wallace, labor	114.50
	L. H. Holt, service and mileage	15.00
	J. W. Walker, labor	2.70
	J. W. Walker	50.77
	L. H. Holt, freight	46.15
Sept. 22	Ark. Lumber Co., lumber	100.00
	J. W. Hamilton, services, committee mileage	38.65
	G. W. Duncan, labor	26.75
	D. Douglass, service as architect	80.00
	L. H. Holt, for laborers	49.45
	L. H. Holt, transporting	6.76
	E. O. Tyler, services and mileage, committee	14.20
	Thos. Kane, furniture	142.50
	I. E. Page, incidental expenses	48.53
	Wm. Johnson, labor	7.50

	J. H. Hamilton, labor	28.00
	R. Cash, labor	7.50
Oct. 5	I. E. Page, salary as president	375.00

ITEMIZED EXPENSES OF BOARD OF REGENTS, LANGSTON COLLEGE.

Oct. 5	E. O. Tyler, services and mileage	$ 12.70
	S. N. Hopkins, services	9.00
	L. H. Holt, services	4.00
	L. H. Holt, freight	44.60
	T. B. Reeder	43.60
	L. H. Holt, freight	9.35
	J. H. Hamilton, labor	41.80
	J. Anderson, labor	40.00
	Ark. Lumber Co	191.30
	T. B. Armstrong, brick	35.00
	J. W. Walker, labor	36.80
	F. M. Thompson, service	12.00
	C. W. White, labor	5.00
	C. C. Cash, labor	6.00
	F. B. Lillie, stationery	13.45
	Spencer Hardware Co., hardware	13.60
Oct. 6	Standard School Furniture	71.26
Oct. 26	E. O. Tyler, service and mileage	11.20
	Ark. Lumber Co	100.00
	J. W. Hamilton, service	6.20
	John Anderson, labor	500.00
	J. W. Walker, labor	14.00
	F. Williams, labor	5.50
	M. J. Johnson, salary as teacher	40.00
	Lentz & McMill, material	171.00
	D. Douglass, service and architect	25.00
	H. Retres, labor	4.00
	Spencer Hardware Co., hardware	45.40
	Thos. Cash, labor	2.00
	H. F. Ardery, furniture	207.20
	Stowe Hardware Co., hardware	103.37
	L. H. Holt, wood	17.00
	L. H. Holt, (rent rooms)	25.00
	L. H. Holt, for laborers	13.79
Oct. 27	F. B. Lillie, material	73.75
	W. Manzilla, salary teacher	40.00
	G. W. Champ, salary janitor	16.00
Nov. 15	J. W. Hamilton, service mileage	6.20
	I. E. Page, incidental	3.00
	E. O. Tyler, services and mileage	11.20

L. H. Holt, freight	1.13
L. H. Holt, services, mileage committee	26.35
J. W. Walker, labor	24.00
S. D. Russell, printing	5.00
C. Ebert, account	6.30
J. O. Bates, account	15.00
Z. N. Page, salary as teacher	20.00

Very respectfully your obedient servant,

E. O. TYLER,

Secretary Board of Regents of Colored A. and N. University.

Biennial Report of Board of Visitors.

GUTHRIE, O. T., December 24, 1898.

HON. C. M. BARNES,
Governor of Oklahoma:

Dear Sir: I have examined the report of the "Board of Visitors" enclosed and desire to endorse the same except in the matte of appropriations for the institutions.

I recommend the following:

1. Running expenses of the institution for two years	$10,000.00
2. Dormitory for girls	5,000.00
3. Additional wing for main building	6,000.00
4. Industrial building and machinery	5,000.00
5. Additional land	2,000.00
6. Stock for same	1,000.00
7. Books, apparatus and piano	1,000.00
Total	$30,000.00

Very Respectfully,
S. N. Hopkins,
Territorial Superintendent.

LANGSTON, O. T., December 21, 1898.

HON. S. N. HOPKINS
Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction, Guthrie, O. T.:

Dear Sir: In compliance with a provision of the law establishing the Normal and Agricultural University at Langston, we, the undersigned, who were appointed some time ago by his Excellency, Governor C. M. Barnes, as a Board of Visitors to examine this institution and report to you its needs, beg leave to report the following:

Langston University was opened for the reception of students on the 14th of September, last, with an enrollment of 50. We find today that this number has increased to 147, which, in our judgment shows remarkable growth when we consider that the institution has been in operation only a little more than three months. When we visited the university today we found the students in the midst of their oral examinations, to which we listened with great satisfaction because they showed that the teachers had done thorough work, and that the students had made wonderful progress in their studies.

If we mistake not, this university is to do for the colored people of Oklahoma what the normal schools, the Agricultural and Mechanical College and the University do for the white people. In order to do this work successfully, it will need (1) dormitories for students; (2) a residence on the university grounds for the president; (3) an addition to the present main building; (4) a building for the agricultural and mechanical department; (5) additional land; (6) apparatus for the department of natural science; books for the library, machinery for the mechanical department and stock and implements of various kinds for the agricultural department.

Dormitories are needed for the reason that it is necessary to have the boarding students under the immediate control and supervision of the officers of the university. Furthermore, dormitories should be erected in order that students may have a sufficient number of comfortable rooms while in attendance upon the institution. We find upon examination that the citizens of Langston can furnish only a limited number of suitable rooms for the students who are now at the university. In addition to the reasons already given, we desire to submit for your consideration that the moral standing of the university depends largely upon placing the students under the influence of teachers who are selected to fill positions in the university, not only because they are intellectually qualified, but also because they are morally fitted to develop the characters of those who are placed under their care. Good citizenship in the Territory of Oklahoma as well as elsewhere depends upon sound moral as well as thorough mental training in all our schools and colleges. When young men and women are sent away from the moral and refining influences of their homes to be educated, they should be placed in homes where the most wholesome instruction is given both by percept and example.

It necessarily follows that if from year to year a large number of young men and women are to live on the grounds of the university the president should reside there in order that he may see in person that they are properly cared for, and that the management of their dormitories is what it should be.

Owing to the rapid growth of this institution, it is necessary to enlarge the present main building in order that the university shall have a sufficient number of rooms for library, recitation and laboratory purposes.

Under the operation of the Morrill Act, which was passed by Congress in 1890, Oklahoma will receive next year the sum of $24,000 and each year thereafter the sum of $25,000 for the promotion of agricultural and mechanical education; provided, an agricultural and mechanical department is maintained here for the benefit of the colored people. Hence the need of a building for this purpose and its necessary equipment.

Having carefuly studied the condition and needs of Langston University, we have decided to recommend that the following appropriations be made by the next Legislature:

Maintenance of all departments........	$10,000.00
Dormitory for young women............	5,000.00
Dormitory for young men..............	5,000.00
President's residence..................	2,000.00
Enlargement of main building..........	10,000.00
Erection of industrial building..........	5,000.00
Additional land......	2,000.00
Books, apparatus and machinery........	10,000.00
Stock and farming implements...........	1,000.00
Barn.......	500.00
Total.....	$50,500.00

Very respectfully, your obedient servants,

J. W. DUNJEE,

A. J. ALSTON,

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT.

STILLWATER, OKLAHOMA, January 4, 1899.

HON. S. N. HOPKINS,
Superintendent Public Instruction, Guthrie, Okla.

Dear Sir: Temporary disability prevented my making a visit to the Agricultural Normal University at Langston as one of the official visitors as contemplated in a recent appointment sent me by Governor Barnes. Hence I am unable to make a formal report or join in the recommendations made by the other members of the visiting committee. I take pleasure however in saying that it seems to me that it is not only just but in every way desirable that this institution should be liberally provided for by the Territory. The prosperity of the commonwealth will be helped greatly by the increased intelligence and prosperity of all classes of its citizens. This institution as its name indicates is designed to furnish for our colored people the education furnished to white youths in the Agricultural College, the Normal Schools and the University. Under the conditions existing it seems to me very desirable that a dormitory for girls should be built. I am very glad to understand that it is the purpose of the management to give much attention to fitting the students for the industries of life, and it seems to me desirable that provision should be made for sufficient land and equipment for work in agriculture and horticulture lines and also for shop and equipment for elementary instruction in wood and iron working.

While much of the instruction given must be elementary for a time the institution should have reasonable outfit in books and apparatus to make it possible to give better instruction along all lines pursued.

Yours very truly,
G. E. MORROW.

....PRESIDENT'S REPORT....

OF THE

DEAF MUTE INSTITUTE.

GUTHRIE, O. T., December 21, 1898.

HON. C. M. BARNES,
Governor of Oklahoma, Guthrie, O. T.

Dear Sir: Section 1, chapter 16, session laws 1897, puts the general management and control of the school for the deaf and dumb children of the territory in the hands of the board of education for the normal schools. At a meeting of the board held in November, 1897, rules and regulations were adopted to govern the admittance and management of these unfortunate children. The school was formally opened at the beginning of the year 1898 and has been conducted in a very business like manner. Frequent visits have been made by the members of the board from time to time; and they have been pleased all along with the management of the school. The physical, mental and moral needs of the pupils have received careful attention. Proper interest and sympathy is given to them by the superintendent, matron and teacher. For further information in regard to this feature of the institution, see attached copy of the report by the superintendent.

The provision made for the maintenance of the institution by the last legislative assembly was inadequate to the demands. Owing to the limited means, only twenty-five of these unfortunate children could be admitted this year. The levy of one-twentieth of a mill for the two years, 1897 and 1898, is not sufficient to maintain the school for the full year 1898. There have been issued for the first three quarters of the year warrants aggregating $3,819.51 which is $186.96 more than the full levy for the two years.

Sixty-five deaf and dumb children have been reported to this office by the county clerks for the year 1898.

In my opinion the fifth legislature should make provision for a levy of one-fifth of a mill for the maintenance of this institution.

Very respectfully,

S. N. HOPKINS.

President of the Board of Education for the Normal Schools.

....SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT....

Guthrie, O. T., December 5, 1898.

To Hon S. N. Hopkins,

Superintendent of Public Instruction, Guthrie, O. T.

Sir: In compliance with your request I beg leave to submit the following report of the Deaf and Dumb Institute under my charge, for the year 1898, for which provision was made at the last session of the Legislature, and which came under my control October 1, 1897, by virtue of a contract executed in accordance with the provisions of the Act of March 12, 1897.

The Institute is located in West Guthrie, Oklahoma, in a large two-story frame building, pleasantly situated on the banks of the Cottonwood River, the premises embracing the entire block, the larger portion of which is enclosed with a seven foot woven wire fence giving ample play and exercise ground for the pupils.

The total number of pupils connected with this institute during the period covered by this report is thirty-one; six of which have left the Institute for the reasons appended:

John Kilpatrick	Withdrawn.
Emma Duffy	Withdrawn.
Gracie Wilcoxen	Taking private oral instruction.
Judson Tripp	Physically unable to attend school.
Annie Vary	Feeble minded, not a subject for this school.
Prudence Black	Parents moved out of territory.

Leaving the present number twenty-five, thirteen boys and twelve girls.

The following are the names and the counties from which they are from:

Duncan, Lizzie	Canadian County
Duncan, Laura	Canadian County
Rice, Carl	Canadian County
Schrieber, Morvia	Lincoln County
Adams, Frank	Logan County
Haner, Pearl	Logan County
Ruck, Katie	Logan County
Stuard, Clarence	Logan County
Hackerburg, Guy	Logan County
Goin, Com. P. (since moved to Logan)	Payne County
Goin, Ellen B. (since moved to Logan)	Payne County

Buckles, Guy F	Payne County
Piatt, Joel	Noble County
Ford, Annie	Oklahoma County
Harney, Ed	Oklahoma County
Sprague, Annie	Pottawatomie County
Taylor, Lucinda	Pottawatomie County
Johnson, Dessa	Pottawatomie County
Washburne, Cora	Pottawatomie County
Nicholas, Harmon	Roger Mills County
Wall, Frank	Washita County
Huff, Roland	Kay County
Simpson, Enola	Kay County
Sleeper, Flossie	Woods County
Sleeper, Harley	Woods County
Total	25

The Institute building has been arranged with special reference to the comfort and health of the inmates. It constitutes their domicile, there they eat, sleep and resort for rest and recreation, and, so far as possible, its appointments and furnishings have been made with a view to contentment, good health and the employment of such conveniences and acquisitions as are usually found in well ordered homes.

The superintendent and matron reside here with the pupils and have them in immediate charge and oversight in the place of their parents.

Water pipes from the city mains have been introduced, and here is an abundant supply of water for all purposes. Bath tubs have been placed, and a sewerage system has been constructed as a safeguard against pollution and disease. A separate building adjacent to the premises is used as a school room. The school is in charge of Miss Kate Lindsay, a capable teacher of the deaf and dumb, who has had seven years experience in this special work. The school hours are the same as in the public schools of the Territory, but the pupils are required to study one hour each evening of the school days. On Sunday a Sabbath school is held and Bible study conducted in the mute language. This language is used in returning thanks at meals.

The pupils have made surprising progress in their school work and it is a pleasure to record that moral development has kept pace with the intellectual, and the majority have learned and put into practice many of the virtues essential to the maintenance of good character, of which they were before ignorant, or concerning which they were apparently indifferent.

Discipline has been firm, yet reasonable, and has been administered in a way to gain the confidence and respect for the subject. Corporal punishment has never been practiced. Moral suasion, kind discussion and urgings, have influenced the abandonment of unseemly and pernicious habits, and secured obedience from those inclined to insubordination.

At the close of the school term, June 30, 1898, upon separating for a short vacation, the most affectionate relations existed between the pupils and their guardians and teacher. The strong affectionate nature of these children is manifest, and they give frequent expressions of gratitude for the benefits they receive.

It is a pleasant reflection that in carrying out the will of the Legislature in caring for and educating these unfortunate ones, the faculty has been able to contribute so much towards their happiness and well-being, and in ameliorating the hard conditions imposed through the inability to hear or speak.

There are on file at this date, names and addresses of upwards of forty mutes, in addition to those enrolled in our schools, whom it is impossible to entertain or accommodate until there is adequate appropriation made by the Legislature for this extra number, as well as for those already enrolled. It has been remarked and claimed by many of those unfortunate ones that "they have as much right to the benefits of the Institute as those already enrolled," and no doubt it is true, but, as the appropriation is exhausted, we will have to wait the action of the coming legislature.

With the knowledge of how many are entitled to claim the privilege, the Legislature will no doubt provide at the coming session, the funds necessary to meet the requirements.

Respectfully submitted,

H. C. BEAMER,
Superintendent.

Annual Report of the Acting Adjutant-General.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

Territory of Oklahoma,
Office of the Adjutant-General

GUTHRIE, December 31, 1898.

To His Excellency C. M. Barnes,
Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

Sir: I have the honor to most respectfully submit my report for the current year of the Military department of the Territory with such sub-reports as have been received.

Under an executive order from your Excellency I assumed the duties of the office March 26, 1898, hence this report covers a period of nearly three months during which this department was under the administration of General Phil. C. Rosenbaum.

MILITIA.

I estimate the number of persons residing in the territory subject to enrollment for military service as fifty thousand.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

On the 31st day of January, this year, the National Guard consisted of thirty-eight commissioned officers and three hundred and sixty-one enlisted men; aggregate three hundred and ninety-nine. On the 30th day of April, this year, the National Guard consisted of thirty-five commissioned officers and five hundred and thirty enlisted men; aggregate five hundred and sixty-five.

Under the first call of the President for volunteers in the war with Spain, Oklahoma's allotment was one troop of cavalry, special mounted service of eighty men, preference being given the Militia. These men were taken from all parts of the Territory and on May 5th eighty men, picked out of over five hundred, were sworn into the service of the United States to compose one troop of the famous Rough Riders. In June, under the second call of the President for volunteers, by zealous work on the part of your excellency, Oklahoma's allotment was for one Battalion of Infantry composed of one Major, one Surgeon with the rank of Major, one Chaplain with the rank of Captain, one extra First Lieutenant, one Hospital Stewart and four companies, each company to consist of one Captain, one First Lieutenant, one Second Lieutenant, one First Sergeant, one Quartermaster Sergeant, four Sergeants, twelve Corporals, two Musicians, one Artificer, one Wagoner and eighty-four privates; this Battalion to form a part of the regiment known as the "Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, U. S. Volunteer Infantry." On June 27th the work of enrolling and recruiting for this Battalion commenced and on the 9th day of July the first company was mustered into the service of the United States at Guthrie, O. T.; on the 11th day of July the second company was mustered into the service at Shawnee, the third company being mustered into the service at Perry on the 14th day of July and the fourth company mustered into the service at Kingfisher on the 16th day of July. They were then mobilized at Fort Reno and on the 19th day of September were ordered to Lexington, Kentucky, where they were assigned to the First Army Corps, Second Division, Third Brigade, and on the 8th day of November ordered to Albany, Georgia.

As about two-thirds of the Militia enlisted in the volunteers, only two hundred officers and men constituted the National Guard on July 1st. The work of recruiting the Militia has been going on steadily since July 20th, and it now stands with a total number of twenty-nine commissioned officers and four hundred and thirty enlisted men, with a regimental organization composed of ten companies of infantry and a regimental band; all but one company being equipped with the undress uniform of the same pattern used in the United States Army and the Springfield rifles, Cal. .45. This unequipped company, which is located at Perry, is now being equipped.

The work of the Militia since July 20th is commendable; attendance has been excellent, and the force has shown what can be done where earnest and harmonious work is the rule. Recent drill regulations have been adopted by the War Department for the Springfield rifles and these regulations are now in use.

In addition to the usual and ordinary duties, by direction of your excellency, the work of raising the volunteers for service in the war with Spain under the calls of the President, under dates April 23, 1898, and May 25, 1898, respectively, have very properly devolved upon this office. The fact that a very great number of these volunteers were taken from the militia, as is hereinbefore shown, greatly reduced the strength and efficiency thereof and a great deal of time and effort was consequently necessarily expended in recruiting the militia up to its present condition. It has been my endeavor to put the militia on a stronger footing than had been heretofore attained, having in view the recommendations of Adjutant-General Corbin, Colonel Roosevelt and other high officials of our regular army, the soundness of which recommendations having been thoroughly demonstrated in our late war with Spain.

As the law does not provide for an annual encampment and the Territory has never made any appropriation for the same, the National Guard have been working under great difficulty. Experience has shown that to undertake to maintain the Guard without an encampment annually is a great detriment thereto. While each company can attain a certain degree of efficiency at its home station during the year in company movements, it is necessary that the whole regiment be assembled annually for field movements.

There are at present several applications from different localities of the Territory asking that a company of the National Guard be located at their towns, but in view of the fact that the militia law of this Territory only permits five hundred men, exclusive of territorial cadets, it is impossible to comply with these requests.

SERVICE IN AID OF THE CIVIL AUTHORITY.

No call has been made this year on the armed forces of the Territory to assist in preserving the peace, rights and property of the Territory, and that there has been no cause for such aid must be very gratifying to every good citizen of the Territory. But should it become necessary for them to be called out, I have every reason to believe that they would conduct themselves in a soldierly and efficient manner and perform every duty assigned them with credit to themselves and honor to the Territory. They would command order, suppress lawlessness, protect life, property and labor, restore confidence and peace to the alarmed community and by their determined and soldierly bearing accomplish the purpose for which they were ordered out, thus forcibly illustrating the necessity and value of maintaining and amply supporting a thoroughly organized, well instructed and properly equipped body of citizen soldierly, the moral effect of whose existence and presence will uphold law, prevent conflict and maintain order and good government.

APPROPRIATIONS.

The general government appropriates annually the sum of $400,000 towards arming and equipping the militia, which is divided among the several states and territories according to their representation in congress; provided, however, that they support and maintain a reasonable force of active militia. Oklahoma's share of this amout is $2,872.03 per annum. According to law this amount can only be used in the purchase of arms, equipment, clothing and camp equipage from the United States. During this fiscal year there has been purchased from the general government, ordnance and quartermaster's stores to the value of $2,826.78, leaving at date a balance to the credit of Oklahoma the sum of $45.25. Prior to 1898, the Territory had received from the War Department, military equipments and stores to the extent of $13,538.55, making a total at date of $16,365.33, received.

It appears that prior to the beginning of the present fiscal year, and before my entrance upon the discharge of the duties of this office, this Department had been charged with, and had received from the government of the United States, Ordnance and Quartermaster stores to the value of $13,538.55, as before stated. Upon taking charge of this Department, I found, however, that a great portion of these stores had been either lost, or by use, rendered unserviceable and of practical no value; no account of such loss and unserviceable stores had ever been taken by any former administration of this office. Accordingly on the 20th day of May, 1898, a Board of Survey, to fix the responsibility for a portion of such loss and unservicability of stores, was called for and granted. The report of said board of survey and the returns for the year ending December 31, 1898, of the different company commanders, show that the stores so lost and unserviceable will amount to about $2,000. It will be necessary to again call for a Board of Survey to determine the exact extent of said additional loss and unservicibility.

Section 4 of An Act to amend section 1661 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, provides, "That all arms, equipments, ordnance stores, or tents which may become unserviceable or unsuitable shall be examined by a board of officers of the militia, and its report shall be forwarded by the Governor of the state or territory direct to the Secretary of War, who shall direct what disposition, by sale or otherwise, shall be made of them; and if sold, the proceeds of such sale shall be covered into the Treasury of the Unitd States."

RECOMMENDATIONS.

With the present military spirit and high standing of the Oklahoma National Guard, and the fact that nearly all states provide for an annual encampment, it is very important that an encampment of the entire regiment be held, and believing a greater portion of the work already performed would be materially lost without such encampment, it is earnestly recommended that the legislature provide a sufficient appropriation for an encampment annually for the entire Guard of the Territory.

Adjutant-General Corbin in his annual report to the Secretary of War, discussing the National Guard, says:

"While the yearly state encampments have been productive of possitive good in imparting practical instruction to the troops participating, the experience of the recent campaign has demonstrated the absolute necessity of further assimilating the condition of encamped troops to the actual necessities of active service by making the men, while in camp, dependent for their subsistence on the army rations to be furnished by the state authorities, on ration returns, and cooked by the troops in precisely the same manner as on actual service in the field. An organization ordered to a state camp for military instruction, relying on a caterer to furnish the necessary food, can never acquire that self reliance which characterizes the regular soldier on active duty, for, without previously received instructions in preparing for food, the natural result when called into service, would be poorly cooked and wasted rations which failing to strengthen the physical man, make him liable to febral and stomachic troubles incident to service in all kinds of weather, under distressing but unavoidable conditions."

APPENDICES.

Your attention is respectfully invited to the appendices forming part of this report:

A. Report of Commanding Officers.

B. General Orders issued in 1898.

C. Returns of Quartermaster Stores.

D. Returns of Ordnance Stores.

E. Official Register of the First U. S. Volunteer Cavalry. (Rough Riders.)

F. Official Register of the First Battalion U. S. Volunteer Infantry.

G. Commander-in-Chief and Staff.

H. Official Register of the organized Militia of the Territory.

CONCLUSION.

In concluding this report, permit me to acknowledge with sincere and thorough gratification your kindness to me personally and your thoughtful appreciation of the military forces of the Territory, displayed on all occasions and to assure you that you have the best wishes for your welfare of every officer and man who served under your command.

I have the honor to remain,

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

BERT C. ORNER,

Second Lieutenant and Act. Adjutant-General.

APPENDIX "A" REPORTS OF COMMANDING OFFICERS.

COMPANY "A."

Captain Frank O. Miller, Commanding.

GUTHRIE, O. T., November 26, 1898.

To Bert C. Orner, Second Lieutenant and Act. Adjutant-General, Guthrie, O. T.:

Sir: I have the honor to respectfully submit my report as Captain of Company "A," 1st Regiment, Ok. N. G., according to your order of November 1st.

I was elected Captain of Co. "A," 1st Reg't. Ok. N. G. August 22, 1898. After receiving all books and papers belonging to said company, I found eighteen enlisted men in the company, consisting of one 1st Sergeant, one duty Sergeant, one Corporal and fifteen privates. I began recruiting the company up and at this date have a company consisting of one 1st Lieutenant, one 1st Sergeant, four Sergeants, five Corporals, two Musicians and twenty-seven privates; aggregate, thirty-seven enlisted men. Until recently Company "A" has been drilling four times a week, but are now only drilling once a week with an average attendance of one hundred per cent.

The efficiency of the First Lieutenant, up to and including the school of the company, in close and extended order.......................................88 per cent

Efficiency of, and general average of the non-commissioned officers, up to and including the school of the company, in close and extended order..............85 per cent

The general efficiency and average of the company in all drills, up to and including the school of the company, in close and extended order.....................83 per cent

EQUIPMENTS ON HAND AND CONDITION OF SAME.

The condition of the Quartermaster Stores, with the exception of the Forage Caps, and Berlin Gloves are all badly worn and some unfit for service, the same having been issued to this company in 1894 and have been in constant use ever since; the Forage Caps and Berlin Gloves having only been issued this year are in good condition.

The condition of the Ordnance Stores are fair; there is one bayonet, two bayonet scabbards, four canteens and one arm rack unfit for service. The rifles are in fair condition.

In case of riot or out break of any kind, Company "A" would be in good condition, ready and willing to bear arms and defend the country they represent, and at any time on six hours notice, company "A" can furnish thirty-four men well drilled and fully equipped, that would bear themselves in a soldierly way and could be depended upon at any and all times, as the company is composed of the best class of young men, all ready and willing to go at the county's call as the records will show by the number it furnished in the late war with Spain and the manner in which they conducted themselves while in the service of the United States. Six of the famous Rough Riders are now members of this company. This company can be recruited up on short notice to the limit allowed by law, but it would be useless to do so now on account of our lack of equipments.

On October 23, 1898, twenty-six men and one Commissioned Officer went to Perkins, O. T., to attend the old soldier's reunion. The camp routine was as follows:

Reveille	6:30 A. M.
Breakfast	7:30 A. M.
Company Drill	9:30 A. M.
Dinner	12:30 P. M.
Company Drill	3:30 P. M.
Supper	6:00 P. M.
Taps	10:00 P. M.

We spent four days in camp with two drills a day. Every man present at every drill. Had the best of discipline throughout the trip.

The company is now working in harmony and are all deeply interested in the welfare of the company; are prompt at drills and take the best care of all company property in their charge.

I am sir Very Respectfully,

FRANK O. MILLER,
Capt. Comd'g. Co. "A," 1st Reg't., Ok. N. G.

No report from Commanding Officer of Company "B" located at Alva, O. T.

No report from Commanding Officer of Co. "C," located at Oklahoma City, O. T.

COMPANY "D."

Captain J. M. Welch, Commanding.

PONCA CITY, O. T., November 25, 1898.

To Lieut. Bert C. Orner, Act. Adjutant- General, Guthrie, O. T.:

Sir: I have the honor of submitting the following report of the condition of Company "D" 1st Regiment, Ok. N. G.

At the inspection held under your order of November 1, 1898, there was present for duty:

One Captain, one 2nd Lieutenant, three Sergeants three Corporals, two Trumpters, thirty Privates.

Absent: Eight Privates.

Total enlisted men, 46.

The condition of property on hand are in fair shape. This company can be recruited up to the maximum at any time.

Very Respectfully,
J. M. WELCH,
Capt. Comd'g. Co. "D," 1st Reg't, Ok. N. G.

No report from Commanding Officer of Company "E" located at Pawnee, O. T.

COMPANY "F."

Captain A. H. Young, Commanding.

SHAWNEE, O. T., November 12, 1898.

Lieut. Bert C. Orner, Act. Adjutant-General, Guthrie, O. T.:

Sir: I have the honor to make the following report of the general condition of Co. "F," during the period I have been in command of the company.

Efficiency of First Lieutenant, up to and including the school of the company in close and extended order...90 per cent

Efficiency of Second Lieutenant in all movements, up to and including evolutions of the Regiment.........95 per cent

General average of the non-commissioned officers up to and including the school of the company, both in close and extended order..................................85 per cent

General efficiency of the company, in all drills, up to and including the school of the company, both in extended and close order..................................82 per cent

General average of the company..............88 per cent

The general condition of equipments are good. The average attendance is good, being about eighty per cent. The records of this company have been kept in very poor shape, but if new books can be furnished the company, they will be kept in better condition.

Very Respectfully,
A. H. YOUNG,
Capt. Comd'g. Co. "F," 1st Reg't. Ok. N. G.

COMPANY "G."

Captain E. J. Solomon, Commanding.

KINGFISHER, O. T., November 18, 1898.

To 2nd Lieut. Bert C. Orner, Act. Adjutant-General, Guthrie, O. T.:

Sir: Pursuant to your order of November 1, 1898, I respectfully submit the following as a report of the efficiency of Company "G," 1st Regiment, Ok. N. G.

Upon taking charge of Co. "G" as First Lieutenant on July 10, 1898, the muster roll showed an enlistment of about eighty-five men, but a number having enlisted in the U. S. Volunteer service.

their discharges were issued. At that time the company was well versed in the manuel of arms, company movements, including platoon drill, and battle formation; but from the fact that the amount of equipments was limited, and that some of the most proficient men and non-commissioned officers of the company entered the U. S. V. service and were discharged as stated above, there were only a few well drilled men to form a frame work with which to get the new men in shape and to whom the equipments were re-issued.

With the excitement of real war at hand, interest in the company seemed to wane, but at this time a very appreciable interest has been aroused.

The strength of the company at present is forty-nine enlisted men and three commissioned officers. The company at this time is well versed in the Manuel of Arms, some of the men being very proficient, but from the fact that a number have only been equipped for a short time, are not quite so well up on company movements. But with renewed interest and the possibility of enlisting a number of new men, the company is in much better shape than when I took command as 1st Lieutenant.

The condition of equipments are good. Attendance and discipline good.

It is my opinion Co. "G" could be relied upon to do good service in case of emergency.

Yours Very Respectfully,
ELMER SOLOMON,
Capt. Comd'g. Co. "G," 1st Reg't., Ok. N. G.

No report from Commanding Officer of Company "H," located at Perry, O. T. This company has never been equipped.

COMPANY "I."

Captain J. R. Scott, Commanding.

NEWKIRK, O. T., November 15, 1898.

Lieut. Bert C. Orner, Act. Adjutant-General, Guthrie, O. T.:

Sir: I have the honor to respectfully submit my report of Company "I," 1st Regiment, Ok. N. G. called for in your order of November 1, 1898.

At the inspection held here under orders from A. G. O. there was present:

One Captain, one 1st Lieutenant, one 2nd Lieutenant, four Sergeants, one Bugler, sixteen Privates.

Absent: One Bugler, nine Privates.

Total present and absent: Thirty-four enlisted men.

This company has only equipments enough to equip thirty-four men. The equipments are in first class condition. Company "I" can be recruited to the maximum at any time and could be relied upon for any emergency.

Very Respectfully,

J. R. SCOTT,

Capt. Comd'g. Co. "I," 1st Reg't., Ok. N. G.

COMPANY "K."

Captain W. B. Mick, Commanding.

ENID, O. T., November 12, 1898.

To Lieut. Bert C. Orner, Act. Adjutant- General, Guthrie, O. T.:

Sir: In pursuant to your orders of November 1, 1898, I have the honor to make the following report of the condition of Company "K" 1st Regiment Ok. N. G.

On the 10th day of September, 1898, I was elected Captain and took charge of the Company. The papers and books of the company being turned over to me, I found the equipments somewhat scattered and the Muster Roll gone and have up to this time been unable to find the same.

The Company up to date stands as follows:

One Captain, one 1st Lieutenant, one 2nd Lieutenant, one 1st Sergeant, four Sergeants, two Corporals, two Musicians, forty-one Privates.

Total: Fifty enlisted men.

The Company is fairly well drilled and are very orderly and of good behavior; have good attendance for the way the company is equipped, there being only enough equipments to completely equip thirty-one men. The condition of clothing is good; the Ordnance Stores are in good condition, except one rifle, which has stock broken.

This company could be relied upon at any time in case of emergency.

Very Respectfully,

W. B. MICK,

Capt. Comd'g. Co. "K," 1st Reg't., Ok. N. G.

FIRST REGIMENT BAND.

Captain S. A. Mann, Commanding.

GUTHRIE, O. T., December 6, 1898.

To Lieut. Bert C. Orner, Act. Adjutant- General, Guthrie, O. T.:

Sir: In compliance with your orders of December 3rd, I have the honor to respectfully submit the following report of the 1st Regiment Band Oklahoma National Guard:

There are at present a total number of thirty-six enlisted men in the Band, residing at various towns in the territory, who are, with the exception of perhaps three or four, competent musicians of recognized ability. The reputation of this Band has been and is at the present time, second to none in the West, having been given the highest awards in Kansas City, Mo., during the Priest of Pallas Carnival for the past three years, and with proper equipments this Band will be made one of the most prominent in the United States Military circles

The condition of the instruments, which have been in constant use since 1894, greatly retards the advancement of the Band, they are in very bad condition and the following unfit for use:

One Eb Clarinet, two Bb Clarinets, one Slide Trombone, one Valve Trombone, one Baritone, two Altos, one Snare Drum, one pair Snare Drum Sticks, one Base Drum Stick.

The Dress uniforms are in poor condition and some of the coats unfit for use; the dress helmets are in bad condition, some being torn and unfit for use; the trousers, with the exception of seven or eight pairs, wholly unfit for service; the undress blouses are in fair condition; the duck uniforms are in fair condition as also are the white helmets; the forage caps are good, the same having only been issued this year.

It is my desire to keep the Band to its high standard of excellence, thus gaining for Oklahoma's musical organizations a reputation that will be a credit to it.

Very Respectfully,
S. A. MANN,
Capt. Comd'g. 1st Reg't. Band, Ok. N. G.

APPENDIX "B."

GENERAL ORDERS ISSUED 1898.

Territory of Oklahoma,
Office of the Adjutant-General,
GUTHRIE, April 1, 1898.

General Orders, No. 1.

I. Colonel Daniel Frazier Stiles having resigned, is hereby Honorably Discharged from service as Colonel of the 1st Regiment Ok. N. G.

II. Lieutenant-Colonel Robert B. Huston is hereby promoted to be Colonel of the 1st Regiment Ok. N. G., and he will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

III. Major William P. Baker, is hereby promoted to be Lieutenant-Colonel of the 1st Regiment Ok. N. G., and he will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

IV. Captain William Whitworth, Co. "B" is hereby promoted to be Major of the 3rd Battalion, 1st Regiment Ok. N. G., and he will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

V., Regimental Headquarters, until further orders will be located at Guthrie, O. T.

By order of the Governor.

BERT C. ORNER,
2nd Lieut. and Act. Adjutant-General.

Territory of Oklahoma,
Office of the Adjutant-General,
GUTHRIE, April 7, 1898.

General Orders, No. 2.

1. Lieutenant-Colonel Robert B. Huston having been promoted as Colonel of the 1st Regiment Ok. N. G on the 1st day of April, 1898, he will at once enter upon the discharge of his duties and assume command of the Regiment, and he will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By order of the Governor.

BERT C. ORNER,
2nd Lieut. and Act. Adjutant-General.

Territory of Oklahoma,
Office of the Adjutant-General
GUTHRIE, April 9, 1898.

General Orders, No.3.

I. That part of Par. I. General Orders No. 4, A. G. O of date August 28, 1897, which reads as follows:

"No enlisted man shall be entitled to an 'Honorable Discharge,' who shall not have done at least six months duty with his Company, or in case of Non-Commissioned Officers, at least six months duty as such with their Regiment."

Is hereby revoked, for the reason that it is in violation of Sec. 17, Chap. 35, Session Laws, 1895.

By order of the Governor.

BERT C. ORNER,
2nd Lieut. and Act. Adjutant-General.

Territory of Oklahoma,
Office of the Adjutant-General,
GUTHRIE, April 21, 1898.

General Orders, No. 4.

I. General Orders No. 3, A. G. O. of date August 7, 1895, is hereby revoked.

II. All Company Commanders, Ok. N. G. are hereby ordered to recruit their Companies to 80 men, the maximum allowed under Sec. 4, Chap. 35, Session Laws, 1895.

By order of the Governor.

BERT C. ORNER,
2nd Lieut. and Act. Adjutant-General.

Territory of Oklahoma,
Office of the Adjutant-General,

GUTHRIE, April 30, 1898.

General Orders, No. 5.

I. The Rendezvous for the Oklahoma Volunteers, having been established at Guthrie, O. T., the same is hereby designated as Camp George W. Steele.

By order of the Governor.

BERT C. ORNER,
2nd Lieut. and Act. Adjutant-General.

Territory of Oklahoma,
Office of the Adjutant-General,

GUTHRIE, May 20, 1898.

General Orders, No. 6.

I. The following appointments and promotions are hereby made to take effect as of this date, viz.:

James H. Wheeler to be Inspector-General.
1st Lieut. H. Augustus Platt to be Quartermaster-General.
W. Harry Mead to be Chief of Ordnance.
Paul Jundt to be Commissary-General.
Matthias J. Holt to be Judge Advocate-General.
Leslie G. Niblack to be Paymaster-General.
Captain James M. Wheeler to be Aid-de-Camp.
Ernest G. Douglas to be Aid-de-Camp.

They will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By order of the Governor.

BERT C. ORNER,
2nd Lieut. and Act. Adjutant-General.

Territory of Oklahoma,
Office of the Adjutant-General,

GUTHRIE, June 4, 1898.

General Orders, No. 7.

I. The following is a summary of Special Orders issued, and changes which have occurred in the Oklahoma National Guard, during the month of May:

RESIGNED.

Colonel Robert B. Huston, 1st Regiment.

Captain S. Arthur McGinnis, Company "I" 1st Regiment.

May 5, S. O. No. 23,—

PLACED IN COMMAND.

May 12, S. O. No. 26,—

Directs Lieutenant-Colonel Wm. P. Baker to assume command of 1st Regiment.

Directs 1st Lieutenant H. H. Smock to assume command of Company "I" 1st Regiment.

DISCHARGED.

May 13, S. O. No. 27,—

Company "A" 1st Regiment, Guthrie
  Private Harry W. White.
Company "C" 1st Regiment, Oklahoma City.
  Corporal George L. Stiles.
  Private Francis M. Weaver.
Company "G" 1st Regiment, Kingfisher.
  Private A. D. Fuqua.
  Private Bernie Lee.
  Private Harley Lee.
  Private Samuel E. Weeks.
  Private Edwin Wilcox.
Company "K" 1st Regiment, Enid.
  Private George W. Rockwell.
  Private Melvin Voorhees.

BOARD OF SURVEY.

May 17, S. O. No. 28,—

Convenes Board of Survey at the Adjutant-General's Office, Guthrie, May 20th, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Detail for the Board.
Captain J. M. Wheeler, Quartermaster 1st Regiment.
1st Lieutenant Chas. J. Laux, Company "A" 1st Regiment.
1st Lieutenant H. A. Platt, Adjutant 1st Regiment. Recorder.

By order of the Governor.

BERT C. ORNER,
2nd Lieut. and Act. Adjutant-General.

Territory of Oklahoma.
Office of the Adjutant-General,
GUTHRIE, June 17, 1898.

General Orders, No. 8.

I. All Company Commanders will hold an inspection of their respective commands, company quarters and property at their home station not later than the 20th inst., and will cause their returns of such inspections to be prepared and mailed so as to reach this office not later than the 23rd, inst.

II. Blank forms will be mailed to the Officers designated in the preceeding paragraph, necessary to carry the same into effect.

By order of the Governor.

BERT C. ORNER,
2nd Lieut. and Act. Adjutant-General.

APPENDIX "C."

RETURNS OF QUARTERMASTER STORES.

ABSTRACT "A."

Annual return of Quartermaster Stores from January 1, 1898, to December 1, 1898.

ABSTRACT "B."

Property received from United States War Department from January 1, 1898, to December 1, 1898.

In very many instances, when the property is turned over from one officer to another, there is a shortage, and sometimes to a very considerable amount. If at least once each year there should be a thorough inspection of all public property with each commanding officer, the inspecting officer to be furnished an account from the books of this Department of all such property and a report made to this office of all that is missing and the condition and serviceability of such as he finds. These inspections and reports would doubtless tend to secure greater vigilance in the care of such property.

ABSTRACT "A."

Annual Return of Quartermaster's Stores from January 1, 1898, to December 1, 1898, inclusive.

	Aquillettes.	Blankets.	Blouses.	Boots.	Brassards.	Caps, canvas.	Caps, forage	Cap Wreaths.	Caps, fur.	Cap Ornaments.	N. C. S. Color and 1st Sergeant Chevrons.	Sergeant Chevrons	Corporal Chevrons.	Non-Commi'd Staff Gold Lace Chevrons.	Sergeant Gold Lace Chevrons.	Corporal Gold Lace Chevrons.	Service Chevrons.	Arctic Overshoes.	Canvas Overcoats.	Summer Coats.	Dress Coats.
On hand last return	25	150	379	6	16	12	441	2	15	20	23	44	55	2	1	4	25	6	6	30	25
Received	....	....	....	....	....	....	30	....	....	340	1	2	5	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	25	150	179	6	16	12	471	2	15	360	24	46	60	2	1	4	25	6	6	30	25
Property condemned and lost	....	12	6	....	....	....	19	....	2	....	....	2	4	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....
Property unserviceable	....	....	44	....	....	....	56	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Property serviceable	25	138	129	....	....	....	396	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total on hand	25	138	173	6	16	12	452	2	13	360	24	44	56	2	1	4	25	5	6	30	25

ABSTRACT "A"—Continued.

	Fur Gauntlets.	Gauntlets.	Gloves, Berlin.	Hats, campaign.	Helmits, cork.	Helmits, felt.	Cords and Bands.	Devices.	Eagles.	Hair Plumes.	Lyres.	Numbers.	Scrolls and rings.	Side Buttons.	Sockets, for plumes.	Top Bases.	Leggings.	Mittens.	Overalls.	Overcoats.	Ponchos.
On hand last return	18	45	910	112	25	25	25	52	25	25	75	347	25	25	25	25	140	12	12	90	100
Received	....	....	170	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	30	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	18	45	1080	112	25	25	25	52	25	25	105	347	25	25	25	25	140	12	12	90	100
Property condemned and lost	1	9	87	5	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	137	....	....	....	....	30	....	....	11	....
Property unserviceable	....	....	....	33	....	....	....	....	....	....	12	27	....	....	....	....	4	....	....	2	....
Property serviceable	....	....	....	74	25	25	25	52	25	25	93	183	25	25	25	25	106	12	12	77	100
Total on hand	17	36	993	107	25	25	25	52	25	25	105	210	25	25	25	25	110	12	12	79	100

ABSTRACT "A."—Continued.

	Shirts.	Shoes, barrack.	Shoes, leather.	Stable Frocks.	Trousers, canvas.	Trousers, foot.	Trousers foot, fine.	Summer Trousers.	N. C. S. Stripes.	Sergeant Stripes.	Corporal Stripes.	Brassards.	Buttons, large.	Buttons, small.	Cloth, d. b.	Flannel, d. b.	Kersey, s. b.	Cloth, fine quality.	Books, Co	Books, Regt.	Bunks, iron.
On hand last return	80	2	6	12	12	378	58	30	1	61	177	16	24	24	50	8	8	64	30	5	6
Received	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	2	18	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	5	....	....
Total	80	2	6	12	12	378	58	30	2	63	195	16	24	24	50	8	8	64	35	5	6
Property condemned and lost	22	....	1	....	....	10	....	....	....	16	1	....	....	....	4½	....	....	....	....	....	....
Property unserviceable	....	....	....	....	....	43	....	....	....	....	10	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Property serviceable	58	2	5	12	12	325	58	30	2	47	184	16	24	24	45½	8	8	64	35	5	6
Total on hand	58	2	5	12	12	368	58	30	2	47	194	16	24	24	45½	8	8	64	35	5	6

ABSTRACT "A"—Continued.

	Bunk Bottoms.	Drums, Com.	Drum Cases.	Drum Heads.	Drum Slings.	Drum Sticks.	Drum Stick Carriage.	B. Drum Heads.	Belt and Sling.	Camp Colors.	Colors.	National Color.	Garrison Flag.	Storm Flag.	Halyards.	Artillery Guidon.	Hospital Flag.	Hand Litters.	Mattresses.	Post Flag.	Mosquito Bars.

ABSTRACT "A"—Continued.

	Music Pouches.	Trumpets and Crooks	Cords and Tassels.	Whistles.	Blouses, F.	Blouses, canvas.	Helmet Chin-straps.	Altos.	Baritone.	Bassos.	Clarionets.	Cornets.	Cymbals.	Piccolos.	Trombones.	Bags.	Music Stands.	Cross Rifles.	Cap, Buglars.	Cap, Letters.	
On hand last return....	25	19-17	17	13	30	12	25	3	1	2	4	4	1	1	4	11	25	379	20	337	...
Received......	....	.....	....	....	....	....	....	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..
Total..........	25	19-17	17	13	30	12	25	3	1	2	4	4	1	1	4	11	25	379	20	337	..
Property condemned and lost.............	....	.....	....	....	....	....	..	..	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	119	....	135	...
Property serviceable......	....	2	2	....	....	....	....	..	1	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	3	34	....	....	....
Property serviceable......	25	17-17	15	13	30	12	25	3	0	2	3	3	1	1	4	11	22	226	20	202	....
Total on hand........	25	19 17	17	13	30	12	25	3	1	2	4	4	1	1	4	11	25	260	20	202	....

ABSTRACT "B."

Property received from United States War Department from January 1, 1898, to December 1, 1898.

Caps, forage	30
Cap Ornaments	340
1st Sergeant Chevrons	1
Sergeant Chevrons	2
Corporal Chevrons	5
Gloves, Berlin	170
Cap Lyres	30
N. C. S. Stripes	1
Sergeant Stripes	2
Corporal Stripes	18
Company Books	5

RETURNS OF ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES.

ABSTRACT "A."

Annual return of Ordnance and Ordnance Stores from January 1, 1898, to December 1, 1898.

ABSTRACT "B."

Property received from United States War Department from January 1, 1898, to December 1, 1898.

ABSTRACT "A."

Annual Return of Ordnance and Ordnance Stores from January 1, 1898, to December 1, 1898, inclusive.

	Springfield Rifles, Cal. 45.	Magazine Rifle.	Colt's Revolver, Cal. 38.	Officers' Rifles, Cal. 45.	Officers' Swords.	Chamois-skin Cases.	S. S & W. Revolver, 45.	Shot-gun No. 20.	Intrench. Knives.	Sword Belts.	Revolver Screwdriver.	Shot-gun Cleaning Rods.	Pistol Holsters, 38.	Headless Shell Ex.	Screwdrivers.	Wooden Wiping Rods.	Tumbler Punches.	Spring Vices.	Shot-gun Screwdrivers.	Officers' Rifle Screwdrivers.	Intrench. Knife Scabbards.	Pistol Holsters, 45.	Bayonets.
On hand last return	250	1	6	2	13	13	6	2	6	11	6	2	6	120	119	161	26	8	2	2	6	6	246
Received	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	250	1	6	2	13	13	6	2	6	11	6	2	6	120	119	161	26	8	2	2	6	6	246
Property condemned and lost	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	4	1	....	....	....	16	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Property unserviceable	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1
Property serviceable	250	1	6	2	13	13	6	1	6	11	4	1	6	120	119	145	26	8	2	2	6	6	245
Total on hand	250	1	6	2	13	13	6	1	6	11	4	1	6	120	119	145	26	8	2	2	6	6	245

ABSTRACT "A"—Continued.

	Saddles.	Curb-bridles.	Watering Bridles.	Halters.	Curry-Combs.	Horse Brushes.	Lariats.	Nose-bags.	Picket Pins.	Saddle Blankets.	Saddle Bags.	Side-lines.	Spurs.	Saddle-cloths.	Cruppers.	Horse Covers.	Blanket-Bags.	B. B. Shoulder Straps.	B. B. Coat Straps.	Bayonet Scabbards.	Cartridge Belts.	Cartridge Belt Plates.	Cartridge Boxes.
On hand last return	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	3	6	6	6	6	6	50	50	53	280	78	84	247
Received	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	4
Total	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	3	6	6	6	6	6	50	50	53	280	78	84	251
Property condemned and lost	....	....	...	....	....	....	1	....	1	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	2	2	2	1	7	2
Property unserviceable	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	..	....	....	2	....	....	....
Property serviceable	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	5	5	3	6	6	6	6	6	48	48	51	276	77	74	249
Total on hand	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	6	5	5	3	6	6	6	6	6	48	48	51	278	77	74	249

ABSTRACT "A"—Continued.

	Canteens.	Canteen Straps	Gun Slings.	Haversacks.	Haversack Straps.	Waist Belts.	Waist Belt Plates.	Meat Cans.	Tin Cups.	Knives.	Forks.	Spoons.	Ball Cartridges, 45.	Revolver Ball Cartridges, 45.	Blank Cartridges, 45.	Revolver Ball Cartridges. 38	Shot-gun Cartridges No. 20.	Lbs. Powder.	Cartridge Primers.	Ball Cartridge, 30.	Rifle Bullets, 45.	Revolving Targets.	Paper Targets.
On hand last return	50	50	233	50	50	252	251	125	125	125	125	125	10201	1000	94	500	1000	50	5000	500	5000	10	15
Received	....	....	....	....	....	4	5	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	50	50	233	50	50	256	256	125	125	125	125	125	10201	1000	94	500	1000	50	5000	500	5000	10	159
Property condemned and lost	8	8	....	2	2	6	6	....	....	....	....	....	1036	24	94	190	....	....	2280	....	....	....	7
Property unserviceable	4	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Property serviceable	38	42	233	48	48	250	250	125	125	125	125	125	9165	976	0	310	1000	50	2720	500	5000	10	152
Total on hand	42	42	233	48	48	250	250	125	125	125	125	125	9165	976	0	310	1000	50	2720	500	5000	10	152

ABSTRACT "A"—Continued

	Centers.	Skirmish Targets.	Cloth Covers.	Shot Mark and Staves.	Signal Flags.	Cotton Cloth.	Pasters.	Shot-gun reloading Outfit.	Box Cleaning Material.	Arm Chests.	Reloading Tools.	Dis. Marksman Badges (gold.)	Mane-combs.	Sharp-shooters' Badges.	Marksman's Buttons.	Stencil Outfit.	Marking Outfit.	Marksman's Pins.	Arm Racks.	Rifle Instruction Books.	Paper Silhouettes.		
On hand last return	80	12	24	6	6	100	8020	1	1	13	1	2	6	6	12	1	1	6	4	2	24	....	....
Received	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Total	80	12	24	6	6	100	8020	1	1	13	1	2	6	6	12	1	1	6	4	2	24	....	....
Property condemned and lost	9	....	....	....	....	....	2500	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	2	....	....
Property unserviceable	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1	....	....	....	....
Property serviceable	71	12	24	6	6	100	7520	1	1	13	0	2	6	6	12	1	1	6	3	2	22	....	....
Total on hand	71	12	24	6	6	100	7520	1	1	13	1	2	6	6	12	1	1	6	4	2	22	....	....

ABSTRACT "B."

Property received from United States War Department from January 1, 1898, to December 1, 1898.

Cartridge Boxes, McKeever	4
Black Leather Waist Belts	4
Black Leather Waist Belt Plates	5

APPENDIX "E."

Official Register of the First U. S. Volunteer Cavalry—(Rough Riders.)

Robert B. Huston	Captain	Guthrie, O. T.
S. Arthur McGinnis	1st Lieutenant	Newkirk, O. T.
Jacob Schweizer	2nd Lieutenant	El Reno, O. T.
Orlando G. Palmer	1st Sergeant	Ponca City, O. T.
George H. Sands	Sergeant	Guthrie, O. T.
Gerald A. Webb	Sergeant	Guthrie, O. T.
Joseph A. Randolph	Sergeant	Waukomis, O. T.
Ira A. Hill	Sergeant	Newkirk, O. T.
Chas. E. Hunter	Corporal	Enid, O. T.
Calvin Hill	Corporal	Pawnee, O. T.
George Norris	Corporal	Kingfisher, O. T.
David V. McClure	Corporal	Oklahoma City, O. T.
John D. Rhoades	Corporal	Enid, O. T
Starr Wetmore	Trumpeter	Newkirk, O. T.
Thomas Moran	Farrier	Ft. Sill, O. T.
Amrine, William D	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Byrne, Peter F	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Beard, Lyman F	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Brown, James T	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Brandon, Perry H	Private	Lancaster, O. T.
Bailey, William	Private	Norman, O. T.
Beal, Fred M	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Burgess, George	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Chase, Leslie C	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Cashion, Roy V	Private	Hennessey, O. T.
Cease, Forest L	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Crosley, Henry S	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Cook, Walter M	Private	Enid, O. T.
Crawford, William S	Private	Enid, O. T.
Cross, William E	Private	El Reno, O. T.
David, Icem J	Private	Enid, O. T.
Douthett, Mathew	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Denham, Alex. H	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T.
Emery, Elzie E	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Faulk, William A	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Freeman, Elisha L	Private	Ponca City, O. T.
Folk, Theodore	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T.
Hill, Edwin M	Private	Tecumseh, O. T.
Honeycutt, James V	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Hulme, Robert A	Private	El Reno, O. T.

Hunter, Paul W	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Holmes, Thomas M	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Ishler, Shelby F	Private	Enid, O. T.
Johnston, Edward W	Private	Cushing, O. T.
Joyce, Walter	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Jordon, Andrew M	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Loughmiller, Edgar F	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T.
Luther, Arthur A	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Lusk, Henry	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Love, Henry K	Private	Tecumseh, O. T.
Miller, Rosco B	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
McMillen, Robert L	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
McGinty, William	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Meagher, Henry	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Muxlow, Lorrin D	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Miller, Volney D	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Mitchell, William H	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Newcomb, Marcellus L	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Norris, Warren	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Pollock, William F	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Palmer, William F	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Proctor, Joseph H	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Page, John F	Private	Alva, O. T.,
Reay, Scott	Private	Blackwell, O. T.
Russell, Albert H	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Stewart, Clyde H	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Stewart, Clare H	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Scott, Cliff D	Private	Clifton, O. T.,
Shockey, James M	Private	Perry, O. T.
Shipp, Edward W	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Shanafelt, Dick	Private	Perry, O. T.
Staley, Francis M	Private	Waukomis, O. T.
Smith, Fred	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Tauer, William L	Private	Ponca City, O. T.
Thomas, Albert M	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Vanderslice, James E	Private	Enid, O. T.
Wright, William O	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Weitzel, John F	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Woodward, John A	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Wilson, Frank M	Private	Guthrie, O. T.

APPENDIX "F."

Official Register of the First Battalion U. S. Volunteers—(Infantry.)

John F. Stone	Major	Guthrie, O. T.
William P. Baker	Major and Surgeon	Pawnee, O. T.
Job Ingram	Capt. and Chaplain	Kingfisher, O. T.
Ira I. Morrison	1st Lieutenant	Akron, Ohio.
Ralph E. Morrison	Hospital Steward	Chandler, O. T.

Company Mustered in at Guthrie, O. T.

Harry C. Barnes	Captain	Guthrie, O. T.
James P. Neal	1st Lieutenant	Pawnee, O. T.
Dabid B. Arrel	2nd Lieutenant	Guthrie, O. T.
Charles H. Stewart	1st Sergeant	Pawnee, O. T.
Karl J. Filson	Sergeant	Guthrie, O. T.
Albert B. Laverty	Sergeant	Guthrie, O. T.
Paul J. Foster	Sergeant	Guthrie, O. T.
Albert C. Garrison	Sergeant	Mulhall, O. T.
Samuel E. Arnold	Corporal	Cleveland, O. W.
Joseph C. Williams	Corporal	Ralston, O. T.
John M. Ripley	Corporal	Pawnee, O. T.
Sherwood W. Hill	Corporal	Guthrie, O. T.
Charles H. Lufkin	Corporal	Guthrie, O. T.
John M. Campbell	Corporal	Guthrie, O. T.
William S. Hitch	Corporal	Edmond, O. T.
Gottlute Eppinger	Corporal	Orlando, O. T.
Jesse H. Arnold	Corporal	Edmond, O. T.
Rufus L. Stewart	Corporal	Guthrie, O. T.
Pius M. Greiner	Musician	Edmond, O. T.
Charles Bone	Artificer	Guthrie, O. T.
Benjamin F. Perkins	Wagoner	Guthrie, O. T.
Adams, John F.	Private	Tologa, O. T.
Adams, William J.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Beard, James C.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Bebout, Charles P.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Bonter, George A.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Brady, Thomas F.	Private	Lawrie, O. T.
Breedlove, William E.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Brown, Orlin C.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Brown, Abraham L.	Private	Edmond, O. T.
Carnagey, Jet.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Chapin, Elba R.	Private	Downs, O. T.
Chapman, Joe E.	Private	DeQuene, Ark.
Cottingham, Lou W.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.

Crowell, Charles M.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Davis, John S.	Private	Follis, O. T.
Derrig, William E.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Dierolf, Henry J.	Private	Orlando, O. T.
Durling, John V.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Elliott, Griffith	Private	Mulhall, O. T.
Elliott, Thomas B.	Private	Edmond, O. T.
Ewing, Silas R.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Ferguson, G. Walker	Private	Watonga, O. T.
Fessler, Frank A.	Private	Edmond, O. T.
Freed, William J.	Private	Edmond, O. T.
Fretz, Hazzard	Private	Edmond, O. T.
Harmon, Jake	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Harvey, Charles	Private	Jefferson City, Mo.
Hedglin, Benjamin A.	Private	Mulhall, O. T.
Holmes, Wellington H.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Harst, Walter W., Jr.	Private	Edmond, O. T.
Jones, Stanton A.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Kelley, James	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Joiner, David W.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Kendall, Arthur E.	Private	Dawson Co., Neb.
Kiespert, William S.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
King, John G.	Private	Mulhall, O. T.
Klawitter, Jack	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Lewis, Ralph L.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Lovett, Thomas	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Loving, William V.	Private	Edmond, O. T.
Lucas, Robert	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Lyon, George H.	Private	Mulhall, O. T.
Marshall, Claude R.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Mason Homer W.	Private	Orlando, O. T.
Mathias, Chris	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Mayfield, Thomas J.	Private	Mulhall, O. T.
Metz, Ernest	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Miller, Farris	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T
Mitchell, Jesse F.	Private	Eldorado, Ill.
Mitchell, Thomas N.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Norris, George E.	Private	Blackburn, O. T.
Mulhall, Patrick	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Mundis, Jess C.	Private	Coodys Bluffs, I. T.
Murry, Dan	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Norris, Millard B.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Ogborn, Arthur J.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.

Payne, George B.	Private	Fairmund, Ind.
Payton, George W.	Private	McKinley, O. T.
Pearson, Ira B.	Private	Jennings, O. T.
Peoples, Ernest E.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Phillips, Albert C.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Phillips, Art	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Phillips, John W.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Querry, Samuel R.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Ray, Burt A.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Reachy, Lewis	Private	Mulhall, O. T.
Rice, Frederick H.	Private	Blackburn, O. T.
Ripley, Elmer E.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Robinett, Robert L.	Private	Cleveland, O. T.
Rodman, Will	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Rumford, Charley A.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Sanders, Chesley L.	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Sherman, John	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Sturgis, Burt H.	Private	Crescent, O. T.
Taylor, William A.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Thompson, George F.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Viers, David S., Jr.	Private	Blackwell, O. T.
Whitley, Stephen	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Wilson, Elmer	Private	Pawnee, O. T.
Witten, Edwin B.	Private	Valley, O. T.
Worline, Walter O.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Wright, Luther	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Martin, Larkin N.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.

Company Mustered in at Shawnee, O. T.

Roy V. Hoffman	Captain	Chandler, O. T.
Jeremiah J. O'Rourk	1st Lieutenant	El Reno, O. T.
Gordon L. Finley	2nd Lieutenant	Enid, O. T.
Charles F. Barrett	1st Sergeant	Shawnee, O. T.
Lawrence E. Minton	Q. M Sergeant	Shawnee, O. T.
Peter L. Ulam	Sergeant	Chandler, O. T.
John F. Palmer	Sergeant	Pawhuska, O. T.
Samuel R. Braselton	Sergeant	Stroud, O. T.
John W. Beard	Sergeant	Shawnee, O. T.
James J. Cowling	Corporal	Yukon, O. T.
William L. Honeycutt	Corporal	Shawnee, O. T.
Brent Clark	Corporal	Shawnee, O. T.

Frank Poling	Corporal	Chandler, O. T.
Robert R. Tomson	Corporal	Chandler, O. T.
James W. Hamlin	Corporal	Stroud, O. T.
James D. Furber	Corporal	Chandler, O. T.
Allie R. Bradshaw	Corporal	Shawnee, O. T.
Daniel J. Morton	Corporal	Chandler, O. T.
Alphonsa T. Johnston	Corporal	McLoud, O. T.
Charles A. Ridenour	Corporal	Shawnee, O. T.
Harry Egbert	Corporal	Chandler, O. T.
William M. Estes	Musician	Shawnee, O. T.
Orin Ashton	Musician	Chandler, O. T.
Leopold Zipf	Artificer	Chandler, O. T.
Carl Morris	Wagoner	Shawnee, O. T.
Adams, John Q	Private	Linden, O. T.
Albin, Dudley	Private	Rossville, O. T.
Affolder, Charles A	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Banks, Fred H	Private	Oklahoma, O. T.
Barker, James F	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Barnard, Clay	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Beeman, Leo [illegible]	Private	McLoud, O. T.
Boyd, Howard	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Branderson, Andy H	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Braselton, Stephen O	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Bryan, Daniel F	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Bush, Ebb A	Private	Dale, O. T.
Bush, John S	Private	Dale, O. T.
Condon, George W	Private	Oklahoma, O. T.
Davis, William	Private	Chandler, O. T.
DeMoss, George M	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Donohue, Harry J	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Dorsey, Wiliam E	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Eboss, George W	Private	Sulphur Sprs., Tex.
Fees, Emerson H	Private	McLoud, O. T.
Finney, Elwood C	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Foster, James B	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Foster, Madison A	Private	Neosha, Mo.
Fraley, Benjamin F	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Gallagher, Walter E	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Gardner, Jefferson M	Private	Remis, O. T.
Geren, Sherman	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Glenn, Morgan R	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Gose, James F	Private	Shawnee, O. T.

Hall, John G.	Private	Linden, O. T.
Heavner, William P.	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Hinch, John A.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Johnson, John K.	Private	Bay City, Texas.
Keeney, John H.	Private	McLoud, O. T.
Kellison, William E.	Private	Choctaw, O. T.
King, Harlon E.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Knapp, Fred C.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Lancaster, Norton T.	Private	Granbury, Texas.
Leach, Brice	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Long, James D.	Private	Tecumseh, O. T.
Lumly, Eli M.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
McBride, James M.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
McCamman, Willias J.	Private	Lawston, O. T.
Mahler, Clarence I.	Private	Temple, Texas.
Martin, Louis E.	Private	Ingram, O. T.
Mericks, Charles	Private	S. McAlester, I. T.
Mitchell, Andrew J.	Private	Guthrie, O. T.
Norris, Fred J.	Private	Oklahoma, O. T.
Northen, Perry I.	Private	Linden, O. T.
Owens, Ben	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Payton, John C.	Private	Romulus, O. T.
Pidcock, Odie	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Perswell, Clayton H.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Poling, Alonzo	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Pomeroy, Arthur W.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Pool, William T.	Private	Earlboro, O. T.
Pugh, Allen L.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Purnell, William T.	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Quaiatto, Godlip A.	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Reilly, Joe	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Riley, William C.	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Ritchie, Charles T.	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Rogers, George	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Rogers, George T.	Private	Burnett, O. T.
Russell, James	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Scogin, John D.	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Sevier, Edward C.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Sherman, Calvin	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Soper, Alfred	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Springer, Frank	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Stager, James W.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Stewart, Edgar A.	Private	Shawnee, O. T.

Tatum, William	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Thompson, William A.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Vermont, Edward	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Wakefield, Isaac N.	Private	Mehissa, Texas.
Warren, Thomas J.	Private	Tecumseh, O. T.
Watkins, Lewis J.	Private	Stroud, O. T.
Webb, John V.	Private	Sac & Fox Ag'cy, O. T.
Wray, George D.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Wightman, William M.	Private	Chandler, O. T.
Ziegler, Edwin F.	Private	Dale, O. T.
Zimmerman, Sterling S.	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Dustin, Timothy W.	Private	Shawnee, O. T.

Company Mustered in at Perry, O. T.

Robert A. Lowry	Captain	Stillwater, O. T.
Henry Augustus Platt	1st Lieutenant	Guthrie, O. T.
John A. McFadyen	2nd Lieutenant	Ponca City, O. T.
Jerome S. Workman	1st Sergeant	Stillwater, O. T.
Nathan O. Baldwin	Q. M. Sergeant	Newkirk, O. T.
John T. Morris	Sergeant	Perry, O. T.
Chris Holzer	Sergeant	Stillwater, O. T.
Henry U. Casmell	Sergeant	Cushing, O. T.
Thomas J. Taylor, Jr.	Sergeant	Perry, O. T.
Lerie G. Hasselton	Corporal	Perkins, O. T.
Howard Edmondson	Corporal	Newkirk, O. T.
Elbert D. Hayford	Corporal	Perry, O. T.
John O. Slack	Corporal	Stillwater, O. T.
Wilbert Harrington	Corporal	Perkins, O. T.
John T. Brixey	Corporal	Perkins, O. T.
Roy W. Thomas	Corporal	Pond Creek, O. T.
George Dickman	Corporal	Newkirk, O. T.
Charles A. Overton	Corporal	Perry, O. T.
Frank D. Northup	Corporal	Stillwater, O. T.
Schuyler C. Arrendiell	Corporal	Newkirk, O. T.
Walter C. Spencer	Corporal	Newkirk, O. T.
Marion S. Swallow	Musician	Perry, O. T.
James E. Hamlin	Musician	Newkirk, O. T.
Charles M. Shrader	Artificer	Perry, O. T.
William M. Hardesty	Wagoner	Newkirk, O. T.
Annis, Ernest G.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Arrendiell, Edward	Private	Newkirk, O. T.

Baker, Monroe	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Barrett, Wilmer K.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Bell, Abner D.	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Boone, Paul	Private	Perkins, O. T.
Brandon, William N.	Private	Sumner, O. T.
Brewester, Charles C.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Bryan, Bert B.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Bryan, Richard A.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Buck, Charles A.	Private	Blackburn, O. T.
Burnett, Clyde B.	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Canfield, Ula G.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Casteel, Fred	Private	Jefferson, O. T.
Crosby, Arthur	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Crosby, Ray	Private	Perry, O. T.
Crusha, John F.	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Darenport, Alma E.	Private	Pawhuska, O. T.
David, Edward	Private	Perkins, O. T.
Davidson, Ernest B.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Dedrick, William H.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Dennis, Elijah J.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Devall, Henry C.	Private	Cushing, O. T.
Devine, Hubert	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Dixon, Albert J.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Eckes, Frank B.	Private	Baker, O. T.
Etter, Charles	Private	Oklahoma, O. T.
Fesler, Robert	Private	Perry, O. T.
Foreman, Ben T.	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Frost, Earl	Private	Perry, O. T.
Gamble, Jerome R.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Garault, Homer	Private	Perry, O. T.
Gilbert, Marion A.	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Gross, Clarence L.	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Hancock, Everle W.	Private	Jefferson, O. T.
Haney, Henry	Private	Ingalls, O. T.
Hannah, George W.	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Harrel, Rallston G.	Private	Perkins, O. T.
Harris, Ira	Private	Perry, O. T.
Hariland, Joseph	Private	Cushing, O. T.
Houston, Clinton O.	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Hansbrough, Hubert J.	Private	Perkins, O. T.
Jenkins, Leander	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Johnson, William	Private	Ponca City, O. T.
Knox, John W.	Private	Cimarron, O. T.

Korns, Robert L.	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Lacy, Henry	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Landis, Allen J.	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Lefener, Charles	Private	Cushing, O. T.
Lester, Rease L.	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Lyon, Wesley	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Marin, George	Private	Cushing, O. T.
May, Jay V. D.	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Minor, George W.	Private	Perkins, O. T.
Morgan, James F.	Private	Pond Creek, O. T.
Newton, William	Private	Perry, O. T.
Noblet, George R.	Private	Paradise, O. T.
Perrizo, Fred	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Pickard, Aleck C.	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Quick, William H.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Rains, George W.	Private	Jefferson, O. T.
Ralls, William R.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Reynolds, Ira	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Ridgeway, William F.	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Simmons, William	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Smith, Leon	Private	Blackwell, O. T.
Stallard, Wiliam M.	Private	Ingalls, O. T.
Sullivan, John W.	Private	Pond Creek, O. T.
Teel, Benjamin F.	Private	Jefferson, O. T.
Tucker, Edwin A.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Vario, Edward	Private	Blackwell, O. T.
Waldo, Edward	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Walker, James W.	Private	Cushing, O. T.
Wasson, George S.	Private	Jefferson, O. T
Waters, George F.	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Watkins, Elmer	Private	Perkins, O. T.
Williams, Albert	Private	Stillwater, O. T.
Williams, Clyde B.	Private	Red Moon, O. T.
Williams, James W.	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Wilson, Virgil A.	Private	Compton, O. T.
Wilson, William A.	Private	Newkirk, O. T.
Witcher, Frank	Private	Perry, O. T.
Witcher, Irmin R.	Private	Perry, O. T.
Yarbrough, Lloyd D.	Private	Ingalls, O. T.

Company Mustered in at Kingfisher, O. T.

Fred L. Boynton	Captain	Kingfisher,

James M. Wheeler	1st Lieutenant	Guthrie, O. T.
Simon W. Switzer	2nd Lieutenant	Enid, O. T.
Seymour Foose	1st Sergeant	Watonga, O. T.
Lewis A. Salter	Q. M. Sergeant	Alva, O. T.
John P. Alley	Sergeant	Kingfisher, O. T.
Earl G. Switzer	Sergeant	Enid, O. T.
Ernest G. Douglas	Sergeant	Alva, O. T.
Fred W. Hunter	Sergeant	Kingfisher, O. T.
John Hachett	Corporal	El Reno, O. T.
David C. Oates	Corporal	Alva, O. T.
George W. Holbrook	Corporal	Enid, O. T.
Ross R. Way	Corporal	Kingfisher, O. T.
Grant A. Hart	Corporal	Altoma O. T.
George A. Baldwin	Corporal	Hennessey, O. T.
Charles J. West	Corporal	Pond Creek, O. T.
William P. Myers	Corporal	Alva, O. T.
Fred H. Stewart	Corporal	Alva, O. T.
Horace G. Smith	Corporal	Enid, O. T.
James L. Sheetz	Corporal	Garber, O. T.
Dorris Craig	Corporal	Enid, O. T.
Charles Devin	Musician	Alva, O. T.
George P. Bonnett	Musician	Kingfisher, O. T.
Charles H. Bastion	Artificer	Kingfisher, O. T.
M. L. Higginbottham	Wagoner	Kingfisher, O. T.
Adams, Rollie G	Private	Dawns, O. T.
Anderson, Edward E.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Arnold, John W	Private	Alva, O. T.
Baker, James A	Private	Watonga, O. T.
Bass, Frank H	Private	Augusta, O. T.
Baxter, Louis J	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Benedict, Omer K	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Bienz, Abram W	Private	Alva, O. T.
Bliss, George T	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Ballinger, Bert O	Private	LaMont, O. T.
Bradshaw, Albert E	Private	Korn, O. T.
Bricker, Jacob W	Private	Helena, O. T.
Brown, Charles C., Jr.	Private	Korn, O. T.
Brown, Oscar H	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Burson, Homer T	Private	Yukon, O. T.
Conaway, James R	Private	Enid, O. T.
Decker, Selby J	Private	Ponca City, O. T.
Diefendorf, Floyd	Private	Enid, O. T.
Durkett, Clarence S	Private	Taloga, O. T.

Farmer, James F.	Private	Shaver, O. T.
Faughn, James W.	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Freed, George W.	Private	Enid, O. T.
French, Albert N.	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Garren, Frank T.	Private	Enid, O. T.
Gibbons, James F.	Private	Enid, O. T.
Gifford, Charles A.	Private	Enid, O. T.
Hall, Robert L.	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T
Hammer, Karl S.	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T
Hicks, Joseph F.	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T.
Hobson, Seth C.	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Holly, Mark	Private	Lenora, O. T.
Homer, Edgar E.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Houghton, Elmer E.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Jackson, Edward C.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Jennings, Carson A.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Johnson, Oscar W.	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Jolliff, Frank	Private	Ponca City, O. T.
Kelley, Walter B.	Private	Watonga, O. T.
Kesterson, Arthur	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Kugle, Giles C.	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T
Lawrence, Edward	Private	Waukomis, O. T.
Litteer, Earl J.	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T.
Long, Edward H.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
McFaddin Winfield S.	Private	Taloga, O. T.
McIrvin, Arthur H.	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T.
Miller, Henry J.	Private	Alva, O. T.
Miller, Walter J.	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Montgomery, John M.	Private	Matthewson, O. T.
Morris, Thomas B.	Private	Enid, O. T.
Mott, Eddie L.	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Myers, Oliver J.	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Paul, Alonzo S.	Private	Okarche, O. T.
Paul, John W.	Private	Okarche, O. T.
Petet, Louis A.	Private	Cleo, O. T.
Pope, William E.	Private	Coldwater, O. T.
Poppelbaum, Thomas	Private	Watonga, O. T.
Power, Alvin W.	Private	Watonga, O. T.
Proskey, John	Private	Shelly, O. T.
Reap, Edward A.	Private	Hennessey, O. T.
Rector, Benjamin F.	Private	Enid, O. T.
Ricketts, Mansfield O.	Private	Alva, O. T.
Roberts, Cleaborn	Private	Oklahoma City, O. T.

Roberts, George W.	Private	Downs, O. T.
Robertson, Otis	Private	Medford, O. T.
Rockwell, Fred J.	Private	Enid, O. T.
Rolan, Francis M.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Rose, John	Private	Huntsville, O. T.
Ross, Ira V.	Private	Arcadia, O. T.
Ruckman, William C.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Russell, Claude W.	Private	Fay, O. T.
Sharp, Newton E.	Private	Lexington, O. T.
Sims, James P.	Private	Martha, O. T.
Slemp, Charlie C.	Private	Yukon, O. T.
Sloan, John A.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Smith, Jake	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Smith, James A.	Private	Ponca City, O. T
Smith, Joseph F.	Private	Kingfisher, O. T.
Snoddy, James C.	Private	Alva, O. T.
Sweet, Harry O.	Private	Watonga, O. T.
Swink, Harry L.	Private	El Reno, O. T.
Turner, Harry M.	Private	Ponca City, O. T
Venker, George F.	Private	Ponca City, O. T
Wilson, William D.	Private	Shawnee, O. T.
Wood, Lee V.	Private	Alva, O. T.

APPENDIX "G."

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AND STAFF.

Commander-in-Chief, CASSIUS M. BARNES, of Guthrie.

Governor of the Territory.
Headquarters at Guthrie.

STAFF OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Second Lieutenant Bert C. Orner, Acting Adjutant General. Quartermaster General and Chief of Ordnance	Guthrie.

Colonel James H. Wheeler, Inspector-General	Oklahoma City.
Major Paul Jundt, Commissary-General	Guthrie.
Major Richard Messal, Paymaster-General	Enid.
Major Mathias J. Holt, Judge Advocate-General	Blackwell.
Captain Samuel A. Mann, Aide-de-Camp	Guthrie.
Captain Bert C. Maine, Aide-de-Camp	Guthrie.
Captain Otto R. Montgomery, Aide-de-Camp	Guthrie.

APPENDIX "II."

OFFICIAL REGISTER OF THE ORGANIZED MILITIA OF THE TERRITORY.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
Cassius M. Barnes, May 26, 1897.	Captain Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. March 30, 1896. Resigned April 13, 1897. Appointed Commander-in-Chief May 26, 1897.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

J. C. Jamison, December 23, 1894.	
Phil. C. Rosenbaum, July 10, 1897.	Private Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. June 12, 1894. Appointed Major and Quartermaster-General July 5, 1894. Appointed Adjutant-General July 10, 1897. Resigned March 26, 1898.

COLONELS.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
Daniel F. Stiles, December 21, 1895.	Colonel December 21, 1895. Resigned April 1, 1898.
Robert B. Huston, April 1, 1898. U. S. Service. Captain Troop "D," 1st U. S. V. Cavalry (Rough Riders,) May 2, 1898.	Private Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. June 12, 1894. Captain July 12, 1894. Lieut.-Colonel 1st. Reg't. December 21, 1895. Colonel April 1, 1898. Resigned May 2, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.

LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
William P. Baker, April 1, 1898. U. S. Service. Major and Surgeon 1st Territorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 6, 1898.	Captain Co. "D," 1st. Reg't. November 23, 1895. Major 3, Battalion 1st. Reg't. December 21, 1895. Lieut-Colonel April 1, 1898. Resigned July 6, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.

MAJORS.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
Walter R. Jennison, December 21, 1898.	Captain August 13, 1895, Co. "C," 1st. Reg't. Major 1st. Battalion 1st. Reg't.. December 21, 1895. Resigned March 15, 1897.
Edward M. Overholser, March 15, 1897.	1st. Lieut. Co. "C," 1st. Reg't. August 13, 1895. Captain Co. "C," December 24, 1895. Major 1st. Battalion 1st. Reg't. March 15, 1897. Resigned April 6, 1898.
William Whitworth, April 1, 1898.	Captain Co. "B," 1st. Reg't December 29, 1894; Major 1st. Reg't. April 1, 1898. Resigned April 20, 1898. Captain Co. "B," April 22, 1898. Resigned August 2, 1898.
Jeremiah J. O'Rourk, March 19, 1897. U. S. Service. 1st Lieutenant 1st Teritorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 7, 1898.	Captain Co. "D," 1st. Reg't. November 14, 1896. Major 2nd Battalion 1st. Reg't. March 19, 1897. Resigned July 17, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
H. Augustus Piatt, May 28, 1898. U. S. Service. 1st Lieutenant 1st Territorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 14, 1898.	Private Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. June 12, 1894. Corp'l May 24, 1897. Hon. Dis. June 12, 1897. 1st. Lieut. and Adjutant 1st. Reg't. April 8, 1898. Major and Quartermaster-General, May 28, 1898.
	CAPTAINS.
James E. Glover, April 15, 1895.	Captain Co. "C," 1st. Reg't. April 15, 1895. Resigned July 6, 1895.
Chris Madsen, December 16, 1895.	Captain Co. "D," 1st. Reg't. December 16, 1895. Vacated by S. O. No. 31, A. G. O. Oct. 7, 1896.
E. G. Lewis, December 17, 1895.	Captain Co. "F," 1st. Reg't. December 17, 1895. Vacated by disbandment September 9, 1896.
Frank Greenfield, December 26, 1895.	1st. Lieut. Co. "D," 1st. Reg't. November 23, 1895. Captain December 26, 1895. Vacated by disbandment September 9, 1896.
Albert O. Nichols, December 30, 1895.	Private Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. June 12, 1894. Captain Co. "A," December 30, 1895. Resigned March 26, 1896.
William E. McGuire, December 31, 1895.	Captain Co. "G," 1st. Reg't. December 31, 1895. Resigned September 1, 1896.
Lawrence R. Delany, December 24, 1895.	Captain and Quartermaster 1st. Reg't. December 24, 1895. Resigned May 24, 1897.
E. O. Barker, December 30, 1895.	Captain and Surgeon 1st. Reg't. December 30, 1895.
James E. Maguire, December 31, 1895.	Captain Co. "H," 1st. Reg't. December 31, 1895. Vacated by disbandment September 9, 1896.
J. M. Welch, September 1, 1896.	1st. Lieut. and Adjutant 1st. Reg't. December 31, 1895. Capt. Co. "D," 1st. Reg't. September 1, 1896.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
James P. Neal. February 27, 1896. U. S. Service. 1st Lieutenant 1st Territorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 6, 1898.	Captain Co. "E," 1st. Reg't. February 27, 1896. Resigned July 6, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
Macgregor Douglas, May 24, 1897.	Private Co. "C," 1st. Reg't. August 8, 1895. Seg't August 8, 1895. Sergeant-Major 1st Reg't. August 6, 1896. 1st. Lieut. and Adjutant 1st. Reg't. September 1, 1896. Captain and Ordnance Officer 1st. Reg't. May 24, 1897.
S. Arthur McGinnis, December 24, 1896. U. S. Service. 1st Lieutenant Troop "D," 1st U. S. V. Cavalry, (Rough Riders,) May 2, 1898.	Captain Co. "I," 1st. Reg't. December 24, 1896. Resigned May 2, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
A. P. Rusell, December 26, 1896.	Captain Co. "F," 1st. Reg't. December 26, 1896. Resigned January 26, 1898.
Fred L. Boynton, December 28, 1896. U. S. Service. Captain 1st Territorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 11, 1898.	Captain Co. "G," 1st. Reg't. December 28, 1896. Resigned July 11, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
Fred R. Janes, December 25, 1896.	Captain Co. "K," 1st. Reg't. December 25, 1896. Resigned December 16, 1897.
Fred F. Jones, December 25, 1896.	Captain Co. "H," 1st. Reg't. December 25, 1896.
Frederick W. Hawley, January 4, 1897.	Captain and Chaplain 1st. Reg't. January 4, 1897. Resigned March 31, 1898.
Z. J. Dickson, April 12, 1897.	Captain Co. "D," 1st. Reg't. April 12, 1897. Vacated by disbandment January 7, 1898.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
David B. Arrell, May 3, 1897. U. S. Service. 2nd Lieutenant 1st Teritorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 6, 1898.	2nd Lieut. Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. July 12, 1894. 1st. Lieut. August 27, 1894. Resigned September 27, 1895. Captain Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. May 3, 1897. Resigned July 6, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
James M. Wheeler, May 24, 1897. U. S. Service. 1st Lieutenant 1st Teritorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 16, 1898.	Private 1st. Reg't. Band May 25, 1895. Corporal June 25, 1895. Captain and Quartermaster 1st. Reg't. May 24, 1897. Captain and Aide-de-Camp on Governor's Staff May 28, 1898. Resigned July 16, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
Charles W. Stiles, May 24, 1897.	Private Co. "C," 1st. Reg't. January 2, 1896. Corporal February 13, 1896. Sergeant December 3, 1896. Commissary Sergeant December 7, 1896. Captain and Commisary 1st. Reg't. May 24, 1897. Resigned March 31, 1898.
R. L. Hall, December 29, 1896.	Captain Co. "M," 1st. Reg't. December 29, 1896. Resigned August 9, 1897.
G. L. Finley, December 20, 1897. U. S. Service. 2nd Lieutenant 1st Territorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 11, 1898.	2nd Lieut. Co. "K," 1st. Reg't. December 25, 1896. Captain December 20, 1897. Resigned July 11, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
C. F. Barrett, January 28, 1898. U. S. Service. 1st Sergeant Co. ——— 1st Territorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 11, 1898.	1st. Lieut. Co. "F," 1st. Regt. December 26, 1896. Captain January 28, 1897. Resigned July 11, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
Elmer Solomon, September 13, 1898.	1st. Lieut. Co. "G," 1st. Reg't. December 28, 1896. Captain September 13, 1898.
Joel R. Scott, May 9, 1898.	Captain Co. "I," 1st. Reg't. May 9, 1898.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
Ernest G. Douglas, May 28, 1898. U. S. Service. Sergeant Co. ——— 1st Territorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 16, 1898.	Private Co. "B," 1st. Reg't. March 4, 1895. Hon. Dis. January 26, 1898. Captain and Aide-de-Camp on Governor's Staff, May 28, 1898. Resigned July 16, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
Frank O. Miller, August 22, 1898.	Private Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. June 7, 1897. Sergeant January 24, 1898. Captain Co. "A," 1st. Reg't. August 22, 1898.
W. B. Mick, September 10, 1898.	Private Co. "K," 1st. Reg't. June 1, 1897. Serg't. April 21, 1898. Captain Co. "K," 1st. Reg't. Sept. 10, 1898.
Alvah H. Young, September 5, 1898.	Private Co. "F," 1st. Reg't. December 27, 1896. Serg't. January 1, 1897. 1st. Lieut. January 28, 1898. Captain Co. "F," September 5, 1898.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

W. B. Ehrman, April 15, 1895.	1st. Lieut. Co. "C," 1st. Reg't. April 15, 1895. Resigned June 18, 1895.
Joseph Pinquard, June 22, 1894.	1st. Lieut. and Asst. Surgeon 1st. Reg't. June 22, 1894. Resigned August 5, 1895.
W. F. Maxwell, December 29, 1894.	1st. Lieut. Co. "B," 1st. Reg't. December 29, 1894. Resigned October 1, 1895.
E. Rall, October 1, 1895.	Private Co. "B," 1st. Reg't. January 15, 1895. 1st. Lieut. Co. "B," October 1, 1895. Resigned December 28, 1895. Re-enlisted Co. "B," December 27, 1897.
W. T. Chase, December 31, 1895.	1st. Lieut. Co. "G," 1st. Reg't. December 31, 1895. Resigned August 30, 1896.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
Harry W. Painter, December 30, 1895.	Private Co. “A,’ 1st. Reg't. June 12, 1894. Corporal July 16, 1894. Sergeant , 1895. 1st. Lieut. Co. “A,” December 30, 1895. Resigned April 8, 1897.
A. H. Bagby, February 27, 1896.	1st. Lieut. Co. “I,” 1st. Reg't. February 27, 1896. Resigned August 9, 1897.
George W. Bellamy, December 16, 1895.	1st. Lieut. Co. “D,” 1st. Reg't. December 16, 1895. Vacated by disbandment January 7, 1898.
M. B. Hueston, December 17, 1895.	1st. Lieut. Co. “F,” 1st. Reg't. December 17, 1895. Vacated by disbandment September 9, 1896.
Frank M. Butts, March 18, 1897.	Private Co. “C,” 1st Reg't. August 5, 1895. 1st Serg't. August 22, 1895. 2nd Lieut. Co. “C,” December 24, 1895. 1st Lieut. Co. “C,” March 18, 1897.
Charles J. Laux, April 8, 1897.	Private Co. “A,” 1st Reg't. June 12, 1894. 2nd Lieut. Co. “A,” April 17, 1895. Resigned December 30, 1895. Re-enlisted Nov. 24, 1896. 1st Serg't. November 26, 1896. 1st Lieut. Co. “A,” April 8, 1897. Resigned August 24, 1898.
B. H. Weesner, August 24, 1897.	Private Co. ‘E,”‘ 1st Reg't. February 27, 1896. Sergeant 1st Lieut. Co. “E,” August 24, 1897.
E. O. Cassidy, September 5, 1898.	Private Co. “F,” 1st Reg't. December 27, 1896. Sergeant May 6, 1897. 2nd Lieut. Co. “F” January 28,1898. 1st Lieut. Co. “F” September 5, 1898.
Willard C. Sharum, August 22, 1898.	Private Co. “A” 1st Reg't. June 12, 1894. Hon. Dis. March 2, 1897. Re-enlisted Co. “A” December 13, 1897. Corporal January 24, 1898. 1st Lieut. Co. “A” August 22, 1898.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
Clarence R. Harper, September 13, 1898.	Private Co "G," 1st Reg't. December 26, 1896. Sergeant December 28, 1896. 1st Lieut. Co. "G" September 13, 1898.
George W. Welsh, September 10, 1898.	Private Co. "K," 1st Reg't. December 16, 1896. Sergeant December 25, 1896. 1st Lieut. Co. "K," September 10, 1898.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
C. J. Conner, September 17, 1894.	Private Co. "A," 1st Reg't. June 12, 1894. 1st Sergeant July 16, 1894. 2nd Lieut. Co. "A," September 17, 1894. Resigned April 10, 1895.
D. A. Bliss, April 15, 1895.	2nd Lieut. Co. "C," 1st Reg't. April 15, 1895. Vacated by disbandment July 18, 1895.
William Lee, December 29, 1894.	2nd Lieut. Co. "B," 1st Reg't. December 29, 1894. Resigned May 25, 1896.
E. E. Blake, December 16, 1895.	2nd Lieut. Co. "D," 1st Reg't. December 16, 1895. Vacated October 7, 1896.
A. F. Stennett, February 27, 1896.	2nd Lieut. Co. "I," 1st Reg't. February 27, 1896. Resigned April 13, 1897.
James H. Donart, December 17, 1895.	2nd Lieut. Co. "F," 1st Reg't. December 17, 1895. Vacated by disbandment September 9, 1896.
Charles W. Brewer, December 30, 1895.	Private Co. "A," 1st Reg't. June 12, 1894. Sergeant July 16, 1894. 1st Sergeant September 17, 1894. 2nd Lieut. Co. "A," December 30, 1895. Resigned Jan. 26, 1898.
J. H. Dibble, December 31, 1895.	2nd Lieut. Co. "K," 1st Reg't. December 31, 1895. Vacated by disbandment September 9, 1896.
L. P. Mosier, November 23, 1895.	2nd Lieut. Co. "D," 1st Reg't. November 23, 1895. Vacated by disbandment September 9, 1896.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
J. H. Bougham, June 13, 1896.	Private Co. "B," 1st Reg't. January 15, 1895. 2nd Lieut. Co. "B," June 13, 1896. Resigned May 13, 1897. Re-enlisted Co. "B," January 15, 1898. Hon. Dis. September 24, 1898.
D. M. Short, September 1, 1896.	Private Co. "D," 1st Reg't. December 31, 1895. 2nd Lieut. Co. "D," September 1, 1896.
Otto A. Shuttee, November 14, 1896.	Private Co. "D," 1st Reg't. December 16, 1895. 2nd Lieut. Co. "D," November 14, 1896. Vacated by disbandment January 7, 1898.
George E. McKinnis, December 26, 1896.	2nd Lieut. Co. "F," 1st Reg't. December 26, 1896. Resigned January 26, 1898.
Frank L. Ketch, December 28, 1896.	2nd Lieut. Co. "G," 1st Reg't. December 28, 1896. Resigned October 25, 1898.
Scott Reay, December 24, 1896. U. S. Service. Private 1st U. S. V. Cavalry, (Rough Riders,) August 2, 1898.	2nd Lieut. Co. "I," 1st Reg't. December 24, 1896. Resigned August 2, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
Edward H. Perry, December 25, 1896.	2nd Lieut. Co. "H," 1st. Reg't. December 25, 1896. Resigned April 21, 1898.
John C. Bingner, December 29, 1896.	2nd Lieut. Co. "M," 1st Reg't. December 29, 1896. Vacated by disbandonment January 7, 1898.
Dian A. Johnson, March 18, 1897.	Private Co. "A," 1st Reg't. June 12, 1894. Sergeant Co. "A," July 16, 1894. Transferred to Co. "C," 1st Reg't. December 6, 1895. Corporal Co. "C," January 2, 1896. Sergeant December 3, 1896. 2nd Lieut. Co. "C," March 18, 1897.

NAMES.	NATIONAL GUARD.
John H. Donaghy, April 13, 1897.	Private Co. "E," 1st Reg't. February 27, 1896. 2nd Lieut. Co. "E" April 13, 1897. Resigned August 9, 1897.
E. W. Snoddy, June 2, 1897.	Private Co. 'B," 1st Reg't. May 1, 1895. 2nd Lieut. Co. "B" June 2, 1897.
Charles H. Stewart, August 24, 1897. U. S. Service. Sergeant Co —— 1st Territorial U. S. V. Infantry, July 7, 1898.	Private Co. "E," 1st Reg't. July 21, 1897. 2nd Lieut. Co. "E," August 24, 1897. Resigned July 7, 1898, to enter U. S. V. service.
William H. Day, December 20, 1897.	Private Co. "K," 1st Reg't. December 19, 1896. Sergeant December 25, 1896. 2nd Lieut. Co. "K," December 20, 1897.
Bert C. Orner, January 31, 1898.	Private Co. "A," 1st Reg't. June 12, 1894. Company Musician June 12, 1897. Re-enlisted June 14, 1897. Company Musician June 20, 1897. 2nd Lieut. Co. "A." January 31, 1898. Appt. Acting Adjutant-General March 26, 1898.
Louis L. Holmes, May 9, 1898.	2nd Lieut. Co. "I," 1st Reg't. May 9, 1898.
George W. Hughes, September 5, 1898.	Private Co. "F," 1st Reg't. January 28, 1898. Sergeant

Report of the Territorial Librarian.

GUTHRIE, O. T., December 21, 1898.

To His Excellency, The Governor of Oklahoma Territory,
Cassius M. Barnes,

SIR: In accordance with the laws of Oklahoma Territory, I have the honor to submit the following report of the conditions of the Oklahoma Library, for the year ending December 31, 1898.

Upon taking charge of the Library I found it impossible to arrange the same in the quarters provided so as to accommodate the public or to protect the safety of the volumes. So I at once with the valuable assistance of the directors procured more commodious and substantial rooms for the Library, and owing to the fact that considerable time was consumed in moving and re-arranging the volumes, also the short period of time I have had charge of the same, I have been unable to prepare a catalogue of all books now on the shelves. This I expect to do in the near future and in addition to this I intend to prepare a "Subject Catalogue" giving the number of volumes and name of authors on each subject; so that all parties interested may know exactly what can be found on our shelves. And when this is complete and sent out over the Territory it will aid materially in giving to the general public an idea of what we are accomplishing and impress upon them the importance of building up and maintaining such an institution. The law governing the Oklahoma Library provides for a general reference Library, never-the-less, I find that it contains only such volumes as are usually sought after by members of the Bar or students of the law. It appears to me that the general public should be entitled to an equal share of benefits derived from the expenditure of the public funds, and from the fact that the appropriations made by the Territorial Legislature in 1895-97, have been entirely exhausted for the purchase of law books, I believe that in the future, as contemplated by the act creating the Library that standard works on Science, History, Literature, Invention, Art and Religion, and Medical publications should be purchased from time to time and placed upon our shelves, to the end that the Oklahoma Library may become what its founders intended it should be, a general and not a class library. The people of the various states, and especially in those states where the best libraries are maintained, have learned to regard the the state libraries as a source by which they can produce information on any and all subjects, as is evidenced by the reports of various librarians and the appropriations of the various state legislatures for the purchase of books and publications to be placed upon the shelves of their state libraries. The little state of New Hampshire by its last legislature made an appropriation of four thousand five hundred ($4,500) dollars for the purchase of miscellaneous books and publications, and fifteen hundred ($1,500) dollars for the purchase of law books; the state of Kentucky the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars for the purchase of miscellaneous publications and law books; the state library of the state of New York contains today over two hundred thousand (200,000) volumes of which the law section comprises only one-fourth (¼); and many other references could be given to show how other states regard the state libraries. And while I desire to see the Oklahoma Library contain a law section such as the members of the bar will feel proud of, I also believe that other volumes on various subjects should be added.

The number of volumes in the library on April 15. 1898, when I took charge of same were five thousand one hundred fifty-eight (5,158). I have received by exchange since that time two hundred thirty-eight (238) volumes and three (3) volumes by purchase; making a total now on hand of five thousand three hundred ninty-nine (5,399) volumes. This number does not include, however, the four thousand three hundred forty-seven (4,347) volumes of Oklahoma publications which were turned over to me by my predecessor.

The State Laws, Text Books and State Reports and Session Laws are arranged very conveniently, but the miscellaneous documents consisting of the reports of various departments at Washington, House and Senate Journals, various State Reports are virtually without shelf room and until other shelf room is provided it will be impossible to arrange these volumes so that the public can have access to them. We have belonging to the Library two good reading tables, two chairs, a letter-press, one revolving book-case and one stove. The Library is very much in need of sufficient number of chairs to accommodate the public, another stove, and fuel with which to heat the rooms.

I have sold our publications to the amount of fifty-five ($55.00) dollars which amount has been turned over to the Territorial Treasurer and I hold his receipts for same.

There is outstanding indebtedness against the Library for which no warrants have been issued, one hundred sixteen 15-100 ($116.15) dollars. The following is a statement of State Reports, Session Laws and Statutes, also a statement of text books now on our shelves.

LIST OF REPORTS, LAWS, CODES AND STATUTES OF THE DIFFERENT STATES.

Arkansas Reports:
- Reports Annotated.
- Digest of the Statutes—1894.
- Digest—1874.
- Revised Statutes.
- Laws.
- Acts of 1883.

Colorado Reports:
- Court of Appeals.
- Session Laws—1897, 1894, 1894, 1891.

California Reports, except Vols. 40, 47 to 52, inclusive, and 66, 77, 96, 60, 61, 105, 54 to 59, inclusive.
- Statute and Amendments to the Codes of 1893.

District of Columbia Reports.

Dakota Reports.
- Compiled Laws, 1887.
- Laws.

South Dakota Reports.
- Session Laws, 1895-1897.

Indiana Reports, except Vol. 83.
- Appellate.
- Blackford's Reports.
- Acts—1881, 1877, 1879, 1891, 1885, 1897, 1893, 1895, 1887.
- Annotated Statutes, Vols. 1, 2, 3 and 4.
- County and Township Officers.
- Thompson's Citations.

Iowa Reports, except 67 to 91, inclusive, 94 and 95.
- Laws—1892, 1894, 1896.
- Session Laws, 1897.
- Laws of 37 G. A. 1898.
- McClain's Annotated Code, Vols. 1, 2 and 3.
- Code 1897 Annotated.

Illinois Reports, except 6 to 11, inclusive, 15, 22, 54, 89, 101, 146 to 151, inclusive, and 155 and 158.
- Laws—1881, 1893, 1895, 1897.
- Session Laws, 1898.

Idaho Reports.
- Session Laws, 1893.

Kansas Reports, except 15, 20 and 51.
- Court Appeals.
- Laws—1885, 1868, 1862, 1858, 1871, 1879, 1859, 1879, 1883.

1872, 1873, 1877, 1868, 1861, 1886, 1869, 1867, 1860, 1868, 1861, 1887, 1889, 1881, 1893, 1891.

Index to Laws.

City Ordinance Salina, 1879.

Gen. Statutes 1868-1887, Vols. 1 and 2—1888, Vols. 1 and 2.

Compiled Laws of 1862-1879.

Montana Reports.

Codes Annotated, Vols. 1 and 2.

Laws, 1893.

Michigan Reports, except 21 and 38.

Compiled Laws, 1857, Vols. 1 and 2, 1871, Vols. 1 and 2.

Howell's Annotated Statute, 1882, Vols. 1, 2 and 3.

Jacob's & Chaney's Digest, Vols. 1 and 2.

Massachusetts Reports, except 17 to 98, inclusive, 158 to 163, inclusive.

Acts and Resolves—1893. 1894, 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898.

Laws and Resolves—1786-7, 1784-5, 1802-3, 1788-9, 1780-81, 1792-3, 1894-5.

New York Reports.

Barbour's Supreme Court Reports.

Laws, 1892, Vols. 1 and 2; 1894, Vols. 1 and 2; 1897, Vols. 1, 2 and 3; 1895, Vols. 1 and 2; 1896, Vols. 1 and 2; 1898, Vols. 1 and 2.

Revised Statutes, Vols. 1, 2 and 3.

New Jersey Law Reports.

Equity Reports.

Laws—1894, 1895, 1897.

Gen. Statutes, Vols. 1, 2 and 3.

Min. Gen. Assembly, 1897-1898.

Ohio Reports, except 27, 48 to 56, inclusive.

Revised Statutes, 6th Edition, Vols. 1, 2 and 3.

McVey's Digest, 1 and 3.

Oregon Reports.

Laws—1891, 1893, 1895.

Oklahoma Reports.

Session Laws, 1895-1897.

Statutes 1890-1893.

Pennsylvania Reports, except 1 to 97, inclusive.

Laws—1893, 1889, 1863, 1895, 1861, 1862, 1865, 1873, 1665, 1666, 1870, 1887, 1864, 1872. 1864, 1878, 1875, 1867, 1868.

Superior Court Reports.

Utah Reports.
  Compiled Laws, 1888, Vols. 1 and 2.
  Revised Statutes, 1898.
Vermont Reports, 59 and 60 and annotated vols. 1 to 17.
  Statutes, 1894.
  Laws—1896, 1894, 1890, 1891, 1897.
Wisconsin Reports, except 44, 53 and 74.
  Laws—1882, 1880, 1881, 1887, Vols. 1 and 2; 1889, Vols. 1 and 2; 1883, Vols. 1 and 2; 1885, Vols. 1 and 2; 1878-1892, Vol. 1; 1895-1891, Vols. 1 and 2.
  Revised Statutes, 1878-1898; Vols. 1 and 2, 1887.
  Annotated Statutes, Vols. 1 and 2.
  Reference Digest, Vol. 2.
Washington Reports.
  Hill's Statutes and Codes, Vol. 1.
  Laws, 1893-1895.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Laws, Codes and Statutes.

Arizona.
  Revised Statutes, 1887.
  Laws, 1895.
  Acts of the Leg. Assembly, 1889-91-93-95-97.
Connecticut.
  Index to Gen. Statutes.
  Public Acts, 1893-1897.
North Carolina.
  Public Laws, 1895-1897.
  Private Laws, 1897.
  Acts—1893, 1894, 1897.
  Revised Statutes, 1873.
North Dakota.
  Revised Codes, 1895.
  Laws, 1890-1897.
Delaware.
  Laws, Vol. 20, part I.
Georgia.
  Code of the State, 1882-1895, Vols. 1, 2 and 3.
  Code, 1868.
  Laws, 1890-91, Vols. 1 and 2; 1889, 1820, 1893, 1886, 1892, 1894-95.
  Prince's Digest of Laws, 1837.
  Hotchkiss Statutes, Laws of and State Papers.

Code, 1873.
Dawson's Compilation.
Kentucky.
Acts—1896, 1897, 1898, 1848.
Louisiana.
Civil Code, English and French.
Acts, 1896.
Maine.
Laws, 1895-1897.
Statutes, 1885-1895.
Maryland.
Laws, 1894-1896.
Mississippi.
Laws—1847, 1839, 1896, 1898.
Revised Code, 1880.
Missouri.
Laws—1860-61, 1857, 1885, 1889, 1883, 1858-9, 1870, 1889, 1881, 1879, 1871, 1887, 1891, 1882, 1887, 1855, 1891, 1865, 1869, 1865-6, 1877, 1851, 1863, 1897, 1864, 1893, 1895, 1892, 1859-60.
Gen. Statutes, 1865.
Revised Statutes, 1889; Vol. 2, 1845.
Revised Statutes, 1855, Vols. 1 and 2; 1879, Vols. 1 and 2.
Territorial Laws, Vols. 1 and 2.
Tennessee.
Acts—1890, 1839, 1895, 1897.
Texas.
Laws—1839, 1895.
Revised Statutes—1879, 1895.
Civil Appeals Reports.

LIST OF TEXT BOOKS.

ABSTRACTS.
Warvelle.
Martindale.
ADMINISTRATIONS.
Croswell.
Abbott.
AGENCY.
Mechem.
APPELLATE PROCEDURE.
Elliott.
NEW TRIALS AND APPEALS.
Baylies.
ASSIGNMENTS.
Burrill.
ATTACHMENT.
Wade.
Drake.
ATTACHMENT AND GARNISHMENT.
Shinn.

ATTORNEY'S AT LAW.
Weeks.
AUCTIONS.
Bateman.
ADJUDICATION.
Van Fleet.
BANKS AND BANKING.
Morse.
NAT. BANK CASES.
Thompson.
Brown.
LAW OF BANKING.
Boone.
BILLS AND NOTES.
Norton.
BILLS, NOTES AND CHECKS.
Benjamin.
BLACKSTONE'S COMMENTARIES.
Chitty.
Hammond.
TRANSLATION.
Jones'.
BY-LAWS.
Boisot.
BLACKSTONE.
Cooley.
CARRIERS.
Hale.
Hutchinson.
CHATTEL MORTGAGES.
Jones.
Cobbey.
CODE PLEADING.
Maxwell.
Bliss.
COLLATERAL ATTACH.
Colebrooke.
COMMENTARIES.
Kent's.
COMMERCIAL PAPERS.
Randolph.
Tiedeman.
COMMON LAW PLEADING.
Shipman.
FEDERAL CONSTITUTION.
Desty's.
AM. CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.
Hare's.
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW.
Black.
CONSTITUTIONAL PROHIBITION.
Black.
CONSTITUTIONAL LEGISLATION.
Ordronoux's.
CONTRACTS.
Pomeroy, Bishop, Clark, Parson's, Chitty and Lawson.
STATE CONTROL OF TRADE AND COMMERCE.
Stickney.
PRINCIPLES OF CONTRACT.
Benjamin.
CONTRACTURAL LIMITATION.
Ray.
FORMS IN CONVEYANCING.
Jones.
FRAUDULENT CONVEYANCES AND CREDITORS BILLS.
Wait.
COPYRIGHT.
Drone.
LAW POLICE OFFICERS AND CORONERS.
Vickers.
PRIVATE CORPORATIONS.
Beach.
PUBLIC CORPORATIONS.
Elliott.
LAW CORPORATIONS.
Boone.

STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS AND CORPORATION LAW.
Cook.

CORPORATE POWERS AND LIABILITIES.
Reese.

DAMAGES BY CORPORATION.
Harris.

BUSINESS CORPORATION.
Kerr.

NEGLIGENCE OF MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.
Jones.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.
Dillons.

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.
Murfree.

CRIMES.
Russell.

STATUTORY CRIMES.
Bishop.

AM. CRIMINAL REPORTS.

AM. CRIMINAL LAW.
Desty.

CRIMINAL LAW.
Bishop, Barbour's,
Whorton, Clarks, Indiana.

NEW CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.
Bishop.

CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.
Bishop, Maxwell, Rapalje.

CRIMINAL DEFENCES.
Horrigam and Thompson.

CRIMINAL EVIDENCE.
Whorton.

CIVIL AND CRIMINAL.
Pagin's.

CIVIL JURY TRIAL.
Abbott's.

DAMAGES.
Sedgwick, Hale.
Southerland.

DEEDS.
Devlin.

DEATH BY UNLAWFUL ACT.
Jacobs.

EXECUTIONS.
Freeman.

EXTRAORDINARY RELIEF.
Spelling.

EMINENT DOMAIN.
Mills.

EJECTMENT.
Newell.

MANUAL ELEMENTARY LAW
Fishback.

MODERN EQUITY JURISDICTION.
Beach.

EQUITY JURISDICTION.
Pomeroy, Willard's,
Tiedeman's.

EQUITY PLEADING.
Lube.

MODERN EQUITY PLEADING.
Beach.

EQUITY.
Fetter.

LAW AND EQUITY.
Willey.

ESTOPPEL.
Bigelow.

CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE.
Best.

EVIDENCE.
Rice, Underhill.
Greenlief.

EXPERT OPINION EVIDENCE
Lawson.

PRESUMPTIVE EVIDENCE.
Lawson.

FORCIBLE ENTRY AND DETAINER.
Cunningham.

FACTS.
Abbott.

FEDERAL PROCEDURE.

Desty.
FIXTURES.
Ewell.
FRAUD.
Bigelow.
FALSE IMPRISONMENT.
Newell.
GARNISHMENT.
Rood.
GIFTS AND ADVANCEMENT.
Thorton.
HUSBAND AND WIFE.
Stewart.
HABEAS CORPUS.
Church.
PUBLIC HEALTH.
Parker.
Worthingham.
HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION.
Thompson.
Warples.
INSANITY.
Burwell.
INJUNCTION.
High.
Beach.
INDICTMENT AND PLEAS.
Whorton.
INCORPORATE CO.S.
Foote & Everett.
INHERITANCE TAX LAW.
Dos Passos.
INTER-STATE LAW.
Glenn's.
INTERPRETATION OF LAW.
Black.
INTOXICATION.
Black.
INSURANCE.
Joyce, May,
Phillips.
FIRE INSURANCE.
Wood.
PRINCIPLES OF INSURANCE.
Harris.
LIFE INSURANCE.
Cooke.
Bliss.
JOURNAL ENTRY.
Wild's.
JUDGMENT.
Freeman.
Black.
JUDICIAL SALES.
Rorer.
JURISDICTION.
Brown.
JURISDICTION OF COURTS.
Hawes.
JUDICIAL WRITS AND PROCEEDS.
Alderson.
LANDLORD AND TENANT.
Taylor.
Gear.
LEGAL PRECEDENTS.
Brainard.
LARCENY AND KINDRED OFFENCES.
Rapalje.
LIS PENDENS.
Bennett.
LEGAL MAXIMS.
Broon.
LIMITATIONS.
Angell.
LIENS.
Jones.
LEGAL DIRECTORY.
Hubbell.
LAW DIRECTORY.
Bouvier's.
Black's.
MANDAMUS.
Merrill.
MARRIAGE, DIVORCE AND SEPARATION.
Bishop.
MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.
Stewart.

MERCANTILE LAW.
Pomeroy & Smith.
MASTER'S LIABILITY FOR INJURY TO SERVANT.
Bailey.
MEDICAL JURISDICTION.
Whorton & Stilles.
MECHANICS LIENS.
Phillips.
MORTGAGES.
Jones, Pierce,
Pingrey.
NEGLIGENCE.
Whittaker's, Beach,
Ray, Redfield & Sherman.
NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS.
Daniel.
NON-CONTRACT LAW.
Bishop.
NON-RESIDENCE.
Reno.
LAW OF NOTICE.
Wade.
LAW OF PARTNERSHIP.
Lindley.
PATENTS.
Robinson.
PERSONAL PROPERTY.
Schouler, Smith, Brantly.
ESTEE'S PLEADING.
Pomeroy.
PLEADING AND PRACTICE.
Maxwell.
CRIMINAL PLEADING AND PRACTICE.
Wharton.
PRACTICE AND PLEADING.
Wark's.
PRACTICE.
Jones & Cunningham.
PLEADINGS.
Abbott Trial Brief.
REMEDIES AND PRACTICE.
Right's.
AM. PROBATE LAW AND PRACTICE.
Rice.
PROBATE LAW AND PRACTICE.
Henry.
PUBLIC OFFICERS.
Throop.
Mecheam.
LIMITATIONS OF PUBLIC POWER.
Tiedeman.
PLEDGES.
Jones.
PUBLIC LAND LAW.
Copp's.
PUBLIC LAND DECISIONS.
Lester.
P. L. DECISIONS DEPT. INTERIOR.
LAND LAWS U. S.
Zabriskie.
DIGEST DECISIONS TO P. L.
LAND TITLES.
Dembitz.
TRIAL TO TITLE TO LAND.
Sedgwick & Wait.
RAILROADS.
Elliott, Am. and English.
Woods, Beach, Rorer.
ROAD RIGHTS AND LIABILITIES OF WHEELMEN.
Clemeston.
RAILROAD FENCES AND PUBLIC CROSSINGS.
Thorton.
REAL PROPERTY.
Pingrey, Washburn, Kerr,
Tiedeman, Noone.
RECEIVER.
High.
Beach.
RECEIVERSHIP.
Smith.

REMOVAL OF CAUSES.
Desty.
REFERENCE MANUAL.
STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.
Southerland.
SET OFF.
Waterman.
SURETYSHIP AND GUARANTEE.
Brant.
PRINCIPLES OF SALES.
Benjamin.
SALES.
Benjamin, Adams, Baker, Tiffany, Newmark.
SLANDER AND LIBEL.
Townsend.
EQUITY.
Fetter.
TAX TITLES.
Black.
Blackwell.
TAXATION.
Cooley.
Desty.
TRIALS.
Thompson.
TORTS.
Addison, Cooley, Webb, Jaggard, Chase.
BEFORE AND AT TRIAL.
Harris.
PREPARATIONS FOR TRIAL.
Bailey.
TRIAL PROCEDURE.
Fitnmans.
TRESPASS.
Waterman.
TRUSTS.
Perry.
EXPERT TESTIMONY.
Rogers.
USAGES AND CUSTOMS.
Lawson.
VENDORS.
Sugden.
Warvelle.
WILLS.
Redfield, Jarman, Beach, Cassidy.
BLACKS POMEROY OF WATER RIGHTS.
WRITTEN LAW.
Bishop.

MISCELLANEOUS.

American and English Encyclopaedia of Law	22 volumes
Opinions of Attorneys Generals	31 volumes
United States Digest	29 volumes
United States Digest, First Series	16 volumes
Abbott's New Cases	31 volumes
Abbott's National Cases	5 volumes
Federal Cases	30 volumes
Pacific Reporters	43 volumes
American Reports	60 volumes
American State Reports	58 volumes
American Decisions	100 volumes
American Decisions and Reports. Rapaljes Digest	3 volumes
American Law Register	14 volumes

American Digest	12 volumes
Century Digest	5 volumes
American Corporation Cases	11 volumes

I am now making an effort to effect a complete exchange with all of the States and Territories and if such an exchange can be kept up it will save a large sum of money to our Territory in building up the library and increase the number of volumes very rapidly. A majority of the Territories, if not all have been aided in building up their libraries by an approriation by Congress for that purpose, we, however, have had no such help. Kansas secured an appropriation of five thousand ($5,000.00) dollars, we should have a like amount.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. H. DODSON,
Territorial Librarian.

Report of the Oil Inspector.

Office of Inspector of Oils.
GUTHRIE, Oklahoma Territory, December 30, 1898.

To His Excellency Cassius M. Barnes,
Governor of Oklahoma Territory.

Sir: I have the honor to submit the following report of the Inspector of Illuminating Oils in Oklahoma.

The statements cover the time from date of my commission, July 1, 1897, to January 1, 1899.

AMOS A. EWING,
Inspector of Oils for Oklahoma Territory.

OIL INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

STATEMENT NO. 1.

Monthly inspection for Waters-Pierce Oil Company.

All amounts stated in barrels.

Date of Inspection	Water White.	Prime White.	Eupion.	
July, 1897		360.14	121.80	
August, 1897		273.66	366.92	
September, 1897		1,197.86	367.24	
October, 1897		826.72	1,023.50	
November, 1897		1,181.38	563.70	
December, 1897		1,201.94	1,503.34	
Totals		5,041.70	3,946.50	8,988.20
January, 1898	118.00	1,389.40	825.20	
February, 1898	119.00	996.94	707.34	
March, 1898		1,028.20	984.94	
April, 1898		413.70	237.22	
May, 1898		1,013.52	544.20	
June, 1898		244.12	245.18	
July, 1898		570.12	366.96	
August, 1898		366.74	366.88	
September, 1898		1,008.50	777.18	
October, 1898		1,357.58	840.88	
November, 1898		1,651.28	957.08	
December, 1898		1,378.04	864.78	
Totals	237.00	11,418.14	8,717.74	20,135.88

STATEMENT NO. 2.

Waters-Pierce Oil Company.

Date of Inspection.	Barrels of Gasoline.
July, 1897	590.64
August, 1897	403.28
September, 1897	654.22
October, 1897	365.60
November, 1897	334.92
December, 1897	212.16
Total	2,560.82
January, 1898	121.64
February, 1898	244.18
March, 1898	560.62
April, 1898	
May, 1898	336.76
June, 1898	467.50
July, 1898	1,045.78
August, 1898	951.34
September, 1898	507.00
October, 1898	748.40
November, 1898	223.32
December, 1898	279.54
Total	4,486.08

Monthly inspection for National Oil Company.

STATEMENT NO. 1.

Date of Inspection.	Illuminating Oil in Barrels.
July, 1897	4
August, 1897	12
September, 1897	3
October, 1897	6
November, 1897	15
December, 1897	17
Total	57
January, 1898	9
February, 1898	26
March, 1898	10
April, 1898	26

May, 1898	2
June, 1898	6
July, 1898	6
August, 1898	9
September, 1898	11
October, 1898	71
November, 1898	35
Total	211

National Oil Company.

STATEMENT NO. 2.

Date of Inspection.	Barrels of Gasoline.
July, 1897	2
August, 1897	13
October, 1897	1
November, 1897	1
December, 1897	2
Total	19
January, 1898	3
February, 1898	11
March, 1898	22
April, 1898	2
June, 1898	5
July, 1898	6
August, 1898	15
September, 1898	7
October, 1898	16
November, 1898	4
Total	91

Monthly Inspection for Cummins Oil Company.

Organized November 1, 1897.
Retired from business June 13, 1898.

STATEMENT NO. 1.

Date of Inspection.	Water White.	Prime White	
February, 1898	139.84	340.12	
April, 1898	290.50		
Totals	430.34	340.12	770.46

Cummins Oil Company.

STATEMENT NO. 2.

Date of Inspection.	Barrels of Gasoline.
February, 1898	10
March, 1898	20
Total	30

At the time I took posession of the Office of Oil Inspector the points from which distribution of oils and gasoline were made, having large storage tanks, were as follows, viz.: Guthrie, Oklahoma City, El Reno, Kingfisher, Enid, Jefferson and Alva.

Since that time tanks have been erected and distributing stations established at Blackwell, Newkirk, Ponca City, Chandler, Shawnee, Norman and Weatherford.

LIST OF REJECTED OILS.

National Oil Co., 2 bbls. Reflection Light, rejected September 9, 1897.

Scofield, Shurmer and Teagle shipped into Oklahoma Territory, November 21, 1898, ten barrels of oil on which inspection was avoided.

RECAPITULATION.

Name of Company.	Barrels.	Inspection Fees. 15c. per bbl.
Waters-Pierce Oil Co	36,171	$5,425.65
National Oil Co	378	56.70
Cummins Oil Co	800	120.00
Total	37,349	$5,602.35

My experience as coal oil inspector leads me to the conclusion that if the present law were amended with reference to the clause defining the inspection by requiring both a gravity and a flash test, also providing suitable penalties prohibiting the sale of dangerous oils that the law then would operate to give us a good quality of oil and would also tend to encourage competition which would have the effect of decreasing the price.

In support of the above suggestion I would respectfully call your attention to the fact that representatives of wholesale dealers have made shipments of oil to our territory and in so doing assured their patrons that these oils had been inspected before coming to Oklahoma, and succeeded in inducing different parties to retail their oils without regard to the law of the Territory on the subject.

Your Obedient Servant.

AMOS A. EWING,
Inspector.

Report of the Oklahoma Board of Dental Examiners.

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., December 15, 1898.

His Excellency, C. M. Barnes,
Governor of Oklahoma Territory.

Sir: The Board of Dental Examiners of Oklahoma Territory submits the following as the Eighth Annual Report of its proceedings, together with an account of all moneys received and disbursed, in compliance with the provisions of a certain Act of Legislature entitled: "An Act to Regulate the Practice of Dentistry Within the Territory of Oklahoma," approved December 25, 1890.

Since the Seventh Annual Report was submitted, the regular meeting of the Board was held at Kingfisher, on May 3rd, 4th and 5th. Of the large number of applicants only eleven were present to take the examination; this light attendance being caused by the heavy rain storms making travel very uncertain and in many cases impossible. Of the eleven who took the examination four met the requirements of the Board.

Following is the account of all moneys received and disbursed during the present year.

RECEIPTS.

Money on hand December 15, 1897	$ 30.45	
Money received from applicants since December 15 1897, to December 15, 1898	260.	$290.45

EXPENDITURES.

Expenditures	161.15
Leaving available funds	$ 129.30

The above statement shows the rush made to this Territory in the past year. Some applicants were advanced in their professions while others were taking advantage of the new field. As far as the Board had power to examine, being those who had no diplomas, none but competent persons were admitted. However most of the applicants held certificates from dental colleges, which are very numerous in this country. The colleges are nothing more than large dental offices owned and controlled by a few resident dentists, who, for a consideration, after a prescribed time, issues certificates which the law of this Territory recognizes and allows the holder of any such certificate to practice without any further recommendation.

This confidence has been abused to such an extent throughout the country that most states are requiring all applicants to pass an examination.

We are asked to register diplomas from reputable colleges where the applicant is under 21 years of age, and at another time where the holder of a license was in attendance only three weeks during the first term, but was allowed to pay the fee of $100.00 and received a certificate for the full attendance. We refer here only to reputable colleges.

So common were the above occurrences and others equally as odious, that the Dental Association of this Territory held a call meeting at Oklahoma City, October 10, and discussed the situation. The Association believed the people needed protection in this respect and by a unanimous vote it was agreed to recommend for our consideration a law that would require *all* to be examined.

The large numbers of dentists coming to this Territory has made it necessary for us to ask dentists of different localities to report new arrivals, which is not always done. Again the new arrival frequently represents that he is registered and as he is not required to keep his license in a conspicuous place, manages to evade the law for some time. If the holder of a license would be required to register his license in the country where he practices it would obviate this trouble.

Several arrests have been made for the violation of the dental law, but were dismissed upon the defendant complying with the law or leaving the Territory. To prosecute many of these cases would mean persecution, as some of them are good men, but being unable financially could not meet the requirements of the law.

Those receiving permanent licenses to practice dentistry in since our last report are: M. B. Furrow, J. B. Worley, R. J. Edmiston, A. C. Hixon, J. W. Grant and L. B. Conn, making 53 dentists holding permanent licenses. Twenty-two temporary licenses have been issued by the Secretary since the meeting of the Board at Kingfisher.

The Board desires to thank the dentists of the Territory for their valued assistance in the performance of their duties, which is not always pleasant. The present excellent condition of things is due to the harmony in the Dental Association and the dentists throughout the Territory.

The Board of Dental Examiners respectfully submit the foregoing as their report.

ELMER E. KIRKPATRICK, D. D. S.,
Secretary.

First Biennial Report of the Secretary of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission.

HONORABLE C. M. BARNES, *Governor*,
Guthrie, Oklahoma.

Sir: I have the honor to herewith submit the report of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission for the biennial period covering the years 1897 and 1898. Although no provision is made by the laws for this report, yet the commission deemed the interests of the live stock industry to be of so vast importance as to justify a voluntary statement from them as to its condition, and the effect and result of the present quarantine laws, and feeling that some legislation touching the interests of the live stock industry will be offered during the coming meeting of the Legislature, it was considered that for your and the legislators' information and enlightenment a report of this kind might be of some value and aid.

The history of the quarantine law in Oklahoma dates back to the Act of 1895. It was born of a necessity growing out of the demorilized condition of the live stock industry, especially of the cattle, of the Territory of Oklahoma, due to the fact that no protection was offered it on our statute books in the way of a provision for the prevention of the introduction or the spread of contagious and infectious diseases.

Owing to the geographical location, Oklahoma is the gate-way between the great breeding plains of Texas and the Republic of Mexico and the market and feeding pens of the north, and is traversed yearly by vast herds of cattle, both by trail and railway. Hence, it is that the quarantine laws of the Territory, in the present form, have to do almost exclusively with a few diseases affecting cattle and horses, and the efforts and labors of this Commission have been directed almost exclusively to the diseases affecting these two classes of live stock.

It is a matter of general information that the Gulf states and other states bordering thereon, and especially southern Texas and the low lands of the Republic of Mexico, are permanently infected with the most destructive of diseases known to the cattle industry, namely, Southern or Splenetic fever, commonly called Texas fever, and that all the cattle coming from these localities bring with them the infection of this disease, which is disseminated among our northern herds with the most fatal results.

Owing to the favorable climate it is presumable that these conditions will ever continue to prevail and that cattle will always be bred and reared in the south and shipped to the north for feed and market. This being true, it was and is quite necessary that Oklahoma, being an intermediate point, should be provided with those safe-guards which will both prevent the introduction of this disease, as well as give full protection against the spread thereof.

The existence of this condition in the localities as above set forth has been recognized not only by the Federal Government, but as well by nearly every state and territory of the Union, each of which have enacted laws governing the transportation and movement of cattle and other live stock therefrom.

The Federal Government, through the Department of Agriculture, has also established rules and regulations governing the movement of cattle as between the states, and to enforce the same have maintained a corps of agents and inspectors throughout the United States and established quarantine lines and districts, thereby restraining the movement of cattle, with a view to the prevention of the spread of this and other infectious diseases. The result is that cattle from all that district lying above or north of the Federal quarantine line are free to move at any season of the year to any locality or market, while those below or south of the line are restricted to points within the area included therein. In many of the states where one part has been found to be free from infection, the Federal Government has recognized it by extending the quarantine lines and regulations into and through, thus dividing it, but the enforcement and maintenance has devolved upon the respective states as the Feredal authorities have no jurisdiction within the boundaries of the states. Thus it is that Oklahoma and Texas are each divided—part being above and part below the Federal quarantine line.

The experience of many years has proven that these safeguards must be rigidly maintained or it will not be possible for the cattle industry to thrive in those localities where native cattle are constantly being brought into contact with cattle from the infected area. For years prior to the organization of Oklahoma into a territory the country included within its boundaries was the field of contention between the owners of the two classes of cattle commonly called native and southern cattle. The result was that the industry became most hazardous to those who undertook to breed and raise the northern or native cattle. The conflict between these two classes, the interest of each of whom was very great, together with the growing recognition of the necessity of the movement of cattle from the south attracted the attention of the government through the Department of Agriculture. The result was that for the last several years the question of the prevention of the spread of Southern or Splenetic fever among the cattle by other means than that of laws and quarantine regulations, and of permitting them to be brought together, attracted the attention of not only the federal government through the Department of Agriculture, but also to the veterinary departments of the states and territories, with a view to the discovery of some method for the destruction of the disease germ or the agency of its communication. This led to an investigation along two lines, viz.: What was the means or agency by which this disease was carried or communicated, and, second, how to get away with or destroy the same.

All of the resources of the Department of Agriculture, through the Bureau of Animal Industry, aided by the leading scientists of the land, as well as the officers of the several states, were directed and expended in these investigations.

It was finally concluded and is the accepted theory today, by not only the Bureau of Animal Industry and the states and territories, but by the other leading nations of the world where this fever prevails, that the Boophilis Bovis, or commonly called "cattle tick," is the agent which carries the disease germ from one animal to the other. This theory has been followed up with a line of experiments, especially during the last eighteen months, which, to the minds of this commission, are sufficient in their extent and results to prove, absolutely, that the tick is not only an agent, but that it is the only agent that carries this disease.

The members of this commission, acting as a Board of Regents of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, through the Veterinary Department, have proven the correctness of this theory by local experimentations, and in furtherance thereof enacted regulations recognizing it, which have been in force for some months past with most promising results.

The theory of the infection through the agency of the cattle tick having been proven and accepted, the next step in the line of prevention and extermination of this disease was the discovery of some method for the destruction of the tick. In pursuing investigations on this line several propositions had to be considered, viz: The absolute destruction of the tick, without injury to the cattle, and in a manner that the cost would be within the range of a possibility for commercial usage. The Federal government had experimented along this line for several years. The states of Texas, Missouri and Illinois and the Territory of Oklahoma also made several and various experiments. In accordance with and in furtherance of results obtained and proofs made by the Federal government and the states mentioned, as well as other states and territories, the plan of dipping the cattle in a solution of what is called extra dynamo oil, which is nothing more than a high class of lubricating oil with flower of sulphur suspended therein in the proportion of eighty-six pounds to the one thousand gallons of oil, was adopted.

It was discovered that ticks, when submerged in this oil, shrivel up and die in most cases within twenty-four hours. Vats, containing this oil for the dipping of cattle infested with ticks, were erected in many parts of the United States, and infested cattle successfully dipped in both an experimental and commercial way. Approximately, about eight thousand head were dipped under the supervision and in compliance with the regulations of this commission within the last four months. The results were entirely satisfactory from an experimental, as well as practical and commercial standpoint. In some few cases where cattle were young and weak the dipping was attended with disaster, but where cattle were in good condition the results have been most satisfactory. Considerable complaint came from the owners of herds that were dipped who, wherever any loss occurred subsequent to dipping, attributed the cause of death invariably to the dipping, with no allowance whatever for the injury the cattle might have sustained while in transit on railway cars or from the effect of sudden climatic changes. Investigation of all these complaints, by both our territorial veterinerian, as well as the agents and veterinerians of the department of the Bureau of Animal Industry, proved beyond question that in most cases the death of the stock could be attributed more to other causes than that of the dipping. The heaviest losses occurred in herds of cattle that had suffered greatly in shipment before being dipped and that had come from a climate which was much warmer than Oklahoma, and when cattle were in very poor condition. The loss among the herds of local cattle in good condition at the time of dipping was proven by actual computation to be less than one-half of one per cent.

The experience of this commission was and is sufficient to warrant and justify the adoption of the dipping regulations governing cattle from the infected area. There has been some hardships upon the owners of young and weak cattle during the past year, caused by the dipping of cattle at a very unfavorable season, but by the timely promulgation of these regulations for the future there need never be a recurrence of these disastrous results.

It being proven beyond the possibility of a doubt that ticks carry the fever and that the dipping kills the ticks, the incalculable benefit and good resulting from a rigid enforcement of these regulations and the resulting freedom of movement of cattle at all seasons of the year and to any and all localities will be so great in the end that the few who have suffered and lost, and the small per cent. of loss that is likely to occur from the continuance of the process, will be so little as to have no place for consideration.

Heretofore our farmers and small stock men throughout the Territory have suffered heavily from the loss caused by Southern or Splenetic fever, the infection of which was brought into and among their herds every season by cattle from the infected area during what has been known as "open season." It has been the great effort and desire of this Commission to protect our farmers and small ranchmen from the class known as the "feeders" who heretofore have made it a practice of bringing infested cattle from these infected areas among our local herds for the purpose of wintering. In the spring the cattle are removed and either taken to the markets or back to the ranges, leaving behind them infection on every hand, the result of which ultimately has been the destruction of the milch cows and small herds of cattle which, in many cases, were the main source of subsistence and support.

The principal objection to the dipping of cattle springs from this class who, by the way, seldomly are residents of the Territory, paying no taxes into our treasury or in any manner contributing to our welfare and who can have no further interest in the transaction than in their own gain. Exaggerated newspaper accounts and complaints originating from these sources have had a tendency to prejudice the public mind against the officers of the law charged with the enforcement of these regulations and against the theory and regulations themselves, but, in support of our position, and in the furtherance of this statement, we beg to refer you to the report of the Sanitary boards of the other states and territories and to that of the Bureau of Animal Industry and to other rules and regulations for the coming year, all of which have been based and formulated upon the experiences of the past year and all of which are identical with those of this Commission, requiring the enforcement of the dipping regulations.

We are satisfied that when the public comes to adapt itself to the new regulations and to witness the results from time to time during the coming year, they will regard the quarantine regulations as they now stand, recognizing and enforcing the dipping regulations, as the greatest boon that has ever befallen the cattle industry of our country.

Heretofore, by reason of the existence of the infection of Southern or Splenetic fever in the areas named, the cattle therefrom could be moved to other localities for purposes other than immediate slaughter during only two months of the year. The result of this was a great hardship, not only to the feeders of the north, but to the breeders of the south as well, for in case of an overproduction and surplus of feed on the one part, cattle could not be had, and in case of great drouth on the south and west plains the cattle could not be marketed or transported, resulting in great loss in both cases.

Under the present regulations there is no restraint whatever upon the movement of cattle after dipping, at any season of the year, or to any locality. The result will be that in a brief time Oklahoma's cattle industry will be as safe and profitable as it is in the northern states where the fear and loss from this dread disease is not known and in the southern locality where it has no effect.

The cattle industry of Oklahoma has never prospered more than it has in the last two years, and especially in the western part where the quarantine regulations have been more rigidly enforced by the officers and respected by the citizens. Owing to the tendency of many of our citizens and local officers on our eastern border to disregard the enforcement of the quarantine regulations the beneficial results have not been as fully realized. We hope, however, that with some needed legislation hereinafter suggested, we may cure these evils, and have a uniform enforcement and regard for quarantine regulations throughout the entire Territory.

The present laws are more modern than of any other state or territory in the union and are probably, all things being considered, the best, yet at the same time are not without some defects.

Section 3 of the present quarantine regulations fixes the date of the going into effect each year of the regulations prescribed by this Commission as contemporaneous with those of the Federal government. Our experience leads us to believe that this should be modified, and that the time should be left to the discretion of the Commission, for the reason that the regulations made by the government, while they might be proper in point of time for the states or territories on the Atlantic or Pacific coast they probably would not be for us. The difference in the climate and altitude between the various states along the federal line is very great, so that what would be a proper date for one might not be for another. We would therefore recommend that this provision be modified accordingly.

Section 3 further provides and defines the boundary or quarantine line of the Territory. We believe that this should be stricken out and that the formation of this line left to the discretion of the Commission. Conditions are constantly arising necessitating local changes so that we believe the best interests of different parts of the Territory would be subserved if the making of the line was delegated to the Commission.

Under the present law there is no provision made for the enforcement of regulations against the spread of contageous or infectuous diseases among other live stock than cattle and horses. The wonderful growth and advancement in the hog and sheep industries and the presence of infectuous diseases among the herds thereof leads us to suggest an amendment to the laws so as to include this class of live stock and to throw around them such provisions and regulations as are necessary for their protection. We would further suggest that greater power be given to the sheriffs and deputies of the several counties of our Territory, so that they may be enabled to act with full powers during the absence of the inspector and until his arrival and inspection.

Owing to a mistake or oversight by the last legislative assembly the appropriation, made for the expenses, as well as the per diem of the inspectors, was wholly inadequate to meet the requirements of a full and faithful enforcement of the law. The inspectors, under the appropriation, were limited to $18.50 allowance for each month's expenses, which prevented them in many cases from the employment of necessary means for the proper enforcement of the law in their districts. Unless they are provided with necessary means for a rightful execution, the law will become practically of no force and effect. Under the present law they are allowed $3.00 per day for time actually employed, and only $1,000 appropriated annually to cover same. We would therefore request that you recommend an appropriation by this legislature for a sufficient amount to enable them to work every day in the year if necessary, and for at least $500.00 each for expenses for each year for each of the years 1899 and 1900, or so much thereof as may be necessary. Notwithstanding the fact that sufficient appropriation was not made for the payment of expenses by the last legislature, all of the inspectors have gone ahead and expended money far in excess of what was allowed them under the law, so that they were at an expense considerably in excess of their allowance, and each of them has also served more days than there was money appropriated to pay. We therefore request that you recommend a deficiency appropriation for the payment of the amount of $500.00, or so much thereof as may be necessary for their reimbursement for money expended in expenses in excess of what was appropriated by statute. and also for their per diem yet due them.

Section 1 of the present quarantine laws provides for the election of one member as secretary, upon whom devolves, under the by-laws of this Commission, the sole direction of the inspectors in the discharge of their duty and of the keeping of the records of the Commission, as well as attending to the correspondence and other requirements of the Commission. For a proper fulfillment of these requirements there is a necessity of considerable expense incurred in the way of stationery, postage, telegraph and telephone communications. We therefore request that you recommend an appropriation of $500.00, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the payment of expenses of the office of the secretary.

Under the present law the number of days during the course of a year which this Commission may hold legal sessions is limited to twelve. Owing to the growing importance and the increasing amount of work we believe that it will require more time, and would therefore request that you recommend that the law be modified and that the number of days increased to thirty.

Owing to the dual capacity in which the members of this Commission serve, being commissioned as members of the Board of Regents of the Agricultural College and ex-officio members of the Livestock Sanitary Commission, we have been greatly aided in our work as members of the Livestock Commission by being constantly in touch with the faculty and work of the Agricultural College and Experimental Station, which goes hand in hand with the livestock industry of the Territory. While the officers of the Agricultural and Mechanical College and the members of the faculty thereof have ever been willing and have aided us in our work as members of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission, it has been done voluntarily on their part without authority of law. During the several times we have had occasion to call to our assistance the services of the veterinerian, Dr. L. L. Lewis, he has at all times responded, but, at the same time, it has been with considerable hardships to himself, since no allowance was made for his per diem or for his expenses while acting for us. As we contemplate the work in the future we cannot help but feel there will be great necessity for the services of a competent veterinerian. We would therefore suggest that a suitable amount be appropriated for the payment of the per diem of a veterinerian and his expenses while acting under the direction and order of this Commission.

With the above amendments to our laws and proper appropriation made we feel that the growing needs of the live stock industry in the way of proper sanitation will be served, and this greatest of our industries be placed on the basis of safety and made still more inviting to the farmer, ranchman and banker with his loans. Proper regulations and a strict enforcement thereof are absolutely necessary. Without them the interests of all—the ranchman with his herd, or the tenant with his single milch cow—are imperiled and rendered dangerous and uncertain.

With a hope that some information or thought of value or aid to you may be suggested herein, this report is

Respectfully Submitted,

R. J. EDWARDS,

Secretary.

Oklahoma City, O. T., January 7, 1899.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S REPORT.

[AS SUBMITTED TO THE FIFTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY WITH THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.]

OFFICE OF ATTORNEY GENERAL,
GUTHRIE, OKLA., JAN. 1, 1889.

To Hon. Cassius M. Barnes, Governor of Oklahoma:

SIR:—As one of the pleasurable duties of the attorney general of this territory, I have the honor herewith to submit for your information and consideration a report of the condition of the business of such office.

The law does not designate a specific time for the making of such report, but clearly contemplates its issuance, as now, just prior to a session of the legislature. In so far as I have been able to ascertain, no like report has at any time been rendered by this office. The records of the office delivered to me upon assuming control were very meagre, consisting only of a book of opinions and correspondence of my immediate predecessor, Hon. C. A. Galbraith, and docket containing a partial list of cases, civil and criminal, disposed of and pending in the supreme court. A comparison, therefore, of the volume of business of the office and the method of its dispatch during the administrations of my predecessors and myself respectively is impossible.

TERRITORIAL SUPREME COURT.

Entering upon the discharge of the duties of the office May 27, 1897, I found pending in the supreme court of the territory twenty-three cases, civil and criminal, in which the territory was either a party or interested. The law commits the care and conduct of all such cases to the attorney general Nine of these civil cases were suits in equity to restrain the collection of territorial and county taxes. They are entitled, and came up from the counties, respectively as follows:

No. 450. *Gray et al v. Stiles, Treasurer, et al,* Logan County reversed.

No. 466. *Wallace, Treasurer, et al v. Bullen et al,* Noble county; reversed.

No. 467. *The State National Bank et al v. Carson, Treasurer, et al,* Oklahoma county; reversed.

No. 480. *Lee, Treasurer, et al v. Mehew et al,* Kingfisher county; pending.

No. 537. *Sugg et al v. Board of County Commissioners et al,* Canadian county; appeal dismissed.

No. 554. *Mayfield et al v. Bradley, Sheriff, et al,* D county; reversed.

No. 556. *The Prairie Cattle Co. (Limited) v. Williamson, Treasurer, et al,* Beaver county; affirmed.

No. 560. *Borderick et al v. Dillon, Treasurer, et al,* Blaine county; reversed.

No. 561. *Herring et al v. Wiggins, Treasurer, et al,* Woodward county; appeal dismissed.

All of the foregoing cases have been disposed of by our supreme court except No. 480, which is now pending on petition for re-hearing In Nos. 466, 480, 537, 556, 560 and 561 the decisions of our supreme court were favorable to the territory.

The case of *Wallace et al v. Bullen et al* involved the powers of the territorial board of equalization. It was carefully briefed and orally presented upon rehearing. It expressly overrules the former decisions of the court in cases Nos. 450 and 467, which were decided adversly to the territory, and remanded to the trial court for further proceedings.

In No. 467 the judgment record of the supreme court shows that the decree of the trial court was affirmed, (favorable to the territory) whereas, the opinion as handed down indicates that the action of the trial court is reversed. This condition is probably the result of clerical misprision, may be corrected and the cause remanded.

The questions presented in the foregoing remanded causes being practically identical with those determined in the case of *Wallace et al v. Bullen et al,* upon further proceedings had in lower court, must almost inevitably be resolved in favor of the territory.

No. 499, *The Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College v. Willis et al*, Payne county, an action upon a contract, was determined in favor of the Territory, the court holding that the plaintiff in error could not be sued.

No. 544. *Territory of Oklahoma v. Cooper, et al*, Oklahoma county, is an action upon a supersedeas bond given in a criminal cause. It has been carefully briefed and is pending on a motion to dismiss the appeal, by defendants in error.

The criminal cases above mentioned are entitled and disposed of as follows:

No. 492, *J. H. Garver v. Territory*, Oklahoma county, permitting escape; affirmed.

No. 506, *Jesse Slover v. Territory*, Canadian county, robbery; affirmed.

No. 509, *George E. Shufeldt v. Territory*, Canadian county, selling to minor; appeal dismissed.

No. 536, *James C. Sowers v. Territory*, Noble county, incest; reversed.

No. 541, *Eugene Hays v. Territory*, Canadian county, murder; reversed.

No. 547, *Robert B. Kennon v. Territory*, Garfield county, larceny; affirmed.

No, 552, *Frank Swaggaat v. Territory*, Canadian county, permitting unlawful use of building; affirmed.

No. 562, *John A. Cox v. Territory*, Beaver county, over-branding cattle; appeal dismissed.

No. 564. *Kitty Nelson v. Territory*, Oklahoma county, keeping house of ill-fame; reversed.

No. 578, *Alfred Son v. Territory*, Canadian county, murder; reversed

No. 584, *William Johnson v. Territory*, Canadian county, burglary; reversed.

No. 589, *Willard, Scott and Al Mitchell v. Territory*, Logan county, larceny; reversed.

All of the above criminal causes, except Nos. 562 and 589, were submitted for decision before I was fairly installed in office.

Prior to my appointment as attorney general I had been of counsel for plaintiffs in error in No. 589, and consequently did not act therein, the Territory being represented by Hon. Samuel L. Overstreet.

Since my appointment as Attorney General, there have been filed in the Supreme Court twenty-six civil actions in which the Territory is either a party or interested. I give herewith a list of such cases, showing the nature of the actions, what if any disposition has been made of them and whether or not favorable to the Territory.

No. 606, *Sweet, Treas., et al v. Boyd, et al,* Greer county, injunction—tax. The decision of our Supreme Court is favorable to the Territory. The case has been appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States by plaintiff in error, and is there pending.

No. 609, *The Leader Printing Co. v. Nichols, Territorial Auditor,* mandamus, peremptory writ granted.

No. 621. *Price et al v. Board of County Commissioners,* Pawnee county, injunction—tax, pending.

No. 622, *Johnson et al v. Board of County Commissioners,* Pawnee county, injunction—tax, pending.

No. 623, *Florer et al v. Board of County Commissioners,* Pawnee county, injunction—tax, pending.

No. 642, *Board of County Commissioners v. Watson,* Greer county, suit on certificates issued to witnesses in criminal cases, reversed.

No. 646, *Van Trees et al v. Territory, ex rel,* Custer county, suit on County Treasurer's bond, affirmed; favorable to the Territory.

No. 652, *Boyd et al v. Wiggins, Treas., et al,* Woodward county, injunction—denied.

No. 671, *Webber v. Dillon,* Treas., *et al,* Blaine county, injunction—tax, denied.

No. 697, *School District No. 5 v. Hopkins, Territorial Auditor,* Oklahoma county, mandames, peremptory writ granted, This was an action to compel the payment of a judgment of the probate court of Oklahoma county, under the school insurance law. The auditor by my advice, refused to issue a warrant in order that the law might be tested.

No. 710, *Wilson v. Wiggins,* Treas., *et al,* Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

No. 712, *Smith et al, v. Wiggins, Treas., et al.* Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

No. 712, *Grimes v. Wiggins, Treas., et al,* Woodward county, injunction, tax: denied.

No. 713, *Fritzlein v. Wiggins, Treas. et al,* Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

No. 714, *Davis v. Wiggins, Treas., et al,* Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

No. 715, *Turner et al, v. Wiggins, Treas., et al,* Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

No, 716, *Bryan, Treas., v, The Board oi Education of City of Perry* Noble county, injunction; denied. This was an action to restrain the county treasurer from complying with section 2 of chapter 17, laws of 1897, the school insurance law.

No. 737, *Territory of Oklahoma, ex rel, Taylor, County Attorney v Caffrey, County Clerk,* Oklahoma county, mandamus pending. This is an action to compel the county clerk to extend valuations of property on the tax rolls as increased by the territorial board of equalization for the year of 1897.

No. 743, *The Leader Printing Co., v. Board af Regents, Agricultural and Mechanical College,* Payne county, mandamus, peremptory writ denied; pending, The plaintiff in error in this action claims the right to do all territorial printing, under a contract entered into by Hon. Thomas J. Lowe, former secretary of the territory and acting governor.

No. 744 *Territory of Oklahoma, ex rel, Harper S. Cunningham, Attorney General, v. Caffrey, County Clerk,* Oklahoma county, mandamus; peremptory writ granted. This is on action brought in the Supreme Court to compel defendant to extend upon the tax rolls of his county the valuation of property as increased by the territorial boord of equalization for the year of 1898.

No. 746, *Caffrey, County Clerk, v. Overholser,* Oklahoma county, injunction; pending. This is an action to restrain the clerk from extending upon the tax rolls the valuation of property as increased by the territorial board of equalization for the year of 1897.

No. 747, *Territory of Oklahoma ex rel, Harper S. Cunningham, Attorney General, v. Coulson, County Clerk,* Woods county. mandamus; peremptory writ granted. This case and No. 744 *supra*, are similar.

No. 749, *Coulson, County Clerk, v. Territory of Oklahoma ex rel Dunn, County Attorney*, Woods county, injunction, pending. The county attorney began this as a friendly action against the county clerk, and by agreement a decree was entered perpetually enjoining the clerk from extending upon the tax rools the valuation of property as increased by the territorial board of equalization for the year 1897. The decree was entered without my knowledge or consent, and immediately upon learning of same, I took the necessary steps, on the part of the territory, to appeal same, hoping thereby to secure a reversal of the decree, and the same is now pending in the Supreme Court.

No. 801. *Godfrey, Sheriff, et al. v. Wright et al*, Grant county, injunction, tax; pending.

No. 811, *Cramer et al, v. Board of County Commissioners et al*, Beaver county, injunction, tax; pending.

No. 817, *Martin, Treas., et al, v. Clay et al*, Pottawatomie county, injunction, tax; pending.

The following twenty-five criminal cases are all that have been brought to the Supreme Court during my term of office:

No. 614, *James Asher v. Territory*, Logan county, rape; affirmed.

No. 616, *James W: Kidd v. Territory*, Canadian county, pointing gun; appeal dismissed, (pardoned).

No. 617, *John Reaves v. Territory*, Canadian county on change of venue from Oklahoma county, murder; pending.

No. 653, *Wm. Lewis v. Territory ex rel*, Payne county, bastardy, appeal dismissed.

No. 659, *Thomas and William Doughitt v. Territory*, Pottawatomie county, larceny; affirmed.

No. 660, *Grove Huntley v. Territory*, Logan county, murder, affirmed.

No. 668, *O. S. Cutter v. Territory*. Pawnee county, perjury; pending.

No. 678, *Hubert O. Bell v. Territory*, Payne county, bastardy; pending.

No. 679, *Hubert O. Bell v. Territory ex rel*, Payne county, bastardy; appeal dismissed.

No. 683, *Henry C Ellis v Territory*, Pottawatomie county, murder; pending.

No. 685, *N. Stutsman v. Territory,* Oklahoma County, on change of venue from Pottawatomie county, murder; reversed and remanded.

No. 694, *Frank Abbott v. Territory,* Payne county, larceny: appeal withdrawn.

No. 708, *H. H. Hyde v. Territory,* Woods county, attempt to kill; pending.

No. 722, *Calvin Lawson v. Territory,* D county, murder; pending.

No. 760, *John Young v. Territory,* Woods county, assault to rape; pending.

No. 762, *James Hughes v. Territory,* Washita county, larceny; pending.

No. 763, *Fred Horn v. Territory,* Canadian county, burglay; pending.

No. 792, *Henry Ward v. Territory,* Lincoln county, robbery; pending.

No. 794, *George Roberts v. Territory,* Custer county, burglary; pending.

No. 802, *Levi Berberstein v. Territory,* Woods county, larceny; pending.

No. 803, *Roy Parker v. Territory,* Woods county, rape; pending.

No. 804, *William G. Martin v. Territory,* Payne county, criminal libel; pending.

No. 816, *W. H. Sullivan v. Territory,* Greer county, larceny; pending.

No. 820, *J. M. Keith v. Territory,* Logan county, larceny; pending.

No. 827, *Charles W. Bailey and Harry Plummer McCool v. Territory,* Canadian county, larcenry; pending.

Of all the above enumerated cases, twenty-nine are undisposed of; twelve civil and seventeen criminal. Part of them have been briefed by this office and in others the briefs are not yet due.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

But four cases in which Territory is interested have been taken to the Supreme Court of the United States.

Thomas et al v. Gay et al, Kay county.

Waggoner et al v. Evans Treas., et al, Canadian county,

Boyd et al v. Sweet, Treas., et al, Greer county.

These are suits in equity to enjoin the enforcement of our tax laws. The two first mentioned have been determined in favor of the Territory, and are fully reported.

169 U. S., 268.
170 U. S., 588.

The case of *Boyd et al Sweet, Treas., et al,* has only recently been appealed, and as yet the appellants have served no brief upon me. This action involves the validity of taxation in Greer county for the year of 1896.

Territory of Oklahoma ex rel Harper S. Cunningham, Attorney-General v. Richard Caffrey County Clerk, Oklahoma county. This is the action above mentioned. No. 744, only recently appealed.

DISTRICT COURTS.

Aside from the remanded cases above mentioned, there is now pending in the district courts of the Territory, only one case of which I have been advised, namely:

H. Overholser et al v. Board of Education of Normal School et al, Oklahoma county.

The plaintiffs in this action, as resident property owners and tax-payers, seek to enjoin the defendants from carrying into effect a certain contract entered into under chapter 25, laws of 1897, for the erection of a normal school building at the town of Alva in Woods county The cause is pending upon a demurrer to the petition therein and has been continued from time to time and cannot be disposed of until the next term of court.

The following cases received my personal attention in the district courts of Cleveland, Woodward and Woods counties respectively:

Lumber Co. et al v. Aniol, Treas., et al, Cleveland county, injunction, tax; denied.

Wilson V Wiggins, Treas., et al, Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied,

Smith et al v. Wiggins, Treas,, el al, Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

Grimes v. Wiggins, Treas., et al, Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

Fritzlein v. Wiggins, Treas., et al, Woodward county.injunction, tax; denied.

Davis v. Wiggins, Treas., et al, Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

Turner et al v. Wiggins, Treas., et al, Woodward county, injunction, tax; denied.

Territory of Oklahoma, ex rel J. J. Dunn v. Coulson, County Clerk, Woods county, injunction, tax; denied. This like 749, supra, was a friendly action brought by Mr. Dunn as county attorney to restrain the extension upon the tax-rolls of the valuation of property as increased by the Territorial Board of Equalization for the year 1898. It was brought without my knowledge and dismissed by motion presented by me.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

In the matter of Register's and Receiver's location fees on Indemnity School Lands in the Guthrie, Oklahoma City, and Woodward land districts, involving the sum of fifteen hundred and sixty-two dollars ($1,562.00,) I have appealed from the decision dated July, 1898, of the Commissioner of the General Land Office to the Honorable Secretary of the Interior, and the appeals are now pending.

CONTRACTS.

The only contracts prepared by or submitted to this office, were contracts for the education of deaf and dumb; care of insane; care of convicts; erection of Langston university, and erection of Alva normal school. In the last instance I also drafted the contractor's bond and prepared forms of certificates for the use and convenience of the Board of Education in making settlement with the contractor and superintending architect.

GUARRANTY COMPANIES.

Under article 2 of chapter 9 of the laws of 1897, I have issued but two certificates authorizing companies of the above character to transact business within the territory. The law makes no provision for the keeping of records nor the charging of fees by this office in such matters. In the instance of every other foreign corporation, the duties here imposed upon the Attorney General, by law devolve upon the Territorial Secretary.

He is provided with all necessary records and is authorized to collect proper fees. I would therefore recommend, either, that said law be amended so as to permit this office to collect such fees as are required to be paid by other foreign corporations, or that the whole matter be transferred to the Secretary's office.

BANKS AND BANKING.

As a member of the banking board I have attended twenty of its twenty-five meetings. Fifty-one charters have been granted by the board, and in forty-seven instances the applications were referred to me for examination and approval or disapproval. A very considerable number of these applications were found to be insufficient, but they were afterward properly executed, presented and granted in conformity with my suggestions.

The banking board, by resolution on December 13, 1897, directed me to begin proceedings in the district court of Canadian county for the appointment of a receiver of the Stock Exchange bank of El Reno, which I accordingly did.

In conformity with a resolution of the banking board I prepared forms of application, articles of incorporation, charter, subscription list and oaths of directors, which have been printed and are now in use.

OPINIONS AND CORRESPONDENCE, ETC.

The law provides that, upon request, the Attorney General shall consult and advise with the Governor, the several territorial officers and county attorneys concerning the duties of their several offices. It also provides that, upon request, he shall deliver to them his opinion, in writing, upon all questions of law submitted to him. Accordingly, since entering upon the duties of the office I have prepared and delivered seventy-nine such written opinions. A matter requiring no small amount of time and research. By far the greater portion of my labor, in this particular, has been in oral consultation with such officers. Hardly a day passes that I do not counsel with and advise some one of the above mentioned officers.

In the preparation of the opinions mentioned and in the presentation of cases by brief to the courts, where important interests of the territory are involved, great care and deliberation is necessary. Hasty or illy considered action were worse than none. This alone, if thoroughly attended, would require that one, an experienced attorney, devote practically all his time to it. Attendance upon the courts and other affairs of the territory necessitates my frequent absence from the office; meantime, work stops there. This should not be. Even a hurried glance at the foregoing, I think, will convince anyone that no one man can give to the manifold affairs of this office the attention which their importance demands, and that competent assistance is needed.

This office is daily in receipt of a great number of letters from all imaginable sources asking for information concerning the territory and its laws. Many of these letters could very properly be answered, and perhaps to the benefit of the territory, but having no assistance I find it absolutely impossible to give the matter the attention it deserves. Although no other territorial officer has so great need of the services of an expert stenographer, the law makes no provision for the employment or pay of one in the office of the Attorney General.

During the time the affairs of the office have been entrusted to my care, necessity has required that I employ one, and I have done so at my own expence. Without such aid it would have been impossible for me to have given anything like proper attention to the matters submitted to me.

The office is without furniture other than one solitary desk; whatever else of this character was indispensible, I have supplied at my own expense. All this should be remedied by the legislature.

I would, therefore, respectfully recommend a law be enacted authorizing the appointment of an assistant Attorney-General, the employment of a stenographer at the expense of the territory, the purchase of furniture necessary for the office, and that it carry an appropriation sufficient to cover the expense thus incurred.

Trusting that the foregoing may receive your approval,

I have the honor to be,

Your obedient servant,

HARPER S. CUNNINGHAM,

Attorney-General.

Contract for Care of Convicts.

This is to certify that the attached, is a true and correct copy of a contract entered into between the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma and the Warden of the Penitentiary of the State of Kansas, in compliance with an act of the territorial legislature approved September 13, 1890; said contract now being on file in the executive office of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES,
Governor.

January 16, 1899.

CONTRACT.

This contract made and entered into this First day of July, A. D., 1898, by and between H. S. Landis, warden of the penitentiary of the State of Kansas, for and on behalf of the State of Kansas, party of the first part, and C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, for and on behalf of said Territory, party of the second part.

Witnesseth.—That the said Warden, party of the first part, does hereby agree to receive and keep in the Kansas State Penitentiary at Lansing, Kansas, all of the prisoners convicted of crime whose sentence, under the laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, is confinement in a penitentiary for one year or more.

The said persons so convicted and sentenced and received by said Warden are to be provided with food, clothing, bedding, medical treatment and guarded while so confined and at work, being treated in every way as are the prisoners of the State of Kansas, for the sum of thirty-five cents per day for each calendar day for each convict and continuing until the date of discharge by expiration of sentence or otherwise. All persons so convicted and sentenced to be delivered to the Warden at said penitentiary without expense to said party of the first part.

The said warden agrees to furnish each prisoner on discharge with a suit of citizens clothes of the value of fifteen dollars, and five dollars in money, which said amounts shall be paid to said warden on vouchers duly made and approved.

All accounts becoming due under this contract to be paid within thirty days after the close of each quarter, or as soon thereafter as the taxes for said purpose can be collected by the Treasurer of the Territory of Oklahoma, during the continuance of this contract.

This contract to continue for one year from and after this date and until terminated by notice. Sixty days notice in writing by either party may terminate this contract.

In Witness Whereof we have hereunto set our hands the day and year first above written.

(Signed in Duplicate.)

H. S. LANDIS,
Warden Kansas State Penitentiary.

C. M. BARNES,
Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma.

APPROVAL.

The above attached contract entered into the first day of July, 1898, between H. S. Landis, Warden of the Kansas State Penitentiary, and C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, under which the convicts of the Territory of Oklahoma are to be cared for in the Kansas penitentiary for the sum of thirty-five cents each per day to be paid by the Territory of Oklahoma, is hereby approved by the board of directors of the Kansas State Penitentiary this ———— day of ———————— A. D., 1898,

Signed in Duplicate,

Directors.

AUTHORITY.

An Act to make provisions for the care and custody of persons sentenced to punishment in the penitentiary, under the laws of the Territory of Oklahoma.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma.

Section 1.—The Governor of Territory of Oklahoma is hereby authorized and empowered to contract, in the name of this Territory, with the proper authorities of some other state or territory, for the care and custody of such persons as may be convicted of crimes punishable in the penitentiary, by the courts of this Territory, and to bind this Territory to the faithful performance of such contract or contracts.

(Approved Sept. 13, 1890.)

Contract for the Care and Education of the Blind.

This is to certify that the attached, is a true and correct copy of a contract entered into between the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma and Charles A. Cunningham, of Logan County, Oklahoma, in compliance with Section 1 of Chapter XVI. of the session laws of 1897, said contract now being on file in the executive office of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES,
Governor.

CONTRACT.

This contract and agreement made and entered into this 5th day of January, A. D. 1899, by and between C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, party of the first part, and Charles A. Cunningham, of Logan County, Oklahoma Territory, party of the second part.

Witnesseth, That the party of the first part contracts and agrees with the party of the second part for the care and education of the blind persons of the Territory of Oklahoma for the period of five (5) years from the date hereof, at some suitable point in the Territory of Oklahoma and in substantial frame buildings—to have waterworks connection, such care and education to include board, lodging, clothing, medical treatment and education.

That such care and education of the blind shall be such as may hereafter be provided by the rules and regulations adopted therefor by C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, and the Board of Regents of the Territorial University of Oklahoma.

That the admission and discharge of the blind to and from the care and education of the party of the second part shall be under such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma and the Board of Regents above mentioned.

In consideration of all of which C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, party of the first part, contracts and agrees to pay Charles A. Cunningham, party of the second part, the sum of two hundred and seventy-five dollars per annum for each blind person committed to his care, said sum to be paid quarterly, that is to say, every three months.

In consideration of the covenants and agreements above set forth on the part of Hon. C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, Charles A. Cunningham of the County of Logan and Territory of Oklahoma, party of the second part, contracts and agrees to furnish substantial frame buildings with waterworks connection at a suitable point within the Territory of Oklahoma, and to care for the blind of the Territory for the term of five (5) years above mentioned in the manner stated and set forth herein above.

In witness whereof said parties have hereunto subscribed their names this 5th day of January, A. D., 1899.

C. M. BARNES.
CHARLES A. CUNNINGHAM.

Signed in duplicate.

Contract for the Care and Education of Deaf Mutes.

This is to certify that the attached, is a true and correct copy of a contract entered into between the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma and H. C. Beamer, of Guthrie, Okla., in compliance with Section 1 of Chapter XVI of the session laws of 1897, said contract now being on file in the executive office of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES,
Governor.

January 16, 1899.

CONTRACT.

This contract and agreement made and entered into this 1st day of October, A. D., 1897, by and between C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, party of the first part, and H. C. Beamer, of Logan County, Oklahoma Territory, party of the second part.

Witnesseth.—That the party of the first part contracts and agrees with the party of the second part for the care and education of the deaf, dumb and blind persons of the Territory of Oklahoma for the period of five (5) years from the date hereof, at some suitable point in the Territory of Oklahoma and in substantial frame buildings to have waterworks connection, such care and education to include board, lodging, clothing, medical treatment and education.

That such care and education of the deaf and dumb shall be in accordance with such rules and regulations as may hereafter be made by C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, and the Board of Regents of the Normal School for Oklahoma.

That such care and education of the blind shall be such as may hereafter be provided by the rules and regulations adopted therefor by C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, and the Board of Regents of the Territorial University of Oklahoma.

That the admission and discharge of the deaf, dumb and blind to and from the care and education of the party of the second part shall be under such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma and the respective Board of Regents above mentioned.

That the deaf and dumb committed to the care and education of the party of the second part under this contract and agreement shall be kept and cared for in a separate department or building from that of the blind above mentioned.

That the party of the first part at his option may terminate this contract as to the care and education of the blind upon thirty (30) days notice to the party of the second part.

In consideration of all of which C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, party of the first part, contracts and agrees to pay to H. C. Beamer, party of the second part, the sum of two hundred and seventy-five dollars per annum for each person either deaf, dumb or blind committed to his care, said sum to be paid quarterly, that is to say every three months.

In consideration of the covenants and agreements above set forth on the part of Hon. C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, H. C. Beamer of the County of Logan and Territory of Oklahoma, party of the second part, contracts and agrees to furnish substantial frame buildings with waterworks connection at a suitable point within the Territory of Oklahoma, and to care for the deaf, dumb and blind of the Territory for the term of five (5) years above mentioned in the manner stated and set forth herein above.

In witness whereof said parties have hereunto subscribed their names this 1st day of October, A. D., 1897.

C. M. BARNES, Governor,

H. C. BEAMER.

Signed in Duplicate.

Territory of Oklahoma, Logan County, ss.

I, John Threadgill, of the Territory of Oklahoma, hereby guarantee the faithful performance of the contracts, covenants and agreements of H. C. Beamer, all as above set forth.

Witness my hand this 1st day of October, A. D., 1897.

JOHN THREADGILL.

Signed in duplicate.

Executive Office,
Territory of Oklahoma,
January 4th, 1899.

It is hereby agreed mutually between the contracting parties to the within contract that so far as the same relates to the care, custody, education and control of blind persons that the same is hereby vacated, abrogated, set aside and held for naught and each party relieved from all obligation by reason thereof; the remaining portions of said contract to remain in full force and virtue.

Witness our hands this 4th day of January, 1899.

C. M. BARNES, Governor,
H. C. BEAMER.

Contract for the Care of Insane,

This is to certify that the attached is a true and correct copy of a contract entered into between the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma and the Oklahoma Sanitarium Company, in compliance with Section 1, Chapter XVI. of the session laws of 1897, said contract now being on file in the Executive office.

C. M. BARNES,
Governor.

January 16, 1899.

MEMORANDUM OF CONTRACT.

This contract entered into this 7th day of April, 1898, by and between C. M. Barnes, as Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, acting under and by virtue of the powers granted in the Act of the Fourth Legislative Assembly amending Section 2990, paragraph 1, Chapter 42, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, approved March 12, 1897, party of the first part, and the Oklahoma Sanitarium Company, party of the second part,

Witnesseth: That the party of the first part contracts with the party of the second part for the care and maintenance of the insane of the Territory, those now in the hospital of the said second party at Norman, Oklahoma Territory, as well as those citizens of the Territory who are or may hereafter become insane, during the life of this contract at the hospital and sanitarium of the said second party situated in the City of Norman, in the Territory of Oklahoma, for a period of three years from the 15th day of June, 1898.

Provided, That said sanitarium building shall be kept well ventilated and heated and properly supplied with pure water and adequate sewage connection, and the said second party shall use all means and proper appliances and care necessary to the end that the said insane persons shall be cared for in a proper, suitable and humane manner.

That the said second party shall be paid for the care and maintenance of each person as provided for in said Section 2990 as amended by statute aforesaid, the sum of two hundred dollars ($200.00) per annum for each patient, payable quarterly or the pro rata part thereof, for each patient confined in said asylum for less than a year to be paid in Territorial warrants issued by the Auditor upon accounts approved by the Governor.

That said second party hereby agrees to furnish the use of the sanitarium aforesaid at the rate of two hundred dollars ($200.00) per patient, to supply all necessary medical attendance, nursing, treatment, medicine, clothing and board at its own expense, and the care for said insane in a proper and humane manner, and in case of the death of any patient confined in said sanitarium the said second party agreed to give the said patient a decent burial at the expense of the county in which said patient was a resident.

That it is agreed and understood with the parties hereto that the regulations prescribed by law for the state of Illinois for the treatment of the insane shall govern said second party in the care of the insane under this contract, so far as the same may be applicable, and that the Superintendent of Public Health of the Territory of Oklahoma shall visit the said institution where said insane are being cared for at least twice a year or oftener, as the Governor of said Territory shall direct, and examine into and see that said rules and regulations are being properly complied with and that the insane are being properly and humanely cared for.

It is further understood and agreed that the said second party shall within ten days from this date execute a good and sufficient bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000) to the Territory of Oklahoma, conditioned upon the faithful performance of this contract on its part, said bond to be approved by the Governor, and when so approved shall be filed in the office of the Auditor of the Territory.

It is further understood and agreed that this contract is not assignable, without the consent in writing first procured from the Governor of the Territory, and that the patients to be received and cared for hereunder are not to be farmed out or their care and maintenance sublet to other persons by the said second party.

It is further agreed by and between the parties to this contract that if the said second party shall fail or refuse to comply with the terms and conditions of this contract, that the same may be declared forfeited by the Governor upon his giving thirty days notice in writing to the said second party of such forfeiture.

This contract is signed in duplicate.

C. M. BARNES, Governor.
OKLAHOMA SANITARIUM CO.
By John Threadgill, President.

Contract with American Book Company for the Supply and Use of Text Books.

521-531 Wabash Ave., Chicago, August 3, 1897.

Hon. A. O. Nichols, Territorial Supt. of Public Instruction,
Guthrie, O. T.

Dear Sir: In accordance with the provisions of the contract existing by and between the Territory of Oklahoma and the American Book Company, as set forth in article III. of said contract, we hereby submit a list of reduced net contract prices at which we will supply the books named to any responsible dealer or School District in the said Territory of Oklahoma, these reduced prices to become a part of said contract and to take effect from the date of the execution of said contract, April 5, 1897, to-wit:

	Net Contract Price.
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Speller	$0.13
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic First Reader	.13
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Second Reader	.23
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Third Reader	.32
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Fourth Reader	.38
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Fifth Reader	.54
Ray's New Primary Arithmetic	.11
Ray's New Intellectual Arithmetic	.19
Ray's New Elementary Arithmetic	.26
Ray's New Practical Arithmetic	.38
Ray's New Higher Arithmetic	.64
Ray's New Elementary Algebra	.60
Milne's High School Algebra	.75
Ray's Plane and Solid Geometry	.53
White's Elements of Geometry	.94
Long's New Language Exercises, Part I	.15
Long's New Language Exercises, Part II	.19
Harvey's Revised Elementary Grammar	.32
Harvey's Revised English Grammar	.49
Barnes' Elementary Geography	.42
Barnes' Complete Geography	.94
Eclectic Physical Geography	.75

Barnes' Primary History, U. S	.45
Barnes' Brief History, U. S	.75
Barnes' Brief General History	1.20
Child's Health Primer	.23
Young People's Physiology	.38
Steele's Hygienic Physiology	.75
Townsend's S. C. Civil Government	.54
Bryant and Stratton's C. S. Bookkeeping	.60
Steele's Popular Physics	.75
Gray's Revised Lessons in Botany	.71
Spencerian Copy Books, per dozen	.72
Steele's Chemistry	.75
Steele's Astronomy	.75
Holder's Zoology	.90
Dana's Geological Story Briefly Told	.87
Quackenbos' Rhetoric	.79
Harkness' Easy Latin Method	.90
Webster's Primary Dictionary	.38
Webster's C. S. Dictionary	.58
Webster's H. S. Dictionary	.78
Webster's Academic Dictionary	1.20
Natural Music Primer	.23
Natural Reader, No. 1	.23
Natural Reader, Nos. 2, 3 and 4	.27
Natural Reader, No. 5	.38
Harkness' Latin Grammar	.84
Harkness' Caesar	.90

Very truly yours,

AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY,
Chas. J. Barnes, Managing Director, at Chicago.

This contract and agreement made and entered into by and between the Territory of Oklahoma, by A. O. Nichols, Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction, party of the first part, and the American Book Company, a corporation created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New Jersey, party of the second part,

Witnesseth: That, Whereas the Territory of Oklahoma by an Act approved March 12, 1897, provided in Section 1 for a contract between the Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction and the publishers of such text-books as should be found to be in most general use throughout the Territory, and said Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction and the American Book Company of New York, Cincinnati and Chicago, have entered into the following contract:

In consideration of the provisions of said Act, and the payment of one dollar, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the American Book Company, as party of the second part, agrees with said party of the first part, to supply the following list of books for the use of the schools of said Territory on the terms and at the prices herein stated:

	Net Contract Price	List Price	Exchange Price
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Speller	$0.14	$0.17	$0.10
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic First Reader,	.14	.17	.10
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Second Reader	.24	.30	.18
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Third Reader	.34	.42	.25
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Fourth Reader	.40	.50	.30
McGuffey's Revised Eclectic Fifth Reader	.58	.72	.43
Ray's New Primary Arithmetic	.12	.15	.09
Ray's New Intellectual Arithmetic	.20	.25	.15
Ray's New Elementary Arithmetic	.28	35	.21
Ray's New Practical Arithmetic	.40	.50	.30
Ray's New Higher Arithmetic	.68	.85	.51
Ray's New Elementary Algebra	.64	.80	.48
Milne's High School Algebra	.80	1.00	.60
Ray's Plane and Solid Geometry	.56	.70	.42
White's Elements of Geometry	1.00	1.25	.75
Long's New Language Exercises, Part I	.16	.20	.12
Long's New Language Exercises, Part II	.20	.25	.15
Harvey's Revised Elementary Grammar	.34	.42	.25
Harvey's Revised English Grammar	.52	.65	.39
Barnes' Elementary Geography	.44	.55	.33
Barnes' Complete Geography	1.00	1.25	.75
Eclectic Physical Geography	.80	1.00	.60
Barnes' Primary U. S. History	.48	.60	.36
Barnes' Brief U. S. History	.80	1.00	.60
Barnes' Brief General History	1.28	1.60	.96
Child's Health Primer	.24	.30	.18
Young People's Physiology	.40	.50	.30
Steele's Hygienic Physiology	.80	1.00	.60
Spencerian Copy Books, per dozen	.77	.96	
Townsend's S. C. Civil Government	.58	.72	.43
Bryant & Stratton's C. S. Book-keeping	.64	.80	.48
Steel's Popular Physics	.80	1.00	.60
Gray's Revised Lessons in Botany	.75	.94	.56
Steele's Chemistry	.80	1.00	.60
Steele's Astronomy	.80	1.00	.60

Holder's Zoology	.96	1.20	.72
Dana's Geological Story Briefly Told	.92	1.15	.69
Quackenbos' Rhetoric	.84	1.05	.63
Harkness' Easy Latin Method	.96	1.20	.72
Harkness' Latin Grammar	.90	1.12	.67
Harkness' Caesar	.96	1.20	.72
Natural Music Primer	.24	.30	.18
Natural Music Reader, No. 1	.24	.30	.18

EXPLANATION.

1. (Net Contract Prices). These are the prices at which the within named books will be sold in wholesale quantities directly to any school board for cash or to any other party or parties for cash or on approved credit; all orders to be filled from the Chicago office of the American Book Company, transportation charges to be paid by the purchaser.

II. (List Prices.) These are the prices at which single copies will be sent by mail, post-paid, or in quantities by express or freight, transportation prepaid, to any address upon receipt of the said prices.

III. (Exchange Prices.) The party of the second part agrees upon application to them at their office in Chicago to furnish at any time prior to January 1, 1898, any of the above named books at the exchange prices set opposite the titles of said books whenever the old book of other series of like grade and subject in actual class use is surrendered by the pupil at the time the corresponding new book is purchased, and to allow transportation on the books so furnished and the old books returned in exchange, together with ten per cent. of the exchange price as compensation to the parties ordering the same.

It is further agreed by the party of the second part, that the quality of the binding, paper and general mechanical execution of the said books shall be maintained during the period of this contract. And in case a reduction is made anywhere in the United States in the prices of the books named herein at the time within the period covered by this contract such reduction shall also apply hereto and become a part hereof.

IV. Said party of the second part further agrees that the books herein contracted for shall be sold within the Territory on the terms and at the prices above named. And in order to carry out the provisions of this section the said party of the second part hereby agrees to require of all retail dealers in Oklahoma a written guarantee that they will retail the books herein named to the citizens of Oklahoma on the said terms and at the said prices.

V. Party of the first part hereby agrees and covenants that the text books hereinbefore named shall be uniformly used in the public schools in Oklahoma for five years as provided in said act.

In Testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seal this 5th day of April, 1897.

TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA,
By A. O. Nichols, Ter. Supt.
AMERICAN BOOK COMPANY,
By J. B. Blazer.

The bonds required by law have been given and approved this 5th day of April, 1897.

August 8, 1897.

Received from the American Book Company notice of the reduction of the contract prices named in this contract.

A. O. NICHOLS, Ter. Supt. Pub. Inst.

I, S. N. Hopkins, Superintendent of Public Instruction and ex-officio Auditor in and for the Territory of Oklahoma, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original contract on file in my office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of this office this 13th day of January, A. D., 1899.

S. N. HOPKINS,
Superintendent of Public Instruction and Ex-officio Auditor.

Contract with John Volk & Co.

Memorandum of an agreement executed in duplicate this 10th day of March, A. D., 1898, by and between the Board of Education for the Normal Schools of Oklahoma Territory, party of the first part, and John Volk and Co., a partnership doing business as contractors with their office in the city of Rock Island in the State of Illinois, party of the second part.

Witnesseth.—That the said second party covenants and agrees to and with the said first party to make, erect, build and finish, in a good, true and substantial and workmanlike manner, at such point as the said first party shall designate upon the northeast quarter of northeast quarter of section number twenty-six (26) of township No. 27, north of range No. 14 west, I. M., in the County of Woods, in the Territory of Oklahoma, a certain public building provided for by Chapter No. 25 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma approved March 12, A. D., 1897, said building to be built agreeable and in conformity to the draught, plans, explanations or specifications drawn by J. Foucart, Architect of Guthrie, Oklahoma, which were adopted and approved by the first party on the 4th day of January, A. D., 1898, and modified by said first party on the 25th day of January, A. D., 1898, which are hereby specifically referred to and hereby made a part and parcel of this contract, said building to be of good and substantial materials as in said draught, plans, explanations or specifications indicated or stated; said building to be fully completed and ready for occupancy for the purposes for which it is intended as indicated by said statute, on or before the 10th day of January, A. D., 1899, and if the said second party shall fail to complete said building by said date and for sixty days thereafter, then the said second party shall pay to the said first party the sum of $15 per day for each and every day that the said first party shall be kept out of possession of said building after the 10th day of March, A. D., 1899, as liquidated damages.

And the said Board of Education, the first party aforesaid, hereby covenants and agrees to pay to the said John

Volk and Co., for the sum of eighty-six thousand and eighteen ($86,018.00) dollars as follows, viz:

The sum of eight thousand dollars in cash on such date as the supervising architect in charge shall certify to said first party that the said second party has expended ten thousand dollars in work and material in place upon said building. The balance being the sum of seventy-eight thousand and eighteen ($78,018.00) dollars shall be paid as follows, viz: Upon the first day of each month after such cash payment the supervising architect shall certify to said first party the amount of labor and material in place expended by said second party upon said building exclusive of said cash payment, and the said first party shall at their next meeting issue their certificate to the said second party approved by the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, for the amount of such estimate bearing six per centum per annum from the date of such estimate until the same shall be liquidated as hereinafter provided.

It is further agreed that the Governor shall make due and full report of the action of the said Board of Education and of his own action done and had under the provisions and powers conferred by Section No. 7 of said act of the Legislature, and of the full facts concerning the execution and completion of said building, to the next session of the Legislature of the Territory of Oklahoma, and of the indebtedness which shall then exist and be owing to the said second party by the said Board of Education, first party, and recommend that proper measures be taken by said Legislative Assembly for the payment and liquidation of the same.

The said second party on his part hereby agrees to make, execute and deliver unto the said first party, a good and sufficient bond in the sum of one hundred and seventy-two thousand and thirty-six dollars ($172,036.00) conditional for the full performance of all the conditions of this contract and the building, erection and completion of said building, as is contemplated by the terms hereof.

It is hereby mutually agreed that this contract shall be in full force and effect as soon as the same shall be approved by the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, as required by the terms of section No. 7 of said statute.

And for the performance of all and every of the articles, covenants and agreements above mentioned, the said John Volk and Company do hereby bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators and assigns to the said first party, and the said first party hereby binds the Territory of Oklahoma to the performance of each and every agreement and obligation entered into above to the said John Volk and Company.

In Witness Whereof, We have hereunto set our hands the day and year first above written.

BOARD OF EDUCATION FOR NORMAL SCHOOLS OF OKLAHOMA TERRITORY.

S. N. HOPKINS,
Superintendent of Public Instruction and Ex-Officio Auditor.

JOHN L. MITCH,
Member of Said Board.

FRANK M. THOMPSON,
Territorial Treasurer and Ex-Officio Member of Said Board.

D. P. MARUM,
Member of Said Board.

Parties of the First Part.

JOHN VOLK & COMPANY,
Party of the Second Part.

Executive Office,
Territory of Oklahoma.

I, C. M. Barnes, Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma, by virtue of the power vested in me by Section 7, Chapter 25, of the laws of 1897, approved March 12th, 1897, do hereby approve the above and foregoing contract.

Witness my hand this 11th day of March, A. D., 1898.

C. M. BARNES,
Governor Territory of Oklahoma.

I, S. N. Hopkins, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Ex-Officio Auditor in and for the Territory of Oklahoma, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original contract on file in my office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of this office this 13th day of January, A. D., 1899.

(Seal.) S. N. HOPKINS,

Superintendent of Public Instruction and Ex-Officio Auditor.

Contract for Territorial Printing.

This agreement made and entered into this 3rd day of April, 1897, by and between the Territory of Oklahoma, by Thomas J. Lowe, Acting Governor of the Territory, party of the first part, and Roy V. Hoffman and William Blincoe, partners in business as Hoffman & Blincoe, of the city of Guthrie, parties of the second part.

Witnesseth, First: That said first party by virtue of the power and authority granted in an act of the Fourth Legislative Assembly of said Territory, entitled "An act to authorize the making of a contract for Territorial printing and furnishing of supplies for Territorial officers," approved March 12, 1897, has awarded and does hereby award and grant unto said second parties the exclusive right and privilege to do all printing, binding, stereotyping and to furnish all stationery of whatever character that is to be paid out of the Territorial Treasury, the treasurer of the Boards of Regents of any of the Territorial Institutions, or from the Territorial School Land fund for a period of two years next ensuing from the 15th day of March, A. D., 1897, for the compensation and at the prices hereinafter stipulated.

Second: That the said second parties hereby accept said award and agree to do as provided by the law above referred to and in a substantial and workmanlike manner all printing, binding and stereotyping and to furnish all stationery and office supplies of whatever kind or character, of suitable and proper material, that is to be paid out of the Territorial Treasury, the treasury of the board of regents of any of the Territorial institutions, or from the Territorial School Land fund for the period above specified. and to furnish said supplies to each individual, territorial official, boards of regents of the territorial institutions and the school land board, upon requisition made by such Territorial official, boards of regents or boards for leasing school lands.

Third: That in consideration of the premises aforesaid it is hereby understood and agreed between the parties hereto, that the prices to be paid for work, stationery, supplies, printing, binding and stereotyping, unless otherwise provided by statute shall be as follows:

Composition on all book and pamphlet work, 75 cents per thousand ems.

Press work 60 cents per token of 250 impressions, eight pages to constitute a form.

Paper for all pamphlet and book work to be a first class quality of book paper, of not less weight than 50 pounds per ream at not more than 12½ cents per pound.

Binding in pamphlet form from 3 to 10 cents per copy.

For binding and finishing in half sheep, forty cents per volume; full bound law sheep, sixty cents per volume.

For folding, sewing, stitching, trimming, covering, binding, and finishing of all books or pamphlets that now [illegible] law shall hereafter be ordered to be folded or stitched, or folded, stitched, covered and trimmed, or folded, stitched, trimmed, bound and finished, shall be paid for as follows: For folding one hundred copies of any pamphlet or book, for every sixteen pages or fractional part thereof, per hundred, twenty cents; for stitching, covering and trimming, per one hundred copies, for pamphlets containing from sixteen to one hundred pages, seventy-five cents; for pamphlets containing from one hundred to two hundred pages, ninety-five cents; for pamphlets containing from two hundred to five hundred pages, one dollar and fifteen cents, and for pamphlets containing from five hundred to one thousand pages, one dollar and thirty-five cents. For sewing and trimming books, per one hundred copies, for books containing one hundred pages or less, two dollars and fifty cents; for books containing one hundred to two hundred pages, five dollars; for books containing from two hundred to five hundred pages, seven dollars and fifty cents; for books containing from five hundred to one thousand pages, ten dollars; for binding and finishing in half sheep and full muslin, per book of one hundred pages or less, fifteen cents; from one hundred to two hundred pages, twenty cents; from two hundred to five hundred pages, twenty-five cents; from five hundred to one thousand pages, thirty cents.

Envelopes to be paid for as follows:

No. 6½ No. 1, Rag XXX, $2.50 per M.
No. 10, No. 1, Rag XXX, $3.50 per M.
No. 6½ No. 1, Wood, XXX, $2.00 per M.

No. 10, No. 1, Wood, XXX, $3.00 per M.

Letter heads to be paid for as follows:

Flat writing, $3.00 per M.
Bond, $3.50 per M.
Ledger, $6.50 per M.

Blanks to be paid for as follows:

Composition, sixty cents per thousand ems.
Press work, 50 cents per token of 250 impressions.
Paper, 32 lb double cap of quality equal to the Waverly flat, 15 cents per pound.

For tabbing and trimming all blanks, 25 cents per M.

Blank books to be paid for as follows: Plain records bound E and B flusher sides, Demy, $2.00 per quire; Medium, $2.25 per quire; double cap, $2.50 per quire; printed headings, $3.50 per book extra; printed page, $6.00 per book extra.

Statistical rolls to be furnished by the Territorial Auditor equal in work and quality to those furnished for the years 1896 and 1897, 60 cents each.

Lithographed bonds for the use of the Territorial Auditor to supply school districts, in quantities of not less than 500, not more than 50 cents each.

All ruled work to be paid for at the rate of $1.25 per ream for each necessary run through the ruling machine.

All measurements of type to be made according to rules now adopted by the Guthrie Typographical Union.

For the faithful and prompt performance of the obligations of this contract, the second parties have this day filed with the Auditor of the Territory of Oklahoma, their bond duly approved by the acting Governor of said Territory, in the sum of $5,000.00 conditioned for the faithful and prompt performance of the obligation of this contract.

All warrants in payment for supplies furnished under this contract shall be issued by the Auditor, upon presentation of verified accounts duly itemized as the law directs and approved by the several officers to whom the supplies are furnished or printing, binding, etc., has been done, and in cases where the said payments are to be made from any other funds than those upon which the Auditor is authorized to draw his warrant, then the said payment shall be made by the officer or officers authorized by law to make such payment, upon presentation of accounts duly approved by the officer or officers to whom said goods were furnished or for whom said work was done.

This contract executed in duplicate the day and date first above written. Witness the hands of the parties hereto. Signed and approved this third day of April, A. D., 1897.

TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA,
By THOMAS J. LOWE,
Secretary and Acting Governor.
First Party.

HOFFMAN AND BLINCOE,
By WILLIAM BLINCOE,
Second Parties.

I, S. N. Hopkins, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Ex-Officio Auditor in and for the Territory of Oklahoma, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original contract on file in my office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affix the official seal of this office this 13th day of January, A. D., 1899.

(Seal:) S. N. HOPKINS,
Superintendent of Public Instruction and Ex-Officio Auditor.

At the conclusion of the reading of the Governor's Message Councilor Hutto moved that the Governor's Message be referred to the Council and House for their separate action.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Joint Assembly do now dissolve.

Which motion prevailed and the joint session dissolved.

The Council was then called to order by the President.

Councilor Gandy moved

That a Committee of three on mileage be appointed by the President.

Which motion prevailed.

The President then appointed

Councilors Gandy, Magness and Hutto

As a Committee on Mileage.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed

And the Council adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council was called to order by the President.

Reading of the Journal of preceding day continued and concluded.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the Journal of yesterday be made to read "House Concurrent Resolution No. 1" instead of "House Resolution No. 1," and that the Journal of yesterday show that "Hon. C. G. Jones, Chairman of House Committee to notify the Council that the House was organized and ready for business made said report, as Chairman of said Committee."

Motion carried.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Journal of the preceding day be changed to show Councilor Garrison member of Committee on Credentials, is a member of the People's Party instaed of the Populist Party.

Motion carried.

Journal of the preceding day was approved as amended.

Council Resolution No. 5, providing for a day watchman and a night watchman,

Was introduced by Councilor Biddison.

Moved by Councilor Biddison the adoption of the resolution.

Motion carried.

Council Joint Resolution No. 1,

Relating to taxation of Indian allotments and memorializing the Congress of the United States to permit the taxation by the local Government of Indian allotments,

Was introduced by Councilor Gandy.

The President referred Council Joint Resolution No. 1

To the Committee on Ways and Means.

Council Concurrent Resolution and Memorial No. 1

Petitioning Congress to grant certain lands to the Territory for certain purposes,

Was introduced by Councilor Gandy and read.

Moved by Councilor Clarke

That the Resolution be referred to the Committee on Public Lands as soon as the Committee is organized.

Motion carried.

Council Resolution No. 6

Introduced by Councilor Biddison,

Providing for a Committee to apportion the Governor's Message was read.

Councilor Biddison moved

The adoption of the resolution.

The resolution was adopted.

The president appointed the following committee:

Councilors Biddison, Garrison and Bellamy.

Council Resolution No. 7, introduced by Councilor Clarke

Providing for the drawing of seats was read.

Councilor Clarke moved the adoption of the resolution.

Motion carried.

Moved by Councilor Hutto that

S. P. Atherton be elected as Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

Motion carried.

Moved by Councilor Brett

That the Committee of three on Joint Rules be increased to five.

Motion carried.

The President appointed

Councilors Thacker and Hutto

Additional Committteemen.

The President administered the oath of office to S. P. Atherton.

Moved by Councilor Gandy

That the Council adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M., tomorrow, January 12th.

Motion prevailed and the Council adojurned.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Third Day.

Guthrie, Oklahoma Territory,
Thursday, January 12th, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, at 10 o'clock A .M. and was called to order by the President Pro-tem.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read, amended and approved.

Councilor Biddison introduced

Council Resolution No. 8 as follows:

"Be it Resolved: That in the making up of the Journal of this Council the clerk shall not incorporate therein the body of any Report, Bill, Resolution, Memorial or Petition, but shall therein refer to any such Report, Bill, Resolution, Memorial or Petition by number and title only, and this rule be observed in making the Journal of January 11th, 1899."

Upon motion of Councilor Biddison

The resolution was adopted.

Councilor Garrison suggested that certain redundant language be expunged from the Journal.

Councilor Hutto suggested that in reference to referring the Governor's Message to the Council and House for separate action, the word "their" be inserted before the word "Separate".

Councilor Gandy, as chairman, sent to the clerk's desk the report of the Committee on Mileage.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the report be adopted, and the clerk instructed to certify a copy of the same to the Territorial Secretary, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison, as chairman pro-tem of the Committee on Standing Rules, sent the report to the clerk's desk.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the report be considered by sections, and each section, unless objected to, considered adopted as read, which motion prevailed.

The Clerk proceeded with the reading of the report.

Councilor Hutto offered an amendment to Rule 5.

Councilor Thacker offered an amendment to the amendment, both of which were afterward withdrawn.

Councilor Hutto offered the following amendment:

"After the word 'President' in Rule 5 strike out the words 'on approval of the Council' and insert in lieu thereof the words 'to be approved by viva voce vote of the Council, and if not so approved, they shall be elected by the Council," which amendment was adopted by unanimous consent.

Councilor Hutto moved

To suspend reading of the Rules for the purpose of administering the oath of office to

John P. Hinkle, as Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

Which motion prevailed and Mr. Hinkle was sworn in by the President Pro tem.

Reading of the Rules was resumed.

Councilor Biddison moved

To strike out in Rule 52 the words "Roberts" and insert the word "Reed's" before the words "Rules of Order," which motion was lost, two voting for and seven against.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Rules as amended be adopted as a whole, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison offered the following:

Council Resolution No. 9: Resolved, That the Clerk of this Council be directed to have printed in pamphlet form and at the earliest time possible 250 copies of the Rules of this Council and the Joint Rules of this Legislative Assembly and also the Standing Committees of the two Houses.

Councilor Biddison moved the adoption of the above resolution, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council do now take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M., which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council was called to order at 2 o'clock P. M. by the President.

Councilor Biddison presented the credentials of Wm. H. Cleveland, claiming to be a member of the Council from the Kiowa and Commanche country.

Councilor Clarke moved

To refer to Committee on Credentials, when created, with instructions to report what, if any, rights are or may be given under the Organic Act to the petitioner, for a seat in this Council.

The credentials were ordered read, and referred by the President to the Judiciary Committee.

The following bills were introduced and read the first time:

By Councilor Clarke,

Council Bill No. 1,

"An Act Limiting the Powers of the Territorial Board of Equalization."

Council Bill No. 2,

"An Act to Prohibit Public Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in any Manner in Bonds or Warrants, or Other Evidence of Public Indebtedness, and to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying any Warrant or Order in Excess of Appropriations Made by the Legislative Assembly."

Council Bill No. 3,

"An Act Defining the duties of the Governor as to Time of Nominating Public Officers."

Council Bill No. 4,

"An Act Prescribing the Duties and Fixing the Compensation of the Attorney-General of the Territory of Oklahoma."

Council Bill No. 5,

"An Act Limiting and Fixing the Compensation and Expenses of the Territorial Secretary."

Council Bill No. 6,

"An Act Defining the Liability of Fire Insurance Companies in Certain Cases."

Council Bill No. 7,

"An Act to Provide for the Taxation of Insurance, Guaranty and Accident Companies, not Organized Under the Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma."

Council Bill No. 8,

"An Act Defining Crimes and Prescribing Punishment Therefor."

By Councilor Garrison,

Council Bill No. 9,

"An Act Providing for Hail and Tornado Insurance."

Council Bill No. 10,

"An Act to Protect the Territory, Counties, Cities, Towns, Villages, School Districts, Townships and Other Municipalities against Illegal and Fraudulent Acts of their Officers."

Council Bill No. 11,

"An Act Making the Question of Contributory Negligence a Question of Fact for a Jury to Determine in all Civil Actions for the Recovery of Damages for Personal Injuries."

Council Bill No. 12,

"An Act to Prevent the Selling of Rejected Oils and Burning Fluids and the Refilling of Empty Barrels, Cans, Casks, Tanks, Boxes or Other Vessels Used in the Sale of such Oils, except from Original Inspected Storage Tanks, and Prescribing Penalties for Violation of this Act."

Council Bill No. 13,

"An Act to Regulate Printers' Fees for Public Printing."

By Councilor Huston:

Council Bill No. 14,

"AnAct to Amend Section 2, of Article 6, of Chapter 70, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, of 1893, Relating to County Boards of Equalization; and to Amend Article 1, of Chapter 43, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled, 'An Act to Amend Article 7, of Chapter 70, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, Relating to Territorial Boards of Equalization.'"

Council Bill No. 15,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 6, of the Session Laws of theTerritory of Oklahoma, of 1897, Relating to Cities of the First Class."

By Councilor Winkler:

Council Bill No. 16,

"An Act Constituting a Territorial Board of Equalization, and Defining the Powers Thereof, and Providing for the Assessment of the Rolling Stock of Railroads, and other Property not Otherwise Provided for."

By Councilor Huston:

Council Bill No. 17,

"An Act Relating to the Office of Township Assessors and Prescribing their Duties."

Councilor Clarke introduced

Council Resolution No. 11, as follows:

Be it Resolved by the Territorial Council of the Territory of Oklahoma:

That the Territorial Secretary, Treasurer, Auditor and Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney-General, Librarian and Oil Inspector are hereby directed to furnish to the Council within ten days from the passage of this Resolution, itemized statements of all fees or sums of money received by them respectively, on any account whatsoever, including all sums collected from or on account of services rendered for any public board or officer, or in the collection or handling of any public fund, except the sums paid directly out of the Treasury of the Territory or from the United States, as salary prescribed by law, acompanying such report with full explanation as to the source from which such sums are received and upon what account.

The resolution went over under the rules.

By unanimous consent a rule was adopted that no second be required to a motion.

Councilman Havens introduced

Council Resolution No. 12, as follows:

Be it Resolved, by the Territorial Council of the Territory of Oklahoma, that the Governor be requested to furnish the Council, at his earliest convenience, with copies of all contracts entered into by him or by any of the Department officers of the Territorial Government, involving expenditures of money by the Territory, including the contract for the care of the Deaf and Dumb, the Insane, the Blind, for the construction of the Alva Normal School Building; for public printing and for the supply of books for the Public Schools of the Territory.

Resolved, That the clerk be directed to transmit a copy of the foregoing resolution to the Governor.

Councilor Havens moved

The adoption of the above resolutions, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke introduced

Council Resolution No. 13, as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on Ways and Means, shall report for the action of the Council, all the appropriations for the supply of the Territorial Government and public institutions, at least thirty days before the expiration of the session.

The Resolution went over under the rules.

The President announced the appointment of

J. E. Quien, as Secretary to the President of the Council, and Mr. Quien took the oath of office.

Councilor Biddison moved

To adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M., Friday, Jan. 13, 1899, which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fourth Day.

Guthrie, Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Friday, January 13, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Clerk commenced reading the Journal of the preceding day.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President, a Messenger from the House with a Message."

The Messenger passed to the Clerk's desk,

House Joint Resolution No. 4,

Being a resolution thanking the citizens of Guthrie for the royal reception tendered the members of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

The reading of the Journal was concluded.

Councilor Clarke moved

To reconsider the motion of yesterday by which

Council Resolution No. 8 was adopted.

Which motion prevailed.

After a general discussion of the resolution Councilor Clarke moved

That C. R. No. 8 be again referred to the Committee on Rules, when appointed.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke moved

To correct the Journal of the preceding day by inserting all distinct Council Resolutions passed yesterday.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison asked that the Journal be corrected with reference to the credentials of W. H. Cleveland by adding after the words "Judiciary Committee,". the words "with instructions to report what, if any, rights are or may be given under the Organic Act to the petitioner for a seat in this Council."

Which correction was ordered.

Councilor Huston asked that the Journal be corrected so as to show that C. R. No. 12 was introduced by Councilor Havens instead of Councilor Huston.

Which correction was ordered.

The Journal was then approved as corrected.

Councilor Gandy called up Council Concurrent Resolution and Memorial No. 1, and moved its immediate consideration.

After discussion the motion was withdrawn.

Council Concurrent Resolution and Memorial No. 1 was read.

Councilor Clarke moved

To amend by inserting before the word "Congress" the words "to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of,"

Which amendment was agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President, the Messenger of the Council with a Message from the Governor."

A Message from the Governor acknowledging receipt of

Council Resolution No. 12, was sent to the Clerk's desk, read and placed on file.

Councilor Havens moved

That Council Concurrent Resolution and Memorial No. 1 be recommitted to the Committee on Public Lands.

C. B. No. 1, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act Limiting and Defining the Powers of the Territorial Board of Equalization,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Havens gave notice that he would offer an amendment to Rule No. 43 in reference to referring of bills to Committees.

C. B. No. 2, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act to Prohibit Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in Any Warrants on Bonds, or other Evidences of Public Indebtedness and to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying Any Warrants, or Orders, in Excess of Appropriations Made by the Legislative Assembly,"

Was read a second time by title and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 3, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act Defining the duties of the Governor as to the Time of Nominating Public Officers,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 4, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act Prescribing the Duties and Fixing the Compensation of the Attorney-General of the Territory of Oklahoma," Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 5, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act Limiting and Fixing the Compensation and Expenses of the Territorial Secretary,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 6, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act Defining the Liabilities of Fire Insurance Companies in Certain Cases,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

C. B. No. 7, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act to Provide for the Taxation of Insurance, Guaranty and Accident Companies, not Organized Under the Laws of the Territory,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Gandy asked that the oath of office be administered to R. H. Hahn of Alva; John S. Gandy of Shawnee, and B. C. Combess of Perry, and they were sworn in.

C. B. No. 8, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act Defining Crimes and Prescribing Punishment Therefor,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 9, by Mr. Clarke,

"An Act Providing for Hail and Tornado Insurance,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

C. B. No. 10, by Mr. Garrison,

"An Act to Protect the Territory, Counties, Cities, Towns, Villages, School Districts, Townships, and other Municipalities Against Illegal and Fraudulent Acts of their Officers,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws..

C. B. No. 11, by Mr. Garrison,

"An Act Making the Question of Contributory Negligence a Question of Fact for a Jury to Determine in all Civil Actions for the Recovery of Damages for Personal Injuries,"

Was read second time by title and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 12, by Mr. Garrison,

"An Act to Prevent Selling Rejected Oils or Burning Fluids, and the Refiling of Empty Barrels, Cans, Casks, Tanks and Boxes, except from Originally Inspected Storage Tanks, and Prescribing Penalties for the Violation of this Act,"

Was read a second time by title and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

C. B. No. 13, by Mr. Garrison,

"An Act to Regulate Printers Fees for Public Printing,"

Was read a second time by title and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 14, by Mr. Huston,

"An Act to Amend Section 2, of Article 6, of Chapter 70, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, of 1893, Relating to County Boards of Equalization, and to Amend Article 7, of Chapter 70, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, Relating to Territorial Boards of Equalization,"

Was read a second time by title and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 15, by Mr. Huston,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 6, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, of 1897, Relating to Cities of the First-class,"

Was read a second time by title and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

C. B. No. 16, by Mr. Winkler,

"An Act Constituting a Territorial Board of Equalization and Defining the Powers Therefor, and Providing for the Assessment of the Rolling Stock of Railroads not Otherwise Provided for,"

Was read a second time by title and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 17, By Mr. Huston,

"An Act relating to the office of township assesors, and prescribing their duties,"

Was read a second time by title and referred to Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Council Concurrent Resolution No. 2, by Mr. Gandy, was read.

Councilor Clarke moved

To amend by adding "sending copies to president of the United States Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives to be presented to their respective houses" which amendment was accepted by Councilor Gandy.

Councilor Biddison moved

To amend by striking out excepting before "Land Office fees" and insert in place thereof "upon payment of."

Council Concurrent Resolution and Memorial No. 2, passed as amended and was transmitted to the House.

Councilor Clarke introduced

Council Bill No. 18,

"An Act Providing for Changes of Venue, and for Jury Trials before Police Courts."

Councilor Clarke introduced

Council Bill No. 19,

"An Act in Relation to Crimes made Punishable Under Statutes of the Territory, and also under Ordinances of Cities and Towns."

Councilor Clarke introduced

Council Bill No. 20.

"An Act Amending parts of Chapter 8 of the Session Laws of 1897, said Chapter being an act Entitled 'An Act regulating the conveyance of real property and mortgages thereon and contracts relating thereto,' etc."

Councilor Clarke introduced

Council Bill No. 21.

"An Act Requiring Railroad Companies to Permit Certain Officers and Physicians to Ride on all Passenger and Freight Trains."

Mr. President introduced

Council Bill No. 22,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections —— —— of Article 27, of Chapter 66, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entitled 'Procedure Civil.' "

Councilor Garrison introduced

Council Bill No. 23,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 1 and 9 of Chapter 17 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Year of 1897, Entitled 'An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses, and the Furniture and the Fixtures Thereof.' "

Councilor Garrison introduced

Council Bill No. 24.

"An Act Relating to School House Insurance."

The Committee on Joint Rules reported a set of Rules, which upon motion of Councilor Hutto was adopted.

Councilor Havens moved

That when we do adjourn that we adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M., January 16th. Carried.

Councilor Gandy moved

We do now adjourn. Motion carried.

And the Council did adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M., Monday, January 16th.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifth Day.

Saturday, January 14, 1899.

Sixth Day.

Sunday, January 15, 1899.

Seventh Day.

Guthrie, Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Monday, January 16th, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read.

Councilor Huston asked that the Journal be corrected to show that C. B. No. 10 was referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations instead of the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

Which correction was ordered made.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President, the Governor's Private Secretary with a Message from the Governor."

The Governor's message being a reply to

Council Resolution No. 12

Was sent to the Clerk's desk and consisted of the following:

A copy of a contract by and between the Territory of Oklahoma and the Warden of the Penitentiary of the State of Kansas for the care of prisoners.

A copy of a contract by and between the Territory of Oklahoma and Chas. A. Cunningham for the care of the blind.

A copy of a contract by and between the Territory of Oklahoma and H. C. Beamer, for the care and education of the deaf, dumb and blind.

A copy of a contract by and between the Territory of Oklahoma and the Oklahoma Sanitarium Co. for care of the Insane.

A copy of a contract by and between the Territory of Oklahoma and the American Book Company for school books.

A copy of a contract by and between the Territory of Oklahoma and John Volk & Co. for the erection of the Alva School building.

A copy of a contract by and between the Territory of Oklahoma and Hoffman & Blincoe for territorial printing.

Councilor Clarke asked that the Journal be amended to show that "the Council" adjourned, instead of that "we" adjourned,

Which was ordered.

Councilor Winkler asked that the word "distinct" in relation to Council resolutions to be recorded in full in the Journal be changed to "distinctly".

Which correction was ordered.

The Journal was then approved as corrected.

The Message from the Governor containing copies of contracts was called up.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the contracts be printed for the information of the Council, and that in the meantime the contracts lie on the table.

By request of Councilor Huston the seven contracts sent by the Governor were read by title.

The motion of Councilor Clarke to print copies of the contracts then prevailed.

The President of the Council then announced the appointment of Committees, stating that the Committee on Public Institutions would be announced later; as follows:

JUDICIARY:—

Biddison, Chairman, Thacker, Havens, Huston, Clarke:

WAYS AND MEANS:—

Havens, Chairman, Winkler, Brett, Clarke, Biddison.

EDUCATION:—

Hutto, Chairman, Garrison, Magness, Winkler, Gandy.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS:—

Huston, Chairman, Gandy, Hutto, Garrison, Thacker.

AGRICULTURE AND HIGHWAYS:—

Gandy, Chairman, Brett, Garrison, Winkler, Magness.

RAILROADS:—

Brett, Chairman, Hutto, Biddison, Gandy, Winkler.

ELECTIONS:——

Hutto, Chairman, Havens, Huston, Clarke, Gandy.

FEDERAL RELATIONS:—

Havens, Chairman, Huston, Thacker, Hutto, Clarke.

ENROLLED AND ENGROSSED BILLS:—

Winkler, Chairman, Magness, Brett, Havens, Bellamy.

PUBLIC LANDS:—

Winkler, Chairman, Thacker, Gandy, Biddison, Hutto.

MILITARY AFFAIRS:—

Gandy, Chairman, Winkler, Garrison, Hutto, Magness.

COUNTIES AND COUNTY AFFAIRS:—

Hutto, Chairman, Garrison, Brett, Huston, Thacker.

QUARANTINE:—

Brett, Chairman, Gandy, Hutto, Biddison, Magness.

PRINTING—

Gandy, Chairman, Magness, Hutto, Huston, Winkler.

PRIVATE CORPORATIONS:—

Biddison, Chairman, Huston, Hutto, Bellamy, Thacker.

RULES:—

President, Chairmen, Biddison, Huston, Havens, Thacker.

Councilor Havens moved

That the list of Committees as read by the Clerk be approved.

Councilor Biddison moved to amend

By inserting the words "elected and" before the word "approved."

Which amendment was agreed to.

A division of the Council was called for on the main question and the motion was lost, three Councilors voting for and seven against the motion.

Councilor Hutto offered Council Resolution No. 14,

A resolution appointing Council Committees, and moved its adoption.

It was sent to the Clerk's desk and ordered read as follows:

Be it Resolved, That each of the seventeen groups of five members of this Council named below, be elected to constitute the Committee designated by the Committee named preceding each group, and that the first named member in each group be elected Chairman of such Committee, to-wit:

COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY:—

H. E. Havens, Sidney Clarke, A. H. Huston, Chas. M. Thacker, Frank A. Hutto.

COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS:—

F. L. Winkler, Wm. Garrison, A. H. Huston, Sidney Clarke, Frank A. Hutto.

COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION:—

B. P. Magness, Frank A. Hutto, F. L. Winkler, Wm. Garrison, A. J. Biddison.

COMMITTEE ON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS:—

A. H. Huston, Chas. M. Thacker, A. J. Biddison, Geo. W. Bellamy, H. E. Havens.

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE AND HIGHWAYS:—

Wm. Garrison, B. P. Magness, Geo. H. Brett, Geo. W. Bellamy, Jas. P. Gandy.

COMMITTEE ON ENROLLED AND ENGROSSED BILLS:—

Geo. W. Bellamy, Geo. H. Brett, Chas. M. Thacker, A. J. Biddison, Frank A. Hutto.

COMMITTEE ON RAILROADS:—

Geo. H. Brett, Jas. P. Gandy, Frank A. Hutto, Geo. W. Bellamy, B. P. Magness.

COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS:—

Frank A. Hutto, Geo. H. Brett, Jas. P. Gandy, Sidney Clarke, F. L. Winkler.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS:—

A. H. Huston, B. P. Magness, Geo. H. Brett, Chas. M. Thacker, Felix L. Winkler.

COMMITTEE ON FEDERAL RELATIONS:—

A. J. Biddison, Sidney Clarke, H. E. Havens, Wm. Garrison, F. L. Winkler.

COMMITTEE ON PRINTING:—

Jas. P. Gandy, A. H. Huston, Frank A. Hutto, B. P. Magness, Geo. W. Bellamy.

COMMITTEE ON PRIVATE CORPORATIONS AND CORPORATE LAW:—

Chas. M. Thacker, F. L. Winkler, H. E. Havens, Geo. W. Bellamy, Frank A. Hutto.

COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC LANDS:—

Jas. P. Gandy, Frank A. Hutto, Geo. H. Brett, B. P. Magness, Wm. Garrison.

COMMITTEE ON MILITARY AFFAIRS:—

Sidney Clarke, Geo. H. Brett, Wm. Garrison, Jas. P. Gandy, A. J. Biddison.

COMMITTEE ON QUARANTINE AND ANIMAL INDUSTRY:—

Frank A. Hutto, Jas. P. Gandy, B. P. Magness, Wm. Garrison, Chas. M. Thacker.

COMMITTEE ON STANDING RULES:—

President, Wm. Garrison, A. H. Huston, Chas. M. Thacker, H. E. Havens.

COMMITTEE ON COUNTIES AND COUNTY AFFAIRS:—

Frank A. Hutto, Geo. W. Bellamy, Jas. P. Gandy, Chas. M. Thacker, A. H. Huston.

The Clerk began reading

Council Resolution No. 14,

A Resolution appointing Council Committees.

Councilor Biddison moved

To adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Tuesday, January 17th.

Councilor Clarke raised the point of order that the reading of a resolution cannot be interrupted by a motion to adjourn,

Which point of order was overruled by the President.

Roll call was demanded.

The roll being called, the motion to adjourn was lost, yeas 3; nays 9.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Havens and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Absent and not voting,

Bellamy.

Councilor Biddison moved

That Council Resolution No. 14,

A resolution appointing council committees, be referred to the Committee of the Whole, and demanded the ayes and nays.

Councilor Huston raised the point of order that the rules require a vive voce vote to elect council committees.

The point of order was sustained by the President.

Councilor Biddison then demanded a division.

A rising vote was ordered and,

C. R. No. 14, a resolution appointing council committees was adopted.

Seven Councilors voting for and three against.

C. B. No. 18,

"An Act Providing for Change of Venue and for Jury Trials Before Police Court,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 19,

"An Act in Relation to Crimes Made Punishable Under the Statutes of the Territory, and also Under Ordinances of Cities and Towns,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 20,

"An Act Amending Parts of Chapter 8, of the Session Laws of 1897, Said Chapter being an Act Entitled, 'An Act Regulating the Conveyance of Real Property and Mortgages Thereon and Contracts Relating Thereto, etc.' "

By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 21,

"An Act Requiring Railroad Companies to Permit Certain Officers and Physicians to Ride on All Passenger and Freight Trains,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

C. B. No. 22,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections ——— of Article 27 of

Chapter 66, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entitled: 'Procedure Civil',

By Mr. President, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 23,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 1 and 9, of Chapter 18, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, for the Year 1897, Entitled: 'An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses and the Furniture and Fixtures Thereof.' "

By Mr. Garrison, was read second time and referred to the Committee on Education."

C. B. No. 24,

"An Act Relating to School House Insurance,"

By Mr. Garrison, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

Councilor Huston introduced,

C. B. No. 25:

"An Act Defining the Liabilities and Duties of Railroad Companies in the Territory", which was placed on first reading.

Councilor Huston introduced

C. B. No. 26:

"An Act to Amend Article 2, of Chapter 9, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: 'Guarantee Companies', by Adding Thereto Sections 10 and 11,' " which was placed on first reading.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 27:

"An Act to Regulate the Practice of Dentistry within the Territory of Oklahoma," which was placed on first reading.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 28:

"An Act in Relation to the Fees and Mileage of Witnesses," which was placed on first reading.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 29:

"An Act Empowering Parties to Dismiss Civil Actions," which was placed on first reading.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 30:

"An Act Providing for Change of Venue in Civil Matter in Probate Courts," which was placed on first reading.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 31:

"An Act in Relation to Competency of Witnesses and Their Credibility," which was placed upon first reading.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 32:

"An Act Defining the Rights of Women," which was placed on first reading.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 33:

"An Act Appropriating Five Thousand Dollars, or so Much Thereof as may be Necessary to Protect the People of Oklahoma Territory from the Invasion and Spread of Infectious Diseases," which was placed upon first reading.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 34:

"An Act Relating to Roads and Highways," which was placed upon first reading.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B .No. 35:

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 of Article 3, Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of 1895," which was placed upon first reading.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 36:

"An Act in Relation to the Time when the Term of Office of the County Treasurer shall Commence," which was placed upon first reading.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 37:

"An Act Relating to Banks and Banking; Providing for the Organization, Management, Control, Regulation and Supervision of Banks, and Providing Penalties for the Violations of this Act, and Repealing Chapter 4, of the Session Laws of 1897, of Oklahoma Territory," which was placed upon first reading.

Councilor Biddison, by request, introduced

C. B. No. 38:

"An Act in Relation to Court Criers," which was placed upon first reading.

Councilor Garrison gave notice that he would offer amendments to Rules 41, 42, 43 and 49 to-morrow.

Council Resolution No. 11,

Requiring itemized statement of fees from certain Territorial officers,

By Councilor Clarke, was called up and read.

Councilor Clarke moved

The adoption of the resolution, which motion prevailed.

Council Concurrent Resolution No. 13, calling upon the Ways and Means Committee to report bills by a certain time, by Councilor Clarke, was called up and read.

Councilor Hutto moved

To Amend by Substituting the word "twenty" for the word "thirty" before the word "days", which amendment was agreed to.

Councilor Clarke moved

To adopt the resolution as amended ,which motion prevailed.

House Joint Resolution No. 4 was read.

Councilor Clarke moved its adoption, which motion was withdrawn for the reason that there was no record that the resolution had passed the House.

Councilor Huston moved

That the resolution be returned to the House.

Councilor Biddison moved

To table the resolution pending action by the House, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke moved

To adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M., Tuesday, January 17th, 1899, which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Eighth Day.

Guthrie, Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Tuesday, January 17, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Councilor Winkler asked for a re-reading of the vote adopting C. R. No. 14.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the Journal be amended so as to show the nature of the contracts of which copies were furnished by the Governor.

The Journal as amended was then approved.

Councilor Biddison sent to the Clerk's desk a communication, which was read as follows:

"To the President and Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly:

I hereby tender my resignation as a member of each of the following Committees of said Council, to-wit: Committee on Education; Committee on Municipal Corporations; Cmmittee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills; Committee on Military Affairs; and I further hereby tender my resignation as chairman of and as a member of the Committee on Federal Relations.

Respectfully submitted,
A. J. BIDDISON.

Council Chamber, Guthrie, Oklahoma, Jan. 17, 1899."

Councilor Biddison explained his reasons for tendering his resignation and asked Councilor Clarke to move its acceptance.

Councilor Clarke replied to Councilor Biddison and moved the resolution be laid on the table.

The roll being called the motion prevailed; ayes 7; nays 2.

Those voting in the affirmative were:

Councilors Bellamy, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Magness, Thacker.

Those voting in the negative were:

Councilors Havens and Mr. President.

Those present and not voting were:

Councilors Biddison, Brett and Winkler.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Hutto.

Councilor Garrison rose to a question of personal privilege.

Councilor Biddison replied to Councilors Clarke and Garrison.

Councilor Huston presented by request

Council Memorial No. 1

From the Non-partisan Tax-payers League.

Which was read by title and at the suggestion of Councilor Clarke, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 25,

"An Act Defining the Liabilities and Duties of Railroad Companies in the Territory,"

By Mr. Huston, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

C. B. No. 26,

"An Act to Amend Article 2, of Chapter 9, of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled 'Guaranty Companies,' by Adding Thereto Sections 10 and 11,"

By Mr. Huston, was read second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

C. B. No. 27,

"An Act to Regulate the Practice of Dentistry Within the Territory of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 28,

"An Act in Relation to the Fees and Mileage of Witnesses,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 29,

"An Act Empowering Parties to Dismiss Civil Actions,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 30,

"An Act Providing for Change of Venue in Civil Matter in Probate Courts,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 31,

"An Act in Relation to Competency of Witnesses and their Creditability," By Mr. Clarke, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 32,

"An Act Defining the Rights of Women,"

By Mr. Gandy, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Elections.

C. B. No. 33,

"An Act Appropriating Five Thousand Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to protect the people of Oklahoma Territory from the Invasion and Spread of Infectious Diseases,"

By Mr. President, was read the second time in full, and on motion of Councilor Clarke was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, with instructions to report back at an early date.

C. B. No. 34,

"An Act Relating to Roads and Highways,"

By Mr. Garrison, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

C. B. No. 36,

"An Act in Relation to the Time When the Term of Office of County Treasurers Shall Commence,"

By Mr. Garrison, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 35,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 4, 5, 6, and 7, of Article 3, Chapter 43, of the Session Laws of 1895,"

By Mr. Garrison, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 37,

"An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization, Management, Control, Regulation and Supervision of Banks, and Providing Penalties for the Violations of this Act, and Repealing Chapter 4, of the Session Laws of 1897, of Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Hutto, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Law.

C. B. No. 38,

"An Act in Relation to Court Criers,"

By Mr. Biddison, by request, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 39,

"An Act Repealing Chapter 17, of the Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Insurance of School Property,"

By Mr. Winkler, was introduced and read by title.

C. B. No. 40,

"An Act Amending Section 48, of Chapter 15, Relating to Fees and Salaries, Session Acts of 1897,"

By Mr. Winkler, was introduced and read by title.

C. B. No. 41,

"An Act Providing for the Custody and Care of Moneys Derived from Sections 13 and 33 Reserved for Educational and Public Building Purposes,"

By Mr. Havens, was introduced and by request of Councilor Gandy was read in full.

C. B. No. 42,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Article 12, Chapter 73, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. President, was introduced and read by title.

Councilor Garrison offered amendments to

Rules 41, 42, 43 and 49

And moved their immediate consideration.

Councilor Havens moved

To refer to the Committee on Rules, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Huston moved

To take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M., which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council was called to order at 2 o'clock P. M. by the President.

Councilor Magness moved

That the Clerk be instructed to have fifty copies of the Calendar printed from day to day.

Councilor Clarke moved

To amend by adding the words "for the use of the Council," which amendment was accepted.

Councilor Garrison moved

To substitute the word "Sergeant-at-Arms" for the word "Clerk." The substitute prevailed and the motion as amended was then adopted.

Councilor Thacker informed the President that the number of committee rooms is inadequate to the needs of committees.

Councilor Clarke suggested that if the matter were brought to the attention of the Territorial Secretary the deficiency would probably be remedied.

Councilor Gandy suggested that when arrangements are made for additional committee rooms, the Council should be given rooms on the same floor with the Council Chamber, as the House could more conveniently use rooms on the ground floor.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M., Wednesday, January 18, 1899. Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Ninth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Wednesday, Jan. 18, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M., and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read.

Councilor Biddison asked that the Journal be amended so as to show that the Journal of the preceding day was approved as amended.

The Journal was then approved as amended.

The Clerk read the following messages from the House:

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to ask of your Honorable body the return to the House of H. C. R. No. 4 for correction as to action by that body.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to transmit to your Honorable body House Bill No. 7, the same having been passed by that House and engrossed and the same is transmitted to your Honorable body for its consideration.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify your Honorable body C. C. R. & M. No. 2, has been read by the House and adopted, and it is herewith transmitted to your Honorable body.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

House Bill No. 7,

"An Act Concerning Real Estate and Severing Property Therefrom,"

By Mr. Jones, was received from the House and read a first time by title.

Council Bill No. 39,

"An Act Repealing Chapter 17, of the Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Insurance of School Property,"

By Mr. Winkler, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 40,

"An Act Amending Section 48, of Chapter 15, of the Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Fees and Salaries,"

By Mr. Winkler, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 41,

"An Act Providing for the Custody and Care of the Moneys Derived from Sections 13 and 33 Reserved for Education and Public Building Purposes,"

By Mr. Havens, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 42,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Article 12, Chapter 72, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. President, was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 43,

"An Act to Provide for Trial of all Cases Arising under Town Ordinances by Town Justice of the Peace, Without Intervention of a Jury,"

Which was read the first time.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 44,

"An Act Prescribing and Defining the Powers and Duties of County Assessors and Providing for Compensation for their Services,"

Which was read the first time.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the rules be suspended and that

C. B. No. 44

Be read the second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Councilor Clarke raised the point of order that bills must be read three separate times on separate days.

Councilor Havens read the statute in reference to suspending the rules by a two-thirds vote of the Councilors present, and the point of order was overruled by the President.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 3.

Those voting in the affirmative were:

Councilors Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler.

Those voting in the negative were:

Councilors Biddison, Havens and Mr. President.

Two-thirds of the councilors voting in the affirmative the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 44

Was read a second time by sections, and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Councilor Biddison called attention to an error in the heading of the Council Calendar and the Calendar was ordered corrected to "Ninth" instead of "Seventh" day.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 45:

"An Act to Repeal Article 4, of Chapter 12 of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: 'Vacation of Townsites and Additions.'" which was read a first time.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 46:

"An Act to Repeal Section 27, of Chapter 47, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893," which was read a first time.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. B. No. 47:

"An Act Providing for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma," which was read a first time.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 48:

"An Act Repealing Chapter 17, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897," which was read a first time.

The Committee on Standing Rules, reported as follows:

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Standing Rules to whom was referred amendments to Rules 41, 42, 43 and 49, have had said amendments under consideration and report them back with the recommendation that the amendments to Rules 42, 43, and 49 be adopted."

Councilor Biddison objected to the adoption of Rule 43.

After lengthy discussion Amended Rule 43 was further amended by unanimous consent.

The question being on the adoption of the amendments to Rules 42, 43 and 49, as amended, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

Councilor Thacker announced the apppointment of Miss Angie

Penny as clerk of the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

The oath of office was administered to Miss Penny by the President of the Council.

Councilor Bellamy asked unanimous consent to present Council Resolution No. 15, a resolution from citizens of El Reno.

It was read the first time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

The Committe on the Governor's message reported as follows:

"Mr. President: Your Committee having under consideration the appointment and assignment of the various subjects in the biennial message of the Governor of Oklahoma, beg leave to submit the following recommendations and report:

We recommend that the portion of the Governor's message designated below be referred to the Committee named immediately after the subject treated, viz:

That part referring to the Treasurer's report, to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Auditor's report, to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Revenue, Assessments, Levy and Equalization, to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Taxation of Property upon Indian Reservations, to the Judiciary Committee.

School Lands, to the Committee on Public Lands.

Rentals of Sections 13, to the Judiciary Committee.

Rentals of Sections 33, to Committee on Public Institutions.

Rentals of Sections 13 and 33 in Greer County, to Judiciary Committee.

Public Schools, to Committee on Education.

Indemnity Lands, to Committee on Public Institutions.

Territorial University and Normal, to Committee on Education.

Northwestern Normal School, to Committee on Ways and Means.

Agricultural and Mechanical College, to Committee on Ways and Means.

Langston A. & M. College, to Committee on Education.

Deaf, Dumb and Blind, to Committee on Public Institutions.

Attorney General, to Committee on Judiciary.

Banks and Banking, to Committee on Private Corporations.

Oil Inspector, to Judiciary Committee.

Territorial Library, to Committee on Public Institutions.

Board of Health, to Committee on Municipal Corporations.

National Guard, to Committee on Military Affairs.

Trans-Mississippi Exposition, to Committee on Ways and Means.

Live Stock Interests, to Quarantine and Animal Industry.

Insane, to Public Institutions.

Youthful Criminals, to Public Institutions.

Election Laws, to Committee on Elections.

Public Weigher, to Counties and County Affairs.

Pharmacy and Dentistry, to Counties and County Affairs.

Amendments of Criminal Code, to Judiciary Committee.

Councilor Gandy moved

That reference of that part of the message pertaining to funds received from leasing sections 13, in the Cherokee Outlet, be transferred from the Judiciary Committee to the Committee on Public Land, which motion was lost.

Councilor Biddison movd

The adoption of the report, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Thursday, January 19, which motion was withdrawn.

Councilor Clarke asked unanimous consent to make a statement regarding limited number of Committee rooms and said he had found that the Secretary had provided as many as the law authorized him to furnish.

Councilor Gandy announced the appointment of George W. Vickers as clerk of the Committee on Public Lands and Mr. Vickers took the oath of office.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now take a recess until 7:30 o'clock P. M. Wednesday, January 18th, 1899.

EVENING SESSION.

The Council met at 7:30 o'clock, P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Councilor Brett announced the appointment of T. H. Cuppage as clerk of the Committee on Railroads.

Councilor Hutto announced the appointment of J. R. Eckles as clerk of the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

Councilor Winkler announced the apppointment of T. F. Millikan as temporary clerk of the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Millikan and T. H. Cuppage and J. R. Eckles took the oath of office.

Councilor Bellamy asked unanimous consent to introduce C. R. No. 16 and moved its adoption, as follows:

"Resolved, That the Chairman of the Committee on Education and Chairman of Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills each be authorized to appoint a clerk for their respective Committees."

Which motion prevailed and the resolution was adopted.

Councilor Biddison introduced.

C. R. No. 17, and moved its adoption, as follows:

"Resolved, That there be by the President of this Council a Committee of Five (5) to be known as the Committee on Revision and Codification of existing laws, whose duties it shall be to consider existing statutes with the view and purpose of correcting ambiguous phraseology, the elimination of contradictions and duplications in statutes and inconsistencies therein; to recommend corrections of defects and insufficient provisions in existing laws, and generally to recommend enactments to harmonize the statutes into a congruous system; that such Committee have leave to report from time to time by bill, bills or otherwise, and that the Chairman thereof shall be authorized to appoint a clerk thereto, subject to removal as other Committee clerks, and that such clerk be a typewriter"

Which motion prevailed and the resolution was adopted.

The President appointed the Committee provided for by

C. R. No. 17 as follows:

Councilors Biddison, chairman, Havens, Thacker. Winkler and Bellamy.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. R. No. 18, and moved its adoption, as follows:

"For the purpose of securing ample and efficient page service, it is hereby resolved by the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly that one page be added to the number already employed by this body,"

Which motion prevailed and the resolution was adopted

Councilor Havens announced the appointment of Miss Minnie E. Miller as clerk of the Committee on Judiciary

Miss Miller took the oath of office

Councilor Bellamy announced the appointment of Otto Bekemeyer as clerk of the Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills.

Mr. Bekemeyer took the oath of office.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. R. No. 19 and moved its adoption as follows:

"Whereas, An additional door-keeper is needed for the proper care of rooms of the Council Chamber, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the President of the Council is hereby instructed and empowered to appoint a suitable person to fill said position, at a compensation not exceeding two dollars and fifty cents ($2.50) per day."

Which motion prevailed and the resolution was adopted.

The President appointed J. J. Graham as such additional doorkeeper, and Mr. Graham took the oath of office.

The Committee on Ways and Means reported as follows:

"Mr. President: The Committee on Ways and Means, having had under consideration C. B. No. 33, being 'An Act appropriating Five Thousand Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to protect the people of Oklahoma Territory from the invasion and spread of contagious and infectious diseases,' beg leave to submit the following substitute, and recommend that the same be passed.

F. L. WINKLER, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO,

Councilor Winkler moved

That the Council resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the

Committee Substitute for C. B. No. 33 :

"An Act appropriating Fifteen Hundred Dollars ($1,500) or so much thereof as may be necessary, to protect the people of Lincoln County, Oklahoma Territory, from the spread of infectious and contagious diseases."

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole, with Councilor Clarke in the chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its chairman submitted the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration Council Bill No. 33, and recommend that it be passed as amended.

SIDNEY CLARKE, Chairman."

Councilor Clarke moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole be adopted.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the rules be suspended,

Council Bill No. 33 be considered engrossed and placed on its third reading.

The question being on the suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

The Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Brett.

Moved that two-thirds of the Council having voted in the affirmative the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 33 was read the third time by sections.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Brett.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means beg leave to submit the following report

C. J. R. No. 1, relating to taxation of Indian allotments, is reported back with the recommendation that the same be passed, the last Section of the Resolution being amended to read as follows:

"Resolved, That one copy of the Resolution be forwarded to the President of the Senate, one copy to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and one copy to our Delegate to Congress."

F. L. WINKLER, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE.
WM. GARRISON.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the rules be suspended,

C. J. R. No. 1 be considered engrossed and placed on third reading.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President;

Absent and not voting

Councilor Brett.

More than two-thirds of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the rules were suspended and

C. J. R. No. 1 was read the third time by sections.

The question being,

"Shall the resolution be adopted?"

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0,; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Brett.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the resolution, the resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Hutto moved

That Earl Kidd be elected as an additional page of the Council.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Huston introduced

C. C. R. No. 3,

Providing for a Joint Committee of three members from the Council and three members from the House to prepare a bill amendatory of existing revenue laws.

Which resolution went over under the rules.

Councilor Bellamy moved

To adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, January 19, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Tenth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Thursday, January 19, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M., and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

C. B. No. 43,

"An Act to Provide for Trial of all Cases Arising under Town Ordinances by Town Justice of the Peace Without Intervention of a Jury,"

By Mr. Gandy, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 45,

"An Act to Repeal Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled 'Vacations of Townsites and Additions,' "

By Mr. Brett, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

C. B. No. 46,

"An Act to Repeal Section 27, of Chapter 47, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. Bellamy, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 47,

"An Act Providing for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Havens, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

C. B. No. 48,

"An Act Repealing Chapter 17, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, of 1897,"

By Mr. Gandy, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

House Bill No. 7,

"An Act Concerning Real Estate and Severing Property Therefrom,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. C. R. No. 3,

That a special Joint Committee be appointed by the President of the Council and Speaker of the House to draft a revenue bill,

By Mr. Huston, was read a second time.

Councilor Havens moved

To refer the resolution to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with messages from the House."

The question being on the motion of Councilor Havens to refer

C. C. R. No. 3,

To the Committee on Ways and Means.

The motion prevailed.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 49,

"An Act Repealing Sections 5 and 7 and amending Sections 6 and 8, of Article 6, and Amending Section 3, of Article 9, all of Chapter 12, Session Laws of 1897, Entitled 'Counties and County Officers,'"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 50,

"An Act Repealing Sections 2 and 5, and Amending Sections 3, 4 and 8, of Chapter 17, of Session Laws of 1897, Entitled 'An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses, and the Furniture and Fixtures Thereof,'"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. B. No. 51,

"An Act to Amend Section 4213, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

Which was read by title.

C. B. No. 52,

"An Act Relating to the Admission of Evidence,"

Which was read by title.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 53,

"An Act Amendatory to Section 32, of Article 1, of Chapter 44, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 54,

"An Act Granting Certain Powers to Directors of the Oklahoma Historical Society, and Making Appropriations,"

Which was read by title.

The Clerk read

H. J. R. No. 4,

And Councilor Clarke moved that the resolution be taken up for action.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke moved

To amend by striking out the word "Joint" in the title and inserting in lieu thereof the word "Concurrent."

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke then moved

The adoption of the resolution, which motion prevailed and the resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Garrison called attention to irregularities in the printing of the Council Calendar.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. R. No. 20, and moved its adoption as follows:

"Resolved, That the officers of the Council charged with the duty of making up and causing to be printed the Calendar of the Council, be directed and required to condense the catch lines designating the separate Bills, Resolutions and Memorials into as small extent as practicable for the purpose; that the spacing of the printer be condensed and that from the Calendar be omitted all Bills on second reading."

Which motion prevailed, and the resolution was declared duly adopted.

The Clerk read a communication from the Territorial Auditor, being a reply to

C. R. No. 11,

Calling upon Territorial officers for statements regarding fees received by them.

President McCredie announced the death at 11:30 A. M. of Hon. John W. Scott, Representative from the Seventh District.

Councilor Clarke moved

That a committee of three be appointed by the President to act with a like committee of the House to take appropriate action with reference to the death of Hon. John W. Scott.

Which motion prevailed.

The President appointed

Councilors Clarke, Hutto and Garrison,

As such Committee.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. R. No. 21,

And moved its adoption as follows:

"Resolved, That the Territorial Secretary, Attorney General, Territorial Auditor, Territorial Superintendent, Territorial Oil Inspector and the Adjutant General, or such officer acting in that capacity, be and they are hereby requested and required, within ten days from the adoption of this Resolution, to furnish to this Council a complete, detailed and itemized statement of all moneys received by them in their official capacity, or on account of being such officer, and that the Clerk of this Council forthwith transmit to each of said officers a copy of this resolution."

Councilor Huston moved to amend

By striking out the names of all officers except the Auditor and the Attorney General.

Which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Biddison moved to amend by adding:

"Be it Further Resolved, That compliance with the request in this resolution contained shall be in compliance with the request contained in Council Resolution No. 11, heretofore transmitted to said officers."

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That as a mark of respect to the memory of Hon. John W. Scott, the Council now take a recess until 3 o'clock P. M. and that at that time no other business except in relation to the death of Hon. John W. Scott, shall be transacted.

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by the President.

A message was received from the House announcing the appointment by that body of a Committee of three members to act with the Committee appointed by the Council to take appropriate action relative to the death of Hon. John W. Scott; the Committee on part of the House being Messrs Jones, Doyle and Olmsted.

Councilor Clarke, as chairman of the committee appointed relating to the death of Hon. John W. Scott, late member of the House from the Seventh Representative District, reported that a conference had been held, and that the remains of Hon. John W. Scott will be transferred from the Hotel to the House of Representatives to-morrow at 3 o'clock P. M. where brief services will be held; and the body of Hon. John W. Scott will then be escorted to the four o'clock train and taken to his old home at Iola, Kansas, for interment.

At the conclusion of his report Councilor Clarke moved that a commitee with like committee from House of three members of the Council be appointed to accompany the remains of Mr. Scott to Iola, Kansas.

Which motion prevailed.

President McCredie appointed

Councilors Clarke, Hutto and Biddison

As such committee.

Coucilor Biddison moved

That as a further mark of respect to the memory of Hon. John W. Scott, the Council now take a recess until 7:30 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

EVENING SESSION.

The Council met at 7:30 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President Pro-tem.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. C. R. No. 4,

Authorizing the appointment of a Joint Committee of three members from each body to investigate the departmental and fiscal affairs of this Territory, and moved its adoption.

Which motion prevailed and the resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. R. No. 22,

"Whereas, certain of the Territorial Educational Institutions, through official reports submitted to this Council, are asking various sums as appropriations; therefore be it,

Resolved, That the President of this Council apppoint a committee of three (3) to visit all Territorial Educational Institutions and to examine into and report upon their conditions and needs."

Which resolution went over under the rules.

Councilor Hutto announced the appointment of Maggie Hutto as clerk of the Committee on Counties and County Affairs, and Councilor Huston announced the appointment of W. T. Lawrence as clerk of the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Said clerks took the oath of office.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 9 o'clock A. M. Friday, January 20th, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Eleventh Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Friday Jan. 20th, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, at 9 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

There not being a quorum present the Sergeant-at-Arms was ordered to bring in absent members.

The Chaplain being absent prayer was omitted.

The Clerk commenced to read the Journal of the preceding day.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

The reading of the Journal was concluded and the Journal approved.

The Clerk read a message from the House as follows:

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to extend to your Honorable body, the Council, an invitation to attend the ceremonies incident to the death of the Hon. John W. Scott, member of this House to be held in the House of Representatives this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Respectfully,
THOS. R. REID, Speaker."

Councilor Hutto moved

That the invitation from the House be accepted and when the Council adjourn it take a recess until 2:50 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Brett, by request, introduced

C. C. R. No. 5,

Referring to the seating of Congressman Roberts, of Utah, which was read in full and referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

Councilor Biddison announced the appointment of Geo. M. Green, as Clerk of the Committee on Revision and Codification, and Mr. Green took the oath of office.

Council Bill No. 49,

"An Act Repealing Sections 5 and 7, and Amending Sections

6 and 8, of Article 6, and Amending Section 3, of Article 9, all of Chapter 12, Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: 'Counties and County Officers,' "

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Council Bill No. 50,

"An Act Repealing Sections 2 and 5 and Amending Sections 3, 4 and 8, of Chapter 17, of Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: 'An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses and the Furniture and Fixtures Thereof,' "

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

Council Bill No. 51,

"An Act to Amend Section 4213, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Council Bill No. 52,

"An Act Relating to the Admission of Evidence"

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Council Bill No. 53,

"An Act Amendatory to Section 32, of Article 1, of Chapter 44, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. President,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Law.

Council Bill No. 54,

"An Act Granting Certain Powers to Directors of the Oklahoma Historical Society, and making appropriations,"

By Mr. President,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have had under consideration C. B. No. 33 and desire to report that we have found same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

Councilor Clarke presented a personal letter from Hon. E. E. Brown of Oklahoma City on the subject of printing and asked that it be referred to the Committee on Printing for their information, which was ordered.

Council Resolution No. 22

A resolution authorizng the appointment of a Committee of three to visit Territorial Educational Institutions and report their needs, by Mr. Hutto, was read and Councilor Gandy moved its adoption.

Councilor Biddison moved,

That the Resolution be referred to the Committee on Education with instructions to report upon the same next Monday.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke presented a letter from the Governor of Florida to the Governor of Oklahoma relating to Military Affairs, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

oCuncilor Brett asked to revert back to reports of standing committees and offered the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Railroads, having had under consideration C. B. No. 21, An Act requiring Railroad Companies to permit certain officers and physicians to ride on all passenger and freight trains,' report the same back to the Council and recommend its passage, as amended.

GEO. H. BRETT, Chairman,
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council now take a recess.

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by the President.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council take a recess until 4:30 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of atending funeral services of Hon. John W. Scott.

Which motion prevailed.

The Council met at 4:30 P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 55,

"An Act amendatory of Section 15, of Article 6, of Chapter 76, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, Entitled 'An Act Defining the Powers and Duties of the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma,'"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Monday, January 23, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twelfth Day.

Saturday, January 21, 1899.

Thirteenth Day.

Sunday, January 22, 1899.

Fourteenth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Monday, January 23rd, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President Pro-tem.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read.

Councilor Biddison moved

To amend the Journal by striking out in the Report of the Committee on Railroads on

C. B. No. 21, the amendment proposed by the Committee,

Which motion prevailed.

It was also ordered that the Journal should contain no reference to motions which are withdrawn.

The Journal as amended was then approved.

Council Bill No. 55,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 15, of Article 6, of Chapter 76, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, entitled 'An Act Defining the Powers and Duties of the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma,' "

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Elections.

C. B. No. 21,

"An Act Requiring Railroad Companies to Permit Certain Officers and Physicians to ride on all Passenger and Freight Trains"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was called up for consideration.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the consideration of Council Bill No. 21,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Havens in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its chairman submitted the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration C. B. No. 21 and recommend that it be passed as amended.

The question being on the adoption of the amendment offered by Councilor Thacker,

The motion prevailed and the amendment was declared duly adopted.

The question being on the adoption of the amendment offered by Councilor Hutto, the motion prevailed and the amendment was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the rules be suspended,

C. B. No. 21 be considered engrossed and placed upon its third reading.

The question being on the suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result:

Ayes 6; nays 6; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Havens, Hutto, Magness and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Huston and Thacker.

Absent and not voting:

Mr. President.

Less than two-thirds of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the motion did not prevail.

Councilor Gandy moved that

C. B. No. 21 be ordered engrossed as amended, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. B. No. 56,

"An Act to Repeal Article 9, of Chapter 34, of the Session Laws of 1897, and Directing Certain Officers to take no Further Action upon any Instrument in Writing Executed thereunder.

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 57,

"An Act Repealing Section 13, of Article 5, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled 'Counties and County Officers, "

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 58,

"An Act to Exempt Property Belonging to Kingfisher College From Taxation,

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 59,

"An Act in Relation to Cities of the First-class,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 60,

"An Act Amendatory to Sections 47 and 48, Chapter 15, Laws of 1897,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 61,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 3, of Chapter 44, of the Session Laws of 1895, entitled 'Road Overseers,' "

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 62,

"An Act Validating and Ratifying the Action of the Voters of D County in Changing the Name of Said County to that of Dewey County,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 63,

"An Act Defining and Prescribing Penalty for the Unlawful Carrying of Arms, and Repealing Article 45, of Chapter 25, of Statutes of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 64,

"An Act to Amend Section 3, of Chapter 18, Session Laws of 1895, and to Validate Certain Elections,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 65,

"An Act to Repeal Section 13, Article 59, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893," because of conflict with Section 3, Article 29, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 66,

"An Act Authorizing and Prescribing the Procedure for the Taking Up and Sale of Estrays, and Repealing Article 3, Chapter 3, Statutes of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. B. No. 67,

"An Act to Extend the Jurisdiction of the Probate Court, and Regulating the Procedure and Practice of the same,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness introduced

C. B. No. 68,

"An Act in Relation to the Practice of Pharmacy, and the Sale of Medicines and Poisons, Licensing Persons to Carry on such Practice, and Exempting them from Jury Service: Providing for the Appointment and Prescribing the Powers and Duties of a Territorial Board of Pharmacy, and Other Purposes,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. B. No. 69,

"An Act Authorizing Cities and Towns to Issue Bonds for the Construction of Sewers, Waterworks, Sanitary and Health Purposes, and the Improvement of Streets,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness announced the appointment of B. F. Wolf as clerk of the Committee on Education and Mr. Wolf took the oath of office.

Councilor Thacker announced the appointment of J. M. Davis as clerk of the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Law, vice Miss Angie Penny.

Mr. Davis took the oath of office.

Councilor Hutto asked that the Committee on Election be allowed to sit jointly with the Election Committee of the House tomorrow at 2 o'clock P. M. for the consideration of

Council Bill No. 32,

"An Act Relating to the Rights of Women," and to hear the argument of Mrs. Carrie Chapman-Catt on the subject of Equal Suffrage.

Councilor Biddison moved

That when the Council adjourns it adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. tomorrow, and that no session be held from 2 o'clock tomorrow to 7:30 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

The Committee appointed by the Council to act with the Committee on the part of the House for the purpose of making arrangements for the funeral of the Honorable John W. Scott, late member of the House from the Seventh District, beg leave to submit the following report for the information of the Council:

"The Committee in connection with the House committee attended the remains of the late representative to his former home at Iola, Kansas. The body was received by a committee of the citizens of Allen county, representing the Masonic Order and the Grand Army of the Republic, and was taken to the residence of his son, Honorable Charles F. Scott.

"Funeral services were held on Sunday, January 22nd, at 3 o'clock P. M. in the Presbyterian Church. They were of the most impressive character, and were attended by a large concourse of people from Allen and sourrounding counties. After appropriate religious services were held, and at the request of the family, a memorial address relating to the life and character of Dr. Scott was delivered by Sidney Clarke, a member of the committee.

"The family of Dr. Scott, the Masonic Order and the Grand Army of the Republic, requested that the committee convey to the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, their sincere thanks for the honors paid to the memory of the deceased, who for more than thirty years was a citizen of Allen county.

SIDNEY CLARKE,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
J. P. GANDY."

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now adjourn.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifteenth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Tuesday, Jan. 24th, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Biddison presented petitions from citizens of the Second Council District praying for the passage of an equal suffrage law.

Councilor Hutto presented petitions from citizens of the Third Council District praying for the passage of an equal suffrage law.

Councilor Magness presented petitions from citizens of the Fifth Council District praying for the passage of an equal suffrage law.

Councilor Bellamy presented petitions from citizens of the Seventh Council District praying for the passage of an equal suffrage law.

Mr. President presented petitions from citizens of the Fourth Council District praying for the passage of an equal suffrage law.

All of which petitions were referred to the Committee on Elections.

C. B. No. 56:

"An Act to Repeal Article 9, of Chapter 34, of the Session Laws of 1897, and Directing Certain Officers to Take no Further Action Upon any Instrument in Writing Executed Thereunder,"

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Council Bill No. 57:

"An Act Repealing Section 13, of Article 5, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: 'Counties and County Officers,' "

By Mr. Winkler,

Was read the second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Council Bill No. 58:

"An Act to Exempt Property Belonging to Kingfisher College from Taxation," by Mr. Winkler

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

Council Bill No. 59:

"An Act in Relation to Cities of the First Class,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Council Bill No. 60:

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 47 and 48, Chapter 15, Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Council Bill No. 61:

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 3, of Chapter 44, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: 'Road Overseers,' "

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

Council Bill No. 62:

"An Act Validating and Ratifying the Action of the Voters of 'D' County in Changing the Name of Said County to that of Dewey County,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Council Bill No. 63:

"An Act Defining and Prescribing Penalty for the Unlawful Carrying of Arms, and Repealing Article 45, of Chapter 25, and Section 20, Article 36, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Council Bill No. 64:

"An Act to Amend Section 2, Chapter 18, Session Laws of 1895, and to Validate Certain Elections,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Council Bill No. 65:

"An Act to Repeal Section 13, Article 59, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893, (Because of Conflict with Section 3, Article 29, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893)," By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Council Bill No. 66:

"An Act Authorizing and Prescribing the Procedure for the Taking Up and Sale of Estrays, and Repealing Article 3, Chapter 3, Statutes of 1893,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Council Bill No. 67:

"An Act to Extend the Jurisdiction of the Probate Court, and Regulating the Procedure and Practice of the Same,"

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Council Bill No. 68:

"An Act in Relation to the Practice of Pharmacy, and the Sale of Medicines and Poisons, Licensing Persons to Carry on Such Practice, and Exempting them from Jury Service; Providing for the Appointment and Prescribing the Powers and Duties of a Territorial Board of Pharmacy and other Purposes,"

By Mr. Magness,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Council Bill No. 69:

"An Act Authorizing Cities and Towns to Issue Bonds for the Construction of Sewers, Waterworks, Sanitary and Health Purposes, and the Improvement of Streets,"

By Mr. Havens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 70:

"An Act Amendatory of Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73, being General Section 5762 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled: 'Schools,' "

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 71:

'An Act Repealing Article 25, Chapter 68, Statutes 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 72:

"An Act Amending Section 190,of Article 11, Chapter 66 of Civil Procedure,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 73:

"An Act Relating to the Foreclosure of Mortgages on Real Estate and Providing for the Redemption of Property Sold Under Decree of Foreclosure and Sale,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 74:

"An Act to Regulate the Testing of Wheat,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 75:

"An Act in Relation to Poll Taxes in Cities of the First Class,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 76:

"An Act Fixing the Liability for Taxes in Certain Cases,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 16: 'An Act Constituting a Territorial Board of Equalization, Defining the Powers thereof and Providing for the Assessment of Rolling Stock of Railroads and Other Property, Not Otherwise Provided for,' have had said bill under consideration and report it back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. H. HUSTON,
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred Council Bill No. 1, 'An Act Limiting the Powers of the Territorial Board of Equalization,' have had the said Bill under consideration and report it back with the recommendation that it do not pass, for the reason that its provisions are covered by C. B. No. 16.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. H. HUSTON,
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 14: 'An Act to Amend Section 2, of

Article 6, Chapter 70, of the Statutes of 1893, and Other Sections Relating to Boards of Equalization,' have had the said bill under consideration and report it back with the recommendation that it do not pass, for the reason that its provisions are covered by C. B. No. 16.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. H. HUSTON,
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the report of the Committee be adopted relating to
C. B. No. 1 and
C. B. No. 14,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills having had under consideration C. C. R. No. 4, 'Authorizing the Appointment of Three Members from Each Body to Investigate the Departmental and Fiscal Affairs of this Territory,' beg leave to report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred C, R. No. 22: 'Authorizing the Appointment of a Committee of three to visit Territorial Institutions and report their needs, have had said Resolution under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
F. L. WINKLER,
A. J. BIDDISON,
F. A. HUTTO,
WM. GARRISON."

Councilor Biddison moved

The adoption of the report of the Committee on Education on C. R. No. 22,

Councilor Clarke moved

To amend the Resolution by adding the words

"Provided that this Resolution shall involve no expense upon the Territory of Oklahoma, unless expressly authorized by the Council."

Councilor Biddison arose to a question of personal privilege and asked that an interview from the Oklahoma State Capital and one from the Kansas City Star, which he sent to the Clerk's desk, be read.

Councilor Garrison raised the point of order that a question of personal privilege cannot interrupt consideration of a Bill or Resolution,

Which point of order was overruled and the interviews were read.

Councilor Biddison then spoke at length to the substance of the interviews

To which Councilor Huston replied.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council take a recess until 7:30 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

EVENING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 7:30 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

The question being upon the amendment of Councilor Clarke to C. R. No. 22.

The roll was called with the following result:

Ayes 9; nays 3; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy, Huston, Hutto.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Brett.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the motion prevailed and the amendment was declared duly adopted.

The question being on the adoption of the Committee's Substitute for C. R. No. 22 as amended:

That the Committee on Education be authorized to secure the information as to the needs and necessities of the various Educational Institutions of the Territory: Provided, That this resolution shall not involve any expense on the part of the Territory unless especially authorized by the Council.

The motion prevailed and the resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Havens moved

That when the Council adjourn it adjourn until 9 o'clock A. M. tomorrow.

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed

Bills having had under consideration C. J. R. No. 1, beg leave to report the same correctly Engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. J. BIDDISON."

The reports of the Territorial Oil Inspector; Terrtiorial Librarian and Territorial Treasurer, in reply to

C. R. No. 11 were presented.

Councilor Biddison moved

That said reports be laid upon the President's table,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, having had under consideration C. B. No. 21, beg leave to report the same correctly Engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. J. BIDDISON."

C. B. No. 21,

"An Act Requiring all Railroad Companies to Permit Certain Officers and Physicians to Ride on all Passenger and Freight Trains," was read third time.

Councilor Thacker called attention to improper phraseology of the bill.

Councilor Biddison moved

To recommit the bill to the Committee on Railroads,

Which motion did not prevail.

By unanimous consent it was ordered that the words "passenger and" before the words "freight trains" be stricken out wherever they occur in the bill.

The question being shall the bill pass?

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilor voting in the negative was:

Mr. President.

More than a majoirty of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed, and the title of the bill was amended and agreed to.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now adjourn.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Sixteenth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Wednesday, January 25, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 9:30 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

Council Bill No. 70:

"An Act Amending Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73, being General Section 5762, of the Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Schools.' "

By Mr. Gandy, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Council Bill No. 71:

"An Act Repealing Article 25, Chapter 68, Statutes 1893,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Council Bill No. 72:

"An Act Amending Section 190 of Article 11, Chapter 66, of Civil Procedure,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Council Bill No. 73:

"An Act Relating to the Foreclosure of Mortgages on Real Estate and Providing for the Redemption of Property Sold Under Decree of Foreclosure and Sale,"

By Mr. Garrison, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Council Bill No. 74:

"An Act to Regulate the Testing of Wheat,"

By Mr. Garrison, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

Council Bill No. 75:

"An Act in Relation to Poll Taxes in Cities of the First Class,"

By Mr. Bellamy, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Council Bill No. 76:

"An Act Fixing the Liability for Taxes in Certain Cases,"

By Mr. Bellamy, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 77:

"An Act Amendatory of Section 6, of Chapter 10, being General Section No. 431, of the Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Bounties.'"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 78:

"An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of Oklahoma, and Regulating Abstracting in Relation Thereto,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 79:

"An Act in Relation to Landlords and Tenants,"

Which was read by title.

The Clerk read the following Message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify your Honorable body that C. C. R. No. 2 has been signed by the Speaker of the House.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 69:

"An Act Authorizing Cities and Towns to Issue Bonds for the Construction of Sewers, Waterworks, Sanitary and Health Purposes, and the Improvement of Streets', have had the said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS.'

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended

C. B. No. 69 be considered engrossed and put upon third reading.

The question being upon the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 3; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens. Huston, Hutto and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison, Thacker and Winkler.

Absent and voting voting:

Councilor Magness.

Councilor Thacker offered a Substitute for the Committee's amendment, which Substitute was not agreed to.

Councilor Havens offered a Substitute for the Committee's amendment, which was agreed to.

Councilor Brett offered an amendment to the bill which was agreed to.

Councilor Winkler offered an amendment to the bill which was not agreed to.

Councilor Clarke asked unanimous consent to defer further consideration of the bill until tomorrow and that in the meantime the bill as amended be printed,

To which Councilor Hutto objected.

Councilor Biddison moved

That further consideration of the bill be postponed until 10 o'clock A. M. tomorrow, at which time it be made a special order.

Which motion prevailed.

The clerk read an invitation to the Council from the President of the Territorial Free Homes League to attend the convention of the League in the city of Guthrie, on February 23, 1899.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the invitation be accepted, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke extended an invitation to the Council and its officers to attend the Territorial Statehood Convention at the opera house in the city of Guthrie at 2 o'clock P. M. to-day.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the invitation be accepted, provided it entail no expense upon the Territory of Oklahoma.

Councilor Biddison moved

To amend the motion by substituting the words "members of this Council" for the words "Territory of Oklahoma,"

Which amendment was accepted and the motion prevailed.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. R. No. 23:

"Be it Resolved by the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, That Miss Angie Penny be, and she is hereby employed as typewriter to the Chief Clerk, with pay at three dollars per day";

Which went over under the rules.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. R. No. 24:

"Be it Resolved by the Council that each and every Committee Clerk appointed by the Chairmen of the several Committees, be required when not engaged by the Chairman of their several Committees, to report to the Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk of this Council each morning, and when not so engaged by their Committee, shall be under the direction of said Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk and shall do such work in the Enrolling and Engrossing rooms as shall be directed by the Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk thereof."

Which went over under the rules.

Councilor Clarke called attention to the printing of the Calendar and asked that the printer be required to condense the composition on the same.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Thursday, January 26, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Seventeenth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Thursday, Jan. 26, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, at 2 o'clock P. M., and was called to order by the President Pro tem.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Winkler moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the special order, being

C. B. No. 69:

"An Act Authorizing Cities and Towns to Issue Bonds for the Construction of Sewers, Waterworks, Sanitary and Health Purposes and the Improvements of Streets,

Which motion prevailed.

Council then went into the Committee of the Whole with Councilor Winkler in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee arose and through its chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration C. B. No. 69: 'An Act Authorizing Cities and Towns to Issue Bonds for the Construction of Sewers, Waterworks, Sanitary and Health Purposes and the Improvement of Streets,' and report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass."

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Brett, Hutto and Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then amended and agreed to.

C. B. No. 77:

"An Act Amendatory of Section 6, of Chapter 10, being General Section No. 431 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled 'Bounties'

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 78:

"An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of Oklahoma, and Regulating Abstracting in Relation Thereto,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 79:

"An Act in Relation to Landlords and Tenants,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Magness introduced

C. B. No. 80:

"An Act to Prohibit the Introduction of Johnson Grass into this Territory,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 81:

"Merchants License,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness introduced

C. B. No. 82:

"An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sales of Real Estate by the Sheriff,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 83:

"An Act Amending Section 1, Article 3, Chapter 39, Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: 'Issues in Civil Actions,'"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 84:

"An Act to Amend Sections 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132 and 133 of Article 10 of Chapter 67 of the Statutes of Oklahoma 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 85:

"An Act to Amend Section 4 and to Repeal Section 5 of Chapter 8, Session Laws of 1897,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 86:

"An Act to Create the County of Banner out of Woods County, Territory of Oklahoma, and Providing for the Organization Thereof, etc."

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. B. No. 87:

"An Act Relating to Appropriation Bills in the General Assembly,"

Which was read by title.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 88:

"An Act to Authorize the Board of Trustees of the Town of Chandler to Annually Levy and Collect a Tax not Exceeding Five (5) Mills on the Dollar on all the Taxable Property of said Town, for the Purpose of Extending, Repairing, Maintaining and Operating the Waterworks of said Town,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary to whom was referred House Bill No. 7—'An Act Concerning Real Estate and Severing Personal Property Therefrom,' have had said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

H. E. HAVENS,
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 70: 'An Act Amendatory of Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73, being Section No. 5762 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled: 'Schools', have had said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass."

A report from the Territorial Auditor and Superintendent of Public Instruction, in reply to

C. R. No. 21,

Was received and laid upon the President's table for the information of the Council.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole Council for the consideration of

C. B. No. 16:

"An Act Constituting a Territorial Board of Equalization and Defining the Powers Thereof, and Providing for the Assessment of Rolling Stock of Railroads, and Other Property not Otherwise Provided for,"

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

The Sergeant-at-Arms

Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

The Committee of the Whole arose for the purpose of receiving a message from the House, as follows:

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 1: 'An Act Providing for the Immediate Relief of the Tax-Payers and Remitting Certain Taxes for the Year A. D. 1898,' Also H. B. No. 8.: 'An Act to Secure the Sale of Pure Oil, or Safe Coal Oil, Carbon Oil, Kerosene, Petroleum, Gasoline or any Other Product of Petroleum used as Illuminating or Burning Fluid and Providing Punishment for a Failure to Comply Therewith.' The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council resolve itself in a Committee of the Whole for the further consideration of

C. B. No. 16,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its chairman reported progress on the matter under consideration.

House Bill No. 1:

"An Act Providing for the Immediate Relief of the Tax-Payers and Remitting Certain Taxes for the Year A. D. 1898,"

By Mr. Doyle,

Was read a first time by sections.

H. B. No. 8:

"An Act to Secure the Sale of Pure Oil or Safe Coal Oil, Carbon Oil, Kerosene, Petroleum, Gasoline, or any Other Product of Petroleum used for Illuminating or Burning Fluid,"

Was read a first time by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended, an emergency be declared to exist and

H. B. No. 1

Be read a second time.

The question being upon the suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result Ayes, 7; nays, 6.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Brett, Gandy, Huston, Hutto, Thacker and Mr. President.

Less than two-thirds of the council having voted in the affirmative, the motion did not prevail.

C. R. No. 23, providing for the appointment of Miss Angie Penny as Stenographer to the Chief Clerk was taken up for consideration.

Councilor Biddison offered a substitute for the entire resolution.

Councilor Gandy offered an amendment.

By unanimous consent the original resolution was amended by substituting the word "two" for the word "three" before the word dollars.

Councilor Winkler requested that the clerk furnish a list of all officers and employees of the Council for the information of the members.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the matter under consideration,

Being C. R. No. 23,

Substitute and amendments to same lie upon the table until to-morrow which motion prevailed.

C. R. No. 24, Relating to Committee Clerks went over until to-morrow by consent.

The Clerk read an invitation from Hon. C. G. Jones to the members and employees of the Council inviting them to visit Oklahoma City on Saturday, February 4th, 1899.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the invitation be laid on the table for future consideration, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Friday, January 27, 1899. Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Eighteenth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Friday, Jan. 27, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, at 2 o'clock P. M., and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message."

The Message from the House was received as follows:

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House passed H. B. No. 4—An Act to repeal an Act Entitled 'An Act to Provide for the Public Inspector of Oils or Burning Fluids, and Prescribing His Duties.'

"Also that the House has passed C. C. R. No. 4, Authorizing the Appointment of a Joint Committee of three members from each body to investigate the departmental and fiscal affairs of this Territory. Which Bill and Concurrent Resolution are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Biddison introduced

Council Resolution No. 25.

"Resolved, That the following offices are hereby declared vacant and the same abolished, to-wit:

"Door keeper at the front door of the Council Chamber.

"Clerk of the Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills.

"Clerk of the Committee on Education.

"Resolved, further, That the Clerk of the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry shall be the Clerk of the Committee on Elections, and that the Clerk of the Committee on Public Lands shall also be the Clerk of the Committee on Printing, and shall be a competent typewriter; that the Clerk of the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Law shall also be a competent typewriter; that the practice of printing the Calendar of this Council shall be discontinued and that the Calendar shall be typewritten by the Private Secretary to the President and the Clerk of the Committee on Ways and Means, and that the compensation of the two last named officers shall be Four ($4.00) Dollars per day.

Resolved, further, That the Chairmen of the Committee on Education and Enrolled and Engrossed Bills shall appoint a competent typewriter who shall be clerk of both Committees.

Resolved, further, That all clerks of Committees by these resolutions required to be typewriters, and who are not competent typewriters are hereby discharged."

Which resolution went over under the rules.

C. B. No. 80:

"An Act to Prohibit the Introduction of Johnson Grass into this Territory,"

By Mr. Magness, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

C. B. No. 81:

"Merchants License,"

By Mr. Winkler, was read a second time and referred to the Committeee on Municipal Corporations.

C. B. No. 82:

"An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sales of Real Estate by the Sheriff,"

By Mr. Magness, was read second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 83:

"An Act Amending Section 1, Article 3, Chapter 39, Session Laws of 1895, entitled 'Issues in Civil Actions,'"

By Mr. Thacker, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 84:

"An Act to Amend Sections 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132 and 133, of Article 10 of Chapter 67, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. Thacker, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 85:

"An Act to Amend Section4 and to Repeal Section 5 of Chapter 8, Session Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Thacker, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 86:

"An Act to Create the County of Banner out of Woods County, Territory of Oklahoma, and Providing for the Oganization thereof, Etc."

By Mr. Garrison was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 87:

"An Act Relating to Appropriation Bills in the General Assembly."

By Mr. Havens, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 88:

"An Act to Authorize the Board of Trustees of the Town of Chandler to Annually Levy and Collect a Tax not Exceeding Five (5) Mills on the Dollar on all the Taxable Property of Said Town, for the Purpose of Extending, Repairing, Maintaining and Operating the Waterworks of Said Town,"

By Mr. President, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B. No. 1:

"An Act Providing for the Immediate Relief of the Taxpayers and Remitting Certain Taxes for the Year A. D: 1898,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 8:

"To Secure the Sale of Pure Oil, or Safe Coal Oil, Carbon Oil, Kerosene, Petroleum, Gasoline or any Other Product of Petroleum Used as Illuminating or Burning Fluid; and Providing Punishment for a Failure to Comply Therewith,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Huston introduced

C. B. No. 89:

"An Act Amending Sections 2, 23, 24, and 26 and Repealing Section 25, of Article 1, of Chapter 72, entitled 'Roads and Highways,' Statutes of Oklahoma,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 90:

"An Act to Amend An Act entitled 'An Act to Provide for a Public Inspector of Oils or Burning Fluids, and Prescribing His Duties,'"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 91:

"An Act to Authorize the Lexington and Purcell Bridge Company to Construct a Bridge Over the South Canadian River,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. B. No. 92:

"An Act for the Support of the Poor of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma and to Establish and Maintain Asylums Therefor,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 93:

"An Act Making Appropriations for the Expenses of the Officers and Clerks of the Fifth Legislative Assembly,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Garrison moved that

The rules be suspended,

C. B. No. 93 read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke and Thacker.

More than two-thirds of the Council voting in the affirmative the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 93 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 94:

"An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4, of Article 5, Chapter 6, of the Laws of Oklahoma,1897,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred Council Bill No. 15, 'An Act Limiting and Fixing the Compensation and Expenses of the Territorial Secretary' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman,
H. E. HAVENS.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER.
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 59, 'An Act in Relation to Cities of the First Class,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman,
H. E. HAVENS.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 7, 'An Act to Provide for the Taxation of Insurance, Guaranty and Accident Companies, not Organized under the Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma,' have had said bill under consideration, and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON."

Councilor Clarke asked that the Council, by unanimous consent, accept the invitation extended by Hon. C. G. Jones, on behalf of the citizens of Oklahoma City, to the members and officers of the Council to visit Oklahoma City on February 4, 1899; to which Councilor Hutto objected.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the invitation be accepted.

Councilor Winkler moved as an amendment

To the motion that the Council thank the people of Oklahoma City for the invitation and accept it, provided, such acceptance shall not interfere with the work of the Council, which motion prevailed.

A communication from the Adjutant General of the Territory in reply to

C. R. No. 21, was received by the Council.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the report be laid upon the President's table for the information of the Council, which motion prevailed.

The Clerk read a communication from Speaker Reed of the National House of Representatives, acknowledging the receipt of C. C. R. No. 2,

"Memorializing Congress to Provide Free Homes for the Settlers of Oklahoma."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole Council for the consideration of general orders on the Calendar, which motion prevailed; and the Council went into Committee of the Whole, with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive the communication from the House.

Councilor Hutto asked to be excused from the Council for a short time, which was granted.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 71. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Council again went into Committee of the Whole for the further consideration of general orders on the Calendar.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration C. B. No. 16, 'An Act Constituting a Board of Equalization, and Defining the Powers Thereof, and Providing for the Assessment of Rolling Stock of Railroads, and Other Property not Otherwise Provided for,' beg leave to report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendments reported by the Committee of the Whole be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker offered a substitute for the bill.

Councilor Biddison raised the point of order that the substitute was not germane to the bill and was precluded under Rule 33 of the Council,

Which point of order was sustained by the President.

Councilor Thacker appealed from the decision of the President.

The question being shall the President be sustained?

The decision of the President was sustained.

The question being shall the bill pass,

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting,

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole

Council for the further consideration of general orders on the Calendar, which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole, with Councilor Thacker in the Chair.

After some time spent therein, the Committee of the Whole arose and through its chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council beg leave to report that bills under general orders on the Calendar have not been returned by the Public Printer and cannot be considered by the Committee."

The Public Printer having returned H. B. No. 7 printed,

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole Council for further consideration of general orders on the Calendar, which motion prevailed; and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Thacker in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee arose and through its chairman reported as follows:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration H. B. No. 7 and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that the bill do pass as amended.

CHAS. M. THACKER, Chairman."

Councilor Havens moved

That the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted as a whole, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison called up the message from the House transmitting C. C. R. No. 4.

C. R. No. 23 and C. R. No. 24 went over by consent.

Councilor Clarke by unanimous consent introduced

C. R. No. 26:

"Protesting Against Certain Pending Legislation,"

And asked that the same be referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Bellamy by unanimous consent introduced

C. R. No. 27,

"Protesting Against Certain Pending Legislation,"

And asked that it be referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C .C. R. No. 4:

"Authorizing the Appointment of a Joint Committee of Three Members from Each Body to Investigate the Departmental and Fiscal Affairs of this Territory",

As amended by the House, was read by the Clerk.

Councilor Biddison moved that the Council concur in the House amendments to

C. C. R. No. 4.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes, 11; nays 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy and Hutto.

A majority of the House having voted to concur in the House amendments, the House amendments to C. C. R. No. 4, were declared duly concurred in.

In voting in favor of the passage of the resolution Councilors Garrison, Thacker and Mr. President explained that they were opposed to the somewhat harsh terms of the resolution and the assumption that the wrongs mentioned therein existed.

Councilor Biddison explained that he was in favor of every provision of the resolution.

Councilor Hutto explained his vote as follows:

"My judgment is that the scope of the resolution is correct and the investigation is proper, but I can never consent to assume that the suppposed facts stated in the resolution are true until we find them to be facts. I vote No."

Councilor Gandy in voting against the amendments, explained that he did so because he was opposed to the resolution and believed that if the evils recited by the resolution existed they should be investigated by the Grand Jury of Logan County and not by the Legislative Assembly.

Councilor Clarke raised the point of order that Councilors in explaining their votes were irrelevant in discussing the merits of the resolution, which point of order was sustained by the President.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the further consideration of general orders on the Calendar, which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Gandy in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its chairman reported as follows:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole, having had under consideration C. B. No. 70, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled 'Schools', beg leave to report progress and ask to sit again.

JAMES P. GANDY, Chairman.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Saturday, January 28, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Nineteenth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Saturday, January 28, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Hutto presented the credentials of W. E. McGuire, claiming to be a member of the Council elected from the Osage Country.

Councilor Huston moved

That the credentials be referred to the Committee on Judiciary,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison presented a petition from the taxpayers of Noble County praying for the early passage of

H. B. No. 1,

Which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Havens presented a petition from citizens of Woods County in Relation to Fees of Physicians and Surgeons, and moved that it lie on the President's table for the information of the Council.

Which motion prevailed.

H. B. No. 4:

"An Act to Repeal An Act, entitled 'An Act to Provide for the Public Inspector of Oils or Burning Fluids and Prescribing His Duties,'"

By Mr. Jones, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 89:

"An Act Amending Sections 22, 23, 24 and 26, and Repealing Section 25, of Article 1, of Chapter 72, entitled 'Roads and Highways,' Statutes of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Huston, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

C. B. No. 90:

"An Act to Amend An Act, entitled 'An Act to Provide for a Public Inspector of Oils or Burning Fluids, and Prescribing His Duties,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judciary.

C. B. No. 91:

"An Act to Authorize the Lexington and Purcell Bridge Company to Construct a Bridge Over the South Canadian River," by Mr. Clarke.

Was read second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations.

C. B. No. 92:

"An Act for the Support of the Poor of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma," by Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 94:

"An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3, and 4 of Article 5, Chapter 6, of the Laws of Oklahoma, 1897,"

By Mr. President, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B. No. 71:

"An Act Making Appropriations for the Officers and Clerks of the Fifth Legislative Assembly,"

By Mr. Holliday, was read a second time.

Councilor Garrison moved

That the rules and the Statutes be suspended and

H. B. No. 71 be placed on third reading.

The question being on suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 1; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Thacker.

Councilors absent and not voting:

Bellamy and Clarke.

Two-thirds of the Council having voted in the affirmative the rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 71 was read a third time.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; Nays 1; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President;

Voting in the negative,
Councilor Thacker;

Councilors absent and not voting were
Bellamy and Clarke.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Gandy, by unanimous consent, withdrew
C. B. No. 93
For the reason that its provisions were covered by H. B. No. 71.

Councilor Biddison moved
To re-consider the vote by which
H. B. No. 7 was passed,
Which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Huston introduced
C. B. No. 95:
"An Act to Punish Corrupt Practices in Political Conventions and Among the Members Thereof,"
Which was read by title.

Councilor Gandy introduced
C. B. No. 96:
"An Act to Amend Section 1, Chapter 26, of the Session Laws of 1895 entitled 'An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish,'"
Which was read by title.

Councilor Gandy introduced
C. B. No. 97:
"An Act to Provide for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township Indebtedness, and for Other Purposes,"
Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness introduced
C. B. No. 98:
"An Act to Provide for a Territorial Geologist,"
Which was read by title.

Councilor Garrison introduced
C. B. No. 99:
"An Act to Provide for Public Libraries,"
Which was read by title.

H. B. No. 17,
"An Act Amendatory of Chapter 14, Statutes of Oklahoma, entitled 'Cities of the First Class,'"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 20,

"An Act to Provide for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township Indebtedness, and for Other Purposes, and Repealing Sections 5, 6, and 7, of Article 6, Chapter 12, Laws of 1897,"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 48,

"An Act Authorizing the Board of County Commissioners of Dewey County to Appropriate Funds to Build a Bridge Over the South Canadian River at or Near Taloga, the County Seat, and to Authorize the Collection of a Tax for the Same,"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 100,

"An Act to Provide for the Filling of Vacancies in the Legislative Assembly Caused by the Death, Resignation or Removal of Members Thereof,"

Was read by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That C. R. No. 23,

"Authorizing the Employment of Miss Angie Penny;"

Council Resolution No. 24,

"Regulating Committee Clerks,"

And C. R. No. 25,

"Abolishing Certain Officers,"

Be made a special order for 2 o'clock P. M. Monday, January 30th, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

C. B. No. 7,

"An Act to Provide for the Taxation of Insurance, Guaranty and Accident Companies, not Organized Under the Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma,"

And C. B. No. 59,

"An Act in Relation to Cities of the First Class,"

Were by unanimous consent laid over under general orders until Monday.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 70,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73, being General Section 5762 of the Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Schools,' "

Which motion prevailed, and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Garrison in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman reported as follows:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration C. B. No. 70, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73, being General Section 5762, of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled, 'Schools,' and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendments to the bill recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted,

Which motion prevailed and the bill was ordered engrossed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M., Monday, January 30th, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twentieth Day.

Sunday, January 29, 1899.

Twenty-first Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Monday, January 30, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President Pro-tem.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Clarke, by unanimous consent, presented

Council Memorial No. 2,

"Relating to Statehood,"

Which was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

By unanimous consent

C. R. No. 23,

"Authorizing the Employment of Miss Angie Penny,"

C. R. No. 24,

"To Regulate Committee Clerks,"

And C. R. No. 25,

"Abolishing Certain Officers,"

Were made special orders for 2 o'clock P. M., Wednesday, February 1, 1899.

Councilor Biddison presented a letter relating to the practice of medicines,

Which was referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 95,

"An Act to Punish Corrupt Practices in Political Conventions and Among the Members Thereof,"

By Mr. Huston, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 96,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Chapter 26, of the Session Laws of 1895, entitled 'An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish'"

By Mr. Gandy, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 97,

"An Act to Provide for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township Indebtedness, and for Other Purposes,"

By Mr. Gandy, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

C. B. No. 98,

"An Act to Provide for a Territorial Geologist,"

By Mr. Magness, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 99,

"An Act to Provide for Public Libraries,"

By Mr. Garrison, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

H. B. No. 17,

"An Act Amendatory of Chapter 14, Statutes of Oklahoma, entitled 'Cities of the First Class,'"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B. No. 20,

"An Act to Provide for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township Indebtedness, and for Other Purposes, and Repealing Sections 5, 6, and 7, of Article 6, Chapter 12, Laws of 1897."

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B No. 48,

"An Act Authorizing the Board of County Commissioners of Dewey County to Appropriate Funds to Build a Bridge Over the South Canadian River at or Near Taloga, the County Seat, and to Authorize the Collection of a Tax to Pay for the Same,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 100,

"An Act to Provide for Filling the Vacancies in the Legislative Assembly, Caused by the Death, Resignation or Removal of Members Thereof,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Elections.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 100,

"An Act Exempting from Taxation Notes and Evidences of Indebtedness and Securities Therefor Belonging to Building and Loan Associations, Organized and Doing business Under and by Virtue of the Laws of the Territory."

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 101,

"An Act Providing for the License of Peddlers,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 102,

"An Act Requiring Probate Judges to Give Bond,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston, by request, introduced

C. B. No. 103,

"An Act to Change the Names of Persons,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 104,

"An Act Amending Section 17, Article 6, Chapter 16, of the Statutes of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke, by request, introduced

C. B. No. 105,

"An Act Providing for the Assessment of Farm Lands Lying Within and Adjacent to Cities and Towns,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 106,

"An Act Prescribing the Qualifications of Sureties on Official Bonds,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 107,

"An Act Providing for Indexing Transfers Relating to Lots in Cities and Towns and in Additions Thereto in Numerical Index,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 108,

"An Act Permitting Defendants in Criminal Cases to Tender Plea of Guilty and Avoid Costs, and to Plead Guilty and Avoid Penalty,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 109,

"An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 and 8 and to Repeal Section 7, Article 15, Chapter 18, Statutes of Oklahoma 1893,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, to whom was referred C. C. R. No. 4, 'Providing for the Appointment of a Joint Committee of Three Members from Each Body to Investigate the Departmental and Fiscal Affairs of this Territory,' have had said Resolution under consideration and report the same back to the Council properly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON,
C. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Biddison moved

That C. C. R. No. 4 be re-committed to the Enrolling and Engrossing Committees of the Council and House jointly as provided by the Rules,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, to whom was referred H. B. No. 70; 'An Act Concerning Real Estate and Severing Property Therefrom,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council properly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Federal Relations to whom was referred C. B. No. 47, 'AnAct for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma,' have had the said bill under consideration, and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman.
H. E. HAVENS,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
FELIX L. WINKLER,
WM. GARRISON."

The bill was referred to the Committee of the Whole under general orders.

Councilor Biddison moved.

To amend H. B. No. 7 by striking out Section 1.

Councilor Thacker moved

That H. B. No. 7 be made a special order for to-morrow at 2 o'clock P. M., which motion did not prevail.

The question being on the motion to strike out Section 1, the motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker moved

To strike out section 2 and insert the following in lieu of Section 1:

"Section 1. That if any owner or lessee of real estate against which there is a valid out-standing mortgage shall wilfully destroy or shall remove, or permit to be removed, from such real estate any building, fence or other fixture situate thereon without permission from the holder of the mortgage, such owner or lessee shall be deemed guilty of a felony, if such building, fence or other fixture shall be of the value of twenty dollars or more, and of a misdemeanor if it be of a value of less than twenty dollars."

Councilor Biddison moved to amend the amendment

By inserting after the word "mortgage" the words "or other lien," which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Hutto moved to amend the amendment

By inserting after the word "permission" the words "in writing," which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Winkler moved to amend the amendment

By inserting after the word "fence" the word "timber", which motion did not prevail.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President, a Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 11 and asks your concurrence therein.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 11,

"An Act Relating to Assessors and Repealing Article 5, Chapter 13, Laws of 1897,"

Was read by title.

The question being on the amendment of Councilor Thacker to H. B. No. 7,

The motion prevailed and the amendment was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Biddison moved to amend Section 3

By subsituting the figure "2" for the figure "3" after the word "section,"

Which motion prevailed and the amendment was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Hutto moved

To strike out the enacting clause.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 5; absent and not voting, 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Havens, Huston, Thacker;

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Magness and Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of striking out the enacting clause, the enacting clause was declared duly stricken out:

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills to whom was referred C. C. R. No. 4, 'Providing for a Joint Committee of Three Members from the Council and Three Members from the House to Investigate the Departmental and Fiscal Affairs of this Territory,' have had the said Resolution under consideration and report the same back to the Council properly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
GEO. H. BRETT.
Committee on part of the Council.
F. S. SHERER,
J. H. SMITH,
EDWARD F. CLARK,
J. C. WILLIAMSON.
Committee on part of the House."

Councilor Gandy, by unanimous consent introduced

C. R. No. 28,

"Be it Resolved, That the printing of the Calendar and of Council bills and House bills be referred to the Committee on Printing before being sent to the printer,"

Which went over under the rules.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole Council for consideration of general orders on the Calendar.

Which motion prevailed, and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive a message from the House, as follows:

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 6, H. B. No. 13 and H.

B. No. 52, and asks that the Council concur therein; which bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 6,

"An Act Repealing Section 1, of Article 11, Chapter 15, Laws of 1893,"

By Mr. Jones, was read by title.

H. B. No. 13,

"An Act to Prevent Hog Cholera and Other Contagious Diseases, and Prevent Traffic in Animals Dying from Infectious Diseases,"

By Mr. Wails, was read by title.

H. B. No. 52,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 1, Chapter 33, of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled 'An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 1, Chapter 72, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. Jones, was read by title.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration C. B. No. 7, and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be re-committed to the Committee on Ways and Means.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

Councilor Huston moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole on C. B. No. 7 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

The Council received the Message as follows:

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 43, and asks your concurrence therein. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 43,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, of Chapter 26, of the Session Laws of 1895, entitled 'Game and Fish,'"

By Mr. Malley,

Was read by title.

The Committee of the Whole reported further as follows:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration C. B. No. 15, 'An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 6, of the Session Laws of the Territory of

Oklahoma, of 1897, 'Relating to Cities of the First Class,' and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

Councilor Hutto moved

That the report be received and adopted and the bill ordered engrossed.

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration C. B. No. 59, 'An Act Authorizing and Empowering Cities of the First Class to Provide and Contract for the Sprinkling of Streets,' and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the report be received and adopted and the bill ordered engrossed.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke by unanimous consent introduced, by request, C. B. No. 110,

"An Act to Reward the Arrest and Conviction of Stock Thieves and for Other Purposes,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison asked unanimous consent to consider

C. R. No. 23,

'Providing for the Employment of Miss Angie Penny;"

C. R. No. 24,

"Regulating Committee Clerks,"

And C. R. No. 25,

"Abolishing Certain Officers of the Council,"

And moved that C. R. No. 25 be adopted.

Councilor Thacker moved to amend the resolution

By striking out the requirement dispensing with printed Calendars and requiring them to be typewritten.

The amendment prevailed.

Councilor Clarke moved to amend the resolution

By striking out the portion in relation to the door keeper at the front door.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Garrison moved

To strike out the provision requiring that certain committee clerks must be competent typewriters,

Which motion did not prevail.

The question being on the adoption of

C. R. No. 25, as amended,

The motion prevailed and the resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Hutto asked to be recorded as voting against the resolution.

Councilor Biddison moved

C. R. No. 23 be indefinitely postponed,

Which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Biddison moved

That C. R. No. 24 be laid on the table.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 2; present and not voting 5.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens and Huston.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Hutto and Mr. President.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Bellamy, Gandy, Magness, Thacker and Winkler,

And the motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That C. R. No. 23 be indefinitely postponed.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 4; present and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy, Huston, Hutto and Thacker.

Councilors present and not voting were :

Bellamy, Magness and Mr. President,

And the motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council now adjorn until 2 o'clock P. M. Tuesday, January 31, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twenty-second Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Tuesday, Jan. 31, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the Speaker has signed C. C. R. No. 4. The resolution is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. C. R. No. 4,

And afterward announced he had signed

C. C. R. No. 4

And named the following councilors as the committee authorized thereby on the part of the Council:

Messrs Biddison, Hutto and Clarke.

Mr. President introduced

Council Petition No. 8,

Praying that the law providing for county weighers be not repealed, which was referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 100,

"An Act Exempting from Taxation the Notes and Evidences of Indebtedness and Securities Therefor, Belonging to Building and Loan Associations, Organized and Doing Business under and by Virtue of the Laws of the Territory,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 101,

"An Act Providing for License of Peddlers," by Mr. Winkler, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 102,

"An Act to Require Probate Judges to Give Bond," by Mr. Clarke, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 103,

"An Act to Change the Names of Persons,"

By Mr. Huston, (by request), was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 104,

"An Act Amending Section 17, Article 6, Chapter 16, of the Statutes of 1893,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

C. B. No. 105,

"An Act Providing for the Assessment of Farm Lands Lying Within and Adjacant to Cities and Towns,"

By Mr. Clarke, (by request) was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 106,

"An Act Prescribing the Qualifications of Sureties on Official Bonds,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 107,

"An Act Providing for Indexing Transfers Relating to Lots in Cities and Towns and in Additions Thereto in Numerical Index,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Muncipal Corporations.

C. B .No. 108,

"An Act Permitting Defendants in Criminal Cases to Tender Plea of Guilty and Avoid Costs, and to Plead Guilty and Avoid Penalty,"

By Mr. Clarke, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C .B. No. 109,

"An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 8, and to Repeal Section 7, Article 15, Chapter 18, Statutes of Oklahoma 1893,"

By Mr. Thacker, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 6,

"An Act Repealing Section 1, of Article 11, Chapter 15, Laws of 1893," By Mr. Jones, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B. No. 11,

"An Act Relating to Assessors, and Repealing Article 5, Chapter 13, Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Malley, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

H. B. No. 13,

"An Act to Prevent Hog Cholera and Other Contagious Diseases, and Prevent Traffic in Animals Dying from Infectious Diseases",

By Mr. Wails, was read a second time and referred t th Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

H. B. No. 43,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, of Chapter 26, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: 'Game and Fish,' "

By Mr. Malley, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 52,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 1, of Chapter 33, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897, Entitled, 'An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 1, Chapter 72, Statutes of Oklahoma 1893,' "

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

C. B. No. 110,

"An Act to Reward the Arrest and Conviction of Stock Thieves, and for Other Purposes,"

By Mr. Clarke (by request)was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 111,

"An Act Relating to Records and Appeals and Procedure Thereunder,"

Which was read by title.

Mr. President introduced

C. B .No. 112,

"An Act Providing for the Punishment of Persons who Receive Bribes and Exempting the Giver of the Bribe from Punishment,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 113,

"An Act to Provide for the Registration of Stock, Makes and

Brands, and Repealing Article 4, Chapter 2, Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have had under consideration C. B. No. 70, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 14, of Article 1, of Chapter 73, being General Section 5762, of the Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Schools' and report the same back correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
C. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO.
GEO. H. BRETT."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 77, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 6, Chapter 10, being General Section No. 431 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled, 'Bounties,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO.
A. H. HUSTON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 78, 'An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of Oklahoma, and Regulating Abstracting in Relation Thereto,' have had said Bill under consideration, and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FRANK A, HUTTO, Chairman.
J. P. GANDY,
A. H. HUSTON,
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 36, 'An Act in Relation to the Time When the Term of Office of the County Treasurer Shall Commence,' have had said bill under consideration, and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
J. P. GANDY,
A. H. HUSTON,
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

“Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 62, ‘An Act Validating and Ratifying the Action of the Voters of ‘D’ County in Changing the Name of said County to that of Dewey County,’ have had said bill under consideration, and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A, HUTTO, Chairman.
J. P. GANDY,
A. H. HUSTON,
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON.”

Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 92, ‘An Act for the Support of the Poor of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma, and to Establish and Maintain Asylums Therefor,’ have had said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FRANK A, HUTTO, Chairman.
J. P. GANDY,
A. H. HUSTON,
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON.”

“Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B . No. 95, ‘An Act to Punish Corrupt Practices in Political Conventions and Among the Members Thereof,’ have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO.”

“Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 2, ‘An Act to Prohibit Public Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in any Manner in Bonds or Warrants, or Other Evidences of Public Indebtedness, and to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying any Warrant, or Order, in Excess of Appropriations made by the Legislative Assembly,’ have had said bill under consideration and report back to the Council a substitute for the same, with the recommendation that the substitute do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO.”

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred H. B. No. 1, 'An Act Providing for the Immediate Relief of the Tax-payers and Remitting Certain Taxes for the Year A. D. 1898,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

By unanimous consent H. B. No. 1 was referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 46, 'An Act to Repeal Section 27, of Chapter 47, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 29, 'An Act Empowering Parties to Dismiss Civil Actions,' have had the said bill under consideration and report back to the Council a substitute for the same, and recommend that the substitute do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

C. B. No. 70,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 14, of Article 1, of Chapter 73, being General Section 5762 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled: 'Schools,' "

Was read a third time by sections and the President put the question, "Shall the Bill pass?"

Councilor Thacker offered an amendment to Section 1, as follows:

"Strike out all of Section fourteen, as amended by section one of this act, after the words 'by law', and in line two insert 'shall employ without cost to the county, whenever the duties of his office require it, an assistant who shall have all the qualifications required of the principal, and who shall, before entering upon the discharge of the duties of such office, take and subscribe to oath required by Section two, Chapter 73, Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893. Such assistant shall in the name of his principal, when required, do any official act that might lawfully be done by such principal, and shall be subject to all the legal restrictions and liable to all the penalties to which the principal is subject and liable; provided, nothing in this act shall be construed to relieve the principal from liability on his bond for a breach of any of its conditions by such assistant."

Councilor Gandy raised the point of order that a bill cannot be amended after the question, shall the bill pass, has been put, which point was overruled.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President, a Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. R. No. 23, 'Relating to the Death of Hon. John W. Scott, late Member of the House from the Seventh Representative District.' The Resolution is herewith transmitted."

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Clarke asked that the Resolution be laid temporarily upon the table and stated that he would at the proper time call the matter up for appropriate action by the Council.

Councilor Biddison moved the previous question.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke and Thacker.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Garrison and Magness.

The motion prevailed and theprevious question was put, being on the amendment offered by Mr. Thacker, and the amendment did not prevail.

The President put the question, shall the bill pass?

Councilor Garrison raised the point of order that the rules allow ten minutes speeches on the passage of a bill, which was overruled by the President.

Councilor Garrison appealed from the decision of the President.

Councilor Hutto raised the point of order that an appeal from the President's decision is not debatable, which was overruled by the President.

The ruling of the President on Councilor Garrison's point of order was then sustained by the Council.

The question being shall the bill pass? The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Those voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Magness and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, to whom was referred C. B. No. 15, 'An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 6, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma of 1897, Relating to Cities of the First Class,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Garrison gave notice that he will offer an amendment to Rule 43.

C. B. No. 15 was read a third time by sections.

By unanimous consent the word "one" in line 7 of the printed bill was striken out and the word "two" inserted instead.

Councilor Huston moved

To amend by inserting between the fifth and sixth provisions of the bill a provision for a city poor fund not exceeding one mill, which motion did not prevail.

The question being on the final passage of

C. B. No. 15,

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes, 13; nays, 0.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, to whom was referred C. B. No. 59, 'An Act Authorizing and Empowering Cities of the First Class to Provide and Contract for the Sprinkling of Streets,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
GEO. H. BRETT.
A. J. BIDDISON."

C. B. No. 59

Was read a third time by sections.

The question being shall the bill pass? The roll was called with the following result: Ayes, 13; nays, 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole Council for consideration of the general orders on the Calendar.

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Winkler in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its chairman reported as follows:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration C. B. No. 47, 'An Act providing for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma,' and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman."

Councilor Thacker moved

To adjourn until to-morrow at 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Biddison moved

To adopt the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes, 9; nays, 2; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy and Hutto.

A majority of the Council voting in favor of the adoption of the amendments, the amendments were adopted.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended,

C. B. No. 47,

Be considered engrossed and placed on third reading and final passage, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker moved that

C. B. No. 47

Be made a special order for 2 o'clock P. M. to-morrow,

Which motion was ruled out of order by the President.

Councilor Thacker moved

That the special order be discharged and

C. B. No. 47

Be made a special order for 2 o'clock P. M. to-morrow,

Which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Huston moved

That the special order be discharged and the bill ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Magness announced that Mr. Bekemeyer having declined re-appointment as clerk of the Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills and Committee on Education, Miss Angie Penny had been appointed clerk of such Committees. Miss Penny took the oath of office.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Wednesday, February 1, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twenty-third Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Wednesday, February 1, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President, a Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to transmit to the Council H. B. No. 71, 'An Act making Appropriations for the Officers and Clerks of the Fifth Legislative Assembly, for the Signature of the President; also to Notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 14, 'An Act to Amend an Act to Incorporate and Govern Insurance Companies in Oklahoma Territory.' The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 14,

"An Act to Amend an Act to Incorporate and Govern Insurance Companies in Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Wails,

Was read by title.

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 71,

"An Act Making Appropriations for the Officers and Clerks of the Fifth Legislative Assembly,"

And afterward announced that he had signed H. B. No. 71.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Garrison offered the following amendment to Rule 43:.

"Strike out the words 'unless amendments are offered thereto' and insert the following:

'After a commitment and report thereof to the Council, or at any time before its passage, a bill or resolution may be recommitted, and after bills have been read the third time they shall not be amended except by recommitment to a Committee with instructions to amend, which instructions shall embody substantially the amendment or amendments proposed."

Councilor Biddison moved

Ta amend the amendment by striking out the additional matter proposed,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee an Enrolled and Engrossed bills have had under consideration C. B. No. 47, 'An Act Providing for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma,' and report the same back to the Council correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
GEO. H. BRETT.
A. J. BIDDISON."

The hour for the special order having arrived,

C. B. No. 47,

"An Act Providing for a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma,"

Was placed upon third reading and final passage.

Councilor Thacker offered a substitute for

C. B. No. 47, as follows:

"An Act to Provide for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma:

"Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma:

"Section 1. That whenever an act of Congress, enabling the Territory of Oklahoma to be admitted as a state into the Union, has passed and becomes in force and effect, the Governor of said Territory shall forthwith issue his Proclamation, calling an election to be held not less than twenty nor more than thirty days next thereafter, for the purpose of electing Delegates to a Constitutional Convention to be held in the City of Guthrie, at such time as may be named in such Proclamation, not less than fifteen nor more than thirty days after the date of such election.

"Section 2. In compliance with the Proclamation provided for in Section 1 of this act, each county of this Territory shall elect one Delegate for each ten thousand population, or major part thereof, according to the report of the Governor to the Secretary of the Interior, dated June 30th, 1898.

"Section 3. The Delegates mentioned in sections 1 and 2 of this act shall be qualified electors in the county in which they are elected under the general laws of the Territory of Oklahoma.

"Section 4. The delegates elected under the provisions of this act shall assemble in convention at Guthrie at the time specified in the Proclamation of the Governor and shall proceed to frame a constitution and provide for the organization of a state government for the State of Oklahoma: Provided the session of such convention shall be limited to forty days duration.

"Section 5. That within fifteen days after said convention shall have adjourned the Governor of this Territory shall issue his Proclamation calling for an election to be held not less than forty nor more than fifty days after the issuance of said Proclamation, and by said Proclamation shall submit to the people for their ratification or rejection, the Constitution framed by said convention.

"Section 6. That in case the Constitution thus framed and submitted shall be ratified by a majority of the voters of the Territory voting at said election, then in that event the Governor of this Territory shall forthwith issue his Proclamation calling an election for the purpose of the election of such state officers, members of the Legislature, judges and other officers, as may be provided for under said Constitution; Provided, Such election shall not be held less than forty nor more than fifty days after the issuance of such Proclamation.

"Section 7. When the result of such election is known it shall be the duty of the Governor elect, under said Constitution, to proclaim the same and to convene the Legislative Assembly of the State of Oklahoma, and do all things else necessary to complete the active organization of a state government.

"Section 8. That all citizens qualified to vote for members of the Legislative Assembly of said Territory shall be qualified to vote at the elections herein provided for.

"Section 9. That said elections shall be held and conducted under the election laws of said Territory applicable to general elections, except in so far as said Constitution, when ratified, may otherwise provide. All Territorial and County Officers shall be charged with the same duties in providing for said elections, and in canvassing and certifying the returns as are imposed upon them under the law of said Territory relating to general elections.

"Section 10. That the members of said convention shall receive for their services each the sum of four dollars per day and their necessary expenses in going to and returning from said convention. The secretary and the sergeant-at-arms of said convention shall each receive the sum of four dollars per day. All other necessary officers shall receive three dollars per day.

"Section 11. That the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this act, be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury of the Territory of Oklahoma, not otherwise appropriated, to defray the necessary expenses incident to the formation of said constitution and State Government.

"Section 12. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and approval."

Councilor Biddison raised the point of order that the substitute proposed was of entirely different purport from the bill which it proposed to amend, which was overruled by the President.

Councilor Biddison raised the point of order that amendments made in Committee of the Whole and adopted by the Council cannot thereafter be substituted, which was overruled by the President.

Councilor Biddison moved the previous question,

The question being shall the main question be put? The motion prevailed.

The question being on the substitute for C. B. No. 47, the substitute was rejected.

The question being, shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes, 11; nays, 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Thacker and Magness.

Councilor Gandy explained his vote as follows: "When in the campaign I made the pledge to my people that I would do everything in my power to secure Statehood for the people of Oklahoma and I am now in favor of doing everything possible along that line. While I believe that this bill will be a very expensive experiment; in case that we should be turned down in the elections that this bill provides for, or if we should fail to be admitted as a state, it would be a great burden upon the people to pay the expense of the election herein provided for. I always feel it my duty to fulfill every promise made to my people, and not having had time to hear from them, excepting by the unanimous endorsement of the delegates of my district in the Statehood convention, I therefor vote 'Aye.'"

Councilor Hutto explained his vote as follows:

"This bill does not suit me. I believe a constitutional convention should be called, but am opposed to the expense that this bill incurs, without first knowing what action Congress will take, In my judgment this is the best and only law on this subject that will be enacted at this session of the Legislature, and for the reason that my people are very desirous of Statehood in any form, am compelled to give this bill my consideration and therefore vote 'Aye'."

Councilor Thacker explained his vote as follows: "I vote no. While I am for Statehood and believe it is close at hand, I know that it is possible that it may not be accomplished for years, and I am not willing that this Territory should expend something like sixty thousand dollars in anticipation of such an uncertain event. The elections can as well be held after as before Congress passes an act admitting us to Statehood, and I favor such an act. I also oppose Council Bill No. 47 because the basis of representation is not fair and I fear, if it passes, it will prevent a reapportionment of this Territory."

Councilor Magness explained his vote as follows: "I desire to say in regard to casting my vote that since the word 'economy' has been so freely commented upon, I desire to carry it out to a letter. When we asked for a Committee of three to go and investigate our Educational Institutions, we met with great opposition and now the opposition come with the eight thousand unnecessary expense to hold a constitutional convention. I believe we can accomplish as much good without this eight thousand expense. Our Territory has been fairly represented in a Statehood Convention by all political parties; therefor, I think it unnecessary to vote this eight thousand expense on the Territory which will not, by thrice as much money, cover the expenses of a Constitutional Convention, therefore I desire to vote 'no'."

Councilor Bellamy explained his vote as follows: "Mr. President: I desire to explain my vote upon this bill. While the question of Statehood or anti-Statehood was not an issue in the last campaign, my constituents, and I, as their representative, heartily favor any proper movement that will bring immediate Statehood, or Statehood at the earliest possible time. While I cast my vote for this bill, I do it with some reluctance because I have objections to two or three features of the pending measure. First, it costs too much without any certainty that the expenditure will accomplish the desired end. In the second place, I am opposed to that feature of the bill which provides for an election of State, Legislative and Judicial officers prior to the ratification of the Constitution by the United States Congress. Having assurance from those in charge of the measure that their best efforts will be used to have the same amended in the House, so that these objectionable features may be eliminated, and in order that no unnecessary delay may retard the passage of the bill, I vote for the same. Should the measure again come before the Council containing the objectionable features suggested I shall cast my vote against it. At the same time I am ready and willing under any and all circumstances to do everything that is proper to advance the cause of statehood."

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Kingfisher College Glee Club be invited to serenade the Council,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council take a 15 minutes recess,

Which motion prevailed.

A communication from the citizens of Chandler, inviting the Legislative Assembly to visit that city on February 5th, was read.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 114,

"An Act to Amend Sections 283 and 284 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the Territory of Oklahoma, being General Sections 4161 and 4162 of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 115,

"An Act Prescribing the Duties of County Surveyors,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. B. No. 116,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 2 of Chapter 48 of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled, 'An Act Providing for the Employment of Stenographers in the Supreme Court, by the Judge of said Court, and Relating to Fees Thereof,' "

Which was read by title.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 117,

"An Act Amending Section 2, Chapter 69, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893." Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 7, 'An Act to Provide for the Taxation of Insurance, Guaranty and Accident Companies not Organized Under the Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

"Mr. President: Your Committe on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 3, 'An Act Defining the Duties of the Governor as to the Time of Nominating Public Officers,' have had said bill under consideration and report back a subsitute for the same with the recommendation that it do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary to whom was referred C. B. No. 41, 'An Act Providing for the Custody and Care of Moneys Derived from Sections 13 and 33, Reserved for Educational and Public Building Purposes,' have had said bill under consideration and report it back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS. M. THACKER.
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Havens moved that the Council now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Thursday, February 2, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twenty-fourth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Thursday, February 2, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Clerk commenced reading the Journal of the preceeding day.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 3 and H. B. No. 59, and ask your concurrence therein. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 3,

"An Act Pertaining to Cities of the First Class and Repealing Chapter 6, Article 1, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 59,

"An Act to Amend Section1, of Article 1, of Chapter 44, Statutes of Oklahoma of 1895, and Section 22 of Article 1, of Chapter 72 of the Statutes of 1895,"

By Mr. Wails,

Was read by title.

The reading of the Journal was concluded.

Councilor Gandy objected to the Journal recording a serenade by the Kingfisher College Glee Club, which occurred while the Council was not in session.

The Journal was ordered corrected in this particular.

The Journal was then approved as amended.

C. B. No. 114,

"An Act to Amend Sections 283 and 284 of Code of Civil Procedure of the Territory of Oklahoma, being General Sections 4161 and 4162 of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893,"

By Mr. Gandy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 115,

"An Act Prescribing the Duties of Surveyors,"

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

C. B. No. 116,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 2 of Chapter 48, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled, 'An Act Providing for the Employment of Stenographers in the Supreme Court, by the Judge of said Court, and Relating to Fees Thereof,"

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 117,

"An Act Amending Article 2, Chapter 69, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893;"

By Mr. Hutto,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 14,

"An Act to Amend an Act to Incorporate and Govern Insurance Companies Doing Business in Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Wails,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Law.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 45, 'An Act to Repeal Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled 'Vacations of Townsites and Additions,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 88, 'An Act to Authorize the Board of Trustees of the Town of Chandler to Annually Levy and Collect a Tax not Exceeding Five (5) Mills on the Dollar, on all the Taxable Property of said Town, for the Purpose of Extending, Repairing, Maintaining and Operating the Water-works of said Town,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Private Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 94, 'An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4, of Article 5, of Chapter 6, of the Laws of Oklahoma, 1897' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the report of the Committee on C. B. No. 94, be adopted, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred C. B. No. 50, 'An Act Repealing Sections 2 and 5, and Amending Sections 3, 4 and 8, of Chapter 17, of Session Laws of 1897, Entitled, 'An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses and the Furniture and Fixtures Thereof,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 1, 'An Act Providing for the Immediate Relief of the Taxpayers and Remitting Certain Taxes for the Year A. D. 1898,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council without recommendation

FELIX L. WINKLER,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON."

H. B. No. 1 was ordered placed upon the Calendar.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 118,

"An Act Declaring all Dogs which are Listed by their Owners for Taxation, Personal Property and the Subject of Larceny,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness introduced

C. B. No. 119,

"An Act Authorizing 'The Democratic Topic' to Change its Name in Cleveland County, O. T."

Which was read by title.

Council Resolution No. 28,

"Be it Resolved, That the Printing of Calendar and of Council Bills and House Bills, be referred to the Committee on Printing before being Sent to the Printer,"

By Mr. Gandy, was read.

Councilor Gandy moved its adoption,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole for the consideration of general orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Gandy in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 27, H. B. No. 28 and H. B. No. 73 and asks your concurrence therein. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 27,

"An Act Authorizing the Insurance of Growing Crops of Grain, Stock and Farm Buildings and Grain in Bins, by Mutual Insurance Companies, having Paid up Premiums at the time the Insurance is taken',,

By Mr. McElrath,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 28,

"An Act Entitled An Act Amendatory of Section 298, of Chapter 66, of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to the Verdict of Juries,"

By Mr. Hadley,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 73,

"An Act Amendatory to Section 2, Chapter 28, Laws of 1897, 'Regulating Pharmacy,'" By Mr. Wood,

Was read by title.

The Committee of the Whole then resumed consideration of bills under general orders on the Calendar.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its chairman reported as follows:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills on the Calendar under the head of General Orders recommend that C. B. No. 2 be recommitted to the Committee on Judiciary with instructions to reconsider for the purpose of amendment; also that C. B. No. 7 do pass as amended; also that C. B. No. 29 do pass.

J. P. GANDY, Chairman."

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole be adopted.

Councilor Biddison raised the point of order that the proper motion was to adopt separately the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole,

Which was sustained by the President.

Councilor Huston moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole as to

C. B. No. 2 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved that the amendments to

C. B. No. 7 recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted, and the bill ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Havens moved

That C. B. No. 29 be engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Friday, February 3, 1899.

Councilor Gandy moved to amend the motion by substituting the words

"9 o'clock A . M." for "2 P. M.",

Which amendment did not prevail.

The original motion then prevailed and the Council adjourned until 2 o'clock P. M. Friday, February 3, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twenty-fifth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Friday, February 3, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

C. B. No. 118,

"An Act Declaring all Dogs Which Are Listed by their Owners for Taxation, Personal Property and Subject to Larceny,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 119,

"An Act Authorizing 'Democrat Topic' to Change Its Name in Cleveland County, O. T."

By Mr. Magness,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

H. B. No. 3,

"An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 1, Chapter 44, Statutes of Oklahoma 1895, and Section 22, of Article 1, Chapter 72 of the Statutes of 1893,"

By Mr. Wails,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B. No. 59,

"An Act Pertaining to Cities of the First Class, and Repealing Chapter 6, Article 1, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B. No. 27,

"An Act Authorizing the Insurance of Growing Crops of Grain, Stock and Farm Buildings and Grain in Bins, by Mutual Insurance Companies, Having Paid Up Premiums at the Time the Insurance is Taken,"

By. Mr. McElrath,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

H. B. No. 28,

"An Act Entitled 'An Act Amendatory of Section 298, of Chapter 66, of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to the 'Verdict of Juries,' "

By Mr. Hadley,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 73,

"An Act Amendatory to Section 2, Chapter 28, Laws of 1897, 'Regulating Pharmacy,' "

By Mr. Wood,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

H. B. No. 35,

"An Act to Establish a Territorial Board of Embalming, to Provide for the Better Protection of Life and Health; to Prevent the Spread of Contagious Diseases and to Regulate the Practice of Embalming and the Care and Disposition of the Dead,"

By Mr. Doyle,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Winkler gave notice that he will offer an amendment to Rule 55 of the Council.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways, to whom was referred C. B. No. 115, 'An Act Prescribing the Duties of Surveyors,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman,
GEO. H. BRETT,
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways to whom was referred C. B. No. 61, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 47 and 48, Chapter 15, Laws of 1897,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be made a part of C. B. No. 34.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman,
GEO. H. BRETT,
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways to whom was referred C. B. No. 34, 'An Act Relating to Roads and Highways,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that C. B. No. 61 be added thereto and the bill as amended do pass.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman,
GEO. H. BRETT,
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways to whom was referred C. B. No. 74, 'An Act to Regulate the Testing of Wheat,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman,
GEO. H. BRETT,
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways to whom was referred C. B. No. 80, 'An Act to Prohibit the Introduction of Johnson Grass in this Territory,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman,
GEO. H. BRETT,
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways to whom was referred H. B. No. 52, 'An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 1, of Chapter 33, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that it do not pass.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman,
GEO. H. BRETT,
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have had under consideration C. B. No. 7 and C. B. No. 29, and report the same back to the Council properly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

C. B. No. 7,

"An Act to Provide for the Licensing of Insurance, Guaranty and Accident Companies, not Organized Under the Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma,"

Was placed on third reading.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the word "two" before the words "per cent" in the third section of the bill be stricken out and the word "three" inserted in lieu thereof.

Councilor Clarke moved to amend the amendment

By substituting the word "Five" for the word "three".

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilor voting in the negative:

Huston.

Councilor absent and not voting:

Hutto.

A majority of the Council voting in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was amended to accord with the bill and then agreed to.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. B. No. 120,

"An Act Regulating the Proceedings of Meetings and Manner of Levying and Expending the Revenues of School Districts and Townships and Providing for the Payment of the Outstanding Indebtedness of the Same,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred with certain instructions C. B. No. 2, 'An Act Prohibiting Public Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in Any Manner in Bonds or Warrants or Other Evidence of Public Indebtedness, and to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying Any Warrant in Excess of Appropriations Made by the Legislative Assembly,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back in compliance with said instructions, with the substitute hereto attached for Section 2 of the substitute for said bill.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

By unanimous consent the bill was placed on the Calendar.

C. B. No. 29,

"An Act Empowering Parties to Dismiss Civil Actions Without Order of Court."

Was placed on third reading.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 1; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilor voting in the negative

Biddison.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Hutto and Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar.

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Huston in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman reported as follows:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar beg leave to report as follows:

"That the substitute for C. B. No. 3 do pass;

Also that C. B. No. 41 do pass as amended by the Committee;

Also that C. B. No. 62 do pass;

Also that C. B. No. 77 be recommitted to the Committee on Private Corporations;

Also that C. B. No. 95 do pass as printed;

Also that C. B. No. 45, be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole as to C. B. No. 45 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Huston moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole as to C. B. No. 77 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendmentts to C. B. No. 41 adopted by the Committee of the Whole be adopted.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Havens moved

That the bills favorably reported by the Committee of the Whole be ordered engrossed.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Havens moved that the Council now adjourn until 9:30 o'clock A. M. Saturday, February 4, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twenty-sixth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Saturday, February 4, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 9:30 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

C. B. No. 121,

"An Act Regulating the Proceedings of Meetings and Manner of Levying and Expending the Revenues of School Districts and Townships, and Providing for the Payment of the Outstanding Indebtedness of the Same,"

By Mr. Havens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Bellamy sent to the Clerk's desk a letter from the Probate Judge of Kay County asking for the passage of certain legislation,

Which was referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Councilor Magness introduced

Council Bill No. 121,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1302, Article 6, Chapter 18, Statutes of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler offered the following amendment to Rule 55 of the Council:

"After the word 'Enrolled' in the second line strike out the words 'in legible and fair, round hand,' and substitute the words 'in typewriter or legible hand,' "

Which was adopted.

Councilor Gandy presented a petition from the citizens of Day County praying for the passage of an equal suffrage law, Which was laid on the table for the information of the Council.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills having had under consideration C. B. No. 3, report the same back to the Council correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
C. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

C. B. No. 3,

'An Act Defining the Duties of the Governor as to the Time of Nominating Public Officers,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Gandy, Huston and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, having had under consideration C. B. No. 36, report the same back to the Council correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
C. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

C. B. No. 36,

"An Act In Relation to the Time When the Term of Office of County Treasurer Shall Commence,"

By Mr. Garrison,

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills having had under consideration C. B. No. 41, report the same back to the Council correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

C. B. No. 41,

"An Act Providing for the Custody and Care of Moneys Derived from Sections 13 and 33, Reserved for Educational and Public Building Purposes,"

By Mr. Havens,

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills having had under consideration C. B. No. 62, report the same back to Council correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

C. B. No. 62,

"An Act Validating and Ratifying the Action of the Voters of 'D' County in Changing the Name of Said County to that of Dewey County,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, having had under consideration C. B. No. 95, report the same back to the Council correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER.
FRANK A. HUTTO."

C. B. No. 95,

"An Act to Punish Corrupt Practices in Political Conventions and Among the Members Thereof,"

By Mr. Huston,

Was placed on third reading and final passage. The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 1;

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 122,

"An Act Entitlel 'Civil Rights,'"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Monday, February 6, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twenty-seventh Day.

Sunday, February 5, 1899.

Twenty-eighth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Monday, February 6, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Mr. President presented a protest from the Oklahoma Book and Stationer's Association against the annuling of the contract made by ex-Auditor Nichols with the American Book Company,

Which was placed on the President's table.

Councilor Biddison offered the resignation of the following clerks and employees of the Council:

B. C. Combess, night watchman.

W. M. Robbins, assistant enrolling clerk.

Samuel Means, assistant enrolling clerk,

George M. Green, clerk of Committee on Revision and Codification,

Which was accepted.

Council Bill No. 121,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1302, Article 6, Chapter 18, Statutes of 1893,"

By Mr. Magness,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary..

C. B. No. 122,

"An Act Entitled 'Civil Rights,' "

By Mr. Gandy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Elections.

Councilor Garrison introduced,

C. B. No. 123,

"An Act Regulating Insurance Companies,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Garrison introduced,

C. B. No. 124,

"An Act in Relation to Life and Accident Insurance Companies,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens introduced,

C. B. No. 125,

"An Act Concerning Election and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions Thereof and Repealing Chapter 33 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, and Also Repealing Chapter 23 of the Session Laws of 1895, and all of Chapter 14 of the Session Laws of 1897, Except Article 4 Thereof,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness introduced,

C. B. No. 126,

"An Act Amendatory of Section No. 2844, Chapter 34, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar, beginning with

C. B. No. 92,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into the Committee of the Whole with Councilor Magness in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman reported as follows:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar, report

C. B. No. 92 back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended;

"Also that C. B. No. 88 do pass;

"Also that H. B. No. 1 be referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification;

"Also report progress on C. B. No. 115 and ask leave to sit again;

"Also that the Committee Substitute for C. B. No. 2 do pass as amended.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Tuesday, February 7, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Twenty-ninth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Tuesday, February 7, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 55, H. B. No. 72, and H. B. No. 47 and asks your concurrence therein. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 47,

"An Act Amending Article 5, of Chapter 68, Statutes of Oklahoma, Entitled 'Preliminary Examinations,' "

By Mr. Hay,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 55,

"An Act Requiring the Clerks of Cities of the First Class to Keep a Journal and Record the Proceedings in the Council,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 72,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 1 and 2, of Article 4, of Chapter 32, Session Laws of 1897, Entitled 'An Act Amendatory of Sections 2 and 3 of Article 3, of Chapter 43, Session Laws of 1895,' "

By Mr. Williamson,

Was read by title.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Bellamy presented a remonstrance from the Albany, New York, Anti-Suffrage Association against the passage of an equal suffrage law.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the reading of the communication be dispensed with,

Which motion prevailed.

C. B. No. 123,

"An Act Regulating Insurance Companies,"

By Mr. Garrison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

C. B. No. 124,

"An Act in Relation to Life and Accident Insurance Companies,"

By Mr. Garrison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations.

C. B. No. 125,

"An Act Concerning Elections, and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions Thereof, and Repealing Chapter 33 of the Statutes of Oklahoma and also Repealing Chapter 23, of the Session Laws of 1895, and all of Chapter 14, of the Session Laws of 1897, except Article 4 Thereof,"

By Mr. Havens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Elections.

H. B. No. 126,

"An Act Amendatory to Section No. 2844, Chapter 34 of the Statutes of Oklahoma",

By Mr. Magness,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 127,

"An Act Requiring all Peddler's Goods Owned by Non-Residents to Pay a License,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. B. No. 128,

"An Act Creating the County of Roosevelt, and Defining the Boundaries Thereof and Locating and Naming the County Seat Therein, and Changing the Boundaries of Woods County and Providing for the Appointment of County Officers for Roosevelt County, etc.",

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 129,

"An Act Authorizing Counties, Cities, Villages, Towns, the Boards of Education, of any City and School District to Issue Bonds to Refund Bonded Indebtedness,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 130,

"An Act Relating to Execution for Capital Offenses, Amendatory of Sections 26, 28, 33, 36 and 38 of Article 15, Chapter 68, Statutes of 1893, Entitled 'Procedure Criminal',"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. C. R. No. 3, 'Providing for the Appointment of a Special Joint Committee by the President of the Council and Speaker of the House,' have had said Resolution under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommedation that it do not pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman,
WM. GARRISON."
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means to whom was referred C. B. No. 13, 'An Act to Regulate Printer's Fees for Public Printing,' have had said Bill under Consideration and report said Bill Back to the Council with the recommendation that the same be referred to the Committee on Printing.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON."
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means to whom was referred C. B. No. 105, 'Providing for the Assessment of Farm Lands Lying Adjacent to Cities and Towns,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON."
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Biddison moved that the report of the Committee on C. B. No. 105 be adopted, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 48, 'An Act to Authorize the Board of County Commissioners of Dewey County to Appropriate Funds to Build a Bridge Over the South Canadian River, at or near Taloga, etc.' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON."
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council adopt the report of the Committee on H. B. No. 48.

Councilor Thacker moved as an amendment to the motion,

That the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the report of the Committee on C. C. R. No. 3 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Huston moved

The report of the Committee on C. B. No. 13 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred C. C. R. and M. No. 1, Memorializing Congress to Provide for the granting to the Territory of Oklahoma of Section 13 and 33 of each Congressional Township of said Territory, where such Lands have not Already been Reserved for Territorial University, Agricultural College and Normal Schools, Grant Other Lands within said Terriory Thereof,' have had the same under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

JAMES P. GANDY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
B. P. MAGNESS."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Resolution be adopted.

Councilor Thacker moved as an amendment

That a Substitute which he sent to the clerk's desk be adopted.

Councilor Biddison moved the previous question,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being on the adoption of the substitute,

The motion did not prevail.

The question being on the adoption of the resolution,

The motion prevailed and the resolution was declared adopted.

Councilor Garrison by unanimous consent, introduced

C. B. No. 131,

"An Act Defining and Declaring Gambling Illegal and Providing Penalties Therefor, and Repealing Article 56 of Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893, Entitled 'Gambling',"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendments to

C. B. No. 92, recommended by the Committee of the Whole, be adopted and the bill ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Gandy moved

That C. B. No. 88

Be ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendments to

C. B. No. 2,

Recommended by the Committee of the Whole, be adopted and the bill ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Brett tendered the resignation of Chas. F. Quimby, as Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk, which was accepted.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Hutto in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of tthe Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar, beg leave to report as follows:

That C. B. No. 46 do pass;

That C. B. No. 115 do pass as amended;

That C. B. No. 34 do pass as amended;

That C. B. No. 78, together with the substitute offered therefor be referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.

Councilor Huston moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole as to

C. B. No. 78 and substitute be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Gandy moved

That amendments to
C. B. No. 115
Recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted.
Which motion prevailed.
Councilor Gandy moved
That amendments to
C. B. No. 34
Recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted and the bill ordered engrossed,
Which motion prevailed.
Councilor Huston moved
That C. B. No. 115
Be ordered engrossed,
Which motion prevailed.
Councilor Huston moved that
C. B. No. 46
Be ordered engrossed,
Which motion prevailed.
Councilor Gandy introduced
C. R. No. 29:

"Be it Resolved, That the Council accept the Invitation to attend the annual meeting of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association, to be held at Woodward, on the 14th and 15th of February, 1899; be it further resolved: That in accepting such invitation the Council so arrange the dates of said visit as to enable the members of the Council and others who may desire to do so, to accept the invitation extended to us by the Commercial Club of Alva to visit that town and inspect the building erected for the Northwestern Normal School at that place."

Councilor Thacker moved
The adoption of the Resolution,
Which motion prevailed, and the Resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Gandy asked that the Messenger of the Council be excused from duty owing to sickness in his family, which was granted.

Councilor Huston moved
That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Wednesday, February 8, 1899,
Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Thirtieth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Wednesday, February 8, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 92 and H. B. No. 69, and asks your concurrence therein. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 92,

"An Act Concerning the Taxation of Property of Mutual Building and Loan Associations Doing Business in the Territory of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 69,

"An Act Legalizing the Changing of the Name of Mrs. Ella Lumpkins to Mrs. Ella Clark,'

By Mr. Hartshorn,

Was read by title.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Bellamy presented a petition from the citizens of El Reno praying for the passage of the McCredie Lien Bill,

Which was placed on file.

H. B. No. 47,

"An Act Amending Article 5, of Chapter 68, Statutes of Oklahoma, Entitled 'Preliminary Examinations,'"

By Mr. Hay,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

H. B. No. 55,

"An Act Requiring the Clerks of Cities of the First Class to Keep a Journal and Record the Proceedings in the Council,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B. No. 72,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 1 and 2, of Article 4, of Chapter 32, Session Laws of 1897, Entitled 'An Act Amendatory ot Sections 2 and 3 of Article 3, of Chapter 43, Session Laws of 1895,' "

By Mr. Williamson,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 127,

"An Act Requiring All Peddler's Goods Owned by Non-residents to Pay a License,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 128,

"An Act Creating the County of Roosevelt and Defining the Boundaries Thereof and Locating and Naming the County Seat Therein, and Changing the Boundaries of Woods County, Etc.,"

By Mr. Havens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 129,

"An Act Authorizing Counties, Cities, Towns, Villages, or Boards of Education of Any City and School District to Issue Bonds to Refund Bonded Indebtedness,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

C. B. No. 130,

"An Act Relating to Executions for Capital Offenses, Amendatory of Sections 26, 28, 33, 36, and 38 of Article 15, Chapter 68, Statutes of 1893, Entitled 'Procedure Criminal,' "

By Mr. Garrison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 131,

"An Act Defining and Declaring Gambling Illegal and Providing Penalties Therefor, and Repealing Article 56, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893," By Mr. Garrison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Councilor Magness introduced

C. B. No. 132,

"An Act to Prohibit the Running or Using of Gambling Devices Known as Slot Machines, and Providing a Penalty Therefor,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 133,

"An Act to Apportion the Territory Into Council and Legislative Districts,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 134,

"An Act Repealing Section 15, of Article 1, of Chapter 3, of the Session Laws of 1897,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 135,

"An Act to Encourage the Construction of Ponds and Reservoirs for the Storage of Rain Water for Irrigation Purposes, and Creating the Office of Pond Commissioner and Prescribing His Duties and Emoluments and Prescribing Penalties for the Violations Thereof,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Hutto tendered the resignations of Maggie Hutto as clerk of the Committee on Counties and County Affairs, and J. R. Eckles as clerk of the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry and Elections,

Which were accepted.

Councilor Gandy tendered the resignation of Geo. W. Vickers as clerk of the Committee on Public Lands and Printing,

Which was accepted.

Councilor Huston tendered the resignations of Allen Norris as assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, and W. T. Lawrence as clerk of the Committee on Municipal Corporations,

Which were accepted.

Councilor Magness presented an invitation from the citizens of the city of Norman to the members of the Council inviting them to visit Norman on the 21st inst, and moved its adoption.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Magness asked unanimous consent to withdraw

C. B. No. 82,

From the Committee on Judiciary for the purpose of correction.

Which was granted.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar.

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Bellamy in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive a Message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 78 and asks your concurrence therein. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 78,

"An Act to Repeal Section 45, of Chapter 15, of the Session Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Holliday,

Was read by title.

The Council then went into Committee of the Whole for further consideration of bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar, beg leave to report the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 50 and the Substitute therefor be recommitted to the Committee on Municipal Corporations;

"That C. B. No. 74 do pass;

"That C. B. No. 80 be recommitted to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways with instructions to report as to the propriety of amendments limiting the operation of the bill to certain portions of the Territory,

"That the report of the Committee on Agriculture and Highways on H. B. No. 52, that the bill do not pass, be adopted."

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole on C. B. No. 50 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

C. B. No. 74 be ordered engrossed.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole on

C. B. No. 80 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the recommendation of the Committee of the Whole on H. B. No. 52 be adopted and demanded a roll call.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 5.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness and Thacker.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Clarke, Huston, Winkler and Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the recommendation of the Committee of the Whole the recommendation of the Committee was adopted.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Thursday, February 9, 1899. Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Thirty-first Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Thursday, February 9, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

A communication from the Governor, transmitting a letter from the County Assessor of Garfield County, relating to County Assessors, was read and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

A communication from W. E. Bolton, of Woodward, extending an invitation to the Council to attend the annual convention of the Live Stock Association on February 14 and 15, 1899, was read and placed on file.

C. B. No. 132,

"An Act to Prohibit the Running or Using of Gambling Devices Known as Slot Machines, and Providing a Penalty Therefor,"

Mr. Magness,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

C. B. No. 133,

"An Act to Apportion the Territory Into Council and Legislative Districts,"

Mr. Hutto,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Elections.

C. B. No. 134,

'An Act Repealing Section 15 of Article 1, of Chapter 3, of the Session Laws of 1897,"

Mr. Hutto,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

C. B. No. 135,

"An Act to Encourage the Construction of Ponds and Reservoirs for the Storage of Rain Water for Irrigation Purposes and Creating the Office of Pond Commissioner, and Prescribing His Duties and Emoluments, and Prescribing Penalties for the Violations Thereof,"

Mr. Clarke.

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

H. B. No. 92,

"An Act Concerning the Taxation of Property of Mutual Building and Loan Associations Doing Business in the Territory of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 69,

"An Act Legalizing the Changing of the Name of Mrs. Ella Lumpkins to Mrs. Ella Clark,"

Mr. Hartshorn,

Was read a second time.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended and

H. B. No. 69 be read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12, nays 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting the negative:

Councilor Hutto.

More than two-thirds of the Council having voted in favor of suspending the rules, the rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 69 was read a third time.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13, nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

H. B. No. 78,

"An Act to Repeal Section 45 of Chapter 15 of the Session Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Holliday,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 136,

"An Act Relating to Peddlers and Fixing License Therefor,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C B. No. 137,

"An Act for the Protection of Hotel Keepers, Boarding House Keepers and Restaurants,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 138,

"An Act in Relation to County Depositories,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 139,

"An Act Relating to the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 140,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 6, of Chapter 43, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, of 1895, Relating to Property Taxable in Territory Attached for Judicial Purposes,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness introduced

C. B. No. 141,

"An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sales of Real Estate by County Treasurers,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston introduced,

C. B. No. 142,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Chapter 1, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897, Entitled 'An Act to Locate and Establish an Agricultural and Normal University of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Use and Benefit of the Colored People of Said Territory,' "

Which was read by title.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 143,

"An Act to Provide Additional Officers for the Legislative Assembly,"

Which was read by title.

The Committee on Municipal Corporations introduced

C. B. No. 144,

"An Act to Provide for the Organization of Electric Lighting

Companies in Cities of the First Class and the Operation of the Same,'

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, having carefully examined C. B. No. 92, report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
C. M. THACKER,
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT."

C. B. No. 92,

"An Act for the Support of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma and to Establish and Maintain Asylums Therefor,"

By Councilor Biddison,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

Councilor Winkler asked unanimous consent to amend Section 9.

Councilor Huston objected.

Councilor Winkler moved

That the rules be suspended and the figures "$75", be stricken out in Section 9, line 3, and the figures "$50" inserted instead.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the rules were suspended and the amendment declared duly adopted.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. C. R. and M. No. 1 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman,
C. M. THACKER,
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT."

Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 2 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
GEO. H. BRETT."

C. B. No. 2,

"An Act to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying any Warrants, or Orders, in Excess of Appropriations of the Legislative Assembly and to Prohibit Public Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in any Manner in Bonds, Warrants or other Evidence of Public Indebtedness,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

Councilor Havens asked unanimous consent to offer an amendment.

Councilor Huston moved to recommit to the Committee of the Whole Council.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the bill was recommitted to the Committee of the Whole.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 115 and report the same back correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
GEO. H. BRETT."

C. B. No. 115,

"An Act Prescribing the Duties of County Surveyors,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

Councilor Thacker moved that the rules be suspended for the purpose of amending Section 7,

The roll being called with the following result: Ayes 5; nays 8.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Havens, Huston, Magness and Thacker.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Winkler, and Mr. President.

The motion to suspend the rules having failed to receive a two-thirds majority of the Council, did not prevail.

The question being, shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, have carefully examined C. B. No. 46 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
GEO. H. BRETT."

C. B. No. 46,

"An Act to Repeal Section 27 of Chapter 47 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being, shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison and Hutto.

Absent and not voting,

Councilor Biddison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, having carefully examined C. B. No. 88, report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

C. B. No. 88,

"An Act to Authorize the Board of Trustees of the Town of Chandler to Annually Levy and Collect a Tax not Exceeding Five Mills on the Dollar on all the Taxable Property of said Town, for the Purpose of Extending, Repairing, Maintaining and Operating the Waterworks of said Town," By Mr. President,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being, shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 74 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT.
CHAS. M. THACKER."

C. B. No. 74,

"An Act to Regulate the Testing of Wheat,"

By Mr. Garrison

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Gandy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Private Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 9 'An Act Providing for Hail and Tornado Insurance,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

CHAS. M. THACKER, Chairman.
H. E. HAVENS,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
FELIX L. WINKLER,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

Councilor Huston moved

That the report of the Committee be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws, to whom was referred C. B. No. 12, 'An Act to Prevent the Selling of Rejected Oils or Burning Fluids and the Refilling of Empty Barrels, Cans, Casks, Tanks, Boxes, or Other Vessels Used in the Sale of Such Oils, Except from Original Inspected Storage Tanks and Prescribing Penalties for Violations of this Act', have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be referred to the Committee on Judiciary."

Councilor Thacker moved

That the report of the Committee be adopted

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Bellamy presented a written statement relating to the Enrolling and Engrossing room and recommending the employment of additional clerks.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the communication be referred to the Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills.

Councilor Hutto moved as an amendment to the motion,

That it be referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Councilor Winkler moved

To lay the communication on the table.

Councilor Havens raised the point of order that there was nothing properly before the Council, which was o erruled.

The question being on the motion to lay on the table the motion did not prevail.

The motion to refer to the Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills was then put which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 26, 'An Act to Amend Article 2 of Chapter 9 of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled Guaranty Companies, by adding thereto Sections 10 and 11,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman,
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 45, 'An Act to Repeal Article 4 of Chapter 12 of the Session Laws of 1895, entitled Vacation of Townsites and Additions,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman,
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred H. B. No. 17, 'An Act Amendatory of Chapter 14, Statutes of Oklahoma, entitled Cities of the First Class,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendtaion that it do not pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman,
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Councilor Huston moved
That the report of the Committee be adopted
Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred H. B. No. 3, 'An Act Pertaining to Cities of the First Class, and Repealing Article 1, of Chapter 6, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman,
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred H. B. No. 55, 'An Act Requiring the City Clerk of Cities of the First Class to Keep a Journal and Record the Proceedings of the Council,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman,
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred H. B. No. 6, 'An Act Repealing Section 1, of Article 11, Chapter 15, Laws of 1893,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that the Substitute herewith presented do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman,
A. J. BIDDISON,
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 78, 'An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of Oklahoma, and Regulating Abstracting in Relation thereto,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman,
JAS. P. GANDY,
A. H. HOUSTON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred C. B. No. 99, 'An Act to Provide for Public Libraries,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that the Committee substitute do pass as amended.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
FELIX L. WINKLER,
A. J. BIDDISON,
WM. GARRISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways, to whom was referred H. B. No. 27, 'An Act Authorizing the Insurance of Growing Crops of Grain, Stock and Farm Buildings and Grain in Bins By Mutual Insurance Companies, Having Paid Up Premiums at the Time the Insurance is Taken,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT.
J. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS.
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways, to whom was recommitted with special instructions, C. B. No. 80, 'An Act to Prohibit the Introduction of Johnson Grass into this Territory,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass without amendments.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT.
J. P. GANDY,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. R. No. 30,

"Whereas, This Council has accepted an invitation to visit the State University of this Territory, and both of the Normals herein,

"Therefore, Be it Resolved, That it is the sense of this Council that the Committee on Education of this body visit the Agricultural and Mechanical College at Stillwater, Oklahoma, with a view of ascertaining the needs of said Educational Institution by actually viewing said school and premises."

Councilor Hutto moved the adoption of the resolution,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of Bills under the head of General Orders,

Which motion prevailed, and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration bills under the head of general orders beg leave to report recommendations as follows:

"That H. B. No. 3 do pass as amended,

"That the Committee of the Whole be allowed to sit again for further consideration of H. B. No. 27,

"That H. B. No. 55 do pass.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendments to

H. B. No. 3, recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted,

Which motion prevailed and the bill was ordered engrossed.

Councilor Clarke read an Act of Congress authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to permit the use of the buildings on the Fort Supply Military Reservation, by Oklahoma Territory as an insane asylum.

The matter was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 55,

"An Act Requiring Clerks of Cities of the First Class to Keep a Journal and Record the Proceedings of the Council,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 3; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness and Thacker.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting

Bellamy and Gandy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Friday, February 10, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Thirty-second Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Friday, February 10, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 49 and asks your concurrence therein. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 49,

"An Act Relating to and Amendatory of Section 5, and Section 14, of Chapter 8, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory of 1893, Entitled 'An Act Creating the Board of Health and Regulating the Practice of Medicine,"

By Mr. McElrath,

Was read by title.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Garrison presented an invitation to the Council from Prof. G. A. Fellows, and others, as follows:

"Guthrie, Oklahoma, February 10, 1899.

To the Council of the Territory of Oklahoma:

Whereas, The Legislature of the Territory of Oklahoma accepted an invitation to visit Oklahoma City, and have visited said city, and other points east; also have accepted an invitation to visit Alva and Woodward;

Therefore, In view of the fact that the residents of the Northeast fourth of Woods County have erected at the geographical center of said Territory an Academy or School Building at a cost of Twenty-five Hundred (2,500) Dollars; also a dormitory at a cost of Fifteen Hundred (1,500)) Dollars, and have maintained a successful school for the past year and a half, with a scholarship of nearly one hundred students, said Academy and dormitory are out of debt, the cost of the same having been paid by the farmers in the neighborhood out of the proceeds of their farms; said school is conducted by Prof. Fellows, late assistant state superintendent of Kansas; this school being out of debt and self sustaining, we do not ask for an appropriation, therefore we feel at liberty to extend to your Honorable Body a cordial invitation to visit our school and county that you may become better acquainted with a real, live, energetic, progressive and self-sustaining people.

Hoping that you will accept this invitation in the same spirit in which it is given, we promise you a hearty welcome.

G. A. FELLOWS AND OTHERS."

Councilor Garrison moved

That the invitation be received and that it be spread in full upon the Journal,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Gandy moved

That when the Council adjourn on Monday, February 13th, it adjourn until Wednesday, February 15th, at 2 o'clock P. M.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 4; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Thacker.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Havens, Winkler and Mr. President.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the motion prevailed.

C. B. No. 136,

"An Act Relating to Peddlers, and Fixing License Therefor,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 137,

"An Act for the Protection of Hotel Keepers, Boarding House Keepers and Restaurants,"

By Mr. Winkler,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 138,

"An Act in Relation to County Depositories,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 139,

"An Act Relating to the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 140,

"An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 6, of Chapter 43, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, of 1895, Relating to Property Taxable in Territory Attached for Judicial Purposes"

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 141,

"An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sales of Real Estate by County Treasurers,"

By Mr. Magness,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Printing.

C. B. No. 142,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Chapter 1, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897, Entitled, 'An Act to Locate and Establish an Agricultural and Normal University of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Use and Benefit of the Colored People of said Territory.'"

By Mr. Huston,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 143,

"An Act to Provide Additional Officers for the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Hutto,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 144,

"An Act to Provide for the Organization of Electric Lighting Companies in Cities of the First Class and the Operation of the Same."

By the Committee on Muncipal Corporations,

Was read a second time.

Councilor Huston moved

That C. B. No. 144 be ordered printed and placed on the Calendar under the head of general orders,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Huston asked unanimous consent to correct an error in H. B. No. 3 by transposing the words "Chapter 6, Article 1" to read "Article 1, Chapter 6," which was ordered.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has concurred in C. J. R. No. 1. The Resolution is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 145,

"An Act Providing for the Care and Management of all the Public Lands in Which the Territory of Oklahoma is Interested, and Creating the Board Necessary Therefor and Prescribing Their Duties,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Revision and Codification, to whom was referred H. B. No. 1, 'An Act Providing for the Immediate relief of Tax-payers and Remitting Certain Taxes for the year 1898," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman.
GEO. W. BELLAMY,
FELIX L. WINKLER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 100 'An Act Exempting from Taxation the Notes and Evidence of Indebtedness and Securities of Building and Loan Associations,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it lie on the table for the reason that its provisions are covered by H. B. No. 2, which the Committee reports favorably.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Winkler moved

That the report of the Committee on C. B. No. 100 be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 116, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Chapter 48, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled 'An Act Providing for the Employment of Stenographers in the Supreme Court, by the Judges of Said Court, and Relating to Fees Thereof," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 92, 'An Act Concerning the Taxation of Property of Mutual Building and Loan Associations, Doing Business in the Territory of Oklahoma," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry, to whom was referred H. B. No. 13, 'An Act to Prevent the Spread of Hog Cholera and Other Contagious Diseases, and Prevent Traffic in Animals Dying from Infectious Diseases," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
C. M. THACKER,
B. P. MAGNESS."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Agriculture and Highways, to whom was referred C. B. No. 89, 'An Act Amending Sections 22, 23, 24 and 26 and Repealing Section 25, of Article 1, of Chapter 72, Entitled 'Roads and Highways, Statutes of Oklahoma," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that the Substitute herewith presented do pass.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman,
GEO. H. BRETT,
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 118, 'An Act Declaring all Dogs Which Are Listed by their Owners for Taxation Personal Property and the Subject of Larceny,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
JAS. P. GANDY,
A. H. HUSTON,
GEO. W. BELLAMY.
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of General Orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Havens in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar, beg leave to report the following recommendations:

'That the Committee Substitute for H. B. No. 6 do pass;

"And that H. B. No. 27 do pass as amended.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Committee amendments to H. B. No. 27 be adopted.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. C. R. No. 6, deploring the appointment of a non-resident of the Territory as a member of the Supreme Court of Oklahoma,

Which went over under the rules.

Councilor Havens moved that

H. B. No. 6 and H. B. No. 27 be ordered engrossed.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Saturday, February 11, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Thirty-third Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Saturday, February 11, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 10, H. B. No. 65, H. B. No. 66, H. B. No. 74, H. B No. 77, H. B. No. 94, H. B. No. 105, H. B. No. 118 and asks your concurrence therein. All of said bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H .B. No. 10,

"An Act to Authorize Cities of the First and Second Class, Towns and Villages to Contract for the Cultivation of Trees, and Providing for the Payment of the Same,"

By Mr. Doyle,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 65,

"An Act Creating the Oklahoma Territorial Board of Agriculture, Providing for the Management Thereof, and Making Appropriatons Therefor."

By Mr. Olmsted,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 66,

"An Act Empowering the Board of County Commissioners to Designate County Depository,"

By Mr. Hay,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 74,

"An Act Fixing the Salaries of Territorial Officers and Limiting Expenditures for Contingent Expenses, and Prohibiting the Issue of Warrants or Other Indebtedness Therefor, and Providing a Penalty for the Violation Thereof, and Prohibiting the Territorial Auditor from Auditing Excessive Claims and Providing a Penalty for the Same,"

By Mr. Malley,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 77,

"An Act to Amend Section 4, Chapter 41, of the Session Laws of 1895,"

By Mr. Holliday,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 94,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 4, Chapter 8, of the Session Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 105,

"An Act to Legalize and Cure Defective Acknowledgments of Instruments Affecting Real Property,"

By Mr. Stevens,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 118,

"An Act to Amend Section 7, Chapter 21, Session Laws of 1897, Pertaining to Clerks and Janitors,"

By Mr. Wails,

Was read by title.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Biddison arose to a question of privilege of the Council and sent to the Clerk's desk the following report of the Committee on Investigation of the Departmental and Fiscal Affairs of the Territory:

Mr. President: Your Council Committee appointed under Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4, and authorized concurrently with the Committee appointed on behalf of the House of Representatives of the Fifth Legislative Assembly to Investigate into certain Departmental and Fiscal Affairs of the Territory of Oklahoma, beg leave to report:

That on the 10th day of February, 1899, the said Joint Committee caused to be issued their certain subpoena, a copy whereof is hereto attached, marked "Exhibit A" and made a part of this report. That they caused the said subpoena to be served by C. H. DeFord, sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives of the Fifth Legislative Assembly, whose return thereof is duly certified upon the said subpoena hereto attached. That in response to said subpoena at 1 o'clock P. M. of the said 10th day of February, 1899, the therein named S. N. Hopkins, Territorial Auditor of Oklahoma, appeared before the said Joint Committee at its committee room and was then and there duly sworn to give evidence in the matter then pending before the said Joint Committee. That he then testified as follows:

Q. (By Mr. Biddison.) State your name, residence and official position?

A. S. N. Hopkins, Guthrie, O. T., Territorial Superintendent and Ex-officio Auditor of the Territory of Oklahoma.

Q. As such officer, have you in your custody the vouchers upon which the warrants have been issued to pay the expenses of the Military Department of this Territory for the last two years?

A. I have.

Q. You may produce first the vouchers (here witness hands the chairman a letter, which is hereto attached marked "Exhibit D" and made a part of hereof.)

A. One thing I would like to say. This morning when the subpoena was served upon me I at once went to work to get out these papers. There was not a copy of the subpoena left with me but I went to work to get them out. As stated in the letter in view of the responsibility placed upon me I felt that it was only right that I ask the Committee to come there where they are legally required to be kept and where I would feel that they were safe and not being lost or mislaid. They are documents for which the Auditor is responsible.

Q. Mr. Hopkins, is there any great amount of bulk to these vouchers?

A. Yes. It would take a trip or two to bring them here. I would say that I do not hesitate to bring them here because there would be any trouble to me, in bringing them, but I would not want them lost or misplaced, as I am responsible for them. I have a tin box there that I have filled up.

Q. Well, is it not possible for these records to be brought here, that is, these vouchers? They are not asked to be left out of your custody or out of your possession at all, but are for the examination of the Committee that they may work together and for the inspection of witnesses while we have witnesses testifying concerning them—if it is not inconvenient for them to come on account of their bulk.

A. I just took a note from the subpoena. There was not a copy left with me and I do not know just what papers were wanted.

Q. Would it inconvenience the business of your office, Mr. Hopkins, to present these vouchers to the Committee?

A. Why, not further than that I want to be sure on that one point, being custodian of them.

Q. Mr. Hopkin's, you may produce to the Committee the vouchers upon which the warrants have been issued in payment of the salary and expenses connected with the Military Department of this Territory during the last two years. They need not be out of your custody any portion of the time and you may remain in attendance of the Committee and in custody of the documents.

Q. Do you refuse to produce here for the inspection of the Committee the warrant stubs and vouchers upon which the warrants were issued for the Military Department of this Territory and listed upon pages 46, 47 and 48 of the report of the Territorial Auditor from the period from December 12, 1894 to November 30, 1896?

A. I do.

Q. Do you refuse to produce the warrant stubs and vouchers upon which warrants were issued as shown in the Fourth Bi-ennial Report of the Territorial Auditor upon pages 14, 15 and 23 for the Military Department of this Territory? You understand that you are to remain in attendance upon this committee until discharged and keep these documents in your own possession and control."

A. Yes, I do.

Wherefore, Your Committee suggests to this Council that the said S. N. Hopkins is guilty of a contempt of this Council in refusing to produce the said vouchers and warrant stubs and your Committee there recommends the adoption of the following resolution, to-wit:

Resolved, That it appearing that there is good reason to believe that S. N. Hopkins has been guilty and is guilty of a contempt of this Council in refusing to produce the warrant stubs and vouchers upon which the warrants were issued for the Military Department of this Territory and listed upon pages 46, 47 and 48 of the Report of the Territorial Auditor for the period from December 12, 1894, to November 30, 1896, and also in refusing to produce to the said Joint Committee of this Legislative Assembly the warrant stubs and vouchers upon which warrants were issued as shown in the Fourth Bi-ennial Report of the Territorial Auditor upon pages, 14, 15 and 23 for the Military Department of this Territory, that the said S. N. Hopkins be brought before the bar of this Council forthwith, then and there to show cause to this Council why he should not be punished as for a contempt thereof; and that unlesss he purge himself of said contempt by producing the documents and papers herein described, that he be committed as for a contempt.

And that the President of this Council is authorized and directed to issue the warrant to the sergeant-at-arms of this Council to carry into effect this resolution.

A. J. BIDDISON,
Chairman of the Council Committee and Joint Committee.
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Biddison moved the adoption of the report and the resolution.

Councilor Huston asked that the report and the resolution go over under the rules.

Councilor Clarke raised the point of order that the report and the resolution offered by the Committee involved the question of the highest privilege of the Council and were not subject to the ordinary rules of the Council, which point of order was overruled as to the resolution and sustained as to the report of the Committee, by the President.

Councilor Biddison moved, that it appearing that there is good reason to believe that S. N. Hopkins has been guilty and is guilty of a contempt of this Council in refusing to produce the warrant stugs and vouchers upon which the warrants were issued for the Military Department of this Territory and listed upon pages 46, 47 and 48 of the report of the Territorial Auditor for the period from December 12, 1894 to November 30, 1896, and also in refusing to produce to said Joint Committee of this Legislative Assembly the warrant stubs and vouchers upon which warrants were issued as shown in the Fourth Bi-ennial Report of the Territorial Auditor upon pages 14, 15 and 23 for the Military Department of this Territory; that the said S. N. Hopkins be brought before the bar of this Council forthwith, then and there to show cause to this Council why he should not be punished as for contempt thereof; and that unless he purge himself from said contempt by producing the documents and papers herein described that he be committed as for contempt.

Councilor Huston raised the point of order that the motion contained the subject matter of the resolution which had just been laid over under the ruling of the President, which point of order was overruled by the President.

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 68 and asks your concurrence therein. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 68,

"An Act Providing for the Erection of a Monument to Perpetuate the Memory of Roy V. Cashion and Making Appropriations Therefor,"

Was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Monday February 13, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Thirty-fourth Day.

Sunday, February 12, 1899.

Thirty-fifth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Monday, February 13, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 60, H. B. No. 90 and H. B. No. 93 and asks your concurrence therein.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 60,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Chapter 18, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1895,"

By Mr. Smith,

Was read by title.

H .B. No. 90,

"An Act to Amend Section 11, of Article 58 of Chapter 25, of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to Removing or Disposing of Mortgage Chattels,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 93,

"An Act to Amend General-Section 1745 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, 'Relating to Coroner's Inquests,'"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Biddison called up

C. R. No. 31,

Involving the privilege of the Council relating to the contempt proceedings against S. N. Hopkins, Territorial Auditor.

Councilor Winkler offered a Substitute for

C. R. No. 31, and moved its adoption, as follows:

"Whereas, It is the sense of this Council that it should support its Investigating Committee in a fair, just and thorough examination of the fiscal affairs of the Territory with a view to such legislation as will protect the Territory from the extravagant and wasteful use of the Public Monies, and

"Whereas, A difference has arisen between the Committee of Investigation and certain officials of the Executive Department; be it,

Resolved, That this Committee be instructed to address a request couched in respectful terms to the Auditor of this Territory, and to such other members of the Executive Department as the Committee may deem proper to furnish said Committee such books, accounts, vouchers stubs of checks, etc., as may be required by such Committee. The Committee taking such steps as may be desirable as may be agreed upon for the safety and protection of the above specified papers, and exclude such persons, not members of the Committee, from the Committee room as may be objectionable to either party, and to report the result of such action to the Council at the earliet time practicable."

By consent the resolution was amended by striking out the word "instructed" after the words "Committee be" and substituting the word "requested"; also by inserting the word "another" in place of the word "a" before the word "request" and striking out the words "couched in respectful terms" after the word "request"; also by striking out after the word "desirable," the words "as may be agreed upon for the safety and protection of the above specified papers and exclude such persons, not members of the Committee, from the Committee room as may be objectionable to either party."

Councilor Biddison moved to strike out after the words "Resolved that" the words "this Committee" and insert the words "The President of the Council."

Which motion did not prevail.

The resolution as amended stood as follows:

"Whereas, It is the sense of this Council that it should support its Investigating Committee in a fair, just and thorough examination of the fiscal affairs of the Territory, with a view of such legislation as will protect the Territory from extravagant and wasteful use of the Public Monies, and

Whereas, A difference has arisen between the Committee of Investigation and certain officials of the Executive Department of the Territory; be it

Resolved, That this Committee of the Council be requested to address another request to the Auditor of this Territory, and to such other members of the Executive Department as the Committee may deem proper to furnish such Committee such books, accounts, vouchers, stubs of checks, etc., as may be required by such Committee. The Committee to take such steps as may be desirable and to report the result of such action to the Council at the earliest time practicable; and

Resolved further, That further proceedings upon the report of the Committee now before the Council be postponed until reasonable time, not exceeding three days, for the action or reply from said Auditor."

The question being put, shall the resolution be adopted Councilor Biddison demanded the call of the Council.

The call of the Council was made with the following result:

Present 10; absent 3;

Councilors present and in their seats were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent were:

Bellamy, Garrison and Magness.

The President announced that Councilor Garrison had been excused and ordered the Sergeant-at-Arms to bring in the other absentees.

Councilor Gandy raised the point of order that it requires three Councilors to demand the call of the Council,

Which motion was overruled by the President.

Councilor Gandy moved

That further proceedings under the call of the Council be dispensed with.

The Sergeant-at-Arms reported that Councilor Bellamy was sick and Councilor Magness was not in the city.

Councilor Winkler moved

That the Council take a recess until 7:30 o'clock P. M.,

Which motion prevailed.

EVENING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 7:30 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Elections, to whom was referred C. B. No. 125, 'An Act Concerning Elections, and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions Thereof ,and Repealing Chapter 33, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, and also Repealing Chapter 23 of the Session Laws of 1895 and all of Chapter

14 of the Session Laws of 1897, Except Article 4 Thereof," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be printed and placed on the Calendar.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
FELIX L. WINKLER,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Biddison withdrew the demand for the call of the Council.

Councilor Winkler moved

To reconsider the motion by which Councilor Biddison's amendment to the Substitute for

C. R. No. 31, by striking out the words "this Committee" and substituting the words " the President of this Council," was defeated,

Which motion prevailed.

The amendment was then adopted.

Councilor Biddison moved

To further amend the resolution by adding the words

"And, resolved further, That further proceedings upon the report of the Committee now before the Council be postponed until a reasonable time for the action or reply from said Auditor."

Councilor Winkler moved

To amend the amendment by inserting between the words "time" and "for" the words " not exceeding three days," which was agreed to.

The question being shall C. R. No. 32 as amended be adopted, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 2; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke and Thacker.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Gandy and Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the resolution the resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Clarke explained his vote on the resolution as follows:

"I vote against this resolution because I regard it at least a temporary abandonment of the legal and parliamentary rights which are vested in a legislative assembly, and that in this respect it would be a dangerous precedent. I also vote against the resolution because the Territorial Officers, under its terms, can avoid furnishing any papers or vouchers that might criminate themselves; whereas, they would be compelled by proper subpoena to produce all papers necessary for a thorough investigation."

The clerk read a message from the Governor transmitting a communication from the American Book Company which was referred to the Committee on Education.

Also a message from the Governor transmitting a letter from the Oklahoma Sanitarium Company, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 145,

"An Act Providing for the Care and Management of all the Public Lands in which the Territory of Oklahoma is Interested, and Creating the Board Necessary Therefor, and Prescribing Their Duties,"

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

H. B. No. 49,

"An Act Relating to and Amendatory of Section 5 and Section 14 of Chapter 8, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory of 1893, Entitled, 'An Act Creating a Board of Health and Regulating the Practice of Medicine,' "

By Mr. McElrath,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 10,

"An Act to Authorize Cities of the First and Second Class, Towns and Villages to Contract for the Cultivation of Trees, and Providing for the Payment of the Same,"

By Mr. Doyle,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

H. B. No. 65,

"An Act Creating the Oklahoma Territorial Board of Agriculture, Providing for the Management Thereof, and Making Appropriations Therefor,"

By Mr. Olmsted,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 66,

"An Act Empowering the Board of County Commissioners to Designate County Depository,"

By Mr. Hay,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

H. B. No. 74,

"An Act Fixing Salaries of Territorial Officers and Limiting Expenditures for Contingent Expenses, and Prohibiting the Issue of Warrants or Other Indebtedness Therefor, and Providing a Penalty for the Violation Thereof, and Prohibiting the Territorial Auditor from Auditing Excessive Claims and Providing a Penalty for the Same,"

By Mr. Malley,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 77,

"An Act to Amend Section 4, Chapter 41, of the Session Laws of 1895,"

By Mr. Holliday,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 94,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 4, Chapter 8, of the Session Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

H. B. No. 105,

"An Act to Legalize and Cure Defective Acknowledgements of Instruments Affecting Real Property,"

By Mr. Stevens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

H. B. No. 118,

"An Act to Amend Section 7, Chapter 21, Session Laws of 1897, Pertaining to Clerks and Janitors,"

By Mr. Wails,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

H. B. No. 68,

"An Act Providing for the Erection of a Monument to Perpetuate the Memory of Roy V. Cashion, and Making an Appropriation Therefor,"

By Mr. Stevens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 146,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 5, of Chapter 43, Session Laws of 1895, Relating to 'Taxation,'",

Which was read by title.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 147,

"An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization, Management, Control, Regulation and Supervision of Banks, and Providing Penalties for Violations Hereof, and Repealing Chapter 4 of the Session Laws of 1897, of Oklahoma Territory,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Hutto asked unanimous consent to suspend the rules and place

C. B. No. 147 on second reading.

The consent was granted and under suspension of the rules

C. B. No. 147 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, having had under consideration C. B. No. 119, Entitled 'An Act to Authorize Democratic Topic to Change its Name in Cleveland County,' and C. B. No. 58, Entitled 'An Act to Exempt Property belonging to the Kingfisher College from Taxation,' beg leave to report the same back with the following recommendations: That C. B. No. 119 do pass; that C. B. No. 58 do pass as amended.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
FELIX L. WINKLER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, having had under consideration House Bill No. 59, entitled, 'An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 1, Chapter 44, Statutes of 1895, and Section 22, Article 1, Chapter 72 of the Statutes of 1895,' beg leave to report the same back with the following recommendations: That the said bill be referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
H. E. HAVENS,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Councilor Huston moved

That the report of the Committee be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Gandy moved

That Council Concurrent Resolution No. 6 lie on the table.

Motion prevailed.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now go into Committee of the Whole for the purpose of considering bills on the Calendar under the head of general orders, which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Winkler in the Chair.

After some time spent in Committee of the Whole the C mmittee arose and made the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration the following bills, beg leave to report as follows:

"That C. B. No. 45 do pass as printed.

"That C. B. No. 2 do pass as amended.

F. L. WINKLER, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

That C. B. No. 45 and C. B. No. 2 as amended be engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Wednesday, February 15, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Thirty-sixth Day.

Tuesday, February 14, 1899.

Thirty-seventh Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Wednesday, February 15, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council was called to order by the President at 2 o'clock P. M. and prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal was read, corrected and approved.

Council Petition No. 12, a petition from citizens praying for the repeal of the Beef Cattle Inspection Act, was presented by Councilor Huston, and upon his motion was referred to the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

H. B. No. 60,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Chapter 18, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1895, Pertaining to Appointment of Clerk by Probate Judge and Fixing Salary Thereof,"

By Mr. Smith,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committtee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 90,

"An Act to Amend Section 11, Article 58, of Chapter 25, of the General Statutes of 1893, 'Relating to Removing or Disposing of Mortgaged Chattels,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 93,

"An Act to Amend General Section 1745, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Relating to Coroner's Inquests,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 146,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 43, Session Laws of 1895, Relating to Taxation,"

By Mr. Hutto,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the President of the Council be requested to inform all former employees of the Council not now employed by it that their services are no longer needed.

Councilor Havens moved

That the motion of Councilor Clarke be referred to the Committee on Rules,

Which motion prevailed.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 148,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Article 1, Chapter 44, Statutes of 1893, Relating to Cities of the First Class,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. B. No. 149,

"An Act Providing Procedure for Contesting Elections,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 150,

"An Act Repealing Article 1, of Chapter 29, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897, Relating to Territorial Printing,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Clarke in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committtee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole, having had under consideration bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar, report the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 58 do pass as amended;

"That the Substitute for C. B. No. 78 do pass;

"And reports progress and asks leave to sit again for the further consideration of the Substitute for C. B. No. 89.

SIDNEY CLARKE, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

The report of the Committee be adopted and C. B. No. 58 ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Havens moved that the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Thursday, February 16, 1899.

Councilor Winkler moved to amend

By substituting "10 o'clock A. M." for "2 o'clock P. M."

Which amendment did not prevail.

The original motion then prevailed and the Council adjourned until 2 o'clock P. M. Thursday, February 16, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Thirty-eighth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Thursday, February 16, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable Body H. B. No. 55 for your signature, the same having passed both Houses and been correctly enrolled; also C. B. No. 69 for your consideration the same having failed to pass the House; also for your consideration C. B. No. 70, the same having passed the House with amendments.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

The President of the Council announced that he was about to sign H. B. No. 55, and afterward announced that he had signed H. B. No. 55.

C. B. No. 148,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Article 1, Chapter 44, Statutes of 1893, Relating to Cities of the First Class,"

By Mr. President,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

C. B. No. 149,

"An Act providing a Procedure in Contesting Elections,"

By Mr. Havens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Elections.

C. B. No. 150,

"An Act Repealing Article 1, of Chapter 29, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897, Relating to Territorial Printing," By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Printing.

Councilor Biddison moved

That C. B. No. 26 be ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 151,

"An Act to Apportion the Territory of Oklahoma into Representative and Council Districts, and Repealing Chapter 3 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1895,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 152,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 110 of Article 8, Chapter 67, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entitled 'Civil Procedure Before Justice', and Amendatory of Section 17, of Article 1, Chapter 69 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled 'Criminal Procedure Before Justice', and Repealing Chapter 19 of the Session Laws of 1895, entitled 'Court—Justice',"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred H. B. No. 118, 'An Act to Amend Section 7, Chapter 21, Session Laws of 1897, Pertaining to Clerks and Janitors,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be referred to the Committee on Standing Rules.

SIDNEY CLARKE, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT.
JAMES P. GANDY."

Councilor Clarke moved that the report of the Committee be adopted.

Councilor Havens moved that the report be amended by substituting "Committee on Ways and Means" for "Committee on Standing Rules," which motion was agreed to and the report as amended was adopted.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Revision and Codification, to whom was referred H. B. No. 78, 'An Act to Repeal Section 45 of Chapter 15 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman.
H. E. HAVENS,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FELIX L. WINKLER,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

Councilor Biddison moved that the rules be suspended and H. B. No. 78 be placed on third reading and final passage. The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Thacker.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the rules were suspended and House Bill No. 78 was read a third time and placed on final passage. The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Bellamy moved that the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for consideration of C. B. No. 78 which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Hutto in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration C. B. No. 78, report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman."

Councilor Gandy moved that the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted and the bill ordered engrossed, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined Committee substitute for C. B. No. 2 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT."

C. B. No. 2,

"An Act to Prohibit Public Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in Any Manner in Bonds or Warrants or Other Evidence of Public Indebtedness and to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying any Warrant, or Order, in Excess of Appropriations Made by the Legislative Assembly," was read a third time and placed on final passage. The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative were:

Councilor Hutto.

Absent and not voting

Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Council and House on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have jointly carefully examined H. B. No. 55, and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman on the part of the Council.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman on part of the House."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. J. R. No. 1 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY.
Chairman on part of the Council.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman on part of the House."

The President of the Council announced that he was about to sign C. J. R. No. 1 and afterward announced that he had signed C. J. R. No. 1.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 3 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT.
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined Council Substitute for H. B. No. 6 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT."
CHAS. M. THACKER,
A. J. BIDDISON."

Council substitute for H. B. No. 6 was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: The Council and House Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills jointly have examined H. B. No. 55 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY.
Chairman Council Com.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman House Com."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 58 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

C. B. No. 58,

"An Act to Exempt Property Belonging to the Kingfisher College from Taxation,"

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Clarke, by consent, introduced

C. B. No. 153,

"An Act Requiring Judgment Indexes to be Kept and Provided in the Various Probate Courts of the Territory,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke, by consent, introduced

C. B. No. 154,

"An Act Establishing and Limiting the Liens on Real Estate by Judgments,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 155,

"An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Friday, February 17, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Thirty-ninth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Friday, February 17, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Biddison arose to a question of the privilege of the Council and sent to the Clerk's desk a report from the Committee appointed under the provisions of C. C. R. No. 4,

Which was read as follows:

"Mr. President: The Joint Committee of the Council and House of Representatives of the Fifth Legislative Assembly, appointed under the provisions of Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4, having been proceeding with the subject matter of the investigation in said Resolution directed, respectfully represent to this Council that upon February 16, 1899, at 7:30 o'clock P M., S. N. Hopkins, Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction and ex-Officio Auditor, appeared before said Committtee and thereupon the following testimony was taken:

Mr. S. N. Hopkins recalled:—

By Mr. Biddison:

Q. Mr. Hopkins, since your former testimony have you examined the records of your office for the vouchers and warrant stubs which were at that time enquired for?

A. Not in detail or in particular. I have handled them some.

Q. Have you them now prepared to present to this Committee?

A. Yes sir. I have them at hand.

Q. Where are they at this time?

A. Part of them are in my office; part of them I have stored in the vault of the Indian Territory Bank.

Q. In what way would it be the more convenient for you to present these vouchers and accounts to the Committee, all at one time, or would you perfer to present only a portion of them?

A. A portion at a time.

Q. Have you any portion of them ready to present to the Committee this evening?

A. I havn't them with me.

Q. Are they so that they could be presented to the Committee for examination this evening—any portion of them?

A. They are not.

Q. Would it be more convenient for the business in your office and for the purposes of the office to present these vouchers and warrant-stubs at night or during the day session of the Committee?

A. Why, it would be more convenient in the day. I would not object to presenting them in the evening.

Q. Can you, and will you, present them to the Committee—the vouchers and warrant stubs which were previously enquired for, at 9:30 in the morning, tomorrow morning, that is, such portion of them as can be conveniently examined at the one session of the Committee, beginning with the earlier warrants?

A. In answer to that question I would prefer you to refer to a letter that President McCredie of the Council wrote to me yesterday and replied to this evening and which he has.

Q. Well, that was directed to the President of the Council?

A. Yes sir.

Q. That reply Mr. Hopkins, has not yet been transmitted to to this Committee and our work now is directly with reference to these documents. Not knowing anything about the reply or its contents, or what it may be, or the nature of it, the Committee now desires to know if you can and will present these vouchers and warrant stubs, or any portion of them, for the examination of the Committee at its session tomorrow morning at 9:30, in this room?

A. A few at a time.

By Mr. Clarke:

Q. Why, Mr. Hopkins, couldn't you present all the vouchers?

A. If it was three hundred or four hundred I would not object.

Q. Vouchers relative to the Adjutant General's office?

A. Yes sir. I could bring them and exhaust that department and then bring another.

Q. Is it usual for you to keep these vouchers in the Bank of the Indian Territory?

A. I do this for this reason: There is no room in the office and I do not feel secure in leaving them lie loose in the office. In case of fire they might be destroyed.

Q. Were these vouchers recently deposited in the bank?

A. No sir; they have been deposited there since I have had some bank room in the Indian Territory Bank since October, 1897, over a year ago.

By Mr. Biddison:

Q. Mr. Hopkins, has it been your custom, or the practice of your office, to keep the vouchers and warrant stubs connected with the Adjutant General's expenditures through your office in the bank vault during the last few months?

A. Yes sir; I will modify that a little, if you please. I keep the—so far as the safe will contain these documents, I keep it filled, and the later ones I keep there and the older ones I keep in the bank.

Q. Mr. Hopkins, on to-morrow morning at 9:30, the Committee will be in session again in this room, and at that time, or as soon after as you can bring the documents required from the bank vault, you will please bring them here so that we can examine them.

A. You desire the vouchers of the Adjutant General's, Quartermaster General and staff officers?

Q. All things connected with the Military Department, and all those.

A. All right.

And your Committee further represent that upon the 17th day of February, 1899, at 9:30 o'clock A. M. the said S. N. Hopkins being again recalled before the said Committee, the following proceedings were had:

'Guthrie, Oklahoma, February 17th, 1899.

'Committee met with the following members present:

Jones, Clarke, Stevens and Biddison.

It is ordered by this Committee that when any witness refuses to answer any question propounded to him, that immediate steps be taken to secure his punishment as for contempt, by the respective Houses; and also to secure his punishment in the manner provided by law in the courts. Carried.'

Mr. S. N. Hopkins, recalled,

By Mr. Biddison:

Q. Mr. Hopkins, have you here the vouchers and warrant-stubs connected with the Military Department of this Territory, concerning which you have been hereto questioned?

A. I have not, Mr. Biddison.

Q. For what reason?

A. On last evening a number of questions were asked me and I gave some inadvertant answers to the questions and on further thought and consideration of the matter, in view of the fact that I had received a letter from the President of the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly, and in view of the fact that I have answered that letter which requires an action of the Council, I have not brought the vouchers.

Q. Mr. Hopkins, is the Committee to understand at this time that you decline to produce the warrant-stubs and vouchers which upon last evening you told the Committee you would produce this morning?

A. As I said, on reconsidering that matter—

Q. This is a question we want a direct answer to, Mr. Hopkins.

A. It is a question that I do not know. I cannot tell at this stage of the matter. I have to await developments step by step. I cannot say yes or no.

Q. Mr. Hopkins, the Statutes of this Territory make it a misdemeanor punishable in the courts for a witness to refuse to answer questions put to him by any Committee of either or both Houses. The order of this Committee has already been made to take the necessary proceedings for your punishment if you further decline to answer these questions and the proceedings will be taken in the courts. Is this Committee to understand that you at this time decline to produce the warrant-stubs and vouchers which upon last evening you agreed to produce to this Committee?

A. You mean to present them at this time?

Q. Yes sir.

A. I decline to bring them at this time.

"Wherefor, Your Committee states that the said witness, S. N. Hopkins, is continuously in contempt of this Council and they therefor recommend the adoption of the resolution heretofore presented to this Council.

"Your Committee further report that they have ordered their chairman to take proceedings in the courts against the said S. N. Hopkins for violation of the criminal code in refusing to present the said documents required by the Committee.

A. J. BIDDISON,
Chairman on the part of the Council and of the Joint Committee.
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council adopt the report and that C. R. No. 31, previously presented, be taken up for consideration.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed House Bill No. 151 and asks your concurrence therein. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 151,

"An Act to Authorize Railroad Companies to Sell and Lease their Railroad Property and Franchise,"

By Mr. Jones, was read by title.

The Territorial Auditor's reply to the request addressed to him by the President of the Council under the provisions of C. R. No. 32, to produce certain vouchers and warrant-stubs, was read as follows:

"Hon. Hugh McCredie, President of the Council:

Sir:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your esteemed favor of February 16, 1899, and in reply thereto beg leave to state that on February 10, 1899, there was read to me a subpoena, signed A. J. Biddison, Chairman of the Council Committee and Joint Committee, and C. G. Jones, Chairman of the House Committee, commanding me to bring before said Committee certain documents and records of my office, and also commanding me to appear in person and give testimony in certain matters then pending before the Committee. In reply to which subpoena I appeared in person at the time designated and delivered to said Hon. A. J. Biddison, a letter, which is in words and figures as follows:

Guthrie, O. T., Feb. 10, 1899.

Hon. A. J. Biddison, Chairman Joint Committee:

Dear Sir:—Referring to the subpoena duces tecum issued by your Committee requiring me to appear before your Committee and to bring with me certain records, vouchers and papers on file in the Auditor's office, I have the honor to respectfully state that said records and documents are in my care and custody and that I am officially responsible for their preservation. They are so numerous and bulky thaat it would be very inconvenient for me to produce them before your Committee, to say nothing of the possibility of the same being lost or mislaid. I beg to respectfully assure the Committee that it will give me pleasure to submit said records for your inspection at any time, and for the reasons herein stated I respectfully suggest that said inspection and investigation be made at my office.

Very respectfully,

S.N. HOPKINS,

Territorial Auditor.

"This letter was not laid before the Council or House by the Committee in their reporting upon the circumstances of my appearance and alleged refusal to give testimony before said Committee, and I herewith submit the same for your consideration and that of the Council and House of Representatives. I offered in that letter, and to the Committee personally, to give them any information in my possession concerning Territorial matters under my control or lodged in my office, and to do so with pleasure; but I cannot move the office, or any considerable portion of it, to the Committee room, or will I surrender control or possession of the records and vouchers to the Committee or any other person.

"At the time of writing this letter, to-wit 4:40 P. M. February 16, 1899, the expert accountants of the Committee are at work in my office gathering data that I presume the Committee wishes to examine, and I am affording them every facility in my power. I am also served with a subpoena to appear before the Committee at 7:30 P. M. to give testimony, which subpoena I shall take pleasure in obeying. Reiterating the proposition: I desire it to be fully understood that I will, at my office, produce all records and vouchers and afford all possible information furnished by the records and files thereof upon any subject connected therewith, to this Committee or any member of the Legislative Assembly.

Very respectfully yours,
S. N. HOPKINS,
Auditor."

Councilor Hutto moved

That C. R. No. 31, be amended by attaching thereto the Auditor's reply.

Consent was given.

Councilor Biddison demanded the previous question.

The question being shall the main question be now put? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11, nays 1; absent and not voting 1;

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Gandy.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council voting in the affirmative the previous question was ordered.

The question recurring on the amendment to the Resolution, the amendment was adopted.

Councilor Biddison moved the adoption of C. R. No. 31, as follows:

"Resolved, That it appearing that there is good reason to believe that S. N. Hopkins has been guilty of a contempt of this Council in refusing to produce the warrant stubs and vouchers upon which the warrants were issued for the Military Department of this Territory, and listed upon pages 46, 47 and 48 of the report of the Territorial Auditor for the period from December 12, 1894 to November 30, 1896, and also in refusing to produce to the said Joint Committee of this Legislative Assembly the warrant-stubs and vouchers upon which said warrants were issued as shown in the Fourth Biennial Report of the Territorial Auditor upon pages 14, 15 and 23, for the Military Department of this Territory, that the said S. N. Hopkins be brought before the bar of this Council forthwith then and there to show cause to this Council why he should not be punished as for a contempt thereof; and that unless he purge himself of said contempt by producing the documents and papers herein described, that he be committed as for contempt. And that the President of this Council is authorized and directed to issue the warrant to the Sergeant-at-Arms of this Council to carry into effect this Resolution.

A. J. BIDDISON,
Chairman of the Council Committee and Joint Committee.
SIDNEY CLARKE."

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; paired 2:

Mr. President announcing that he had paired with Councilor Huston, who if present would vote no.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy and Hutto.

Councilor Hutto explained his vote as follows: "As a proposition of law I believe this Council is attempting a preceding that is illegal under the scope of C. C. R. No. 4 and the proceedings thereunder. I vote no."

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the Resolution, the Resolution was declared duly passed.

The President issued a warrant for the arrest of Auditor S. N. Hopkins and directed the Sergeant-at-Arms to bring him before the bar of the Council.

Councilor Havens moved

That the rules be suspended and

H. B. No. 151 be read a second time.

The question being on the suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10: nays 1; present and not voting 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative

Councilor Thacker.

Present and not voting

Councilor Gandy.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

A two-thirds majority of the Council having voted in favor of the suspension of the rules the rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 151 was read a second time.

Councilor Havens moved

That the rules be suspended,

H. B. No. 151 be considered engrossed, read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being on the suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy and Thacker.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Huston.

A two-thirds majority of the Council having voted in favor of suspending the rules, the rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 151,

"An Act to Authorize Railroad Companies to Sell and Lease their Railroad Property and Franchise,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy and Hutto.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 151,

"An Act to Apportion the Territory of Oklahoma into Representative and Council Districts and Repealing Chapter 3, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1895,"

By Mr. Thacker, was read second time and referred to the Committee on Elections.

C. B. No. 152,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 110, of Article 8, Chapter 67, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, entitled 'Civil Procedure before Justice,' and Amendatory of Section 17, of Article 1, Chapter 69, of the Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Criminal Procedure Before Justice,' and Repealing Chapter 19, of the Session Laws of 1895, entitled 'Court Justice,' "

By Mr. Hutto,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 153,

"An Act Requiring Judgment Indexes to be Kept and Provided in the Various Probate Courts of the Territory,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 154,

"An Act Establishing and Limiting the Liens on Real Estate by Judgments,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 155,

"An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

H. B. No. 3,

"An Act Pertaining to Cities of the First Class, and Repealing Chapter 6, Article 1, of the Session Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called wit the following result: Ayes 6; nays 6; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Havens, Hutto, Thacker, and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Magness and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

Less than a majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared lost.

The Sergeant-at-Arms brought Auditor Hopkins before the bar of the Council.

The Clerk read C. R. No. 31, providing that the Auditor be brought before the Council to show cause why he should not be punished as for contempt.

Attorney General Cunningham addressed the President of the Council, to which Councilors Biddison and Clarke objected.

Councilor Gandy moved that the defendant be allowed counsel, whereupon the President ruled that unless objected to the defendant would be allowed to be represented by counsel.

Thereupon the Council by unanimous consent allowed Auditor Hopkins to appear by counsel.

The President of the Council then propounded to Auditor Hopkins the following questions:

"Will you now produce to this Council and to the Joint Committee appointed under Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4, the various warrant-stubs and vouchers upon which warrants were issued for the Military Department of this Territory and listed upon pages 46, 47 and 48 of the report of the Territorial Auditor for the period from December 12, 1894, to November 30, 1896, and also the warrant-stubs and vouchers upon which warrants were issued as shown in the Fourth Biennial Report of the Territorial Auditor upon pages 14, 15 and 23 for the Military Department of this Territory? Have you anything to say as to why you should not be punished as for a contempt of this Council?

Auditor Hopkins: "I have not yet been furnished with a copy of the charges that have been made against me. I would like to have a copy of them and be given time to answer."

The Auditor refused to make further answer and would not nor did not produce said warrant-stubs and vouchers nor any of them.

Councilor Biddison presented

C. R. No. 33, and moved its adoption as follows:

"Resolved, By the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, that S. N. Hopkins, having been heard by the Council, pursuant to the order heretofore made, requiring him to show cause why he should not produce certain papers and submit the same to the Joint Committee of the Council and House of Representatives of the Fifth Legislative Assembly, appointed under the provisions of Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4, having been summoned under subpoena duces tecum, by obeying the same, and having failed to show sufficient reason why he should not produce and submit the warrant-stubs and vouchers upon which the warrants were issued for the Military Department of this Territory, and listed upon pages 46, 47 and 48 of the Report of the Territorial Auditor for the period from December 12, 1894, to November 30, 1896; and also the warrant-stubs and vouchers upon which warrants were issued as shown in the Forth Biennial Report of the Territorial Auditor, upon pages 14, 15 and 23, of the Military Department of this Territory, be, and is therefore considered in contempt of said Council because of said failure.

"Resolved, further, That said S. N. Hopkins having failed to purge himself of the contempt for which S. N. Hopkins is now in custody; and the said Hopkins having been required to state to the Council whether he is willing to appear before said Committee to whom he has hitherto declined to obey, a certain subpoena duces tecum, and to submit the warrant-stubs and vouchers therein mentioned and answer questions and obey said subpoena duces tecum, and to answer all proper questions propounded to him, and he having answered that he was not ready to appear before the said Committee and obey said subpoena duces tecum, and produce said papers and answer questions:

"Therefore, it is ordered and adjudged that the said S. N. Hopkins be committed to the jail of Logan County, Oklahoma Territory, and that said commitment shall continue until said S. N. Hopkins shall communicate to this Council, through said Joint Committee of the Council and House of Representatives of the Fifth Legislative Assembly, appointed under the provisions of Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4, that he is ready to appear before said Committee and submit said papers and obey said subpoena duces tecum, unless this Council sooner adjourn without day."

Councilor Gandy demanded that the Resolution go over under the rules.

Councilor Clarke raised the point of order that this Resolution was not subject to the standing rules of this Council and could not be laid over.

Which motion [point of order] was sustained by the President.

Councilor Gandy raised the point of order that the defendant had not been given time to comply with the demand of C. R. No. 31.

Councilor Clarke moved the previous question.

Councilor Gandy demanded the ruling of the President on his point of order.

The President overruled the point of order.

Councilor Gandy appealed from the decision of the President

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Gandy.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the decision of the President was sustained.

Councilor Bellamy offered an amendment to the Resolution,

Which was ruled out of order by the President.

Councilor Biddison asked unanimous consent that the President again question Mr. Hopkins,

Which was granted.

The President of the Council again questioned Auditor Hopkins as to his refusal to produce the warrant-stubs and vouchers required by the Investigating Committee, to which the Auditor replied in precisely the same language as before, and still failed to produce the warrant-stubs and vouchers or any part of them.

The question being on the adoption of the Resolution,

Councilor Gandy demanded a call of the Council.

The call of the Council was ordered with the following result:

Councilors present were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent: Councilor Huston.

Mr. President stated that Councilor Huston had been excused on account of the death of his sister.

Councilor Clarke moved

That further business under the call of the Council be dispensed with.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:
Councilor Gandy.

Absent and not voting:
Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in th affirmative further business under call of the Council was dispensed with.

The question being on the adoption of

C. R. No. 33, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; paired 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy and Hutto.

Councilor Gandy explained his vote as follows:

"The action of the Investigating Committee in refusing to accept Auditor Hopkins' invitation to go to his office and view the public records was, in my judgment, unjust and unwarranted. The Committee from its organization, that is, a majorty of it, has been dictated to by parties who have proceeded solely with the view of gratifying personal spite, rather than for the purpose of procuring honest information for an honest purpose. Auditor Hopkins, it seems to me, has not been guilty of any contempt, but has demeaned himself as a gentleman and as an official of unqualified integrity should do. A fair and dispassionate body proceeding with the view of obtaining information for the benefit of this body, would have accepted the invitation of Auditor Hopkins to visit his office and view his records without any exceptions being taken; but we have been plunged into the controversy by agitators, who it occurs to me, would rather gratify their personal spleen than exercise their functions as officers as the importance of their work would require. With this explanation I vote 'No.' "

Councilor Hutto explained his vote as follows:

"S. N. Hopkins has not yet been heard and has had no opportunity to purge himself of contempt. This is wrong and against, in my judgment, all justice I vote 'No.' "

Councilor Bellamy explained his vote as follows:

"I vote in favor of this Resolution with much regret, as Mr. Hopkins is my immediate neighbor and personal friend. It is only because I believe that the law requires that the witness should answer the questions proposed that I deem it my duty to vote Aye."

Councilors paired were:

Mr. President and Mr. Huston.

Councilor Huston would have voted "nay" if he had been present and Mr. President if not paired, would have voted "aye".

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the resolution, the resolution was declared duly adopted.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 16, with amendments. The bill and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

C. B. No. 16,

"An Act Constituting a Territorial Board of Equalization, Defining the Powers Thereof, and Providing for the Assessment of Rolling Stock and Railroads,"

As amended by the House, was read.

Councilor Winkler moved

That the Council concur in the House amendments to C. B. No. 16.

Councilor Thacker moved

That the Council do not concur in the House amendments, but adopt a substitute which he presented.

Councilor Biddison raised the question of order that a motion to concur, or not concur, or to appoint a Conference Committee, were the only proper motions on a bill returned from the House with amendments, which was sustained by the President.

The question being on the motion to concur in House amendments the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting, 1:

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of concurring in the House amendments to

C. B. No. 16,

The amendments were declared duly concurred in.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. B. No. 156,

"An Act to Authorize County Commissioners to Issue Bonds in Certain Cases,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 157,

"An Act Providing for the Time and Manner of Meeting of the Board of County Commissioners, the Compensation of County Commissioners, Their Duties,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 158,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 6, Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled 'Public Weigher and Other Officers,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 159,

"An Act Requiring Chapter 2, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897, to be so Construed as to Include Greer County Within the Free Range Portion of the Territory,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 160,

"An Act to Provide for the Payment of Jurors for Their Services in the District Court and to Repeal all Laws in Conflict with Such Procedure,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, have carefully examined C. B. No. 45 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 57, C. B. No. 17, C. B. No. 44, and H. B. No. 11, have had said bills under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that C. B. No. 44 as amended be substituted for C. B. No. 57. C. B. No. 17 and H. B. No. 11 and that the substitute do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
JAS. P. GANDY,
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 74, 'An Act Fixing the Salaries of Territorial Officers and Limiting Expenses for Contingent Expenses, and Prohibiting the Issue of Warrants or Other Indebtedness Therefor, and Providing a Penalty for Violation Thereof, and Prohibiting the Territorial Auditor from Auditing Excessive Claims, and Providing a Penalty for the Same,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE,

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Elections, to whom was referred H. B. No. 100, "An Act to Provide for the Filling of Vacancies in the Legislative Assembly, have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council without recommendation.

FRANK A, HUTTO, Chairman.
FELIX L. WINKLER,
GEO. H. BRETT,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Gandy moved
That H. B. No. 100,
Be placed on the Calendar which motion prevailed.

Councilor Clarke presented a petition from E. M. Draper and others praying for the passage of a bill to change the boundaries of certain school districts in Oklahoma County, which was referred to the Committee on Education.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred H. B. No. 93 'An Act to Amend General Section 1745 of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893 Relating to Coroner's Inquests' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A, HUTTO, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
JAS. P. GANDY."

Councilor Hutto moved that the rules be suspended and
H. B. No. 93,
Be read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 1; Present and not voting 1; absent and not voting 2;

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Biddison.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Havens and Huston.

A two-thirds majority of the Council having voted in favor of suspending the rules the rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 93

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 0; absent and not voting 2;

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler, Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Havens and Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Clarke moved

That when the Council adjourn it adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Saturday, February 18, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Standing Rules, to whom was referred a motion by Councilor Clarke relating to the discharge of certain employees of the Council, have had the same under consideration, and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. We also present herewith the resignation of J. J. Graham as door keeper at the front door, to take effect as of this date.

HUGH McCREDIE, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
WM. GARRISON."

Councilor Winkler moved

That the resignation of Mr. Graham be accepted as of February 2, 1899.

Councilor Gandy moved to amend the motion by substituting "February 6" for "February 2,"

Which amendment was accepted and the motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker moved

That the report of the Committee be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fortieth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Saturday, February 18, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

The Journal of the preceding day was read, corrected and approved.

The Clerk read a resolution from the Live Stock Association of Woodward County, making certain recommendation as to Quarantine lines, Live Stock Sanitary Commission, etc.,

Which was referred to the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

C. B. No. 156,

"An Act to Authorize County Commissioners to Issue Bond in Certain Cases,"

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification

C. B. No. 157,

"An Act Providing for Time and Manner of Meeting of the Board of County Commissioners, the Compensation of County Commissioners; Their Duties,"

By Mr. Gandy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 158,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 6, of Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled 'Public Highways, and other Officers,"

By Mr. Winkler,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 159,

"An Act Requiring Chapter 2, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897, to be so Construed as to Include Greer County Within the Free Range Portion of the Territory,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

C. B. No. 160,

"An Act to Provide Procedure for the Payment of Jurors, for the Services in the District Court, and to Repeal all Laws in Conflict with Such Procedure,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Councilor Gandy called up C. B. No. 70,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73, being General Section 5762 of the Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Schools.'"

And moved that the Council concur in House amendments to the same.

Councilor Biddison was called to the Chair.

Councilor Clarke, speaking to the motion to concur in House amendments, commenced to read the portion of the Statutes sought to be repealed.

Councilor Gandy raised the point of order that the reading was not relevant to the motion before the Council,

Which was overruled.

A number of Councilors having left the Chamber

Councilor Clarke demanded a call of the Council,

Which was ordered.

The call of the Council resulted as follows:

Present 4; absent 9.

Councilors present were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke and Hutto.

Councilors absent were:

Bellamy, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

The Acting President directed the Sergeant-at-Arms to bring in the absentees.

The Sergeant-at-Arms presently returned with

Councilors Bellamy, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness and Winkler.

Councilor Gandy demanded the previous question,

Which was ruled out of order by the Acting President.

Councilor Thacker raised the point of order

That Councilor Clarke was reading a portion of the Statute irrelevant to the question before the Council, Which was overruled by the Acting President.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 128; also H. B. No. 58; also C. B. No. 29 without amendments. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 58,

"An Act to Amend Sections 3 and 4 of Article 2, Chapter 70, Statutes of 1893, Changing the Time of Listing Property,"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 128,

"An Act Relating to the Limitations of Criminal Actions and Amending Section 19, of Article 5, Chapter 68, of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893,"

Was read by title.

Councilor Clarke continues reading from the statute.

Councilor Gandy raised the point of order that a member cannot speak longer than ten minutes upon the final passage of a bill,

Which motion was overruled by the Acting President.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.,

Which motion was ruled out of order by the Acting President.

Councilor Clarke then yielded the floor for the purpose of the motion to take a recess,

And the motion to take a recess until 2 o'clock prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and the President and President pro-tem being absent, was called to order by Councilor Biddison, who stated that the call to the Chair did not hold over an adjournment and asked who the Council would have for temporary President.

Councilor Gandy nominated Councilor Biddison for Temporary President and he was unanimously elected.

Councilor Gandy moved the previous question,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the Council concur in House amendments to

C. B. No. 70,

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 2; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Magness, Thacker, and Winkler.

Councilors voting 'n the negative were:

Clarke and Garrison.

Councilors absent and not voting:

Huston, Hutto and Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of concurring in the amendments the amendments were declared duly concurred in.

Councilor Clarke entered the following protest against concurring in the amendments to

C. B. No. 70:

"I protest against the passage of this bill because it creates an additional officer in each of the counties of the Territory, not necessary for the public service, and because under its present provisions it relieves the present County Superintendents of duties they are required to perform under the present law, and enables them to employ a deputy by private agreement and thus be enabled to engage in private business should they be so disposed."

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the vote by which

H. B. No. 3,

"An Act Relating to Cities of the First Class, and Providing for the Appointment of Certain City Officers,"

Was defeated be reconsidered.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Hutto, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison and Magness.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Huston and Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the motion to reconsider prevailed.

Mr. President entered the Chamber and resumed the Chair.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 4; present and not voting 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Havens, Hutto, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy, Garrison, Magness and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Clarke.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 45,

"An Act to Repeal Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled 'Vacation of Townsites and Additions,'"

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting,

Councilor Huston.

All the Councilors present voting in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 27 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
A. J. BIDDISON
GEO. H. BRETT."

H. B. No. 27,

"An Act Authorizing the Insurance of Growing Crops of Grain, Stock and Farm Buildings and Grain in Bins by Mutual Insurance Companies, Having Paid Up Premiums at the time the Insurance is taken,"

By Mr. McElrath,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result; Ayes 11; nays 0; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, (not satisfied), Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Huston and Hutto.

All Councilors present having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the vote by which the bill was passed be reconsidered.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 34, and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT."

C. B. No. 34,

"An Act Relating to Roads and Highways,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 0; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Huston and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 78 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER.
GEO. H. BRETT."

Councilor Winkler presented

C. R. No. 34,

In lieu of a report from the Committee on Ways and Means, as follows:

"Whereas, in our opinion the veto message of the Governor of this Territory in vetoing the Appropriation Bill for the Payment of certain clerks and employees of the Fifth Legislative Assembly had the effect of discharging said clerks and employees;

Therefore, That we deem it the duty of the Council to use every legitimate means to secure just compensation for the following named list of employees formerly on the pay roll up to and including the date of said veto message, the 6th day of February, 1899, to-wit:

List of employees formerly on the pay roll, payable by the Territory:

H. F. Ardery, First Assistant Chief Clerk.

Harry N. Horner, Second Assistant Chief Clerk.

Grant Shoup, Third Assistant Chief Clerk.

R. C. Dickensheets, First Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.

Allen Norris, Second Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.

Wm. M. Allison, First Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

Olin Doly, First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

Chas. F. Quimby, First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

Samuel Means, First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

Henry Herwig, First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

R. H. Hahn, First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

W. M. Robbins, First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

T. L. Shaffer, First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

S. P. Atherton, First Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.

H. C. Combess, Night Watchman.

A. J. Foster, Janitor.

J. R. Carter, Janitor.

Carl Gilbert, Page.

Richard Cassell, Page.

Lawrence Laws, Page.

Earl Kidd, Page.

J. E. Quien, Secretary to the President.

Angie Penny, Clerk Committee on Education and Enrolled and Engrossed Bills,

T. H. Cuppage, Clerk Committee on Railroads.

J. E. Eckles, Clerk Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

T. F. Milliken, Clerk Committee on Ways and Means.

Minnie E. Miller, Clerk Committee on Judiciary.

J. J. Graham, Additional Door Keeper.

Maggie Hutto, Clerk Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

W. T. Lawrence, Clerk Committee on Corporations.

Geo. M. Green, Clerk Committee on Revision and Codification.

J. M. Davis, Clerk Committee on Private Corporations.

Geo. W. Vickers, Clerk Committee on Public Lands.

Whereas, The following clerks and employees of this Council were requested by a majority of this Council to continue to perform certain services deemed absolutely necessary for the transaction of business of the Council; and

Whereas, They were fully apprised of the conditions in regard to their compensation;

Therefore, Be it Further Resolved, That the Council do all in its power and use every legitimate means, to secure for the following named clerks and employees just compensation for their services during the session of the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma; to-wit:

1 H. F. Ardery, First Assistant Chief Clerk.
2 Harry N. Horner, Second Assistant Chief Clerk.
3 Grant Shoup, Third Assistant Chief Clerk.
4 R. C. Dickensheets, First Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms.
5 Olin Doty, Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.
6 Henry Herwig, Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.
7 T. H. Cuppage, Asst. Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk.
8 A. J. Foster, Janitor.
9 J. R. Carter, Janitor.
10 Richard Cassell, Page.
11 Lawrence Laws, Page.
12 J. E. Quien, Secretary to the President and Clerk Committee.
13 T. F. Milliken and Minnie E. Miller, Clerks for all Committees.

Councilor Biddison moved

The adoption of the resolution.

Councilor Clarke moved

To amend the resolution by striking out the first clause of the preamble.

Councilor Bellamy demanded that the Resolution go over under the rules.

Which was ordered.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 47, with amendments. The bill and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Bellamy, at the request of Councilor Biddison, withdrew objection to the consideration of

C. R. No. 34.

Councilor Biddison moved

To amend the Resolution by striking out the first preamble and substituting the following:

Whereas, The veto message of the Governor of this Territory, in vetoing the appropriation bill for the payment of certain clerks and employees of the Fifth Legislative Assembly operates to prevent the payment of the compensation of said employees and renders their continuous employment unjust and impossible.'

Which motion prevailed and the amendment was duly adopted.

Councilor Biddison moved

The adoption of the resolution as amended,

Which motion prevailed and the resolution was declared duly aodpted.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council non-concur in House amendments to

C. B. No. 47,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for consideration of

H. B. No. 1 and bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Monday, February 20, 1899,

Which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Gandy moved

To amend the motion of Councilor Biddison by striking out

H. B. No. 1,

Which amendment did not prevail.

The original motion was then put which motion prevailed, and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Brett in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive a message from the House.

'Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable Body H. B. No. 151, for the signature of the President, the same having been signed by the Speaker of the House.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Council resumed business in Committee of the Whole with Councilor Bellamy in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman submitted the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration H. B. No. 1 and bills on the Calendar and beg leave to report the following recommendations:

"That H. B. No. 1 do pass as amended by the Committee and
"C. B. No. 80 do pass.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved
That amendments to
H. B. No. 1
Be adopted and ordered engrossed.
Which motion prevailed.
Councilor Magness moved
That C. B. No. 80
Be ordered engrossed.
Which motion prevailed.
Councilor Havens offered an amendment to the rules,
Which went over under the rules.

"Mr. President: The Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills of the Council and House have jointly examined H. B. No. 151 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman
On part of the Council.
F. S. SHERER, Chairman
On part of the House."

Councilor Hutto introduced
C. B. No. 161,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 11, Chapter 32, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897,"

Which was read by title.
Councilor Biddison introduced
C. B. No. 162,

"An Act Authorizing and Directing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of the Book Entitled 'Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions,' and Providing for the Payment and Distribution of the Same,"

Which was read by title.
Councilor Biddison introduced
C. B. No. 163,

"An Act to Prohibit the Traffic in Cigarettes and Cigarette Supplies,"

Which was read by title.
Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the Consideration of

C. B. No. 118.
The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 151.

And afterward announced that he had signed

H. B. No. 151.

Councilor Gandy moved

To adojurn until 10 o'clock A. M. Monday, February 20th, 1899.

Councilor Thacker moved

To amend by substituting "2 o'clock P. M." for "10 o'clock A. M."

The question being on the amendment the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 5; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Havens, Hutto, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Magness and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting:

Brett and Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the amendment, the amendment prevailed.

The Council adjourned until 2 o'clock P. M. Monday, February 20, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Forty-first Day.

Sunday, February 19, 1899.

Forty-second Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Monday, February 20, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has adopted C. C. R. and M. No. 1 without amendments; the resolution is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 58,

"An Act to Amend Sections 3 and 4, of Article 2, Chapter 70, Statutes of 1893, Changing the Time of Listing Property,"

By Mr. Wilkins,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 128,

"An Act Relating to the Limitation of Criminal Action and Amending Section 19, Article 5, Chapter 68 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 161,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 11, Chapter 32, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897,"

By Mr. Hutto.

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 162,

"An Act Authorizing and Directing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of the Book entitled 'Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions,' and Providing for the payment and distribution of the same."

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 163,

"An Act to Prohibit the Traffic in Cigarettes and Cigarette Supplies",

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 164,

"An Act Regulating Telegraphic Charges,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 175,

"An Act Requiring Circuses and Menageries to Procure a License from the Secretary of the Territory Before Exhibiting in any City or Town in Oklahoma,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 166,

"An Act Defining the Powers and Duties of the County Board of Equalization and Limiting the Powers of the Territorial Board of Equalization,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 167,

"An Act to Amend Article 4, Chapter 32, of the Session Laws of 1897, and for Other Purposes,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 168,

"An Act to Amend Section 2, Article 4, Chapter 73, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. B. No. 170,

"An Act to Provide for Territorial Printing, and Furnishing Stationery and Supplies for Territorial Officers,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 169,

"An Act Relating to the Duties of County Attorneys,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens moved

That the rules be suspended and

C. B. No. 170 be read a second time.

Councilor Gandy moved

To amend the motion by substituting the words "all bills introduced" for the words "C. B. No. 170," which amendment prevailed.

The question being on the suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10, nays 1; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative were:

Councilor Thacker.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Clarke and Huston.

A two-thirds majority of the Council having voted in favor of suspending the rules, the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 164,

"An Act Regulating Telegraphic Charges,"

By Mr. Winkler,

Was read a second time and referred to the Revision and Codification Committee.

C. B. No. 165,

"An Act Requiring Circuses, and Menageries to Procure a License from the Secretary of the Territory before Exhibiting in any City or Town in Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Bellamy,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Law.

C. B. No. 166,

"An Act Defining the Powers and Duties of the County Board of Equalization and Limiting the Powers of the Territorial Board of Equalization,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 167,

"An Act to Amend Article 4, Chapter 32, of the Session Laws of 1897, and for Other Purposes"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 168,

"An Act to Amend Section 2, Article 4, Chapter 73, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 169,

"An Act Relating to the Duties of County Attorneys"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

C. B. No. 170,

"An Act to Provide for Territorial Printing, and Furnishing Stationery and Supplies for Territorial Officers,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 171,

"An Act Regulating the Procedure of Meetings and Manner of Levying and Expending the Resources of School Districts and Townships and the Reports of County Treasurer to School District and Township Boards,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 172,

"An Act to Amend Section 34, of Chapter 35, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1895,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 173,

"An Act to Amend Section 11, of Chapter 23, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma 1895,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 174,

"An Act to Amend Section 9, of Chapter 35, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1895,

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 175,

"An Act Limiting the Amount of Premium which any Domestic or Foreign Insurance Company shall be allowed to Charge the Inhabitants of this Territory for Fire and Tornado Insurance, and

Providing for the Violations of the Provisions of this Act, and for Other Purposes,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Havens introduced

C. B. No. 176,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 201, of Article 11, of Chapter 66, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, entitled 'Procedure Civil'

Which was read by title.

C. B. No. 171,

"An Act Regulating the Procedure of Meetings and Manner of Levying and Expending the Resources of School Districts and Townships, and the Reports of County Treasurers to School Districts and Township Boards,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 172,

"An Act to Amend Section 34, of Chapter 35, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1895,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

C. B. No. 173,

"An Act to Amend Section 11, of Chapter 35, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1895,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

C. B. No. 174,

"An Act to Amend Section 9, of Chapter 35, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1895,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

C. B. No. 175,

"An Act Limiting the Amount of Premium Which Any Domestic or Foreign Insurance Company shall be Allowed to Charge the Inhabitants of the Territory for Fire and Tornado Insurance, and Providing Penalties for the Violation of the Provisions of this Act, and for Other Purposes,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

C. B. No. 176,

"An Act Amendatory to Section 201, of Article 11, of Chapter

66, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entitled 'Procedure Civil,'"

By Mr. Havens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws, to whom was referred C. B. No. 77, 'An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of Oklahoma, and Regulating Abstracting in Relation Thereto," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

CHAS. M. THACKER, Chairman,
GEO. W. BELLAMY,
H. E. HAVENS."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 63, 'An Act Defining and Prescribing Penalty for the Unlawful Carrying of Arms and Repealing Article 45, Chapter 25, and Section 20, Article 36, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass. Also C. B. No. 84, 'An Act to Amend Sections 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132, and 133 of Article 10, of Chapter 67 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,' that the same do pass.

"Also C. B. No. 85, 'An Act to Amend Section 4, and to Repeal Section 5, of Chapter 8, Session Laws of 1897,' that the same do pass.

"Also C. B. No. 30 'An Act Providing for Change of Venue in Civil Matters in Probate Courts,' that the Committee Substitute for the same herewith submitted do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman,
C. M. THACKER,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 68, 'An Act Providing for the Erection of a Monument to Perpetuate the Memory of Roy V. Cashion, and Making Appropriations Therefor,' have had said bill under consideration and recommend that it do pass. Also H. B. No. 49, 'An Act Relating to and Amendatory of Sections 5 and 14 of Chapter 8, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory of 1893, Entitled 'An Act Creating a Board of Health and Regulating the Practice of Medicine,' that the same do pass. Also C. B. No. 143, 'An Act to Provide Additional Officers for the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma,' that the same do pass as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON."

"Mr. President: As a member of the Committee on Ways and Means I concur in the recommendations of the majority of the Committee on C. B. No. 143, except as to striking out Section 8. I recommend that the bill do pass with Section 8 included.

FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the minority report be adopted.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a Message to the President of the Council."

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. J. R. No. 1, relating to the taxation of Indian allotments, Memorializing the Congress of the United States to permit the taxation by the local government of Indian allotments, and that I have forwarded the same to the Territorial Secretary.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 115, with amendments. The bill and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk.

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable Body H. B. No. 93 and H. B. No. 78 for the signature of the President."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 124. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 124,

"An Act Providing for the Taxation of Foreign Loan Companies and Individuals Doing Business in Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Combs,

Was read by title.

The question being on the adoption of the minority report on C. B. No. 143,

The motion did not prevail.

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 78 and

H. B. No. 93,

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Biddison asked that the House be requested to send amendments to bills separately engrossed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County

Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 128, 'An Act Creating the County of Roosevelt and Defining the Boundaries Thereof and Locating and Naming the County Seat Therein, and Changing the Boundaries of Woods County, etc.' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman,
JAS. P. GANDY,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the report of the Committee be adopted.

Councilor Garrison moved

That the bill be placed on the Calendar under the head of General Orders.

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. C. R. No. 6. The Resolution is herewith transmitted. C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Resolution went over under the rules.

The question being on the motion to place

C. B. No. 128 on the Calendar

The motion did not prevail.

The motion to adopt the Committee report then prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 140, 'An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 6, of Chapter 43, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1895, Relating to Property Taxable in Territory Attached for Judicial Purposes,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that it do not pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO.
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Biddison moved

The adoption of the report,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Elections to whom was referred C. B. No. 133, 'An Act to Apportion the Territory Into Council and Representative Districts,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman,
JAS. P. GANDY,
FELIX L. WINKLER,
GEO. H. BRETT."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Revision and Codification, to whom was referred C. B. No. 146, 'An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5 of Chapter 43, Session Laws of 1895,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman.
FELIX L. WINKLER,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined the following bills and report as follows: C. B. No. 16 correctly enrolled; C. B. No. 80, C. B. No. 29. C. B. No. 26 and H. B. No. 1 correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
A. J. BIDDISON.
GEO. H. BRETT."

Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 48, 'An Act Repealing Chapter 17, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE.
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. No. 27, 'An Act to Amend an Act Entitled, 'An Act to Regulate the Practice of Dentistry within the Territory of Oklahoma,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

The President announced that he was about to sign
C. B. No. 16
And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 22, 'An Act Amendatory of Sections——— of Chapter 66, Statutes of Oklahoma 1893,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the bill be placed on the Calendar which motion prevailed.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 177,

"An Act to Declare Unlawful all Combinations, etc., of Insurance Companies, Whereby the Rate of Insurance Upon Property is Determined and Fixed and Requiring the Revoking of Licenses of all Companies Entering into such Combinations",

Which was read by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended and the bill be read a second time, which motion prevailed.

C. B. No. 177,

"An Act to Declare Unlawful all Combinations, etc., of Insurance Companies, Whereby the Rate of Insurance upon Property is Determined and Fixed, and Requiring the Revoking of Licenses of all Companies Entering into such Combinations,"

By Mr. Garrison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 78,

"An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of Oklahoma and Regulating Abstracting in Relation Thereto,'

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 0; absent and not voting 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler, and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Brett, Clarke, Havens and Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 80,

"An Act to Prohibit the Introduction of Johnson Grass into this Territory,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

By consent the bill was amended so as not to include Kingfisher and Woods Counties.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 2; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Havens and Thacker.

Absent and not voting:

Clarke, Hutto and Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 26,

"An Act to Amend Article 2, of Chapter 9 of the Session Laws of 1897, by Adding Thereto Sections 10 and 11",

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 3; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Thacker, Clarke, and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison, Magness and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting were:

Hutto and Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

H. B. No. 1,

"An Act for the Immediate Relief of the Taxpayers and Remitting Certain Taxes for the Year 1898,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 5, nays 7; absent and not voting 1;

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Havens and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

The bill having failed to receive a majority of the votes of the Council, the bill was declared defeated.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the vote by which the bill was defeated be reconsidered and the motion lie on the table.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 6; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Gandy, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Havens and Winkler.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

The motion to reconsider and lie on the table having failed to receive a majority of the votes of the Council, the motion did not prevail.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 135 and H .B. No. 104. The bills are transmitted herewith.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 104,

"An Act Providing for the Taxation of Foreign Loan Companies and Individuals doing Business in Oklahoma Territory,"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 135,

"An Act Amendatory of Paragraph 63 and Repealing Paragraph 64, Article 1, Chapter 15, being General Sections 701 and 702 Statutes of 1893,"

Was read by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 144 and other bills on the Calendar.

Councilor Garrison moved

To amend the motion by striking out the words "other bills" and substituting the words "under the head of general orders',, which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Magness in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar beg leave to report the following recommendations:

That Committee Substitute for C. B. No. 99 be made a special order for February 24, And on C. B. No. 144 report progress and ask leave to sit again.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman."

Councilor Gandy moved

That C. B. No. 44 be made a special order for February 23, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Hutto moved

That C. B. No. 125 be made a special order for Wednesday, February 22, at 2'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker presented a petition from citizens of Altus, O. T., praying for legislation preventing the sale of liquors within a certain distance of school houses, which was laid on the President's table for the information of the Council.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 9 o'clock A. M. Tuesday, February 21, 1899, which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Forty-third Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Tuesday, February 21, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 9 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

H. B. No. 104,

"An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma, and Regulating the Business of Abstracting in Real Estate,"

By Mr. McElrath,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 135,

"An Act Amendatory of Paragraph 63, Repealing Paragraph 64, Article 1, Chapter 15, being General Sections 701 and 702, Laws of 1893,"

By Mr. Hartshorn,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 124,

"An Act Providing for the Taxation of Foreign Loan Companies and Individuals Doing Business in Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Combs,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 178,

"An Act to Abolish the Office of Register of Deeds and to Devolve the Duties of Such Office Upon the County Clerk."

Which was read by title.

H. C. R. No. 6,

"Memoralizing the President and Congress of the United States to Give El Reno Eighty Acres of Land in Canadian County for a Cemetery,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Elections, to whom was referred C. B. No. 149, 'An Act Providing a Procedure for Contesting Elections,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman,
JAS. P. GANDY,
GEO. H. BRETT."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 158 'An Act Amendatory of Section 6, of Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled 'Public Weigher and Other Officers,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
JAS. P. GANDY,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 177, 'An Act to Declare Unlawful all Combinations, Etc., of Insurance Companies Whereby the Rate of Insurance Upon Property is Determined and Fixed and Requiring the Revoking of License of all Companies Entering Into Such Combinations,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Clarke, by consent, introduced

C. B. No. 179,

"An Act to Provide for the Organization and Incorporation of Building and Loan Associations and the Management and Conduct of the Business Thereof: Also to Provide Upon What Conditions Foreign Associations of Like Character May do Business in this Territory: Also to Repeal Article 17, Chapter 17, Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1893, and Chapter 9, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1895, concerning Building and Loan Associations, and for Other Purposes,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Havens in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 62 without amendments. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and the President and President pro-tem being absent Councilor Clarke was called to the Chair, and through the Chairman the Committee of the Whole made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar, make the following recommendations:

That H. B. No. 92 do pass;

That C. B. No. 144 do pass as amended;

That H. B. No. 68 do pass as amended.

That H. B. No. 13 do pass as amended.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman."

Councilor Havens moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole be adopted, and the bills ordered engrossed.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Bellamy, by consent, withdrew from the Committee on Counties and County Affairs

C. B. No. 155

"An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish,"

And it referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Brett, by consent, introduced

C. B. No. 180,

"An Act Limiting the Time Contracts to Which the Territory of Oklahoma May be a Party Shall Exist,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 9 o'clock A. M. Wednesday, February 22, 1899.

Councilor Winkler moved

As an amendment to the motion that the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M. to-day.

Which amendment did not prevail.

The original motion then prevailed and the Council adjourned until 9 o'clock A. M. Wednesday, February 22, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Forty-fourth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Wednesday, February 22, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 9 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

C. B. No. 178,

"An Act to Abolish the Office of Register of Deeds and to Devolve the Duties of Such Office Upon the County Clerk,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 179,

"An Act to Provide for the Organization and Incorporation of Building and Loan Associations, and the Management and Conduct of the Business Thereof; also to Provide upon what Conditions Foreign Associations of Like Character May do Business in the Territory; also to Repeal Article 17, of Chapter 17, Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1893, and Chapter 9 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1895, Concerning Building and Loan Associations, and for Other Purposes,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Law.

C. B. No. 180,

"An Act Limiting the Time Contracts to Which the Territory of Oklahoma May be a Party Shall Exist,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

H B No. 92,

"An Act Concerning the Taxation of Property of Mutual Building and Loan Associations Doing Business in the Territory of Oklahoma,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

Councilor Garrison demanded the call of the Council.

The call of the Council was ordered with the following result: Present 8; absent 5.

Councilors present were:

Brett, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Gandy and Huston.

The Sergeant-at-Arms was ordered to bring in the absentees.

Councilors Clarke and Gandy entered the Chamber.

Councilor Havens moved

That further business under the call of the Council be dispensed with,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result :Ayes 8; nays 2; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Hutto and Thacker.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Biddison and Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 181,

"An Act to Prohibit the Practice of Hypnotism or Mesmerism in the Territory of Oklahoma,"

Which was read by title.

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 181,

"An Act to Prohibit the Practice of Hypnotism or Mesmerism in the Territory of Oklahoma,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry to whom was referred C. B. No. 159, 'An Act Requiring Chapter 2 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897 to be so construed as to include Greer County within the Free Range Portion of the Territory,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
WM. GARRISON."

Councilor Hutto moved

That C. B. No. 133 be made a special order for Thursday at 2 o'clock P. M.,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 170, 'An Act to Provide for Territorial Printing and Furnishing Stationery and Supplies for Territorial Officers,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

F. L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON."

Councilor Clarke gave notice that he will offer an amendment to the bill when it comes before the Council, he having signed the Committee report.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole, which motion prevailed, and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Hutto in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar beg leave to report the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 118, 'An Act Declaring Dogs Personal Property and the Subject of Larceny," do pass as amended;

"That the Committee report progress on H. B. No. 74, 'An Act Fxing the Salaries of Territorial Officers and Limiting Expenditures for Contingent Expenses and Prohibiting the Issue of Warrants or Other Indebtedness Therefor, and Providing a Penalty for the Violation Thereof, and Prohibiting the Territorial Auditor from Auditing Excessive Claims and Providing a Penalty for the Same' ask leave to sit again.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman."

Councilor Gandy moved

That H. B. No. 74 be ordered printed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker presented an invitation to the Council to visit Weatherford, O. T., on Sunday, February 26, 1899, and moved its acceptance, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 125,

The same having been made a special order for this hour, which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Hutto in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration special orders on the Calendar, report progress and ask leave to sit again.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary to whom was referred C. B. No. 40, 'An Act Amending Section 48, of Chapter 15, Relating to Fees and Salaries, Session Laws of 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 70 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 182,

"An Act Providing for the Order of Sale in Certain Foreclosure Proceeding,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 183,

"An Act Requiring Non-resident Holders of Judgments to List the Same for Taxation,"

Which was read by title.

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 182,

"An Act Providing for the Order of Sale in Certain Foreclosure Proceedings,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 183,

"An Act Requiring Non-resident Holders of Judgments to List the Same for Taxation,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 9:30 o'clock A. M. Thursday, February 23, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Forty-fifth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Thursday, February 23, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 9:30 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That C. B. No. 118 be ordered engrossed.

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: The Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed bills of the Council and House jointly have carefully examined C. B. No. 27, H. B. No. 3 and H. B. No. 92 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY.
Chairman Com. of the Council.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman of Com. of the House."

"Mr. President: The Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills of the Council and House jointly have carefully examined C. B. No. 16, C. B. No. 70 and C. B. No. 92 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman Com. of the Council.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman of the Com. of the House."

The President of the Council announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 70,

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the further consideration of the special order on the Calendar.

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Hutto in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable Body H. B. No. 3, H. B. No. 29 and H. B. No. 92 for the signature of the President, the same having been correctly enrolled.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a Message."

The Council then resumed business in the Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration the special order on the Calendar, direct me to report progress and ask leave to sit again.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman."

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

The President of the Council announced that he was about to sign H. B. No. 92, H. B. No. 3, and H. B. No. 27,

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Garrison moved

That the several Committees of the Council be required to report all House Bills in their hands not later than Monday, February 27,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Revision and Codification to whom was referred certain bills, have had said bills under consideration and report back to the Council the following recommendations:

That C. B. No. 156, C. B. No. 51 and C. B. No. 163 do pass.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman.
GEO. W. BELLAMY,
H. E. HAVENS."

Councilor Magness asked to be excused,

Which was granted.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred H. B. No. 43, have had said bill under consideration and report back to the Council a Substitute for the same with the recommendation that it do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Gandy asked that

C. B. No. 44 retain its place on the Calendar under the head of special orders,

Which was ordered.

Councilor Hutto moved that

C. B. No. 133 be made a special order for February 25, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 184,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Article 1, Chapter 76, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entitled 'Territorial Officers,' "

Which was read by title.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 185,

"An Act to Legalize Purchase of Real Estate Heretofore Made by the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Territory,"

Which was read by title.

Mr. President introduced

C. B. No. 186,

"An Act Prohibiting the Sale of Liquors on the Line of Oklahoma and Indian Territories, and Providing Penalties for the Violations Thereof,'

Which was read by title.

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 184 was read a second time and referred to the Commitee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 185 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations;

C. B. No. 186, was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the further consideration of the special orders on the Calendar, Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Hutto in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: Your Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideraation special orders on the Calendar direct me to report the recommendation that

"C. B. No. 125 do pass as amended.

FRANK A. HUTTO. Chairman."

Councilor Havens moved that

Amendments to C. B. No. 125, recommended by the Committee of the Whole, be adopted and that the roll be called on the amendments offered by Councilor Clarke to Section 40 of the printed bill, to strike out the words beginning in line 8 "But the name of no candidate for any office shall be so written upon his ballot who is not a candidate for the same office upon some one of the printed ballots,"

Which motion prevailed.

The question being on the amendment to Section 40, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 5; nays 8.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Thacker and Magness.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

The amendments having failed to receive a majority of the votes of the Council, the amendment was defeated.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the bill be ordered engrossed.

Councilor Garrison moved as an amendment

To the motion that the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Elections,

Which amendment did not prevail.

The original motion was then adopted and the bill was ordered engrossed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 118 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

C. B. No. 118,

"An Act Declaring all Dogs, when Listed by Their Owners for Taxation, Personal Property and the Subject of Larceny,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the bill be recommitted to the Committee of the Whole and demanded a roll call.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy and Clarke.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Gandy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the bill was recommitted.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the vote by which the bill was recommitted be reconsidered, which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Council and House jointly on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 62 and C. C. R. and M. No. 1 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman of the Committee of the Council.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman of the Committee of the House.

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 62 and

C. C. R. and M. No. 1,

And afterwards announced that he had signed the same.

A Message from the Governor transmitting a letter from the Secretary of the Interior authorizing the use of buildings and land on the Fort Supply Military Reservation by the Territory of Oklahoma for an Insane Asylum, was read by the Clerk and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 187,

"An Act in Relation to Liabilities of Railroads,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Magness introduced

C. B. No. 188,

"An Act Providing for Liens on Grain for Threshing the same,"

Which was read by title.

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 187 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

C. B. No. 188,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

Councilor Gandy moved that the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 44,

Which motion prevailed, and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Bellamy in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration

"C. B. No. 44 and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole to

C. B. No. 44, be adopted and the bill ordered engrossed, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Thacker moved

That the Council adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Friday, February 24, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Forty-sixth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Friday, February 24, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 189,

"An Act to Amend Sections 1, 3, 4 and 5 of Chapter 22, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897, 'Relating to the Traffic in Intoxicating Liquors,'

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 190,

"An Act to Validate and Ratify the Sales of Real Property in 'D', now Dewey County, Oklahoma Territory,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 191,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 7, of Chapter 45 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1895,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker, by request, introduced

C. B. No. 192,

"An Act to Amend Section .., of Article 5, of Chapter 34, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897,"

Which was read by title.

The Committee on Judiciary presented

C. B. No. 193,

"An Act to Validate the Election of Disqualified Persons to the Office of Probate Judge,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker moved

That the rules be suspended,

C. B. No. 193 read a second time, and referred to the Committee of the Whole Council,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 39 and C. B. No. 50, have had said bills under consideration and report back to the Council a substitute for the same with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

Councilor Hutto introduced,

C. B. No. 194,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Article 7, Chapter 45, of Laws of 1895,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means to whom was referred C. B. No. 180, 'An Act Limiting the Time Contracts to which the Territory of Oklahoma may be a Party shall Exist," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

F. L. WINKLER, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws, to whom was referred C. B. No. 147, 'An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization, Management and Control, Regulation and Supervision of Banks, and Providing Penalties for Violations Hereof and Repealing Chapter 4 of the Session Laws of 1897, Oklahoma Territory,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be placed on the Calendar under the head of general orders.

CHAS. M. THACKER, Chairman.
FELIX L. WINKLER,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

The Clerk read a letter from Frank S. and Josephine W. Cashion, which was ordered spread upon the Journal of the Council as follows:

"Hennessey, O. T., 2-23 '99.

"President McCredie and Honorable Council, Guthrie, O. T.

Please accept from the parents of the late Roy V. Cashion, a private in the gallant troop D, 1st Oklahoma Vol. Cav., their sincere thanks for the distinguished honor your assembly has bestowed upon his patriotic life. Also for the liberal provisions made to make his heroic death memorable in the annals of Oklahoma. May honor and prosperity distinguish your lives is the earnest prayer of the bereaved parents.

FRANK S. CASHION,
JOSEPHINE W. CASHION."

Councilor Havens called up and moved the adoption of an amendment to the rules of the Council previously offered by him as follows:

"No member shall speak more than once to the same question either in the Council or in Committee of the Whole, without the consent of the Council or Committee; nor shall any member occupy more than ten minutes in debate upon any question in the Council, nor more than five minutes in Committee of the Whole without the consent of the Council or Committee."

Councilor Clarke moved

To lay the resolution on the table.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 7.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Hutto, Huston and Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the motion did not prevail.

The question being shall the amendment to the rules be adopted, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 6.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto and Magness.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 115 with amendments. The bill and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

The President holding that a two-thirds majority is necessary to amend the rules, declared the amendment lost.

Councilor Havens raised the question of order that under the rules of the Council, a majority can amend the rules, and asked for a ruling by the President on his point of order.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a Message.

"To the President of the Council:

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 16, 'An Act Constituting a Territorial Board of Equalization and Defining the Powers Thereof and Providing for the Assessment of Rolling Stock, Railroads and Other Property Not Otherwise Provided for and Repealing Article 7, Chapter 70, Laws of 1893, and Article 1, of Chapter 43, Session Laws of 1895,' and have transmitted the same to the Secretary of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

Councilor Havens demanded the ruling of the President on his point of order.

Councilor Bellamy raised the question of order that members had spoken twice to the question of order

Which was sustained by the President.

Councilor Biddison amended his motion to go into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of general orders in their order on the Calendar.

Councilor Huston appealed from the decision of the President on the vote on Councilor Havens' amendment to the rules.

Councilor Bellamy moved

To adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Saturday, February 25, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Forty-seventh Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Saturday, February 25, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a Message."

"To the President of the Council:

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 29, 'An Act Empowering Parties to Dismiss Civil Actions Without an Order of Court;' also C. B. No. 70, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 14 of Article 1, of Chapter 73, being General Section 5762 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled 'Schools,' also C. B. No. 62, 'An Act Validating and Ratifying the Action of the Voters of D County in Changing the Name of said County by Election to that of Dewey County'; also C. C. R. & M. No. 1, petitioning Congress to grant certain lands to the Territory of Oklahoma for certain purposes; and I have transmitted all of said Acts to the Secretary of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

House amendments to C. B. No. 115 were read by the Clerk.

Councilor Brett moved

That the House amendments to

C. B. No. 115 be concurred in and the bill as amended ordered enrolled,

Which motion prevailed.

C. B. No. 189,

"An Act to Amend Sections 1, 3, 4 and 5 of Chapter 22 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, of 1897, Relating to the Traffic in Intoxicating Liquors,"

Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 190,

'An Act to Validate and Ratify the Sales of Real Property in D County, now Dewey County, Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 191,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 7, Chapter 45, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1895,".

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 192,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 5, of Chapter 34 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 194,

'An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Article 7, Chapter 45 of Laws of 1895,"

By Mr. Hutto,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. B. No. 195,

"An Act to Change the Boundary Lines of the Counties of Payne and Noble so as to Detach Township No. 20, North of Range 1 East, I. M., from the County of Payne and Attach the Same to Noble County,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 196,

'An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 22, of the Session Laws of 1897,'

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke presented

C. J. R. No. 2,

"Accepting the Buildings and Grounds of the Fort Supply Military Reservation for the Purpose of an Asylum for the Insane,"

Which was read in full.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the rules be suspended and the Resolution read a second time.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 5; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston and Hutto.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Magness.

Less than two-thirds majority of the Council having voted in favor of suspending the rules, the motion to suspend the rules did not prevail.

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 195 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. N. 196,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 24; H. B. No. 79; H. B. No. 126; H. B. No. 156; H. B. No. 119; H. B. No. 152; H. B. No. 134; H. B. No. 144; and H. B. No. 131; also C. B. No. 36 without amendments; also H. J. R. No. 5. The bills and resolution are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has declined to recede from its amendments to C. B. No. 47 and asks the Council to appoint a Conference Committee to consider the same. The Speaker has appointed as such Committee on the part of the House, Messrs McElrath, Stevens and Doyle.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council agree to the request of the House for a Conference Committee,

Which motion prevailed, and the President appointed

Councilors Havens, Biddison and Clarke.

Substitute for H. B. No. 24,

"An Act to Amend An Act to Provide for the Protection of

Domestic Animals, for the Creation of a Live Stock Sanitary Commission, Rules and Regulations to Provide Penalties for the Violation of the same and to Repeal Sections 3, 4 and 16 and 17 of Chapter 31, Session Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Wails,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 79,

"An Act to Amend Section 47 of Chapter 15, Session Laws of 1897, Prescribing the Fees to be Paid to Witnesses,"

By Mr. Wilkins,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 119,

"An Act Providing for the Dissection of the Dead, for the Advancement of Medical Science and Procuring Subjects Therefor,"

By Mr. Wood,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 126,

"An Act to Require Bond Investment Companies Doing Business in Oklahoma to Deposit Certain Sums of Money and Securities with the Treasurer of the Territory and Providing Penalties for Failing to Comply with the Terms of this Law,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 131,

"An Act Providing for the Better Protection of Fixtures, Crops, Fruits, and Timber on Real Estate,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 134,

"An Act Relating to the Lien of Judgments by Probate Courts of Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Doyle,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 144,

"An Act to Amend Sections 2 and 24 of Article 3, of Chapter 73 of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to the Duties of County Superintendent of Public Instruction,"

By Mr. Stevens,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 152,

"An Act Amendatory of Chapter 47, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893"

By Mr. Sherer,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 156,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 3, Chapter 27, Session Laws of 1897, and Providing for the Payment for Services of Secretary of Park Board and for Other Purposes,"

By Mr. Sherer,

Was read by title.

H. J. R. No. 5,

"An Act Memorializing the Congress of the United States to Authorize the Issuance of a Patent to Certain Lands Occupied by the Benedict Order, or Mission of Fathers, at Sacred Heart, Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Combs,

Was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary to whom was referred C. B. No. 66, 'An Act Authorizing and Prescribing the Procedure for the Taking up of Estrays and Repealing Article 3, Chapter 2, Statutes of 1893,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that the same do pass; also C. B. No. 176, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 201 of Article 11, of Chapter 66, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, of 1893, entitled 'Procedure Civil' and recommend that the same do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. H. HUSTON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws, to whom was referred C. B. No. 165, 'An Act to Require Circuses and Menageries to Procure License from the Territorial Secretary before Exhibiting in any City or Town in Oklahoma,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

CHAS. M. THACKER, Chairman.
FELIX L. WINKLER,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred C. B. No. 98, 'An Act to Provide for a Territorial Geologist,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
WM. GARRISON,
FELIX L. WINKLER."

The Committee on Education introduced

C. B. No. 197,

"An Act Repealing Chapter 32 of the Session Laws of 1897,"
Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 186, 'An Act Prohibiting the Sale of Liquors on the Line of Oklahoma and Indian Territories and Providing Penalties for the Violations Thereof,' have had the said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

F. L. WINKLER, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON."

The Committee on Counties and County Affairs introduced
C. B. No. 198
"An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Article 8, Chapter 12, entitled 'County Clerks Calendar of Claims', Session Laws of 1897,"
Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker moved

That all Committees be required to report on bills in their hands prior to the 53rd day of the Session.

Councilor Biddison moved as an amendment

That the Committee on Revision and Codification be excepted, which motion did not prevail.

The original motion was then put,
Which motion did not prevail.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 44, and report the same correctly engrossed, but recommend that the bill be amended by adopting a section to put the act into effect.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Councilor Gandy offered Section 5 as an amendment to
C. B. No. 44,
Which amendment was adopted.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for consideration of bills under the head of special orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Magness in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 34 and H. B. No. 165. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 34,

"An Act to Repeal Chapter 17, Session Laws of 1897, being 'An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses and the Furniture and Fixtures Thereof,'"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 165,

"An Act Providing for the Organization of Public Warehouses and to Regulate the Warehousing and Inspection of Grain in Public Warehouses and Otherwise in the Territory and Providing for the Appointment of Grain Inspector,"

By Mr. Speaker,

Was read by title.

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of special orders on the Calendar report the following recommendations:

That C. B. No. 133 be recommitted to the Committee on Elections:

That the substitute for C. B. No. 99 do pass;

That C. B. No. 116, do pass as amended;

That H. B. No. 34 do pass in lieu of C. B. No. 48.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

That all amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Hutto demanded a roll call of the Council, which was ordered with the following result:

Present: Councilor Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent: Councilors Brett and Thacker.

The Sergeant-at-Arms was directed to bring in absentees.

Councilor Gandy moved

That further business under the call of the Council be dispensed with

Councilor Hutto raised the point of order that the call of the Council could not be dispensed with until some action under call of the Council be taken, which was sustained by the President.

The Sergeant-at-Arms brought in Councilor Thacker and the

President announced that Councilor Brett had been excused.

Councilor Gandy moved

That further business under the call of the Council be dispensed with,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Monday, February 27th, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Forty-eighth Day.

Sunday, February 26, 1899.

Forty-ninth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Monday, February 27, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

H. B. No. 24,

"Substitute for 'An Act to Provide for the Protection of Domestic Animals, for the Creation of a Live Stock Sanitary Commission Rules and Regulations, to Provide Penalties for the Violation of the Same and to Repeal Sections 3, 4 and 16 and 17, of Chapter 31, Session Laws of 1897,' "

By Mr. Wails,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

H. B. No. 79,

"An Act to Amend Section 47 of Chapter 15. Session Laws of 1897, Prescribing the Fees to be Paid to Witnesses,"

By Mr. Wilkins,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 119,

"An Act Providing for the Dissection of the Dead, for the Advancement of Medical Science and Procuring subjects Therefor,"

By Mr. Wood,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

H. B. No. 126,

"An Act to Require Bond and Investment Companies Doing Business in Oklahoma to Deposit Certain Sums of Money and Securities With the Treasurer of the Territory, and Providing Penalties for failing to Comply with the Terms of this Law,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 131,

"An Act Providing for the Better Protection of Fixtures, Crops, Fruits and Timber on Real Estate,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

H. B. No. 134,

"An Act Relating to the Lien of Judgments Rendered by Probate Courts of Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Doyle,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

H. B. No. 144,

"An Act to Amend Sections 2 and 24 of Article 3, of Chapter 73, of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to the Duties of County Superintendent of Public Instruction,"

By Mr. Stevens,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

H. B. No. 152,

"An Act Amendatory of Chapter 41, Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893,"

By Mr. Sherer,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Revision and Codification.

H. B. No. 156,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 3, Chapter 27, Session Laws of 1897, and Providing for the Payment for Services of Secretary of Park Board, and for Other Purposes,"

By Mr. Sherer,

Was read a second time.

By consent the rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 156 was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

H. J. R. No. 5,

"Memorializing the Congress of the United States to Authorize the Issuance of a Patent to Certain Lands Occupied by the Benedictine Order, or Mission of Fathers, at Sacred Heart, Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Combs,

Was read a second time.

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended and the Resolution was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being on the adoption of the Resolution, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 0; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Hutto and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the Resolution, the Resolution was declared adopted.

The title of the Resolution was agreed to.

H. B. No. 34,

"An Act to Repeal Chapter 18, Session Laws of 1897, being 'An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses and the Furniture and Fixtures Thereof,"

Was read a second time.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the rules be suspended and the bill placed on third reading and final passage,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Mr. Winkler.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Garrison.

Absent and not voting:

Mr. Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 198,

Was read a second time.

Councilor Havens moved

That the rules be suspended the bill be considered engrossed, read a third time and placed on final passage,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Huston and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

H. B. No. 165,

"An Act Providing for the Organization of Public Warehouses and Inspection of Grain in Public Warehouses and Otherwise in the Territory and Providing for the Appointment of Grain Inspector,"

By Mr. Speaker,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

C. B. No. 197,

"An Act Repealing Chapter 32 of the Session Laws of 1897,"

Was read a second time.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended, the bill considered engrossed, read a third time and placed on final passage,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 44,

"An Act Prescribing and Defining the Powers and Duties of County Assessors and Providing for Compensation for Their Services," Was taken up for consideration.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended, the bill read a third time and placed on final passage,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Magness and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Havens, Huston and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Bellamy and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 139; also C. B. No. 41. The bills and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 139,

"An Act for the Removal of Drift Wood or Other Substances from Streams and Water Courses,"

Was read by title.

Councilor Winkler called up

C. B. No. 40

And moved that the rules be suspended and the bill placed on final passage, which motion did not prevail.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 58 and C. B. No. 88 without amendments. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The bills were ordered enrolled.

C. B .No. 41,

"An Act Providing for the Custody and Care of Moneys Derived from Sections 13 and 33 Reserved for Public Buildings and Educational Purposes," Was taken up and the House amendments to same read.

Councilor Havens moved

To concur in the House amendments and the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison and Huston.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the amendments were declared duly concurred in.

Councilor Winkler moved

That the Council resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Winkler in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar beg leave to report the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 40 do pass as amended;

"That the Committee substitute for C. B. No. 89 do pass as amended;

"That C. B. No. 149 do pass as amended;

"That C. B. No. 119 do pass;

"That C. B. No. 77 be indefinitely postponed."

Councilor Huston moved

That all amendments recommended be adopted and the bills ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Committee Substitute for C. B. No. 99 and

C. B. No. 116 was ordered engrossed.

Councilor Bellamy moved

To adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Councilor Clarke moved as an amendment,

That the Council adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M.

Which amendment did not prevail.

The first motion was then put and did not prevail.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council adjourn until 2:30 o'clock P. M. to-morrow.

Councilor Bellamy moved as an amendment

That the Council adjourn until 11 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Councilor Huston demanded the call of the Council which was ordered.

The call of the Council showed all members present.

Councilor Hutto moved the previous question

Which motion prevailed.

The main question was then put and the motion did not prevail.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Tuesday February 28, 1899.

Councilor Biddison moved

As an amendment to adjourn to 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Winkler moved as an amendment 2:15 P. M.,

Which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Huston moved the previous question, which motion prevailed.

The main question was then put and the motion prevailed, and the Council adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. Tuesday, February 28, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fiftieth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Tuesday, February 28, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

A communication from D Troop Camp, First United States Volunteer Cavalry, was read and ordered spread in full upon the Journal of the Council, as follows:

"Norman, Okla., February 25, 1899.

Hon. Hugh McCredie,
President of Territorial Council,
Guthrie, Okla.

Dear Sir:—In pursuance of a call issued by several of their number the honorably discharged members of Troop D met at Guthrie on February 22nd, 1899, formed an association to be known as 'D' Troop Camp, 1st. Vol. Cal., and elected officers for the same.

At this meeting the following resolution was passed, by unanimous vote, and I take pleasure in transmitting it to you as directed by the Camp.

EDWARD W. JOHNSON,
1st Sergeant 'D' Troop Camp,
1st. U. S. Vol. Cav."

"Be it Resolved by 'D' Troop Camp, 1st. U. S. Vol. Cav. That we extend to Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Cashion, our sincere sympathy in the loss of Roy V. Cashion, their beloved son and our brave comrade in arms, who fell upon the San Juan Heights, Santiago de Cuba, July 1st, 1898, while gallantly advancing upon the enemy, and who fell mortally wounded and expired only a few hundred yards from the Spanish lines and in front of the same.

"Be it Further Resolved, That we extend our thanks to Governor C. M. Barnes for recommending, and to the Fifth Legislative Assembly for passing, the Roy V. Cashion Monument Bill.

"Be it Further Resolved, That a copy of these Resolutions be transmitted to Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Cashion, of Hennessey, O. T., to his Excellency, Governor Barnes, to the President of the Council and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and that they be spread at large upon the Journal of this Camp.

CHARLES E. HUNTER,
Captain 'D' Troop Camp,
1st. U. S. Vol. Cal.
EDWARD W. JOHNSTON,
1st. Sergeant 'D' Troop Camp.
1st. U. S. Vol. Cav."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 68 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON.
GEO. H. BRETT."

H. B. No. 68,

"An Act Providing for the Erection of a Monument to Perpetuate the Memory of Roy V. Cashion, and Making Appropriations Therefor,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 2; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Magness and Thacker.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Garrison and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 144 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

C. B. No. 144,

"An Act to Provide for the Organization of Electric Lighting Companies in Cities of the First Class, and the Operation of the Same,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 1; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative were:

Councilor Gandy.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Bellamy and Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 13 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT.
A. J. BIDDISON."

H. B. No. 13,

"An Act to Prevent the Spread of Hog Cholera and Other Contagious Diseases and Prevent Traffic in Animals Dying from Infectious Diseases,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 0; absent and not voting 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Brett, Garrison, Huston and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 36, and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 36

And later announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 197 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 115 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 115

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred C. B. No. 145, have had said bill under consideration and report herewith a substitute for the same, with the recommendation it do pass.

JAS. P. GANDY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
B. P. MAGNESS."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred C. B. No. 196, 'An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 22of the Session Laws of 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass."

JAS. P. GANDY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Councilor Clarke raised the point of order that the bill appropriated money and should be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, which was sustained by the President and the bill was committed to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Gandy raised the point of order that the bill had been favorably reported by the Committee having it under consideration and should go on the Calendar, which was overruled by the President.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 88, C. B. No. 41 and C. B. No. 58, and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman of the Committee of the Council.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman of the Committee of the House."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 88,

C. B. No. 41 and

C. B. No. 58

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Biddison moved

To reconsider the vote by which C. B. No. 198 was passed, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the bill be recommitted to the Committee on Ways and Means for the purpose of correcting ambiguous language, with instructions to report within forty-eight hours, which motion prevailed.

C. J. R. No. 2,

"Accepting the Provisions of the Act of Congress to Permit the use of Fort Supply Military Reservation,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 139,

"An Act to Provide for the Removal of Drift Wood or Other Substances from Streams and Water Courses,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 199,

"An Act for the Relief of A. E. Haughey and J. V. Haughey from the Payment of a Judgment in the Probate Court of Kingfisher County,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston introduced

C. B. No. 200,

"An Act In Regard to Stationery and Other Supplies for Justices of the Peace,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston introduced,

C. B. No. 201,

"An Act Legalizing a Special Park Fund Levied by the City of Guthrie,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett by request, introduced,

C. B. No. 202,

"An Act Amending Section 33, of Chapter 15, of the Session Laws of 1897,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 203,

"An Act Amending Section 4 of Chapter 15 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1897, it being 'An Act to Regulate the Fees and Salaries of County Officers and for Other Purposes, and to Repeal Articles 1 and 2 of Chapter 25 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, for 1895, and Section 7 of Article 1 of Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 204,

"An Act Creating a School District out of Certain Lands in Kay County, Oklahoma Territory,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Brett introduced

C. B. No. 205,

"An Act Amending Sections 4, 8 and 9 of Article 1, of Chapter 72, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, entitled 'Roads and Highways.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 206,

"An Act Relating to Public Highways,"

Which was read by title.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred H. C. R. No. 6, 'Memorializing the Congress of the United States to Grant Certain Lands to the City of El Reno for the Purpose of a Cemetery,' have had said resolution under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

JAS. P. GANDY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the rules be suspended and the Resolution be read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the Resolution be adopted, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 1; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Thacker.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Brett, Garrison and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the Resolution, the Resolution was declared duly adopted.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 162, 'An Act Authorizing and Directing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of the Book Entitled 'Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions,' and Providing for the Payment and Distribution of the Same,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
WM. GARRISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred certain bills, have had the same under consideration and report the following recommendation:

"That the Substitute herewith submitted for C. B. No. 90 'An Act to Amend An Act Entitled 'An Act to Provide for the Public Inspector of Oils or Burning Fluids and Prescribing His Duties,' do pass;

"That C. B. No. 73, 'An Act Relating to the Foreclosure of Mortgages on Real Estate and Providing for the Redemption of Property Sold Under Decree of Foreclosure and Sale,' do not pass;

"That C. B. No. 142, 'An Act to Amend Section 1, of Chapter 1, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897, Entitled 'An Act to Locate and Establish an Agricultural and Normal University of the Territory for the Use and Benefit of the Colored People of Said Territory' do pass;

"That H. B. No. 128, 'An Act Relating to the Limitation of Criminal Actions and Amendatory of Section 19 of Article 5, Chapter 68, of the Statutes of Oklahoma 1893,' do not pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman,
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred H. B. No. 28, 'An Act Entitled 'An Act Amendatory of Section 298 of Chapter 66 of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to the Verdict of Juries' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman,
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Biddison moved
That the report of the Committee be adopted,
Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred H. B. No. 58, 'An Act to Amend Section 3 and 4 of Article 2 of Chapter 70, Statutes of 1893, Changing the Time of Listing Property,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass;

"Also that H. B. No. 77, 'An Act to Amend Section 4, Chapter 41 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma,1895,' do not pass;

"Also that H. B. No. 90 'An Act to Amend Section 11, of Article 58 of Chapter 25 of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to Removing or Disposing of Mortgaged Chattels,' do not pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. H. HUSTON."

Councilor Huston moved
That the report of the Committee on
H. B. No. 77 be adopted,
Which motion prevailed.
Councilor Huston moved
That the report of the Committee on
H. B. No. 90 be adopted,
Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred H. B. No. 104, 'An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma and Regulating the Business of Abstracting in Relation Thereto,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council without recommendation and ask that it be placed on the Calendar under the head of general orders.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman,
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. H. HUSTON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred H. B. No. 20 and C. B. No. 97, 'Providing for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township Indebtedness and for Other Purposes, and Repealing Sections 5, 6 and 7, Article 6, Chapter 12, Laws of 1897,' have had said bills under consideration and report the same back to the Council without recommendation.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
H. E. HAVENS,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

H. B. No. 20, was ordered placed on the Calendar under the head of general orders.

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 207,

"An Act Empowering the District Boards of Districts Nos. 49 and 50 of Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma, to Locate and Maintain a School House at the Village of Deer Creek in Said County,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston introduced

C. B. No. 208,

"An Act to Purchase School Text Books,"

Which was read by title.

By consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 207 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 208 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Bellamy in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar, beg leave to report the following recommendations:

"That H. B. No. 100 be indefinitely postponed;

"That H. B. No. 74 do pass as amended;

"That C. B. No. 159 do pass;

"That C. B. No. 156 do pass;

"That H. B. No. 49 be ordered printed;

"That C. B. No. 85 do pass;

"That C. B. No. 177 do pass as amended;

"That C. B. No. 146 do pass as amended;

"That they have made progress on C. B. No. 51 and ask leave to sit again.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Revisions and Codification, to whom was referred H. B. No. 73, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Chapter 28, Laws of 1897, Regulating Pharmacy,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman.
C. M. THACKER,
H. E. HAVENS."

Councilor Hutto introduced

C. B. No. 209,

"An Act in Relation to the Funds of the Territorial University, Normal School and Agricultural College,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 210,

"An Act to Provide for the Transfer of Persons Within School Age from Districts in Which They May Desire to Attend School,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced,

C. B. No. 211,

"An Act Devolving Upon the Various County Assessors of the Territory, the Duties Heretofore Required of County Clerks in Regard to Tax Rolls,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 212,

"An Act to Amend Section 11, Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 213,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 2, of Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1895, Entitled 'An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Article 8 of Chapter 70, the same being Sections 5625, 5626, 5627 and 5628 of the Statutes of Oklahoma,' "

Which was read by title.

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 209 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 210,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 211,

Was read a second time and referred to Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 212,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 213,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Magness moved

That all amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted and the bills ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council adjourn until 2 o'clock P. M. Wednesday, March 1, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifty-first Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Wednesday, March 1, 1899.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 54, H. B. No. 176, H. B. No. 115, H. B. No. 161, H. B. No. 171, and H. B. No. 153, also C. B. No. 2 and C. B. No. 59 with amendments

The bills are herewith transmitted, together with H. B. No. 13 returned with the request that the Council engross its amendments separately.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 54,

"An Act Concerning Elections and Providing Penalties for the Violations of the Provisions Thereof,"

Was read a first and second time under suspension of the rules and referred to the Committee on Elections.

H. B. No. 153,

"An Act for the Protection of Females,".

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 167,

"An Act Authorizing and Directing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of a Book entitled 'Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions,' and Providing for the Payment and Distribution of the Same,"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 171,

"An Act Regulating the Term of Office of County Superintendent of Public Instruction,"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 115,

"An Act to Amend Section 15 of Chapter 73, entitled 'Districts Officers' of the Statutes of 1893,"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 161,

"An Act Relating to County Buildings,"

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 176,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Chapter 2 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, entitled 'An Act to Amend Section 31 of Article 2, of Chapter 2 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893' entitled 'An Act to Regulate and Restrain the Running at Large of Domestic Animals, and to Provide for Fencing Against Them,'"

Was read by title.

By consent the rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 53 was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 167,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 171,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

H. B. No. 161,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

H. B. No. 115,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

H .B. No. 176,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry.

C. B. No. 2,

"An Act to Prohibit Public Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in any Manner in Bonds or Warrants or Other Evidence of Public Indebtedness, and to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying any Warrant or Order in Excess of Appropriations made by the Legislative Assembly," and House amendments were read.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the House amendments to the bill be concurred in.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 0; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Gandy and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the amendments were declared duly concurred in.

C. B. No. 59,

"An Act in Relation to Cities of the First Class,"

And the House amendments thereto, were read.

Councilor Huston moved

That the amendments be concurred in.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; absent and not voting 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting:

Bellamy, Biddison, Gandy and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the amendments were declared duly concurred in.

C. B. No. 198,

"An Act for the Relief of A. E. Haughey and J. V. Haughey from the Payment of a Judgment in the Probate Court of Kingfisher County,"

By Mr. Winkler,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 200,

"An Act in Regard to Stationery and Other Supplies for Justices of the Peace,"

By Mr. Huston,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 201,

"An Act Legalizing a Special Park Fund Tax Levied by the City of Guthrie,"

By Mr. Brett, (by request)

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

C. B. No. 202,

"An Act Amending Section 4, of Chapter 15, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1897, it being an Act to Regulate the Fees and Salaries of County Officers and for Other Purposes, and the Repeal Articles 1 and 2 of Chapter 25, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, for 1895, and Section 7 of Article 1 of Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory of 1893,"

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 203,

"An Act Amending Section 4 of Chapter 15, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1897, and to Repeal Articles 1 and 2 of Chapter 25 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, for 1895, and Section 7 of Article 1 of Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma for 1893,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 204,

"An Act Creating a School District out of Certain Lands in Kay County, Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 205,

"An Act Amending Sections 4, 8, 9 of Article 1, of Chapter 72 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, entitled 'Roads and Highways,' "

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

C. B. No. 206,

"An Act Relating to Public Highways,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 214,

"An Act to Amend Section 13 of Article 9 of Chapter 6, of the Statutes of 1893, Relating to Jurors,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 215,

"An Act Making Appropriations for Erecting, Maintaining and Supporting the Educational Institutions of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Years 1899 and 1900 and for Expenses of the Various Boards of Regents of said Institutions for the Years 1899 and 1900,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 216,

"An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 32, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Winkler introduced

C. B. No. 217,

"An Act Providing for the Distribution of Funds Reserved for University, Agricultural College and Normal School Purposes,"

Which was read by title.

The Ways and Means Committee reported

C. B. No. 218,

"An Act to Provide for the Maintenance and Support and for Annual Encampments of the Militia of Oklahoma,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston introduced

C. B. No. 219,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 16 of Chapter 31 of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled, 'Quarantine Regulations,' "

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston introduced

C. B. No. 220,

"An Act to Amend Section 4 of Article 1, of Chapter 41 of the Session Laws of 1895, of the Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, entitled 'Misdemeanors before Probate or District Courts,' "

Which was read by title.

By consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 214

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 215

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 216

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 217

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

C. B. No. 218

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

C. B. No. 219

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

C. B. No. 220

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Communication from Rev. Nicholas inviting the members and employees of the Council to attend the Episcopal Church Sunday, March 5th, at 7:30 P. M.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the invitation be accepted,

Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: The Joint Committee of the Council and House on Enrolled and Engrossed bills have carefully examined H. J. R. No. 5, H. B. No. 156 and H. B. No. 34 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman Com. of Council.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman Com. of House."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 99 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON"

Committee Substitute for C. B. No. 99

"An Act to Provide for Public Libraries."

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative was:

Councilor Havens.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 89, C. B. No. 119, C. B. No. 149, C. B. No. 40 and C. B. No. 116 and report the same correctly engrossed

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman
A. J. BIDDISON
GEO. H. BRETT."

Committee Substitute for C. B. No. 89,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 22, 23, 24 and 25 and Repealing Section 25 of Article 1, of Chapter 72, Entitled 'Roads and Highways,' Statutes of Oklahoma,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 119,

"An Act Authorizing 'Democrat Topic' to Change Its Name in Cleveland County, O. T.,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Present and not voting

Councilor Biddison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 149,

"An Act Providing a Procedure for Contesting Elections,"

Was placed on third reading.

Councilor Huston moved

That the rules be suspended, the bill be considered engrossed, read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being on the suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 1; nays 7; present and not voting 4; absent and not voting 1.

Voting in the affirmative:

Councilor Huston.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors present and not voting:

Biddison, Brett, Hutto and Magness.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Gandy.

A majority of the Council voting in the negative the motion did not prevail.

The bill was read a third time.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Garrison.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit H. B. No. 34, H. B. No. 156 and H. J. R. No. 5 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 156,

H. B. No. 34 and

H. J. R. No. 5,

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

C. B. No. 40,

"An Act Amending Section 48 of Chapter 15 Relating to Fees and Salaries, Session Laws of 1897,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 221,

"An Act Relating to the Territorial Militia,"

Which was read a first and second time under suspension of the rules, and was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 146, C. B. No. 159, C. B. No. 156, C. B. No. 177, C. B. No. 85 and H. B. No. 74 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON"

C. B. No. 146,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 43, Session Laws of 1895,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Gandy, Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 177,

"An Act to Declare Unlawful all Combinations, etc., of Insurance Companies Whereby the Rate of Insurance Upon Property is Determined and Fixed and Requiring the Revoking of License of all Companies Entering into Such Combinations,"

Was read a third time, and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 85,

"An Act to Amend Section 4 and to Repeal Section 5 of Chapter 8, Session Laws of 1897,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 159,

"An Act Requiring Chapter 2 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897 to be so Construed as to Include Greer County Within the Free Range Portion of this Territory,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Gandy and Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 156,

"An Act to Authorize County Commissioners to Issue Bonds in Certain Cases,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 1; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Havens, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Voting in the negative:

Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Bellamy and Huston.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

H. B. No. 74,

"An Act Relating to Salaries for Territorial Officers,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 5; nays 7; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

The bill having failed to receive a majority of the votes of the Council, the bill was declared lost.

Councilor Biddison explained that he voted against the bill in order to save the right to move to reconsider the vote.

C. B. No. 116,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Chapter 48, Session Laws of 1895, entitled, 'An Act Providing for the Employment of Stenographers in the Supreme Court by the Judges of said Court, and Relating to Fees Thereof,' "

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result Ayes 11: nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Thacker.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Printing, to whom was referred C. B. No. 150, 'An Act Repealing Article 1, of Chapter 29, Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Territorial Printing,' have had said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council without recommendation.

JAS. P. GANDY, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
B. P. MAGNESS."

The bill was ordered placed on the Calendar under the head of general orders.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Printing, to whom was referred C. B. No. 13, 'An Act to Regulate Fees for Public Printing,' have had said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council without recommendation.

"Also C. B. No. 141, 'An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sale of Real Estate by County Treasurer' and recommend that the same do pass.

JAS. P. GANDY, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
B. P. MAGNESS."

C. B. No. 13, was ordered placed on the Calendar under the head of General Orders.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred H. B. No. 119, ' An Act Providing for the Dissection of the Dead, for the Advancement of Medical Science, and Providing Subjects Therefor,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

SIDNEY CLARKE, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred certain bills have had said bills under consideration and report them back to the Council with the following recommendation: That C. B. No. 185, 'An Act to Legalize the Purchase of Real Estate Heretofore Made by the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Territory,' do pass; that the substitute hereto attached for C. B. No. 129, 'An Act to Authorize Counties, Cities, Towns or Villages, the Board of Education of any City or School District to Issue Bonds to Refund Bonded Indebtedness,' do pass; that C. B. No. 10, 'An Act to Protect the Territory, Counties, etc., Against Illegal and Fraudulent Acts of their Officers,' do not pass; that H. B. No. 10 'An Act to Authorize the City Councils of Cities of the First and Second Class, Towns and Villages to Contract, for the Cultivating of Trees and Providing the Payment Therefor,' do pass as amended.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
H. E. HAVENS,
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Committee report on C. B. No. 10 be adopted.

Councilor Hutto moved as an amendment

That the bill be printed and placed on the Calendar under the head of General Orders, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred certain bills, have had said bills under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the following recommendations: That C. B. No. 208, 'An Act to Purchase School Text Books, etc.' do not pass; that the substitute hereto attached for C. B. No. 207, 'An Act Empowering the District Boards of School Districts No's. 49 and 50 of Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma, to Locate and Maintain a School House at the Village of Deer Creek, in said County,' do pass.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
FRANK A HUTTO,
WM. GARRISON."

Councilor Huston moved
The adoption of the Committee report on
C. B. No. 208,
Which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom were referred certain bills, have had said bills under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the following recommendations:

"That H. B. No. 72, 'An Act Amendatory of Sections 1 and 2 of Article 4 of Chapter 32, Session Laws of 1897, Entitled 'An Act Amendatory of Sections 2 and 3 of Article 3 of Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1895,' do pass.

"That H. B. No. 126, 'An Act to Require Bond Investment Companies Doing Business in the Territory of Oklahoma to Deposit Certain Sums of Money or Securities with the Treasurer of the Territory of Oklahoma, and Providing Penalties for Failing to Comply with the Terms of this Law,' do pass as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred certain bills, have had said bills under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 114, 'An Act to Amend Sections 283 and 284, of the Code of Civil Procedure of the Territory of Oklahoma, being

General Sections 4161 and 4162 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, do pass;

"That C. B. No. 126, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 2844, Chapter 34, Statutes of Oklahoma 1893,' do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman,
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A HUTTO,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
CHAS M. THACKER."

Councilor Hutto moved that the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 90 and
C. B. No. 170,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Thacker in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration bills on the Calendar and direct me to report progress and ask leave to sit again.

CHAS. M. THACKER, Chairman."

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Thursday, March 2, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifty-second Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Thursday, March 2, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 26. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 26,

"An Act to Create a Territorial Land Office and Commissioner Thereof, and Providing for a Board of Territorial Land Commissioners and to Prescribe the Duties of Such Officers and to Provide for the Leasing and Management of all Lands Owned or Controlled by the Territory of Oklahoma, and for Other Purposes,"

Was read a first and second time under suspension of the rules.

Councilor Gandy moved that the bill be referred to the Committee of the Whole Council and placed on the Calendar.

Councilor Brett moved as an amendment

That the bill take the place of C. B. No. 145 on the Calendar,

Which amendment was accepted and the motion prevailed.

"Mr. President : Your Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws, to whom was referred certain bills, have had said bills under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 124, 'An Act in Relation to Life and Accident Insurance Companies,' be printed and placed on the Calendar

"That C. B. No. 91, 'An Act to Authorize the Lexington and Purcell Bridge Company to Construct and Maintain a Bridge, Etc.,' be printed and placed on the Calendar.

CHAS. M. THACKER, Chairman,
H. E. HAVENS,
FELIX L. WINKLER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred C. B. No. 202, 'An Act Amending Section 33, of Chapter 15,of the Session Laws of 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

FRANK. A. HUTTO, Chairman,
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS M. THACKER."

The report of the Committee was adopted.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred C. B. No. 204, 'An Act Creating a School District Out of Certain Lands in Kay County, Oklahoma Territory,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

B. P. MAGNESS,Chairman.
WM. GARRISON.
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Municipal Corporations, to whom was referred C. B. No. 201, 'An Act to Legalize a Special Park Fund Tax Levied by the City of Guthrie,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
C. M. THACKER,
H. E. HAVENS."

"Mr President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 118, 'An Act in Relation to Clerks and Janitors,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass, its provisions being covered by C. B. No. 143, favorably reported.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

The report of the Committee was adopted.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. J. R. No. 2, 'Relating to the Fort Supply Military Reservation,' have had said Resolution under consideration and recommend that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
SIDNEY CLARKE,
WM. GARRISON."

"Mr. President: On behalf of the Minority of the Committee on Ways and Means, I recommend that C. J. R. No. 2 be indefinitely postponed.

A. H. HUSTON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 217, 'An Act Providing for the Distribution of Funds Arising from the Leasing of Lands Reserved for University, Agricultural College, and Normal School Purposes', have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

"Mr. President: On behalf of the minority of the Committee on Ways and Means, I recommend that the bill be referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

A. H. HUSTON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 216, 'An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 32, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

"Mr. President: On behalf of the minority of the Committee on Ways and Means, I recommend that the bill do pass with the amendment hereto attached.

A. H. HUSTON."

"Mr .President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 215, 'An Act Making Appropriations for Erecting, Maintaining and Supporting the Educational Institutions of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Years 1899 and 1900, and for Expenses of the Various Boards of Regents of said Institutions for the Years 1899 and 1900,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

"Mr. President: On behalf of the minority of the Committee on Ways and Means, I recommend that the bill lie upon the table one week.

A. H. HUSTON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 124, 'An Act Providing for the Taxation of Foreign Loan Companies and Individuals Doing Business in Oklahoma Territory,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

The report of the Committee was adopted.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 220, 'An Act to Amend Section 4, of Article 1, of Chapter 41, of the Session Laws of 1895, of the Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, entitled 'Misdemeanor before Probate or District Courts,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Elections, to whom was referred H. B. No. 54, 'Concerning Elections and Providing Penalties for the Violation of the Provisions Thereof,' have had said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it be placed on the Calendar.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
FELIX L. WINKLER,
J. P. GANDY.
SIDNEY CLARKE."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"To the President of the Council:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 88, 'An Act to Authorize the Board of Trustees of the Town of Chandler, Lincoln County, Oklahoma Territory, to Annually Levy and Collect a Tax not Exceeding Five Mills on the Dollar on all the Taxable Property of the Town for the Purpose of Extending, Repairing, Maintaining and Operating the Water works of said Town,' and have filed the same with the Territorial Secretary; also C. B. No. 58, 'An Act Exempting the Grounds and Other Property of the Kingfisher College from Taxation,' and have filed the same with the Secretary of the Territory; also C. B. No. 115, 'An Act Prescribing the Duties of County Surveyors,' and have filed the same with the Secretary of the Territory; also C. B. No. 36, 'An Act in Relation to the Time When the Term of Office of County Treasurers Shall Commence,' and have filed the same with the Secretary of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of C. B. No. 63 and other bills on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Gandy in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council, having had under consideration bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar direct me to make the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 63 do pass as amended,

"Also C. B. No. 84 do pass as amended.

JAS. P. GANDY, Chairman."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted and the bills ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Winkler moved

That the rules be suspended and

C. B. No. 39 and C. B. No. 50 be indefinitely postponed,

Which motion prevailed and the Council took a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 198, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Article 8, Chapter 12, entitled 'County Clerk's Calendar of Claims Session Laws of 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and recommend that it do pass as amended.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council agree to amendments recommended by the Committee,

Which motion prevailed.

C. B. No. 198,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 0; absent and not voting 5.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Biddison, Brett, Hutto, Magness and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills of the Council and House jointly have carefully examined H. B. No. 68 and H. J. R. No. 6 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman Council Com.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman House Com."

Councilor Garrison introduced

C. B. No. 222,

"An Act to Amend Section three of Chapter 75 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, entitled 'An Act in Relation to the Publication of the Reports and Decisions of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Oklahoma and Creating a Territorial Library Fund,' "

Which was read by title.

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended, the bill read a second time, considered engrossed, read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Biddison, Brett and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for consideration of bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Huston in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable Body H. B. No. 68 and C. C. R. No. 6, for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive the report of the Conference Committee on

C. B. No. 47,

Report of the Conference Committee was as follows:

Report of the Conference Committee on C. B. No. 47:

The Committee of Conference, to whom was referred the disagreements between the two Houses in Relation to Council Bill No. 47, Entitled 'An Act Providing for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma,' after full and free Conference, have come to the following agreement, which we recommend be adopted.

First. That the House recede from its amendments to Section 2 of this bill and that said section be so amended as to read as follows:

Section 2. That said convention shall be composed of thirty-nine delegates, who shall be elected from the several Council and Representative Districts of said Territory, one of said delegates to be elected from each of said districts.'

Second. That Section 5 be striken from the bill and that Section 7 to be so amended as to read as follows:

Section 7. That upon official information having been received by him of the passage of an Act by Congress providing for the admission of Oklahoma into the Union as a State, it shall be the duty of the Governor of the Territory to call an election to be held at such time as Congress may designate for the purpose of electing State Officers, Members of the State Legislature, Judges and other Officers provided for under said Constitution. And the said Constitution shall become operative and the officers elected thereunder enter upon their duties at such time as Congress may provide.

H. E. HAVENS,
A. J. BIDDISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE,
Conferees on the part of the Council.
C. F. McELRATH,
THOS. H. DOYLE,
W. C. STEVENS.
Conferees on part of the House.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council agree to the report of the Conference Committee.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Magness and Thacker.

Councilors absent and not voting:

Hutto and Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the report was declared duly agreed to.

The Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws presented

C. B. No. 223,

"An Act to Amend Section 108, of Article 8, of Chapter 66, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893."

Under suspension of the rules the bill was read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole under the head of General Orders.

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive a report from the Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 222 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON"

The Sergeant-at-Arms:
"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has agreed to the report of the Conference Committee on C. B. No. 47.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Committee on Ways and Means was discharged from further consideration of

C. B. No. 120,

And the same was referred to the Committee of the Whole Council.

The Council then resumed business in the Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration bills under the head of General Orders on the Calendar direct me to report the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 176 do pass as amended,
"That the Substitute for H. B. No. 43 do pass;
"That the further consideration of C. B. No. 170 be deferred one day;
"That C. B. No. 165 do pass;
"That Substitute for C. B. No. 30 do pass as amended;
"That progress has been made on C. B. No. 162 and ask leave to sit again;
"That H. B. No. 20 do pass;
"That C. B. No. 193 do pass.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman."

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. C. R. No. 6 and

H. B. No. 68,

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Biddison moved

To reconsider the vote by which H. B. No. 74 was defeated.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 0; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Gandy and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the vote was reconsidered.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the bill be recommitted to the Committee of the Whole,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Friday, March 3, 1899.

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifty-third Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Friday, March 3, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

H. B. No. 20,

"An Act to Provide for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township Indebtedness,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 3; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison, Thacker and Winkler.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Hutto and Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Substitute for H. B. No. 43,

"An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes, 9; nays, 3; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston and Magness.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Bellamy introduced

C. B. No. 224,

"An Act Relating to Medicine Men and Mescal Beans,"

Which was read by title and under suspension of the rules was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Councilor Garrison moved

That the Committee on Judiciary be instructed to report

C. B. No. 130 not later than to-morrow.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 47,

C. B .No. 3 and

C. B. No. 59

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. J. R. No. 6, H. B. No. 122, H. B. No. 137, H. B. No. 180, H. B. No. 186, H. B. No. 174, H. B. No. 84, H. B. No. 155, H. B. No. 159, H. B. No. 166 and Committee Substitute for H. B. No. 64. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Under suspension of the rules, H. J. R. No. 6,

"Relating to the Changing of County Boundary Lines, Memorializing Congress to Detach Townships from the County of Payne and add the same to the County of Noble,"

By Mr. Doyle,

Was read first and second time and ordered placed on the Calendar.

H. B. No. 64,

"An Act to Regulate the Fees of Jurors and to Repeal Section 48, Chapter 15, of the Session Laws of 1897, " By Mr. Olmsted,

Was read first and second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 84,

"An Act to Amend Sections 5, 20 and 47, of Chapter 35, Session Laws of 1895,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read first and second time and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

H. B. No. 122,

"An Act Amendatory of Chapter 47, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, entitled 'Liquors' and Amendatory of Chapter 22, Session Laws of 1897,"

By Mr. Sherer,

Was read a first time and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H. B. No. 137,

"An Act to Provide Liens for Threshermen and Providing for the Enforcement of the same,"

By Mr. Holliday,

Was read a first and second time and referred to the Committee on Agriculture and Highways.

H. B. No. 155,

"An Act Amending Sections 3 and 4, Chapter 18, Session Laws 1897,"

By Mr. Hadley,

Was read a first and second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 159,

"An Act Rendering Ineligible Territorial Officials from Being Members of any of the Boards having Charge of the Government of Territorial Educational Institutions,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read a first and second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 166,

"An Act Incorporating the Oklahoma Chautauqua Association of Kingfisher County, Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Stevens,

Was read a first and second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

H. B. No. 174,

"An Act Fixing the Fees and Compensation of Clerks of the

District Courts and Providing for an Accounting and Providing Penalties for a Failure to Perform said Duty,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read a first and second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 180,

"An Act Authorizing and Empowering School Districts in Oklahoma Territory to Create a Building Fund,"

By Mr. Koch,

Was read a first and second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

H. B. No. 186,

"An Act Authorizing School District Number 42 in Kay County, Oklahoma Territory to hold a special District meeting for the purpose of re-locating its school house site,"

By Mr. Smith,

Was read a first and second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

The motion of Councilor Garrison requiring the Committee on Judiciary to report

C. B. No. 130

Not later than to-morrow was called up and the motion prevailed.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President. I herewith transmit to your honorable body H. B. No. 13 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 13

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 84, C. B. No. 63, C. B. No. 30, C. B. No. 193, C. B. No. 176 and C. B. No. 165 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

C. B. No. 84,

"An Act to Amend Section 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132, and 133 of Article 10 of Chapter 67, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 1; absent and not voting 2; present and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Huston.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Gandy and Hutto.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Biddison, Brett and Havens.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 63,

"An Act Defining and Prescribing Penalty for the Unlawful Carrying of Arms, and Repealing Article 45, Chapter 25 and Section 20, Article 36, Chapter 25, Statutes 1893,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 1; absent and not voting 2; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative were:

Councilor Biddison.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Gandy and Hutto.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Huston, Brett and Havens.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 30,

"An Act Providing for a Change of Venue in Civil Matters in Probate Courts,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 0; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting:

Gandy and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 193,

"An Act to Validate the Election of Disqualified Persons to the Office of Probate Judge,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Gandy and Hutto.

A majority of the Council voting in favor of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 176,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 201 of Article 11, of Chapter 66, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, entitled, 'Procedure Civil,'"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 1; absent and not voting 3; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Biddison.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Hutto and Winkler.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

C. B. No. 165,

"An Act Requiring Circuses and Menageries to Procure a

License from the Secretary of the Territory before Exhibiting in any City or Town in Oklahoma,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 3; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness and Thacker.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Hutto and Winkler.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Huston introduced

C. B. No. 225,

"An Act Creating a School District out of Lands Lying in Logan and Oklahoma Counties,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston moved

That the rules be suspended, the bill read a second time, considered engrossed, read a third time and placed on final passage,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 65, 'An Act Creating a Territorial Board of Agriculture, Providing for the Management Thereof, and Making Appropriations Therefor,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

The bill was ordered on the Calendar.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred H. B. No. 167, 'An Act Authorizing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of a Book entitled 'Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions, and Providing for the Payment and Distribution of the Same,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass, as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
A. H. HUSTON,
WM. GARRISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Huston moved

That the Ways and Means Commitee be discharged from further consideration of

H. B. No. 48 and the bill be placed on the Calendar, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Brett moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

H. B. No. 26 and bills under the head of general orders,

Which motion prevailed, and the Council went into the Committee of the Whole with Councilor Clarke in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report.

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration H. B. No. 26, made sundry amendments thereto and ask leave to sit again.

SIDNEY CLARKE, Chairman."

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Saturday, March 4, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifty-fourth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Saturday, March, 4, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Journal of the preceding day was read and approved.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 224, 'An Act Entitled 'Medicine Men and Mescal Beans,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended, the bill considered engrossed, read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 3; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison, Hutto and Mr. President.

Councilors present and not voting:

Magness and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

H. B. No. 26,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Clarke in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 168; H. B. No. 200; H. B. No. 182, H. B. No. 41. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and made the following report:

"Mr. President. The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration

"H. B. No. 26 direct me to report progress and ask leave to sit again.

SIDNEY CLARKE, Chairman."

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed Council Bill No. 80, with amendments. The bill and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Magness moved

To concurr in the House amendments to

C. B. No. 80,

The question being shall the Council concur in the House amendments to C. B. No. 80, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 3; nays 9; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke and Garrison.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the House amendments were not concurred in.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 224 and Council Substitute for H. B. No. 43 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON"

Councilor Clarke moved
To take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.,
Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

"Mr. President. The Committee of the House and Council on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have jointly examined H. B. No. 20 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman Council Committee.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman House Committee."

Councilor Biddison introduced
C. B. No. 226,
"An Act Providing for the Compensation of County Attorneys,"
Which was read by title.
Councilor Garrison introduced
C. B. No. 227,
"An Act Providing for Supplemental Tax Rolls,"
Which was read by title.
Councilor Brett introduced
C. B. No. 228,
"An Act Relating to Municipal Indebtedness,"
Which was read by title.
H. B. No. 41 (Substitute)
"An Act Defining the Rights of Women,"
By Mr. McElrath,
Was read by title.
H. B. No. 168,
"An Act to Create the County of McKinley out of Woods County, Territory of Oklahoma, Providing for the Organization Thereof, Filling Vacancies in the Offices Created and Providing for the Distribution of Property and Indebtedness of Woods County and Relating to the Taxes and Records Thereof, and Repealing all Acts and Parts of Acts in Conflict Herewith,"
By Mr. Hartshorn,
Was read by title.
H. B. No. 182,
"An Act to Amend Sections 27 and 30, Article 1, and Section 25, Article 3, Chapter 44, Laws of 1893, Relating to Insurance,"
By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 200,

"An Act Providing for the Distribution of the Funds Arising from the Leasing of Lands Reserved for the University, Agricultural College and Normal School Puropses,"

By Mr. Olmsted,

Was read by title.

Councilor Huston moved

That the rules be suspended and the bills referred to proper Committees.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 5.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Thacker.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Winkler and Mr. President.

Less than a two-thirds majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the motion did not prevail.

Councilor Hutto asked that he be excused at 4 o'clock P. M. and that no bills in which he is interested be considered during his absence from the Council,

Which was granted.

The Council then went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Clarke in the Chair for further consideration of

H. B. No. 26.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a special message from the Governor.

"Members of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

Gentlemen: I transmit herewith a copy of a report submitted to me by Ex-Governor Seay of Kingfisher, Major D. D. Leach of Oklahoma City and Mayor B. F. Berkey of Guthrie, Delegates from the Territory of Oklahoma to a recent conference held in the City of St. Louis to discuss the advisability of holding an International Exposition to Commemorate the One Hundredth Anniversary of the Louisiana purchase. This purchase of Territory made by Thomas Jefferson by a treaty with France in 1803 embraces fifteen States and two Territories as follows: Louisiana, Arkansas, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Idaho, Washington, Orgon, Oklahoma and Indian Territories. Then, as now, many people opposed expansion and the treaty was denounced on every side and the Fifteen Million Dollars declared to be thrown away for a useless and unprofitable piece of land. Yet time has proved this to be the most profitable real estate speculation in the history of the world. The Country for which Napoleon accepted Fifteen Million Dollars now boasts a taxable valuation of Fifteen Billion Dollars. What would the United States be to-day without this purchase? Within its bounds live the most progressive and energetic people on the earth, composing one-fourth of the whole population of the Nation. Here are industries as great as any in the original states, and progress and advancements such as is not seen any where else. The mineral products of the Purchase each year are many times the original price paid. The agricultural products run into figures almost beyond comprehension. The wheat crop of our own Territory having within a single year been sufficient to pay the purchase price, and even the eggs laid by the hens domiciled within the borders of the Purchase are each year sold for enough to pay the price and to leave several millions of dollars for the bank account of the farmers upon this fertile garden spot of the universe.

The Louisiana Purchase, standing as it does, worthy the attention of the civilized world, with a commercial development without a parallel, with a wealth increased to a thousand million for every million of cost, inhabited by a people the equal of any upon earth, will inaugurate and carry forward to success a Centennial Exposition such as the world has never seen, a display in keeping with her unparalled advancement and her varied and inexhaustible resources. And what more fitting than thatOklahoma, the baby sister in the Purchase family, the portion of the great Dominion last given over to the arts of civilization, the portion now attracting the greatest attention of the outside world and making the greatest strides in advancement and progress, should take an active part in this great world's exposition, lending the united support of her people to its advancement, and presenting to the millions of visitors from far and near the story of her wonderful progress and a display of her varied agricultural and natural products and resources.

Therefore, in transmitting you this report I recommend that you take such action as you deem proper, looking to the interests of all our people in this great exposition project, and the ultimate participation and display of our resources and advertising of our Territory as it can be advertised in no other way, including the adoption at this time of resolutions along the line of those attached hereto endorsing the exposition, and authorizing the three gentlemen submitting this report who have been placed on the general executive committee to further investigate the question, to report to me from time to time and formulate plans and projects for a Territorial Exhibit to be submitted to the next General Assembly.

C. M. BARNES, Governor.

Guthrie, Oklahoma, March 4, 1899."

Councilor Clarke moved

That the message be referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred H. B. No. 139, 'An Act to Provide for the Removal of Drifts of Wood or Other Substances from Streams and Other Water Courses,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
J. P. GANDY.
CHAS. M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Quarantine and Animal Industry to whom was referred substitute for H. B. No. 24, Substitute for 'An Act to Provide for the Protection of Domestic Animals, for the Creation of a Live Stock Sanitary Commission, Rules and Regulations, to Provide Penalties for the Violations of the Same and to Repeal Sections 3, 4 and 16 and 17, of Chapter 31, Session Laws of 1897,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
J. P. GANDY.
B. P. MAGNESS,
WM. GARRISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred C. B. No. 171, 'An Act Regulating the Procedure of Meetings and Manner of Levying and Extending the Resources of School Districts and Townships and the Report of County Treasurers to School District and Township Boards' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred H. B. No. 35, 'An Act to Establish a Territorial Board of Embalming, to Provide for the Better Protection of Life and Health, to Prevent the Spread of Contagious Diseases and to Regulate the Practice of Embalming and the Care and Disposition of the Dead,' have had said bill under consideration and report back to the Council without recommendation.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON.
FRANK A. HUTTO."

The bill was ordered placed on the Calendar.

"Mr. President: Your Comitttee on Agriculture and Highways, to whom was referred H. B. No. 165, 'An Act Providing for the Organization of Public Warehouses and to Regulate the Warehousing and Inspection of Grain in Public Warehouses and Otherwise in the Territory, and Providing for the Appointment of a Grain Inspector,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be printed and placed on the Calendar.

WM. GARRISON, Chairman.
J. P. GANDY.
B. P. MAGNESS,
GEO. H. BRETT."

The bill was ordered placed on the Calendar but not to be printed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred H. B. No. 79, 'An Act to Amend Section 47 of Chapter 15, Session Laws of 1897, Prescribing the Fees to be Paid to Witnesses,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Judiciary, to whom was referred C. B. No. 130, 'An Act Relating to Executions for Capital Offenses, Amendatory of Sections 26, 28, 33, 36 and 38, Article 15, Chapter 68, Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Procedure Criminal', have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

H. E. HAVENS, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
FRANK A. HUTTO,

Councilor Biddison moved that the report be adopted, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred C. B. No. 187, 'An Act in Relation to Liabilities of

Railroads,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do not pass.

GEO. H. BRETT, Chairman.
J. P. GANDY.
GEO. W. BELLAMY."

The bill was ordered placed on the Calendar.

"Guthrie, O. T., March 4, 1899.

"Mr. President: Your Council Committee heretofore appointed under the provisions of Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4, authorized to investigate into certain departmental and fiscal affairs of the Territory of Oklahoma respectfully report: That on the 2nd day of March, 1899, Geo. E. Billingsley, having been duly subpoenaed and being present before the joint session of the said House and Council Committee, appointed under said resolution was inquired of concerning the deposit of certain school land lease moneys with the Capitol National Bank of Guthrie, O. T., of which said Bank the said Geo. E. Billingsley is President; and thereupon the following interrogatories were propounded, to-wit.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, have you with you the statement of the deposits of the school land lease funds in the Capitol National Bank?

A. No sir. I hav'nt them with me. I came direct from home.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, in what form was that deposit generally made in the Capitol National Bank, as a time deposit or subject to check?

A. Subject to check.

Q. Subject to the check of Governor C. M. Barnes?

A. Of course, that I cannot just say.

Q. In what style was that account kept upon your books as nearly as you can recollect?

A. Governor C. M. Barnes School Land Lease account.

Q. Before the deposit of that account or of those moneys in your Bank did you have any arrangement with Governor Barnes relative to the payment of any interest upon the accounts or the deposit?

A. No sir.

Q. Subsequent to the opening of that account, did you have any such conversation with him?

A. I think I shall decline to answer that question put in that way.

Q. What are your reasons for declining to answer that question in that form?

A. Because it has always been my construction of a Banker's duty to regard personal matters as private. I have no hesitency in acquainting you with the amount and dates of money deposited and checks drawn against the fund, as so far I regard it public matter.

Q. Do you not regard it as a public matter whether or not there was any interest paid upon that public fund?

A. I have had occasion to look the matter up, suspecting that you would ask me that question and while I do not claim to be a lawyer, National Banks are controlled, as I understand it, by the National Government, through the Comptroller of the Currency. On page 1013, Section 5231, Revised Statutes of the United States I find the following:

"No association shall be subject to any visitorial powers other than such as are authorized by this title, meaning the Comptroller, or are vested in the courts of Justice."

With that law before me I felt that it would be only right that if that information must be had it can be obtained from the Comptroller direct, whose agent has been examined in our books since the 20th of February and who is as familiar with its every detail as I believe I am myself. And if the Comptroller in his greater wisdom saw fit to answer that question he doubtless would have done so. In as much as he has not done it tends to strengthen my opinion that it is my duty to follow his lead.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, it is not the purpose of this Committee to inquire into the corporate affairs of the Capitol National Bank, or its management, its by-laws, organization or anything pertaining to its control or business as a corporation, but this Committee desires you now to state whether or not there was an agreement to pay C. M. Barnes, either as a private individual or as an officer having certain public money in his hands any interest or compensation upon the deposits which you have described as having been made with the Capitol National Bank.

Q. Do you decline to answer that question, Mr. Billingsley?

A. Yes sir. Unless I had the Comptroller's permission, I do not think it is my duty to answer that question. I hope that the Committee will not misunderstand me or think that I have any desire to act ugly or stubborn. A great many questions might occur to a banker that are liable to grow out of a thing of this kind. For instance, the assessor might desire to know the condition of every deposit account and it will be readily seen that it would be impracticable for such information to be given; and furthermore, the giving away of any private business by a Banker would certainly militate against the interests of this bank.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, I believe that you answer that you are perfectly willing to make a statement for the committee in regard to the amount of the deposits and the way the checks are drawn to draw the money out considering that public affair?

A. I do not know that I wish to give you the particulars of any check.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, why then do you refuse to answer in regard to whether interest was paid upon a deposit, if you consider it public affair?

A. I do not consider that feature of it a public affair.

Q. Where do you draw the line of public and private affairs in that account?

A. I understand that an officer who is a commissioner of a fund is accountable for the fund being kept in safety and show where disbursements are made from it and what balance is left so that his books may tally. Beyond that I think the officer is a private citizen and has all the rights as such.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, if you are paying interest on public moneys would you consider that public affair?

A. I have said I would. I did not say we were.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, if you were paying interest on public money, would you decline to say you were?

A. I think I would. I should take the same ground.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, I will ask you if it is not a fact that there is an account upon the books of your bank a certain per cent upon this deposit of school land lease money which is made in your bank by Governor Barnes and that account given to Governor Barnes' private account?

A. I regard that question the same as the former, but in a different way and decline to answer.

Q. Mr. Billingsley, does the Capitol National Bank pay any interest upon this deposit account?

A. You would get that from the statement that you asked for and which I told you you could have.

Q. I will ask you Mr Billingsley to present that statement to the Committee at 9:30 to-morrow morning.

Mr. Billingsley, I wish to call your attention to that section of Crimes and Punishments Act of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Sections 1960 and 1961, and which reads as follows:

"Section 1960: Every person who being duly summoned to attend as a witness before either House of the Legislature or any Committee thereof authorized to summon witnesses, refuses or neglects without lawful excuse to attend pursuant to such summons, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

"Section 1961: Every person who being present before either House of the Legislature or any Committee thereof authorized to summon witness, wilfully refuses to be sworn or affirmed or to answer any material and proper question or to produce upon reasonable notice any material and proper books, papers or documents in his possession or under his control, is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Q. In view of these two sections of the law of Oklahoma do you still mean to refuse to answer the questions which have heretofore been propounded to you?

A. I cannot change my position.

And thereupon J. W. McNeal being present in response to a subpoena duly served, was inquired of as follows and made the responses indicated:

Q. State your name, resident and occupation?

A. J. W. McNeal, Guthrie, Oklahoma; occupation, banking business.

Q. With what bank are you connected?

A. Guthrie National.

Q. In what capacity are you connected with that bank?

A. I am president of that bank.

Q. How long have you been president of that bank?

A. We commenced doing business July 1, 1890, and I have been president ever since.

Q. As such officer are you familiar with its business transactions during the past two years?

A. Generally.

Q. During that time has there been any deposit of public moneys in that institution by any Territorial Officer upon which that bank has paid or agreed to pay any interest or compensation for the deposit?

A. That is a question, Senator, that bankers do not answer.

Q. Do you decline to answer the question?

A. I do.

Q. During the past two years has any of the public funds of Oklahoma Territory been deposited with the Guthrie National Bank?

A. We have the account, or part of the account, of Frank M. Thompson, Territorial Treasurer.

Q. Has the bank during that time had the account or the deposit of any other money belonging to the Territory of Oklahoma deposited by any other public officer than the Treasurer?

A. There have been some deposits made by Chas. H. Filson. I suppose he is one of the class referred to. I do not think there are any others.

Q. Do you know of what fund that was a deposit?

A. No sir. I do not know the specific origination of it. I suppose it came to him by virtue of his position.

Q. Was there anything connected with the account or the style of the deposit that indicated whether or not it was public money, and if so to what fund or department did the deposit belong?

A. I am not very clear whether there was a title put after it or not. I think usually it was made in what we call a 'C. D.' My remembrance now of that would be that it was made out to Chas. H. Filson.

Q. What do you mean by a 'C. D.'?

A. Well, we mean by that that it is a certificate of deposit that is not subject to a check and always drawn by attorney's certificate.

Q. What you commonly would call a time deposit?

A. No sir.

Q. Do you know whether or not the certificate contained any terms upon which the interest might be paid upon the deposit?

A. That would be the same question. I do not care to answer that.

Q. Mr. McNeal, hasn't Mr. Filson made deposits in your bank on different dates and at different times?

A Yes sir.

Q. And of the same class of funds which you have previously referred to in your testimony?

A. I only infer that they were of the same class of funds.

Q. Can you tell the Committee about the amount of his deposits?

Q. Well, it would vary. I should think according to what his collections might have been. There were no fixed amounts.

Q. How large a sum has Mr. Filson deposited in the bank, or about how much?

A. I cannot answer that question. It might have run as high as $10,000 at one time. Never any great amount.

Q. Mr. McNeal, was your name upon Mr. Filson's bond as an employee of the School Land Board?

A. Yes sir.

Q. Was the name of any other person connected with your bank upon his bond?

A. I think not.

Q. Mr. McNeal, you heard read to Mr. Billingsley the provisions of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory in regard to witnesses testifying before a Legislative Committee, and in view of these provisions of the Statutes do you still refuse to answer the question asked of you as to whether you have paid any interest to any public officer of the Territory in consideration of the deposit of funds in your bank?

A. I would decline to answer that question under any circumstances.

Q. Mr. McNeal, has there been deposited within the last two years with the Guthrie National Bank any sums of public monies by any Territorial officer than those you have mentioned?

A. I do not recall now that there has been. I rather think not. I can not think of any now.

Q. Mr. McNeal, I would ask if you were offered the school land lease money deposits upon consideration that you would pay any interest or compensation to any one for the deposits that were made in your bank?

A. No sir. Nobody ever suggested my paying any interest on deposits.

Q. Do you know of any offer having been made by the Guthrie National Bank or any of its officers to any person by the terms of which the bank was to pay any interest upon any deposits of the school land lease money?

A. No sir.

Wherefore, Your Committee recommend the adoption of the following Resolution.

"Council Resolution No.——

"Resolved, That the President of the Council be and he is hereby directed to issue subpoenas for J. W. McNeal and Geo. E. Billingsley, commanding them to appear forthwith before this Council then and there to answer such questions as may be propounded to them touching the deposit of any public money or funds of the Territory of Oklahoma in any bank with which they may be officially connected and concerning any payment or any agreement to pay any interest or compensation to any public officer by reason or on account of such deposit of public funds.

Respectfully submitted,
A. J. BIDDISON,
SIDNEY CLARKE."

Councilor Biddison moved
The adoption of the Resolution.

Councilor Gandy moved that further consideration of the Resolution be postponed until 10 o'clock A. M. Monday.

Councilor Biddison moved
The previous question,
Which motion prevailed.

The question being on the motion to postpone, the motion did not prevail.

The question being on the adoption of the Resolution the roll was callled with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 4; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Gandy, Huston.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Monday, March 6, 1899.

Councilor Winkler moved

As an amendment

That when the Council adjourn it adjourn until 7:30 P. M.,

Which motion was ruled out of order by the President.

The original motion then prevailed and the Council adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. Monday, March 6, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifty-fifth Day.

Sunday, March 5, 1899.

Fifty-sixth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Monday, March 6, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Sergeant-at-Arms from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your honorable body H. B. No. 20, for the signature of the President. Also C. B. No. 225, which has been passed by the House without amendments. Also C. B. No. 80, the House having refused to recede from the amendments thereto and asks for a conference committee on the same. As such committee on part of the House the Speaker has appointed Messrs Ballard, Vankirk and Williamson.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign
H. B. No. 20
And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Election, to whom was referred C. B. No. 32, 'An Act Defining the Rights of Women,' have had the same under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK A. HUTTO,
J. P. GANDY.
GEO. H. BRETT."

Councilor Winkler was given time to prepare a minority report.

The President announced the appointment of
Councilor Winkler
As Commissioner of the Roy V. Cashion Monument Commission.

The President announced that Harry N. Horner, Assistant Chief Clerk has been excused on account of sickness in his family.

The Clerk commenced to read the Journal of the preceding day.

Councilor Garrison moved

That further reading of the Journal be dispensed with.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 4; absent and voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Brett, Clarke, Thacker and Winkler.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the further reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

The President of the Council appointed

Councilors Magness, Brett and Clarke,

As Conference Committee Committee on C. B. No. 80.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for further consideration of

H. B. No. 26 and other bills on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Clarke in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration

H. B. No. 26, have made sundry amendments to the same and recommend that it be adopted as amended.

SIDNEY CLARKE, Chairman."

Councilor Hutto by consent introduced

C. B. No. 229,

"An Act Providing for Building and Running Expenses of the Agricultural and Mechanical College at Stillwater and the Colored Agricultural and Normal University at Langston,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Gandy asked leave to introduce a bill.

Councilor Clarke objected.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council revert to the order of introduction of bills, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Gandy introduced

C. B. No. 230,

"An Act to Provide for the Determination, Cost and Payment Thereof of the Northwestern Normal School of the Territory of Oklahoma,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the rules be suspended, the bill read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Pending the motion to suspend the rules, the Council took a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 156 without amendments. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

By consent C. B. No. 229,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The motion of Councilor Gandy to suspend the rule and place C. B. No. 230 on second reading was then put.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 5; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Gandy, Huston, Hutto, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Clarke, Garrison, Havens and Winkler.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Bellamy and Magness.

Less than a two-thirds majority of the Council having voted in favor of the motion, the motion to suspend the rules did not prevail.

The President announced that Councilor Bellamy had been execused on account of sickness in his family.

Councilor Clarke moved that the amendments to

H. B. No. 26,

Recommended by the Committee of the Whole Council be adopted, except amendments on which notice had been given that the ayes and nays would be demanded,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being on the adoption of Councilor Thacker's amendment to the bill by striking out at the end of Section 2 the words "And the same shall be credited to the fund to which the land belongs."

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 4; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Gandy, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Clarke, Havens and Winkler.

Councilor absent and not voting:

Bellamy.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the amendment was adopted.

The question being on Councilor Thacker's amendment to Section 13 in line 28, "Provided this inhibition shall not apply to Leases of land lying west of range 14, west of the Indian Meridian, which leases may be assigned so as to subrogate the assignee to all the rights of the assignor, as follows: The assignee shall join with the assignor in an application to the Commissioner duly acknowledged before an officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments requesting that the Commissioner allow the assignment and at the same time the assignee shall execute and deliver to the Commissioner a note or notes with proper security to be approved by him for the full amount and payable at the time specified in the unpaid note or notes of the assignor; and upon the payment of a fee of $1.00 to the Commissioner he shall cancel the note or notes of the assignor and shall credit any partial payment made on any such note on the corresponding note of the assignee and shall make a proper record of such assignment."

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 3; nays 8; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Gandy, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto and Winkler.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy and Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the amendment was not adopted.

The question being on the amendment to the bill, by striking out Section 24, in addition to the distribution as otherwise provided of moneys arising from leasing of the lands named herein any and all school districts within the boundaries of any indemnity lands selected in lieu of sections 16 and 36 may lie, shall receive fifteen per cent. of the gross rental received from the rental of such indemnity lands within such district, which amount shall be ascertained by the Commissioner and by him certified to the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 4; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Thacker and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the amendment was adopted and Section 24 was stricken out.

H. B. No. 26 was then ordered engrossed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 125 and report the same correctly engrossed.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman pro tem.
C. M. THACKER,
GEO. H. BRETT."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended and the bill read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being on the suspension of the rules the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 4; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Magness and Thacker.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Bellamy.

A two-thirds of the Council present having voted in the affirmative the motion prevailed

Council Bill No. 125,

"An Act Concerning Elections and Providing Penalties for the Violations of the Provisions Thereof and Repealing Chapter 33 of the Statutes of Oklahoma and also Repealing Chapter 23 of the Session Laws of 1895, and all of Chapter 14 of the Session Laws of 1897, except Article 4 Thereof,"

Was read a third time by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the rules be suspended and further reading be dispensed with.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 4; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Magness and Thacker.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council present having voted in the affirmative the rules were suspended and the further reading of the bill was dispensed with.

Councilor Garrison entered a protest against the suspension of the rules on the third reading of bills.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 4; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Magness and Thacker.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a Message from the Governor."

"To the President of the Council:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 41, 'An Act Providing for the Custody and Care of the Money Derived from Sections 13 and 33 Reserved for Educational and Public Building Purposes, and have filed the same in the office of the Territorial Secretary.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

H. B. No. 74 and

H. B. No. 73 and other House bills on the Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration bills under the head of general orders on the Calendar and direct me to report the following recommendations:

"That H. B. No. 74 do pass as amended;

"That the Committee be allowed to sit for consideration of H. B. No. 73 at 2 o'clock P. M. to-morrow;

"That H. B. No. 119 do pass as amended;

"That Committee substitute for C. B. No. 90 do pass;

"That H. B. No. 58 do pass;

"That H. B. No. 49 do pass as amended and

"Ask leave to sit again for further consideration of H. B. No. 26.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 192, H. B. No. 190, H. B. No. 203, and C. B. No. 118, C. B. No. 116, and C. B. No. 198, without amendments. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 192,

"An Act Relating to Banks and Banking Providing for the Organization, Management Control and Supervision of Banks and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provision of this Act and Repealing Chapter 4 of the Session Laws of 1897 of Oklahoma," By Mr. Williamson,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 190,

"An Act Concerning Lost Instruments,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 203,

"An Act Establishing an Experimental Station in Connection with the Agricultural and Normal University at Langston, Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendments to certain bills recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted and the bills engrossed

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Tuesday, March 7, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifty-seventh Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Tuesday March 7, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President:

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a Message."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 195, H. B. No. 157, H. B. No. 206, H. B. No. 197, H. B. No. 133, H. B. No. 185, and H. B. No. 198.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 198,
"An Act to Amend Section 3, Chapter 35, Session Laws of 1895 entitled 'Militia',"
By Mr. Thomas,
Was read by title.
H. B. No. 157,
"An Act Amendatory of Section 110, Article 8, Chapter 67, of the Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Civil Procedure' Before Justices and Amendatory of Section 17 of Article 1, of Chapter 69, Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Criminal Procedure Before Justice' and Repealing Chapter 19 of the Session Laws of 1893, entitled 'Court—Justices,' "
By Mr. Clark,
Was read by title.
H. B. No. 206,
"An Act to Amend Section 15, Article 3, Chapter 14, Statutes of 1893, entitled 'An Act Providing for the Incorporation and Government of Cities o fthe First Class,' "
By Mr. Doyle,
Was read by title.
H. B. No. 197,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Article 1, Chapter 14, Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Cities of the First Class,'"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 185,

"An Act to Provide for the Maintenance and Annual Encampment of the Militia of the Territory of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Wood,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 133,

"An Act to Regulate the Practice of Barbering and Creating a Board of Examiners and Inspectors,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 195,

"An Act to Legalize the Purchase of Real Estate Heretofore Made by the City of Guthrie, Oklahoma Territory,"

Was read by title.

The clerk commenced reading the Journal of the preceding day.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the reading be dispensed with, which motion prevailed.

C. B. No. 227,

"An Act Providing for Supplemental Tax Rolls,"

By Mr. Garrison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

C. B. No. 230,

"An Act to Provide for the Determination of Cost and Payment Thereof of the Northwestern Normal School of the Territory of Oklahoma, at Alva, in said Territory by the Public Lands Committee,"

Was read a second time.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the bill be referred to the Commmittee on Ways and Means.

Councilor Gandy moved

As an amendment,

That the bill be ordered printed and referred to the Committee of the Whole,

Which motion prevailed.

H. B. No. 190,

"An Act Concerning Lost Instruments,"

By Mr. Jones,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

H. B. No. 192,

"An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization, Management, Control, Regulation and Supervision of Banks and Providing Penalties for the Violation of the Provisions of this Act and Repealing Chapter 4 of the Session Laws of 1897 of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Williamson,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

H. B. No. 203,

"An Act Establishing an Experimental Station in Connection with the Agricultural and Normal University at Langston, Oklahoma Territory,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

C. B. No. 226,

"An Act Providing for the Compensation of County Attorney,"

By Mr. Biddison,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

C. B. No. 228,

"An Act Relating to Municipal Indebtedness,"

By Mr. Brett,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations.

House Substitute for H. B. No. 41,

"An Act Defining the Rights of Women,"

By Mr. McElrath,

Was read a second time.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the bill be substituted for

C. B. No. 32 and placed on the Calendar.

Councilor Biddison raised the point of order that the bill could not be substituted without suspending the rules which was overruled by the President.

Councilor Hutto's motion then prevailed and the bill was ordered placed on the Calendar.

H. B. No. 168,

"An Act to Create the County of McKinley out of Woods County, Territory of Oklahoma, Providing for the Organization

Thereof, Filling Vacancies in the Offices Created and Providing for the Distribution of Property and Indebtedness of Woods County and Relating to the Records and Taxes Thereof and Repealing all Acts and Parts of Acts in Connection Herewith,"

By Mr. Hartshorn,

Was read a second time.

Councilor Havens moved

That the bill be placed on the Calendar.

Councilor Garrison moved as an amendment

That the bill be referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs which motion as amended prevailed.

H. B. No. 182,

"An Act to Amend Sections 27 and 30, Article 1 and Section 25, Article 3, Chapter 44, Laws of 1893, Relating to Insurance,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.

H. B. No. 200,

"An Act Providing for the Distribution of the Funds Arising from the Leasing of Land Reserved for the University, Agricultural College and Normal School Purposes,"

By Mr. Olmsted,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Councilor Clarke presented

C. R. No. 37, which was adopted by unanimous consent.

The Resolution is as follows:

COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO. 37.

"Resolved That the Council has learned with profound regret of the sudden death of the child of Harry N. Horner, Assistant Chief Clerk of the Council and we extend to him our sincere sympathy in his great affliction."

By unanimous consent the rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 195,

"An Act Legalizing Purchases of Real Estate Heretofore Made by the City of Guthrie, Oklahoma Territory,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10, nays 0; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting:

Bellamy, Brett and Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed bills have carefully examined the Committee's substitute for C. B. No. 90 and report the same correctly engrossed.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman pro tem.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
GEO. H. BRETT."

Committee substitute for C. B. No. 90,

"An Act to Amend An Act entitled 'An Act to Provide for a Public Inspector of Oils and Burning Fluids and Prescribing his Duties,'"

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the reading of the bill be dispensed with,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 10 and Council amendments thereto, and report the same correctly engrossed.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman pro tem.
FRANK A. HUTTO.
GEO. H. BRETT."

H. B. No. 10,

"An Act to Authorize City Council of the Cities of the First and Second Class, Towns and Villages to Contract for the Cultivating of Trees and Providing Payment Therefor,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 0; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Havens, Thacker and Winkler.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 119 and amendments thereto and report the same correctly engrossed.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman pro tem.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
GEO. H. BRETT."

H. B. No. 119,

"An Act Providing for the Dissection of the Dead, for the Advancement of Medical Science and Procuring Subjects Therefor,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 3; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison, Havens and Winkler.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 49,

"An Act Relating to and Amendatory of Sections 5 and 14, of Chapter 8, of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893, entitled 'An Act Creating a Board of Health and Regulating the Practice of Medicine,' "

Was placed on third reading.

Councilor Huston moved

That further reading be dispensed with.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the bill lie on the table, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 201; also C. B. No. 15 and C. B. No. 146 with amendments. The bills and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council do not concur in House amendments to C. B. No. 146,

Which motion prevailed.

Action on C. B. No. 15 was passed over until 2 o'clock P. M.

H. B. No. 201,

"An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 32, Session Laws of 1897,"

Was by consent read first and second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefullly examined Council amendments to H. B. No. 26 and H. B. No. 74 and report the same correctly engrossed.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman pro tem.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
GEO. H. BRETT."

H. B. No. 26,

"An Act to Create a Territorial Land Office and a Commissioner Thereof and Providing for a Board of Territorial Land Commissioners and to Prescribe the Duties of Said Officer and to Provide for the Leasing and Management of all Lands Owned or Controlled by the Territory of Oklahoma, and for Other Purposes,"

Was placed on third reading.

By consent the blank fixing the amount of the Commissioner's bond was filled with the figures $25,000.00.

Councilor Biddison moved

That further reading of the bill be dispensed with,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 3; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Hutto, Magness and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

H. B. No. 74,

"An Act Fixing the Salaries of Territorial Officers and Limiting Expenditures for Contingent Expenses, Etc.,"

Was placed on third reading.

Councilor Biddison moved

That further reading of the bill be dispensed with,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 1; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Hutto.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

"Mr. President The Committees of the Council and House on Enrolled and Engrossed bills jointly have carefully examined C. B. No. 225 and C. B. No. 156 and report the same correctly enrolled.

A. J. BIDDISON,
Chairman pro-tem of the Council Committee.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman Committee of the House."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 225 and

C. B. No. 156,

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the rules be suspended and all bills received from the House be read a second time and referred to Committee,

Which motion prevailed.

H. B. No. 185,

H. B. No. 206, and

H. B. No. 197,

Were referred to the Committee of the Whole and ordered placed on the Calendar.

H. B. No. 133,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Education.

H. B. No. 198 and

H. B. No. 157

Were read a second time and ordered placed on the Calendar.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Military Affairs to whom was referred C. B. No. 172, C. B. No. 173, C. B. No. 218 and C. B. No. 221, relating to the Territorial Militia, have had said bills under consideration and report back to the Council a Substitute for the same with the recommendation that it do pass.

SIDNEY CLARKE, Chairman,
WM. GARRISON,
A. J. BIDDISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to whom was referred C. B. No. 101, 'An Act Providing to License Peddlers,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Clarke introduced

C. B. No. 231,

"An Act Regulating Fees of Clerks of District Courts,"

Which was read by title.

Councilor Huston presented

C. R. No. 38,

And moved its adoption,

Which motion prevailed.

The Resolution is as follows:

"Resolved, That there be appointed by the President of the Council a Committee of three whose duty it shall be to examine all bills coming before said Council and to report upon the order in which the same should be considered in the order of their importance."

C. B. No. 215 and

C. B. No. 229,

Were made special orders for 2 o'clock P. M.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 181. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 181.

"An Act Relating to Revenues,"

By Mr. Merten.

Was read by title.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council concur in the

House Substitute for C. B. No. 116.

Councilor Clarke offered an amendment,

Which was ruled out of order by the President.

The question being shall the amendment be concurred in, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Winkler.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the amendment was declared duly concurred in.

H. B. No. 58,

"An Act to Amend Sections 3 and 4 of Article 2, Chapter 70, Statutes of 1893, Changing the Time of Listing Property,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting

Councilor Bellamy.

Present and not voting:
Thacker and Gandy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was then agreed to.

Councilor Thacker introduced

C. B. No. 232,

"An Act Requiring the Boards of County Commissioners to Divide Their Counties Into Justice of the Peace Districts,"

Which was read by title.

Also C. B. No. 233,

"An Act Declaring the Slaughter of Diseased Animals an Offense,"

Which was read by title.

Also by request

C. B. No. 234,

"An Act to Amend Section 66, Chapter 15, Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Fees and Salaries,"

Which was read by title.

By consent the rules were suspended and

C. B. No. 232 and

C. B. No. 233

Were read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole and ordered placed on the Calendar.

C. B. No. 234

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 215 and

C. B. No. 229

Which motion prevailed, and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Winkler in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has refused to concur in Council amendments to H. B. No. 26, H. B. No. 74 and H. B. No. 119; also that the House has refused to recede from its amendments to C. B. No. 146 and asks a conference on the same. The Speaker has appointed as conferees on part of the House, Messers Vankirk, Hadley and Ballard.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President of the Council appointed as conferees on
C. B. No. 146
Councilors Hutto, Thacker and Magness.
Councilor Biddison moved
That the Council insist upon its amendments to
H. B. No. 74
And ask for a conference on the same,
Which motion prevailed.

The President appointed as such conferees on the part of the Council
Councilors Biddison, Brett and Thacker.
Councilor Huston moved
That the Council recede from its amendments to
H. B. No. 119,
Which motion prevailed.
Councilor Gandy moved
That the Council insist upon its amendments to
H. B. No. 26
And appoint a Conference Committee,
Which motion prevailed.
The President appointed as such Committee
Councilors Brett, Winkler and Magness.

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 165, C. B. No. 193, C. B. No. 30, C. B. No. 224, and C. B. No. 26 without amendments. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Council again resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole have had under consideration
"C. B. No. 215 and
"C. B. No. 229 and direct me to report the following recommendation: That C. B. No. 215 do pass as amended; that C. B. No. 229 remain on the Calendar.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman."

Councilor Hutto moved
That the report of the Committee of the Whole be adopted ex-

cept as to amendments on which notice had been given that the ayes and nays would be demanded,

Which motion prevailed.

The roll was called on the adoption of the amendment to section 2, line 2, striking out 40,000 and inserting 20,000, with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr, President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Biddison.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Roll call on amendment in section 2, line 5, striking out 25,000 and inserting 12,500: Ayes 11; nays 1; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Biddison.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Roll call on amendment to section 2, line 8 striking out 15,000 and inserting 10,000. Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison and Huston.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Roll call on the amendment to section 2, striking out 5,000 and inserting 7,500. Ayes 8; nays 4; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilor voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Clarke, Havens and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the rules be suspended,

C. B. No. 215 be considered engrossed read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being on the suspension of the rules, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 3; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Havens and Huston.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Brett.

A two-thirds majority of the Council present having voted in the affirmative the rules were suspended and the bill read a third time and placed on final passage.

Councilor Biddison raised the point of order that the rules and the statutes provide that the rules shall be suspended only by a two-thirds majority of all members elected, which was overruled by the President.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 3; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Havens and Huston.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Brett.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred H. B. No. 133, 'An Act to Regulate the Practice of Barbering, Creating a Territorial Board of Examination and Inspection Commissioners and Prescribing Penalties for Violations of this Act,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass as amended.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
FELIX L. WINKLER."

Councilor Thacker moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 207,
H. B. No. 24,
H. B. No. 158,
C. B. No. 14,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Winkler in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration certain bills and direct me to report the following recommendations:

"That Committee Substitute for C. B. No. 207 do pass as amended;

"That H. B. No. 24 do pass as amended, and

"That C. B. No. 158 do pass as amended.

FELIX L. WINKLER, Chairman."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole be adopted and the bills be ordered engrossed

Which motion prevailed.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the Speaker has appointed as conferees on H. B. No. 74 Messrs. Olmsted, Hadley and Holliday. Also on H. B. No. 146 Messrs. Hartshorn, Jones and Doyle. Also on H. B. No. 26 Messrs. Merten, Wilkins and Ballard.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Wednesday, March 8, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifty-eighth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Wednesday, March 8, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

The President announced the appointment of Councilors Huston, Havens and Winkler as the Sifting Committee provided for by Council Resolution No. 38.

The Clerk began reading the Journal of the previous day.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the further reading of the Journal be dispensed with and the Journal be approved.

The motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 207 and report the same correctly engrossed.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman pro tem.
FRANK A. HUTTO.
CHAS. M. THACKER."

C. B. No. 207,

"An Act Empowering the District Boards of District No's 49 and 50 of Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma to Locate and Maintain a School House at the Village of Deer Creek in said County,"

Which was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 1; absent and not voting 4; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Hutto and Winkler.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Biddison.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Havens.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared passed.

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 188 and C. B. No. 90 without amendments. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 188,

"An Act Concerning Physicians and Surgeons,"

By Mr. Duffy,

Was read by title.

"Mr. President: The Committees on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills of the Council and House have jointly examined H. B. No. 10, H. B. No. 58, and H. B. No. 95; also C. B. No. 118, C. B. No. 198, C. B. No. 116, C. B. No. 165, C. B. No. 224, C. B. No. 30, C. B. No. 26, C. B. No. 15 and C. B. No. 193 and report the same correctly enrolled.

A. J. BIDDISON,
Chairman pro tem, Council Committee.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman House Committee."

C. B. No. 231,

"An Act Regulating the Fees of Clerks of District Courts in Criminal Cases,"

By Mr. Clarke,

Was read a second time and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

H. B. No. 181,

"An Act Relating to Revenues,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read a second time and referred to the Sifting Committee.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 66 and other bills on the Calendar under the head of general orders,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Gandy in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the Speaker has signed H. B. No. 10, H. B. No. 58 and H. B. No. 195. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration certain bills under the head of general orders and direct me to report the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 66 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No. 200 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No. 201 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No.79 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No. 185 do pass as amended;
"That C. B. No. 220 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No. 167 do pass as amended;
"And that C. B. No. 227 do pass as amended.

JAS. P. GANDY, Chairman."

Councilor Huston moved

That all amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole, except those on which notice of the roll call had been given, be adopted and the bills ordered engrossed,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Winkler moved

That all bills on the Calendar be referred to the Sifting Committee.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.,

Which motion was defeated.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M.,

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

The roll was called on amendments to H. B. No. 79, Section 1, line 5, to strike out "$1.50" and insert "$1.00" with the following result: Ayes 2; nays 5; absent 5; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Havens and Huston.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto and Mr. President.

(Councilor Hutto having changed his vote for the purpose of moving a reconsideration.)

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison, Bellamy, Brett, Thacker and Winkler.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the amendment was declared defeated.

Councilor Hutto demanded a call of the Council, which was ordered.

The call of the Council resulted as follows:

Present, 10; absent 3.

Councilors present were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent were:

Bellamy, Biddison and Thacker.

The Sergeant-at-Arms brought in the absentees.

Councilor Gandy moved

That further business under call of the Council be dispensed with, which motion prevailed.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the vote by which the amendment to section 1 of H. B. No. 79 was defeated be reconsidered.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 3; nays 10.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Huston, Hutto and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clark, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

The motion to reconsider having failed to receive a majority the motion did not prevail.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the bill be ordered engrossed. The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Huston, Hutto and Winkler.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the bill was ordered engrossed.

The President announced that he was about to sign:

C. B. No. 118,
C. B. No. 198,
C. B. No. 116,
C. B. No. 165,
C. B. No. 224,
C. B. No. 30,
C. B. No. 26,
C. B. No. 15,
C. B. No. 193 and,
H. B. No. 10,
H. B. No. 58 and
H. B. No. 195

And afterwards announced that he had signed the same.

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 207, H. B. No. 210 and H. B. No. 211. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 207,

"An Act Repealing Article 2, Chapter 26, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, of 1897,"

By Mr. Merten,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 210,

"An Act to Promote and Encourage the Industry of Cotton Manufacture in the Territory of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Ballard,

Was read by title.

H. B. No. 211,

"An Act Providing for the Bonding of the Indebtedness of School Districts and Townships,"

By Mr. Stevens,

Was read by title.

Councilor Biddison introduced

C. R. No. 39, as follows:

"Resolved, That no member of the Council shall speak longer than two minutes at any one time when any three members shall object and this Resolution shall apply to debates both in the Council and in the Committee of the Whole on bills reported by the Sifting Committee."

Councilor Gandy objected to the immediate consideration of the resolution and it went over.

Councilor Biddison moved to adopt
Council Resolution No. 39,
But objection was made and the motion was withdrawn.

Councilor Havens offered an amendment to
H. B. No. 185, at the end of section 2, which was agreed to,
And the bill was ordered engrossed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs to whom was referred H. B. No. 171, 'An Act to Regulate the Term of Office of the County Superintendent of Public Instruction, have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK. A. HUTTO, Chairman,
A. H. HUSTON,
JAS. P. GANDY."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Elections, to whom was referred C. B. No. 133, 'An Act to Apportion the Territory into Council and Representative Districts,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK. A. HUTTO, Chairman,
JAS. P. GANDY.
GEO. H. BRETT."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred H. B. No. 161, 'An Act Relating to County Buildings,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

FRANK. A. HUTTO, Chairman,
C. M. THACKER,
JAS. P. GANDY."

"Mr. President: Your Conference Committee appointed to adjust the difference between the Council and House in regard to C. B. No. 146 beg leave to make the following report: The House has receded from its amendments to section 1 of said bill, and your Committee has agreed with the House conferees to insert the following words: 'by non-residents' after the word 'Terrritory' in the ninth line of the engrossed bill.

FRANK. A. HUTTO, Chairman,
B. P. MAGNESS."

Councilor Hutto moved, that the report of the Conference Committee be adopted, the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 5; nays 7; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Hutto and Magness.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Havens, Huston, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the report of the Committee was not adopted.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council ask a further conference and appoint a Committee which motion prevailed

The President appointed

Councilors Hutto, Magness and Thacker as conferees.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 78, Council Substitute for H. B. No. 43, and House Substitute for C. B. No. 159 without amendments. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Biddison called up

C. R. No. 39 and moved its adoption.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the resolution, the resolution was declared to be adopted.

Councilor Gandy called for the reading of

House amendments to C. B. No. 44,

And moved that the Council non-concur in same and ask for a conference,

Which motion prevailed.

The President appointed as conferees

Councilors Gandy, Garrison and Biddison.

Councilor Thacker asked that the order to engross

C. B. No. 26

Be receded and the bill be considered engrossed which was ordered.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 200 and H. B. No. 201 and report the same correctly engrossed

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT."

H. B. No. 200,

"An Act Providing for the Distribution of the Funds Arising from Leasing of Land Reserved for the University, Agricultural College and Normal School,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Biddison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 201,

"An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 33, Session Laws of 1897,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Biddison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

C. B. No. 235,

"An Act Making Appropriations for Current Territorial Expenses for the Years of 1899 and 1900 and for Other Purposes,"

Was presented by the Committee on Ways and Means, read first and second time under suspension of the rules and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

"Mr. President: Your Sifting Committee, having had under consideration the following bills report the same back to the Council to be considered and acted upon in the following order: First, C. B. No. 133, Apportionment Bill; second H. B. No. 192, the Banking Bill; third, C. B. No. 185, Legalizing Purchases of Real Estate in Shawnee; fourth, H. B. No. 181, Relating to Revenue; fifth, C. B. No. 27, the Dentist Bill; sixth, C. B. No. 142, Relating to Langston School; seventh, C. B. No. 98, Territorial Geologist.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman.
H. E. HAVENS,
FELIX L. WINKLER."

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

C. B. No. 133 and other bills reported by the Sifting Committee.

Councilor Bellamy moved as a substitute

H. B. No. 65 and other bills on the Calendar, which was ruled out of order by the President.

"Mr. President: The Joint Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills of the Council and House have carefully examined C. B. No. 90 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman of Council Committee.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman of House Committee."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 90

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Thacker introduced the following bills which were read by title:

C. B. No. 236,

"An Act Relating to Landlords and Tenants";

C. B. No. 237,

"An Act to Provide Compensation for Sheriffs for Conveying Prisoners to the Penitentiary and Insane Persons to the Insane Asylum of the Territory of Oklahoma,"

C. B. No. 238,

"An Act to Amend Section 11, Chapter 19, Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Irrigation."

Councilor Huston's motion was then adopted and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Hutto in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the Speaker has appointed as conferees on C. B. No. 44 Messrs. Hartshorn, Smith and Koch. Also as conferees on C. B. No. 146 Messrs. Jones, Doyle, and Wood. Also that the House has concurred in Council amendments to H. B. No. 200 and H. B. No. 201.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"To the President of the Council: I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 90 Substitute, 'An Act to Amend An Act entitled 'An Act to Provide for the Public Inspector of Oils and Burning Fluids and Prescribing his Duties,' and have transmitted the same to the Secretary of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration bills reported by the Sifting Committee, direct me to report the following recommendation:

"That C. B. No. 133, Substitute, be passed;

"That they have considered H. B. No. 192, recommend that it be printed and ask leave to sit again.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman."

"Mr. President: Your Conference Committee appointed to adjust the differences between the House and Council upon H. B. No. 74 recommend as follows: That the House concur in the Council amendments to section 1; that the Council recede from its amendment to section 3; that the House concur in the Council amendments to section 4; that the House concur in the Council amendments to section 5; that the House concur in the Council amendments to section 6 except that in lieu of $1500 allowed for contingent expenses, etc., the amount be placed at $2000 for said purposes; that the House concur in Council amendments to section 7, except that in lieu of $1000 for salary, rent, etc., there shall be allowed $1200 therefor; the House to concur in the amendments to section 8 and also to sections 9, 10, 11 and 12.

A. J. BIDDISON
CHAS. M. THACKER,
Conferees on Part of the Council.
J. M. HOLLIDAY,
J. W. HADLEY,
C. W. OLMSTED,
Conferees on the Part of the House."

Councilor Biddison moved

That the report be adopted. The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Hutto and Magness.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the report was declared duly concurred in.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined Council amendments to H. B. No. 185 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT."

The rules were suspended and

H. B. No. 207,

H. B. No. 210 and

H. B. No. 211 were read by title the second time.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council take a recess until 8 o'clock A. M., which motion prevailed.

EVENING SESSION.

The Council met 8 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

H. B. No. 185,

"An Act to Provide for the Maintenance and Annual Encamppment of the Militia of the Territory of Oklahoma,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 2; absent and not voting 2: present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Bellamy, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke and Garrison.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison and Hutto.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

C. B. No. 66,

"An Act Authorizing and Prescribing the Procedure for the Taking up and Sale of Estrays and Repealing Article 3, of Chapter 2 Statutes of 1893,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 0; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws, to whom was referred H. B. No. 182, 'An Act to Amend Sections 27 and 30, Article 1, and Section 25, Article 3, Chapter 44, Laws of 1893, Relating to Insurance,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be placed on the Calendar.

CHAS. M. THACKER,
H. E. HAVENS,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 215, and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 167, and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

H. B. No. 167,

"An Act Authorizing and Directing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of a Book Entitled 'Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions,' and Providing for the Payment and Distribution of the Same,' "

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 0; absent and not voting 2; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and no voting were:

Biddison and Thacker.

Councilors present and not voting:

Bellamy and Clarke.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills, have carefully examined C. B. No. 158 and H. B. No. 24, report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON.'

C. B. No. 158,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 6, of Article 4, of Chapter 12 of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled 'Public Weigher and Other Officers,' "

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy and Clarke.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 24,

"An Act to Amend An Act to Provide for the Protection of Domestic Animals, for the Creation of a Live Stock Sanitary Commission, Rules and Regulations, to Provide Penalties for the Violation of the Same and to Repeal Sections 3, 4, 6 and 17 of Chapter 31 Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1897,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 2; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Hutto and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Education, to whom was referred H. B. No. 203, 'An Act Legalizing an Experimental Station in Connection with the Agricultural and Normal University at Langston,' have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it be placed on the Calendar.

B. P. MAGNESS, Chairman.
WM. GARRISON,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

House Amendments to C. B. No. 84 were read.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council non-concur to the amendments, which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the amendments be concurred in,

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8 nays 2; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Havens and Huston.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Biddison and Brett.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the amendments were declared duly concurred in.

House amendments to Council Substitute for H. B. No. 43 were read.

Councilor Clarke moved

That the Council concur in the amendments.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 2; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Bellamy; Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison and Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Gandy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the amendments were declared duly concurred in.

Councilor Thacker called for the reading of House substitute for

C. B. No. 159 and moved that the Council concur in the same.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 4; absent and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Gandy, Huston and Hutto.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison and Havens.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the substitute was declared duly adopted.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B . No. 133, Substitute, and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS M. THACKER."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 227, C. B. No. 220, and Council amendments to H. B. No. 79 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS M. THACKER."

C. B. No. 227,

"An Act Providing for Supplemental Tax Rolls."

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 0; absent and not voting 3; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were.

Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison, Brett and Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

C. B. No. 220,

"An Act to Amend Section 4, of Article 1, of Chapter 41 of the Session Laws of 1895, of the Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, entitled 'Misdemeanors before Probate or Districts Courts,' "

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8 nays 2; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke and Garrison.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison, Brett and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 79,

"An Act to Amend Section 47, of Chapter 15, Session Laws of 1897, Prescribing the Fees paid to Witnesses,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 3; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Huston, Hutto and Winkler.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison, Brett and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of

H. B. No. 192 and other bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Hutto in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar direct me to report the following recommendation:

"That H. B. No. 192 be passed;

"That C. B. No. 185 be passed;

"That H. B. No. 181 be passed.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman."

Councilor Hutto moved

That the report of the Committee of the Whole be adopted,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. Thursday, March 9, 1899.

Councilor Gandy moved to amend

By substituting 9 o'clock for 10 o'clock,

Which motion prevailed and the Council adjourned until 9 o'clock A. M. Thursday, March 9, 1899.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Fifty-ninth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Thursday, March 9, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 9 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

On motion of Councilor Clarke

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and it was declared approved.

Councilor Gandy presented C. R. No. 40

"Resolved, That all bills remaining in the hands of the various Committees at 12 o'clock M. March 9, be turned over to the Sifting Committee."

The Resolution went over under the rules.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 133, Substitute, and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
A. J. BIDDISON."

Councilor Havens moved

That all bills in the hands of Committees be referred to the Sifting Committee.

Councilor Garrison raised the point of order that the motion contained subject matter of a Resolution that had gone over under the rules, which was sustained by the President.

C. B. No. 133, Substitute,

"An Act Apportioning the Territory of Oklahoma into Council and Representative Districts",

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 2; nays 6; absent and not voting 5.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Gandy and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Huston, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President. (Councilor Huston voting "nay", in order to move a reconsideration.)

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Havens and Hutto.

A call of the Council was ordered with the following result: Present 12; absent 1.

Councilors present were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent:

Councilor Bellamy.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on H. B. No. 74.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Huston moved that the vote on

C. B. No. 133 be reconsidered, which motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 4; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Magness and Thacker.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Biddison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws, to whom was referred H. B. No. 166, 'An Act Incorporating the Oklahoma Chautauqua Association of Kingfisher County, Oklahoma Territory," have had said bill under consideration and report the same back to the Council with the recommendation that it do pass.

CHAS. M. THACKER, Chairman.
FELIX L. WINKLER,
H. E. HAVENS."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has concurred in Council amendments to H. B. No. 167; also in Council amendment to H. B. No. 24.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The roll was called on Councilor Biddison's amendment to H. B. No. 181. At the end of section No. 1 insert, "and they shall also be liable for taxation for the salary, contingent, poor, supply and Judgment funds," with the following result: Ayes 3; nays 8; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Garrison and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Thacker.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

Present and not voting:

Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the amendment was defeated.

Councilor Biddison demanded a call of the Council which was ordered and resulted as follows: Present 12; absent 1.

Councilors present were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent:

Councilor Bellamy.

The Sergeant-at-Arms was ordered to bring in the absentees and after some time reported that Mr. Bellamy could not be found.

Councilor Gandy moved

That further business under call of the Council be dispensed with,

Which motion prevailed.

The question being on the amendment offered to H. B. No. 181, "Provided, That the Territory shall pay the expenses of assessing such reservation," the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 3; nays 8; absent 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Clarke, and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the nagative were:

Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting,
Councilor Bellamy.

Present and not voting,
Councilor Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the amendment was declared defeated.

The question being on the amendment to H. B. No. 181. "Provided, nothing herein shall affect taxes of any fund levied and assessed for the year 1898," the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 5; nays 7; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:
Bellamy, Biddison, Garrison, Havens and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:
Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Thacker.

Present and not voting:
Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the amendment was declared defeated.

H. B. No. 181,
"An Act Relating to Revenues"
Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:
Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:
Bellamy, Garrison and Winkler.

Councilor Biddison sent the following explanation to the clerk's desk.

"Mr. President: I vote aye for the purpose of moving a reconsideration. A. J. Biddison."

The title of the bill was agreed to.

Councilor Gandy moved
That the vote by which the bill passed be reconsidered and that the motion to reconsider lie on the table.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 4; absent 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:
Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were.
Bellamy, Biddison, Garrison, Winkler.

Absent:
Councilor Brett.

Motion to table was duly carried.

C. B. No. 236,

"An Act Relating to Landlords and Tenants,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read second time and placed on the Calendar.

C. B. No. 237,

"An Act to Provide Compensation for Sheriffs for Conveying Prisoners to the Penitentiary and Insane Persons to the Insane Asylum of the Territory of Oklahoma,"

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and placed on the Calendar.

C. B. No. 238,

"An Act to Amend Section 11, Chapter 19, Session Laws of 1897, 'Relating to Irrigation,' "

By Mr. Thacker,

Was read a second time and placed on the Calendar.

H. B. No. 207,

"An Act Repealing Article 2, Chapter 26, Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1897."

Was read a second time and referred to the Sifting Committee.

H. B. No. 210,

"An Act to Promote and Encourage the Industry of Cotton Manufacture in the Territory of Oklahoma,"

My Mr. Ballard,

Was read a second time and referred to the Sifting Committee.

H. B. No. 211,

"An Act Providing for the Bonding of the Indebtedness of School Districts and Townships,"

Was read a second time and referred to the Sifting Committee.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for consideration of bills on the Sifting Committee Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Huston in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has refused to concur in Council amendments to H. B. No. 79.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Clarke moved

That the Council insist on its amendments and ask for a conference.

Councilor Biddison moved as an amendment

That the Council recede from its amendments.

By request this amendment was withdrawn and the original motion prevailed.

The President appointed:

Councilors Biddison, Thacker and Winkler as conferees on part of the Council.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your honorable body H. B. No. 200 and H. B. No. 201 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"Guthrie, Oklahoma, March 9, 1899.

"To the Honorable Council Fifth Legislative Assembly:

"Gentlemen: I believe that the people of Oklahoma desire Statehood in the American Union, because it is the highest and best form of Free Government known to the children of men, and I am in hearty sympathy with this desire and purpose; but I do not believe, all things considered, that the enactment of this bill into a law would advance the interests of Oklahoma toward the fruition of our hopes one iota. No sincere man will for a moment contend the statement that a state government would be much more expensive to maintain, than is our present Territorial government. The expenses of a State Government must be borne by taxation of the property of the people, and the people of Oklahoma who pay the taxes are not in condition, nor do they wish to assume any additional burden of that character. It is true that our people have been generally prosperous for the past few years, but it is as well for those who have in keeping the welfare of the State, as it is for the individual, to consider carefully the result of any proposed enterprise before taking a step that will incur additional obligations and increased assessments to meet them. We should not forget that Oklahoma is in some respects as yet an experiment. We might have a recurrence of the dry seasons of 1894 and 1895. This bill provides for the holding of two special elections, the expenses of which must be borne by the several counties. This, added to the expense of the proposed constitutional convention, will amount in the aggregate to not less than forty thousand, or perhaps to as much as sixty thousand dollars. This expenditure should not be made unless we are sure of receiving therefor a corresponding benefit. The recent action of Congress refusing to ratify treaties with the Cherokees and Creeks, pledging the United States to a policy of continued separation of the two Territories, is significant to the thoughtful mind and indicates a well settled and determined purpose in the minds of senators and representatives never to admit Oklahoma and the Indian Territory as two states. And I feel sure that the ultimate destiny of the two Territories is that of Single Statehood. This being true, to hold a Constitutional Convention at this time to form a Constitution for Oklahoma upon the lines laid down in this bill would not advance the matter in the slightest degree, but on the contrary, would retard and hinder the growth of a healthful political sentiment in the Indian Territory in favor of such a Union. With the Indian Territory incorporated with Oklahoma in one State we would place a star upon the flag of our country whose lustre would not be dimmed by the constellation of magnificent States by which we are surrounded. Our varied resources of timber, mineral, agricultural and grazing lands would forever furnish the necessary supplies to pay the expenses of a first class State Government, and enable us to build and maintain penal, reformatory and eleemosynary institutions that would compare favorably with those of the most advanced and progressive people, and all without the people who must always pay the taxes for the suport of the government, feeling in the slightest degree the burden of excessive demand by the tax gatherers. On the other hand, Oklahoma, with her resources restricted to agriculture and the raising of cattle, without the hope even of development of coal or other minerals in paying quantities, or the development of manufacturing industries, would be but a weak and feeble Commonwealth in the great sisterhood of States. We have never, as yet, raised a revenue in any one year sufficient to pay the running expenses of our Territorial government, and a casual deficit has been steadily increasing year by year. By reason of the federal limitations upon our debt creating power, and by reason of a careful and economical administration of Territorial laws aided in no small degree by the general government which pays a large share of our governmental expenses, we have been able to maintain the credit and good name of our Territory. The taxable valuation placed last year at about fifty millions [illegible] [illegible] the people and the [illegible] [illegible] House [illegible] of Representatives [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] House Bill No. 13 being [illegible] tion of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma,' to the Honorable Council in which it originated, without my approval.

Very Respectfully,
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

Councilor Havens asked that further action on the bill returned by the Governor be passed for the present, which was ordered.

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration bills on the Sifting Committee Calendar and direct me to report the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 27 do pass;

"That C. B. No. 142 do pass;

"That C. B. No. 98 do pass;

"That they have made progress on C. B. No. 230 and ask leave to sit again.

A. H. HUSTON, Chairman."

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council take a recess until 2 o'clock P. M., which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 2 o'clock P. M. and was called to order by the President.

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 200 and

H. B. No. 201

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: Your Committee appointed to confer with a like Committee from the House in regard to the differences between the two Houses in regard to C. B. No. 41, 'An Act Prescribing and Defining the Power and Duties of County Assessors and Providing for Compensation for their Services,' beg leave to submit the following report: We recommend that [illegible] and that the [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] on Part of [illegible]

Councilor Gandy moved

That the report of the Conference Committee be adopted.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Huston and Hutto.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the report of the Conference Committee was declared duly adopted.

First report of Conferees on H. B. No. 26.

"Mr. President: The conferees appointed on the part of the Council having had under consideration the Council amendments to H. B. No. 26 make report to the Council with the following recommendations: That in the Council amendments, after the word 'of' in the second line of the title, the word 'public land trustees' be stricken out and the words 'Territorial land commissioners' be inserted; that the Council recede from the proposed amendments to section 1 and section 2; that the Council insist upon the proposed amendments to section 3, section 5, and to the amendments to section 6, and to the amendments to section 10 and section 11; that the Council recede from the proposed amendment to section 12 and that the said section be amended as follows: After the word 'relinquishment' in line 3, strike out the remainder of the section and add the following 'and one-half of the same shall be credited to the fund to which the land belongs, and one-half shall go to the Commissioners.' That the Council insist upon the proposed amendment to section 13 beginning in line 15 and ending in line 18 and that the Council recede from the proposed amendment to said section in line 28; that the Council insist upon the proposed amendment to section 14 and section 15; that the Council recede from the proposed amendment to section 16 and section 18; that the Council insist upon the proposed amendment to section 19; that the Council recede from the proposed amendments to sections 20 and 21; that the Council insist upon the proposed amendments to section 22 and section 23 and the striking out of section 24; that the Council recede from the proposed amendments to section 25 and from the change in section 26; that the Council insist upon the proposed amendments to section 27 and recede from the change in number of the section; that the Council recede from the proposed amendments to section 28; that the Council insist upon the amendment as new section 29 and consent that the words therein 'a Board of Public Land Trustees,' be stricken out and the words 'Territorial Board of Land Commissioners' be inserted, and that the words 'from each district' be stricken out; that wherever, the words 'Board of Public Land Trustees' and 'the Public Lands Board' appear in any of said amendments, the same be stricken out and the words inserted which appear in the original bill.

GEO. H. BRETT,
On the Part of the Council.
W. H. MERTEN,
On the Part of the House."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the report be adopted.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the Speaker has appointed Messrs. Stevens, Doyle and Wilkins, as conferees on H. B. No. 79.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The message from the Governor returning C. B. No. 2, without his approval, was read as follows:

"To the Honorable Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly:

Gentlemen: C. B. No. 2, being 'An Act to Prohibit Territorial Officials from Issuing or Paying any Warrant, or Order, in Excess of Appropriations of the Legislative Assembly, and to Prohibit Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in any Manner in Bonds, Warrants or other Evidence of Public Indebtedness,' is before me. The Fifty-ninth day of our Session has arrived and no specific appropriation has as yet been made to carry on the various branches of the Territorial service and no bill for that purpose has been perfected in either branch of the Legislative Assembly. I feel sure that it is not the purpose of either branch of your Honorable Assembly to permit the session to expire without reasonable provision for the public service, but in view of the delay in considering and perfecting measures of this character it is not unlikely that matters of importance may be overlooked or inadvertently ommitted from any bill that may be hastily considered in the closing hours of the session. The law, as it now stands, prohibits the drawing of any warrant upon any fund after the appropriation therefor is exhausted, and any violation of that law is punishable as a misdemeanor. Our laws provide in many places for executive action in various public matters requiring the issuance of warrants upon the treasury, which our supreme court has decided that in the absence of specific appropriations are nevertheless authorized and necessary to carry out the purpose and intent of the law. The language of section 1 of this bill is so comprehensive that in the absence of specific and sufficient appropriations it would be impossible to carry into effect the provisions of the following statutes: Statutes of 1893, Chapter 1: Agricultural and Mechanical College, Chapter 53; Normal Schools, Chapter 84; University, Article 21, Chapter 68; Fugitives and Escaped Convicts; Laws of 1895, Chapter 48, Supreme Court Stenographers; Chapter 50, Veterinary Surgeons: Chapter 35, Militia; Laws of 1897, Chapter 1; Langston University; Chapter 16, Care of Insane, Deaf, Dumb and Blind; Section 13, Chapter 12, Assessors; Section 1, Chapter 36, Supreme Court Reports and Indexing. Even certificates showing service and allowance of accounts of Territorial Officers could not be issued, and all Territorial educational and charitable institutions must be closed. The present law seems to me to be amply sufficient to guard the Territory against the unlawful issuance of any form of warrant or order upon the Territory. I am advised that after a careful and thorough investigation of these matters by your Joint Committee no evidence has been found that any illegal warrants have ever been drawn with the possible exception of two or three which have been issued upon forged or fraudulent claims for amounts not exceeding the aggregate sum of one hundred dollars, and this bill would have no restraining effect in such cases. The embarrassing effect of this bill, if enacted, in case of an inadvertent omission to make sufficient or specific appropriation in many instances would be damaging to the public service and lead, perhaps, to extensive litigation in the courts, or to a failure to properly and effectively administer the laws of the Territory.

The second section of the bill is not particularly objectionable though I see but little merit in it. The law now prohibits the Territorial Treasurer, who is custodian of the public funds, from dealing or trafficing in Territorial bonds or warrants, and no Territorial officer is now, or has been while in office, engaged in the business of so doing.

I therefore feel constrained to return this bill to your Honorable Body in which it originated, without my approval.

Very respectfully,
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

By consent further action on the bill was deferred.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"To the President of the Council:

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 59, 'An Act Authorizing and Empowering Cities of the First Class to Provide and Contract for the Sprinkling of Streets' and have filed the same with the Territorial Secretary.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has refused to agree to the conference report on H. B. No. 26 and aks for a further conference. The Speaker has appointed as conferees Messrs. Vankirk, Malley and Clark.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Clarke presented

C. C. R. No. 7,

Directing the President of the Council to forward to the President of the United States a copy of the report of the Investigating Committee, which went over under the rules.

Councilor Hutto moved

That the report of the Investigating Committee be made a special order for 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow, which motion prevailed.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 99, with amendments.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Garrison moved

That the Council concur in the House amendments to C. B. No. 99.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 2; present and not voting 2; absent 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Magness and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Havens and Thacker.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Biddison and Winkler.

Absent:

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the amendments were duly concurred in.

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Council and House on Enrolled and Engrossed bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 159, C. B. No. 84 and C. B. No. 78 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman on Part of the Council.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman on Part of the House."

Councilor Bellamy presented

C. J. R. No. 3,

Memorializing the President and Congress of the United States in relation to public lands.

Councilor Gandy moved

That the Resolution be indefinitely postponed, which motion did not prevail.

The Resolution went over under the rules.

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 159,

C. B. No. 84 and

C. B. No. 78

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 185 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
GEO. H. BRETT."

C. B. No. 185,

"An Act to Legalize the Purchase of Real Estate Heretofore Made in the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Territory,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison, Havens and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

Councilor Clarke called up C. B. No. 2.

The question being shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objection of the Governor? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 5; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Gandy, Huston and Hutto, (Councilor Biddison changing his vote from the affirmative to the negative for the purpose of moving a reconsideration.)

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Winkler.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Brett.

The bill having failed to receive a two-thirds majority of the votes of the Council was declared lost.

The President appointed

Councilors Garrison, Huston and Thacker

As a Committee for further conference on H. B. No. 26.

Councilor Biddison moved to reconsider the vote by which

C. B. No. 2 failed of passage notwithstanding the Governor's objection. The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Gandy, Huston and Hutto.

The motion to reconsider prevailed.

The question being shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objection of the Governor? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Gandy, Huston and Hutto.

Two-thirds of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed, notwithstanding the objections of the Governor.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"Guthrie, Oklahoma, March 9, 1899.

"To the Honorable Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

"Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit the following nominations to fill the offices mentioned for the term of two years, to-wit:

"To be Attorney General, Harper S. Cunningham, of Logan County.

"Territorial Treasurer, Frank M. Thompson, of Pawnee County.

"Superintendent of Public Instruction, Stewart N. Hopkins, of Canadian County.

"Oil Inspector, Amos A. Ewing of Kingfisher County.

"Bank Examiner, John M. Pugh, of Woodward County.

"To be Superintendent of Public Health, L. Haynes Buxton, of Oklahoma County.

"Vice-President Board of Health, Wilbur S. Hamilton, of Cleveland County.

"Territorial Librarian, Geo. H. Dodson, of Logan County.

"To be Members of the Board of Education, B. F. Nihart, of Oklahoma County and Geo. D. Moss, of Kingfisher County.

Very respectfully,
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

"Guthrie, Oklahoma, March 9, 1899.

"To the Honorable Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

"Gentlemen: I have the honor to nominate to be Members of the Board of Regents of the University of Oklahoma, for the term of four years the following named persons, to-wit:

"Henry E. Asp, of Logan County; C. O. Blake, of Canadian County; L. P. King, of Garfield County; Geo. W. Bellamy, of Canadian County, and C. L. Botsford, of Cleveland County.

Very respectfully,
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

"Guthrie, Oklahoma, March 9, 1899.

"To the Honorable Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

"Gentlemen: I have the honor to nominate the following named persons to be Members of the Board of Education of the Normal Schools of Oklahoma for the term mentioned, to-wit: L. J. Gunn, of Canadian County, for two years; D. D. Leach, of Oklahoma County, for four years.

Very respectfully,
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

"Guthrie, Oklahoma, March 9, 1899.

"To the Honorable Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

"Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit the following named gentlemen to be Members of the Board of Regents of the Colored Agricultural and Normal University, for the period of four years, to-wit:

"L. H. Holt, of Logan County; John W. Hamilton, of Oklahoma County, and E. O. Tyler, of Kingfisher County.

Very respectfully,
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

Councilor Hutto moved

That the Council now go into Executive Session for the consideration of the Governor's nominations.

Councilor Biddison moved as a substitute for the motion

That the matter be made a special order for to-morrow at 10 o'clock A. M.

Councilor Gandy moved to amend the substitute motion

By striking out 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow and inserting 8 o'clock to-night.

Councilor Clarke moved to amend the amendment

By adding the words "in open session."

The question being called on the amendment to the amendment the motion was lost.

The amendment to the substitute was then put and did not prevail.

The question being on the substitute, the substitute prevailed and the Governor's nominations were made a special order for 10 o'clock A. M., Friday, March 10, 1899.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 192 and report the same correctly engrossed as amended.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT."

H. B. No. 192,

"An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization, Management, Control, Regulation and Supervision of Banks, and Providing Penalties for the Violations of the Provisions of this Act, and Repealing Chapter 4 of the Session Laws of 1897,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent and not voting 1; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilors Biddison and Winkler.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

Council Bills No. 98, 142 and 27 were ordered engrossed.

Councilor Biddison moved

To adjourn until 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow, which motion did not prevail.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills reported by the Sifting Committee,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council do now adjourn until 9:30 o'clock Friday, March 10, 1899,

Which motion prevailed.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Sixtieth Day.

Territory of Oklahoma, Council Chamber.
Guthrie, Friday, March 10, 1899.

MORNING SESSION.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment at 9:30 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Reading of the Journal of the preceding day was dispensed with and the Journal adopted on motion of Councilor Clarke.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to inform the Council that the House has refused to agree to the conference report on Council Bill No. 44, and the Speaker has appointed as conferees Messrs. Holliday, Combs and Wilkins.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President of the Council appointed as conferees on C. B. No. 44, Councilors Gandy, Garrison and Biddison.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I have the honor of informing your honorable body that the House refuses to concur in the Conference Committee's report on H. B. No. 26 and as conferees on the part of the House the Speaker has appointed Vankirk, Malley and Clark.

Respectfully,
C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President appointed Councilors Garrison, Huston and Thacker, as conferees on the part of the Council on H. B. No. 26.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable body H. B. No. 167, H. B. No. 185, H. B. No. 181 and H. B. No. 74 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign
H. B. No. 167,
H. B. No. 185,
H. B. No. 181 and
H. B. No. 74
And afterward announced that he signed the same.

Councilor Gandy called up C. R. No. 40, requiring bills in the hands of Committees to be turned over to the Sifting Committee, and moved its adoption, which motion prevailed.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Counties and County Affairs, to whom was referred H. B. No. 168, 'An Act Creating the County of McKinley out of a portion of Woods County, etc,' have had said bill under consideration and report it back to the Council with the recommendation that it be referred to the Sifting Committee.

FRANK A. HUTTO, Chairman.
A. H. HUSTON,
JAS. P. GANDY."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:
"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your honorable body H. B. No. 119 and Substitute for H. B. No. 24 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:
"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"Guthrie, March 10, 1899.

"To the Honorable Council of the Territory of Oklahoma.

"Gentlemen: I have the honor to respectfully ask leave to withdraw the nomination of John W. Hamilton to be a Member of the Board of Regents of Agricultural and Normal University, and nominate for Member of said Board P. F. Tyler of Blaine County to be a member of said Board.

Respectfully
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

The President announced that he was about to sign
H. B. No. 119 and
Substitute for H. B. No. 24,
And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: Your Sifting Committee have had under consideration the following bills and report the same back to the Council to be considered and acted upon in the following manner: C. B. No. 235, Appropriations; C. B. No. 129, Empowering Municipalities to Issue Funding Bonds; H. B. No. 182, Insurance Bill; H. B. No. 166, Chautauqua; H. B. No. 72, Delinquent Personal Taxes; H. B. No. 171, County Superintendent; H. B. No. 73, Pharmacy Bill; H. B. No. 54, Election Bill; H. B. No. 211, Allowing School Districts to Bond Before Probate Court; H. B. No. 126, Bond Investment Companies; C. B. No. 171, Procedure Before Townsite Boards; C. B. No. 114, Drawing Juries; H. B. No. 168, County Division Bill; C. B. No. 224, Reorganizing Militia; C. B. No. 157, County Commissioners Bill; H. B. No. 60, Employment of Clerks by Probate Judges; H. B. No. 180, Empowering School Districts to Create Building Funds; H. B. No. 165, Warehouse and Grain Inspection Bill; H. B. No. 206, Relating to Cities of the First Class; H. B. No. 197, Relating to Cities; C. B. No. 186, Pertaining to Liquor on Territorial Line; H. B. No. 207, Repealing Cotton Bill; H. B. No. 133, Barbers Bill; Council Substitute. C. B. No. 67 and C. B. No. 109; C. B. No. 239; C. B. No. 83, Issues in Civil Actions.

FELIX L. WINKLER,
H. E. HAVENS."

"Mr. President: The undersigned member of your Sifting Committee recommends that the list of bills reported by the majority of said Committee be amended by placing H. B. No. 41, first on said list.

A. H. HUSTON."

Councilor Huston moved
The adoption of the minority report, which was ruled out of order by the President.

Councilor Huston moved to amend
The report of the Sifting Committee by inserting H. B. No. 41.
The motion was ruled out of order by the President.

Councilor Huston appealed from the decision of the President.
The question being shall the ruling of the President be sustained? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 5.
Councilors voting in the affirmative were:
Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Counliors voting in the negative were:

Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Huston and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the ruling of the President was sustained.

The hour for the special order having arrived the Council went into Executive Session for the consideration of the Governor's nominations.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

In executive session the following nominations were confirmed: To be Regents of the Territorial University: Henry E. Asp, of Logan County; C. O. Blake, of Canadian County; L. P. King, of Garfield County; Geo. W. Bellamy, of Canadian County and C. L. Botsford, of Cleveland County.

To be Regents of the Colored Agricultural and Normal University: L. H. Holt, of Logan County; E. O. Tyler, of Kingfisher County; and P. F. Tyler, of Blaine County.

To be Members of the Board of Education of the Normal School of Oklahoma: L. J. Gunn, of Canadian County, for two years, and D. D. Leach, of Oklahoma County for four years.

The Council refused to confirm the nomination of Harper S. Cunningham, of Logan County as Attorney General.

Frank M. Thompson of Pawnee County, was confirmed as Territorial Treasurer.

S.[tewart] N. Hopkins, of Canadian County, was confirmed as [Superintendent of Public Instruction] Territorial Auditor.

Amos A. Ewing, of Kingfisher County, was confirmed as Territorial Oil Inspector.

John M. Pugh, of Woodward County, was confirmed as Territorial Bank Examiner.

L. Haynes Buxton, of Oklahoma County, was confirmed as Superintendent of Public Health.

Wilbur S. Hamilton, of Cleveland County, was confirmed as Vice-President of the Board of Health.

Geo. H. Dodson, of Logan County, was confirmed as Territorial Librarian.

B. F. Nihart, of Oklahoma County, and Geo. D. Moss, of Kingfisher County, were confirmed as members of the Board of Education.

The executive session was then dissolved and the Council resumed business in open session.

Councilor Thacker presented

C. R. No. 41 and moved its adoption,

Which motion prevailed.

The Resolution is as follows:

"Be it Resolved, That it is the sense of this Council that the several Boards of Regents of the Schools of this Territory should look carefully to the sobriety of the heads of such schools or other officers and teachers and should take steps to remove any such officers if found guilty of intoxication or other immoral habits, especially the Normal Schools.

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council take a recess until 1:30 P. M.

Which motion prevailed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 1:30 o'clock P. M. and called to order by the President.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on H. B. No. 26.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

"Mr. President: Your Conference Committee appointed to consider the differences between the House and the Council in regard to H. B. No. 26, beg leave to make the following recommendations: That the Council insist on its amendments to Sections 1 and 2; that the Council recede from its amendments to Sections 5, 3, 6, 10 and 11; that Section 12 be amended as follows: After the word 'relinquishment' in line 13, strike out the remainder of the section and add the following: 'and one-half the same shall be credited to the fund to which the land belongs and one-half shall go to the Commissioners; that the Council recede from its amendments to Section 13; that the Council insist on its amendments to Sections 14 and 15 that the Council recede from its amendments to Section 16 and 17; that the Council insist on its amendments to Section 19; that the Council recede from its amendments to Section 22 and at the end of said section add: 'Provided, this section shall not apply to the appraisements of land for leasing;' that the Council insist on its amendments to Section 23; that the Council recede from its amendments to Sections 24, 27 and 28; that the Council insist on its amendments to Section 29.

Respectfully submitted,
WM. GARRISON,
A. H. HUSTON,
CHAS. M. THACKER,
Conferees of Council.
D. H. VANKIRK,
W. F. MALLEY,
EDWARD F. CLARK.
Conferees of House."

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council agree to the report.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 0; absent and not voting 2; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Brett and Thacker.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Biddison and Winkler.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the Conference report on H. B. No. 26 was duly agreed to.

Councilor Hutto explained as follows: "This bill comes far short of meeting my idea of what the bill ought to be, but under the circumstances, I vote 'aye'."

Councilor Clarke moved

That the Sifting Committee be instructed to report the Resolution accepting Camp Supply for an Insane Asylum, which motion did not prevail.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 27, C. B. No. 98 and C. B. No. 142 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
GEO. H. BRETT,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

Council Bill No. 27,

"An Act to Amend An Act to Regulate the Practice of Dentistry Within the Territory,"

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Council voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison and Magness.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Gandy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 218. The bill is herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

C. B. No. 98 was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 1; absent 2; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Huston, Magness, Thacker and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Havens.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Gandy and Hutto.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Winkler.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

C. B. No. 142, was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Gandy, Hutto and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: The Committees of the Council and House on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 99, H. B. No. 181, H. B. No. 185, H. B. No. 167, H. B. No. 74, H. B. No. 119, H. B. No. 24 and H. B. No. 43 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY.
Chairman Council Committee.
F. S. SHERER
Chairman House Committee."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 99

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"To the President of the Council.

"Sir:—I enclose herewith for the information of the Honorable Council copy of a letter this day received from the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office at Woodward, Oklahoma, the same bearing date of March 3, 1899, transmitting to me a copy of the Commissioner's letter 'G' of February 27, 1899, relative to the selection by proper authority of the buildings and so much of the land from the Ft. Supply Military Reservation as may be necessary for such use by the Territory of Oklahoma for an Asylum, together with a copy of a letter from the Honorable Commissioner of the General Land Office referred to.

Very Respectfully,
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

"Department of the Interior United States Land Office,
Woodward, Okla. Territory, March 3, 1899.

"C. M. Barnes, Governor Oklahoma Territory,

"Sir:—We enclose herewith for your immediate consideration and action Copy of Commissioner's letter 'G' of February 27, 1899, relative to the selection by the proper authorities the buildings and so much of the land of the Fort Supply Military Reservation as may be necessary for such use by the Territory of Oklahoma for an Insane Asylum for said Territory.

Very Respectfully
F. B. HEALEY, Register,
J. W. MILLER, Receiver."

"Copy. 20762—1899. ("G")

"Department of the Interior, General Land Office,
Washington, D. C., February 27, 1899.

"Register and Receiver, Woodward, Okla.

"Sirs:—On February 8, an act of Congress was approved whereby it was provided that the Secretary of the Interior is authorized, under the rules and regulations to be provided by him, to permit the use of the buildings of the Fort Supply Military Reservation and so much of the land as may be necessary for such use by the Territory of Oklahoma for an insane asylum for said Territory, said authority may be revoked at the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior. I am now in receipt of a communication from the Acting Secretary of the Interior directing me to submit for his consideration and action such rules and regulations as may be required to make the said act effective. Preliminary to such action on the part of this office I have to direct that you advise the Governor of Oklahoma of the passage of the act quoted and request that he, or the proper authority, will at once make such selection of the buildings and land contemplated by said act as are thought to be necessary for the purpose indicated and to designate the same in a report to you, together with the reasons prompting the selection. Immediately upon the receipt of said report you will forward it to this office.

Very Respectfully,
BINGER HERMAN,
Commissioner."

Councilor Clarke moved

That the report be referred to the Sifting Committee, which motion prevailed.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"To the Honorable Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.

"Gentlemen: I have the honor to nominate the following named persons to be members of the Board of Regents of the Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College for the period of two years, as follows, to-wit: C. J. Benson, of Pottawatomie County; Frank Wikoff, of Payne County; J. P. Gandy, of Woods County; J. C. Tousley, of Custer County; and R. J. Edwards of Oklahoma County.

Very Respectfully,
C. M. BARNES, Governor."

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills reported by the Sifting Committee,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the House.

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable body H. B. No. 43 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 43

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 66, C. B. No. 63, C. B. No. 34, C. B. No. 40, and C. B. No. 185 without amendments. The bills are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration C. B. No. 235 and recommend that it do pass as amended.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

Councilor Hutto moved

That the rules be suspended and

C. B. No. 235 be placed on third reading and final passage.

Councilor Havens moved as an amendment

That all after the enacting clause of

H. B. No. 218 be stricken out and

C. B. No. 235 substituted for the same,

Which amendment to the motion prevailed.

The question being shall the bill as amended pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 0; absent 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Absent:

Councilor Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council voting in the affirmative the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee appointed to confer with a like Committee from the House in regard to the difference between the two Houses in regard to C. B. No. 44, beg leave to submit the following report: We recommend that sections 2 and 3 of said bill be stricken out and that the balance of said bill be adopted.

JAS. P. GANDY.
WM. GARRISON,
A. J. BIDDISON,
Council Conferees.
J. M. HOLLIDAY,
JAMES WILKINS,
JOHN D. COMBS
House Conferees."

Councilor Gandy moved

The adoption of the second Conference report.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Huston and Hutto.

Absent:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the Conference report was duly adopted.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has adopted the Conference report on C. B. No. 44.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Biddison called up

H. J. R. No. 6 and moved its adoption.

Councilor Hutto raised the point of order that the Resolution was not on the Sifting Committee's Calendar.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 98 and C. B. No. 142 without amendments.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Huston moved as an amendment to Councilor's Biddison's motion

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar.

Councilor Biddison raised the point of order that the amendment was not germane to the motion which was sustained by the President.

H. J. R. No. 6 was read.

Councilor Hutto insisted on a ruling on his point of order, which was sustained by the President.

Councilor Biddison appealed from the decision of the Chair.

The question being shall the decision of the President be sustained the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Gandy Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison and Clarke.

Present and not voting:

Councilors Bellamy and Brett.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the decision of the President was sustained.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar.

Councilor Biddison moved to amend the motion by adding

"And H. J. R. No. 6."

Councilor Hutto raised the point of order that

H. J. R. No. 6 had not been reported by the Sifting Committee,

Which was overruled.

Councilor Huston moved to further amend by adding

H. B. No. 41,

The amendments to the motion were accepted and the motion as amended prevailed.

Councilor Hutto moved

To reconsider the vote by which the motion was adopted.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 5; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Garrison, Huston and Mr. President.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Gandy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative, the motion to reconsider prevailed.

Councilor Winkler moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for consideration of the Sifting Committee's Calendar.

Councilor Hutto moved

To lay the motion on the table which motion prevailed.

Councilor Biddison moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of the Sifting Committee's Calendar and thereafter H. J. R. No. 6.

Councilor Huston moved to amend

By adding H. B. No. 41.

Councilor Hutto raised the point of order that the motion as amended was the same as one just laid on the table,

Which was sustained by the President.

Councilor Magness moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills reported by the Sifting Committee,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the Governor.

"To the President of the Council:

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 118, 'An Act Declaring all Dogs which are Listed by their Owners for Taxation, Personal Property and Subject to Larceny,' also C. B. No. 198, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 2, of Article 8, of Chapter 12, entitled 'County Clerk's Calendar of Claims, Session Laws of 1897,' and have filed the same in the office of the Territorial Secretary.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House does not concur in the Council's action on Council Substitute for H. B. No. 218.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Winkler moved

That the Council insist upon its amendment and ask for a conference, which motion prevailed.

The President appointed

Councilors Hutto, Winkler and Magness as Conferees.

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 158 with amendments. The bill and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Winkler moved

That the Council concur in the House amendments.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 3; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison and Huston.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the amendments were duly concurred in.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President. The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"To the President of the Council.

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 26, 'An Act to Amend Article 2, Chapter 9, of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled Guaranty Companies;' also C. B. No. 15 'An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 6, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, of 1897, Relating to Cities of the First Class,' and have filed the same in the office of the Territorial Secretary.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

"Mr. President: The Council and House Committees on Enrolled and Engrossed bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 198 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman Council Committee.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman House Committee."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the Speaker has appointed Messrs. Merten, Vankirk and Ballard as conferees on H. B. No. 218.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable body H. B. No. 192, for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign
H. B. No. 192
And afterwards announced that he had signed the same.

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

The Committee of the Whole Council arose to receive a message from the Governor.

"To the President of the Council:

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved Substitute for C. B. No. 99, 'An Act Providing for and Establishing Public Libraries in the Public Schools in the Territory of Oklahoma;' also C. B. No. 225, 'An Act Creating a School District out of Lands Lying in Logan and Oklahoma Counties, in Oklahoma Territory;' also C. B. No. 116, 'An Act Amendatory of Section 2 of Chapter 48 of the Session Laws of 1895, entitled 'An Act Providing for the Employment of Stenographers of the Supreme Court by Judges of said Court and Relating to Fees thereof,' and have filed the same in the office of the Territorial Secretary.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

The Council then resumed business in Committee of the Whole.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council having had under consideration bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar direct me to report the following recommendations:

"That C. B. No. 129, do pass as amended;

"That H. B. No. 182 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No. 166 do pass;
"That H. B. No. 72 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No. 171 do pass;
"That H. B. No. 73 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No. 54 do pass as amended;
"That H. B. No. 211 do pass;
"That C. B. No. 171 do pass;
"That C. B. No. 114 do pass.
A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

Councilor Bellamy moved

That the Council take a recess until 7:30 o'clock P. M., which motion prevailed.

EVENING SESSION.

The Council met at 7:30 P. M. and was called to order by the President.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 2, notwithstanding the objection of the Governor.
C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Biddison called up

H. J. R. No. 6.

Councilor Havens demanded a call of the Council which was ordered.

The call of the Council resulted as follows: Present 11; absent 2.

Councilors present were:

Biddison, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent were:

Bellamy and Brett.

The Sergeant-at-Arms was ordered to bring in the absentees.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed H. B. No. 179. The bill is herewith transmitted.
C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Biddison moved

That further proceedings under call of the Council be dispensed with,

Which motion prevailed.

H. B. No. 179,

"An Act Authorizing Cities of the First Class to Extend or Build Laterals to Sewers and to Levy Special Assessment of Taxes to Pay for the Same,"

Was read first and second time under suspension of the rules and referred to Sifting Committee.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has passed C. B. No. 215 with amendments. The bill and amendments are herewith transmitted.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

"Mr. President: The Committees of the Council and House on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 142 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman Council Committee.
F. S. SHERER,
House Committee."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 142

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Biddison moved the adoption of

H. J. R. No. 6.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 3; nays 8; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison and Clarke.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Present and not voting:

Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in the negative the Resolution was declared lost.

Councilor Huston moved

That the amendments recommended by the Committee of the Whole, except where notice of ayes and nays were given, be adopted, which motion prevailed.

House amendments to C. B. No. 215 were read.

Councilor Gandy moved to non-concur in the same.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Magness and Mr. President.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Biddison.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the amendments were not concurred in.

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 40 and

C. B. No. 185

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

The roll was called on Councilor Gandy's amendment to

H. B. No. 54, "Striking out the word 'male' in the qualification of voters," resulting as follows: Ayes 3; nays 5; present and not voting 5.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Gandy, Garrison, Huston.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Havens, Hutto, Magness, Thacker, Winkler.

Councilors present and not voting:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke and Mr. President.

The amendment having failed to receive a majority of the votes of the Council, was declared lost.

Councilor Hutto explained his vote as follows: "I vote against my sentiments in voting 'No'."

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined H. B. No. 54 and report the same correctly engrossed.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

H. B. No. 54,

"An Act Concerning Elections and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions Thereof,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 5.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Magness and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills have carefully examined the following bills and report the same correctly engrossed: C. B. No. 129, H. B. No. 171, H. B. No. 72, C. B. No. 171, H. B. No. 166, H. B. No. 73, C. B. No. 114, H. B. No. 211.

GEO. W. BELLAMY, Chairman.
A. J. BIDDISON,
CHAS. M. THACKER."

C. B. No. 129,

"An Act Authorizing Counties, Cities, Towns or Villages, the Board of Education of any City and School District to Issue Bonds to Refund Bonded Indebtedness,"

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 11; nays 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Garrison.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 171,

"An Act Regulating the Term of Office of County Superintendents of Public Instruction,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Hutto and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House insists on its amendments to C. B. No. 215 and asks for a conference. The Speaker has appointed as conferees Messrs. Clark, Hartshorn and Wilkins.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

President McCredie appointed as conferees on C. B. No. 215, Councilors Brett, Gandy and Garrison.

H. B. No. 72,

"An Act Amendatory of Sections 1 and 2, of Article 4, of Chapter 32, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1897, entitled 'An Act Amendatory of Sections 2 and 3, Article 3, Chapter 43, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory 1895,'" was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 0; absent 2; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent were:

Gandy and Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

C. B. No. 171,

"An Act Regulating the Procedure of Meetings and Manner of Levying and Extending the Resources of School Districts and Townships, and the Reports of County Treasurer's to School District and Township Boards,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 0; absent 4; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Clarke, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Brett, Gandy, Havens and Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 63

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

H. B. No. 166,

"An Act Incorporating the Oklahoma Chautauqua Association of Kingfisher County, Oklahoma Territory." was read third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the folowing result: Ayes 9; nays 0; absent 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 73,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Chapter 28, Laws of Oklahoma, 1897, Regulating Pharmacy,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nay 0; absent 4.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

Councilor Biddison moved

That H. B. No. 41 be read a third time and placed on final passage.

Councilor Havens raised the point of order that the bill was not on the Sifting Committee's Calendar, which was sustained by the President.

Councilor Biddison appealed from the decision of the President.

The question being shall the decision of the President be sustained the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 5; absent 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Clarke, Havens, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison, Huston.

Absent:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the decision of the President was sustained.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor.

"To the President of the Council:

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 78, 'An Act for the Protection of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma and Relating to the Business of Abstracting in Relation Thereto,' also C. B. No. 159, 'An Act to Amend Section 1 of Chapter 2, of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled 'An Act to Amend Section 31, of Article 2, of Chapter 2, of the Statutes of 1893, entitled 'An Act to Regulate and Restrain the Running at large of Domestic Animals and to Provide for Fencing against them,' and have filed the same in the office of the Secretary of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Council and House on Enrolled and Engrossed bills have carefully examined C. B. No. 34 and report the same correctly enrolled.

GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Chairman of Council Committee.
F. S. SHERER,
Chairman House Committee."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 34

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

C. B. No. 114,

"An Act to Amend Sections 283 and 284 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the Territory of Oklahoma, being General Section 4161 and 4162 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 1; absent 2; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Biddison.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Gandy and Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 211,

"An Act Providing for the Bonding of School Districts and Townships"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 1; absent 2; present and not voting 1.

The Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Garrison.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Bellamy and Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Clarke.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

"Mr. President: Your Conference Committee, appointed to adjust the difference between the Council and House in regard to H. B. No. 218 report said H. B. No. 218 and recommend that the same do pass with the following amendments: In section 6 strike out the words 'fifteen hundred dollars' and insert in lieu thereof the words 'nine hundred dollars,' in section 5 strike out the words 'nine hundred dollars' and insert the words 'seven hundred dollars'; at the end of section 13 insert the following: 'or so much thereof as may be necessary, provided that the Governor shall appoint a committee of three competent regular practicing physicians who shall visit the insane asylum four times each year and who shall examine the patients detained therein and report upon their condition and the sanitary condition of the asylum and they shall have the power to peremptorily discharge all persons detained therein who are not actually insane; and provided further, that each physician so appointed shall receive five dollars per day and actual expenses and that each visitation shall not occupy more than three days.' In section 14 strike out the words 'twentythousand dollars' and insert the words 'twenty-five thousand dollars;' that section 20 be stricken out and the following be inserted in lieu thereof: Section 19. For codifying the laws enacted by the Fifth Legislative Assembly and indexing the same and preparing the Journals of both Houses for publication the sum of fifteen hundred dollars. The said work to be performed by a committee of three members of the House and two members of the Council with a clerk from each house, which clerk shall receive a salary of four dollars per day each, said work to be finished in thirty days.' In line 1, section 11, after the word 'the' insert 'salary and all'. And also in line 4, strike out the words 'five hundred' and insert the words 'one thousand.' That Section 25 be amended as follows: After the words 'O. J. Drake, Janitor,' strike out the words 'fifty four' and insert the words 'eighty one'; after the words 'G. H. Sprainges, Day watchman,' strike out the words 'two hundred and forty dollars', and insert the words 'one hundred and eighty dollars;' that section 26 be amended as follows: After the words 'Harry F. Ardery, First Assistant Chief Clerk,' strike out the words 'three hundred' and insert 'two hundred and forty;' after the words 'Harry N. Horner, Assistant Chief Clerk,' strike out the words 'one hundred and eighty,' and insert 'two hundred and forty'; after the words 'Grant Shoop, Assistant Chief Clerk,' strike out the words 'one hundred and eighty, and insert 'two hundred and forty;' after the words 'Minnie Miller, Clerk Committee on Judiciary,' strike out the words 'two hundred and forty' and insert the words 'two hundred and eighty'; after the words 'Angie Penny, Clerk Committee on Private Corporations,' strike out the words 'thirty-nine,' and insert the word 'eighty;' that in section 23, strike out the words 'one thousand' and insert 'seven hundred and fifty.' Strike out all of section 15. At the end of section 12 insert the following: 'Provided, Any officer being a member of said Board ex-officio, shall receive no pay per diem.' That Section 17 be amended to read as follows: Section 17, There is hereby appropriated the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars to be expended as follows: For the purpose of reimbursing corporations, individuals and counties for the moneys advanced or expended for the purpose of displaying and advertising the Oklahoma Exhibit at the Omaha Exposition to be paid on sworn vouchers, approved by the Governor and Auditor. That Section 15 be amended to read as follows: After the word 'follows' in line 1, insert the following: 'to T. F. Millikan, and Emory R. Buckner, the sum of Fifty Dollars each for deficiency in appropriations for the payment of stenographer's services for writing the opinion of the Judges of the Supreme Court for the year of 1898, to be paid on properly authenticated vouchers audited and approved by the Territorial Auditor.' That the following sections be added to said bill. 'Section 27. That there is hereby appropriated for the years 1899 and 1900 the sum of sixteen hundred dollars for the use of the Oklahoma Historical Society to be used as the Board of Directors may direct; provided, that a majority of said Board be Editors, whose files are regularly donated to said society, and that not less than one-half of each annual appropriation be used in the binding of files.' Section 28. For the following specific deficiencies, to-wit: For the State Capital Printing Company for printing the supplies furnished the various Territorial officers for the year 1898, as per sworn and approved vouchers on file in the auditor's office, the sum of five hundred eighty five dollars and eighty five cents; for deficiency for the office of Attorney General, the sum of five hundred eighty five dollars and sixty three cents as per vouchers on file in the auditor's office; for the Daily Leader Printing Company for supplies furnished to the Bank Examiner, the Territorial Librarian, Clerk of Supreme Court, Attorney General and Adjutant General for the years 1897 and 1898, the sum of $863.82, as per itemized bills, approved and filed in the office of the Territorial Auditor: for C. C. Hudson, Clerk Fourth Legislative Assembly, $36.00; Wm. Whitworth, Clerk Fourth Legislative Assembly, $36,00; J. W. McCartney $32.00 as clerk Fourth Legislative Assembly; Charles B. Adams, clerk Fourth Legislative Assembly, $32.00; Leroy Walker, clerk Fourth Legislative Assembly, $28.00; A. M. Mackay, for Compiling Council Journal 4th Legislative Assembly, $75.00, as per bill on file in the office of the Territorial Auditor.

W. H. MERTEN,
J. D. BALLARD,
D. H. VANKIRK,
House Conferees.
FRANK A. HUTTO,
B. P. MAGNESS,
Council Conferees."

Councilor Bellamy, as chairman of the Engrossing Committee, reported to the Council that H. B. No. 182 had been lost.

Councilor Huston moved

That the printed copy be substituted for the engrossed bill lost,

Which motion prevailed.

Councilor Hutto moved

The adoption of the report of the Conference Committee on H. B. No. 218.

Councilor Biddison raised the point of order that the report contained new matter and was not a Conference report, which was sustained by President and the report was rejected.

Councilor Clarke called up

C. C. R. No. 7 and moved its adoption.

The President appointed

Councilors Biddison, Brett and Bellamy as Conferees on H. B. No. 218.

"Mr. President: We the Conferees appointed to adjust the differences between House and the Council on C. B. No. 215, beg leave to make the following report: The House insists on the first portion of its amendment to section 1, with this modification: 'Strike out $30,000 and insert $35,000.' The House insists on the second part of its amendment to section 1. The House insists on its amendment to Section 2, except as to that portion of the same relating to the Alva Normal School, which shall read '$5,000', instead of '$7,500.00', and it is agreed that at the end of section 2, the following shall be added: 'Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed as a ratification of the contract under which the Northwestern Normal School Building was erected.' The House insists on its amendment to Section 3.

Respectfully

EDWARD F. CLARK,
E. E. HARTSHORN,
JAS. WLLKINS
On Part of the House.
CHAS. M. THACKER,
J. P. GANDY.
GEO. H. BRETT,

On Part of the Council."

Councilor Gandy moved

That the report of the Committee be adopted.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Thacker, Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Magness and Mr. President.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Biddison.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the Conference report on C. B. No. 215 was declared adopted.

H. B. No. 182,

"An Act Relating to Fire, Life, Accident and Guaranty Companies, and Amending sections 27 and 30, of Article 1, of Chapter 44, Statutes of 1893 and Section 25 of Article 3 of the Statutes of 1893 and for Other Purposes,"

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 1; absent 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilor Garrison.

Absent and not voting were:

Councilors Gandy and Hutto.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message.

"To the President of the Council.

"I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 185, 'An Act to Legalize Purchase of Real Estate Heretofore made by the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Territory,' and have filed the same in the office of the Secretary of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

The Sergeant-at-Arms.

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has adopted the Conference report on H. B. No. 218; also that the House has concurred in Council amendments to H. B. No. 72.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Biddison moved

That H. B. No. 41 be placed on third reading and final passage.

Councilor Havens raised the point of order that the bill had not been reported by the Committee of the Whole.

Councilor Biddison amended his motion that

H. B. No. 41 be recalled from the Committee of the Whole and placed on third reading and final passage.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 5; nays 5; present and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Garrison and Huston.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Havens, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Bellamy, Clarke and Hutto.

The motion having failed to receive a majority of the votes of the Council the motion did not prevail.

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 98

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar.

The motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Biddison in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar and direct me to report the following recommendation: That H. B. No. 168 do pass.

A. J. BIDDISON, Chairman."

Under suspension of the rules

H. B. No. 168,

"An Act to Create the County of McKinley out of Woods County, Oklahoma Territory, Providing for the Organization Thereof, etc."

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; absent 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness and Mr. President.

Voting in the negative:

Councilors Clarke and Garrison.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Winkler.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has rejected the Conference report on C. B. No. 215 and ask for further conference. The Speaker has appointed as conferees Messrs. Hartshorn, Clark and Wilkins. Also on H. B. No. 218 Messrs Merten, Ballard and Vankirk.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

Councilor Havens moved

That the Council resolve itself into Committee of the Whole for the consideration of House bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar,

Which motion prevailed and the Council went into Committee of the Whole with Councilor Winkler in the Chair.

After some time spent therein the Committee of the Whole Council arose and through its Chairman made the following report:

"Mr. President: The Committee of the Whole Council have had under consideration House bills on the Sifting Committee's Calendar and direct me to report the following recommendation:

"That H. B. No. 126 do pass;

"That H. B. No. 180 do pass;

"That H. B. No. 197 do pass;

"That H. B. No. 206 do pass.

F. L. WINKLER, Chairman."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has agreed to Council amendments to H. B. No. 73.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 158 and

C. B. No. 66

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

A second conference report on H. B. No. 218.

"Mr. President: We, your Conference Committee appointed to adjust the differences between the Council and the House in regard to H. B. No. 218 report said H. B. No. 218 and recommend that the same do pass, with the following amendments: In Section 6, strike out the words 'fifteen hundred dollars' and insert in lieu thereof the words 'nine hundred dollars.' In Section 5, strike out the words 'nine hundred dollars' and insert in lieu thereof the words 'seven hundred dollars.' At the end of section 13 insert the following: 'or so much thereof as may be necessary: provided, That the Governor shall appoint a committee of three competent regular practicing physicians who shall visit the insane asylum four times each year and who shall examine the patients thereof and report upon their condition and the sanitary condition of the asylum, and they shall have the power to peremptorily discharge all persons detained therein who are not actually insane; and provided further, that each physician so appointed shall receive five dollars per day and actual expenses and that each visitation shall not occupy more than three days. In section 14 strike out the words 'twenty thousand dollars' and insert the words 'twenty-five thousand dollars.' That section 20 be striken out and the following inserted in lieu thereof.' Section 19. For codifying the laws enacted by the Fifth Legislative Assembly and indexing the same and preparing the Journals of both Houses for Publication the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, said work to be performed by a Committee of three members of the House and two members from the Council, with a clerk from each House, which clerk shall receive a salary of four dollars per day each, said work to be finished in thirty days. In line 1, Section 11 after the word 'the' insert 'salary and all.' And also in line 4, strike out the words 'five hundred' and insert 'one thousand' in lieu thereof. That section 25 be amended as follows: After the words 'O. J. Drake, Janitor' strike out the words 'fifty-four' and insert in lieu thereof the words 'eighty-one'; and also after the words 'G. H. Sprainges, Day Watchman' strike out the words 'two hundred and forty dollars' and insert in lieu thereof 'one hundred and eighty dollars.' That section 26 be amended as follows: After the words 'Harry N. Horner, Assistant Chief Clerk' strike out the words 'one hundred and eighty' and in insert in lieu thereof 'two hundred and forty', also after the words 'Grant Shoop, Assistant Chief Clerk' strike out the words 'hundred and eighty' and insert in lieu thereof the words 'two hundred and forty;' also after the words 'Charles Seeley, Second Assistant Chief Clerk, strike out the words 'one hundred and eighty dollars' and insert 'two hundred and forty dollars;' also after the words 'W. J. Riggs, Third Assistant Clerk,' strike out the words 'one hundred and eighty dollars' and insert 'two hundred and forty dollars;' also after the words 'Cliff D. Scott, Clerk Committee on Education and Assistant Journal Clerk,' strike out the words 'one hundred and fifty-nine dollars' and insert the words one hundred and seventy two dollars;' also after the words 'Minnie Miller, Clerk

Committee on Judiciary,' strike out the words 'two hundred and eighty' and insert in lieu thereof the words, 'two hundred and eight;' also after the words 'Angie Penny, Clerk Committee on Private Corporations' strike out the words 'Thirty-nine' and insert the word 'eighty;' that in section 23, strike out the words 'one thousand' and insert seven hundred and fifty' in lieu thereof. Strike out all of Section 18. At the end of Section 12 insert the following: 'Provided any officer being a member of said Board, ex-officio, shall receive no per diem.' That Section 17 be amended to read as follows: Section 17. There is hereby appropriated the sum of thirty five hundred dollars to be expended as follows: For the purpose of reimbursing corporations, individuals and counties, for moneys advanced, or expended, for the purposes of displaying and advertising the Oklahoma exhibit to the Omaha Exposition, to be paid upon sworn vouchers approved by the Governor and Auditor. That Section 15 be amended to read as follows: After the word 'follows' in line 1, insert the following: 'To T. F. Millikan and Emory R. Buckner the sum of fifty dollars each for deficiency in appropriation for the payment of stenographer's services for writing the opinion of the Judges of the Supreme Court for the year 1898 ,to be paid upon properly authenticated vouchers, audited and approved by the Territorial Auditor.' That the following sections be added to said bill. Section 27. That there is hereby appropriated for the years 1899 and 1900 the sum of sixteen hundred dollars for the use of the Oklahoma Historical Society, to be used as the Board of Directors may direct; provided, that a majority of said Board be editors, whose files are regularly donated to said society and that not less than one-half of each annual appropriation be used in binding the files. Section 28. For the following specific deficiencies, to-wit: For the State Capital Printing Company for printing and supplies furnished to various Territorial officers for the year 1898, as per sworn and approved couchers on file in the Auditor's office the sum of $585.85; for deficiency for the office of Attorney General the sum of $585.63, as per vouchers on file in the Auditor's office; for the Daily Leader Printing Company supplies for the Bank Examiner, Territorial Librarian, Clerk of Supreme Court, Attorney General and Adjutant General for the year 1897 and 1898, the sum of $863.82, as per itemized bills approved and filed in the office of the Territorial Auditor.

A. J. BIDDISON,
GEO. H. BRETT,
GEO. W. BELLAMY,
Council Conferees.
W. H. MERTEN,
D. H. VANKIRK,
House Conferees."

Councilor Biddison moved the adoption of the report.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 4; absent 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Hutto and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Clarke, Garrison, Magness and Winkler.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the report, the report was declared duly adopted.

The President announced that he was about to sign

C. B. No. 44,

And afterwards announced that he had signed the same.

"Mr. President: We, the conferees, appointed to adjust the differences between the House and Council on C. B. No. 215, beg leave to make the following report: We recommend that the House amendments to C. B. No. 215 be adopted.

CHAS. M. THACKER.
GEO. H. BRETT,
Council Conferees.
EDWARD F. CLARK,
JAMES WILKINS,
House Conferees."

Councilor Gandy moved the adoption of the report.

The roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Hutto, Huston, Thacker and Winkler.

Voting in the negative were:

Councilors Magness and Mr. President.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Biddison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the adoption of the report, the report was declared duly adopted.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the House has adopted Conference report on H. B. No. 218 and C. B. No. 215.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

H. B. No. 197,

"An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Article 1, Chapter 14, Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Cities of the First Class,'"

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10, nays 2; absent 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative:

Gandy and Garrison.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 206,

"An Act to Amend Section 15, Article 3, Chapter 14, Statutes of 1893, entitled 'Cities of the First Class,'"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the folowing result: Ayes 7; nays 3; absent 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Huston and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison, Hutto and Mr. President.

Councilors absent and not voting were:

Gandy, Magness and Thacker.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 180,

"An Act Authorizing and Empowering School Districts in Oklahoma to Create a Building Fund,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 8; nays 2; absent 2; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Huston, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Gandy and Hutto.

Absent and not voting:

Councilors Magness and Thacker.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed

And the title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 126,

"An Act to Require Land Investment Companies doing Business in the Territory of Oklahoma to Deposit Certain Sums of Moneys or Securities with the Treasurer of the Territory of Oklahoma, and Providing Penalties for Failure to Comply with the Terms of this Law,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 9; nays 2; absent 1; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Hutto and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Magness.

Present and not voting:

Councilor Garrison.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your Honorable body, H. B. No. 54 and H. B. No. 26 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 26 and

H. B. No. 54

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Gandy moved

To go into Executive Session for the purpose of considering the Governor's nominations, which motion prevailed.

In Executive Session the following proceedings were had:

For members of the Board of Regents of the Agricultural and Mechanical College the nominations of C. J. Benson, of Pottawatomie County; Frank J. Wikoff, of Payne County; James P. Gandy, of Woods County, and J. C. Tousley, of Custer County, were confirmed.

The nomination of R. J. Edwards, of Oklahoma County, to be member of the Board of Regents of the Agricultural and Mechanical College was rejected.

The Executive Session was then dissolved, and the Council resumed business in open session.

Councilor Huston moved
That H. B. No. 165,
H. B. No. 210 and
Substitute for H. B. No. 60 and
C. B. No. 221,

Be placed on third reading and final passage, which motion prevailed.

H. B. No. 165,

"An Act Providing for the Organization of Public Warehouses and to Regulate Warehousing and the Inspection of Grain in Public Warehouses and Otherwise in the Territory, and providing for the Appointment of a Grain Inspector,"

Was read a third time and placed on final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 5; absent 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Thacker and Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Brett, Clarke, Garrison, Hutto and Mr. President.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Magness.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed.

The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 210,

"An Act to Promote and Encourage the Industry of Cotton Manufactures in the Territory Oklahoma,"

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 10; nays 2; absent 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Gandy, Huston, Magness, Thacker, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison and Hutto.

Absent and not voting:

Councilor Bellamy.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

H. B. No. 60,

"An Act to Amend Section 1, Chapter 18, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1895,"

Was placed on third reading and final passage.

The question being shall the bill pass? the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 7; nays 4; present and not voting 2.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Gandy, Havens, Huston, Magness, Winkler.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Garrison, Hutto, Thacker and Mr. President.

Councilors present and not voting:

Brett and Clarke.

A majority of the Council having voted in favor of the passage of the bill, the bill was declared duly passed. The title of the bill was agreed to.

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 210,

H. B. No. 60 and

H. B. No. 165

And afterward announced that he had signed the same.

Upon request of Councilor Clarke unanimous consent was given to change to a simple Council Resolution C. C. R. No. 7, "Authorizing the President of the Council to forward to the President of the United States the report of the Investigating Committee."

The roll was called upon the adoption of the resolution with the following result: Ayes 6; nays 4; present and not voting 3.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Havens, Winkler and Mr. President.

Councilors voting in the negative were:

Bellamy, Huston, Gandy and Hutto.

Councilors present and not voting were:

Garrison, Magness and Thacker.

The resolution having received a majority of all the votes cast by the Council was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Hutto presented a minority report from the Investigating Committee, which was read as follows:

"Mr. President: The undersigned member of the Committee appointed under the provisions of Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4, being unable to concur with a majority of the Committee in the general statements made in their report, submit to the Legislative Assembly the following conclusions, based upon the evidence submitted by the Committee: -

First, the report of the majority is defective and unfair, in this, that it bases conclusion upon ex parte statement of witnesses known to be strongly partisan and prejudiced against individual members of the administration, and leaves to be drawn by inference unfair deduction from the evidence taken and treats the statements of members of the administration not as evidence, but as 'claims', by such officers. In regard to the contracts for the care of the deaf, dumb and blind, the authority and direction given to the Governor to contract in this behalf, is in my judgment, ample and sufficient to justify the contracts made. The provisions for payment being limited and restricted, and the number of deaf, dumb and blind to be taken care of in this Territory is so limited, that under the circumstances the term of contract for five years at the rate contracted for is not excessive but guarantees the care of these unfortunates at as low a rate of expense as is obtained by any of the states that I have had opportunity and data to examine. The issuance of warrants under this contract without specific appropriation was, nevertheless, in strict accordance with the law as heretofore defined by the Supreme Court of our Territory, wherein it was held that statutory direction of this character, without specific appropriation, carried with it a sufficient appropriation to accomplish the object and intent of the Legislature. They were issued under the same rule, and with the same restrictions and limitations, as have always applied to the issuance of warrants to pay the expenses of the University and the Normal schools of this Territory, for which no specific or definite appropriations have ever been made, and upon which warrants have been issued largely in excess of the amounts collected under the taxes authorized to be levied. The majority report, in so far as it says that the provision of funds are of course wholly insufficient to accomplish the object for which they were designed and may therefore offer some excuse to make the contracts actually entered into, at last so far as the contract for the deaf and dumb is concerned, because there was great necessity therefor, is ample justification of the Governor for making these contracts. In report as to the contract for the erection of the Northwestern Normal School at Alva, the majority criticize the judgment of the Board of Regents for making said contract and the Governor for his approval of the same upon the ground that it is not a suitable building. This is the very question that was left by statute to the determination of the Board and the approval of the Governor; and they having determined that proposition, and the contract having been fulfilled, there would seem nothing remaining to be done but to adjust and settle the debt thereby created. Not the least evidence or suspicion of bad faith upon the part of the Board in making said contract, or of the Governor in approving the same, has been disclosed. Not the slightest evidence of misappropriation of funds, or of any interest therein accruing to any member or to the Governor, has been disclosed. The report is in error wherein it says that 'bids of responsible parties for the construction of this institution, based upon cash consideration were by the Board rejected solely because they called for a cash consideration'. On the contrary, the evidence of the Superintendent of Public Instruction shows that the only bid rejected was first submitted upon a cash consideration, but when it was explained to the bidders that the Board was not authorized to pay cash and would necessarily be compelled to issue certificates of indebtedness, and that the settlement of said contract would have to await legislative action, said bid was immediately raised to at or about the same figures made in the accepted bid, and there is no evidence that other reasons for the rejection of said bid were not considered by the Board. In my judgment the building actually constructed is the most suitable building for the purpose for which it is intended that I ever inspected; and when considered in connection with other educational interests of this Territory is seems to me that the establishment of such an institution in the Northwestern part of the Territory was not very bad judgment. At least I am constrained to say it would only be a difference of judgment. The Territory is amply able to pay for this building out of the funds arising from the rentals of section 13, all of which fund are received from donations made in the land known as the Cherokee Strip and a large part of which was divided every year to the support of the Educational institutions in the older portions of the Territory. The management of the school land office has been able and efficient, and the largely increased revenues arising from the rentals of school land in this Territory are due to the careful management upon the part of the Secretary of the Board of School Land Commissioners. It is conceded by the majority report that the statutes of the Territory do not prevent the Attorney General of the Territory from taking private business. The Territory has never yet assumed, by the enactment of any statute, the management of the funds pertaining to the leasing of school lands in this Territory, and under Act of Congress and until it does so the rules heretofore prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior and by Act of Congress govern its administration. The District Court of Logan county has therefore decided that it is no part of the duties of the Attorney General to attend to business for the Board of School Land Commissioners, and in my judgment it was not only entirely legal, but entirely proper, for said Board to place the business necessary to be entrusted to the care of an attorney, in the hands of one whose ability and integrity they had every confidence. No reputable lawyer in this Territory would have taken the contract made with the Attorney General on any better terms than those contracted for with the Attorney General. The costs and expenses paid to him for the collections made are not excessive, and are not more than are paid by any individual firm or corporation doing business in this Territory for similar services.

I agree with the majority report that the salary of $2,500.00 per annum allowed by the Board to the Secretary is not so excessive as to indicate either favoritism or corruption, and that the large increase in the duties and requirements of the office at the time the increase was made are ample justification for the raising of such salary. The language of the majority report from which an inference may be drawn, that said salary was increased over and above 'the appropriation therefor', is unjustifiable because no appropriation was ever made, or attempted to be made therefor, as the matter is entirely in the hands of the Commissioners of the School Land under the acts of Congress and the rules of the Secretary of the Interior, governing the action of said Board. There was no scintilla of evidence before this Committee that the Governor or any member of the School Land Board had ever used one dollar of the School Land fund for the purposes of personal gain. The bank account of the Governor showing the deposits and checks made against said account discloses the fact that the deposits were regularly made as the money came into his hands, and that no checks were ever made upon said account in any manner or form except to pay the duly authorized expenses of said Board and to turn over the funds remaining in his hands at stated periods for distribution to the various school and building funds to which it belonged. The majority report criticises the character of the opinions and advice given by the Attorney General to other Territorial officers conducting the fiscal affairs of the Territory in terms not justified by any evidence submitted to the Committee. Crude or indefinite legislation is, of course, always responsible for questions of doubt arising upon a proper construction of the law and the intent of the Legislature, and those questions seem to me to have uniformly solved in favor of a good public service and an efficient administration of laws.

I agree with the majority report with regard to the contract for Territorial printing, but it is only fair to the present Administration to say that all such contracts ante-date its inauguration into power. It is very unfortunate that the majority failed to dis-criminate and place the fraudulent printing contracts where they properly belonged.

I agree with the majority report that there was extravagance and fraud in the management of the Adjutant General's office and the Quartermaster General's office under the administration of General Rosenbaum; but the total expenses of said office during Rosenbaum's administration under the present Governor does not exceed two thousand dollars and the extravagance and fraud should not be characterized as gross, carrying with it the inference that there were many thousands of dollars wrongfully expended, and the Governor's statement in his message to this Honorable Body at the opening of this session, when he had discovered that such extravagance and fraud was being committed that he dispensed with the services of such Adjutant General, should relieve the Governor of any adverse criticism by honorable men. The Governor explained in his message to the Legislature why he had assigned the second lieutenant to active services and had detailed him as acting Adjutant General of the Territory, and all things considered such action seemed to be necessary and consistent and lawful. Orner's vouchers for services are approved by what is called an Auditing Board, or a majority thereof, and the other expenses of said office during Orner's incumbency as Acting Adjutant General have been reduced to a minimum and are entirely free from citicism. The statement in the majority report that Rosenbaum's bond had been surrendered, or cancelled, may be inadvertent. No such evidence appeared before the committee. If he ever gav a bond the presumption is that it is still on file. The majority report, when criticising the expenditures of this department as systematic robbery, uses extreme langunge; and when it says that no determined effort appears to have been made to stop the same, is in error, because Governor Barnes in July, 1898, under the discovery of the extravagant practices in said department, caused not only the dismissal of Mr. Rosenbaum from office, but also compelled the resignation of the Colonel Commanding who had been for some years the adviser and director in fact of the practice and expenditures of the Military Department of the Territory. And from that day to this no extravagant expenditure has been made in that department, and the only criticism that can be fairly placed upon the Governor is that he assigned the second lieutenant to active duty and placed upon him the duties of organizing the Oklahoma Troops who then under the call of the President to serve in the war with Spain, in addition to the usual and ordinary duties of that office. And if suitable provision is made by the present Legislature for the support of said officer the last vestige of extravagance, or excessive expenditure, will at once disappear.

In my judgment it is very unwise for any tribunal to draw inferences from the fact that evidence does not appear. It is a principle too well established in our jurisprudence that no inference of guilt can ever be drawn from the fact that the evidence does not appear, and while there are witnesses that failed to answer questions while they were before the Committee, I cannot see that this, within itself, warants any conclusions of corruption. And as to the Governor being subpoenaed before the Committee I believe it is the right of the Legislature at any and all times to call upon the Governor under the provisions of the Organic Act for any and all information they may desire; and when such requests are communicated to the Governor, in a proper way, it is his duty to respond freely and promptly. But until such requests are made in a proper way, it appears to me that it is proper and right for the Governor to refuse to give information in any other way than that provided for by law.

Under Concurrent Resolution No. 4 the Committee are authorized to investigate into all matters set out in said resolution; but in my judgment the Resolution itself is defective in not calling upon the Committee to recommend to this Legislature legislation along the lines that would stop any evil that they might find in their investigation. To my mind this investigation has led to no beneficiary results for the reason that the Committee has actually recommended nothing. It seems to me that when such an investigation as this is placed on foot that it should be for the sole object of determining to find out evils that exist and when they are so found, that they should recommend to the Legislature what legislation should be enacted to prevent those evils. Yet in this case we have been prohibited, practically, in making any recommendations as to what legislation should be enacted to prevent further existence of evil, if any we find. I deem it unfortunate in Oklahoma Territory that our laws are to some extent in such a state of confusion that it is impossible at all times to determine what the Legislature intends so far as appropriations are concerned; and while it may be going farther than Concurrent Resolution No. 4 warrants, I feel like recommending to the Legislature that they should provide for a commission of three or five good, competent citizens to go over our Statutes and thoroughly revise the same and report to the next Legislature, and in so doing I feel that the incongruities in our Statutes might to some extent at least be remedied. Until this is done, I believe that the future legislation of this Territory will be very far from perfect.

Respectfully submitted,
FRANK A. HUTTO."

Councilor Clarke presented C. R. No. 42 and moved its adoption as follows:

"Resolved that the thanks of the Council are hereby extended to Honorable Hugh McCredie for the faithful and impartial manner in which he has discharged the duties of the Chair. His uniform courtesy and kindness to all the members of the Council merits our gratitude and we tender to him our best wishes for his happiness and prosperity."

The question being upon the adoption of the Resolution the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Present and not voting:

Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the Resolution was declared adopted.

Councilor Garrison presented C. R. No. 43 and moved its adoption.

The Resolution is as follows:

"Whereas, the labors of the Council have been materially lightened by the uniform, considerate and courteous treatment extended to the members by Chief Clerk, O. G. Palmer, and his worthy assistants; and

"Whereas, the best interest of the public have been served by the prompt, efficient and faithful manner in which they have discharged their respective duties; and

"Whereas, our big, sunny faced Sergeant-at-Arms, D. F. Smith and his assistants and the messenger have by their attention and kindness greatly contributed to the comfort of the several members thereby promoting the expedition of business, Therefore Be it

"Resolved by the Council that we hereby tender to all of said officers our thanks for the fidelity with which they have performed their respective duties, and be it Further

"Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the Journal."

The question being on the adoption of the Resolution the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 13; nays 0.

The Council having voted unanimously in favor of the Resolution, the Resolution was declared adopted.

Councilor Garrison presented C. R. No. 44 and moved its adoption.

The Resolution was as follows:

"Be it Resolved by the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly:

"That the gavel and chair used by the President of this Council be presented to him as an acknowledgement of our respect to him and as a token of the high regard we entertain for him both as a man and a presiding officer."

The question being on the adoption of the Resolution the roll was called with the following result: Ayes 12; nays 0; present and not voting 1.

Councilors voting in the affirmative were:

Bellamy, Biddison, Brett, Clarke, Gandy, Garrison, Havens, Huston, Hutto, Magness, Thacker and Winkler.

Present and not voting:

Mr. President.

A majority of the Council having voted in the affirmative the Resolution was declared duly adopted.

Councilor Huston presented Council Resolution No. 45 and moved its adoption. Which motion prevailed.

"Be it Resolved by the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly that the Committee retained by the Council for the purpose of codifying the laws of the Fifth Legislative Assembly shall consist of two members to be appointed by the President of the Council, and one clerk for said Committee to be appointed by the President."

The President appointed Councilors A. H. Huston and A. J. Biddison as members of the Codifying Committee and J. E. Quien as Clerk of the same.

Councilor Gandy moved

That a Committee of three be appointed to wait on the Governor and notify him that the Council was about to close its labors and ascertain if he had any further communications to transmit.

The President appointed Councilors Hutto, Gandy and Garrison.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: The Governor's Private Secretary with a message from the Governor."

"To the President of the Council:

I have the honor to inform you that I have this day approved C. B. No. 44, 'An Act Prescribing and Defining the Powers and Duties of County Assessors and Providing for Compensation for their Services,' and have filed the same in the office of the Secretary of the Territory.

C. M. BARNES, Governor."

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your honorable body H. B. No. 72, H. B. No. 171, and H. B. No. 166 for the President's signature.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 72,
H. B. No. 171, and
H. B. No. 166

And afterwards announced that he had signed the same.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your honorable body H. B. No. 211, H. B. No. 182, H. B. No. 73, H. B. No. 168 and H. B. No. 180 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 211,
H. B. No. 182,
H. B. No. 73,
H. B. No. 168 and
H. B. No. 180,

And afterwards announced that he had signed the same.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I am directed by the House to notify the Council that the Speaker has appointed a committee of three to act with a like Committee from the Council to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the Fifth Legislative Assembly is ready to adjourn, and ask if he has any further communications to transmit. The Speaker has appointed Messrs. Ballard, Stevens and Wilkins.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President appointed

Councilors Gandy, Garrison and Hutto as members of the Committee on part of the Council.

The Sergeant-at-Arms:

"Mr. President: A Messenger from the House with a message from the House."

"Mr. President: I herewith transmit to your honorable body H. B. No. 126, H. B. No. 197 H. B. No. 206, H. B. No. 218 for the signature of the President.

C. M. KEIGER, Chief Clerk."

The President announced that he was about to sign

H. B. No. 126,
C. B. No. 215,
H. B. No. 197,
H. B. No. 206,
H. B. No. 218,

And afterwards announced that he had signed the same.

Councilor Gandy, as Chairman of the Committee appointed to wait upon the Governor reported that the Governor had no further message to transmit.

Councilor Huston moved

That the Council do now adjourn sine die.

Which motion prevailed and the President declared the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly adjourned without day.

O. G. PALMER, Chief Clerk.

Rules of the Council.

RULE 1.

RULE 1. The President shall take the chair precisely at the hour to which the Council shall have adjourned, and shall immediately call the Council to order.

RULE 2.

RULE 2. The President shall have the general direction of the Council chamber; he shall have the right to name any Councilor to perform the duties of the chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

RULE 3.

RULE 3. He shall preserve order and decorum in the proceedings of the Council; and in cases of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the lobby the President or Chairman of the Committee of the Whole Council shall have the power to order the same to be cleared.

RULE 4.

RULE 4. The President shall sign all acts and joint resolutions when passed by both Houses, and all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the Council shall be under his hand attested by the Clerk.

RULE 5.

RULE 5. The following standing committees shall be appointed by the President, to be approved by viva voce vote of the Council, and if not so approved, they shall be elected by the Council:

1. Judiciary, five members.
2. Ways and Means, five members.
3. Education, five members.
4. Municipal corporations, five members.

5. Agriculture and highways, five members.
6. Enrolled and engrossed bills, five members.
7. Railroads, five members.
8. Elections, five members.
9. Public institutions, five members.
10. Federal relations, five members.
11. Printing, five members.
12. Private corporations and corporate law, five members.
13. Public lands, five members.
14. Military affairs, five members.
15. Quarantine and animal industry, five members.
16. Standing rules, five members.
17. Counties and county affairs, five members.

Such other committees shall be appointed from time to time as the Council may direct.

RULE 6.

RULE 6. When a Councilor is about to speak he shall arise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," and the President shall announce him as "the Councilor from .... (naming his county). The Councilor may then speak, either from his seat or the seat of any other Councilor tendered him for the purpose, or from the stand.

RULE 7.

RULE 7. In all cases the Councilor who shall first arise and address the President shall speak first, but when two or more Councilors shall arise at once the President shall announce the Councilor who is to speak first.

RULE 8.

RULE 8. No Councilor shall speak more than twice to the same question, except by unanimous consent of the Council, and he shall confine himself to the question under debate and avoid personalities.

RULE 9.

RULE 9. Any Councilor, while discussing a question ,may read, or cause to be read, from books, papers or documents any matter pertinent to the subject under consideration, without asking leave.

RULE 10.

RULE 10. Any Councilor may call for a statement of the question, which the President may give, sitting.

RULE 11.

RULE 11. Any Councilor may call for a division of the question and the decision of the President as to its divisibilty shall be subject to appeal as in questions of order.

RULE 12.

RULE 12. Every Councilor present when the question is put shall vote unless the council for special reasons excuses him. A request to be excused from voting shall not be in order unless made before the Council divides or before the call of yeas and nays is commenced; and any councilor requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief statement of the reasons for making such request, and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

RULE 13.

RULE 13. When less than a quorum vote on any question pending in the Council the President shall forthwith order the roll of Councilors called by the Clerk. If a quorum be present as shown by answering to their names or presence in the chamber, the President shall again order the yeas and nays, and if any councilor refuses to vote, he shall be noted as present and not voting.

RULE 14.

RULE 14. While the President or Chairman is putting any question or addressing the council, no one shall walk across the chamber, and while a Councilor is speaking, no one shall pass between him and the chair. No person, other than the Clerk, shall remain at the clerk's desk while the ayes and nays are being called or ballots being taken.

RULE 15.

RULE 15. Any Councilor has the right to demand the ayes and nays upon any question before it is put; and upon such demand the Clerk shall call the names of councilors in their alphabetical order, and before the result is declared shall read over the names of those voting in the affirmative and those voting in the negative.

RULE 16.

RULE 16. Any Councilor has a right to demand a call of the Council and upon such call the names of the Councilors shall be called by the Clerk alphabetically and the absentees noted.

RULE 17.

RULE 17. A demand for the previous question must be seconded by at least two councilors.

RULE 18.

RULE 18. Any councilor shall have the right to protest against any act or resolution of the council, and such protest and the reasons therefor shall, without alteration, commitment or delay, be entered upon the journal.

RULE 19.

RULE 19. As soon as the Council is called to order, and after prayer by the chaplain, the journal of the preceding day shall be read by the Clerk, and if necessary, corrected by the Council.

RULE 20.

RULE 20. In keeping with the last rule aforesaid, the following shall be the order of business:

1. Prayer.
2. Reading and correction of journal.
3. Presentation of petitions and memorials.
4. Bills on second reading.
5. Bills on third reading.
6. Introduction of bills.
7. Reports of committees.
8. Miscellaneous business.

RULE 21.

RULE 21. Every petition and memorial shall be referred to its proper committee by the President, unless otherwise ordered by the Council, and no petition or memorial shall be printed except by special order of the Council.

RULE 22.

RULE 22. Messengers from the house, and communications from either branch of the executive department of the Territory may be received, read and disposed of at any time, except when the President is putting a question, while the yeas and nays are being called, or while the ballots are being counted, unless objection is made to the reading, when the Council shall decide.

RULE 23.

RULE 23. The interim between any two sessions of the council on the same day shall be termed a recess, and on the reassembling at the appointed time, any question pending at the time of taking such recess, shall be resumed without any motion to that effect.

RULE 24.

RULE 24. Every motion shall be reduced to writing if the President or any Councilor so desire, and whenever an amendment is offered to any bill or resolution under considerat'on by the Council, or an amendment to any such amendment, the Councilor proposing the same shall reduce it to writing and forward it to the Clerk's desk.

RULE 25.

RULE 25. No motion shall require a second.

RULE 26.

RULE 26. After a motion is stated or read by the President, or read by the Clerk, it shall be deemed to be in the possossion of the Council, but may be withdrawn by leave of the Council at any time before a decision or amendment. All question, whether in committee or Council, except privileged, shall be put in the order in which they are made. except in filling blanks, the largest sum and the longest time shall be put first.

RULE 27.

RULE 27. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form: "You who are of the opinion (as the question may be) say 'aye;'" and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "Those of a contrary opinion, say 'no.'" If the President doubts, or any division is called for, the Council shall divide—those of the affirmative of the question first arising from their seats, and afterward those of the negative; and the President shall determine by count, announcing the number.

RULE 28.

RULE 28. When a motion is made to commit to a Committee of the Whole Council or to a standing committee, it shall not be in order to amend such motion by substituting any other committee; but if any other committee be suggested, the motion shall be first put upon the committee first named and afterward upon the committee or committees suggested in the order in which they are named.

RULE 29.

RULE 29. A motion to postpone to a day certain, or indefinitely being decided, shall not be again allowed at the same stage of the bill or proposition, and if a bill be set for consideration on a certain day is shall not be considered at any earlier day. No bill shall be set for consideration beyond ten days from the date when so set; but no special orders shall be made during the last fifteen days of the session without the concurrence of a majority of all the members elected to this Council.

RULE. 30.

RULE 30. No motion or proposition upon a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed divisible; and a refusal to strike out shall be equivalent to agreeing to the matter in that form, but shall not preclude further amendment by way of addition.

RULE 31.

RULE 31. A motion to reconsider any motion or vote must be made by a Councilor voting with the prevailing side, except when a bill fails upon its final passage, the motion may be made by any Councilor voting upon the question. Such motion must be made within the next two days of actual session of the Council (a quorum being present) after such vote was taken, and the same shall take precedence of all other question, except a motion to adjourn; but such motion, if made by one of the minority, shall not be subject to debate, provided, however, that the minority mover shall be allowed thirty minutes to give his reasons for taking such action, but after the vote by which a bill which has failed of passage has been reconsidered, the bill shall not then pass without a majority of all members of this Council voting in favor thereof.

RULE 32.

RULE 32. The previous question shall be put in this form: "Shall the main question now be put?" It shall only be admitted as provided by rule seventeen and until decided shall preclude further debate, and all amendments and motions, except one motion to adjourn, or motion to take a recess, and one motion to lie on the table. All incidental questions or questions of order arising, after a motion is made for the previous question, and pending, such motion, shall be decided without appeal and without debate.

RULE 33.

RULE 33. On a call for the previous question, and prior to voting on the same, a call of the council shall be in order, but after the demand for the previous question shall have been sustained, no call shall be in order; and the Council shall be brought to an immediate vote—first upon the pending amendments in their order, and then upon the main question.

RULE 34.

RULE 34. The yeas and nays shall be called upon the election of all officers, a majority of those voting being necessary to a choice.

RULE 35.

RULE 35. The yeas and nays shall be called upon the passage of all bills except as otherwise provided, and the adoption of all joint resolutions, having the force and effect of law, and a majority of the votes of all the Councilors elected shall be necessary to pass either.

RULE 36.

RULE 36. The yeas and nays shall be called upon the adoption of all resolutions expending money, and a majority of the votes of all the Councilors elected are necessary to the adoption of such resolutions.

RULE 37.

RULE 37. Executive sessions shall be held as occasion may require and shall be held with closed doors. And no councilor or officer of the Council shall disclose the proceedings had in executive session or disclose the opinions or votes of the councilors.

RULE 38.

RULE 38. When in executive session the yeas and nays shall be called upon the confirmation of all nominations made by the Governor.

RULE 39.

RULE 39. The several standing and select committees of the Council have leave to report by bill or otherwise, and it shall be in order for the committee on enrollment to report at any time, when the Council is not otherwise engaged; but the report of any committee must be signed by a majority of its members before it can be received at the Clerk's desk, and when the majority of a committee have reported, the minority may present their views.

RULE 40.

RULE 40. When the Council shall be ready to proceed to the orders of the days, a motion to go into committee of the whole Council on the orders of the day shall have precedence of all other motions, except to adjourn, to take recess, to lie in the table, and for the previous question; and in forming a committee of the whole council the President shall leave the Chair and appoint a Chairman who shall preside and vote as other councilors.

RULE 41.

RULE 41. In Committee of the Whole bills shall be read by the Chairman or Clerk and considered by sections, unless it shall be otherwise directed by the Committee, leaving the preamble to be last considered. The body of the bill shall not be defaced or interlined, but amendments shall be noted by the Clerk on a separate piece of paper, as the same shall be agreed to by the Committee, and so reported to the Council. After being reported the bill and amendments of the Committee shall be immediately taken up, unless it shall be otherwise ordered by the Council, and again be subject to discussion or amendment before the question to engross the bill be taken. The rule of proceeding in Committee of the Whole shall be the same as in the Council, so far as may be applicable.

RULE 42.

RULE 42. Every bill shall be introduced by a Councilor, or on report of Committee, or by message from the House. And such bill, when introduced shall be sent to the Clerk, who shall read its title only. This the President shall announce as the "First Reading of the Bill."

RULE 43.

RULE 43. Upon second reading the bill shall be read by title only, unless two Councilors shall demand its reading in full. This the President shall announce as the "Second Reading of the Bill," and it shall then be referred to the appropriate Committee. Bills reported from Committees shall be referred to the Committee of the Whole by the President, when reported, and placed on the Calendar under General Orders. On the third reading of any bill or joint resolution, the same shall be read through by the Clerk. This the President shall announce as the "Third Reading of the Bill." The question then shall be: "Shall the Bill pass?" which shall be put immediately unless amendments are offered thereto. Except that the same may be debated in ten minute speeches by the members of the Council. Provided, that any member of the Council shall have the right to demand a vote in the Council by yeas and nays on any amendment offered in Committee of the Whole, by giving notice in Committee that he intends to make such demand.

RULE 44.

RULE 44. When a question is lost on ordering a bill to be engrossed for a third reading on a particular day, it shall not preclude a question to order it to be engrossed for a third reading on a different day, unless a division be called for; but if on a division the question on engrossing the bill, without including the time for its third reading, the bill shall be considered as lost.

RULE 45.

RULE 45. Bills standing in order for third reading shall be taken up and read without a motion to that effect, and, unless otherwise ordered by the Council, the question shall be put: "Shall the bill pass?" And in case any bill which has been set for a third reading on a given day shall, for any reason, be not read on that day, it shall stand for third reading on the first succeeding day when bills for third reading shall be reached in the regular order of business.

RULE 46.

RULE 46. When a bill has passed the Council the President or Clerk shall read its title, and the President shall demand if the Council agree to its title, and if the Council is agreed the Clerk shall make out the title accordingly and shall certify the passage of the bill upon the back thereof.

RULE 47.

RULE 47. No bill, having been passed, or resolution adopted, shall be delayed in transmitting to the House because a motion for reconsideration has been made and remains undisposed of. When a motion to reconsider is laid upon the table it shall not carry the bill or resolution with it.

RULE 48.

RULE 48. In concurring in House amendments to all bills making appropriations of money, a separate vote on any item or items therein, shall, on demand of five Councilors, first be had by yeas and nays, entered upon the journal, and every such item failing to receive a majority of all members elected to the Council shall be stricken from the bill before taking the vote on its final passage.

RULE 49.

RULE 49. When a bill or joint resolution has been reported to the Council by a standing Committee, with a recommendation it pass, it shall be printed and placed on the Calendar under the head of "General Orders," without further orders, and bills reported unfavorably may be printed by order of the Council and placed under "General orders," and the words, "Reported Unfavorable" shall be printed in a line underneath the title of the bill.

RULE 50.

RULE 50. Resolutions, upon their introduction in the Council or receipt from the House, upon their being first read in the Council, shall, if any Councilor shall give notice of a desire to discuss the proposition therein contained lie over for one day; and no motion shall be entertained which may operate to deprive any Councilor of the right to give notice to discuss.

RULE 51.

RULE 51. During the sitting of the Council no person shall be admitted within the bar of the Council except members of the two Houses and ex-members of the legislature, their clerks, assistants, and other officers or persons charged with any message or papers for the Council, clergymen by invitation of the President, the Governor of this or any other territory or state, Judges of the courts, heads of different departments, members of congress, such other persons as may, at any time be specially invited by any member of the present Council; and the use of the Council chamber shall not be granted at any time by resolution or otherwise for any other than legislative purposes except by unanimous consent of the Council.

RULE 52.

RULE 52. It shall be the duty of the Sergeant-at-Arms and his assistant to prevent smoking within the Council chamber during the session of the Council.

RULE 53.

RULE 53. Robert's Rules of Order shall be received as the rule in all cases not provided for in the foregoing rules, except where the Council may determine otherwise by a yea and nay vote.

RULE 54.

RULE 54. It is the duty of the Chief Clerk to call the roll. report correctly the result of all balloting, yea and nay and division votes, read the journal, or cause the same to be read, read all bills, resolutions, petitions or other papers which the Council may require; deliver all messages to the House of Representaties; certify all enrolled bills and present the same to the President of the Council for his signature; endorse upon every paper presented in the Council the successive stages of action had thereon, and see that the proper records be made of the transmission of every paper from one House to the other, or one officer to another, certify to the Auditor of the Territory the time of service of the members and officers of the Council and attend generally to such other matters as his office may require. For the purpose of securing uniformity and system all other clerks of the Council shall be under his direction.

RULE 55.

RULE 55. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of Enrolled Bills to enroll, or cause to be enrolled, in a legible and fair, round hand, without erasure or interlination, and subject to the approval of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, all Council Bills and joint resolutions which have been passed by both Houses. And it shall be the duty of the Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk to see that all conversation is suppressed in the enrolling and engrossing room, and he shall not permit any person other than his assistants and members of the Council to enter the enrolling and engrossing room at any time for any purpose, and that the said Clerk shall have complete charge, control and direction of the said enrolling and engrossing room.

RULE 56.

RULE 56. The calendar shall be arranged as follows:

1. Special orders, specifying the hour to which any subject matter of legislation was assigned for the consideration of the Council.
2. Motions and resolutions laid over under the rules.
3. The second reading of bills.
4. The third reading of bills.
5. Bills reported by Committees under the head of "General Orders."

RULE 57.

RULE 57. It shall be the duty of the Sergeant-at-Arms to deliver to the printer all bills and other documents ordered to be printed, and to take his receipt therefor; to return and distribute the printed copies; to procure all stationery and needful articles, and to execute all orders of the President and Council. He shall have the general supervision of the Council chamber and the subordinate officers of the Council, Committee and Clerk rooms, gallery and lobby, and shall preserve order within the Chamber, lobby and galleries, and may arrest and take into custody any person for disorderly conduct, and report him to the President, and for the purpose of preventing lounging and loafing in the Chamber, when the Council is not in session, he shall detail at least one of his assistants to remain in the Chamber at all times when the same is open.

RULE 58.

RULE 58. It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk within twenty-four hours after the approval of the Journal of the proceedings of each day to cause the same to be correctly entered in order in a book to be known as the Journal of the Council, which shall be and constitute the official record of all the proceedings of the Council, which shall be filed at the close of the session with the Secretary of the Territory.

Joint Rules.

RULE 1.

RULE 1. Each house shall, as soon as organized, report that fact to the other House; and the two Houses shall, by joint committee, inform the Governor that they are ready to receive any communication he may have to make.

RULE 2.

RULE 2. In joint convention of the two Houses the President of the Council shall preside.

RULE 3.

RULE 3. It shall be in the power of either House to amend any amendment made by the other, to any bill or resolution.

RULE 4.

RULE 4 Whenever either House shall amend a measure, and the other House shall refuse to concur in and adopt the amendment, the House which has adopted such amendment shall either insist on, or recede from the same. In case a motion to insist on the amendment be decided in the negative, such action shall be deemed a receding from the amendment, and so entered on the journal of such House. In case the amendment is insisted upon, the House so insisting shall request a committee of conference on the subject of disagreement, and shall appoint a committee therefor. The other House shall thereupon appoint such Committee. Unless another number is specified in said request, such Committee shall consist of three members from the House and three from the Council. They shall meet at a convenient time, to be agreed upon by their Chairman, and having conferred freely, each shall report to its respective House the result of their conference. In case of agreement the report shall be first made, with the papers referred accompanying it, to the House which refused to concur, and there acted upon; and such action shall be immediately reported by the Secretary or Clerk to the other House, the papers referred accompanying the message. In case of disagreement of Conference Committee the papers shall remain with the House which insisted on the amendment. The agreeing report of a Conference Committee shall be made, read and signed in duplicate by all the members of the Committee, or by a majority of those of each House, one of the duplicates being retained by the Committee of each House. Should either house disagree to the report of the Committee, such House shall appoint a second Committee and request a further conference, which shall be acceded to by the other House before adhering. The motion for a Committee of Conference and the report of such Committee shall be in order at any time. When both Houses shall have adhered to their disagreement, a bill or resolution is lost.

RULE 5.

RULE 5. When a message shall be sent from one House to the other, it shall be announced at the door of the House to which it is sent by the doorkeeper thereof, and shall be respectfully communicated to the Chair by the person by whom it is sent.

RULE 6.

RULE 6. All messages between the two Houses shall be communicated by the Chief Clerk through the Messenger or his assistants.

RULE 7.

RULE 7. When a bill shall have passed both Houses it shall be duly enrolled by the Enrolling Clerk of the House in which it originated, and the fact of its origin shall be certified by the endorsement of the Clerk thereof.

RULE 8.

RULE 8. When the bills are enrolled they shall be examined by the Committees on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills of the Council and House acting jointly, who shall carefully compare the enrollment with the engrossed bills as passed in the House, correct any errors therein, and make report forthwith to their respective Houses; which report shall be signed by the Chairman of said Committee from each House.

RULE 9.

RULE 9. After the report, each bill shall be signed, first by the Speaker of the House and then by the President of the Council, in the presence of their respective Houses.

RULE 10.

RULE 10. After the bill shall have been thus signed in each House it shall be forthwith presented by said Committee to the Governor for his approval, and they shall forthwith report the day of presentation, which shall be entered upon the journal of the House in which the bill originated.

RULE 11.

RULE 11. All orders, resolutions, memorials, or other votes, which are to be presented to the Governor for his approval, shall be enrolled, examined, signed, and presented in the same manner as bills.

RULE 12.

RULE 12. When any bill, resolution or memorial, which shall have passed in one House, is rejected, or adopted in the other, notice of such action shall be given the House which passed the same. And each bill, resolution or memorial shall have properly endorsed thereon, at time of transmission, a statement signed by the Clerk, of the action which has been taken thereon by the House transmitting the same, with the dates thereof.

RULE 13.

RULE 13. When a bill, resolution or memorial shall have passed one House and is rejected in the other, it shall not again be introduced during the session without five days' notice, and leave of a majority of all the members elected to the House in which it is sought to re-introduce that bill or resolution.

RULE 14.

RULE 14. Each House shall transmit to the other, with any bill resolution or memorial, all papers upon which the same shall be founded.

RULE 15.

RULE 15. When any report, bill or resolution shall be ordered printed, by either House, without stating the number, one hun dred copies shall be printed for the use of both Houses, but when any bill or resolution which may have passed one House is ordered printed by the other, a greater number of copies shall not be printed than one hundred.

RULE 16.

RULE 16. It shall be the duty of the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, and the Clerk of the Council, when any document, except bills and resolutions, is ordered to be printed in their respective Houses, forthwith to communicate such order to the other House.

RULE 17.

RULE 17. In all elections in Joint Convention of the two Houses the names of all the members shall be arranged in alphabetical order, and they shall be called upon to vote in the order in which they stand arranged.

RULE 18.

RULE 18. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Claims in each House to keep a book of record, in which shall be entered each claim for money against the Territory referred to them whether presented in favor of private persons, or municipal or other corporations, entering therein the name of the claimant, the amount of the claim, and the grounds thereof, with a note of the evidence offered in support of the same, and the final conclusion of the Committee thereon. At the close of the session, said book of record shall be deposited with the Auditor of the Territory, to be kept by him; and he shall provide an index, showing the name of the claimants recorded therein. At any subsequent session the same shall be delivered, when desired, to the like committee having jurisdiction of such claims, and shall always be open to the examination of said committee of either House.

RULE 19.

RULE 19. The Chief Clerk of the House and Chief Clerk of the Council shall endorse on every bill and joint or concurrent resolution, respectively, a brief history of such bill or resolution, introduced or coming in their respective Houses, showing when and by whom the bill was introduced, or when received, its several readings and references, when reported and the recommendation, the fact of amendment (if amended), its engrossment, final reading and disposition thereof, stating the number of ayes and the number of nays thereon. The Chief Clerk and Secretary shall respectively sign such history of the bill or resolution in his House, before he transmits the same to the other House.

RULE 20.

RULE 20. When amendments are made in one House to a bill or joint resolution originating in the other, or where amendments are made in one House to amendment made in the other, it shall require a vote of a majority of all the members elected to either House, on a call of yeas and nays, to adopt said amendment on its final passage.

RULE 21.

RULE 21. In joint convention of the two Houses, the previous question shall be in the usual form, and when sustained by a majority of the members present, it shall cut off all debate or amendment, and bring the convention to a direct vote; but the vote shall be taken on all pending amendments in their order, until the main question is reached.

RULE 22.

RULE 22 When a bill proposes to amend any section, chapter or act, the title shall read as follows: "An Act Relating to ———, and Amendatory of Section ——, of Chapter ——, of the Statute of Oklahoma," filling the blanks with the proper subject, section and chapter.

RULE 23.

RULE 23. When a bill proposes to repeal any section, chapter or act, and has no other object, the title shall be as follows: "An Act to Repeal Section ——, Chapter ——, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, Relating to ——," filling the blanks with the proper subject, section or chapter.

RULE 24.

RULE 24. Bills that have passed one House and are upon their third reading in the other House shall have precedence over bills originating in that House.

RULE 25.

RULE 25. Whenever these rules are inapplicable, Roberts' Rules shall govern.

RULE 26.

RULE 26. These rules may be changed or suspended by concurrent resolution, on a vote of two-thirds of the members present in each house.

GEO. H. BRETT,
On the Part of the Council.
C. G. JONES,
On the Part of the House on Joint Rules.

Appendix

COUNCIL CONCURRENT RESOLUTION AND MEMORIAL NO. 1.

WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States, by an act approved March 3, 1893, provided, among other things, for the opening to settlement of the bodies of land known as the Cherokee Outlet, the Tonkawa Indian reservation and the Pawnee Indian reservation, by proclamation of the President of the United States, and empowered the said President to make such other reservations as he might deem proper; and

WHEREAS, In pursuance of the authority so granted, the said President did reserve in the said Cherokee Outlet and Indian Reservations section thirteen in each congressional township for the use and benefit of a territorial university, agricultural college and normal school, and did reserve section thirty-three in each congressional township in said bodies of land for public buildings, and

WHEREAS, No reservation of public lands for similar purposes were made in any of the other lands within the territory of Oklahoma which have been opened to settlement; be it therefore

Resolved, That the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the territory of Oklahoma do memorialize and petition the Congress of the United States, and they do hereby memorialize and petition that body that it provide by necessary legislation for the granting to the territory of Oklahoma of sections thirteen and thirty-three of each congressional township of said territory where such lands have not already been reserved for the purposes hereinbefore mentioned; and that in cases where the said sections have been partially or wholly disposed of either by purchase, allotment or homestead settlement, it do grant other lands within the said territory in lieu thereof; the proceeds arising from the sale or lease of any such lands to be applied to the purposes indicated; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of the Congress of the United States.

HUGH McCREDIE,
President of Council.
THOMAS R. REID,
Speaker of House.

Introduced by Mr. Gandy.
Adopted by Council February 9th, 1899.
Adopted by House February 18th, 1899.

COUNCIL CONCURRENT RESOLUTION AND MEMORIAL NO. 2.

WHEREAS, It has been the long established policy of the government of the United States to allow settlers on public lands to obtain homestead title free upon the payment of land office fees; and

WHEREAS, It is inconsistent with good political economy to refuse to carry out the true spirit and original provisions of the homestead act which has already made the United States the greatest agricultural country on earth; and

WHEREAS, There is now pending in congress a measure to provide free homes for settlers on public lands, who will otherwise be compelled to pay for the homesteads they have developed by their own labor and thus be discriminated against; be it therefore

Resolved, That the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma hereby memorializes the Congress of the United States that it do enact a law that will perpetuate the homestead policy of the government and provide free homes for settlers on the public lands; be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, to be presented by them to the Senate and House respectively.

HUGH McCREDIE,
President of Council.
THOMAS R. REID,
Speaker of House.

Introduced by Mr. Gandy.
Adopted by Council January 13th, 1899.
Adopted by House January 17th, 1899.

COUNCIL CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4.

Be it Resolved by the Council of the Fifth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, the House of Representatives concurring therein:

That there be appointed by the President of the Council, and on behalf thereof, three members, who, together with a like number of members of the House of Representatives, to be selected as such House shall decide, shall constitute a Joint Committee, who shall select their own Chairman, and whose duty it shall be to investigate generally the Departmental and Fiscal affairs of this Territory, and particularly in the following matters:

First. The entering into contracts on behalf of the Territory in excess of the appropriations made for the purpose claimed to be effectuated by the contracts, and particularly into the letting of the contract for the erection of the building for the Northwestern Normal School at Alva; and into the execution of said contract.

Second. The conduct and management of the School land office and the employment of the Attorney General of this Territory, and the payment to him of fees, in the matter of services claimed to have been performed by him in collecting School Land lessees' notes, and which fees were in excess of the salary allowed by law.

Third. The expenditures of considerable sums of money in connection with the Adjutant General's Department in excess of the appropriation therefor, and all matters connected with the administration of the Adjutant General's Office.

Fourth. The detailing of a Second Lieutenant from the militia as Acting Adjutant General, and allowing him the full pay of a Lieutenant in active service, when the appropriation for the salary of that Officer is fixed at Twenty Dollars and eighty-three cents per month.

Fifth. The letting of contracts for the care of the Deaf and Dumb and Blind at Two Hundred and Seventy Dollars per annum for each person, and whether there is any appropriation made for the payment of any such sums.

Sixth. The increase of the salary of the School Land Commissioner, if such increase exists, above the appropriation therefor.

Seventh. The amount of salary drawn by the Territorial Auditor; in that capacity, and as Superintendent of Public Instruction, and fees and expenses received by him as a member of the Territorial Board of Education.

Eighth. The issuance of warrants by the Territorial Auditor in excess of appropriations against which they are drawn.

Ninth: The fees and expenses of the Territorial Board of Education.

Tenth. The management of the Territorial Library, and whether in fact the duties of Librarian are performed by an assistant at a compensation much less than the Librarian's salary, while he gives his attention to private interests. And said committee is further empowered and instructed to investigate the accounts and management of the former Librarian whose term of office expired April 15, 1898, and ascertain: 1st. What warrants, if any, were drawn in his favor, not authorized by law, and the amount of the same. 2nd. What amount if any he ever turned over to the Territorial treasury, on account of sale of books or publications, and if he ever paid in any, what became of said funds. 3rd. What amount of warrants, if any, were drawn on the library fund during his incumbency and what authority and for what purpose they were drawn. 4th. Whether he has ever made any final settlement of his accounts. 5th. If no final settlement has been made, what amount if any, is due from him and what steps are necessary to collect same.

Eleventh. The pay rolls connected with the Territorial Institutions, and particularly that of the Territorial Normal School at Edmond, and as to the competency and necessity for employing persons connected therewith.

Twelfth. The fees charged and received by members of the Territorial Banking Board, and compensation claimed by them.

Thirteenth. The letting of the contract on behalf of the Territory for the school text book supply, and whether the law under which said contract was let was legally passed and signed by the Governor.

Fourteenth. The distribution of the rentals arising from sections thirteen, and the retention by the Governor of any sums of public money in his hands.

Fifteenth. The salary and compensation of the Attorney General and the character of opinions and advice by his office given to other Territorial officers concerning the fiscal affairs of this Territory.

Sixteenth. The speculations, if any, there has been by the Territorial officers or their deputies, in Terrritorial warrants or indebtedness.

Seventeenth. The entering into contracts for the Territorial printing and the payment of all moneys thereunder, whether the same were legal and prices were proper and just.

Be it Further Resolved, That such Committee has leave to sit at such times and places during this session of the Legislature, and under such order of procedure as it shall determine, and that it has all the powers and authority conferred by Section twenty-eight of Chapter forty-six, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory of 1893, and that such Committee report its action to the Council and House of Representatives during this session, and at as early a date as is consistent with a thorough investigation.

HUGH McCREDIE,
President of Council.
THOMAS R. REID,
Speaker of House.

Introduced by Mr. Biddison.
Adopted by Council January 19th, 1899.
Adopted by House January 27th, 1899.

COUNCIL BILLS PASSED AND DATE OF APPROVAL BY THE GOVERNOR.

Council Bill No. 2, Substitute passed over Governor's Veto March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 15, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 16, approved February 24, 1899.
Council Bill No. 26, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 29, approved February 25, 1899.
Council Bill No. 30, approved March 13, 1899.
Council Bill No. 34, approved March 15, 1899.
Council Bill No. 36, approved March 2, 1899.
Council Bill No. 41, approved March 6, 1899.
Council Bill No. 44, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 58, approved March 2, 1899.
Council Bill No. 59, approved March 9, 1899.
Council Bill No. 62, approved February 25, 1899.
Council Bill No. 66, approved March 14, 1899.
Council Bill No. 70, approved February 25, 1899.
Council Bill No. 78, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 88, appproved March 2, 1899.
Council Bill No. 90, approved March 8, 1899
Council Bill No. 98, Substitute, approved March 13, 1899.
Council Bill No. 99, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 115, approved March 2, 1899.
Council Bill No. 116, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 118, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 156, approved March 13, 1899.
Council Bill No. 159, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 185, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 198, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 215, approved March 10, 1899.
Council Bill No. 224, approved March 11, 1899.
Council Bill No. 225, approved March 10, 1899.

HOUSE BILLS PASSED AND DATE OF APPROVAL BY THE GOVERNOR.

House Bill No. 13, approved March 9, 1899.
House Bill No. 27, approved February 27, 1899.
House Bill No. 34, approved March 2, 1899.
House Bill No. 43, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 54, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 55, approved February 17, 1899.
House Bill No. 58, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 68, approved March 3, 1899.
House Bill No. 73, approved March 13, 1899.
House Bill No. 78, approved February 23, 1899.
House Bill No. 92, approved February 24, 1899.
House Bill No. 93, approved February 21, 1899.
House Bill No. 119, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 151, approved February 24, 1899.
House Bill No. 156, approved March 8, 1899.
House Bill No. 165, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 167, approved March 14, 1899.
House Bill No. 171, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 181, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 185, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 192, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 195, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 197, approved March 13, 1899.
House Bill No. 200, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 201, approved March 9, 1899.
House Bill No. 210, approved March 10, 1899.
House Bill No. 218, approved March 10, 1899.

COUNCIL BILLS THAT WERE VETOED OR DIED IN THE HANDS OF THE GOVERNOR.

No.	Title.	Author.
No. 2	An Act to prohibit public officers from purchasing or dealing in any manner in bonds, warrants or other evidences of public indebtedness, and to prohibit Territorial officers from issuing or paying any warrant or order in excess of appropriations made by the Legislative Assembly....	Mr. Clarke.
No. 40	An Act amending Section 48, of Chapter 15, relating to fees and salaries, Session Laws of 1897................	Mr. Winkler.
No. 47	An Act providing for the formation of a constitution and state government for the State of Oklahoma......	Mr. Havens
No. 63	An Act defining and prescribing penalty for the unlawful carrying of arms, and repealing Article 45, Chapter 25, and Section 20, Article 36, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893..	Mr. Thacker.
No. 84	An Act to amend Sections 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132 and 133, of Article 10, of Chapter 67, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893.......	Mr. Thacker.
No. 142	An Act to amend Section 1, Chapter 1, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, of 1897, entitled "An Act to Locate and establish an Agricultural and Normal University of the Territory of Oklahoma for the use and benefit of the colored people of said Territory....	Mr. Huston. Mr. Winkler.
No. 158	An Act amendatory of Section 6, of Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1897, entitled "Public Weigher and Other Officers".....	
No. 165	An Act to require circuses and menageries to procure a license from the Territorial Secretary before exhibiting in any city or town in Oklahoma..........................	Mr. Bellamy.
No. 193	An Act to validate the election of disqualified persons to the office of probate judge.....	Judiciary Com.

HOUSE BILLS THAT WERE VETOED OR DIED IN THE HANDS OF THE GOVERNOR.

No.	Title.	Author.
No. 3	An Act pertaining to cities of the first class, and repealing Chapter 6, Article 1, of the Session Laws of 1897....	C. G. Jones.
No. 10	An Act to authorize city councils of cities of the first and second class to contract for the cultivating of land and the buying, planting and cultivating of trees, and providing for the payment thereof..................	T. H. Doyle.
No. 20	An Act to provide for the manner of payment of school district and township indebtedness, and for other purposes.....	Philip Koch.
No. 24	An Act to amend An Act amending Section 5, Chapter 1, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, and authorizing the employment of a Territorial Veterinary Surgeon by the Board of Regents of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Oklahoma, and creating a sanitary commission.......	J. C. Wails.
No. 26	An Act to regulate the leasing and management of the school lands and other public lands, of Oklahoma Territory.......	J. W.Scott
No. 71	An Act making appropriations for the exepnses for the officers and clerks of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.	J. M. Holliday.
No. 72	An Act amendatory of Sections 1 and 2, of Article 4, of Chapter 32, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1897, entitled "An Act amendatory of Sections 2 and 3, of Article 3, Chapter 43, Session Laws of Oklahoma, Territory, 1895.".....	J. C. Williamson
No. 74	An Act fixing the salaries of Territorial officers, and limiting expenditures for contingent expense, and prohibiting the issue of warrants, or other indebtedness therefor and providing a penalty for the violation thereof, and prophibiting the Territorial Auditor from auditing excessive claims, and providing penalty for the same.....	W. F. Malley.
No. 126	An Act to requre bond investment companies doing business in the Territory of Oklahoma, to deposit certain sums of money or security with the Treasurer of the Territory of Oklahoma, and providing penalties for failing to comply with the terms of this law............	W. H. Merten.
No. 166	An Act incorporating the Oklahoma Chautauqua Association of Kingfisher County, Oklahoma Territory........	W. C. Stevens.
No. 168	An Act to create the county of McKinley out of Woods County, providing for the organization thereof, filling vacancies in the offices created and providing for the distribution of property and indebtedness of Woods County, and relating to the taxes and records thereof, and repealing all Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith.........	E. E. Hartshorn.
No. 180	An Act authorizing and empowering school districts in Oklahoma Territory to create a building fund..........	Philip Koch.
No. 182	An Act relating to fire, life, accident and guarantee companies and amending Sections 27 and 30 of Article 1, of Chapter 44, Statutes of 1893, and Section 25, of Article 3, of the Statutes of 1893, and for other purposes..	W. H. Merten.
No. 206	An Act to amend Section 15, Article 3, Chapter 14, of the Statutes of 1893. entitled "An Act providing for the incorporation and government of cities of the first class	T. H. Doyle.
No. 211	An Act providing for the bonding of the indebtedness of school districts and of townships......................	W. C. Stevens.

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No. 3. That a Special Joint Committee be Appointed by the President of the Council and Speaker of the House. Mr. Huston.......	760	762	....	....
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No. 6. Protesting Against the Appointment of a Federal Judge, Non-Resident. Mr. Hutto........	879	879 893	....	....
No. 7. That the Report of the Joint Investigating Committee be sent to the President of the United States for his Information. Mr. Clarke. Changed to Council Resolution....	1091	1091	1132	....

COUNCIL HISTORY OF COUNCIL JOINT RESOLUTIONS

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No. 2.—An Act to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying any Warrants, or Order in Excess of Appropriations of the Legislative Assembly, and to Prohibit Public Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in any Manner in Bonds, Warrants or Other Evidence of Public Indebtedness..........	Mr. Clarke..	729	733	733
No. 3.—An Act Defining the Duties of the Governor as to the time of Nominating Public Officers.........	Mr. Clarke..	729	733	733
No. 4.—An Act Prescribing the Duties and Fixing the Salary of the Attorney-General of the Territory of Oklahoma......	Mr. Clarke..	729	733	734
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No. 6.—An Act Defining the Liabilities of Fire Insurance Companies in Certain Cases.	Mr. Clarke..	729	734	734
No. 7.—An Act to Provide for the Taxation of Insurance, Guaranty and Accident Companies not Organized under the Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma.....	Mr. Clarke..	729	734	734 813
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No. 10.—An Act to Protect the Territory, Counties, etc., Against Illegal and Fraudulent Acts of their Officers	Mr. Garrison.. ..	729	734	734
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No. 12.—An Act to Prevent the Selling of Rejected Oils or Burning Fluids, etc.......	Mr. Garrison.. ..	730	734	735 868
No. 13.—An Act to Regulate Printers' Fees for Public Printing.	Mr. Garrison.. ..	730	735	735 853
No. 14.—An Act to Amend Section 2, of Article 6, of Chapter 70, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, of 1893, Relating to County Boards of Equalization; and to Amend Article 1, of Chapter 45, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled, "An Act to Amend Article 7, of Chapter 70, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, Relating to Territorial Boards of Equalization."	Mr. Huston	730	735	735
No. 15.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 5, Chapter 6, Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Cities of the First Class.....	Mr. Huston	730	735	735
No. 16.—An Act Constituting a Territorial Board of Equalization, Defining the Powers Thereof, and Providing for the Assessment of Rolling Stock and Railroads.....	Mr. Winkler	730	735	735
No. 17.—An Act Relating to the Office of Township Assessors and Prescribing their Duties	Mr. Huston	730	735	735
No. 18.—An Act Providing for Changes of Venue and for Jury trials before Police Courts	Mr. Clarke..	736	743	743
No. 19.—An Act Relating to Crimes made Punishable under Statutes of the Territory and Ordinances of Cities and Towns.	Mr. Clarke..	736	743	743
No. 20—An Act Amending Parts of Chapter 8 of the Session Laws of 1897 said Chapter being an act Entitled "An Act Regulating the Conveyance of Real Property and Mortgages thereon and Contracts Relating thereto," etc.	Mr. Clarke..	736	743	743
No. 21.—An Act Requiring Railroad Companies to Permit Certain Officers and Physicians to Ride on all Passenger and Freight Trains.......................	Mr. Clarke..	736	743	743
No. 22.—An Act Amendatory of Sections —— of Chapter 66, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893.	Mr. President ...	736	743	744
No. 23.—An Act Amendatory of Sections 1 and 9 of Chapter 17 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Year of 1897, Entitled "An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses, and the Furniture and the Fixtures Thereof."	Mr. Garrison.. ..	736	744	744

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HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 24.—An Act Relating to School House Insurance.	Mr. Garrison.. ..	736	744	744
No. 25—An Act Defining the Liabilities and Duties of Railroad Companies in this Territory	Mr. Huston	744	748	748
No. 26.—An Act to Amend Article 2, of Chapter 9, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled, "Guarantee Companies," by Adding Thereto Sections 10 and 11	Mr. Huston	744	748	748
No. 27.—An Act to Amend An Act to Regulate the Practice of Dentistry Within the Territory of Oklahoma	Mr. Clarke..	744	748	748
No. 28.—An Act in Relation to the Fees and Mileage of Witnesses	Mr. Clarke..	744	748	748
No. 29.—An Act Empowering Parties to Dismiss Civil Actions	Mr. Clarke..	744	748	748
No. 30.—An Act Providing for Changes of Venue in Civil Matters in Probate Courts	Mr. Clarke..	744	748	748
No. 31.—An Act in Relation to Competency of Witnesses and their Credibility	Mr. Clarke..	744	748	748
No. 32.—An Act Defining the Rights of Women	Mr. Gandy	744	749	749
No. 33.—An Act Appropriating Five Thousand Dollars or so Much Thereof as may be Necessary to Protect the People of Oklahoma Territory from the Invasion and Spread of Contagious and Infectious Diseases	Mr. President ...	745	749	758
No. 34.—An Act Relating to Roads and Highways	Mr. Garrison.. ..	745	749	749
No. 35.—An Act Amendatory of Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 of Article 3, Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of 1895, of Oklahoma Territory	Mr. Garrison.. ..	745	749	749
No. 36.—An Act in Relation to the Time When the Term of Office of County Treasurer Shall Commence	Mr. Garrison... ..	745	749	749
No. 37.—An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization, Management and Control, Regulating the Supervision of Banks and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions of this Act, and Repealing Chapter 4 of Session Laws of 1897, of Oklahoma Territory	Mr. Hutto.	745	749	749
No. 38.—An Act in Relation to Court Criers..	Mr. Biddison.. .. (by request.)	745	749	749

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole......	Report of the Committee of the Whole......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
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....	....	....	942	....	944	944	944	....	....	....	1064	1067	1110	......
....	1087	108[illegible]	1102	....	1102	1103	1103	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	956	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	837	837	841	....	842	842	842	....	....	....	......	......	966	......
....	1015	1015	1020	....	1021	1022	1022	....	....	....	1064	1067	......	......
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....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1051	....	....	......	......	......	......
758	758	758	767	....	759	759	759	....	....	....	......	......	......	....
....	855	855	927	....	927	927	927	....	....	....	1118	1118	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	845	....	845	845	845	....	....	....	984	984	1011	......
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NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 39.—An Act Repealing Chapter 17 of Session Acts of 1897 Relating to Insurance of School Property	Mr. Winkler	749	752	753
No. 40.—An Act Amending Section 48, of Chapter 15, Relating to Fees and Salaries, Session Acts of 1897..................	Mr. Winkler	750	753	753
No. 41.—An Act Providing for the Custody and Care of Moneys Derived from Sections 13 and 33, Reserved for Educational and Public Building Purposes.......	Mr. Havens	750	753	753
No. 42.—An Act Amendatory to Section 1, Article 12, Chapter 73, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893....................................	Mr. President ...	750	753	753
No. 43.—An Act to Provide for Trial of all Cases Arising under Town Ordinances by Town Justice of the Peace without Intervention of a Jury.......................	Mr. Gandy	753	761	761
No. 44.—An Act Prescribing and Defining the Powers and Duties of County Assessors, and Providing for Compensation for their Services....................	Mr. Gandy	753	754	....
No. 45.—An Act to Repeal Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1895. Entitled, "Vacation of Townsites and Additions."	Mr. Brett..	754	761	761
No. 46.—An Act to Repeal Section 27, of Chapter 47, of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893.................................	Mr. Bellamy	754	761	731
No. 47.—An Act Providing for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma......	Mr. Havens	754	761	761
No. 48.—An Act Repealing Chapter 17 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897..	Mr. Gandy...	754	761	761
No. 49.—An Act Repealing Sections 5 and 7 and Amending Sections 6 and 8 of Article 6 and Amending Section 3 of Article 9, all of Chapter 12 of Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: "Counties and County Officers."	Mr. Brett..	762	766	767
No. 50.—An Act Repealing Sections 2 and 5, and Amending Sections 3, 4 and 8 of Chapter 17 of Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: "An Act to Provide for Insurance of School Houses and the Furniture and Fixtures thereof."	Mr. Brett..	762	767	767
No. 51.—An Act to Amend Section 4213 of Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893.................	Mr. Biddison.. ..	762	767	767
No. 52.—An Act Relating to the Admission of Evidence	Mr. Biddison.	762	767	767

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole.......	Report of the Committee of the Whole.......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1011	....	....	......	.. ..	......	......
....	980	980	999	....	1000	1001	1001	....	....	....	......	1114	......	......
....	842	842	845	....	846	846	846	....	980	....	985	985	1046	......
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753 761 979	761	....	971	946	979	979	979	....	1087 1107	1069	......	1128	......	......
....	842 894	842 894	919	....	926	926	926	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	855	855	867	....	867	867	867	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	824	824	827	827	827	831	829	....	930	968 1013	......	1018	......	1085
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....	860	860	....	....	....	....	....	1011	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	991	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
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HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading....	Second Reading.....	Referred to Committee..
No. 53.—An Act Amendatory to Section 32, Article 1, Chapter 44, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, ...	Mr. President.. ..	762	767	767
No. 54.—An Act Granting Certain Powers to Directors of the Oklahoma Historical Society, and Making appropriations for said Society	Mr. President.. ..	763	767	767
No. 55.—An Act Amendatory of Section 15 of Article 6 of Chapter 76 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, Entitled: "An Act Defining the Powers and Duties of the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma."	Mr. Gandy...	768	772	772
No. 56.—An Act to Repeal Article 9 of Chapter 34 of the Session Laws of 1897, and Directing Certain Officers to take no further Action upon any Instrument in Writing Executed Thereunder	Mr. Biddison.. ...	773	777	777
No. 57.—An Act Repealing Section 13 of Article 5 of Chapter 12 of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: "Counties and County Officers."	Mr. Winkler.	773	777	777
No. 58.—An Act to Exempt Property Belonging to the Kingfisher College from Taxation	Mr. Winkler	773	778	778
No. 59.—An Act in Relation to Cities of the First Class............................	Mr. Bellamy	774	778	778
No. 60—An Act Amendatory of Sections 47 and 48, Chapter 15, Laws of 1897	Mr. Bellamy	774	778	778
No. 61.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 3 of Chapter 44 of Session Laws of 1895,, Entitled: "Road Overseers"......	Mr. Brett..	774	778	778
No. 62.—An Act Validating and Ratifying the Action of the Voters of "D" County in Changing the Name of said County to that of "Dewey" County............	Mr. Thacker	774	778	778
No. 63.—An Act Defining and Prescribing Penalty for the Unlawful Carrying of Arms, and Repealing Article 45, Chapter 25, and Section 20, Article 36, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893.......................	Mr. Thacker	774	778	....
No. 64.—An Act to Amend Section 3, Chapter 18, Session Laws 1895, and to Validate Certain Elections	Mr. Thacker	774	778	778
No. 65.—An Act to Repeal Section 13, Article 59, Chapter 25, Statutes 1893...............	Mr. Thacker	774	778	778

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules	Considered by Committee of the Whole	Report of the Committee of the Whole	Engrossed	Special Order	Third Reading	Title Agreed To	Final Passage	Rejection or Other Disposition	Further Action of the Council	Conference Committee	Enrolled	Signed by the President	Approved by the Governor	Vetoed by the Governor
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....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	919	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	897	897	903	....	903	904	904	....	....	....	985	986	1011	......
....	814	814	823	....	823	823	823	....	995	....	......	1018	1091	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	839	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	842	842	846	....	846	846	846	....	....	....	960	960	9 6	......
....	1011	1011	1020	....	1021	1021	1021	....	....	....	......	117	......	......
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HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading....	Second Reading..... ...	Referred to Committee..
No. 66.—An Act Authorizing and Prescribing the Procedure for the Taking up and Sale of Estrays, and Repealing Article 3, Chapter 2, Statutes of 1893......	Mr. Thacker	774	779	....
No. 67.—An Act to Extend the Jurisdiction of the Probate Court and Regulating the Procedure and Practice of the same..	Mr. Biddison.. ...	774	779	779
No. 68.—An Act in Relation to the practice of Pharmacy and the Sale of Medicines and Poisons, Licensing Persons to carry on such Practice and Exempting them from Jury Duty, Providing for the Appointment and Prescribing the Powers and Duties of a Territorial Board of Pharmacy, and for Other Purposes	Mr. Magness.. ..	775	779	....
No. 69.—An Act Authorizing Cities and Towns to Issue Bonds for Construction of Sewers, Water Works, Sanitary and Health Purposes and Improvement of Streets.....	Mr. Havens	775	779	779
No. 70.—An Act Amendatory of Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73, Being General Section No. 5762, of Statutes, 1893, Entitled "Schools."	Mr. Gandy...	779	784	....
No. 71.—An Act Repealing Article 25 of Chapter 68, Statutes of 1893,................	Mr. Clarke..	779	784	784
No. 72.—An Act Amending Section 190 of Article 11, Chapter 66 of Civil Procedure..	Mr. Clarke..	779	784	784
No. 73.—An Act Relating to the Foreclosure of Mortgages on Real Estate, and Providing for the redemption of Property Sold under Decree of Foreclosure and Sale	Mr. Garrison... ..	780	784	784
No. 74.—An Act to Regulate the Testing of Wheat......	Mr. Garrison... ..	780	784	784
No. 75.—An Act in Relation to Poll Taxes in Cities of the First Class................	Mr. Bellamy	780	784	784
No. 76.—An Act Fixing the Liability for Taxes in Certain Cases.....................	Mr. Bellamy	780	785	785
No. 77.—An Act Amendatory of Section 6, Chapter 10, being General Section No. 431 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled: "Bounties."	Mr. Gandy...	785	789	789
No. 78.—An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of Oklahoma, and Regulating Abstracting in Relation Thereto......	Mr. Bellamy	785	789	789

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules	Considered by Committee of the Whole	Report of the Committee of the Whole	Engrossed	Special Order	Third Reading	Title Agreed To	Final Passage	Rejection or Other Disposition	Further Action of the Council	Conference Committee	Enrolled	Signed by the President	Approved by the Governor	Vetoed by the Governor
....	1065	1065	....	....	1074	1074	1074	....	....	....	......	1125	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
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779	....	788	....	786	788	788	788	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	860 805	805	819	....	821	823	823	....	925	....	954	956	966	......
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....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	988	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	860	860	868	....	868	868	868	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	842	842	....	....	....	....	....	980	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	855 894 901	855 894 901	927	....	943	943	943	....	....	....	1092	1092	1118	......

HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 79.—An Act in Relation to Landlords and Tenants	Mr. Bellamy... ..	785	789	789
No. 80.—An Act to Prohibit the Introduction of Johnson Grass into this Territory...	Mr. Magness.. ..	789	794	794
No. 81.—An Act Relating to Merchants' License	Mr. Winkler	789	794	794
No. 82.—An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sales of Real Estate by the Sheriff...	Mr. Magness.. ..	789	794	794
No. 83.—An Act Amending Section 1 Article 3, Chapter 39, Session Laws of 1895 Entitled: "Issues in Civil Actions."	Mr. Thacker	789	794	794
No. 84.—An Act to Amend Sections 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132, and 133. of Article 10, of Chapter 67, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893........	Mr. Thacker.. ...	789	794	794
No. 85.—An Act to Amend Section 4, and Repeal Section 5, of Chapter 8, Session Laws of 1897......	Mr. Thacker.. ...	789	794	794
No. 86.—An Act to Create the County of Banner out of Woods County, Territory of Oklahoma and Providing for the Organization Thereof, etc.,................	Mr. Garrison... ..	790	794	795
No. 87.—An Act Relating to Appropriation Bills in the Legislative Assembly.........	Mr. Havens..	790	795	795
No. 88.—An Act to Authorize the Board of Trustees of the Town of Chandler to Annually Levy and Collect a Tax not Exceeding Five Mills on the Dollar on all the Taxable Property of said Town, for the Purpose of Extending, Repairing, Maintaining, and Operating the Water Works of said Town................	Mr. President.. ..	790	795	795
No. 89.—An Act Amending Sections 22, 23, 24, and 26, and Repealing Section 25, of Article 1, of Chapter 72, Entitled, "Roads and Highways," Statutes of Oklahoma.....	Mr. Huston..	795	801	801
No. 90.—An Act to Amend An Act Entitled, "An Act to Provide for the Public Inspector of Oils or Burning Fluids, and Prescribing his Duties........	Mr. Winkler... ...	795	802	802
No. 91.—An Act to Authorize the Lexington and Purcell Bridge Company to Contrust and Maintain a Bridge over that Part of the South Canadian River in Oklahoma Territory near Lexington, Oklahoma Territory,..........................	Mr. Clarke..	795	802	802

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole.......	Report of the Committee of the Whole.......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee....	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
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....	860	860	942	....	943	944	944	....	1026	1041	......	......	......	......
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....	....	....	1020	....	1020	1021	1021	....	1076	....	1092	1092	......	......
....	991	991	1001	....	1002	1002	1002	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
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....	850	850	867	....	868	868	868	....	....	....	985	986	1011	......
897	980	980	999	....	999	999	999	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	1006 1046	1046	1052	....	1052	1052	1052	....	....	....	1071	1071	......	......
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HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 92.—An Act for the Support of the Poor of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma, and to Establish and Maintain Asylums Therefor....	Mr. Biddison.. ...	796	802	802
No. 93.—An Act Making Appropriations for the Expenses of the Officers and Clerks of the Fifth Legislative Assembly..........	Mr. Gandy...	796	796	793
No. 94.—An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Article 5. Chapter 6 of the Laws of Oklahoma, 1897	Mr. President.. ..	796	802	802
No. 95.—An Act to Punish Corrupt Practice in Political Conventions and Among the Members Thereof.....	Mr. Huston	803	807	807
No. 96.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Chapter 26 of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: "An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish."............................	Mr. Gandy...	803	807	807
No. 97.—An Act to Provide for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township and Territorial Indebtedness and for other Purposes,.....................	Mr. Gandy...	803	808	803
No. 98.—An Act to Provide for a Territorial Geologist......	Mr. Magness.. ...	803	803	808
No. 99.—An Act to Provide for Public Libraries...	Mr. Garrison... ..	803	808	808
No. 100.—An Act Exempting from Taxation the Notes and Evidence of Indebtedness and Securities of Building and Loan Associations	Mr. Clarke..	808	816	816
No. 101.—An Act Relating to License of peddlers	Mr. Winkler... ..	809	816	817
No. 102.—An Act Requiring Probate Judges to Give Bond	Mr. Clarke..	809	817	817
No. 103.—An Act to Change the Names of Persons	Mr. Huston	809	817	817
No. 104. An Act Amending Section 17, Article 6, Chapter 16, Statutes of 1893....	Mr. Clarke..	809	817	817
No. 105.—An Act Providing for the Assessment of Farm Lands Lying within and adjacent to Cities and Towns	Mr. Clarke..	809	817	817
No. 106.—An Act Prescribing the Qualifications of Sureties of Official Bonds........	Mr. Clarke..	809	817	817
No. 107.—An Act Providing for Indexing Transfers Relating to lots in Cities and Towns and in Additions thereto in Numerical Index............................	Mr. Clarke..	809	817	817

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules.....	Considered by Committee of the Whole.......	Report of the Committee of the Whole.......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Oth'r Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
865	850	850	865	....	865	865	865	....	....	....	956	......	......	......
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....	1087	1087	1102	....	1103	1103	1103	....	....	....	......	1123	......	......
....	972	972	998	....	998	998	998	....	1091	....	1104	1104	1111	......
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NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading	Second Reading	Referred to Committee
No. 108.—An Act Permitting Defendants in Criminal Cases to Tender Plea of Guilty and Avoid Costs and to Plead Guilty and Avoid Penalty	Mr. Clarke	809	817	817
No. 109.—An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 8, and to Repeal Section 7, Article 15, Chapter 18, Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893	Mr. Thacker	809	817	817
No. 110.—An Act to Reward the Arrest and Conviction of Stock Thieves and for other Purposes	Mr. Clarke	814	818	818
No. 111.—An Act Relating to Records and Appeals and Procedure Thereon	Mr. President	818	....	....
No. 112.—An Act Providing for the Punishment of Persons who Receive Bribes, and Exempting the Giver of the Bribe from Punishment	Mr. President	818	....	....
No. 113.—An Act to Provide for the Registration of Stock Marks and Brands and Repealing Article 4, Chapter 2, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,	Mr. Thacker	818	....	....
No. 114.—An Act to Amend Sections 283 and 284 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the Territory of Oklahoma, Being General Sections 4161 and 4162, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893	Mr. Gandy	831	834	....
No. 115.—An Act Prescribing the Duties of County Surveyors	Mr. Brett	831	834	834
No. 116.—An Act Amendatory of Section 2, of Chapter 48, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled, "An Act Providing for the Employment of Stenographers in the Supreme Court by the Judges of said Court, and Relating to Fees Thereof	Mr. Biddison	831	834	834
No. 117 — An Act Amending Section 2, Chapter 69, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893	Mr. Hutto	831	834	834
No. 118.—An Act Declaring all Dogs Which are Listed by their Owners for Taxation Personal Property and the Subject of Larceny	Mr. Bellamy	836	838	838
No. 119.—An Act Authorizing "Democratic-Topic" to Change its Name in Cleveland County, O. T	Mr. Magness	836	838	838
No. 120.—An Act Regulating the Proceedings of meetings and Manner of Levying and Expending the Revenues of School Districts and Townships and Providing for the Payment of the Outstanding Indebtedness of the same	Mr. Havens	841	844	844

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules	Considered by Committee of the Whole	Report of the Committee of the Whole	Engrossed	Special Order	Third Reading	Title Agreed To	Final Passage	Rejection or Other Disposition	Further Action of the Council	Conference Committee	Enrolled	Signed by the President	Approved by the Governor	Vetoed by the Governor
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....	1112	1112	1115	....	1118	1119	1119	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	850 855	850 855	866	....	866	867	867	....	966	....	985	985	1011	......
....	972	972	1001	....	1003	1003	1003	....	1057	....	1064	1067	1111	......
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....	953	953	959	....	959	960	960	....	....	....	1064	1067	1109	......
....	980	980	999	....	999	999	999	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
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NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading........	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 121.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1302, Article 6, Chapter 18, Statutes of 1893.	Mr. Magness.. ...	844	849	849
No. 122.—An Act Entitled: "Civil Rights."..	Mr. Gandy...	847	849	849
No. 123.—An Act Regulating Insurance Companies	Mr. Garrison... ..	849	852	852
No. 124.—An Act in Relation to Life and Accident Insurance Companies	Mr. Garrison... ..	850	852	852
No. 125.—An Act Concerning Elections and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions Thereof, and Repealing Chapter 33, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, and also Repealing Chapter 23, of the Session Laws of 1895, and all of Chapter 14, of the Session Laws of 1897, Except Article 4 Thereof......	Mr. Havens..	850	852	852
No. 126.—An Act Amendatory of Section 2844, Chapter 34, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893	Mr. Magness.. ...	850	852	852
No. 127.—An Act Requiring all Peddlers' Goods, Owned by Non-Residents, to pay a License	Mr. Bellamy... ..	852	858	858
No. 128.—An Act Creating the County of Roosevelt and Defining the Boundaries thereof and Locating and Naming the County Seat and Changing the Boundaries of Woods County and Providing for the Appointment of County Officers of Roosevelt County, the Collection of Taxes and Assuming Indebtedness therein and Repealing all Acts inconsistant therewith	Mr. Havens..	852	858	858
No. 129.—An Act Authorizing Counties, Cities, Towns or Villages, the Board of Education of any City, and School Districts to Issue Bonds to Refund Bonded Indebtedness.....	Mr. Clarke..	852	858	858
No. 130.—An Act Relating to Executions for Capital Offences, Amendatory of Sections 26, 28, 33, 36 and 38, Article 15, Chapter 68, Statutes of 1893 Entitled: "Procedure Criminal."	Mr. Garrison... ..	853	858	858
No. 131—An Act Defining and Declaring Gambling Illegal and Providing Penalties therefor, and Repealing Article 56, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893, entitled: "Gambling."	Mr. Garrison... ..	855	858	859
No. 132.—An Act to Prohibit the Running or Using of Gambling Devices known as Slot Machines and Providing a Penalty Therefor	Mr. Magness.. ...	859	862	862

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules	Considered by Committee of the Whole	Report of the Committee of the Whole	Engrossed	Special Order	Third Reading	Title Agreed To	Final Passage	Rejection or Other Disposition	Further Action of the Council	Conference Committee	Enrolled	Signed by the President	Approved by the Governor	Vetoed by the Governor
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NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 133.—An Act to Apportion the Territory into Council and Representative Districts..................................	Mr. Hutto..	859	862	862
No. 134.—An Act Repealing Section 15 of Article 1 of Chapter 23 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897.......	Mr. Hutto..	859	862	862
No. 135.—An Act to Encourage the Construction of Ponds and Reservoirs for the storage of Rain Water for Irragation Purposes, and for Creating the Office of Pond Commissioner, and Prescribing his Duties and Emoluments, and Prescribing Penalties for the Violation thereof	Mr. Clarke..	859	862	862
No. 136.—An Act Relating to Peddlers and Fixing License therefor	Mr. Clarke.. .. .	864	875	875
No. 137.—An Act for the Protection of Hotel Keepers, Boarding House Keepers and Restaurants	Mr. Winkler... ..	864	875	875
No. 138.—An Act in Relation to County Depositories	Mr. Bellamy... ..	864	875	875
No. 139.—An Act Relating to the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors	Mr. Bellamy... ..	864	876	876
No. 140.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 6 of Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma of 1895 Relating to Property Taxable in Territory Attached for Judicial Purposes......	Mr. Brett..	864	876	876
No. 141.—An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sales of Real Estate by County Treasurer	Mr. Magness.. ...	864	876	876
No. 142.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Chapter 1, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897, Entitled, "An Act to Locate and Establish an Agricultural and Normal University of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Use and Benefit of the Colored People of said Territory."..	Mr. Huston..	864	876	876
No. 143.—An Act to Provide Additional Officers for the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma	Mr. Hutto..	864	876	876
No. 144.—An Act to Provide for the Organization of Electric Lighting Companies in Cities of the First Class, and the Operation of the Same........................	Committee on Municipal Corporation and Corporate Law..	864	876	....
No. 145.—An Act Providing for the Care and Management of all the Public Lands in which the Territory of Oklahoma is interested, and Creating the Board and Officers Necessary therefor, and Prescribing their Duties	Mr. Brett..	877	891	891

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole.......	Report of the Committee of the Whole.......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
....	972 1072	972 1072	1077 1080	953	1080	1081	1081	1081	1081	....	......	......	......	......
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....	949	949	983	....	984	984	984	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
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NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading....	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 146.—An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 43, of the Session Laws of 1895..............................	Mr. Hutto..	893	896	895
No. 147.—An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization and Supervision of Banks, and Providing Penalties hereof and Repealing Chapter 4 of the Session Laws of 1897, Oklahoma Territory,..................	Mr. Hutto..	893	893	893
No. 148.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1. Article 1, Chapter 14, Statutes of 1893, Relating to Cities of the First Class	Mr. President.. ..	897	899	899
No. 149.—An Act Providing for a Procedure for Contesting Elections.....	Mr. Havens..	897	899	899
No. 150.—An Act Repealing Article 1 of Chapter 29, Session Laws of 1897 Relating to Territorial Printing................	Mr. Clarke..	897	899	899
No. 151.—An Act to Apportion the Territory into Representative and Council Districts and Repealing Chapter 3 of the Session Laws of 1895........................	Mr. Thacker.. ...	900	913	913
No. 152.—An Act Amendatory of Section 110, Article 8, Chapter 67, Statutes of 1893, Entitled: "Civil Procedure before Justices" and Amendatory of Section 17, Article 1, Chapter 69, Statutes of 1893, "Criminal Procedure before Justices" and Repealing Chapter 19 of Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: "Court Justices.".	Mr. Hutto..	900	913	913
No. 153.—An Act Requiring Judgment Indexes to be Kept and Provided in the Various Probate Courts of the Territory	Mr. Clarke..	904	913	913
No. 154.—An Act Establishing and Limiting the Liens on Real Estate by Judgments..	Mr. Clarke..	904	913	913
No. 155.—An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish	Mr. Bellamy... ..	904	913	913 949
No. 156.—An Act to Authorize County Commissioners to Issue Bonds in Certain Cases.........	Mr. Biddison.. ...	918	922	922
No. 157.—An Act Providing for the Time and Manner of Meeting of County Commissioners, the Compensation of County Commissioners, their Duties	Mr. Gandy...	918	922	922
No. 158.—An Act Amendatory of Section 6, of Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled, "Public Weigher and Other Officers."	Mr. Winkler... ..	919	922	922

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole.......	Report of the Committee of the Whole.......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
....	990	991	1001	....	1001	1001	1001	....	1054	1059	......	......	......	......
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....	1062	....	1075	....	1075	1075	1075	....	1110	....	......	1125	......	......

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading....	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 159.—An Act Requiring Chapter 2, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, of 1897, to be so Construed as to Include Greer County Within the Free Range Portion of the Territory......	Mr. Thacker.. ...	919	923	923
No. 160.—An Act to Provide for the Payment of Jurors for their Services in the District Court, and to Repeal all Laws in Conflict with such Procedure	Mr. Thacker.. ...	919	923	923
No. 161.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 11, Chapter 32 of the Session Laws of 1897	Mr. Hutto..	931	934	934
No. 162.—An Act Authorizing and Directing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of the Book: "Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions," and Providing for the Payment and Distribution of the same	Mr. Biddison.. ...	931	934	934
No. 163.—An Act to Prohibit the Traffic in Cigarettes and Cigarette Supplies	Mr. Biddison.. ...	931	935	935
No. 164.—An Act Regulating Telegraphic Charges, ...	Mr. Winkler... ..	935	936	936
No. 165.—An Act to Require Circuses and Menageries to Procure a License from the Territorial Secretary Before Exhibiting in any City or Town in Oklahoma.....	Mr. Bellamy... ..	935	936	936
No. 166.—An Act Defining the Powers and Duties of the County Boards of Equalization and Limiting the Powers of the Territorial Board of Equalization	Mr. Thacker.. ...	935	936	936
No. 167.—An Act to Amend Article 4 of Chapter 32 of the Session Laws of 1897, and for other Purposes	Mr. Thacker.. ...	935	937	937
No. 168.—An Act to Amend Section 2 of Article 4 of Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893, ...	Mr. Thacker.. ...	935	937	937
No. 169.—An Act Relating to the Duties of County Attorneys, ...	Mr. Thacker.. ...	936	937	937
No. 170.—An Act to Provide for Territorial Printing and Furnishing Stationery and Supplies for Territorial Officers,.....	Mr. Havens	935	937	937
No. 171.—An Act Regulating the Procedure of Meetings and Manner of Levying and Expending the Resources of School Districts and Townships, and the Reports of County Treasurers to School Districts and Township Boards............	Mr. Thacker.. ...	937	938	938

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole.......	Report of the Committee of the Whole.......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee....	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
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HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading.....	Second Reading.....	Referred to Committee..
No. 172.—An Act to Amend Section 34 of Chapter 35 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1895	Mr. Thacker.. ...	937	938	938
No. 173.—An Act to Amend Section 11 of Chapter 35 of the Session Laws of 1895....	Mr. Thacker.. ...	937	938	938
No. 174.—An Act to Amend Section 9 of Chapter 35 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1895.	Mr. Thacker.. ...	937	938	938
No. 175.—An Act Limiting the Amount of Premiums which any Domestic or Foreign Insurance Company shall be Allowed to Charge the Inhabitants of this Territory for Fire and Tornado Insurance, and Providing Penalties for the Violation of the Provisions of this Act, and for other Purposes.............	Mr. Thacker.. ...	937	938	938
No. 176.—An Act Amendatory of Section 201, of Article 11, Chapter 66, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, of 1893, Entitled, "Procedure Civil."	Mr. Havens.	938	939	939
No. 177.—An Act to Declare Unlawful all Combinations, etc., of Insurance Companies Whereby the Rate of Insurance upon Property is Determined and Fixed, and Requiring the Revoking of License of all Companies Entering into such Combinations...	Mr. Garrison... ..	943	943	943
No. 178.—An Act to Abolish the Office of Register of Deeds and to Devolve the Duties of such office upon the County Clerk	Mr. Thacker.. ...	947	951	951
No. 179.—An Act to Provide for the Organization and Incorporation of Building and Loan Associations, and the Management and Conducting of the Business thereof; also to Provide upon what Conditions Foreign Associations of Like Character may do Business in this Territory; also to Repeal Article 17, Chapter 17, Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1893, and Chapter 9 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1895, Concerning Building and Loan Associations, and for other Purposes	Mr. Clarke..	948	951	951
No. 180.—An Act Limiting the Time Contracts to which the Territory of Oklahoma may by a Party shall exist	Mr. Brett..	949	951	951
No. 181.—An Act to Prohibit the Practice of Hypnotism or Mesmerism in the Territory of Oklahoma	Mr. President.. ..	952	952	952
No. 182.—An Act Providing for the Order of Sale in Certain Foreclosure Proceedings	Mr. Clarke..	954	955	955

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole......	Report of the Committee of the Whole......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
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HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading	Second Reading	Referred to Committee
No. 183—An Act Requiring Non-resident Holders of Judgments to List the same for Taxation	Mr. Bellamy	955	955	955
No. 184.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1 Article 1, Chapter 76, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entitled: "Territorial Officers."	Mr. Gandy	958	958	958
No. 185.—An Act to Legalize Purchase of Real Estate Heretofore Made by the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Territory	Mr. President	958	958	958
No. 186.—An Act Prohibiting the Sale of Liquors on the Line of Oklahoma and Indian Territory, and Providing Penalties for the Volations thereof	Mr. President	958	958	958
No. 187.—An Act in Relation to Liabilities of Railroads	Mr. Hutto	960	961	961
No. 188—An Act Providing for Leins on Grain for Treshing the same	Mr. Magness	961	961	961
No. 189.—An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 4 and 5 of Chapter 22 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897, Relating to the Traffic in Intoxicating Liquors	Mr. Thacker	962	966	967
No. 190.—An Act to Validate and Ratify the Sales of Real Property in "D" now Dewey County, Oklahoma Territory	Mr. Thacker	962	967	967
No. 191.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 7, Chapter 45 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1895,	Mr. Thacker	962	967	967
No. 192.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 5 of Chapter 34 of the Session Laws of 1897	Mr. Thacker	962	967	967
No. 193.—An Act to Validate the Election of Disqualified Persons to the Office of Probate Judge	Judiciary Committee	962	963	....
No. 194.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1 of Article 7 of Chapter 45 of the Laws of 1895	Mr. Hutto	963	967	967
No. 195.—An Act to Change the Boundary Lines of the Counties of Payne and Noble so as to Detach Townships No.20 North of Range 1 West, and No. 20, North of Range 1, East of the Indian Meridian from the County of Payne and Attach the same to Noble County	Mr. Biddison	967	968	968
No. 196.—An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 22 of the Session Laws of 1897,	Mr. Gandy	967	968	968 985

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules	Considered by Committee of the Whole	Report of the Committee of the Whole	Engrossed	Special Order	Third Reading	Title Agreed To	Final Passage	Rejection or Other Disposition	Further Action of the Council	Conference Committee	Enrolled	Signed by the President	Approved by the Governor	Vetoed by the Governor
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963	1015	1015	1020	....	1022	1022	1022	....	....	....	1064	1067	......	......
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HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 197.—An Act Repealing Chapter 32, of the Session Laws of 1897....................	Committee on Counties and County Affairs..	970	978	....
No. 198.—An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Article 8, Chapter 12, Entitled, "County Clerk's Calendar of Claims," Session Laws of 1897.........	Committee on Counties and County Affairs..	971	978	986
No. 199.—An Act for the Relief of A. E. Haughey and J. V. Haughey from the Payment of a Judgment in the Probate Court of Kingfisher County,........	Mr. Winkler... ..	986	995	995
No. 200.—An Act in Regard to Stationery and other Supplies of Justice of the Peace	Mr. Huston..	986	995	995
No. 201.—An Act to Legalize a Special Park Fund Tax Levied by the City of Guthrie	Mr. Huston..	98	995	995
No. 202.—An Act Amending Section 33 of Chapter 15 of the Session Laws of 1897....	Mr. Brett..	986	995	996
No. 203.—An Act Amending Sections 4 of Chapter 15 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1897, and to Repeal Articles 1 and 2 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma for 1895, and Section 7 of Article 1 of Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma for 1893, ...	Mr. Brett..	987	993	996
No. 204.—An Act Creating a School District out of Certain Lands in Kay County, Oklahoma Territory	Mr. Brett..	987	996	995
No. 205.—An Act Amending Sections 4, 8 and 9 of Article 1 of Chapter 72 of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, 1893, Entitled: "Roads and Highways."...........	Mr. Brett..	987	993	993
No. 206.—An Act Relating to Public Highways, ...	Mr. Clarke..	987	993	993
No. 207.—An Act Empowering the District Board of Nos. 49 and 50, of Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma, to Locate and Maintain a School House at the Village of Deer Creek in said County.....	Mr. Garrison... ..	990	990	990
No. 208.—An Act to Purchase School Textbooks	Mr. Huston..	990	990	990
No. 209.—An Act in Relation to the Funds of the Territorial University, Normal Schools and Agricultural College	Mr. Hutto..	991	992	992

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole........	Report of the Committee of the Whole........	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
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NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 210.—An Act to Provide for the Transfer of Persons within School Age from Districts in which they Reside to other Districts in which they may Desire to Attend School	Mr. Thacker.. ...	991	992	992
No. 211.—An Act Devolving upon the Various County Assessors of the Territory the Duties heretofore Required of County Clerks in Regard to Tax Rolls..	Mr. Thacker.. ...	991	992	9 2
No. 212—An Act to Amend Section 11, Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893, ...	Mr. Thacker.. ...	991	992	9 2
No. 213.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: "An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Article 8 of Chapter 70, the same being Sections 5625, 5626, 5627 and 5628 of the Statutes of Oklahoma"	Mr. Clarke..	992	992	992
No. 214.—An Act to Amend Section 13 of Article 9 of Chapter 68 of the Statutes of 1893, Relating to Jurors	Mr. Gandy... .. .	996	997	997
No. 215.—An Act Making Appropriations for Erecting, Maintaining and Supporting the Educational Institutions of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Years 1899 and 1900, and for Expenses of the Various Boards of Regents of said Institutions for the Years 1899 and 1900...........	Mr. Winkler... ...	996	997	997
No. 216.—An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 32, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897..	Mr. Winkler... ..	997	997	997
No. 217.—An Act Providing for the Distribution of Funds Arising from the Leasing of Lands Reserved for University, Agricultural College and Normal School Purposes	Mr. Winkler... ..	997	997	997
No. 218.—An Act to Provide for the Maintenance and Support and for Annual Encampments of the Militia of Oklahoma	Committee on Ways and Means..	997	997	998
No. 219.—An Act Amendatory of Section 16 of Chapter 31 of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: "Quarantine Regulations."	Mr. Huston..	997	998	998
No. 220.—An Act to Amend Section 4, of Article 1, of Chapter 41, of the Session Laws of 1895, of the Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, Entitled, "Misdemeanors Before Probate or District Court."	Mr. Huston..	997	998	998

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole.......	Report of the Committee of the Whole.......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
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997	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
997 1061	1059	1059	1074	1056	1061	1061	1061	....	1114 1122	1116	......	1141	......	......
997	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
997	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
997	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	1056	....	....	......	......	......	......
998	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
997	1065	1065	1077	....	1078	1078	1078	....	....	....	......	......	......	......

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 221.—An Act Relating to the Territorial Militia	Mr. Gandy...	1001	1001	1001
No. 222.—An Act to Amend Section 3, of Chapter 75, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, Entitled, "An Act in Relation to the Publication of the Reports and Decisions of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Oklahoma, and Creating a Territorial Library Fund."	Mr. Garrison... ..	1012	1012	....
No. 223.—An Act to Amend Section 108 of Article 8 of Chapter 66 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893	Committee on Private Corporation and Corporate Law..	1014	1014	....
No. 224.—An Act Relating to Medicine Men and the Mescal Bean	Mr. Bellamy... ..	1018	1018	1018
No. 225.—An Act Creating a School District out of Lands Lying in Logan and Oklahoma Counties, in Oklahoma Territory	Mr. Huston..	1023	1023	....
No. 226.—An Act Providing for the Compensation of County Attorneys	Mr. Biddison.. ...	1027	1050	1050
No. 227.—An Act Providing for Supplemental Tax Rolls	Mr. Garrison... ..	1027	1048	....
No. 228.—An Act Relating to Municipal Indebtedness	Mr. Brett..	1027	1050	1050
No. 229.—An Act Providing for Building and Running Expenses of the Agricultural and Normal College at Stillwater and the Colored Agricultural and Normal University at Langston	Mr. Hutto..	1041	1042	....
No. 230.—An Act to Provide for the Determination of Cost and Payment thereof of the Northwestern Normal School of the Territory of Oklahoma at Alva in said Territory	Mr. Gandy...	1042	1049	....
No. 231.—An Act Regulating the Fees of Clerks of District Courts	Mr. Clarke..	1056	1064	....
No. 232.—An Act Requiring the Boards of County Commissioners to Divide their Counties into Justice of the Peace Districts	Mr. Thacker.. ...	1058	1058	....
No. 233.—An Act Declaring the Slaughter of Diseased Animals an Offence	Mr. Thacker.. ...	1058	1058	....

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole.......	Report of the Committee of the Whole.......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee.	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
1012	....	....	1015	....	1013	1013	1013	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
1014	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
1025	....	....	1026	....	1025	1025	1025	....	....	....	1064	1067	......	......
1023	....	....	....	....	1023	1023	1023	....	....	....	1055	1055	1111	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	1065	1065	1077	....	1078	1078	1078	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	1059	....	....	1056	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	1087	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
1058	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
1058	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading....	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 234.—An Act to Amend Section 66, Chapter 15, Session Laws, 1897, Relating to Fees and Salaries	Mr. Thacker.. ...	1058	1058	1058
No. 235.—An Act Making Appropriations for Current Territorial Expenses for the Years 1899 and 1900 and for other Purposes	Committee on Ways and Means..	1070	1070	....
No. 236.—An Act Relating to Landlord and Tenant	Mr. Thacker.. ...	1071	1084	....
No. 237.—An Act to Provide Compensation for Sheriffs for Conveying Prisoners to the Penitentiary, and Insane Persons to the Insane Asylum of the Territory of Oklahoma	Mr. Thacker.. ...	1071	1084	....
No. 238.—An Act to Amend Section 11, Chapter 19, Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Irrigation	Mr. Thacker.. ...	1071	1084	....

COUNCIL BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole......	Report of the Committee of the Whole......	Engrossed....	Special Order....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To....	Final Passage....	Rejection or Other Disposition....	Further Action of the Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President....	Approved by the Governor....	Vetoed by the Governor..
1058	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
1106	1106	1106	....	....	....	....	....	1106	....	....	......	......	......	......
....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......
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....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	......	......	......	......

COUNCIL HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading.	Second Reading.	Referred to Committee.
No. 1.—An Act Providing for the Immediate Relief of the Taxpayers and Remitting Certain Taxes for the Year A. D., 1898	T. H. Doyle	791	795	795 821 850
No. 3.—An Act Pertaining to Cities of the First Class	C. G. Jones	833	838	838
No. 4.—An Act to Repeal An Act Entitled "An Act to Provide for the Public Inspector of Oils, of Burning Fluids, and Prescribing his Duties."	C. G. Jones	793	801	801
No. 6.—An Act Protecting Land Platted Into Residence Tracts and Additions to Townsites from Nuisances	C. G. Jones	813	817	818
No. 7.—An Act Concerning Real Estate and Severing Property Therefrom	C. G. Jones	752	761	....
No. 8.—An Act to Secure the Sale of Pure Oil, or Safe Coal Oil, Carbon Oil, Kerosene, Petroleum, Gasoline or any Other Product of Petroleum, used as Illuminating or Burning Fluid, and Providing Punishments for a Failure to Comply Therewith.	J. W. Hadley	791	795	795
No. 10.—An Act to Authorize City Councils of Cities of the First and Second Class to Contract for the Cultivating of Land, and the Buying, Planting and Cultivating of Trees, and Providing for the Payment Therefor	T. H. Doyle	880	891	891
No. 11.—An Act Relating to Assessors	W. F. Malley	811	818	818
No. 13.—An Act to Prevent the Spread of Hog Cholera and Other Contagious Diseases, and Prevent Traffic in Animals Dying from Infectious Diseases	J. C. Wails	813	818	818
No. 14.—An Act to Amend An Act to Incorporate and Govern Insurance Companies Doing Business in Oklahoma Territory.	J. C. Wails	826	834	834

HOUSE BILLS.

Suspension of Rules	Considered by Committee of the Whole	Report of the Committee of the Whole	Engrossed	Third Reading	Title Agreed To	Final Passage	Rejection	Further Action of Council	Conference Committee	Enrolled	Signed by the President
......	850	850	942	944	......	......	944	......	......	......	......
......	872	872	903	913	926	925	913	925	......	956	957
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	879	879	903	903	903	903	......	......	......	......	......
......	799	799	810	......	......	......	812	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	1052	1052	1053	1053	......	......	......	1064	1067
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	949	949	984	984	984	984	......	......	......	......	1020
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading..	Second Reading..	Referred to Committee..
No. 17.—An Act Amendatory of Chapter 14, Statutes of Oklahoma, Entitled "Cities of the First Class."	J. D. Ballard......	803	808	808
No. 20.—An Act to Provide for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township Indebtedness, and for Other Purposes	Philip Koch.......	804	808	808
No. 24.—An Act to Amend An Act Amending Section 5, Chapter 1, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, and Authorizing the Employment of a Territorial Veterinary Surgeon by the Board of Regents of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Oklahoma, and Creating a Sanitary Commission and Prescribing the Duties Thereof, and Repealing Article 1, of Chapter 2, of the Statutes of Oklahoma..	J. C. Wails........	968	975	975
No. 26.—An Act to Regulate the Leasing and Management of the School Lands and Other Public Lands, of Oklahoma Territory	J. W. Scott.......	1007	1007	....
No. 27.—An Act Providing for Insurance of Growing Grain Against Loss or Damage by Hail	C. F. McElrath...	836	839	839
No. 28.—An Act Amendatory of Section 298, of Chapter 66, of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to the Verdict of Juries	J. W. Hadley.....	836	839	839
No. 34.—An Act to Repeal Chapter 17, Session Laws of 1897, Being "An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses and the Furniture and Fixtures Thereof	W. F. Malley.....	972	977	....
No. 35.—An Act to Establish a Territorial Board of Embalming, to Provide for the Better Protection of Life and Health, to Prevent the Spread of Contagious Diseases, and to Regulate the Practice of Embalming and the Care and Disposition of the Dead	T. H. Doyle.......	....	839	839
No. 41.—An Act Defining the Rights of Women	C. F. McElrath...	1027	1050	....
No. 43.—An Act Amendatory of Chapter 26, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled "Game and Fish."	W. F. Malley.....	813	818	818

HOUSE BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole...........	Report of the Committee of the Whole...........	Engrossed....	Third Reading...	Title Agreed To...........	Final Passage.....	Rejection....	Further Action of Council...	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President.
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	870	......	......	......	......
......	1015	1015	......	1017	1017	1017	......	......	......	1027	1040
......	1067	......	1075	1076	1076	1076	......	......	......	1104	10 9
1007	1024 1026 1028 1041 1046	1041	1054	1054	1055	1055	......	1102	......	......	1130
......	839 879	839 879	......	926	926	926	......	......	......	956	957
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	988	......	......	......	......
977	972	......	......	977	977	977	......	......	......	993	1000
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	1015	1015	1026	1017	1018	1018	......	......	......	1101	1103

COUNCIL HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading..	Second Reading..	Referred to Committee..
No. 47.—An Act Amending Article 5, of Chapter 68, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, Entitled "Preliminary Examinations."	J. M. Hay.........	851	857	857
No. 48.—An Act to Authorize the Board of County Commissioners of Dewey County to Appropriate Funds to Build a Bridge Over the South Canadian River at or near Taloga, the County Seat, and to Authorize the Collection of a Tax for the Same.........................	J. M. Holliday....	804	808	808 854
No. 49.—An Act Amendatory of Sections 5, and 14, of Chapter 8, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, of 1893, Entitled "An Act Creating a Board of Health and Regulating the Practice of Medicine."	C. F. McElrath...	874	891	891
No. 52.—An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 1, Chapter 33, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, of 1897, Entitled "An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 1, Chapter 72, Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893."......	C. G. Jones........	813	818	818
No. 54.—An Act Concerning Elections and Providing Penalties for the Violation Thereof.........	W. C. Stevens....	993	994	994
No. 55.—An Act Requiring the City Clerks of Cities of the First Class to Keep a Journal and Record the Proceedings in the Council......	W. H. Merten.....	851	858	858
No. 58.—An Act to Amend Section 3 and Section 4, of Article 2, Chapter 70, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Changing the Time of Listing Property..............	Jams Wilkins.....	924	934	934
No. 59.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 1, of Chapter 44, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1895, and Section 22, of Article 2, Chapter 72, of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893............................	J. C. Wails........	833	838	838 893
No. 60.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Chapter 18, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1895.........	J. H. Smith.......	887	896	896
No. 64.—An Act to Regulate the Fees of Jurors and Witnesses, and to Repeal Sections 47 and 48 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897.............	C. W. Olmsted....	1018	1019	1019
No. 65.—An Act Creating the Oklahoma Territorial Board of Agriculture, Providing for the Management Thereof, and Making Appropriations Therefor.....	C. W. Olmsted....	880	891	891

HOUSE BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules......	Considered by Committee of the Whole..............	Report of the Committee of the Whole..............	Engrossed....	Third Reading...	Title Agreed To............	Final Passage.....	Rejection.....	Further Action of Council....	Conference Committee....	Enrolled....	Signed by the President.
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......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	991 1046	991 1046	......	1053	......	......	1053	......	......	......	......
......	860	860	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
994	1112	1112	1114	1114	1115	1115	......	......	......	......	1130
......	872	872	......	872	873	873	......	......	......	890	890
......	1046	1046	......	1057	1057	1057	......	......	......	1054	1057
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	1132	1132	1132	......	......	......	......	1132
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COUNCIL HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 66.—An Act Empowering the Board of County Commissioners to Designate the County Depositories......	J. M. Hay.........	880	891	891
No. 68.—An Act Providing for the Erection of a Monument to Perpetuate the Memory of Roy V. Cashion, and Making Appropriations Therefor......	W. C. Stevens....	885	892	892
No. 69.—An Act Legalizing and Changing the Name of Mrs. Ella Lumpkins to Mrs. Ella Clarke..........................	E. E. Hartshorn..	857	863	863
No. 71.—An Act Making Appropriations for the Expenses for the Officers and Clerks of the Fifth Legislative Assembly.....	J. M. Holliday....	798	802	....
No. 72.—An Act Amendatory of Sections 1, and 2, of Article 4, of Chapter 32, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1897, Entitled, "An Act Amendatory of Sections 2 and 3, of Article 3, Chapter 43, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1895."	J. C. Williamson..	851	858	858
No. 73.—An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Chapter 28, Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1897, Regulating Pharmacy...........	V. A. Wood.......	836	839	....
No. 74.—An Act Fixing the Salaries of Territorial Officers, and Limiting Expenditures for Contingent Expenses, and Prohibiting the Issue of Warrants, or Other Indebtedness Therefor, and Providing a Penalty for the Violation Thereof, and Prohibiting the Territorial Auditor from Auditing Excessive Claims, and Providing a Penalty for the Same.................................	W. F. Malley.....	880	892	892
No. 77.—An Act to Amend Section 4, Chapter 41, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1895.......	J. M. Holliday....	880	892	892
No. 78.—An Act to Repeal Section 45, Chapter 15, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897......	J. M. Holliday....	860	863	863
No. 79.—An Act to Amend Section 47, of Chapter 15, Session Laws of 1897, Prescribing the Fees to be Paid to Witnesses......	Jams Wilkins....	969	975	975
No. 84.—An Act to Amend Sections 5, 20 and 47, of Chapter 35, of the Session Laws of 1895, Relating to Militia..........	C. G. Jones........	1019	1019	1019

HOUSE BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules......	Considered by Committee of the Whole............	Report of the Committee of the Whole............	Engrossed....	Third Reading...	Title Agreed To...........	Final Passage.....	Rejection.....	Further Action of Council...	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President.
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	949	949	983	983	983	983	......	......	......	1012	1015
863	......	......	......	863	863	863	......	......	......	......	......
802	......	......	......	802	803	803	......	......	......	......	826
......	1112	1112	1115	1116	1116	1116	......	......	......	......	1140
......	1046 1112	1112	1115	1117	1117	1117	......	......	......	......	1140
......	953 991 1046	991 1046	1001 1054	1003 1055	1055	1055	1003	......	1079 1072	1104	1098
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	989	......	......	......	......
901	......	......	......	901	901	901	......	......	......	......	940
......	1065	1065	......	1078	1079	1079	......	......	1084	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......

COUNCIL HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading..	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 90.—An Act to Amend Section 11, of Article 58, of Chapter 25, of the General Statutes of 1893, Relating to Removing and Disposing of Mortgaged Chattels......	W. H. Merten.....	887	896	896
No. 92.—An Act Concerning the Taxation of Property of Building and Loan Associations Doing Business in the Territory of Oklahoma......	W. H. Merten.....	857	863	863
No. 93.—An Act to Amend General Section 1745, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, Relating to Coroner's Inquests..............	W. H. Merten.....	887	896	896
No. 94.—An Act to Amend Section 4, of Chapter 8, of the Session Laws of 1897....	W. H. Merten.....	880	892	892
No. 100.—An Act to Provide for the Filling of Vacancies in the Legislative Assembly, Cause by Death, Resignation or Removal of Members Thereof.............	C. F. McElrath...	804	808	808
No. 104.—An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma, and Regulating the Business of Abstracting in Relation Thereto......	C. F. McElrath...	945	947	947
No. 105.—An Act to Legalize and Cure Defective Acknowledgments of Instruments Affecting Real Property...........	**W. C. Stevens....**	881	892	892
No. 115.—An Act to Amend Section 15, of Chapter 73, Entitled, "District Officers" of the Statutes of 1893......................	C. W. Olmsted....	994	994	994
No. 118.—An Act to Amend Section 7, Chapter 21, Session Laws of 1897, Pertaining to Clerks and Janitors......................	J. C. Walls........	881	892	892
No. 119.—An Act Providing for the Dissection of the Dead, for the Advancement of Medical and Anatomical Science, and Procuring Subjects Therefor..	V. A. Wood.......	969	975	975
No. 122.—An Act Amendatory of Chapter 47, Statutes of 1893, Being An Act Entitled, "Liquors," and Amendatory of Chapter 22, Session Laws of 1897, Being An Act Entitled, "Liquor Traffic."........	F. S. Sherer.......	1019	....	1019
No. 124.—An Act Providing for the Taxation of Foreign Loan Companies and Individuals Doing Business in Oklahoma Territory.....	J. D. Combs.......	940	947	947

HOUSE BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules....	Considered by Committee of the Whole............	Report of the Committee of the Whole............	Engrossed....	Third Reading...	Title Agreed To..........	Final Passage.....	Rejection.....	Further Action of Council...	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President.
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	989	......	......	......	......
......	949	949	......	951	951	951	......	......	......	956	957
920	......	......	......	921	921	921	......	......	......	......	940
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	991	991	......	......	......	......	991	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
994	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1008	......	......	......	......
......	1046	1046	1053	1053	1053	1053	......	......	......	1104	1039
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	1010	......	......	......	......

COUNCIL HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading..	Second Reading..	Referred to Committee...
No. 126.—An Act to Require Bond Investment Companies, Doing Business with the Territory of Oklahoma, to Deposit Certain Sums of Money or Security with the Treasurer of the Territory of Oklahoma, and Providing Penalties for Failing to Comply with the Terms of this Law......	W. H. Merten.....	969	975	975
No. 128.—An Act Relating to the Limitation of Criminal Actions and Amending Section 19, Article 5, Chapter 68, of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893............	W. H. Merten....	924	934	934
No. 131.—An Act Providing for the Better Protection of Fixtures, Crops, Fruits and Timber on Real Estate................	C. G. Jones........	969	976	976
No. 133.—An Act to Regulate the Practice of Barbering, Creating a Territorial Board of Examination and Inspection Commissioners, and Prescribing Penalties for Violation of this Act.............	C. G. Jones........	1049	1056	1056
No. 134.—An Act to Secure Liens of Judgments of Probate and Justice Courts and Provide for their Enforcement........	T. H. Doyle.......	969	976	976
No. 135.—An Act Amendatory of Paragraph 63, and Repealing Paragraph 64, Article 1, Chapter 15, Being General Sections 701 and 702, Laws of 1893....................	E. E. Hartshorn..	945	947	947
No. 137.—An Act to Provide Liens for Threshermen and Providing for the Enforcement of the Same..................	J. M. Holliday....	1019	1019	1019
No. 139.—An Act to Provide for the Removal of Drift Wood or Other Substances from Streams and Water-Courses.....	C. G. Jones........	979	986	986
No. 144.—An Act to Amend Sections 2 and 24, of Article 3, of Chapter 73, of the General Statutes of 1893, and Relating to the Duties of County Superintendents of Public Instruction.........................	W. C. Stevens....	969	976	976
No. 151.—An Act to Authorize Railroad Companies to Sell and Lease Their Railroad, Property and Franchises.......	C. G. Jones........	909	912	....
No. 152.—An Act Amendatory of Chapter 47, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893.............	F. S. Sherer.......	969	976	976
No. 153.—An Act for the Protection of Females......	C. G. Jones........	993	994	994
No. 155.—An Act Amending Sections 3 and 4, Chapter 18, Session Laws of 1897........	J. W. Hadley.....	1019	1019	1019

HOUSE BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules.....	Considered by Committee of the Whole............	Report of the Committee of the Whole............	Engrossed....	Third Reading...	Title Agreed To...........	Final Passage.....	Rejection.....	Further Action of Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President.
......	1125	1125	......	1130	1130	1130	......	......	......	......	1 41
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	836	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
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......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
912	......	......	......	912	913	913	......	......	......	931	9 2
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
994	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading..	Second Reading..	Referred to Committee..
No. 156.—An Act Amendatory of Section 3, Chapter 27, Session Laws of 1897, and Providing for the Payment for Services of Secretary of Park Board and for Other Purposes.....	F. S. Sherer.......	969	976	....
No. 157.—An Act Amendatory of Section 110, of Article 8, of Chapter 67, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entitled, "Civil Procedure Before Justice," and Amendatory of Section 17, of Article 1, of Chapter 69, of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled, "Criminal Procedure Before Justice," and Repealing Chapter 19, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled, "Court—Justice."	Mr. Clarke..	1048	1056	....
No. 159.—An Act Rendering Ineligible Territorial Officers from Being Members of any of the Boards Having in Charge the Government of the Territorial Educational Institutions.....	C. G. Jones........	1019	1019	1019
No. 161.—An Act Relating to County Buildings......	Mr. Speaker.......	994	994	994
No. 165.—An Act Providing for the Organization of Public Warehouses and to Regulate the Warehousing and Inspection of Grain in Public Warehouses, and Otherwise, in the Territory, and Providing for the Appointment of Grain Inspector.....	Mr. Speaker.......	972	978	978
No. 166.—An Act Incorporating the Oklahoma Chautauqua Association of Kingfisher County, Oklahoma Territory.......	W. C. Stevens....	1019	1019	1019
No. 167.—An Act Authorizing and Directing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of a Book Entitled "Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions," and Providing for the Payment for Same............	C. W. Olmsted....	993	994	994
No. 168.—An Act to Create the County of McKinley out of Woods County, Providing for the Organization Thereof, Filling Vacancies in the Offices Created and Providing for the Distribution of Property and Indebtedness of Woods County, and Relating to the Taxes and Records Thereof, and Repealing all Acts and Parts of Acts in Conflict Herewith......	E. E. Hartshorn..	1027	1050	1051
No. 171.—An Act Regulating the Term of Office of the County Superintendent of Public Instruction...	W. H. Merten.....	993	994	994

HOUSE BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules.....	Considered by Committee of the Whole...........	Report of the Committee of the Whole..............	Engrossed....	Third Reading...	Title Agreed To............	Final Passage.....	Rejection.....	Further Action of Council....	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President.
976	......	......	......	976	976	977	......	......	......	998	1000
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
994	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	1131	1131	1131	......	......	......	......	1132
......	1112	1112	1117	1117	1117	1117	......	......	......	......	1140
994	1065	1065	1074	1075	1075	1075	......	......	......	1104	1 98
1124	1124	1124	......	1124	1124	1124	......	......	......	......	1140
994	1112	1112	1115	1115	1116	1116	......	......	......	......	1140

COUNCIL HISTORY OF

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading...	Second Reading...	Referred to Committee...
No. 174.—An Act Fixing the Fees and Compensation of Clerks of the District Court and Providing for an Accounting and Providing Penalties for a Failure so to do....................................	C. G. Jones........	1019	1019	1019
No. 176.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Chapter 2, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, of 1897, Entitled "An Act to Amend Section 31, of Article 2, of Chapter 2, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entiled, 'An Act to Regulate and Restrain the Running at Large of Domestic Animals and to Provide for Fencing Against Them.' ".............	E. E. Hartshorn..	994	994	994
No. 179.—An Act Authorizing Cities of the First Class to Extend or Build Laterals, Sewers and to Levy Special Assessments of Taxes to Pay for Same..................	C. G. Jones........	1113	1113	1113
No. 180.—An Act Authorizing and Empowering School Districts in Oklahoma Territory to Create a Building Fund..........	Philip Koch......	1020	1020	1020
No. 181.—An Act Relating to Revenue.........	W. H. Merten.....	1057	1064	....
No. 182.—An Act Relating to Fire, Life, Accident and Guarantee Companies, and Amending Sections 27 and 30 of Article 1, of Chapter 44, Statutes of 1893, and Section 25, of Article 3, of the Statutes of 1893, and for Other Purposes......	W. H. Merten.....	1027	1051	1051
No. 185.—An Act to Provide for the Maintenance and Annual Encampments of the Militia of the Territory of Oklahoma..	V. A. Wood.......	104[illegible]	....	....
No. 186.—An Act Authorizing School District No. 42, Kay County, Oklahoma Territory, to hold a Special District Meeting for the Purpose of Relocating its School House Site........................	J. H. Smith.......	1020	1020	1020
No. 188.—An Act Concerning Physicians and Surgeons.....	E. Duffy...........	1064	....	....
No. 190.—An Act Concerning Lost Instruments.....	C. G. Jones........	1047	1049	1050
No. 192.—An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization, Management, Control, Regulation, and Supervision of Banks, and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions of this Act, and Repealing Chapter 4, of the Session Laws of 1897, of Oklahoma Territory...	J. C. Williamson..	1046	1050	1050

HOUSE BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules......	Considered by Committee of the Whole............	Report of the Committee of the Whole............	Engrossed....	Third Reading....	Title Agreed To............	Final Passage.....	Rejection.....	Further Action of Council....	Conference Committee..	Enrolled....	Signed by the President.
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	1125	1125	......	1129	1130	1130	......	......	......	......	1140
......	1079	1079	......	1083	1083	1083	......	......	......	1104	1093
......	1112	1112	......	1123	1123	1123	......	......	......	......	1140
......	1065	1065	1073	1073	1074	1074	......	......	......	1104	1098
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	1072 1079	1079	1095	1095	1096	1096	......	......	......	......	1111

NUMBER AND TITLE.	By Whom Introduced.	First Reading......	Second Reading......	Referred to Committee..
No. 195.—An Act to Legalize the Purchase of Real Estate Made by the City of Guthrie......	W. H. Merten.....	1049	....	....
No. 197.—An Act Amendatory of Section 2, of Article 1, of Chapter 14, of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled, "Cities of the First Class."	W. H. Merten.....	1049	....	....
No. 198.—An Act to Amend Section 3, of Chapter 35, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1895, Entitled, "Militia."	H. A. Thomas....	1048	1056	....
No. 200.—An Act Providing for the Distribution of the Funds Arising from the Leasing of Lands Reserved for the University, Agricultural College and Normal School Purposes........................	C. W. Olmsted....	1027	1051	1051
No. 201.—An Act to Amend Article 11, of Chapter 32, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, of 1897.........................	C. W. Olmsted....	1054	1054	1054
No. 203.—An Act Establishing an Experimental Station with the Agricultural and Normal University at Langston......	W. H. Merten.....	1047	1050	....
No. 206.—An Act to Amend Section 15, Article 3, Chapter 14, of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled, "An Act Providing for the Incorporation and Government of Cities of the First Class."	T. H. Doyle.......	1048	....	....
No. 207.—An Act Repealing Article 2, Chapter 26, Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, of 1893..................................	W. H. Merten.....	1067	1073 1084	....
No. 210.—An Act to Promote and Encourage the Industry of Cotton Manufactures in the Territory of Oklahoma.......	J. D. Ballard......	1067	1073 1084	....
No. 211.—An Act Providing for the Bonding of the Indebtedness of School Districts and of Townships......	W. C. Stevens....	1067	1073 1084	....
No. 218.—An Act Making Appropriations for Current Expenses of the Territory of Oklahoma, for the Years 1899 and 1900, for Deficiency Appropriations for the Year 1898, and for Other and Miscellaneous Purposes.....	By Committee...	1103	....	....

HOUSE BILLS.—CONTINUED.

Suspension of Rules.....	Considered by Committee of the Whole............	Report of the Committee of the Whole............	Engrossed....	Third Reading...	Title Agreed To............	Final Passage.....	Rejection.....	Further Action of Council...	Conference Committee...	Enrolled....	Signed by the President.
1051	......	......	......	1051	1052	1052	......	......	......	......	1067
......	1125	1125	......	1129	1129	1129	......	......	......	......	1141
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	1065	1065	1070	1070	1070	1070	......	......	......	......	1087
......	1065	1065	1070	1070	1070	1070	......	......	......	......	1037
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	1125	1125	......	1129	1129	1129	......	......	......	......	1141
......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
......	......	......	......	1131	1132	1131	......	......	......	......	1132
......	1112	1112	1115	1119	1119	1119	......	......	......	......	1140
1106	......	......	......	1106	1107	1128	......	......	1110 1122	......	1149

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Revision and Codification		Federal Relations		Printing		Private Corporations and Corporate Law		Public Lands		Military Affairs		Quarantine		Counties and County Affairs	
Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Pg.
146	942	47	810	150	1003	9	868	145	985	172	1056	159	952	70	790
156	957			13	1004	12	868	196	985	173	1056			78	819
51	957			141	1004	77	939			218	1056			36	819
163	957					147	963			221	1056			62	820
						1 5	970							92	820
						124	1007							78	871
						91	1008							118	879
														57	919
														17	919
														44	919
														128	941
														158	948
														202	1008

ON COUNCIL BILLS.

Ways and Means		Judiciary		Education		Municipal Corporations		Agriculture and Highways		Railroads		Elections	
Bill	Page	Bil	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	'age
33	758	95	820	50	885	69	785	115	839	21	768	125	889
16	780	2	820	99	871	15	796	61	839	187	1031	133	941
1	780	46	821	119	893	59	796	34	840			149	948
14	780	29	821	58	893	45	834	74	840			32	1040
7	797	3	832	98	970	88	834	80	840			133	1058
77	819	41	832	208	1005	94	835	60	871				
7	831	2	841	207	1004	26	869	89	878				
13	853	63	939	204	1008	45	809						
105	853	84	939	171	1030	30	963						
100	877	85	939			50	963						
116	878	30	939			97	990						
143	939	48	942			185	1004						
140	941	27	942			129	1004						
177	948	22	942			10	1004						
170	953	40	954			201	1008						
180	963	66	970										
186	971	176	970										
162	988	90	988										
217	1009	73	988										
216	1009	142	988										
215	1009	114	1005										
101	1056	126	1008										
		220	1010										
		198	1012										
		130	1031										

COMMITTEE REPORTS ON HOUSE BILLS.

Ways and Means		Judiciary		Education		Municipal Corporations		Agriculture and Highways		Elections		Revision and Codification		Private Corporations and Corporate Law		Military Affairs		Quarantine		Counties and County Affairs	
Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page	Bill	Page
1	835	7	790	133	1061	17	870	52	840	100	920	1	877	182	1074	118	900	13	878	11	919
48	854	1	821	203	1076	3	870	27	871	54	1010	78	900	166	1081	119	1004	24	1030	93	920
92	878	43	958			55	870	165	1031			73	991							139	1030
74	919	128	988			6	870													171	1068
68	939	28	988			59	893													161	1068
49	939	58	989			20	990													168	1098
72	1005	77	989			10	1004														
126	1005	90	989																		
118	1008	104	989																		
124	1010	35	1030																		
65	1023	79	1031																		
167	1024																				

HISTORY OF COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS.

NUMBER, TITLE, AUTHOR AND FINAL DISPOSITION.	Introduced and Read	Laid Over..........	Adopted..............	Miscellaneous..........
No. 1. A Resolution Providing for the Election of the Officers of the Council. Mr. Biddison. Adopted..........................	13	....	15	....
No. 2. A Resolution Providing for the Election of the Officers of the Council. Mr. Thacker. Rejected..........................	14	....	....	15
No. 3. A Resolution Providing for a Committee to act with like Committee of the House to Inform the Governor that the Fifth Legislative Assembly is Organized and Ready for Business. Mr. Biddison. Adopted..............................	16	....	16	....
No. 4. A Resolution Providing for a Joint Committee on Rules. Mr. Brett. Adopted....................................	17	....	17	....
No. 5. A Resolution Providing for a Day Watchman and a Night Watchman. Mr. Biddison. Adopted....................	725	....	725	....
No. 6. A Resolution Providing for a Committee to Refer the Governor's Message. Mr. Biddison. Adopted................	726	....	726	....
No. 7. A Resolution Providing for the Drawing of Seats in the Council. Mr. Clarke. Adopted........................	726	....	726	....
No. 8. A Resolution Providing that the Journal shall show all Reports, Bills, Resolutions, Memorials or Petitions by Number and Title only. Mr. Biddison. Adopted.............	727	....	727	732
No. 9. A Resolution Providing for the Printing of Two Hundred and Fifty Copies of the Rules. Mr. Biddison. Adopted.........	728	....	728	....
No. 10. A Resolution Electing J. S. Gandy Day Watchman and B. C. Combess Night Watchman. Mr. Biddison. Adopted.....	....	....	....	....
No. 11. A Resolution Requiring Itemized Statements from Certain Territorial Officers. Mr. Clarke. Adopted..........	730	....	745	....
No. 12. A Resolution Requesting the Governor to Furnish Copies of Certain Contracts. Mr. Havens. Adopted........	731	....	731	....
No. 13. A Resolution Calling upon the Ways and Means Committee to Report Certain Bills by a Certain Time. Mr. Clarke. Amended and Adopted..................................	731	731	....	....
No. 14. A Resolution Constituting and Electing Committees of the Council. Mr. Hutto. Adopted..........................	741	....	743	742
No. 15. A Resolution from Citizens of El Reno. Mr. Bellamy. Referred to the Committee on Municipal Corporations and Corporate Law......	755	....	....	....
No. 16. A Resolution Authorizing the Chairmen of the Committees on Education and Enrolled and Engrossed Bills to Appoint Clerks. Mr. Bellamy. Adopted....................	756	....	756	....
No. 17. A Resolution Authorizing the Appointment of a Committee on Codification. Mr. Biddison. Adopted..............	757	....	757	....
No. 18. A Resolution Providing for an Additional Page for the Council. Mr. Bellamy. Adopted............................	757	....	757	....
No. 19. A Resolution Providing for an Additional Door Keeper for the Council. Mr. Havens. Adopted..............	757	....	758	....
No. 20. A Resolution Directing that the Calendar be Condensed. Mr. Biddison. Adopted................................	763	....	763	....
No. 21. A Resolution Calling upon the Territorial Officers to				

HISTORY OF COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS.—CONTINUED.

NUMBER, TITLE, AUTHOR AND FINAL DISPOSITION.	Introduced and Read	Laid Over..........	Adopted..........	Miscellaneous..........
Furnish Detailed Statements of all Money Received by them in an Official Capacity. Mr. Biddison. Adopted......	764	....	764	....
No. 22. A Resolution Authorizing the Appointment of a Committee to Visit Territorial Institutions and Report their needs. Mr. Hutto. Amended and Adopted..................	765	768	782	....
No. 23. A Resolution Authorizing the Employment of Miss Angie Penny. Mr. Hutto. Indefinitely Postponed..........	786	792	....	....
No. 24. A Resolution Requiring Committee Clerks to Report to the Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk. Mr. Hutto. Tabled......	787	792	....	....
No. 25. A Resolution Abolishing Certain Offices. Mr. Biddison. Amended and Adopted.........	793	804	815	807
No. 26. A Resolution from the Mayor and Councilmen of Oklahoma City Protesting Against C. B. No. 18. Mr. Clarke. Referred to the Judiciary Committee...............	799	....	....	....
No. 27. A Resolution from the Mayor and Councilmen of Oklahoma City Protesting Against C. B. No. 18. Mr. Bellamy. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.............	799	....	....	....
No. 28. A Resolution Pertaining to the Printing of the Calendar and Bills. Mr. Gandy. Adopted........................	812	....	836	....
No. 29. A Resolution to Accept the Invitation of the Live Stock Association of Woodward to Visit Alva. Mr. Gandy. Adopted......	856	....	856	....
No. 30. A Resolution Requesting the Committee on Education to Visit Agricultural and Mechanical College at Stillwater. Mr. Hutto. Adopted........	871	....	872	....
No. 31. A Resolution Containing Recommendations of the Investing Committee. Investigating Committee. Adopted..	883	883	911	888
No. 32. A Resolution Directing the Investigating Committee to do Certain things and to Report to this Body. Mr. Winkler. Amended and Adopted.........	888	....	890	....
No. 33. A Resolution Committing Auditor Hopkins to Jail for Contempt. Mr. Biddison. Adopted......................	914	....	917	....
No. 34. A Resolution Referring to Employees of the Council. Mr. Winkler. Adopted.........	927	....	930	....
No. 35. A Resolution Referring to Diseases and their Cure. Mr. Garrison. Laid Over.........................	....	....	....	....
No. 36. A Resolution Containing Recommendations of the Investigating Committee. Investigating Committee. Adopted..	1037	....	1037	....
No. 37. A Resolution of Sympathy for the Death of the Daughter of Assistant Chief Clerk Harry N. Horner. Mr. Clarke. Adopted......	1051	....	1051	....
No. 38. A Resolution Providing for a Sifting Committee. Mr. Huston. Adopted......	1056	....	1056	....
No. 39. A Resolution Limiting Debate when Objected to by Three Members. Mr. Biddison. Adopted....................	1067	1068	1069	....
No. 40. A Resolution Requiring all Bills in the Hands of Committees at 12, M., March 9, to be Returned Over to Sifting Committee. Mr. Gandy. Adopted....................	1080	1080	1098	....
No. 41. A Resolution Relating to the Principals of the Territorial Normal Schools. Mr. Thacker. Adopted............	1100	....	1100	....
No. 42. A Resolution Complimenting the President of the Council. Mr. Clarke. Adopted......	1138	....	1138	....
No. 43. A Resolution complimenting the Officers of the Council. Mr. Garrison. Adopted......	1138	....	1138	....
No. 44. A Resolution Presenting the Gavel and Chair to the President. Mr. Garrison. Adopted.......	1138	....	1139	....
No. 45. A Resolution Providing for a Codifying Committee. Mr. Huston. Adopted......	1139	....	1139	....

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

CHAIRMAN AND REPORT.

CHAIRMAN	BILLS CONSIDERED	Page
Clarke	Council Bill No. 33	758
Havens	Council Bill No. 21	772
Winkler	Council Bill No. 69	788
Biddison	Council Bill No. 16	790
Biddison	General Orders—Council Bill No. 16	798
Thacker	House Bill No. 7	799
Gandy	Council Bill No. 70	800
Garrison	Council Bill No. 70	805
Biddison	Council Bill Nos. 7 and 15	813
Biddison	Council Bill No. 59	814
Winkler	Council Bill No. 47	824
Gandy	Council Bills Nos. 2, 7 and 29	836
Huston	Council Bills Nos. 3, 41, 62, 77, 95 and 45	842
Magness	Council Bills Nos. 92, 88, 115, 2 and House Bill No. 1	850
Hutto	Council Bills Nos. 46, 115, 34 and 78	855
Bellamy	Council Bills Nos. 50. 74 and 80, and House Bill No. 52	860
Biddison	House Bills Nos. 3, 27 and 55	872
Havens	House Bills Nos. 6 and 27	879
Winkler	Council Bills Nos. 2 and 45	894
Clarke	Council Bills Nos. 58, 78 and 89	897
Hutto	Council Bill No. 78	901
Bellamy and Brett.	House Bill No. 1, and Council Bill No. 80	930
Magness	Council Bills Nos. 99 and 144	945
Havens	Council Bill No. 144, and House Bills Nos. 13, 68 and 92	949
Hutto	Council Bill No. 118, and House Bill No. 74	953
Hutto	Council Bill No. 125	954
Hutto	Special Orders	957
Hutto	Council Bill No. 125	959
Bellamy	Council Bill No. 44	961
Magness	Council Bills Nos. 133, 99, 116, and House Bill No. 34	972
Winkler	Council Bills Nos. 40, 149, 119, 77 and 89	980
Bellamy	Council Bills Nos. 51, 159, 156, 85, 177 and 146, and House Bills Nos. 100, 74 and 49	991
Thacker	Council Bills Nos. 90 and 170	1003
Gandy	Council Bills Nos. 63 and 84	1011
Huston	Council Bills Nos. 176, 170, 162, 165 and 193, and House Bills Nos. 20 and 43	1015
Clarke	House Bill No. 26	1024
Clarke	House Bill No. 26	1026
Clarke	House Bill No. 26	1028
Clarke	House Bill No. 26	1041
Biddison	House Bills Nos. 74, 73, 119. 58, 49 and 26	1046
Winkler	Council Bills Nos. 215 and 229	1058
Winkler	Council Bills Nos. 207 and 158, and House Bill No. 24	1064
Gandy	Council Bills Nos. 66, 220 and 227, and House Bills Nos. 200, 201, 79, 185 and 167	1065
Hutto	Council Bill No. 133, and House Bill No. 192	1072
Hutto	Council Bill No. 185, and House Bills Nos. 192 and 181	1079
Huston	Council Bills Nos. 27, 142 and 98	1087
Biddison	Council Bill No. 235	1106
Biddison	Council Bills Nos. 129, 171, and 114, and House Bills Nos. 182, 166, 72. 171, 73, 54 and 211	1112
Biddison	House Bill No. 168	1124
Winkler	House Bills Nos. 126, 180, 197 and 206	1125

VOTE ON COUNCIL BILLS.

No.	Bellamy	Biddison	Brett	Clarke	Gandy	Garrison	Havens	Huston	Hutto	Magness	Thacker	Winkler	President	Became a Law
2	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
3	nay	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
7	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
15	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
16	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
21	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	no
26	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	......	......	nay	aye	aye	nay	yes
27	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	nay	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	no
29	......	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......		aye	aye	aye	yes
30	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
33	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
34	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
36	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
40	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
41	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
44		aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	......	aye	nay	yes
45	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye		aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
46	aye		aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
47	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	no
58	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
59	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
62	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
63	aye	nay		aye	....	aye	......		......	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
66	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
69	aye	aye	......	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	......	no
70	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	yes
74	aye	aye	aye	aye	..	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
78	aye	aye	......	......	aye	aye		......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
80	aye	aye	aye		aye	aye	nay		......	aye	nay	aye	aye	no
84	aye	......	......	aye	......	aye	......	nay	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
85	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
88	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
89	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
90	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
92	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
95	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
98	aye	aye	aye	aye	....	aye	nay	aye	......	aye	aye		aye	yes
99	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	yes
114	aye	nay	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	......	aye	aye	no
115	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
116	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	yes
118	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
119	aye		aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
125	......	aye	aye	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	no
129	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye		aye	aye	aye	aye	no
133	......	......	aye	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	no
142	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	......	aye	aye	no
144	....	aye	aye	aye	nay	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
146	......	aye	aye	aye		aye	aye		aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
149	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
156	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye		aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	yes
158	nay	......	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	no
159	......	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
165		nay	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	......	nay	no
171	aye	aye	......	aye	......	......	......	aye	aye	aye		aye	aye	no
176	......	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	......	......	aye	no
177	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
185	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
193	......	aye	aye	aye	...	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
197	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	no
198	aye	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye		......	......	aye	aye	yes
207	......	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	......	......	aye	......	no
215	......	nay		aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
220	aye	......	......	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	no
222	aye	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	no
224	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	......		aye	nay	yes
225	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
227	..	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	no

VOTE ON HOUSE BILLS.

No.	Bellamy	Biddison	Brett	Clarke	Gandy	Garrison	Havens	Huston	Hutto	Magness	Thacker	Winkler	President	Became a Law
1	aye	nay	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	......	nay	nay	nay	aye	nay	no
3	aye	aye	aye	......	nay	nay	aye	......	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	no
6	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
10	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye		aye	aye	aye		......	aye	no
13	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	......	aye	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
20	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye		......	nay	nay	aye	no
24	nay	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	....	aye	nay	no
26	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	......	aye	nay	no
27	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
34	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	......	yes
43	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	nay	nay	nay	yes
54	nay	aye	aye	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	yes
55	......	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	nay	yes
58	......	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	yes
60	aye	aye	......	......	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	aye	nay	aye	nay	no
68	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	....	nay	nay	aye	aye	yes
69	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
71		aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	no
72	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	no
73	aye	......	......	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	yes
74	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	......	aye	aye	no
78	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	...	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
79	aye	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye		nay	aye	no
92	......	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	yes
93	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	.....	.....	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
119	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	aye	......	nay	aye	yes
126	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	nay	.....	aye	aye	nay	no
151	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	......	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
156	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	yes
165	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	......	aye	aye	nay	yes
166	aye	......	......	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	no
167	..		aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	yes
168	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	......	aye	no
171	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	....	aye	aye	nay	yes
180	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	......	aye	aye	nay	......	......	aye	aye	no
181	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	yes
182	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	nay	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	no
185	aye	......	aye	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	......	aye	......	aye	aye	yes
192	aye	.....	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	..	......	aye	yes
195		aye		aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
197	aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	nay	aye	aye	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	yes
200	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
201	aye	......	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
206	aye	aye	aye	aye	......	nay	aye	aye	nay	......	......	aye	nay	no
210		aye	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye	yes
211	......	aye	aye	......	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	aye		aye	aye	no
218	aye	aye	aye	nay	aye	nay	aye	aye	aye	nay	......	nay	aye	yes

EXPLANATION OF VOTES.

NAME	ON WHAT	Page
Garrison	Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4	800
Thacker	Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4	800
McCredie	Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4	800
Hutto	Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4	800
Gandy	Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4	800
Gandy	Council Bill No. 47	829
Hutto	Council Bill No. 47	829
Thacker	Council Bill No. 47	830
Magness	Council Bill No. 47	830
Bellamy	Council Bill No. 47	830
Clarke	Council Resolution No. 32	890
Hutto	Council Resolution No. 31	911
Gandy	Council Resolution No. 33	917
Hutto	Council Resolution No. 33	917
Bellamy	Council Resolution No. 33	917
Clarke	Protest Against Passage of Council Bill No. 70	925
Biddison	Amendments to House Bill No. 181	1083
Hutto	House Bill No. 26	1102
Hutto	House Bill No. 54	1114

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. BELLAMY.	
No. 46.—An Act to Repeal Section 27, of Chapter 47, of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893	Rejected by House.
No. 59.—An Act in Relation to Cities of the First Class	Became a law
No. 60—An Act Amendatory of Sections 47 and 48, Chapter 15, Laws of 1897	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 75.—An Act in Relation to Poll Taxes in Cities of the First Class	Died in Council Committee on Municipal Corporations.
No. 76.—An Act Fixing the Liability for Taxes in Certain Cases	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 78.—An Act for the Protection of the Records of the Several Counties of Oklahoma, and Regulating Abstracting in Relation Thereto	Became a law.
No. 79.—An Act in Relation to Landlords and Tenants	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 118.—An Act Declaring all Dogs Which are Listed by their Owners for Taxation Personal Property and the Subject of Larceny	Became a law.
No. 127.—An Act Requiring all Peddlers' Goods, Owned by Non-Residents, to pay a License	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 138.—An Act in Relation to County Depositories	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 139.—An Act Relating to the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 155.—An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. BELLAMY.—Continued.	
No. 165.—An Act to Require Circuses and Menageries to Procure a License from the Territorial Secretary Before Exhibiting in any City or Town in Oklahoma....	Vetoed.
No. 183.—An Act Requiring Non-resident Holders of Judgments to List the same for Taxation	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 224.—An Act Relating to Medicine Men and the Mescal Bean.........................	Became a law.
BY MR. BIDDISON.	
No. 38.—An Act in Relation to Court Criers..	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 51.—An Act to Amend Section 4213 of Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893................	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 52.—An Act Relating to the Admission of Evidence	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 56.—An Act to Repeal Article 9 of Chapter 34 of the Session Laws of 1897, and Directing Certain Officers to take no further Action upon any Instrument in Writing Executed Thereunder.............	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 67.—An Act to Extend the Jurisdiction of the Probate Court and Regulating the Procedure and Practice of the same..	Died on Council Sifting Calendar.
No. 92.—An Act for the Support of the Poor of the Several Counties of the Territory of Oklahoma, and to Establish and Maintain Asylums Therefor....	Passed Council and Rejected by House.
No. 116.—An Act Amendatory of Section 2, of Chapter 48, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled, "An Act Providing for the Employment of Stenographers in the Supreme Court by the Judges of said Court, and Relating to Fees Thereof.....	Became a law.
No. 156.—An Act to Authorize County Commissioners to Issue Bonds in Certain Cases.........	Became a law.
No. 162.—An Act Authorizing and Directing the Secretary of the Territory to Purchase Copies of the Book: "Morgan's Digest of Oklahoma Statutes and Supreme Court Decisions," and Providing for the Payment and Distribution of the same	Died on Council Calendar.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. BIDDISON.—Continued.	
No. 163.—An Act to Prohibit the Traffic in Cigarettes and Cigarette Supplies	Withdrawn by Consent.
No. 180.—An Act Limiting the Time Contracts to which the Territory of Oklahoma may by a Party shall exist	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 195.—An Act to Change the Boundary Lines of the Counties of Payne and Noble so as to Detach Townships No 20 North of Range 1 West, and No. 20, North of Range 1, East of the Indian Meridian from the County of Payne and Attach the same to Noble County....	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 226.—An Act Providing for the Compensation of County Attorneys	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
BY MR. BRETT.	
No. 45.—An Act to Repeal Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled, "Vacation of Townsites and Additions."	Passed Council, Rejected by House in Committee of the Whole.
No. 49.—An Act Repealing Sections 5 and 7 and Amending Sections 6 and 8 of Article 6 and Amending Section 3 of Article 9, all of Chapter 12 of Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: "Counties and County Officers."	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 50.—An Act Repealing Sections 2 and 5, and Amending Sections 3, 4 and 8 of Chapter 17 of Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: "An Act to Provide for Insurance of School Houses and the Furniture and Fixtures thereof"	Indefinitely Postponed by Council.
No. 61.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 3 of Chapter 44 of Session Laws of 1895,, Entitled: "Road Overseers"......	Consolidated in Council with C. B. No. 34.
No. 115.—An Act Prescribing the Duties of County Surveyors.....	Became a law.
No. 140.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 6 of Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma of 1895 Relating to Property Taxable in Territory Attached for Judicial Purposes......	Rejected by Council, Adverse Report Adopted.
No. 145.—An Act Providing for the Care and Management of all the Public Lands in which the Territory of Oklahoma is interested, and Creating the Board and Officers Necessary therefor, and Prescribing their Duties	Council Committee Reported a Substitute.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. BRETT.—Continued.	
No. 202.—An Act Amending Section 33 of Chapter 15 of the Session Laws of 1897	Rejected by Council, Adverse Report Adopted.
No. 203.—An Act Amending Sections 4 of Chapter 15 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1897, and to Repeal Articles 1 and 2 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma for 1895, and Section 7 of Article 1 of Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma for 1893,	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 204.—An Act Creating a School District out of Certain Lands in Kay County, Oklahoma Territory	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 205.—An Act Amending Sections 4, 8 and 9 of Article 1 of Chapter 72 of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, 1893, Entitled: "Roads and Highways."	Died in Council Committee on Agriculture and Highways.
No. 228.—An Act Relating to Municipal Indebtedness	Died in Council Committee on Municipal Corporations.
BY MR. CLARKE.	
No. 1.—An Act Limiting the Powers of the Territorial Board of Equalization	Tabled by Council.
No. 2.—An Act to Prohibit Territorial Officers from Issuing or Paying any Warrants, or Order in Excess of Appropriations of the Legislative Assembly, and to Prohibit Public Officers from Purchasing or Dealing in any Manner in Bonds, Warrants or Other Evidence of Public Indebtedness	Passed over Governor's Veto.
No. 3.—An Act Defining the Duties of the Governor as to the time of Nominating Public Officers	Passed Council, Rejected by House in Committee of the Whole.
No. 4.—An Act Prescribing the Duties and Fixing the Salary of the Attorney-General of the Territory of Oklahoma	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 5.—An Act Limiting and Fixing the Compensation and Expenses of the Territorial Secretary	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 6.—An Act Defining the Liabilities of Fire Insurance Companies in Certain Cases.	Died in Council Committee on Private Corporations and Corporate Laws.
No. 7.—An Act to Provide for the Taxation of Insurance, Guaranty and Accident Companies not Organized under the Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma	Died in House Sifting Committee.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. CLARKE.—Continued.	
No. 8.—An Act Defining Crimes and Prescribing Punishments therefor	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 18.—An Act Providing for Changes of Venue and for Jury trials before Police Courts	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 19.—An Act Relating to Crimes made Punishable under Statutes of the Territory and Ordinances of Cities and Towns.	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 20.—An Act Amending Parts of Chapter 8 of the Session Laws of 1897, said Chapter being an act Entitled "An Act Regulating the Conveyance of Real Property and Mortgages thereon and Contracts Relating thereto," etc.	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 21.—An Act Requiring Railroad Companies to Permit Certain Officers and Physicians to Ride on all Passenger and Freight Trains	Passed Council, Rejected by House in Committee of the Whole.
No. 27.—An Act to Amend An Act to Regulate the Practice of Dentistry Within the Territory of Oklahoma	Passed Council, Rejected by House on Third Reading.
No. 28.—An Act in Relation to the Fees and Mileage of Witnesses	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 29.—An Act Empowering Parties to Dismiss Civil Actions	Became a law.
No. 30.—An Act Providing for Changes of Venue in Civil Matters in Probate Courts	Became a law.
No. 31.—An Act in Relation to Competency of Witnesses and their Credibility	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 71.—An Act Repealing Article 25 of Chapter 68, Statutes of 1893,	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 72.—An Act Amending Section 190 of Article 11, Chapter 66, of Civil Procedure.	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 91.—An Act to Authorize the Lexington and Purcell Bridge Company to Contrust and Maintain a Bridge over that Part of the South Canadian River in Oklahoma Territory near Lexington, Oklahoma Territory,	Died on Council Calendar.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. CLARKE.—Continued.	
No. 100.—An Act Exempting from Taxation the Notes and Evidence of Indebtedness and Securities of Building and Loan Associations	Tabled in Council.
No. 102.—An Act Requiring Probate Judges to Give Bond	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 104. An Act Amending Section 17, Article 6, Chapter 16, Statutes of 1893....	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 105.—An Act Providing for the Assessment of Farm Lands Lying within and adjacent to Cities and Towns	Rejected by Council, Adverse Report Adopted.
No. 106.—An Act Prescribing the Qualifications of Sureties of Official Bonds........	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 107.—An Act Providing for Indexing Transfers Relating to lots in Cities and Towns and in Additions thereto in Numerical Index........	Died in Council Committee on Municipal Corporations.
No. 108.—An Act Permitting Defendants in Criminal Cases to Tender Plea of Guilty and Avoid Costs and to Plead Guilty and Avoid Penalty........	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 110.—An Act to Reward the Arrest and Conviction of Stock Thieves and for other Purposes	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 129.—An Act Authorizing Counties, Cities, Towns or Villages, the Board of Education of any City, and School Districts to Issue Bonds to Refund Bonded Indebtedness........	Passed Council, House Indefinitely Postponed.
No. 135.—An Act to Encourage the Construction of Ponds and Reservoirs for the storage of Rain Water for Irragation Purposes, and for Creating the Office of Pond Commissioner, and Prescribing his Duties and Emoluments, and Prescribing Penalties for the Violation thereof	Died in Council Committee on Agriculture and Highways.
No. 136.—An Act Relating to Peddlers and Fixing License therefor	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 150.—An Act Repealing Article 1 of Chapter 29, Session Laws of 1897 Relating to Territorial Printing........	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 153.—An Act Requiring Judgment Indexes to be Kept and Provided in the Various Probate Courts of the Territory	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. CLARKE.—Continued.	
No. 154.—An Act Establishing and Limiting the Liens on Real Estate by Judgments..	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 179.—An Act to Provide for the Organization and Incorporation of Building and Loan Associations, and the Management and Conducting of the Business thereof; also to Provide upon what Conditions Foreign Associations of Like Character may do Business in this Territory; also to Repeal Article 17, Chapter 17, Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, 1893, and Chapter 9 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory, 1895, Concerning Building and Loan Associations, and for other Purposes	Died in Council Committee on Private Corporations.
No. 182.—An Act Providing for the Order of Sale in Certain Foreclosure Proceedings	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 206.—An Act Relating to Public Highways, ...	Died in Council Committee on Agriculture and Highways.
No. 213.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 2 of Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: "An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Article 8 of Chapter 70, the same being Sections 5625, 5626, 5627 and 5628 of the Statutes of Oklahoma"	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 231.—An Act Regulating the Fees of Clerks of District Courts	Died on Council Calendar.
BY MR. GANDY.	
No. 32.—An Act Defining the Rights of Women	Council Substituted House Bill No. 41.
No. 43.—An Act to Provide for Trial of all Cases Arising under Town Ordinances by Town Justice of the Peace without Intervention of a Jury..........	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 44.—An Act Prescribing and Defining the Powers and Duties of County Assessors, and Providing for Compensation for their Services..........	Became a law.
No. 48.—An Act Repealing Chapter 17 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897..........	Council Substituted House Bill No. 34.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. GANDY.—Continued.	
No. 55.—An Act Amendatory of Section 15 of Article 6 of Chapter 76 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, Entitled: "An Act Defining the Powers and Duties of the Governor of the Territory of Oklahoma."	Died in Council Committee on Elections.
No. 70.—An Act Amendatory of Section 14, Article 1, Chapter 73, Being General Section No. 5762, of Statutes, 1893, Entitled "Schools."	Became a law.
No. 77.—An Act Amendatory of Section 6, Chapter 10, being General Section No. 431 of the Statutes of 1893, Entitled: "Bounties."	Indefinitely Postponed by Council.
No. 93.—An Act Making Appropriations for the Expenses of the Officers and Clerks of the Fifth Legislative Assembly	Withdrawn by Consent.
No. 96.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Chapter 26 of the Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: "An Act for the Protection of Game and Fish."	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 97.—An Act to Provide for the Manner of Payment of School District and Township and Territorial Indebtedness and for other Purposes,	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 114.—An Act to Amend Sections 283 and 284 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the Territory of Oklahoma, Being General Sections 4161 and 4162, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893	Passed Council, Died in House on Second Reading.
No. 122.—An Act Entitled: "Civil Rights."	Died in Council Committee on Elections.
No. 157.—An Act Providing for the Time and Manner of Meeting of County Commissioners, the Compensation of County Commissioners, their Duties	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 184.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1 Article 1, Chapter 76, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, Entitled: "Territorial Officers."	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 196.—An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 22 of the Session Laws of 1897,	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 214.—An Act to Amend Section 13 of Article 9 of Chapter 68 of the Statutes of 1893, Relating to Jurors	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. GANDY.—Continued.	
No. 221.—An Act Relating to the Territorial Militia	Substitute Died in Council Sifting Committee.
No. 230.—An Act to Provide for the Determination of Cost and Payment thereof of the Northwestern Normal School of the Territory of Oklahoma at Alva in said Territory	Died on Council Calendar.
BY MR. GARRISON.	
No. 9.—An Act Providing for Hail and Tornado Insurance	Died in Council Committee on Agriculture and Highways.
No. 10.—An Act to Protect the Territory, Counties, etc., Against Illegal and Fraudulent Acts of their Officers	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 11.—An Act Making the Question of Contributory Negligence a Question of Fact for a Jury to Determine in all Civil Actions for the Recovery of Damages for Personal Injuries.	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 12.—An Act to Prevent the Selling of Rejected Oils or Burning Fluids, etc.	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 13.—An Act to Regulate Printers' Fees for Public Printing.	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 23.—An Act Amendatory of Sections 1 and 9 of Chapter 17 of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Year of 1897, Entitled "An Act to Provide for the Insurance of School Houses, and the Furniture and the Fixtures Thereof."	Died in Council Committee on Education.
No. 24.—An Act Relating to School House Insurance.	Died in Council Committee on Education.
No. 34.—An Act Relating to Roads and Highways	Became a law.
No. 35.—An Act Amendatory of Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 of Article 3, Chapter 43 of the Session Laws of 1895, of Oklahoma Territory	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 36.—An Act in Relation to the Time When the Term of Office of County Treasurer Shall Commence	Became a law.
No. 73.—An Act Relating to the Foreclosure of Mortgages on Real Estate, and Providing for the redemption of Property Sold under Decree of Foreclosure and Sale	Rejected by Council.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. GARRISON.—Continued.	
No. 74.—An Act to Regulate the Testing of Wheat	Passed Council, Rejected by House in Committee of the Whole.
No. 86.—An Act to Create the County of Banner out of Woods County, Territory of Oklahoma and Providing for the Organization Thereof, etc.,	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 99.—An Act to Provide for Public Libraries	Became a law.
No. 123.—An Act Regulating Insurance Companies	Died in Council Committee on Agriculture and Highways.
No. 124.—An Act in Relation to Life and Accident Insurance Companies	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 130.—An Act Relating to Executions for Capital Offences, Amendatory of Sections 26, 28, 33, 36 and 38, Article 15, Chapter 68, Statutes of 1893 Entitled: "Procedure Criminal."	Rejected by Council, Adverse Report Adopted.
No. 131.—An Act Defining and Declaring Gambling Illegal and Providing Penalties therefor, and Repealing Article 56, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893, entitled: "Gambling."	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 177.—An Act to Declare Unlawful all Combinations, etc., of Insurance Companies Whereby the Rate of Insurance upon Property is Determined and Fixed, and Requiring the Revoking of License of all Companies Entering into such Combinations	Died in House Committee.
No. 207.—An Act Empowering the District Board of Nos. 49 and 50, of Grant County, Territory of Oklahoma, to Locate and Maintain a School House at the Village of Deer Creek in said County	Passed Council, Died in House Sifting Committee.
No. 222.—An Act to Amend Section 3, of Chapter 75, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, Entitled, "An Act in Relation to the Publication of the Reports and Decisions of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Oklahoma, and Creating a Territorial Library Fund."	Passed Council, Died on House Calendar.
No. 227.—An Act Providing for Supplemental Tax Rolls.	Passed Council, Rejected by House in Committee of the Whole.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. HAVENS.	
No. 41.—An Act Providing for the Custody and Care of Moneys Derived from Sections 13 and 33, Reserved for Educational and Public Building Purposes.......	Became a law.
No. 47.—An Act Providing for the Formation of a Constitution and State Government for the State of Oklahoma......	Vetoed.
No. 69.—An Act Authorizing Cities and Towns to Issue Bonds for Construction of Sewers, Water Works, Sanitary and Health Purposes and Improvement of Streets.....	Rejected by House on Third Reading.
No. 87.—An Act Relating to Appropriation Bills in the Legislative Assembly.........	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 120.—An Act Regulating the Proceedings of meetings and Manner of Levying and Expending the Revenues of School Districts and Townships and Providing for the Payment of the Outstanding Indebtedness of the same........	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 125.—An Act Concerning Elections and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions Thereof, and Repealing Chapter 33, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, and also Repealing Chapter 23, of the Session Laws of 1895, and all of Chapter 14, of the Session Laws of 1897, Except Article 4 Thereof......	Passed Council, Died in House Sifting Committee.
No. 128.—An Act Creating the County of Roosevelt and Defining the Boundaries thereof and Locating and Naming the County Seat and Changing the Boundaries of Woods County and Providing for the Appointment of County Officers of Roosevelt County, the Collection of Taxes and Assuming Indebtedness therein and Repealing all Acts inconsistant therewith	Rejected by Council, Adverse Report Adopted.
No. 149.—An Act Providing for a Procedure for Contesting Elections.....	Passed Council, Enacting Clause Stricken Out by House.
No. 170.—An Act to Provide for Territorial Printing and Furnishing Stationery and Supplies for Territorial Officers,.....	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 176.—An Act Amendatory of Section 201, of Article 11, Chapter 66, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, of 1893, Entitled, "Procedure Civil."	Passed Council, Died on House Sifting Calendar.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. HUSTON.	
No. 14.—An Act to Amend Section 2, of Article 6, of Chapter 70, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, of 1893, Relating to County Boards of Equalization; and to Amend Article 1, of Chapter 45, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled, "An Act to Amend Article 7, of Chapter 70, of the Statutes of Oklahoma Territory, Relating to Territorial Boards of Equalization."	Tabled by Council.
No. 15.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 5, Chapter 6, Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Cities of the First Class	Became a law.
No. 17.—An Act Relating to the Office of Township Assessors and Prescribing their Duties	Council Substituted Council Bill No. 44.
No. 25.—An Act Defining the Liabilities and Duties of Railroad Companies in this Territory	Died in Council Committee on Railroads.
No. 26.—An Act to Amend Article 2, of Chapter 9, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled, "Guarantee Companies," by Adding Thereto Sections 10 and 11	Became a law.
No. 89.—An Act Amending Sections 22, 23, 24, and 26, and Repealing Section 25, of Article 1, of Chapter 72, Entitled, "Roads and Highways," Statutes of Oklahoma	Passed Council, Rejected by House on Third Reading.
No. 95.—An Act to Punish Corrupt Practice in Political Conventions and Among the Members Thereof	Passed Council, Enacting Clause Stricken Out by House.
No. 103.—An Act to Change the Names of Persons	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 142.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Chapter 1, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897, Entitled, "An Act to Locate and Establish an Agricultural and Normal University of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Use and Benefit of the Colored People of said Territory."	Vetoed.
No. 200.—An Act in Regard to Stationery and other Supplies of Justice of the Peace	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 201.—An Act to Legalize a Special Park Fund Tax Levied by the City of Guthrie	Died on Council Calendar.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. HUSTON.—Continued.	
No. 208.—An Act to Purchase School Textbooks	Rejected by Council, Adverse Report Adopted.
No. 219.—An Act Amendatory of Section 16 of Chapter 31 of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: "Quarantine Regulations."	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 220.—An Act to Amend Section 4, of Article 1, of Chapter 41, of the Session Laws of 1895, of the Statutes of the Territory of Oklahoma, Entitled, "Misdemeanors Before Probate or District Court."	Passed Council, Rejected by House in Committee of the Whole.
No. 225.—An Act Creating a School District out of Lands Lying in Logan and Oklahoma Counties, in Oklahoma Territory...	Became a law.
BY MR. HUTTO.	
No. 37.—An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization, Management and Control, Regulating the Supervision of Banks and Providing Penalties for Violations of the Provisions of this Act, and Repealing Chapter 4 of Session Laws of 1897, of Oklahoma Territory	Died in Council Committee on Private Corporations.
No. 117 — An Act Amending Section 2, Chapter 69, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893....	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 133.—An Act to Apportion the Territory into Council and Representative Districts...	Passed Council, Died in House Sifting Calendar.
No. 134.—An Act Repealing Section 15 of Article 1 of Chapter 23 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897.......	Died in Council Committee on Quarantine.
No. 143.—An Act to Provide Additional Officers for the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 146.—An Act to Amend Section 1, of Article 5, of Chapter 43, of the Session Laws of 1895.................................	Passed Council, House Amended, Council Refused to Concur, Died in Conference.
No. 147.—An Act Relating to Banks and Banking, Providing for the Organization and Supervision of Banks, and Providing Penalties hereof and Repealing Chapter 4 of the Session Laws of 1897, Oklahoma Territory,..................	Died on Council Calendar.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. HUTTO.—Continued.	
No. 152.—An Act Amendatory of Section 110, Article 8, Chapter 67, Statutes of 1893, Entitled: "Civil Procedure before Justices" and Amendatory of Section 17, Article 1, Chapter 69, Statutes of 1893, "Criminal Procedure before Justices" and Repealing Chapter 19 of Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: "Court Justices.".	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 161.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 11, Chapter 32 of the Session Laws of 1897	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 187.—An Act in Relation to Liabilities of Railroads	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 194.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1 of Article 7 of Chapter 45 of the Laws of 1895	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 209.—An Act in Relation to the Funds of the Territorial University, Normal Schools and Agricultural College	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 229.—An Act Providing for Building and Running Expenses of the Agricultural and Normal College at Stillwater and the Colored Agricultural and Normal University at Langston	Died on Council Calendar.
BY MR. MCCREDIE.	
No. 22.—An Act Amendatory of Sections —— of Chapter 66, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893.	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 33.—An Act Appropriating Five Thousand Dollars or so Much Thereof as may be Necessary to Protect the People of Oklahoma Territory from the Invasion and Spread of Contagious and Infectious Diseases	Passed Council, Rejected by House in Committee of the Whole.
No. 42.—An Act Amendatory to Section 1, Article 12, Chapter 73, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 53.—An Act Amendatory to Section 32, Article 1, Chapter 44, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893,	Died in Council Committee on Private Corporations.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. MCCREDIE.—Continued.	
No. 54.—An Act Granting Certain Powers to Directors of the Oklahoma Historical Society, and Making appropriations for said Society	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 88.—An Act to Authorize the Board of Trustees of the Town of Chandler to Annually Levy and Collect a Tax not Exceeding Five Mills on the Dollar on all the Taxable Property of said Town, for the Purpose of Extending, Repairing, Maintaining, and Operating the Water Works of said Town................	Became a law.
No. 94.—An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Article 5, Chapter 6 of the Laws of Oklahoma, 1897	Rejected by Council, Adverse Report Adopted.
No. 111.—An Act Relating to Records and Appeals and Procedure Thereon	Died in Council Committee.
No. 112.—An Act Providing for the Punishment of Persons who Receive Bribes, and Exempting the Giver of the Bribe from Punishment	Died in Council Committee.
No. 148.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1, Article 1, Chapter 14, Statutes of 1893, Relating to Cities of the First Class	Died in Council Committee on Municipal Corporations.
No. 181.—An Act to Prohibit the Practice of Hypnotism or Mesmerism in the Territory of Oklahoma	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 185.—An Act to Legalize Purchase of Real Estate Heretofore Made by the City of Shawnee, Oklahoma Territory....	Became a law.
No. 186.—An Act Prohibiting the Sale of Liquors on the Line of Oklahoma and Indian Territory, and Providing Penalties for the Violations thereof	Died on Council Sifting Calendar.
BY MR. MAGNESS.	
No. 68.—An Act in Relation to the practice of Pharmacy and the Sale of Medicines and Poisons, Licensing Persons to carry on such Practice and Exempting them from Jury Duty, Providing for the Appointment and Prescribing the Powers and Duties of a Territorial Board of Pharmacy, and for Other Purposes	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 80.—An Act to Prohibit the Introduction of Johnson Grass into this Territory...	Passed Council, House Amended, Died in Conference.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. MAGNESS.—Continued.	
No. 82.—An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sales of Real Estate by the Sheriff...	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 98.—An Act to Provide for a Territorial Geologist......	Became a law.
No. 119.—An Act Authorizing "Democratic-Topic" to Change its Name in Cleveland County, O. T..........................	Passed Council, Died on House Sifting Calendar.
No. 121.—An Act Amendatory of Section 1302, Article 6, Chapter 18, Statutes of 1893.	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 126.—An Act Amendatory of Section 2844, Chapter 34, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 132.—An Act to Prohibit the Running or Using of Gambling Devices known as Slot Machines and Providing a Penalty Therefor	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 141.—An Act Regulating the Notice of Tax Sales of Real Estate by County Treasurer	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 188.—An Act Providing for Leins on Grain for Treshing the same	Died in Council Committee on Agriculture and Highways.
BY MR. THACKER.	
No. 62.—An Act Validating and Ratifying the Action of the Voters of "D" County in Changing the Name of said County to that of "Dewey" County............	Became a law.
No. 63.—An Act Defining and Prescribing Penalty for the Unlawful Carrying of Arms, and Repealing Article 45, Chapter 25, and Section 20, Article 36, Chapter 25, Statutes of 1893......................	Died in Governor's Hands.
No. 64.—An Act to Amend Section 3, Chapter 18, Session Laws 1895, and to Validate Certain Elections	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 65.—An Act to Repeal Section 13, Article 59, Chapter 25, Statutes 1893...............	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. THACKER.—Continued.	
No. 66.—An Act Authorizing and Prescribing the Procedure for the Taking up and Sale of Estrays, and Repealing Article 3, Chapter 2, Statutes of 1893......	Became a law.
No. 83.—An Act Amending Section 1 Article 3, Chapter 39, Session Laws of 1895, Entitled: "Issues in Civil Actions."	Died on Council Sifting Calendar.
No. 84.—An Act to Amend Sections 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 132, and 133, of Article 10, of Chapter 67, of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893........	Vetoed.
No. 85.—An Act to Amend Section 4, and Repeal Section 5, of Chapter 8, Session Laws of 1897......	Passed Council, Tabled by House.
No. 109.—An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 8, and to Repeal Section 7, Article 15, Chapter 18, Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893	Died on Council Sifting Calendar.
No. 113.—An Act to Provide for the Registration of Stock Marks and Brands and Repealing Article 4, Chapter 2, Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893, ...	Died in Council Committee.
No. 151.—An Act to Apportion the Territory into Representative and Council Districts and Repealing Chapter 3 of the Session Laws of 1895.........................	Died in Council Committee on Elections.
No. 159.—An Act Requiring Chapter 2, of the Session Laws of Oklahoma, of 1897, to be so Construed as to Include Greer County Within the Free Range Portion of the Territory......	House Substitute Became a Law.
No. 160.—An Act to Provide for the Payment of Jurors for their Services in the District Court, and to Repeal all Laws in Conflict with such Procedure	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 166.—An Act Defining the Powers and Duties of the County Boards of Equalization and Limiting the Powers of the Territorial Board of Equalization	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 167.—An Act to Amend Article 4 of Chapter 32 of the Session Laws of 1897, and for other Purposes	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. THACKER.—Continued.	
No. 168.—An Act to Amend Section 2 of Article 4 of Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893, ...	Died in Council Committee on Education.
No. 169.—An Act Relating to the Duties of County Attorneys, ...	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 171.—An Act Regulating the Procedure of Meetings and Manner of Levying and Expending the Resources of School Districts and Townships, and the Reports of County Treasurers to School Districts and Township Boards............	Passed Council, Enacting Clause Stricken Out by House.
No. 172.—An Act to Amend Section 34 of Chapter 35 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1895	Council Committee Reported a Substitute.
No. 173.—An Act to Amend Section 11 of Chapter 35 of the Session Laws of 1895....	Council Committee Reported a Substitute.
No. 174.—An Act to Amend Section 9 of Chapter 35 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1895.	Died in Council Committee on Military Affairs.
No. 175.—An Act Limiting the Amount of Premiums which any Domestic or Foreign Insurance Company shall be Allowed to Charge the Inhabitants of this Territory for Fire and Tornado Insurance, and Providing Penalties for the Violation of the Provisions of this Act, and for other Purposes..............	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 178.—An Act to Abolish the Office of Register of Deeds and to Devolve the Duties of such office upon the County Clerk	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 189.—An Act to Amend Sections 1, 2, 4 and 5 of Chapter 22 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma Territory of 1897, Relating to the Traffic in Intoxicating Liquors	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 190.—An Act to Validate and Ratify the Sales of Real Property in "D" now Dewey County, Oklahoma Territory	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 191.—An Act to Amend Section 1, Article 7, Chapter 45 of the Session Laws of Oklahoma of 1895, ...	Died in Council Committee on Education.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. THACKER.—Continued.	
No. 192.—An Act to Amend Section 1 of Article 5 of Chapter 34 of the Session Laws of 1897	Died in Council Committee on Education.
No. 210.—An Act to Provide for the Transfer of Persons within School Age from Districts in which they Reside to other Districts in which they may Desire to Attend School	Died in Council Committee on Education.
No. 211.—An Act D volving upon the Various County Assessors of the Territory the Duties heretofore Required of County Clerks in Regard to Tax Rolls..	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 212—An Act to Amend Section 11, Chapter 73 of the Statutes of Oklahoma of 1893,	Died in Council Committee on Education.
No. 232.—An Act Requiring the Boards of County Commissioners to Divide their Counties into Justice of the Peace Districts	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 233.—An Act Declaring the Slaughter of Diseased Animals an Offence	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 234.—An Act to Amend Section 66, Chapter 15, Session Laws, 1897, Relating to Fees and Salaries	Died in Council Committee on Counties and County Affairs.
No. 236.—An Act Relating to Landlord and Tenant	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 237.—An Act to Provide Compensation for Sheriffs for Conveying Prisoners to the Penitentiary, and Insane Persons to the Insane Asylum of the Territory of Oklahoma	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 238.—An Act to Amend Section 11, Chapter 19, Session Laws of 1897, Relating to Irrigation	Died on Council Calendar.
BY MR. WINKLER.	
No. 16.—An Act Constituting a Territorial Board of Equalization, Defining the Powers Thereof, and Providing for the Assessment of Rolling Stock and Railroads	Became a law.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. WINKLER.—Continued.	
No. 39.—An Act Repealing Chapter 17 of Session Acts of 1897 Relating to Insurance of School Property	Indefinitely Postponed by Council.
No. 40.—An Act Amending Section 48, of Chapter 15, Relating to Fees and Salaries, Session Acts of 1897	Died in Governor's Hands.
No. 57.—An Act Repealing Section 13 of Article 5 of Chapter 12 of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled: "Counties and County Officers."	Council Substituted Council Bill No. 44.
No. 58.—An Act to Exempt Property Belonging to the Kingfisher College from Taxation	Became a law.
No. 81.—An Act Relating to Merchants' License	Died in Council Committee on Municipal Corporations.
No. 90.—An Act to Amend An Act Entitled, "An Act to Provide for the Public Inspector of Oils or Burning Fluids, and Prescribing his Duties	Became a law.
No. 101.—An Act Relating to License of peddlers	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 137.—An Act for the Protection of Hotel Keepers, Boarding House Keepers and Restaurants	Died in Council Committee on Ways and Means.
No. 158.—An Act Amendatory of Section 6, of Article 4, of Chapter 12, of the Session Laws of 1897, Entitled, "Public Weigher and Other Officers."	Vetoed.
No. 164.—An Act Regulating Telegraphic Charges,	Died in Council Committee on Revision and Codification.
No. 199.—An Act for the Relief of A. E. Haughey and J. V. Haughey from the Payment of a Judgment in the Probate Court of Kingfisher County,	Died in Council Committee on Judiciary.
No. 215.—An Act Making Appropriations for Erecting, Maintaining and Supporting the Educational Institutions of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Years 1899 and 1900, and for Expenses of the Various Boards of Regents of said Institutions for the Years 1899 and 1900	Became a law.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND ACTION THEREON—CONTINUED.

AUTHOR AND TITLE.	Action.
BY MR. WINKLER.—Continued.	
No. 216.—An Act to Amend Article 11, Chapter 32, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1897..	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 217.—An Act Providing for the Distribution of Funds Arising from the Leasing of Lands Reserved for University, Agricultural College and Normal School Purposes	Died on Council Calendar.
BY COMMITTEE.	
No. 144.—An Act to Provide for the Organization of Electric Lighting Companies in Cities of the First Class, and the Operation of the Same.....................	Passed Council, Died on House Sifting Calendar.
No. 193.—An Act to Validate the Election of Disqualified Persons to the Office of Probate Judge.....	Vetoed.
No. 197.—An Act Repealing Chapter 32, of the Session Laws of 1897......................	Passed Council, Rejected by House in Committee of the Whole.
No. 198.—An Act Amendatory of Section 2, Article 8, Chapter 12, Entitled, "County Clerk's Calendar of Claims," Session Laws of 1897.........	Became a law.
No. 218.—An Act to Provide for the Maintenance and Support and for Annual Encampments of the Militia of Oklahoma	Council Committee Reported a Substitute.
No. 223.—An Act to Amend Section 108 of Article 8 of Chapter 66 of the Statutes of Oklahoma, 1893........................	Died on Council Calendar.
No. 235.—An Act Making Appropriations for Current Territorial Expenses for the Years 1899 and 1900 and for other Purposes	Council Substituted House Bill No. 218.

SPECIAL ORDERS.

Council Bill No. 69 786
Council Resolutions Nos. 23, 24 and 25 804
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Council Bill No. 133 958
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MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR.

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Enclosing copies of contracts 739
Transmitting letter from assessor of Garfield County 862
Approved Council Joint Resolution No. 1 940
Transmitting letter from the Secretary of the Interior 960
Approved Council Bill No. 16 965
Approved Council Bills Nos. 29, 70, 62 and Council Concurrent Resolution and Memorial No. 1 966
Approved Council Bills Nos. 88, 58, 115 and 36 1011
Concerning International Exposition 1028
Approved Council Bill No. 41 1046
Approved Council Bill No. 90 1072
Vetoed Council Bill No. 47 1085
Vetoed Council Bill No. 2 1089
Approved Council Bill No. 59 1091
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Approved Council Bills Nos. 118 and 198 1109
Approved Council Bills Nos. 26 and 15 1110
Approved Council Bills Nos. 99, 225 and 116 1111
Approved Council Bills Nos. 78 and 159 1118
Approved Council Bill No. 185 1123
Approved Council Bill No. 44 1129

MESSAGES FROM THE HOUSE.

Transmitting House Resolution No. 1 17

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House Concurrent Resolution No. 2 18

Passed Council Resolution No. 3 18

Passed House Joint Resolution No. 4 732

To return House Concurrent Resolution No. 4 752

Passed House Bill No. 7 752

Passed Council Concurrent Resolution and Memorial No. 2 752

Announcing appointment of committee 764

Invitation to attend ceremonies incident to the death of Hon. John W. Scott 766

Speaker signed Council Concurrent Resolution No. 2 785

Passed House Bill No. 1 791

Passed House Bill No. 8 791

Passed House Bill No. 4 and Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4 793

Passed House Bill No. 71 798

Passed House Bill No. 11 811

Passed House Bills Nos. 6, 13 and 52 812

Passed House Bill No. 43 813

Speaker signed Council Concurrent Resolution No. 4 816

Passed House Resolution No. 23 822

Passed House Bill No. No. 14 826

Passed House Bills Nos. 3 and 59 833

Passed House Bills Nos. 27, 28 and 73 836

Passed House Bills Nos. 47, 55 and 72 851

Passed House Bills Nos. 92 and 69 857

Passed House Bill No. 78 860

Concurred in Council Joint Resolution No. 1 877

Passed House Bills Nos. 10, 65, 66, 74, 77, 94, 105 and 118 880

Passed House Bill No. 68 884

Passed House Bills Nos. 60, 90 and 93 887

Passed Council Bill No. 70; rejected Council Bill No. 69 899

Passed House Bill No. 151 909

Passed Council Bill No. 16 amended 918

Passed House Bills Nos. 128 and 58, and Council Bill No. 29 924

Passed Council Bill No. 47 amended 929

Speaker signed House Bill No. 47 amended 930

Adopted Council Concurrent Resolution and Memorial No 1 934

Passed Council Bill No. 115 amended 940

Passed House Bill No. 124 940

Passed House Concurrent Resolution No. 6 941

Passed House Bills Nos. 104 and 135 945

Passed Council Bill No. 62 949

Passed Council Bill No. 115 amended 964

Passed House Bills Nos. 24, 79. [illegible], 156, 119, 152, 134, 144 and 131 968

Passed Council Bill No. 36 968

Refuse to recede, amendments to Council Bill No. 47 968

Passed House Bill No. 139 and Council Bill No. 41 979

Passed Council Bills Nos. 58 and 88 979

Passed House Bills Nos. 54, 176, 115, 161, 171 and 153 993
Passed Council Bills Nos. 2 and 59 993
Passed House Bill No. 26 1007
Agreed to conference report on Council Bill No. 47 1015
Passed House Joint Resolution No. 6 1018
Passed House Bills Nos. 122, 137, 180, 186, 174, 84, 155, 166 and 64 1018
Passed House Bills Nos. 168, 200, 182 and 41 1026
Passed Council Bill No. 80 amended 1026
Passed Council Bill No. 225 1040
Refused to recede from amendments to Council Bill No. 80 1040
Passed Council Bill No. 156 1042
Passed House Bills Nos. 192, 190 and 203 1046
Passed Council Bills Nos. 118, 116 and 198 1046
Passed House Bills Nos. 195, 157, 206, 197, 133, 185 and 198 1048
Passed House Bill No. 201 and Council Bills Nos. 15 and 146 1054
Passed House Bill No. 181 1057
Refused to concur in amendments to House Bills Nos. 26, 74 and 119 1058
Refused to recede from amendments to Council Bill No. 146 1058
Passed Council Bills Nos. 165, 193, 30, 224 and 26 1059
Appointed conference committees on House Bills Nos. 74 and 26, Council Bill No. 146 1062
Passed House Bill No. 88 and Council Bill No. 90 1064
Speaker signed House Bills Nos. 10, 58 and 195 1065
Passed House Bills Nos. 207, 210 and 211 1067
Passed House Bill No. 43 and Council Bills Nos. 78 and 159 1069
Appointed conference committee on Council Bills Nos. 44 and 146 1072
Concurred in amendments to House Bills Nos. 200 and 201 1072
Adopted conference report on House Bill No. 74 1081
Concurred in Council amendments to House Bills Nos. 167 and 24 1082
Refused to concur in amendments to House Bill No. 79 1084
Transmitting House Bills Nos. 200 and 201 for signature 1085
Appointed conference committee on House Bill No. 79 1089
Refused to agree to conference report on House Bill No. 26 1091
Passed Council Bill No. 99 amended 1091
Rejected conference report on House Bill No. 26 1097
Rejected conference report on Council Bill No. 44 1097
Adopted conference report on House Bill No 26 1101
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Errata.

House Bill No. 70, page 810, committee report, should read House Bill No. 7.

Council Bill No. 121, referred to committee on Ways and Means, page 844, should read Council Bill No. 120.

Council Bill No. 175, introduced on page 935, should read Council Bill No. 165.

The last word enrolled in second committee report on page 942 should read engrossed.

House Bill No. 53 on page 994 should read House Bill No. 54.

Council Bill No. 198 on page 994, should read Council Bill No. 199.

Council Concurrent Resolution No. 6, on page 1013, should read House Concurrent Resolution No. 6.

House Joint Resolution No. 6, on page 1012, should read House Concurrent Resolution No. 6.

House Bill No. 146 on page 1062 should read Council Bill No. 146.

Eight o'clock A. M., on page 1073, should read 8 o'clock P. M.

Council Bill No. 3, signed by the President, on page 1018, should be Council Bill No. 2 in order to properly complete the history, and as Council Bill No. 3 was rejected by the House. (See House Journal, page 174.)

House Bill No. 198, at top of page 1111, should probably be House Bill No. 192, as the former did not reach the stage of enrollment.

Council Bill No. 15 is given the wrong title in committee report on page 796.

Committee on Private Corporations report on Council Bill No. 94, page 835, should read Committee on Municipal Corporations.

Council Bill No. 224 in Sifting Committee report, page 1099, should read Council Bill No. 221, Substitute.

Council Bill No. 239 in Sifting Committee report, page 1099, is clearly an error, since but 238 bills were introduced. The compiler of this index has been unable to determine from the records the bill referred to. No effort has been made to keep errata except upon matters affecting proper consecutive history.